# SESSIONAL PAPERS.

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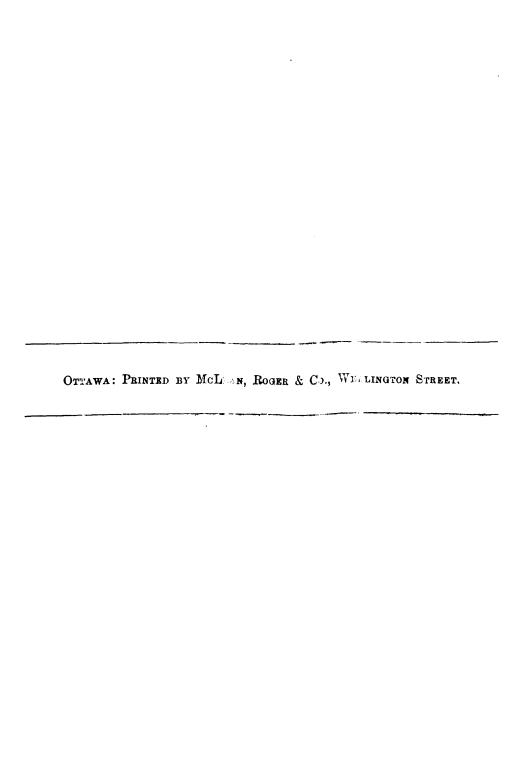
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OF THE

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SESSION 1885.



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#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 1.

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- 3. Report of the Department of Indian Affairs, for the year ended 31st December, 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd February, 1885, by Sir John A. Macdonald—

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- 4. Annual Report, Returns and Statistics of the Inland Revenues of the Dominion of Canada, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884. Supplement No. 1—Canal Statistics for season of navigation, 1884. Supplement No. 2—Eleventh Report on Inspection of Weights, Measures and Gas, 1884. Supplement No. 3—Report on Adulteration of Food, 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd February, 1885, by Hon. J. Costigan—

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- 6. Annual Report of the Postmaster-General, for the year ended 30th June, 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th February, 1885, by Hon. J. Carling-

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- 9a. Preliminary Report on the Fisheries of Canada, for the year 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th February, 1885, by Hon. A. W. McLelan—

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- 9b. First Annual Report of the Department of Fisheries, Dominion of Canada, for the year 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 28th May, 1885, by Hon. A. W. McLelan— Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.
- 9c. Report of the Fish-breeding in the Dominion of Canada, for 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th April, 1885, by Hon. A. W. McLelan—

  Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 7.

- 12. Annual Report of the Secretary of State of Canada, for the year ended 31st December, 1884.

  Presented to the House of Commons, 17th February, 1885, by Hon. J. A. Chapleau—

  Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.
- 13. Annual Report of the Department of the Interior, for the year ended 31st December, 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 30th January, 1885, by Sir John A. Macdonald—
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- 14. Report of the Superintendent of Insurance, for the year ended 31st December, 1884—

  Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

### CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 9.

- 17. Shareholders in the Chartered Banks of the Dominion of Canada, as on the 31st of December, 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th March, 1885, by Sir Leonard Tilley—
  Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.
- 18. Dominion Police Commissioners' Return to Parliament, 1884, required by 31 Victoria, chapter 73. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd February, 1885, by Sir Hector Langevin—

  Not wrinted.

ivot printed.

19. Return of Governor General's Warrants issued since last Session of Parliament on account of 1883-84 and 1884-85, in accordance with 41 Victoria, chapter 7, section 32, sub-section 2. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd February, 1885, by Sir Leonard Tilley.

Printed for Distribution only.

- 21. Report of the Commissioners appointed to consolidate and revise the Statutes of Canada.

  Presented to the House of Commons, 3rd February, 1885, by Sir John A. Macdonald.

  Printed for Distribution only.
- 22a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 6th February, 1885, for a statement showing for the time elapsed since the period covered by the Order of the House of Commons

of last Session, with reference to the Superannuation Fund: 1. The number of persons on the list for the year as entitled to the benefit of the Act. 2. The number superannuated during the year under the Act. 3. The number retired during the year on a gratuity under the Act. 4. The total amount paid into the fund from the beginning by those who were during the year superannuated or retired on a gratuity; distinguishing between those whose superannuation was caused by the abolition of office, those who were superannuated otherwise, and those who retired on a gratuity. 5. The number of persons on the list for the year who died in the service. 6. The total amount paid into the fund from the beginning by those who during the year died in the service. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd March, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 22b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 6th February, 1885, for a Return:

  1. Showing the number of persons on the list of Civil Servants on the 1st day of January, in the years 1879-80-81-82-83-84 and '85, separately, contributing to the Superannuation Fund.

  2. Showing the number of persons on the list of Civil Servants on the 1st day of January, 1885, entitled to the benefit of the Superannuation Act, by annuity in case of retirement.

  3. The total amount paid into the fund from the beginning by each of those superannuated during the year 1884, also the respective amounts paid in by those granted a gratuity during the year 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. McMullen......Not printed.

- 25. Articles of agreement entered into between Andrew Onderdonk and Her Majesty Queen Victoria, represented by the Minister of Railways and Canals of Canada, to furnish and erect a combined passenger and freight building at each of the following places on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia, viz.:—Yale, Lytton and Ashcroft. Also between John Philip Bacon and Her Majesty Queen Victoria, &c., to construct nine water tanks on Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia, between Emory's Bar and Savona's Ferry. Presented to the House of Commons, 6th February, 1885, by Hon. J. H. Pope—

Not printed.

25a. Return (in part) under resolution of the House of Commons, passed on the 20th February, 1882, on all subjects affecting the Canadian Pacific Railway, respecting details as to: 1. The selection of the route. 2. The progress of the work. 3. The selection or reservation of land. 4. The payment of moneys. 5. The laying out of branches. 6. The progress thereon. 7. The rates of tolls for passengers and freight. 8. The particulars required by the Consolidated Railway Act and amendments thereto, up to the end of the previous fiscal year. 9. Like particulars up to the latest practicable date before the presentation of the return. 10. Copies of all

Orders in Council and of all correspondence between the Government and the Railway Company, or any member or officer of either, relating to the affairs of the company. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th February, 1885, by Hon. J. H. Pope—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- the Governor General, praying that he will cause to be laid before the House a copy of:

  1. Correspondence between the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and the North Shore Railway Company, for the purchase, by the said Canadian Pacific Railway Company, of the said North Shore Railway from St. Martin's Junction to Quebec, or to obtain control of the same, or to make such arrangements as would allow the said Canadian Pacific Railway to extend its railway to Quebec.

  2. Of all correspondence between the Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company concerning the extension of their railway from St. Martin's Junction to the Harbor of Quebec.

  3. Of all correspondence between the Government and any other persons for the purpose of incorporating such persons for the construction of a railway from the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway, at St. Martin's Junction, to the Harbor of Quebec. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th March, 1885.—Mr. Laurier......Not printed.

- 25j. Supplementary Return, under resolution of the House of Commons, passed on the 20th February, 1882, on all subjects affecting the Canadian Pacific Railway, respecting details as to: 1. The selection of the route. 2. The progress of the work. 3. The selection or reservation of land. 4. The payment of money. 5. The laying out of branches. 6. The progress thereon. 7. The rates of tolls for passengers and freight. 8. The particulars required by the Consolidated Railway Act and amendments thereto, up to the end of the previous fiscal year. 9. Like particulars up to the latest practicable date before the presentation of the Return. 10. Copies of all Orders in Council, and of all correspondence between the Government and the Railway Company, or any member or officer of either, relating to the affairs of the company. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th March, 1885, by Hon. J. A. Chapleau.

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 25n. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for copies of the report of Mr. Van Horne, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, of September last, and of Mr. S. B. Read, C.E., of the same month, with reference to the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia; and also reports of engineers of high standing, as to the route of the Canadian Pacific Railway at the point where a temporary line has been built, referred to in the letter from Mr. Van Horne to the Minister of Railways and Canals, of 19th May, 1884, and for any report of Mr. Fleming on the subject, in the possession of the Railway Company. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th March, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 25s. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 16th February, 1885, for a copy of the report of the engineers appointed to re-measure and re-classify the work on Section B, Canadian Pacific Railway, in connection with the claims of the contractors for said section for increased remuneration for such work and for damages. Also all reports of the engineers in charge of said section, or of the Engineer-in-Chief or any other Government engineer, in reference to the questions of measurement, classification or damages at issue between the Government and the contractors. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. Casey—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 25u. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for copies of all memorials, letters and other representations, in writing, received by the Government on the subject of the non-payment by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company of amounts due to contractors, sub-contractors or laborers engaged in the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th March, 1885.—Mr. Charlton—

Not printed.

- 25w. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a statement in detail of the present position of land grant and the land grant bonds of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, showing, by the number of the section, the township and range or other description, the lots granted to the company. Also the lots sold by the company. Also the amount of land grant bonds in the hands of the Government; the amount in the hands of the company; the amount in the hands of the public; the amount pledged by the company for loans, or otherwise, with details, and the amount cancelled; showing also the sum received by the company for lands sold in each calendar year and in the course of the present year; and the amount now due to the company in respect of lands sold, with a separate statement showing the amount received by the company from sales in town sites, and

## CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 10.

- 25ff. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1885, for copies of all the estimates, in detail, furnished to the Government by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and by the Government engineer, upon which the estimated cost of \$23,000 per mile was based for the portion of the Eastern Section from the 100th mile to the 120th mile west of Callander, giving quantities, classification and prices; also for a statement of the actual quantities, description and classification of the work from the 100th mile to the 120th mile west of Callander on the 12th August, 1884, when the subsidy and loan were paid by the Government as a completed line. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th May, 1885.—Mr. Edgar....Not printed.

- 25ii. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a Return showing the amounts contributed to the Canada Central Railway between Ottawa and Brockville, either by the Government of Canada, the Provincial Government of Ontario, or by the municipalities along that line of railway. Also showing what securities were taken for the amounts so advanced to the said railway company, and what disposition has been made of the said securities. Also for similar returns concerning the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway from Ottawa to Prescott, together with the conditions upon which such grants were made to both railways; also statement showing the present train service on both lines of railway. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th June, 1885.—Mr. Landerkin...Not printed.
- 25kk. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for a copy of all correspondence between the Government of Quebec and the Government of Canada concerning the application of the sum of \$960,000 reserved by the statute 47 Victoria, chapter 8, for the extension of the Canadian Pacific Railway from its terminus at St. Martin's Junction to the Harbor of Quebec. Presented to the House of Commons, 15th June, 1885.—Mr. Laurier—Printed for Sessional Papers only.
- 2511. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for a statement showing the gross earnings, expenses and net earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway for each month of the years 1883 and 1884, distinguishing between the main line and the lines now

worked under the lease from the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company; and distinguishing also between the main line east of Port Arthur or Fort William and the main line west of that point, giving in each case the mileage open for traffic during the month specified. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th June, 1885.—Mr. Blake.....Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 25mm. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a statement showing: 1. The expenditure by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company upon its main line of railway between Callander and Port Arthur and between Selkirk and Kamloops, since the expenditure of \$23,078,950, shown by the letter of Mr. Stephen to the Minister of Railways and Canals on the 15th January, 1884. 2. The materials on hand in respect of the described main line of railway. 3. The receipts by the company since the account given in the said letter in respect of—(a.) Cash subsidy; (b.) Government loan; (c.) Land grant bonds or land sales, or from the pledging of land grant bonds. 4. The amount, if any, due by the company in respect of construction of the described main line. 5. Estimates of the cost of the work of construction remaining to be done on the described main line, showing whether the materials on hand are taken into account in such estimates or not. 6. An estimate of the whole cost of construction of the described main line when completed. 7. Statement of the cost of equipment of the described main line at the date of the account in Mr. Stephen's letter. 8. Statement of the cost of equipment of the described main line since that date. 9. Estimate of the further cost of equipment of the described main line when completed. 10. Estimate of the complete cost of equipping the described main line. All such statements and estimates being separate for each of the described divisions, viz., (a) that between Callander and Port Arthur, and (b) that between Selkirk and Kamloops. Presented to the House of Commons,

- \*\*25 qq. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 13th February, 1885, for a statement showing: 1. The total number of permanent timber trestles and the total number of wooden bridges constructed, or under contract for construction, upon the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. 2. The length, in feet, and the maximum height of each of said trestles and of each of said bridges. Such statement to identify the trestles and bridges by numbering them consecutively from Sudbury westward. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th July, 1885.—

  \*\*Mr. Edgar\*\*

  Not printed.\*\*
  - 25rr. Beturn to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for: 1. A statement of the present position of the debt of six hundred thousand dollars, due last Session 21/2

by the North American Contracting Company to the Canadian Pacific Railway, with information as to whether the same has been settled, and if so, when and upon what terms, and if unsettled, what steps have been taken, or are being taken, to procure a settlement; also a statement of the present position of a sum of about six hundred thousand dollars invested by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in stock of the Canada North-West Land Company, with a statement of its value, at the average price for the month of January, 1885. 2. Also plan and statement showing the grades and curves on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway as far as constructed, including all the Government sections, but exclusive of the line constructed by the company from the foot of the Rocky Mountains to Kamloops. 3. Also a copy of the prospectus, advertisement and other papers in connection with the recent proposal for the issue of bonds of the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, guaranteed by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, with a statement of the amount sold and the average rate. 4. Also an estimate of the cost of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Callander and Port Arthur, divided under the usual heads of sub-divisions in railway construction, with separate estimate for equipment. 5. Also a like estimate, in similar form, of the cost of the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Calgary and the summit of the Rocky Mountains, and from the summit of the Rocky Mountains to the junction with the Government section, each separately, with a statement of the items in which a saving of four million dollars upon the estimate of last Session is calculated by the officers of the company. 6. Also a statement of the expenditure by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company on any account, except the construction and equipment of the contracted line between Callander and Port Arthur, and between Selkirk and Kamloops. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th July, 1885 .-

- 25ss. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for: 1. A statement of the expenditure of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company since the account in Mr. Stephen's letter to the Minister of Railways and Canals, 15th January, 1884, upon branch lines, specifying each line, the expenditure thereon, the purpose thereof, and the additional mileage beyond 269 miles completed at the date of Mr. Stephen's letter. 2. Statement of the cost of equipment of such branch lines; (a.) At the date of said letter; (b.) Since that time. 3. Estimate for any further cost of equipment for such branch lines so far as completed. 4. Statement in detail of the further sums paid in respect of the extensions or branches east of Callander, since the date of said letter, when they amounted to \$3,203,050. 5. A statement of the present condition of the account for advances towards acquiring a line to the seaboard, and for other purposes, alleged to be within the charter, shown by the said letter at \$3,482,251; with a detail of any further payments of a like character. Presented to the House of Com-
- 25tt. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence and agreements between the Government and the Cauadian Pacific Railway Company on the subject of immigration to Manitoba and the North-West, together with a statement showing the amount expended by the company in promoting such immigration, giving amounts paid, with dates, to whom paid, and the nature of service rendered; also estimate of the company of number of persons from foreign countries who have actually settled there in each year since date of charter. Presented to the House of Commons, 18th July, 1885.
- 25uu. Supplementary Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for: 1. A statement of the present position of the debt of six hundred thousand dollars due last Session by the North American Contracting Company to the Canadian Pacific Railway, with information as to whether the same has been settled, and, if so, when and upon what terms, and if unsettled, what steps have been taken, or are being taken, to procure a settlement; also a statement of the present position of a sum of about six hundred thousand dollars invested by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in stock of the Canada North-West Land Company, with a statement of its value at the average price for the month of January, 1885. 2. Also plan and statement showing the grades and curves on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway as far as constructed, including all the Government sections, but exclusive of the line constructed by the company from the foot of the Rocky Mountains to Kamloops. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th July, 1885.—Mr. Blake......Not printed.

- 26. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd February, 1885, for a Return of the receipts and expenditure, in detail, chargeable to the Consolidated Fund, from the 1st July, 1883, to the 31st January, 1884, and from 1st July, 1884, to 31st January, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th February, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—
  - Printed for Distribution only.
- 27. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd February, 1885, for a statement showing the amount of money on deposit to the credit of the Government of Canada on the 1st February, 1885, whether in Canada or elsewhere, together with the names of the banks wherein the said moneys are deposited, with the amount in each bank respectively; also the amount at interest and the rate of interest allowed on the said deposits in each case. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th February, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—

Printed for Distribution only.

- 34a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 5th February, 1885, to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that he will cause to be laid before the House any correspond-

ence or papers touching applications by Local Governments for advances of money on debt account, and for any papers throwing light on the reasons for the pending Bill on that subject. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th February, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 34b. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1885, for copies of all correspondence since 1st January last, between the Dominion Government and the Government of the Province of Quebec, in relation to an increase or readjustment of the Dominion subsidy to the province, including any letter written to that end by one of the said Governments to the other, or by any of the Ministers thereof in relation to the subject; also of any such correspondence with any of the other Provinces of the Dominion. Presented to the House
- 35. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 1st February, 1884, for copies of all correspondence and papers relating to any proposed or suggested reduction in letter postage in the Dominion of Canada. Presented to the House of Commons, 10th February, 1885.—Mr. Charlton Not printed.
- 36. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 11th February, 1884, for copies of all correspondence or complaints to the Postmaster-General, relative to delays or neglect of postmasters in transmitting newspapers and periodicals to the office of destination, since 1st January, 1883. Presented to the House of Commons, 10th February, 1885.—Mr. Sproule-

Not printed.

- 37. Reports relative to the manufacturing industries in existence in Canada, submitted to the House of Commons for its information. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th February, 1885, by Sir Leonard Tilley ...... Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.
- 37a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 6th February, 1885, for copy of the commission or other authorization, Order in Council, correspondence and instructions in relation to the commission issued for the investigation of certain facts as to the condition of the industries of Canada during the last recess. Copy of the report of the commissioners, and the evidence and data obtained by them. Statement in detail of all moneys paid in respect of the commission, and an estimate in detail of all moneys payable, but as yet unpaid; dated 11th February, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 12th February, 1885. Mr. Blake-

Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

37b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 4th February, 1885, for all returns, statements or correspondence in possession of the Government, showing the number of operatives employed in factories in the Dominion in 1878 and in 1884, together with the amount of capital invested and wages paid. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th February, 1885.— Sir Richard Cartwright Not printed.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 11.

- 38. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 5th February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence relative to any payments, claims or allowances on any account whatever, in respect to the office of High Commissioner, not already brought down; and separate statement in detail, with dates and sums of all payments made on any such accounts in respect to the office, during its tenure by the present incumbent; an estimate in detail of all sums payable on any such accounts up to this date and yet unpaid; also copies of all correspondence not yet brought down, as to the letting or purchase of a residence for the High Commissioner, and as to the repairs and furnishing thereof, with copies of all accounts in connection with the same; a statement in detail of all sums paid in respect of such letting or purchase, or furnishing or repairs; and an estimate of all sums payable, but not yet paid, in respect thereof. Presented to the House of Commons, 12th February, 1885.—Mr. Blake......Not printed.
- 38a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1884, for a copy of all correspondence between this Government and the High Commissioner in England or the representatives of the Belgian Government in this country, or from the Belgian authorities at home,

- 38c. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a Return showing amount paid out on account of High Commissioner to London since the creation of the office; showing separately the amount paid on account of residence, furniture and all fittings and additions thereto, and amount of salary paid to 1st January, 1885, and all items or allowances on account of taxes, light, fuel, travelling and other expenses, including salaries of private secretary and other servants or attendants, each item separately set out up to 1st January, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 7th April, 1885.—Mr. McMullen—

  Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 41. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 4th February, 1885, for amount of sums advanced to the Government of the Dominion by way of loan by any banks or persons in Canada or England, as appearing on the 1st February, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th February, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—

Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

**41**a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 4th February, 1885, for a Return giving names of all newspapers in which the loans of 1874, 1875, 1876, 1878 and 1884 were advertised, together with statement of length of time during which the said advertisements appeared. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th February, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—

Not printed.

- 44. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1825, for copy of memorial from the county council of Grey, praying for a refund of bonuses paid by municipalities of that county in aid of railways which are now used for Dominion purposes or tributary to such. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th February, 1885.—Mr. Landerkin—

Not printed.

- 45. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a Return showing the quantity and value of wheat and flour imported into, and exported from the Dominion, by Provinces, during the six months ending 31st December, 1884—distinguishing, in the imports, the quantity entered for home consumption; and, in the exports, the product of Canada. Presented to the House of Commons, 24th February, 1885.—Mr. Paterson (Brant)...Not printed.
- 46. Return of the names and salaries, &c., of all persons appointed to or promoted in the Civil Service during the year ended the 31st December, 1884, specifying the office to which each has been appointed or promoted under the Canada Civil Service Act, 1882, section 55, sub-section 2. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th February, 1885, by Hon. J. A. Chapleau—

  Printed for Sessional Papers only.
- 46a. Report of the proceedings of the Board of Examiners for the year 1884—presented to Parliament in terms of section 55 of the Canada Civil Service Act, 1882, 45-46 Victoria, chapters 4-7. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th February, 1885, by Hon. J. A. Chapleau—

- 48. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd February, 1885, for all papers relating to the resignation of Capt. Ludger Bolduc, after the collision which occurred on the 20th May, 1884, between "La Canadienne" and the brig "Alliance," of Jersey; covering complaint, enquiry, report, &c., and all correspondence relating to the matter. Presented to the House of Commons, 17th February, 1885.—Mr. Landry (Montmagny)..................Not printed.
- 49. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 5th February, 1885, for a statement showing sums expended on capital account, from the 1st day of July, 1884, to the 1st day of February, 1885, and the purposes for which said sums were expended. Also for statement of the gross amount of the debt of the Dominion on the 1st day of February, 1885; and a statement of debts and assets to that date, as given in Public Accounts, pages 13 and 14. Presented to the House of Commons, 17th February, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—

Printed for Distribution only.

- 52a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 30th January, 1884, for a Return showing: 1. The total number of timber licenses or permits applied for and granted or refused, since 1st February, 1883; the estimated area covered by each license or application, and the total number of square miles estimated to be covered by the timber licenses issued during the period named. 2. The amount of bonuses or premiums per square mile, and on the aggregate, paid to and received by the Government on each such license, and the total amount of bonuses or premiums received. 3. The name and residence of each applicant for a license. 4. The date of application for each license and the number of years each license is granted for. 5. The Crown dues or stumpage charged or chargeable on each license, and the kind and estimated quantity and quality of timber on each area so licensed. 6. Whether in each case, where a license or permit was granted, the berth was put up at public auction, after public notice inviting tenders was given, and was sold to the highest bidder, or whether granted upon application or tender from the grantee without inviting public competition. 7. Copies of all claims made on the Government for any such area or timber by any persons, and all petitions, remonstrances or communications sent or made to the Government respecting such areas, licenses or timber, and copies of all correspondence had with the Government respecting such claims, or in any way respecting such areas, lands, licenses or timber, and the action of the Government therein; also a copy of all maps and plans showing the location or areas of such licenses or permits. Presented to the House of Commons, 19th February, 1885.
- 526. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a Return showing: 1. The total number of applications made, and not granted, for licenses or permits to cut timber, saw-logs, cordwood, ties and poles, within the territory lately in dispute between the Province of Manitoba and Ontario. 2. The date of each rejected application and the name and residence of each applicant. 3. The geographical location of the area applied for and not granted. 4. The offer of bonus, and of Crown dues or stumpage, in each or any case accompanying such application. 5. The reason assigned for refusal in the case of each of such rejected applications. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd April, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

  Printed for Sessional Papers only.

52c. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a Return showing: 1. The total number of timber licenses and permits to cut timber, sawlogs, cordwood, ties or poles, on lands not within the disputed territory, applied for and refused since 1st February, 1883. 2. The date of each rejected application, and the name and residence of each applicant. 3. The geographical location of the area applied for and not granted, and the area of the same. 4. The offer of bonus, and Crown dues or stumpage in each or any case accompanying such application. 5. The reason assigned for refusal in the case of each of such rejected applications. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd April, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

52d. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence and regulations, not already brought down, respecting timber for settlers' fuel, applicable to the neighborhood of Moosomin, N.W.T. For all correspondence as to the demands made during the winter of 1882-83 by the Mounted Police, of twenty-five cents a load for settlers' firewood. For all correspondence concerning the demand made by a sub-agent of Mr. Stephenson during the winter of 1883-84, for fifty cents for a permit, in addition to the charge of twenty-five cents a cord. For all correspondence as to the demands made during the winter of 1884-85, including the demands of the present sub-agent, of twenty-five cents for affidavits as to how much wood each settler had burned since he first came to the locality; and for all letters and instructions from the Department or from the Winnipeg office upon these subjects. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th May, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 52a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a Return showing: 1. The total number of applications for timber licenses or berths in the Province of British Columbia, and within 50 miles of the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway; the date of such application; the place from which it was made; the name and address of the applicant; the area applied for and the geographical situation of the same; whether the application was rejected or granted, and, if rejected, the reasons assigned for the same. 2. The total number of applications for timber licenses or berths in the Province of British Columbia and transmitted to the Department of the Interior at Ottawa; the date of such application; the place from which it was made; the name and address of the applicant; the area applied for and the geographical situation of the same; whether the application was rejected or granted, and, if rejected, the reason assigned for the same. 3. A summary statement showing the number of licenses or permits granted either upon applications made at Ottawa or made at Victoria and transmitted to Ottawa, designating when the application was made, the date of the application, and the name and address of the grantee. 4. The geographical location of the area covered by each license or permit issued, and the number of square miles embraced in each, and the aggregate amount of the same. 5. The amount of bonuses or premiums received upon each and the aggregate amount of the same. 6. Full particulars as to the Crown dues or stumpage charged or chargeable upon each license or permit issued as to whether by percentage of values or specific charges. 7. A statement in case of each license or permit issued as to whether the Government had caused a survey to be made of the same and was in possession of estimates made by its own surveyors, woodsmen or bushrangers, as to the kinds, the quantity and the quality of timber upon each area covered by such license or permit. 8. Whether in each case where a license or permit was granted, the berth was put up at public auction, after due public notice was given inviting tenders, and was sold to the highest bidder, or whether granted upon application or tender from the grantee without inviting public competition. 9. In case of application by two or more parties for the same berth, and competition between them for the purchase of the same, the name and residence of each applicant and the particulars of the tender made by each. 10. Copies of all claims, petitions, remonstrances, letters or communications made to the Government respecting such permits or licenses applied for or granted, also a copy of all maps or plans showing the location and areas of such licenses or permits. 11. A minute of all assignments of such licenses or permits recorded with the Government, with the names and residence of the assignor and the assignee and the consideration in each case paid. Presented to the House of Commons, 15th July, 1885.—Mr. Charlton......Not printed.
- 53. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 26th March, 1884, for copies of all documents, statements, &c., of a nature to afford the information asked for by the following questions:—Whether the Government has, by sale, grant, location or otherwise, disposed of the lands belonging to it in the county of Richelieu? If so, what are the lands; what is the extent of each lot; to whom was it disposed; what are the conditions of each such grant, location or sale; what are the prices paid in each case, and when and how were the amounts paid? Also of all documents relating to the subject matter of the said questions, and of those evidencing the said transactions. Presented to the House of Commons, 19th February, 1885.—Mr. Amyot—Not printed.
- 536. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a statement showing all properties, islands and other lands, whether built upon or not, belonging to the Dominion Government, and situated within the limits of the county of Richelieu, the names of

the parties occupying the said properties as tenants or otherwise; the time for which such properties are leased, the annual rent and the arrears due, if any, on each such property, up to the 1st January, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th March, 1885.—Mr. Massue—

Not printed.

- 53f. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 4th February, 1885, for a statement showing the several amounts collected by the Dominion Government for lands sold or leased; for timber, logs or staves, cordwood, telegraph poles or other product of the forest; with the names of persons making such payments, within the bounds and limits of the western part of Ontario, as determined by the decision of the Privy Council against the claim of the Dominion Government. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd April, 1885.—Mr. Mackenzie—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 53. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a return showing: 1. The names of grazing land lessees who have cattle upon their leaseholds, the number of acres in each leasehold, the date of the lease, the geographical position of the area covered by each lease, the number of the lease, the number of cattle reported on each leasehold, the date when the leasehold was first stocked with cattle, and the aggregate number of acres

covered by such leases. 2. The names of grazing land lessees who have not placed cattle upon their leaseholds; the number of acres in each leasehold; the geographical position of the area covered by each lease; the number of the lease and the aggregate number of acres covered by such leases. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th May, 1885.—Mr. Charlton—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 53k. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 11th March, 1885, for: 1. Copy of all Orders in Council or departmental orders respecting south-east \(\frac{1}{4}\), section 2, township 10, range 19, west. 2. Copies of all claims made to said land, and the action of the Government thereon.

  3. Copies of all petitions, papers and correspondence with the Government by one Joseph Bell and one J. E. Kavanagh, and all other persons, and all replies thereto, respecting said land. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th May, 1885.—Mr. Cameron (Huron).......Not printed.

- 54. FReturn to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd February, 1885, for a statement showing: 1. The Christian and surnames of the present employés of the Immigration Office at Quebec, and the nature of their employment. 2. The amount of the yearly salary paid to each such employé on 31st December, 1884. 3. The amount of the yearly salary attached to the said offices on 31st December, 1877. Also all correspondence respecting the increase or non-increase of the salary of any employé of the said office between the two dates above named. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th February, 1885.—Mr. Landry (Montmagny)—

Not printed.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 12.

- 55α. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 26th March, 1884, for copies of advertisement calling for tenders for carrying mails from Kamloops to Spencer's Bridge, B.C.,

- dated 13th June, 1883; also copies of tenders received for such service; also copy of contract based on such tenders, and the hours of arrival and departure of mails from both places. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd February, 1885.—Mr. Mackenzie................Not printed.

- 55g. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 16th February, 1885, for a Return showing the nature of the mail service on the Canada Southern Railway between Essex Centre and Amherstburg; also the annual amount paid to the Canada Southern Railway for mail service. Presented to the House of Commons, 7th May, 1885.—Mr. Wigle .............Not printed.
- 56. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 28th March, 1884, for: 1. Copies of all correspondence and papers relating to certain charges or complaints made against J. E. Gaboury, Esquire, as postmaster of St. Césaire, and to his subsequent dismissal from the said office of postmaster.

  2. A copy of the instructions given to the person who investigated the charges against said J. E. Gaboury, if any investigation took place, and a copy of the report made by such person. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd February, 1885.—Mr. Béchard—Not printed.
- 57a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for a Return showing the postal revenue at Victoria, B.C., from all sources, specifying the amount from each source, month by month, for the eight months included in the period 1st July, 1884, to 28th February, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th May, 1885.—Mr. Baker (Victoria)...Not printed.

- 59. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 4th February, 1885, for a return of all sugars imported at Halifax from Jamaica from the 1st of January, 1883, to the 31st of December, 1883; also a return of all sugars from Jamaica entered for the same term at Montreal, either direct or viâ Halifax, giving name of vessel, number of pounds landed, value for duty of each cargo, and rate of duty per 100 lbs. of each shipment. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd February, 1885.—Mr. Vail.

- 61. The Governor General transmits to the House of Commons two approved Minutes in Council, dated respectively the 20th May, 1884, and the 23rd January, 1885, regarding the terms of the provisional settlement of the claims of the Province of Manitoba. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd February, 1885, by Sir John A. Macdonald.—

Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

- 63. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 3rd February, 1885, to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that he will cause to be laid before the House copies of all correspondence between the Federal and Ontario Governments, and the Imperial Government, on the subject of the Imperial Act 21-22 Victoria, chapter 90, known as the British Medical Act, 1858; the Imperial Act 31-32 Victoria, chapter 29, known as the British Medical Amendment Act, 1868; the Imperial Act 41-42 Victoria, chapter 33, known as the Dentists Act, 1878; and the amendments proposed to be made thereto during the present Session of the Imperial Parliament. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th February, 1885.—Mr. Bergin—

Printed (condensed) for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

- 64. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for a Return of all reports of Government engineers respecting the construction of a harbor of refuge at Port Stanley and Port Burwell, on the north shore of Lake Erie, together with the estimated cost of each. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th February, 1885.—Mr. Wilson.....Not printed.
- 64b. Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for a Return of all reports of Government engineers respecting the construction of a harbor of refuge at Port Stanley and Port Burwell, on the north shore of Lake Erie, together with the estimated cost of each. Presented to the House of Commons, 8th April, 1885.—Mr. Wilson—Not printed.

Printed for Distribution only.

- 65. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 11th February, 1885, for copies of all reports and correspondence not already brought down, relating to the construction of the post office, Inland Revenue and Custom house at St. Thomas, giving the amount expended to date; also the names of all persons to whom any portion of the expenditure has been paid; together with the amount paid to each, and for what. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th February, 1885.—Mr. Wilson.

  Not printed.

- 69. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 6th February, 1885, for a Return showing the number of dredges, tugs and dumping scows built in the United States for the Government of Canada during the years 1883 and 1884, showing where they were built, giving the contractor's name, and the price paid for the same. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th February, 1885.—Mr. Jackson.

  Not printed.
- 70. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for copies of departmental instructions and correspondence on the subject of apportionment of sea lots to individuals desiring to place lobster traps in the open sea off the coast of Prince Edward Island. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th February, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

- 71b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for copies of all tenders for the construction of breakwater at Parrsboro' lighthouse station, in the county of

- 71c. Return to Order, correspondence, reports of engineers and others, in reference to the construction of a breakwater at Salmon Point, together with lists of tenders and amount of each, and all other documents in the possession of the Government relative to the above mentioned work. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. Platt............Not printed.

- 73b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for a statement showing the number of seizures made at each port of entry in Nova Scotia during the last fiscal year; also during the six months ending the 31st December last; and the names of the parties from whom such seizures were made, the amount of fines exacted at each port during each of the said periods, and the manner in which the said fines were disposed of, giving the names of the officers receiving any portion thereof, and the amount received by each of such officers out of the said fund. Presented to the House of Commons, 17th April, 1885.—Mr. Stairs—

Not printed.

- 75. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a Return of all claims presented for drawback on materials used for shipbuilding, for the year ending 30th

June, 1884; also for the six months ending 31st December, 1884; giving the name of the applicant, the name and tonnage of the vessel, the amount claimed and the amount paid. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd March, 1885.—Mr. Burpee (Sunbury)—

Printed for Distribution only.

- 75a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a Return of all claims presented up to the 1st February, 1885, for drawbacks on goods manufactured for export (since the date of the last return made to that House), showing the names of all applicants, their place of business, the articles on which the drawback was claimed, and the amount of each claim, distinguishing between the claims which have been allowed and those which have been disallowed, and those under consideration and not yet decided, and giving the reason for such disallowance. Also copies of all regulations made by the Department with reference to such claims, together with a copy of one allowed claim and the sworn declaration thereto of each exporter. Presented to the House of Commons, 6th March, 1885.—Mr. Paterson (Brant)—
- 76. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 30th January, 1884, for copies of any correspondence, documents, contracts or agreements with the Pullman Palace Car Company, in relation to the company's cars running over the Intercolonial Railway; also any contract or agreement with express companies as to conveyance of express matter over the said railway. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd March, 1885.—Mr. Weldon—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 76b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a return of the casualties to trains on the Intercolonial Railway arising from collision, broken rails, or otherwise, for the calendar year 1884; the respective causes and dates; the amount of damages (if any), in each case, to property; the amount of compensation paid to owners of property destroyed or damaged, as well as amount of claims for loss or damage to property (if any) unsettled. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th March, 1885.—Mr. Burpee (Sunbury)—

  Not printed.

- 76. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for copies of the claim of J. B. Plante, of St. Charles, Bellechasse, in relation to certain horses which he alleges

have been killed by a train of the Intercolonial Railway, and of which he demands the value; copies of the order referring the said claim to the official arbitrators, and of their enquiry, report and award; of the second reference to the said arbitrators, and of their enquiry and further report; also all documents and papers relating to the matter in question. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th March, 1885.—Mr. Landry (Montmagny)............Not printed.

- 76i. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for copies of all memorials or correspondence presented to or sent the Government by the mayors or city councils of the cities of St. John and Portland, relating to the interruption of traffic between these cities by the railway crossing on Mill Street, and for the erection of a bridge across the said street. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th June, 1885.—Mr. Weldon....Not printed.
- 76j. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for all papers, documents and correspondence respecting the claim of John D. Robertson for compensation for taking his factory, premises and land for the Intercolonial Railway, last May, at St. John; the report of Alexander Christie, as appraiser; the report of C. W. Fairweather, and others, as valuators, and the evidence taken before Mr. Compton, or any other arbitrator before whom the claim was heard. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th June, 1885.—Mr. Mills—

Not printed.

- 79. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that he will cause to be laid before the House copies of all Orders in Council, leases, correspondence and other documents in possession of the Government in reference to the leasing of the piece of property in the city of Kingston known as the Tête du Pont Barracks. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd March, 1885.—Mr. Platt—Not printed.

- S1c. Return (in part) to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1885, for a return showing: 1. Number and names of the students having passed or graduated from the Royal Military College, Kingston, in each year to date. 2. Total number of marks received by each, together with the total number possible to be obtained in each year, respectively, and the percentage of such total obtained by each pupil. 3. Number and names of those cadets who, after passing through said college, are now employed in the service of the Dominion, together with statement of the position occupied by each. 4. Number and names of cadets who have been offered employment in the service of the Dominion, and have declined the offer, together with statement of the position offered and declined by each respectively. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th March, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

- S1f. Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, dated the 8th July, 1885, on a memorandum of the 30th June, 1885, from the Minister of Militia and Defence, submitting certain regulations relating to gratuities and pensions to be granted under the provisions of section 68 of the Consolidated Militia Act of 1883, to officers and men of the active militia who have been or may be killed or wounded on actual service after the 20th day of March, 1885, or who have died since that date, or may die hereafter, from illness or injuries contracted on actual service. Presented to the House of Commons, 10th July, 1885, by Hon. J. P. R. A. Caron—

Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

82. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 22nd February, 1885, for copies of the petition of J. Hickson, Esq., and others, relative to the continuation of the pension of the late

- **S3.** Return to an Address of the House of Commons, for copies of all Orders in Council, memorials and representations, on the subject of the bounty on manufactures of iron, not already brought down, together with all letters, accounts and vouchers in respect of claims made for such bounty; and statement in detail of all sums paid or allowed in respect thereof. Presented to the House of Commons, 6th March, 1885.—Mr. Blake............Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 85g. Return to an Address of the Senate, dated 20th February, 1885, for a return of the amounts of revenue received from duties or excise on wine, beer and spirits, for the year ending 31st December, 1884. Presented to the Senate, 13th March, 1885.—Hon. Mr. Plumb....Not printed.
- 85i. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 5th February, 1885, for a Return showing the number of persons who applied in the year 1884 for licenses under the Liquor License Act of 1883; the total number of licenses granted in Canada, the total number in each province and in each electoral district; the total number refused a license and the reason for refusal; the total number in each province who paid part of the fee but did not take out a license; the total amount received by the Government for such licenses in Canada, in each province of Canada, and also in each electoral division; together with a statement showing what salary was paid the commissioners, inspectors and sub-inspectors under the Act, and giving the names and addresses of said commissioners, inspectors and sub-inspectors in every electoral district of Canada. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd June, 1885.—Mr. Landerkin—Not printed.
- 85k. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a copy of all correspondence had with the Government, or any member thereof, in relation to any proposed alteration or relaxation of the provisions of the present Prohibitory Liquor Law of the North-West Territories. Presented to the House of Commons, 15th July, 1885.—Mr. Foster—

  Printed for Sessional Papers only.
- 87. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a Return showing the number of islands leased in the river St. Lawrence, the names of such islands, the party or

- parties to whom leased, and the yearly rental payable for each of the said islands respectively. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th March, 1885.—Mr. Wood (Brockville)....Not printed.
- SS. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence relative to the proposal to have the waters of the Muskoka lakes connected with the proposed Trent Valley Canal system by the construction of a short canal from Gravenhurst Bay to the waters of the Severn River. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th
- 89. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 16th February, 1885, for a statement of the various amounts of money paid by the Government of Canada, or any of the public departments, since 1882, to Henry J. Morgan, for services of any kind, or for copies of a certain book, called the "Annual Register;" together with copies of the certificate of each public official to whom such books have been delivered. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th
- 89a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for a statement of all payments during 1882-83 and 1883-84 for the Dominion Annual Register to anyone except H. J. Morgan, with the names of the persons who received the money, and a statement of the manner in which the number of books were distributed. Presented to the House of Commons,
- 90. Report of Progress of the Geological and Natural History Survey and Museum of Canada, containing reports and maps of investigation and surveys, for 1882-83 and 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th March, 1885, by Sir John A. Macdonald—

Not re-printed for Sessional Papers.

- 91. The Annual Report of the Life Association of Canada, for year ending 31st December, 1883.
- 92. A statement of affairs and list of shareholders of the British Canadian Loan and Investment Company, on the 31st December, 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th March, 1885,
- 93. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for copies of all papers connected with the sale of the Dundas and Waterloo Macadamized Road by the Government on the 15th day of March, 1884, including previous applications by any municipality or private parties for the purchase or other acquisition of the road, the conditions under which the road was offered for sale; statement, in detail, of the expenses incurred in connection with the sale, to whom sold, the amount realized and the amount and dates of the payments made by the purchaser, and the balance, if any, remaining unpaid at the date of this Order. Presented to the House of Commons, 12th March, 1885.—Mr. Paterson (Brant)—

Not printed.

- 94. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a statement showing in the case of each election which has taken place since the general election of 1878: 1. The date of certificate of the judge or court showing the election was void, or of the communication from members that there was a vacancy, or of the member's warrant to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, or of any other instrument under which primary action was taken towards a new election, specifying in each case the nature of the instrument. 2. Date of receipt by the Speaker or Clerk, as the case may be, of above instrument. 3. Date of the issue of Speaker's warrant to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery to make out a new writ. 4. Date of the receipt of the Speaker's warrant by the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery. 5. Date of the issue of new writ by the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery. 6. Date of despatch of new writ to Returning Officer. 7. Dates named in new writ for nomination and polling respectively. 8. Dates on which nomination and polling took place. 9. Date of return. 10. Date of receipt of return by Clerk of the Crown in Chancery. Presented to the House of Commons,
- 94a. Return (in part) to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for a statement respecting each election which has taken place since the general election of 1878; dated 20th March, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th March, 1885.—Mr. Blake— Not Printed.

- 96b. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 30th March, 1885, for copies of all advertisements, tenders, contracts, specifications, Orders in Council, correspondence and other papers in connection with George Goodwin's contracts in respect to the Trent Valley Canal navigation, including all accounts and letters with reference to claims for extras on such contracts. Presented to the House of Commons, 8th May, 1885.—Mr. Blake...Not printed.

#### CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 13.

101. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1885, for a Return of all fish taken in the bay and river of Miramichi and its branches for the year ending 1st February, 1885, defining the separate quantities of each kind by weight, the places to which they were exported, and the route of transport in each case, and the average price received for each kind of fish; together with an estimate, in detail, of the several kinds of fish taken in that time. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th March, 1885.—Mr. Macmillan (Middlesex)—

Not printed.

- 101e. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for copies of the report of Mr. Jules Gauvreau, fishery overseer, and all details relating thereto, for the year 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 28th May, 1885.—Mr. Blondeau......Not printed.
- 101g. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for copies of the report of Mr. Clovis Caron, fishery overseer, and all details therewith connected, for the year 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 28th May, 1885—Mr. Blondeau...........Not printed.

- 105b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for copies of all notices asking for tenders for supplying the fog-whistles and lighthouses in the Bay of Fundy and on the south shore of Nova Scotia with coal; copies of tenders submitted, names of party or parties whose tenders were accepted; copies of all vouchers, bills of lading and receipts upon which moneys were paid, and all other information in the Department in reference to this service. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th April, 1885.—Mr. Robertson (Shelburne)—Not printed.

- 105c. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for a return giving a full statement of all coal entered ex-warehouse, free for exportation, during the year ending 30th June, 1884, showing the quantity so entered at each port; the names of persons having entered; the quantities ex-warehoused by each person, and, if exported, the name of the vessel or railroad by which exported; the place to which exported, and copies of all the cancelling certificates, showing that such coal had been landed in the ports to which exported. Presented to the House of Commons, 7th May, 1885.—Mr. Burpee (Sunbury).......Not printed.
- 106. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 24th February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence exchanged between the Department of Public Works and any person whomsoever, in relation to the construction of a wharf at Pointe aux Trembles, in the county of Portneuf. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. De St. Georges—Not printed.
- 106a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for a return of the wharfage collected at the Digby Pier from the 1st January, 1884, to the 31st of December, 1884. Also a return of the wharfage collected at the Metaghan River Pier, in the county of Digby, for the same period. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th April, 1885.—Mr. Vail—Not printed.
- 107. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd February, 1885, for copies of correspondence, petitions, reports of engineers, lighthouse inspectors and others, in reference to change in dimensions of location of the lighthouses known as "Range Lights," at Weller's Bay, Ontario. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. Platt—
  Not printed.

- 108. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 23rd l'ebruary, 1885, for copies of all Orders in Council, leases, correspondence and other documents in possession of the Government, in reference to the leasing of the piece of property in the city of Kingston known as the Market Battery. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. Platt—
  Not printed.
- 109. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a copy of the document or instrument containing the assurance received by the Government on or about the 17th day of April last from the Grand Trunk Railway Company, referred to by the Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald on that day in his place in this House, to the effect that the Grand Trunk Railway Company would set aside one million pounds sterling for the purpose of double 45

tracking the line of the Grand Trunk Railway between Montreal and Toronto. Also copy of the report of the denial of the said assurance and of the statements alleged to have been made in respect of it, by Sir Henry Tyler, the president of the said company, at the meeting thereof held in London, England, shortly after the said announcement; and copies of all correspondence between the Government and any official of the said company respecting the said assurance. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd March, 1885.—Mr. Mitchell........Not printed.

- 109d. Return (in part) to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 24th February, 1885, for copies of the returns as required to be made under the Consolidated Railway Act of 1879, and the Acts in amendment thereof, of 1881 and 1884, by the Grand Trunk Railway Company, for the fiscal year 1883-84, in each year separately; and-1. The number of miles of main line of Grand Trunk, with statement of actual total cost of construction and equipment thereof. The separate cost per mile of construction thereof, without rolling stock. The total amount of capital account now standing against the said railway, including its equipment. 2. A statement, in detail, showing the several branches or side lines now owned by the said company, including the number of miles in each, with the amounts severally paid for each. How such amounts were paid; whether paid in cash or securities, and the statement and character thereof, in detail. The amount for which each of such securities was sold, and the net amounts which were realized in each. 3. A statement, in detail, of any railway line or lines leased by the Grand Trunk Company or agreed to be worked by them on a percentage of earnings or other terms, with the length of each of such lines and the conditions, in detail, of the agreements in relation thereto. 4. A statement, in detail, of any interest the Grand Trunk Railway may have in any other railway or railways, with the securities, in detail, that they may hold in relation thereto. 5. A statement in detail of the net earnings of each of the railways mentioned in the four preceding clauses, after the payment of working expenses, for the past financial year, of each of the said railways, with a statement, in detail, of the percentage that working expenses bear in each case to the gross earnings. 6. Whether any and what amounts were paid by the Grand Trunk Company towards the construction of the Toronto and Ottawa Railway, and the amount thereof, with the statement of the gross, as well as the net, earnings of the said railway for the past financial year of the said railway; and a statement of where

- 111. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 6th February, 1885, for copy of the lease of the Northern and Pacific Junction Railway Company to the Northern Railway Company of Canada and Hamilton and North-West Railway Company, or either of them. Presented to the House of Commons, 24th March, 1885.—Mr. Mulock—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 116. Papers and correspondence, up to the present time, with respect to the commission recently appointed to investigate and report upon the claims existing in connection with the extinguishment of the Indian title preferred by half-breeds resident in the North-West Territories outside of the limits of the Province of Manitoba, previous to the 15th day of July, 1870. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th April, 1885.—Mr. Blake......Printed for Sessional Papers only.
- 116b. Certified copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 19th April, 1885, for instructions

given to the three commissioners appointed to proceed to the North-West to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claims of the half-breeds and others in the Saskatchewan settlement. Presented to the Senate, 20th April, 1885.—Hon. Mr. Alexander—

Not printed. See 116.

- 116c. Papers and correspondence in relation to claims for land in the Prince Albert district, North-West Territories. Presented to the House of Commons, 27th April, 1885.—Mr. Blake. Not printed.

- 116h. Copy of the Official Report from Major-General Middleton, C.B., commanding the North-West field forces, concerning the engagements at Fish Creek on the 24th April, 1885; Pound-maker's Camp (near Crees' Reserve), 2nd May, 1885; and Batoche, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th May, 1885. Presented to the House of Commons, 6th July, 1885, by Hon. J. P. R. A. Caron-Printed for Distribution only.

- 118a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 27th April 1885, for copies of all correspondence and Orders in Council in any way bearing upon the subject of purchase or offers of purchase of Indian reserve lands in British Columbia, of a date subsequent to 1st June, 1882. Presented to the House of Commons, 30th June, 1885.—Mr. Baker (Victoria)—

  Not printed.
- 120. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1885, for copy of the record in the matter of Eugene Gosselin, of St. Charles de Bellechasse, versus the Queen, as it stands

- in the office of the Supreme Court of Canada, including the proceedings before the Exchequer Court and before Dominion Arbitrators. Presented to the House of Commons, 8th April, 1885.
- 121. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for copies of petitions or correspondence in reference to making Ridgetown a port of entry. Presented to
- 122. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1885, for a Return of all sums (apart from his salary as county judge) which have been paid to G. M. K. Clarke in each of the years 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884, respectively, and for what services in each year; also what sums, if any, have been paid him from the 1st January, 1884, to this date. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th April, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—

- 123. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1885, for copies of all correspondence having reference to the appointment of a joint commission with the United States Government for surveying the boundary line between the Province of British Columbia and the United States Territory of Alaska. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th April,
- 123a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th March, 1885, for copies of all correspondence with the Government of British Columbia and Imperial Government, in relation to the eastern boundary of that province. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th May,
- 123b. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, for copies of all Orders in Council, Imperial, Canadian or provincial, in the hands of the Government, and not already laid before Parliament, relating to the disputed boundaries of Ontario. Also all despatches and correspondence with any of the provinces and with the Imperial Government upon the same subject. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd June, 1885.—Mr. Mills—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

- 124. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 4th February, 1885, for all Customs collections in Algoma during the six months ending 31st December, 1884, showing the amount collected at Port Arthur and its outports, and at Sault Ste. Marie and its outports, respectively; also the amount collected at Spanish River and such other stations in Algoma as report to Collingwood. Presented to the House of Commons, 13th April, 1885.—Mr. Daw-
- 125. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for all correspondence from 1st January, 1884, to 1st January, 1885, between W. H. Rogers, inspector of fishering from 1st January, 1884, to 1st January, 1885, between W. H. Rogers, inspector of fishering from 1st January, 1885, between W. H. Rogers, inspector of fishering from 1st January, 1885, between W. H. Rogers, inspector of fishering from 1st January, eries for Nova Scotia, also Mr. Sellon, overseer of river fisheries for Liverpool, Queen's county, Nova Scotia, also between John Millard, J. Newton Freeman, S. J. R. Bill and others, and the Government Government or Department of Marine and Fisheries, in reference to a breach of the "Sawdust Law," by putting mill rubbish and shingle shavings into the Mersey River; showing also what fines have been imposed and how many collected; if not collected, whether remitted.
- 125a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 1st April, 1885, for copies of all correspondence and reports from W. H. Rogers, inspector of fisheries for Nova Scotia, to the Department of Marine and Fisheries, relating to the adoption of Rogers' patented fish ladder, and the places at which the said inspector recommends that it should be placed; also any instructions from the Department concerning the same. Also a statement of moneys claimed or paid, as a royalty or otherwise, on account of patent fishway, stating by whom and to whom such moneys were paid, together with an account of any other moneys paid by the Department, and to whom, towards the construction of Rogers' fish ladder, the Return to cover the years 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 30th
- 126. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for the names of all Government officials in the North-West Territories, the date of their appointment, and the 4

127. Return (in part) to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1885, for copies of all advertisements for tenders, of all specifications, and of all tenders received for fog horns and letter box fronts, from 1st January, 1884, to 31st January, 1885; also of all correspondence, contracts, accounts, receipts and documents relating to the furnishing of such fog horns and letter box fronts. Presented to the House of Commons, 16th April, 1885.—Mr. Laurier—

Printed for Distribution only.

- 127b. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 2nd March, 1885, for copies of all correspondence between the Government and one Captain Conally, or any other person, in regard to placing a fog horn or fog whistle on what is called the Dummy Lighthouse, near the head of Lake Eric. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th May, 1885.—Mr. Jackson—

Not printed.

- 130. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for copies of all Orders in Council, despatches and correspondence between the Government of Canada and the United Kingdom, and between the Government of Canada and Her Majesty's Ambassador at Washington, not already brought down, relating to the subject of extradition and extradition arrangements. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd April, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

  Printed for Sessional Papers only.
- 130a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 9th February, 1885, for a statement with reference to the cases in which demands for extradition have been made by or upon the Government of Canada, or in which extradition proceedings have been taken in continuation of, and in the same form as, the statement transmitted by the Government of Canada to the Government of the United Kingdom, in or about the year 1876. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th May, 1885.—Mr. Blake.——Printed for Sessional Papers only.
- 131. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 20th February, 1885, for a copy of the Order in Council creating the Forestry Commission, and appointing Mr. J. H. Morgan as such commissioner; also a copy of the recommendation on which such Order in Council was based. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd April, 1885.—Mr. Rykert.......Not printed.
- 131a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a copy of Order in Council appointing J. H. Morgan as Forestry Commissioner; also copy of instructions accompanying the same; also date of report from the said J. H. Morgan which appears as part of the last report of the Minister of the Interior, and copies of any subsequent reports and the date on which the same were received by the Department; also statement of any payments made to the said J. H. Morgan subsequent to those appearing in the Public Accounts of 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th May, 1885.—Mr. Paterson (Brant)—

Not printed.

- 133. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for a Return of all correspondence and petitions from mariners, vessel owners and others, not already brought down, relative to the selection of a route for the construction of the Murray Canal, or the character of the harbors afforded by Presqu'Isle and Weller's Bay respectively. Also all offers made by tenders or otherwise to construct said canal by any other than the adopted route, together with all reports as to progress of work of construction in possession of the Government. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th July, 1885.—Mr. Cockburn.......Not printed.
- 134. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1885, for a Return of any orders or instructions of the Railway Department as to the sale of return tickets, limiting the periods in which such tickets can be used; also of any claims made by persons holding such tickets for damages for being ejected from the cars, and what amounts, if any, have been paid for such claims. Presented to the House of Commons, 5th May, 1885.—Mr. Weldon—

Not printed.

- 136. Return to an Address presented by the Senate to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 17th March, 1885, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before this House, copies of the reports of the various surveys made by engineers under the direction of the Government, for a line of railway connecting Montreal with the harbors of St. John and Halifax by the shortest and best practicable route (including the reports of Messrs. A. L. Light and Vernon Smith on the lines surveyed by them, respectively, running up the valley of the Etchemin River and from Canterbury, New Brunswick, to the northern end of Chesuncook Lake, in the

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- 136a. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 3rd February, 1885, for copies of all Orders in Council, instructions given, reports of engineers, and all documents whatsoever, in relation to the selection of the shortest and best line for a railway between the present terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway and one of the seaports of the Maritime Provinces. Presented to the House of Commons, 20th July, 1885.—Mr. Landry (Montmagny)............Not printed.
- 137. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence, Orders in Council, contracts, and other papers in connection with the projected railway between Oxford and New Glasgow, in Nova Scotia, or in relation to any of the companies or individuals negotiating for the construction of any part of the projected short line within the bounds of the Province of Nova Scotia, and particularly an instrument signed by Sir Charles Tupper, the Minister of Railways, about the 9th May, 1884, whereby he, as representing the Crown, entered into certain engagements with Norvin Green, president of the Montreal and European Short Line Company, or with that company; and of all Orders or arrangements cancelling the said agreement; and of the evidence as to the ability of the company on which said agreement was made; and of all Orders and authorities under which the Oxford Branch Railway was completed or money thereon expended out of the Intercolonial appropriation; and of all agreements in connection with such expenditure, and of all statements, representations and letters made by or on behalf of contractors, companies, railway companies, construction companies, laborers, merchants or others, who have been concerned in the work, and of all reports made to any department or to Council upon any of the above subjects. Presented to the House of Commons, 8th May, 1885.—Mr. Blake—

Printed for Sessional Papers only.

137a. Supplementary Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885. for copies of all correspondence, Orders in Council, contracts and other papers in connection with the projected railway between Oxford and New Glasgow, in Nova Scotia, or in relation to any of the companies or individuals negotiating for the construction of any part of the projected Short Line within the bounds of the Province of Nova Scotia; and particularly an instrument signed by Sir Charles Tupper, then Minister of Railways, about 9th May, 1884, whereby he, as representing the Crown, entered into certain engagements with Norvin Green, president of the Montreal and European Short Line Company, or with that company; and of all Orders or arrangements cancelling the said agreement, and of the evidence as to the ability of the company on which said agreement was made; and of all Orders and authorities under which the Oxford Branch Railway was completed, or money thereon expended out of the Intercolonial appropriation, and of all agreements in connection with such expenditure; and of all statements, representations and letters made by or on behalf of contractors, companies, railway companies, construction companies, laborers, merchants or others, who have been concerned in the work; and of all reports made to any department or to Council upon any of the above subjects. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th July, 1885—Mr. Mills—

Not printed.

187b. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 11th February, 1885, for copies of all reports made by engineers employed by the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company in Nova Scotia and Cape Breton, with the plans, papers and correspondence connected therewith; also for copies of all correspondence with the Dominion Government and the Government of Nova Scotia on the same subject; also copies of all contracts by and between the said company and other persons; also a statement of all moneys paid out and expended on contracts for salaries, wages and labor; showing also the amounts, if any, still due and owing by the said company to their contractors, agents or workmen; and also a statement of the

number of miles completed and graded in each of the counties of Cumberland, Colchester and Pictou. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th July, 1885.—Mr. Paint..........Not printed.

138. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 23rd March, 1885, for copies of all reports, correspondence, and surveys, if any, in the Department of Public Works, as to the improvement of the North Saskatchewan River, for the purpose of navigation. Presented to the House of Commons, 28th May, 1885.—Mr. McCallum—

Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

- 139. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for all letters and correspondence had between the Dominion Government or any of its members and the Local Government of New Brunswick or any of its members, on the subject of the building of a foot and carriage bridge on the St. John River, at or near Fredericton. Presented to the House of Commons, 11th May, 1885.—Mr. Landry (Kent)..........Printed for Distribution only.
- 189a. Supplementary Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for all letters and correspondence had between the Dominion Government or any of its members and the Local Government of New Brunswick, or any of its members, on the subject of the building of a foot and carriage bridge on the St. John River, at or near Fredericton. Presented to the House of Commons, 9th June, 1885.—Mr. Landry (Kent)..Printed for Distribution only.

- 145. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 17th February, 1885, for a statement showing the names of all persons employed by the Department of Public Works or other department of the Government as inspectors or clerks of works on any building or other public work since 1873-74 until 1883-84 inclusive, with statement showing the amount paid to

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such persons for services as such officials, and the rate per month or per diem to each; also the gross amount expended by the Government in each year on such works under the inspection of each clerk of works; also a statement showing the actual profession or calling of each such clerk of works. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th May, 1885.—Sir Richard Cartwright—

Not printed.

- 146b. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for all the correspondence, papers and report of the officer of Customs for the port of Toronto, in connection with the seizure of school books entered at an undervaluation by Thomas Nelson & Son. Edinburgh. Presented to the House of Commons, 26th May, 1885.—Mr. Rykert....Not printed.

- 1.47. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for a Return showing:

  1. The detailed amounts actually due to the Supervisor of Cullers at Quebec for culling and measuring.

  2. The names of all parties indebted, and the date of incurring of each liability. Presented to the House of Commons, 28th May, 1885.—Mr. De St. Georges.............Not printed.
- 149. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 9th March, 1885, for all correspondence between the Auditor-General and the Department of Marine and Fisheries, relating to an Order of this House made on the 28th March last, for a return showing all sums received by the Department of Marine and Fisheries on account of rental of rivers and streams, &c.; or in any way relating to any irregularity or inaccuracy connected with matters of the said Department. Presented to the House of Commons, 28th May, 1885.—Mr. McMullen—

Not printed.

150. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 8th April, 1885, for all papers concerning the appointment, instruction and salary of Mr. Hector Fabre, as Canadian agent at Paris, France, and the reports from that gentleman to the Government since his appointment. Presented to the House of Commons, 2nd June, 1885.—Mr. Bergeron—

- 153. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 11th March, 1885, for a Return showing the amount of money paid for injuries to parties in the Mounted Police since 1878, specifying the names of the parties injured, the nature of the injuries, the amount of money paid, and to whom paid. Presented to the House of Commons, 7th April, 1885.—Mr. Somerville (Brant)—

  Not printed.
- 153a. Annual Report of the Commissioner of the North-West Mounted Police Force for the year 1884. Presented to the House of Commons, 23rd June, 1885.—Sir John A. Macdonald—Printed for both Distribution and Sessional Papers.

- 158a. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated 27th April, 1885, for a Return showing: 1. How many industrial schools for the instruction of Indian half-breed youth have been established in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories respectively, under the authority and by permission of the Government of Canada, and where they are located. 2. At what places lands have been surveyed and set apart for Indian half-breed schools in 1884, and what quantity at each place. 3. Through whose representations and recommendations these half-breed schools are established from time to time, and whether any request from the Indian half-breeds themselves is required for the establishment of a school. 4. What subjects of instruction are provided for these schools in regard to industrial pursuits, moral and religious, and are both sexes included in the general school provisions. 5. Whether any of the Indian half-breed schools are placed under the care or supervision of any religious body or denomination; if so, what are the conditions upon which such control is granted, and what is the extent of the denominational control, and is it, to the extent granted, a temporary or permanent control; if there are denominational schools, what is the number belonging to each denomination, where they are located, and what quantity of land is owned or controlled by each, and what is the number of pupils. 6. Whether, when the moral and religious instruction of an Indian half-breed school is placed under the supervision or control of any denomination, it gives to the denomination control of the land and buildings of such school. 7. At whose cost the Indian half-breed school buildings are erected and furnished, and under whose directions the text books are selected or compiled, and by whom they are paid for. 8. What standing of attainment is required of teachers in these schools; how and from whom they receive certificates of qualification, and whether there is a system of Governmental inspection of these Indian half-breed schools. 9. Whether the teachers and trustees or managers of these schools are required to make any periodical returns to the Government of the attendance, general condition, progress and expenditure of each. 10. Whether any of the religious denominations have obtained lands for church or school purposes from the Government or from any Indian reservation by treaty or otherwise. 11. Whether any of the religious bodies, on their own responsibility, have established schools among the Indians or half-breeds, and if they have, whether they receive any assistance directly or indirectly by land grants or otherwise for the support of such schools from the Government. Presented to the House of
- 159. Return to an Address of the House of Commons, dated 12th February, 1885, for copies of all correspondence, petitions and Orders in Council, relating to any applications by or on behalf of any railway company elsewhere than in Manitoba or the North-West, for aid or additional aid. Presented to the House of Commons, 14th July, 1885.—Mr. Blake.................Not printed.

## DOMINION OF CANADA

### ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER,

1884.

Printed by Order of Parliament.



OTTAWA:
PRINTED BY MACDEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET.
1885.

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### REPORT

OF THE

### DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1884.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 1st January, 1884.

To His Excellency the Most Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne, Governor General of Canada, &c., &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,-

I have the honor to submit the Report of this Department for the year 1884.

Although Indian matters have on the whole maintained their normal satisfactory condition during the year, yet at two or three points there has not been wanting cause for anxiety. But happily the measures adopted to meet the emergency at each of these places proved effectual, excepting at Metlahkahtla, on the north-west coast of the Province of British Columbia, where the troubles which resulted from dissentions between rival missionaries and their adherents, which were referred to in my last Arnual Report, still continue to exist.

Measures have, however, been recently taken by the Provincial Government which, I trust, will result in the re-establishment of law and order on that coast. The other points at which the condition of matters looked at one time somewhat perilous, were at the Crooked Lakes Reserve, which lies to the south-west of Qu'Appelle, in the district of Assiniboia and on a reserve on Battle River, near Battleford, in the District of Saskatchewan. At the former place trouble arose in consequence of a change made in the manner of issuing the rations, which had been for some time previously delivered in bulk to the chief and headmen, to distribute to the other members of the band. As, however, it was found that the aged Indians received but a comparatively small share of the supplies, the younger, though better able to provide for themselves, receiving the larger quantity, the farm instructor was directed to make an equal distribution. This caused discontent among the young men, which culminated in some of them violently assaulting the instructor and helping themselves

to the supplies. A force of North-West Mounted Police, under the command of Col. Herchmer, was dispatched from Regina to the spot, and although the Indians, who were well armed with Winchester rifles, were greatly excited and used very threatening language, the police succeeded, without bloodshed, in taking the ringleaders to Regina as prisoners. The latter were subsequently tried and pleaded guilty, but the magistrate directed their release, on the understanding that they should come up for sentence whenever called upon to do so, and that should they be guilty of any further breaches of the law they would also be punished for this offence. The disturbance at Battle River was occasioned by the refusal of the farming instructor to give an able bodied Indian provisions unless he worked for them. instructor's refusal was in accord with the general requirements of the De-The Indian, upon being refused, assaulted the instructor. "sun dance" was in progress at the time, and as is usual at these celebrations, a large concourse of Indians had assembled, to whom the Indian who had been refused the supplies was not slow in making his complaint. young men sympathised with the complainant, and proceeded to act in such an unruly manner that an application was made to the officer commanding the North-West Mounted Police at Battleford for assistance to quell the disturbance. Crozier, with a number of his command, repaired to the spot, and succeeded, though not without considerable trouble, in arresting with his own hand the offender, who was brought to Battleford, tried, and imprisoned for a brief period. It is noteworthy that, although much provocation was given by the Indians, not a shot was fired by Too much praise cannot be accorded to Col. Herchmer and Major Crozier and the men under them for the manner in which they acted on the two trying occasions above referred to, displaying, as they did, much intrepidity and great forbearance.

It is satisfactory to be able to report that the Indians who, as stated in my report of last year, were induced to remove north from the country bordering on the boundary line between Canada and the United States, have settled upon reserves, and are now making fair progress in farming—with the exception of Big Bear and his band, who delay their selection of a reserve, and who as they roam about the country and visit the reserves of other bands, endeavoring to instil disaffection among them, are a cause of considerable anxiety. Up to the present time, however, their efforts to induce the Cree Indians generally to increase their demands from the Government have been futile. I am glad to be able to report that Chief Pi-a-pot, who was also a disturbing element in the portion of the Territories where his reserve is situated, viz., the District of Assiniboia, has at length settled upon a reserve of his own selection, with which he expresses entire satisfaction, and he declares his intention of rivalling in agriculture the oldest settled bands in the Territories. I regret to have to report that various exceptional climatic causes, added to indifferent husbandry, greatly injured the crops on the reserves in the northern parts of the Territories.

Upon being advised of this fact, I directed that measures should be taken to prevent consequent suffering among the Indians. Supplementary contracts have accordingly been made with inhabitants of the territories for the supply of additional quantities of flour, as they may be required at the various points. I also authorized the purchase of an aditional quantity of ammunition and twine, in order that the Indians might be able to supply themselves and families with fish and game during the winter.

In the District of Alberta the crops were more successful, the roots being particularly fine and abundant.

Notwithstanding the drawback of a dry season, there has been considerable work done by the Indians on the reserves. The new arrangement under which the instructors supervise the Indians while they work in their own fields, instead of working on model farms to serve as examples to them, is found to be productive of much better results.

Adverting to the improvement, intellectually, of the Indians of the North-West Territories, I am pleased to be able to inform your Excellency that the industrial schools at Battleford, Qu'Appelle and High River, which were referred to in my Report of last year, as then in contemplation, have been since established, and are now in operation. That at Battleford commenced its work quite early in the year, under the Rev. Thos. Clarke as principal; and the institutions at Qu'Appelle and High River at a later date, under the control, the former of the Rev. Mr. Huguenard, and the latter of the Rev. Mr. Lacombe. Trades have not as yet been introduced among the attainments to be required by the pupils; but it is hoped that during the ensuing year the progress of the children will admit of the same being done. original proposal was that these institutions should be devoted exclusively to the education of Indian boys; but it would be a proper subject for the consideration of Parliament at its ensuing Session, whether a sufficient amount should not be voted to admit of the buildings being enlarged, and a staff of female teachers employed for the education and industrial training of Indian girls; the same being, in my opinion, of as much importance as a factor in the civilization and advancement of the Indian race, as the education of the male portion of the community. The appreciation in which the Indians hold this effort of the Government to improve their intellectual and industrial condition, is shown by the fact, that at the institution at Battleford, little or no difficulty was experinced in obtaining pupils; and for that at High River, more boys were offered than could be accommodated. It would, in my opinion, be advisable to establish two industrial institutions in the Manitoba Superintendency, in order to afford the rising generation of Saulteaux, Swampy Cree, and Cree Indians of the districts embraced in that superintendency similar advantages to those granted the Cree and Blackfoot Indians of the North-West Territories.

The sanitary condition of the Indians throughout the Territories has, on the whole, been satisfactory. There were no diseases of an epidemic character, with the

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exception of measles and diphtheria, which prevailed to an alarming extent last winter in the band of Chief Pi-a-pot, on the reserve then occupied by those Indians, near Indian Head. A number of them fell victims to diphtheria; and the Indians attributing the origin of the disease to local climatic influences, fled from the reserve, after having set fire to their houses. They then proceeded to hold a "sun dance" in the vicinity of Qu'Appelle, to the terror of the white settlers. A requisition was made on the Commissioner of the North-West Mounted Police, and a force was despatched to the place. The Assistant Indian Commissioner for the North-West Territories also accompanied it, and the Indians were induced without much trouble to retrace their steps. As they, however, persisted in their objection to retain the reserve, they were permitted to select another tract of land, upon which they immediately settled.

The Indian Reserve Commission for British Columbia resumed in the Spring its work in the field; the same having been temporarily suspended, as stated in my last Annual Report, owing to the illness of the Commissioner, P. O'Reilly, Esq. The scene of its operations during the year was the Kootenay district, which lies immediately west of the Rocky Mountains, in the south-east part of the Province. Mr. O'Reilly has reported his return to Victoria, after having assigned lands for reserves to the Indians of the district.

Indian affairs in Manitoba, Keewatin and in the older Provinces of the Dominion have moved on in very much the same groove as heretofore. Demands from some of the bands for improved agricultural machinery, such as threshing, reaping and mowing machines, the formation of agricultural societies and the holding of exhibitions, afford pleasing evidence of progress and enterprise on their part. The erectionat the expense of the funds, at their credit, of more commodious school houses, the repair or improvement of the old buildings, and the supplying of modern school furniture, books and materials for the better education of their children, afford proof of increased interest in the important matter of education. In this last respect, however, there still is much room for improvement. Schools for the higher education of Indian youth should be established in the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, in which the brightest and most promising pupils of the day schools might be trained in industrial pursuits, the knowledge of which would enable them eventually to rise in the social scale to an equality with the white artizan or husbandman. The interesting reports, published as appendices to this report, from the Principals of several institutions of this kind which are in operation in the Province of Ontario, furnish pleasing evidence of the happy results of such training to the Indian youths who have completed their course in them; and that the Indians appreciate such advantages is proved by the large number of applicants for admission to the more central institutions, already exceeding the capacity of the buildings to accommodate them. The progress of Indian children at day schools, however efficiently conducted such institutions may be, is very greatly hampered and injuriously affected by the associations of their home life, and by the frequency of their absence, and the indifference of their parents to the regular attendance of their children at such schools. Industrial schools, at which the children not only are educated, instructed in industries, fed and clothed, but in which they are also severed during the school term from all connection with home life, are obviously preferable, as in them the obstructions to education, complained of in the case of day schools, do not exist.

The Indians of the Province of Quebec and of the Maritime Provinces certainly merit more liberal treatment in the matter of education than they have hitherto received at the hands of the Government; and unless improved methods for educating and training the children are adopted, but little hope for the intellectual enlightenment or social elevation of the Indians of those Provinces need be entertained. I would suggest, that in order to give practical effect to the above ideas, two schools of the industrial type, with accommodation for at least eighty pupils in each, should be established in the Province of Quebec; and one of such institutions in each of the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, that into either of the latter institutions, Indian children from Prince Edward Island be also admitted; the number of schools to be hereafter increased, should the success of those first established justify such augmentation.

I shall now narrate, for Your Excellency's information, the various matters of interest that have transpired in connection with Indian affairs in the several Provinces during the past year; and as last year's report contained a full description of each reserve, and gave statistics of the property owned, improvements made and crops raised by each tribe or band of Indians, I consider that it will be unnecessary to give information of a similar character in this report, as it would vary but slightly from that previously furnished.

#### ONTARIO.

The Six Nation Indians, whose reserve is situated on the Grand River, in the Counties of Brant and Haldimand, are increasing in numbers and in prosperity. Many of their farms are well cultivated, and the products of the soil and of the dairy exhibited at their annual agricultural exhibitions command the admiration of all persons who attend them. Their exhibition of this year was remarkably successful and the Six Nations combined with it the Centennial celebration of the grant made to them, by the Crown, of the tract of land of which their reserve forms a part, in recognition of their loyalty and valor, as practically proved on numerous occasions on the field of battle, in defence of the British flag. The exhibition was well attended, and addresses commendatory of the fealty and prowess of their ancestors, and of the progress made by the present generation in civilization, were delivered by members of the Senate and of the House of Commons, and by other distinguished persons.

The quantity of new land broken by these Indians during the year amounted to nearly six hundred acres. They have an excellent school system on the reserve; and the institutions are efficiently conducted, but the attendance is not as numerous or as regular as it should be. The Mohawk Industrial Institute, which is under the control of the New England Company, which bears also the entire expense of its management, continues to keep up its character as a model institution, turning out annually young men and women fitted to take their places among the industrial classes as mechanics.

The Mississagua Band, who occupy a tract of six thousand acres within the Six Nation reserve, maintain their reputation as an enterprising and industrious people. They, like the Six Nation, are increasing in numbers.

The Chippewas of Sarnia and of Kettle Point and Rivière aux Sables, whose reserves are situated in the County of Lambton, have been greatly encouraged by having had better crops than was the case the previous year.

Their neighbors and kinsmen on Walpole Island had also excellent crops. The agent to those Indians gives a most satisfactory report of their progress, the comfortable condition of most of their families, and the general sobriety of the band. The Pottawatami band, who are also settled upon Walpole Island, though comparatively few in number, are in all respects deserving of as much commendation as the Chippewas. The Indians of Walpole Island increased the area of cultivable land on the reserve by breaking up about eighty acres of new land, during the year. The five schools on the reserves in the County of Lambton and on Walpole Island have been conducted, for the most part, with success during the past year.

The Chippewa, Muncey and Oneida Bands, whose reserves are situated on the River Thames, in the County of Middlesex, have made fair progress. A large proportion of the cultivated land of the Chippewa and Muncey Indians was, however, flooded in August, 1883; and an early frost occurring in the previous month of July, the Indians suffered considerable loss, owing to the partial destruction of their crops. The three bands last referred to added one hundred and three acres of new land to the cultivable area on their reserves. The schools on these reserves have continued in operation during the year; but scrious complaint is made of the small and irregular attendance at the schools on the Chippewa and Muncey Reserves.

Many of the Wyandott Indians of the County of Essex, who were enfranchised in the year 1881, as stated in my report for that year, having served the term of probation required under the provisions of section 106 of the Indian Act of 1880, and having by their exemplary good conduct and management of property proved that they were qualified to receive their shares of the capital fund at the credit of the band, were paid the same by Order of Your Excellency in Council.

The Mount Elgin Industrial Institution, which occupies a site upon the Chippewa Reserve above referred to, continues its good work of educating and training Indian

boys and girls in industrial habits and occupations. Extensive repairs and additions to the buildings are in progress, which, when finished, will make the accommodation at the institute very complete.

The Oneida Band erected a new building to serve as a council hall and as a lodge room for the Good Templars and Orange societies. It is described as a very creditable structure of two stories in height.

The band, commonly called the Moravians of the Thames, whose reserve is situated in the Township of Orford, in the Coun,y of Kent, stimulated by the success which has attended their agricultural exhibitions, which were only begun in the year 1882, are reported by the local agent to have put forth fresh zeal in the cultivation of their land. The exhibits at their last fair were both numerous and excellent in quality.

The quantity of land newly broken on the reserve was thirty-five acres. The erection, in the year 1783, of a new school building, at the expense of the band, as described in my report of last year, has had the happy result-which I then expressed the hope might ensue,—of arousing fresh interest in the minds of the Indians in educational matters: their children are sent more regularly to school, and they are improving in their studies.

The two Mississagua Bands, who occupy reserves on Rice and Mud Lakes, in the County of Northumberland, are more addicted to fishing, trapping fur-bearing animals, and to the chase, than to farming. Evidence, however, of improvement in the latter industry on the part of some few of these Indians is not wanting.

They added to the quantity of land capable of being cultivated by breaking up ten acres of new land during the year.

The New England Company has a mission on each of these reserves, and its officers have done much to assist the Indians.

The schools are well managed.

I am pleased to be able to report a marked improvement in the moral tone of the Mississagua Band, whose reserve lies in the Township of Alnwick, in the County of Northumberland. The Agent states that the use by these Indians of intoxicants has greatly diminished. This improved condition of matters has been brought about by the vigorous prosecution of persons for selling liquor to the Indians, and by the trial, conviction and committal to prison of several Indians for drunkenness. As a happy result of the suppression of this evil, there is an improvement in the domestic habits of the Indians, and in their physical health. The school on this reserve has continued its operations during the year. The Mohawk Band, who reside upon a reserve on the Bay of Quinté, in the County of Hastings, are increasing in number, and the local agent reports that they are making steady progress in agriculture, and are, consequently, in comfortable circumstances. They added to their land under

cultivation twenty acres. The four schools in operation on this reserve are not all as efficiently conducted as might be desired; changes in the teachers may, consequently, have to be made. A large proportion of the land on this reserve has been under lease for many years, to white tenants. The leases which will then have endured for five years, will expire in February, and these lands will then be leased for the longer term of ten years. The reason for lengthening the term of the lease-hold consists in the fact that it was found that a tenant under a five years' lease had not sufficient time to perform, without loss to himself, all the conditions of the lease as to improvement, and that, therefore, they remain, in most instances, unfulfilled, which results in injury to the premises and consequent loss to the Indians.

The Chippewa Band, whose reserve is situated on Georgina and Snake Islands, in Lake Simcoe, are reported to be improving in their manner of farming, and are also increasing the value of their personal property by the erection of new buildings.

That they are not indifferent to the importance of educational facilities being furnished their children is shown by the band having had a very commodious building erected, during the year, at their own expense, for school purposes, at a cost of about \$600, and the pupils in attendance are reported to be making excellent progress in their studies. The greater number of the band reside on Georgina Island, and a sub-division by survey of the same into lots of fifty acres each, has been ordered at the request of the band. This is a step in the right direction, and its having been assented to by the band is an indication of progress in intelligence, which, it is much to be regretted, is not observable in more of the Indian bands, by some of whom, although better things might fairly be expected from them, upon being urged by the officers of the Department to allow the sub-division of their lands into lots to be made, that thus each locatee might know the bounds of his habitation, objection was made to the same being done, through alleged apprehension that taxes might be imposed on them in the changed condition of matters, or that they might be defrauded of their lands, or for other flimsy reasons.

The vacancy occasioned by the decease of Mr. Wm. McPhee, the efficient local agent to the Chippewa Band, whose reserve lies in the Township of Rama, in the County of Ontario, which occurred in the month of September last, was filled by the appointment, in October, by Your Excellency in Council, of Mr. Duncan McPhee, the son of the former agent, that gentleman having proved himself to be well qualified for the position during his father's protracted illness, when he acted for the latter. This band continues to maintain its character for sobriety and industry. It is regretted, that in consequence of the death of the previous incumbent, and the interval that elapsed between that event and the appointment of his successor, no annual report or tabular statistical statement in respect to this band has been received. I am, therefore, unable, on this occasion, to furnish Your Excellency with any detailed information in respect to these Indians.

I regret to have also to report the death, during the year, of Mr. William Bull, Indian Agent at Cape Croker, in the County of Bruce, to the Chippewa Band at that point. Like Mr. McPhee, whose death I have previously referred to, Mr. Bull was a most efficient agent, and the Department therefore suffered a serious loss by his death, which was the result of an accident which befell him while doing some work on the agency premises, and in consequence of which he ultimately bled to death, having cut an artery in one of his arms.

As in the case of the Rama Band, and for a similar reason, I am precluded from supplying as full information in respect to the Cape Croker Indians as would be desirable. I may, however, inform Your Excellency that the Department is in frequent communication with the secretary of the council of the band, who is a half-breed, and a very intelligent man, and it is therefore kept fully advised of all matters of importance affecting the band; and I am consequently able to state that the condition of affairs on the reserve is as satisfactory as can be expected in the absence of an agent.

The three schools are kept up, and they are periodically inspected by the Inspector of Public Schools for the county.

The Chippewa Band, whose reserve adjoins the Town of Southampton, in the County of Bruce, experienced a disaster last year in the partial destruction, by frost, of their crops. The revenue derived from their fisheries was also less, by over \$1,000.00, than it was the previous year. The agent, however, reports that in other industries these Indians have been more successful than in previous years. Their schools are, on the whole, conducted with a fair measure of success.

It is stated by the agent, in his annual report, that the larger proportion of the band are well behaved, and temperate in their habits. This is certainly an improvement in the condition of matters on this reserve, as described in my last annual report.

The Chippewa Band, who reside on the Christian Islands, which are situated in the south-western waters of the Georgian Bay, increased the quantity of cultivated land during the past year by breaking up seventeen acres of new land. The past year's crop probably turned out well, as at the date of the local agent's report the prospect that such would be the case was favorable. The previous year's crop of corn was, however, greatly curtailed, owing to an early frost having blighted it; and as a consequence, these Indians endured considerable privation during the winter.

The effective measures adopted last year by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, for the protection from intrusion by other fishermen on the fisheries held by this band, under license from that Department, gratified the Indians exceedingly; and these efforts have been attended with the satisfactory result of an unusually

large catch of fish by the Indians. The agent reports that it is a rare thing to see an Indian of this band under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

The school on the reserve is well reported of.

The small Algonquin Band, whose reserve is situated upon Golden Lake, in the County of Renfrew, received with much gratification the location tickets for their individual holdings on the reserve, which, in my last Annual Report, I had the honor of informing Your Excellency were then in course of preparation, and these Indians promise to now take a greater interest in farming. They increased the area of cultivated land on the reserve by breaking up eight acres of virgin soil.

The Iroquois Band who, as stated in my report of last year, removed from the Lake of Two Mountains, to occupy a reserve in the Township of Gibson, express themselves as being prosperous, and contented; and the Superintendent reports that comfort and plenty seem on every hand to prevail. They added fifty acres during the year to their cleared land, and their prosperous condition, as described in the report published herewith, from Dr. Walton, should certainly act as an inducement to the residue of the band to remove from the sterile land on which they continue to reside, at the Lake of Two Mountains, to this most favorable location and thus ensure for themselves and their posterity forever a share in this most valuable property. A good school is in operation on the reserve, but the building in which it is at present held being incommodious, will shortly be replaced by a new structure, which is at present in course of erection.

The Chippewa Band, whose reserve consists of Parry Island, which is situated in the Georgian Bay, opposite to Parry Sound, are for the most part an industrious community. The demand for labor, occasioned by the extensive lumbering business carried on in the district, affords these Indians a good field for obtaining lucrative employment. Agriculture is likewise followed to a considerable extent by them. They have augmented their cultivable land by the addition of 5 acres of newly broken land. The two schools on the reserve continue to prosper.

The Chippewa Band, who reside on a reserve at Shawanega, in the Parry Sound District, devote much of their time to fishing. They also avail themselves of the labor obtained from the lumbering industry of the locality, to provide themselves with additional means of subsistence. They likewise pursue the tillage of the soil to some extent. There is a school in operation on this reserve, which is doing fairly well. New buildings for the school and the teacher's residence were recently erected, at the expense of the band.

The Chippewa Band who occupy a reserve on Henvy Inlet, which is an estuary of the Georgian Bay, have a most unsuitable tract for agriculture; nevertheless, they show commendable enterprise in making the best they can of their position, and they are agitating the adoption of the *quasi* municipal organization, which Indian

Communities are permitted, under the provisions of the Statutes regulating Indian affairs, to institute. Their principal means of subsistence are derived from labor in the lumber yards. The school on this reserve is conducted very efficiently.

The French River Band of Chippewas, commonly known as "Dokis' Band," own a valuable reserve on French River, in the Parry Sound District. They do not, however, reside upon it, but occupy a part of the reserve of the Lake Nipissing Indians, which is situated on that lake. The most of them are traders, and carry on, more especially the chief, Dokis, who is quite a wealthy man, a considerable business with other Indians, in bartering goods with the latter for furs. They pay little or no attention to agriculture, and have no schools for their children.

The Lake Nipissing Band, above mentioned, are also Chippewas, and possess a fine tract; nevertheless, they cultivate but little land, devoting their energies to working for lumber merchants, and on the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The passage of the last mentioned road through the reserve, and the rapid growth of the village of Sturgeon Falls, which is situated in close proximity to it. has acted prejudicially, from a moral standpoint, to these Indians; much drunkenness being now reported to prevail among them, which was not at all the case previous to the construction of the railroad. The Department, however, has adopted measures to suppress the liquor traffic, a detective having been appointed to discover the violaters of the law, and bring them to justice. Already, several parties have been convicted and severely punished. It is hoped that a school will shortly be established on the reserve. The Chippewas of Lake Temogamingue are a nomadic band. They were not represented when the treaty of 1850 was concluded with the Chippewa Indians of Lake Huron, and were consequently overlooked; nor was it until quite recently that they made this known to the Department. Enquiry having been instituted and their claim to share in the privileges of the treaty clearly established, they were included in the pay-list of annuitants under that treaty; and no provision having been made therein for land to be allotted to them as a reserve, a surveyor was last spring despatched to the spot to arrange the land matter with them. This, I believe, has been done; but the surveyor's report has not as yet reached the Depart-The Naishcoutiong Reserve and the Chippewa Band who occupy it, complete the Indian cercle of the Parry Sound District. It is a small reserve of sterile land, and the band, like the other Indians of the district, support themselves principally by working for lumbermen.

The large Indian population on Manitoulin Island, in Lake Huron, is mainly of Chippewa origin. There are a few Ottawas interspersed among them. I regret to have to report the almost total destruction, by an early and severe frost, of the crops of these Indians. Many of them were consequently reduced to great straits during last winter. By making timely advances to them from the interest money at their credit, the Department prevented much suffering. Many of the Indians were also

supplied from the same source with seeds to plant in the spring. Some of the Indians, moreover, obtained employment during the winter with lumbermen, and in the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and were thus able to alleviate their wants. Indeed, these Indians generally, are availing themselves more of the opportunities for obtaining profitable employment afforded them in the labor market, and they are much in request, and are greatly appreciated by their employers.

They complain bitterly of the diminuition of their catch of fish, which is the result of the numerous pound nets set by white fishermen in the vicinity.

The bridge constructed at the joint expense of the Indians of the ceded portion of the island, and of the Government of Ontario, which was referred to in my last Annual Report, was completed during the year. It affords a ready means of communication between the two islands, and is therefore a great convenience to the white settlers on both of them.

Seven Indian schools are in operation on Manitoulin Island, two of which at Wikwemikong, are of the industrial type, and have proved most successful in training Indian boys and girls in occupations calculated to make them useful members of society. The institutions are, however, much in need of an additional subsidy, and the question of granting it is one worthy of the consideration of Parliament. The Indians on Manitoulin Island, discouraged, apparently, by the loss of their crops last year, only broke up twenty additional acres of new land in the spring of this year. This, when compared with the quanity of new land broken by them the previous year, namely, three hundred acres, shows certainly a great falling off.

The various Chippewa Bands, whose reserves are situated on the north shore of Lake Huron, and who are severally described in my report of last year, being for the most part nomadic in their habits, raise little or no crop. A few of the members of different bands, however, reside permanently on the reserves, and for the children of these, as well as of their wandering brethren, when they return to the reserves from the interior, as it is their custom to do for a few months every summer, schools are kept open on the reserves at Whitefish River, Whitefish Lake. Mississagua and Serpent Rivers. The two Chippewa Bands who reside upon a reserve on Garden River, in the District of Algoma, experienced a disaster similar to that which befel the Indians of Manitoulin Island, in the destruction of the greater part of their crops. They had, therefore, to seek the means of subsistence in other lines of industry. The Department also allowed them to cut small timber on the reserve, under license of the Indian Agent, and to sell the same, in order that they might in this way procure the necessaries of life. The close proximity of this reserve to the United States renders the obtaining by them of spirituous liquor with impunity a matter of easy accomplishment. This is found to be too much the case with many Indian bands that occupy reserves near the boundary line between the two countries. There are two schools in operation on the reserve on Garden River; but they are reported to be very sparcely attended, the parents evincing the usual Indian indifference as to regularity of attendance on the part of their children. There is little doubt, however, that much of the success of a school in this respect, as well as in others, depends upon the efforts of the teacher, and the interest shown by him or her in the progress and regular attendance of the pupils. These Indians added, during the year, twenty two acres of newly broken soil to the area of cultivable land on the reserve.

The Chippewas of Lake Superior, whose reserves are described in my last Annual Report, are stated to be increasing in prosperity, which is in some measure attributable to the augmentation in value, as the country becomes more thickly populated, of fish, of which these Indians catch large numbers. Their crops were likewise very successful. These Indians, or as many of them as are willing to work, can also readily obtain employment at remunerative wages.

Upon each of these reserves a building for school purposes was erected several years since, in consequence of representations made to the Department, that teachers would be sent by the Roman Catholic Church to conduct the schools, as soon as the buildings should be completed. With the exception of two reserves, however, the Indians are still without teachers, although the buildings have been ready for two or three years, and the Department has expressed its willingness to contribute towards the salaries of the teachers when appointed. The schools that have been established are making satisfactory progress. One of them combines in its management a female orphanage. In this district, as elsewhere, when railway construction is conducted in propinquity to Indian reserves, the traffic in intoxicants has greatly increased, which, as is usually the case, has resulted in the demoralization of the Indians. The Department has, however, adopted measures to suppress the evil, constables having been stationed at the points where it most prevails.

## QUEBEC.

The Algonquin and Tête de Boule Indians, who occupy a reserve on the River Desert, in the Township of Maniwaki, in the County of Ottawa, are described by their agent as being contented and prosperous. Some of them evince considerable aptitude for agriculture. They also obtain employment from lumber men, and are highly appreciated as workmen by their employers. The crops of cereals and roots on this reserve were quite abundant, and the hay crop exceeded the average return of that product by fifty per cent. These Indians have added thirty acres of newly broken soil to the cultivable land on the reserve. The school continued in operation during the year, but the attendance is complained of as having been very irregular.

The work done by these Indians during the past season, and in previous years, upon the roads which traverse the reserve, has brought them into excellent condi-

tion. The appointment of a resident Stipendiary Magistrate for the locality, and of a constable on the reserve, will, it is confidently expected, result most beneficially for the Indians, as the machinery is thus provided for the detection and punishment of the vendors to the Indians of intoxicants, which, as I stated in my last report, are too easily obtainable by them.

The Algonquin Band, whose reserve is situated on Lake Temiscamingue, in the County of Pontiac, are, as stated in my last year's report, more given to hunting and fishing than to steady agricultural labor, although the excellence of the soil in the tract owned by them affords them a favorable opportunity of pursuing successfully that industry. There is also a mill in operation at no great distance from the reserve, at which they may have their grain turned into flour at a reduced rate of toll, the Department having secured this privilege for the Indians, by granting, several years since, a small subsidy towards the erection of the mill. There is a school in operation at the Hudson Bay post, whereat some of the Indian children attend, but inasmuch as many of the Indians' houses are too remote from the Hudson Bay post for their children to go there, the Department is making arrangements for the establishment at a convenient point on the reserve, of a school for the benefit of the children of these families.

The Iroquois Band of St. Regis, who occupy a village situated on the east bank of the River St. Lawrence, in the County of Huntingdon, have greatly benefitted through the measures adopted by this Department, in concert with the authorities of the United States, to suppress the traffic in intoxicants upon both sides of the boundary line, which I stated in my report of last year were then about to be taken. nes sand order now prevail in the village. With a view to insure, as far as possible, the continuance of this desirable condition of matters, a resident agent was appointed in September last, as it was considered that the former agent resided at too great a distance from the point to be able, when Indians returned to or were found in the village in a state of intoxication, to act promptly, either in the punishment of the Indian delinquents or in the discovery and bringing to justice of the parties who sold or gave the liquor to them. Mr. Tyre, the local Custom House officer, was appointed the Agent. He has resided for many years at St. Regis, and is held in high respect by both Indians and white people. By investing the Custom House officer at that place with the additional office of Indian Agent, the expense of building a residence for the latter official was saved, as the former already occupied suitable buildings.

The four schools established at various points on the reserve for the benefit of the children of this band are carrying on their operations, although they are greatly impeded by the usual irregularity of attendance on the part of the pupils. A neat building for one of these institutions was erected during the year on Cornwall Island, which forms part of the reserve, at the joint expense of the Department and

of the Methodist Church, under whose auspices it is conducted. Extensive repairs were also made to the Roman Catholic Church edifice at St. Regis, at the expense of the members of the band who belong to that denomination. These Indians are represented to be in a prosperous condition. As stated in my last Annual Report their principal employment consists in working in the woods for lumber merchants, and in piloting rafts of timber down the St. Lawrence. On some of the islands embraced in the reserve farming is followed with a fair measure of success. The large majority of the Indians settled on Cornwall Island, which is composed of most excellent arable land, have applied to the Department to have it sub-divided into lots. An exploratory survey was made in the autumn, and a plan for the sub-division of the land has been prepared. The Iroquois Band, who occupy as a reserve land in the seigniory of Sault St. Louis, in the County of Laprairie, and who, for the most part, reside at the village of Caughnawaga, on the River St. Lawrence, opposite to Lachine, are making fair progress in agricultural and other industries. Their second annual exhibition was held last autumn, and was a complete success, both as to the exhibits and the manner in which it was managed. A very commodious building, which cost about \$2,000, for holding these exhibitions, was erected last autumn. mainly at the expense of the band, although many persons interested in their welfare generously contributed towards it, and last autumn's exhibition was held in this building. The survey of this reserve into lots, which has been a most intricate and difficult undertaking, is nearly completed, and the Department is adopting measures with a view to locate in as satisfactory a manner as practicable, the various Indian families on the lots. This will be by no means an easy task, but by the exercise of patience and discretion it can, it is believed, be satisfactorily accomplished.

A change in the agency at this point was considered to be advisable, and was effected last summer. Complaints of their agent, in whom they appeared to have lost all confidence, were repeatedly made by the Indians; and, upon investigation, certain charges of a sufficiently serious nature to render a change advisable, were substantiated. The Indians appear to have confidence in the new agent, Mr. Alex. Brousseau, and it is hoped that the change will be attended with benefit alike to the Indians and to the Department.

The school on the reserve is not giving as much satisfaction as it is desirable it should give, and many of the Indians have recently expressed their opinion in regard to it in a practical manner, namely, by withdrawing their children and placing them at a private school, which has been lately astablished on the reserve, although they are obliged to pay for their tuition at the latter institution, whereas at the former, the teachers' salaries being paid by the Department, the children are taught free of all expense to their parents.

As an evidence of the enterprise of some of the members of this band, it may be stated that two of them, Chief Thos. Jocks and Alexander De Lorimer, have xxiii

undertaken an important contract for the construction of certain works on the Cornwall Canal. The same parties have also had under lease, for several years, a quarry at Caughnawaga, in which they employ a number of men and pay to the credit of the fund of the band dues on all stone excavated. As stated in my report of last year, there are some successful farmers among these Indians; others earn a livelihood by working for lumbermen, and piloting rafts of timber and boats down the Lachine Rapids. There is also an extensive business in Indian handicraft carried on in the village, and several of them have become well off through the sale of these wares. In consequence of the change of agents, the Department is without the usual Annual Report and statistical statement in respect to this band and reserve.

The condition of the Abenaki Band, whose reserve is situated at St. Francis, in the County of Yamaska, has changed but little since the date of my last Annual Report. I regret to have to report the prevalence among many of these Indians of the habit of indulging to excess in the use of intoxicants, which they appear to obtain ad libitum in the village of Pierreville. The Department recently sent a detective to the spot, with a view to the discovery of the parties who carry on this illicit traffic with the Indians; and it is hoped, by keeping a close watch on the various taverns and saloons, and the persons who frequent them, and act in collusion with the Indians and the vendors of liquors, that the guilty parties will be brought to justice. These Indians devote a considerable portion of their time to hunting. They also manufacture large quantities of baskets, chip and straw hats, moccasins and other Indian wares, which they travel long distances to dispose of. There are two schools in operation on the reserve.

Mr. Henry Vassal, the Indian Agent for the district, has appended in his report a list most interesting, to philologists, of names and words of the Abenaki tongue. with their interpretation. Mr. Vassal, likewise, has supplied a similar list, which will be found herewith, prepared by the Rev. Chas. Arnaud, the well known and justly venerated missionary at Betsiamits, on the north shore of the Lower St. Lawrence, of words and names in the language of that other branch of the Algonquin nation, known as the Montagnais. There is nothing special to note in respect to the small band of Abenakis whose reserve is situated at Becancour, in the County of Nicolet. They number about thirty souls, and their modes for procuring a subsistence are about the same as those followed by their brethren at St. Francis. Huron Band, who occupy a reserve at Lorette, in the County of Quebec, have with habitual assiduity persevered in the manufacture of large quantities of snow-shoes and moccasins, and their prosperity has been commensurate with their industry. The population of this band is not decreasing; in fact, the contrary is the case; but the increase of their number is due to the fortuitous circumstance of the return to the reserve of some families who had left it for other parts some years previously. The school at the Indian village is represented to be more numerously and regularly

attended than was formerly the case; and this has resulted most advantageously to the children.

The Amalicite Band, formerly of the Township of Viger, in the County of Temiscouata, fragmentary encampments of whom frequent the vicinity of Cacouna, Rivière du Loup, Rimonski, Point Levi and other places, still pursue their usual avocations, viz., the manufacture of Indian wares and hunting fur-bearing animals. The circumstances of these Indians in regard to land are fully described in my report of last year. Owing to their nomadic habits, it is impossible to afford the children of the band educational advantages.

The Micmac Band, whose reserve is situated on the River Restigouche, at Mission Point, opposite Campbleton, in the Province of New Brunswick, appear to be making most satisfactory progress in the cultivation of the soil. The quantity of land put in crop last year was more extensive than was ever previously the case on this reserve. The result, so far as grain was concerned, was satisfactory; the yield of potatoes, however, was below the average, owing to the wet season. These Indians have no difficulty in obtaining employment in the summer or in the winter, at renumerative wages, near their reserve.

The school building on this reserve has been thoroughly repaired, and the attendance at school has been fair. It might, however, be more numerous, considering the number of children in the band of an age to attend school:

These Indians increased the area of cultivable land on the reserve this year, by breaking up twenty acres of new soil. I am pleased to be able to state that as a consequence of the strenuous efforts of the local Indian Agent to supress the traffic in intoxicants, drunkenness, which at one time was of frequent occurrence in this band, has greatly diminished.

The small Micmac Band, whose reserve is situated in the Township of Maria, in the County of Bonaventure, have improved morally, and have made satisfactory progress, materially, during the year. Sobriety now prevails on the reserve, which is the result of the measures adopted to prevent the sale of intoxicants to the Indians, among which may be mentioned the establishment on the reserve of a small lock-up, to confine Indians when intoxicated. These Indians have made many new fences, built several neat houses, and repaired the road which traverses the reserve. They also increased the area of their cultivable land by four acres.

The various bands of Montagnais Indians, who frequent, in the open season, several favorite points on the north shore of the Lower St. Lawrence, and who, in the winter, repair to their hunting grounds in the remote wilds of the interior, had last year tolerable success in the capture of fur-bearing animals.

Cariboo and Ptarmigan were also numerous, and consequently these Indians had a good supply of food during the winter. The strenuous measures adopted by the

Department several years since, to suppress the traffic in liquor carried on with them by unprincipled traders, and the continuous efforts put forth by the energetic Super-intendent of these Indians to prevent a recurrence of this evil, have resulted most beneficially to them in every respect. Their sanitary condition is good, their behavior excellent, and they are no longer the victims of rapacious white men, who, in times happily past, robbed them while under the influence of liquor (which was often, it was suspected, drugged to render their purpose more successful) of most valuable furs, the product of their winter's hunt.

The above remarks are in some measure applicable to all the Indians of the north shore, but more especially to those at Betsiamits, Maskanard, Grand Romaine Natashquan, Mingan, Seven Islands and the Moisie. The Indians of the first named place reside, when not engaged in hunting, upon the reserve set apart at that point, under the Provisions of the Act 14 and 15 Victoria, Chapter 24, for the Montagnais Indians generally of the north shore.

At the Godbout there are several families of Montagnais. The Indians at this place engage in seal hunting, and they appear to do so with successful results.

At Escoumains there is a small band of Montagnais who remain permanently at that point. They are well conducted and industrious, and they compete in the labor market with the white population of the locality.

The frequency with which, from its northern latitude, summer frosts occur on the Lower St. Lawrence renders the successful growth of cereals in that region hopeless; and, indeed, even root crops are more often a failure than the reverse. The Indians, as a consequence, have to rely entirely upon hunting and fishing as a means of procuring a livelihood.

The band of Montagnais Indians who occupy the valuable reserve at Point Bleu, on Lac St. Jean, in the County of Chicoutimi, are making considerable progress in the cultivation of land.

Their live stock are also increasing.

The opening up of the road through the reserve, which was referred to in my last Annual Report, has, as it was anticipated would be the case, resulted in new clearances of land being made by the Indians along the same.

The measures taken by the energetic Indian Agent for the Reserve, to put a stop to the vending of spirituous liquors to these Indians, have had the effect of almost completely suppressing the evil. And, as stated by the missionary in a letter to the agent, which is published among the appendices to this report, quiet and order now reign on this reserve. The same functionary bears testimony to the success which has attended the efforts of the agent in inducing the Indians to devote their time and money to agriculture. The hospital on this reserve affords

great relief to invalid members of the band. These Indians augmented the quantity of arable land on the reserve to the extent of fifteen acres of newly-broken soil.

They, like their brethren of the Lower St. Lawrence, follow the chase as a principal means of support. The lake on which their reserve is situated also affords them a fine fishing ground, of which they are not slow to take advantage.

### NOVA SCOTIA.

The Indians of this Province are all Micmacs; and, commencing with the Island of Cape Breton, we find in the county of the same name, at Eskasoni, a band occupying a reserve of excellent land, which they cultivate to some extent. They added to their arable land, during the year, ten acres of newly-broken soil. The school on this reserve has continued its operations during the year, but irregular attendance on the part of the pupils has here, as elsewhere, to be regretted.

These Indians manufacture and sell quantities of casks, tubs and baskets.

The bands who occupy the two reserves in the County of Inverness, viz., at Whycocomagh and Malagawatch, are reported to be improving in their condition and in their habits. The male portion of the community are, for the most part, coopers by trade; the females manufacture baskets, moccasins and Indian wares generally. These Indians are very industrious, and find a ready market in the surrounding towns and country for their manufactures. They are therefore able to provide for their families, and are contented and well conducted.

The principal production of the soil is the potatoe, of which vegetable these Indians raise large quantities. They broke up twelve acres of new land during the year, thus increasing the cultivable area of land on the reserve by that quantity. The school at Whycocomagh continues to keep up its character as an efficiently conducted institution.

The band, whose reserve is on Middle River, in the County of Victoria, have an excellent tract of land, the soil being specially adapted for producing grain and potatoes, both of which crops promised an abundant yield at the date of the agent's report. As no statistical statement was received from the local agent, it is impossible to state what progress, if any, has been made by these Indians.

The school referred to in my last Annual Report as then about to be brought into operation on this reserve, was opened in November, 1883; and it is reported to be conducted very successfully.

The Indians who occupy the reserve in the County of Richmond are represented by their agent to be making slow but evident progress in the march of civilization. The crops on the reserve promised well at the date of the agent's report. These Indians broke up ten acres of new land, thus adding that quantity to the area already under cultivation.

The Indians of the County of Antigonish are settled in small groups on the several reserves in that county. They employ their time principally in manufacturing casks, tubs and baskets; and they do not give much of their attention to agriculture. They, however, increased the area of farm land by three acres of newly-broken soil.

Two changes took place in the agency which embraces this county and that of Guysboro' during the year, the first having been occasioned in the early part of the year by the death of the Rev. Wm. Chisholm, the former incumbent. The Rev. John J. Chisholm was appointed by Your Excellency in Council on 28th March to the vacant position, and that gentleman continued to discharge the duties for several months. He then tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and John Chisholm, Esq., of Antigonish, barrister-at-law, was appointed by Your Excellency in Council on the 4th November, to the position.

The Indians whose reserve is situated on Fisher's Grant, near Pictou, compete with their white neighbors in almost every branch of labor; and the change that has occurred within the last ten or fifteen years in their mode of obtaining a subsistence is graphically described in the report of the Rev. R. Macdonald, the Indian Agent for the district, which will be found among the Appendices published herewith. The school on the reserve is managed with efficiency, but the irregular attendance of the pupils prevents much progress being made by them.

These Indians cultivate but little land. They, however, increased the quantity of arable land on their reserve by breaking up new soil during the past year to the extent of two acres.

The Indians of the County of Halifax still continue for the most part non-resident on their reserve, preferring to frequent the suburbs of towns and villages, in which they find a market for the casks, tubs, baskets and other articles manufactured by them.

The Indians of the County of Kings follow similar pursuits for making a living, to those in vogue among their brethren of the county last referred to. There is, however, more excuse for these Indians residing on lands not their own, than there is for the Indians of the County of Halifax, for, with the exception of ten acres of land purchased by the Department several years since for the Indian families resident at Cambridge, there is no reserve in the County of Kings, and that quantity of land is quite inadequate for a population of eighty-four souls. The agent for the county reports that these Indians are quiet, orderly and rather industrious in their habits. The public schools in the county are open to Indian children.

The Indians of the County of Queens, although possessed of several reserves, in some of which there is excellent land, are for the most part resident in the vicinity of the town of Liverpool and of the village of Milton, and at Mill Village, where they occupy and cultivate lands belonging to white people. There are good salmon

fisheries in the streams at Milton and Mill Village, of which the Indians avail themselves largely to procure food.

The Indian children are allowed the privilege of attending the public schools of the county.

The Indians of the County of Lunenburg, as well as those of the county last referred to, are, as a rule, sober, industrious and religiously inclined. In Lunenburg they have several reserves, but except upon the one at New Germany, but little farming is done on any of them. The Counties of Queens and Lunenburg form one agency. During the year the Indians of these counties added five acres of newly broken land to the area previously under cultivation.

The Indians of the County of Cumberland, who reside on the reserve at Franklin Manor, on Hay Lake, are described by the Indian Agent for the county as a progressive people, devoting considerable attention to agriculture, and displaying an interest in the education of their children, who are allowed to attend the public schools of the district. These Indians increased the quantity of arable land on the reserve during the year by breaking up three acres of new soil.

The wandering Indians from other counties of the Province, who appear to prefer the County of Colchester, still frequent the precincts of Truro, which affords them a mart for their manufactures. Much sickness prevails among these Indians. Coming, as most of them do, from other counties, they occupy, while at Truro, tents or wigwams, and are thus exposed to the inclemency of the weather, often resulting in pulmonary attacks, which frequently prove fatal.

In the County of Hants there are two reserves, situated respectively on the west side of Shubenecadie and at Indian Brook. The larger number of the Indians reside upon the former reserve and follow agriculture to some extent. The want of an annual report and statistical statement from the Indian Agent for the district preclude my furnishing information relative to the progress of this band.

The Department hoped to have had a school in operation at Shubenecadic cre this. Much correspondence on the subject took place, but in consequence of the excessive prices asked by builders, the matter has remained in abeyance.

The Indian band who occupy a reserve in the County of Digby, on the confines of Annapolis, engage extensively in porpoise hunting and fishing, preferring those modes for obtaining subsistence for their families to tilling the soil, though a few of them do cultivate land, and they, during the year, added eighteen and one-half acres of newly broken soil to the arable quantity on the reserve. The school on the reserve is conducted efficiently, but the attendance is not as numerous or as regular as one would desire.

In the County of Yarmouth, which is included in the agency for Digby, there are a few camps of Indians, but no reserve.

In the Counties of Annapolis and Shelbourne, which are embraced in one agency, the Indians are, with a few exceptions, resident upon other people's land like the Indians in the County of Yarmouth. In the former county they own two reserves, but very few Indians reside upon them. Several families have purchased, or occupy on sufferance, parcels of land, which they cultivate to some extent, receiving from the Department assistance in seed and in ploughing.

#### NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Micmacs of the eastern counties of this Province are reported to have made considerable progress in agriculture. They are decidedly more industrious and enterprising than their Amalacite brethren on the west side of the Province. Besides farming, they engage extensively in fishing, ship-yard work and other manual labour.

The reserves occupied by the Micmacs and by the Amalacite Indians of this Province are so minutely described in my last Annual Report that it is unnecessary to repeat, in this report, the information respecting those tracts of land. The schools are still conducted on the reserves at Eel Ground and Burnt Church, in the County of Northumberland, though the one at this latter point was closed for a brief period, owing to the resignation of the teacher.

In consequence of a change made in the superintendency at Fredericton, for the Amalacite Bands who occupy reserves in the south-western counties of the Province, no annual report or statistical statement has been received regarding those Indians.

The change referred to was occassioned by the transfer of the former Superintendent, Mr. W. Fisher, to a position in the outside service of the Department of Inland Revenue, and the appointment, by order of Your Excellency in Council, on the 25th April last, of Mr. James Farrell to the position of Indian Superintendent for the district. No complaints have been received from these Indians, and this, of itself, is a sufficient indication that matters must be proceeding satisfactorily in the district, as Indians are not slow to make their grievances known, if any such exist. The schools established in the year 1883, upon the reserves at Kingselear and St. Mary's, in the County of York, have continued their operations, and are well managed, and it is confidently hoped that much benefit will accrue to the Indian children if they can be induced to attended regularly.

In the north-western counties of Victoria and Madawaska the Amalacites appear to be more prosperous, the result probably of greater industry than is displayed by their brethren of the south-western counties. On the reserve at the mouth of the Tobique River, which is a fine tract of fertile land, the larger number of families (forty-seven) reside, and the majority of them are in comfortable circumstances.

They increased their area of cultivable land during the year by twenty-two acres of freshly-broken soil. The school on the reserve is highly spoken of, both as

regards the ability of the teacher and the regular attendance and progress of the pupils.

The reserve in the County of Madawaska is composed of equally good land, though it is not so extensive in area, as the reserve on the Tobique; but the Indians resident thereon do not follow farming for a living. These Indians, as well as some of those on the Tobique, engage extensively in hunting fur-bearing animals.

They have facilities for having their children educated, there being a public school quite near their reserve, to which the Indian children are admissible.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

The condition of Indian matters in this Province is not as satisfactory as one would wish. The two reserves, viz., on Lennox Island and in Township 39, fail to attract to them all the Indians in the Province. In fact, as many reside off the reserves as upon them.

The Department has held out inducements to the non-residents to remove to the reserves, offering to assist them in building houses, and in the cultivation of land; but little effect has attended these efforts. In the case of some of the non-resident Indians—for instance, those at Rocky Point—it is perhaps better that they should remain where they are, as they are doing tolerably well, from an industrial point of view, and occupy comfortable houses. There seems, therefore, to be no sufficient reason, in the case of Indians so situated, for removing them to either of the reserves. There are, however, other Indians, living in scattered groups in the vicinity of towns and settlements in the Province, who are in wretched circumstances; and it is these poor creatures whom the Department is desirous of seeing comfortably settled upon the reserves. The inducements, however, held out to them to remove, have hitherto failed of their object.

The local management also, of those on the reserves, has not been satisfactory. The Superintendent combines with his other duties the office of school teacher. It was thought that the latter position would not be incompatible with the other, but it is found that the duties of the two positions clash. The Superintendent having to attend during a greater part of the day to the school, has not sufficient time to give to the instruction of the Indians in the proper cultivation of their land, or to the other duties of the agency. A change would therefore appear to be necessary. It is thought, that were a Superintendent appointed, whose whole time could be devoted to the instruction of the Indians in agriculture, in curing fish (there is a fine mackercl fishery near the reserve on Lennox Island) and in other industries, and in seeing that they were comfortably domiciled, many of the Indians who prefer, at present, to reside near the towns and settlements, on perceiving the improved condition of matters on the reserves, would abandon their wretched ways of living and agree to settle thereon. The Indians upon the reserves added, during the year, eight acres of newly-broken land to the cultivable area. The school is reported to be efficient

ently conducted, and the progress of the pupils who attend regularly to be good; but the attendance is very small when compared with the number of children on Lennox Island of an age to attend school.

### MANITOBA AND KEEWATIN.

Commencing, as in last year's report, with the bands and reserves in the eastern part of the territory covered by Treaty No. 3, commonly called "The North-West Angle Treaty," from its having been concluded at that point on the Lake of the Woods with the Saulteaux branch of the Chippewa or Ojibewa Nation, the first reserve met with is that of the band on Lac des Mille Lacs, at Poplar Point. The agent reports that the gardens of these Indians are poorly kept; they prefer manual labor on the railway, which they can readily obtain in that district.

These Indians appear, however, to be increasing in prosperity, and to be gradually adopting the habits of white men.

The band occupying the reserve at Sturgeon Lake give more attention to working in the mines and to railway work than to agriculture. What little is done in the latter line is by the women-whose gardens, the agent reports, looked well when he visited the reserve in June last.

The band on the reserve at Lac la Croix appear to be making more progress in agriculture than either of the bands last described. The Indians on this reserve. which is situated in close proximity to the United States, are specially exposed to the rapacity of liquor venders; and, as on other Indian reserves similarly located. consequent demoralization of the Indians ensues.

The band who own the reserve on Rivière la Seine have become dissatisfied with it, and have applied for another tract of land to be given them. They are said to cultivate their gardens with success, and to be desirous of improving their buildings.

On the reserves at Hungry Hall the same trouble with liquor venders from the United States exists as was described above in connection with the reserve on Lac la Croix. These Indians cultivate land to some extent.

The crops of corn and potatoes on the reserves at the Long Sault were abundant. except on Neshotai's Reserve, where they were to a great extent destroyed by cattle breaking into the fields during the absence of the Indians. A school has been established for the benefit of the Indian children.

The gardens on the Wabegon and Eagle Lake Reserve are reported to be carefully attended too, and the cattle well kept. These Indians, being industrious, manage to feed and clothe their families comfortably.

The band who occupy the reserve at Lac Seul are in a very prosperous condition, possessing fine fields, in which they raise crops of cereals and roots. They also occupy well built houses, and keep them neat and clean. There is considerable competition among them as to who shall have the best farm. These Indians have adopted the system so uncommon in Indian communities, and yet so desirable, of residing on separate farms, instead of all living in close proximity to each other. The latter system is disadvantageous from a sanitary point of view, and it retards greatly the progress of the Indians in industry, self-reliance and enterprise. A very good school is in operation in the vicinity of the reserve, and the Indian children who attend it are making satisfactory progress.

On the portion of the reserve belonging to the Mattawa and English River Band at Grassy Narrows, on English River, the Indians have erected several new houses, and appear to be making some progress in agriculture. A school house has also been recently built by them on the reserve.

The Indians owning the reserves at the Manitou River possess large and very well cultivated fields of potatoes and corn. They are described as a remarkably energetic and industrious class of Indians.

The Indians on the reserve at the Little Forks suffered a serious loss by the burning, about two years since, of their houses, which was done by order of the quarantine authorities, to prevent the spread to other parts of small-pox, which broke out at that point. The Indians then deserted the reserve, but they returned during the past year, and have commenced to cultivate land.

The gardens on the Coutcheeching Reserve were partially destroyed by drought and heavy falls of rain. A school house has been erected and a school opened on this reserve.

The land on the Stangeecoming Reserve is of a very rocky character, and is, therefore, cultivated with difficulty; consequently, very little is done in agriculture on that reserve.

The band owning the Naicatcheewenan Reserve appear to have made no progress in agriculture, only five acres of potatoes having been sown by them. They have also but four houses on the reserve.

The Nickickosminecan Band, who occupy as a reserve a tract situated on a bay north east of Rainy Lake, cultivate land thereon. They also own some cattle, and are desirous of increasing the number.

As many of the Indians on the foregoing reserves in the Rainy Lake district, and in the district east and north of that region, as it was necessary to vaccinate, and who would submit to its being done, were operated upon during the past season.

The crops of 1883 in the region surrounding the Lake of the Woods were not so successful as usual. The Department was consequently obliged to supply both grain and potatoes to these Indians, to enable them to plant their fields in the spring. The crop of wild rice, which forms a staple article of food with these Indians, was axxiii

also smaller; and the fish were not as abundant as in previous years. They had, therefore, to depend altogether last winter for a subsistence on what game they could obtain, and where game was scarce, the sufferings of the Indians were proportionately great. There was, however, an abundant yield of hay on the different reserves, and consequently their cattle had a sufficiency of fodder during the winter. The potato crop on all of these reserves and the yield of hay were last season below the average.

On the reserve at Sesbaska the Indians have made extensive preparations for building. The wild rice in the marsh and waters which front on the reserve gave an abundant yield, of which the band took advantage to secure a large quantity for the present winter's consumption.

I regret to have to report the loss, by the Indians resident on the reserve at Shoal Lake, of nearly all their cattle. The animals took refuge from a storm in a building which fell on and killed them.

The Department is most anxious to make the annuity payments to the Indians of the Lake of the Woods on their respective reserves, instead of at one point, as has heretofore been the practice, and the Indians were last year notified that that course would be hereafter followed. They, however, raised strong objections to the change, alleging that they were promised, when the treaty was made, that they would always be paid their annuities at the same place, and the agent appeared to be unable to induce them to return to their respective reserves. They were accordingly paid, as heretofore, at Assabaskasing. These large annual gatherings are very objectionable; as the Indians, meeting in this way and receiving what are to them considerable sums of money, generally indulge in gambling until the money, or any articles purchased with it, are all squandered. Moreover they, on these occasions, celebrate their heathenish rites and ceremonies, which tend to keep them in a degraded condition. It is believed that interested traders, who have been in the habit of reaping a rich harvest from these Indians at their annual meetings, use their influence to cause them to object so strongly to the change. It is to be regretted that the local agent's influence with the Indians is apparently not sufficient to counteract that of these self-interested parties, and to induce the Indians to agree to the policy of the Department, which is so clearly in their interests and for their advantage.

The following change was made on the 5th February last, in the districts of Mr. R. J. N. Pither, of the Coutcheeching Agency, and Mr. John McIntyre, of the Savanne Agency, of Treaty No. 3. The reserves at Wabegon, Eagle Lake, Lac Seul, Sturgeon Lake, Trout Lake and Mattawan River, were transferred from the agency of the former to that of the latter officer; and the reserves at Lac la Croix and Rivière la Seine were transferred from Mr. McIntyre's to Mr. Pither's Agency. These changes were made, inasmuch as the relative position of the above reserves and

the places of residence of the agents to whose care they have now been respectively alloted are much more convenient, and the reserves can be reached at much less expense and trouble than was previously the case.

Adverting to the reserves and bands which come under Treaty No. 1, the principal reserve is that of St. Peter's, situated on the Red River; and the band of Chippewa and Swampy Cree Indians, who occupy it, comprise the most numerous Indian community in the Province of Manitoba. These Indians raise large quantities of produce, and the hay on the reserve is generally an enormous crop. The crops of the past year were, however, not as abundant as is usually the case. These Indians own a large number of live stock, and many of them are the possessors of improved kinds of machinery, such as reapers, mowers, threshing machines, &c.; also owning light carriages for driving purposes, and large double waggons for use in their farming operations, the old "Red River cart" being discarded for the more modern conveyance. The catch of fish by these Indians is usually very large, and that of last year was no exception.

They constructed a road of four miles in length, besides building a number of bridges and ditches on the reserve during the year.

There are several good schools in operation on this reserve.

More than forty acres of newly-broken land were added to the cultivable area. Fully one-half of the grain crop of the year 1883 on this tract was ruined by the frost.

On the Broken Head River Reserve the crops of 1883 were abundant, and their catch of fish having been large and the market price obtained for the same good, the Indians of this reserve did not suffer from want during the past year. Their crops last season, so far as barley and potatoes were concerned, promised well when the agent visited the reserve, but the wheat was very light. Their cattle are increasing in number, and are well taken care of by the Indians.

There is a good school on the reserve, at which the Indian children are making favorable progress in their studies.

The band occupying the reserve at Fort Alexander found themselves in rather trying circumstances last winter, owing to the failure of the grain crop of the previous season, the scarcity of fish and the absence of remunerative labor, which they formerly had no difficulty in obtaining at a saw mill, which was operated for several years on the reserve, but which was last year removed to another point.

Two schools are conducted on the reserve. One of these institutions, which is established in the interests of the children of the Roman Catholic portion of the community, is described as being most ably managed:

A marked improvement is reported in the band who own the reserve on Rosseau River. These Indians appear to be now desirous of following agriculture. It is

only within the last year that they have shown any disposition to cultivate land. They are receiving encouragement from the officers of the Department, which, it is hoped, will cause them to persevere in their efforts.

Some members of the band, whose reserve is situated at Long Plain, have recently evinced a desire to become farmers, and as it was considered advisable to encourage them, the agent was, last spring, instructed to hire a man to plough land for them. The Indians were pleased, and fenced the fields. They were subsequently supplied with a yoke of oxen, which they used last fall in ploghing; and the agent represents the work as having been as well done as it could have been had a white farmer been the ploughman.

The band for whom the reserve at Swan Lake was set apart still remain off the tract. Some land was ploughed for them thereon last season, and wheat, corn, peas, and potatoes were sown, with the hope that this might induce them to settle on the reserve, which contains fine farming land, and is in every respect a desirable location for them.

The progress of the Indians whose reserve is situated at Sandy Bay, has been much retarded by the height to which the waters of Lake Manitoba rose for several years, overflowing, as they did, their fields and destroying the crops. The waters having subsided, matters are in a better position on the reserve. These Indians possess a large number of cattle and not a few horses. The reserve is well adapted for grazing purposes. Their crops promised well at the time the agent visited the reserve. They erected several new houses, which are described as being neat and comfortable buildings of logs, hewed on both sides. They also built a very good school house of hewed logs.

The Indians of the Rolling River Band were greatly gratified by the Department purchasing for them a quarter-section of land on that river. They, however, claim a much more extensive tract. These Indians appear to have made up their minds to follow farming. They have already done a considerable amount of ploughing, hoeing, fencing and planting. Oxen, ploughs, other implements and seeds have been supplied them. There are about twenty acres under cultivation on the tract.

The band who own the reserve at Riding Mountain have received but very little assistance from the Department for several years. Some of them are industrious. They own a good many cattle; and their reserve being situated in the midst of a well settled country, they possess facilities for obtaining a livelihood which Indians less favorably placed have not. They, moreover, cultivate land to some extent; but their crops of last season were very light. There is a school in operation on the reserve.

The two bands and reserves last described come properly under Treaties Nos. 4 and 2 respectively. They were, however, during the past year, included in the

agency for the western section of Treaty No. 1, as they can be more conveniently supervised by the officer in charge of that agency.

The bands and reserves comprehended in Treaty No, 2 are to be found in the territory bordering on Lake Manitoba and its tributaries.

Owing to the height to which the waters of the lake rose and remained at for several years, much of the land fronting on it was completely flooded; and so considerable a quanity of the land on the reserve at Sandy Bay, on Lake Manitoba, was thus affected, that the Indians abandoned the tract, and for several years planted on land outside of the same. Since, however, the waters resumed their ordinary level, the Indians have returned to the reserve, and they have now one hundred acres under cultivation. The land being well adapted for grazing purposes, this band are raising a large number of cattle and horses. They have erected a building for school purposes on the reserve.

The above remarks, as to the injury done to lands by the overflow of the waters of Lake Winnipeg, and the consequent abandonment of the same by the Indians, apply also to the reserve at Dog Creek. But I am glad to be able to report that, when the waters receded, these Indians likewise returned to and resumed work on the tract. There is a school in operation on the reserve, at which the pupils are reported to be making satisfactory progress.

On the Ebb and Flow Lake Reserve the band appear to be prospering, notwithstanding the light crops, which were the result of the drought of the early part of the season. The school on this reserve is efficiently conducted, and the proficiency of the pupils is marked.

The band occupying the reserve at Fairford are in a most satisfactory condition. Every year the progress of this community is noticeable; and in no year was it more remarkable than last season, the crops having been greatly in excess of those of previous years, and consisting of wheat, barley, oats, potatoes and hay. Their cattle are also increasing in number.

The council of this band framed, with the assistance of the agent, rules and regulations for the better government of the reserve, under the provisions of the Indian Act, 1880, and these having been submitted to Your Excllency in Council, were duly approved of, and thus have become law.

There are two good schools on the reserve, and the pupils in attendance are making very satisfactory progress in their studies.

On the reserve at Lake St. Martin, but little attention was given to agriculture until quite recently. These Indians have hitherto followed fishing and the chase for a subsistence.

\*\*Example 1.1.\*\*

\*\*Example 2.1.\*\*

\*\*Example

A school is conducted on the reserve, and the interest taken by the chief (though a heathen) in the education of his young people, is manifested by his having, in the absence of a building for the purpose, given up his own house, that it might be used for the school.

These Indians appear to be able to support themselves without much difficulty.

The band who occupy the reserve at Sandy Bay of Lake St. Martin appear to make little or no progress in farming or building, contenting themselves with procuring what is sufficient to maintain life by the precarious pursuits of fishing and hunting.

A school is conducted on the reserve, with but indifferent success.

On the reserve at Crane River a much better state of things exists. The Indians have fine gardens, and their splendid fields of potatoes, the Superintendent reports, are kept scrupulously free of weeds. These Indians dovote almost their entire time to agriculture. Their cattle are increasing in number and are well cared for.

The school on this reserve is ably conducted and the pupils are making very satisfactory progress. The school house recently erected is reported to be an ornament to the reserve.

The band who own the reserve on Water Hen River are in equally as good, if not in rather better circumstances than the band last referred to. They display remarkable industry in the tillage of the soil, which is amply rewarded by the comfort in which they live, their families being well clothed and fed, and the number of new dwelling houses and stables erected by them affords a further gratifying indication of improvement in their tastes and habits. These Indians also possess a splendid herd of cattle, in which they take great pride.

They have a very excellent school on the reserve, at which the pupils are instructed in the English, French and Ojibewa languages, and show remarkable proficiency in these as well as in their other studies.

On the reserve at Duck Bay the Indians raised a less quantity of potatoes than they did in the previous year. Their catch of fish and capture of fur-bearing animals were, however, larger than was the case in the previous year.

These Indians completed the erection of a school house on the reserve. The school is efficiently conducted and is giving satisfaction. This band and reserve are included in Treaty No. 4, but they were added to the agency for Treaty No. 2, as the reserve could be easily reached by the agent in charge of the reserves and bands of that treaty.

The testimony borne by the officers of the Department who are brought into contact with the various Indian bands interested in Treaty No. 2, to the intelligence, industry and sobriety generally of these Indians, is very gratifying; and it may be

added, that with the exception of what is due them under treaty stipulations, these Indians, as well as those interested in Treaties Nos. 1, 3 and 5, receive little or nothing from the Government, and they may, therefore, be considered as self-supporting.

The Indian bands and reserves included in Treaty No. 5 are located upon the shores of Lake Winnipeg, and on the easterly shores of the River Saskatchewan.

Commencing with the reserve nearest to that at Fort Alexander, on the southeast shore of Lake Winnipeg, viz., the reserve at Black River, the Indians occupying it do not appear to be making as satisfactory progress in agriculture as, from the quality of the soil, which is described as being fertile along the banks of the river, one might fairly expect. They maintain themselves mainly by fishing and hunting.

A school is conducted on the reserve, and a new building for the purpose is in course of construction.

At Hollow Water River the Indians are making some progress in farming; their fields are larger and better tilled than was formerly che case. They have also increased the number of their buildings.

These Indians erected a school house on the reserve, and a teacher has been engaged to open it.

The band occupying the reserve at Loon Straits are described as being very industrious and enterprising. They have made extensive improvements on the reserve:

A school teacher will be sent to this band as soon as the services of a competent person can be secured. The Indians have erected a school house, and are most auxious that their children should be educated.

The band who own the reserve at Blood Vein River have, until recently, been altogether nomadic in their habits. They are now building houses and planting potatoes. This, it is hoped, is the precursor of a better condition of things for these people.

On the reserve at Fisher River there is a large Indian settlement. They raise both grain and roots, but owing to the prevalence of drought and the numerous insects, their vegetables were almost entirely destroyed during the past season. These Indians possess a good herd of cattle, which are well taken care of by them.

They have an excellent school on the reserve, and the pupils are making commendable progress.

The Indians settled on the reserve at Jack Head cultivate their fields skilfully, and have erected a number of houses. I regret to state that the school at this point has been closed, but as soon as the services of an efficient teacher shall have been obtained it will be re-opened.

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The band who occupy the reserve on Beren's River are annually increasing the size of their fields. These Indians, as well as the other bands in Keewatin and Manitoba, complain bitterly of encroachment by white men on their fishing grounds, which are thereby rapidly becoming exhausted, and will, unless the evil is promptly checked, soon cease to afford the Indians the subsistence which they have been in the habit, from time immemorial, of deriving from these fisheries.

On the reserve at Norway House the crops were not so large as usual. These Indians have, however, abundant resources in fishing and hunting, and it is seldom, therefore, that they suffer privation. They have a large herd of cattle, which are kept in good condition by them. They completed the erection of a new school house, and a well qualified teacher was recently sent to open it. There is another school on the reserve, which, however, is conducted in a very indifferent manner by an Indian teacher.

The Indians occupying the reserve at Cross Lake had not as large crops as usual. Their reserve is, however, well adapted for farming, and for raising stock, and it is hoped, therefore, that the band will not be discouraged, but will persevere in their efforts to become husbandmen.

A school was opened on the reserve, by the Chief as teacher, early in the year, and it has been kept up with a fair measure of success. The band have nearly completed the erection of a new school house.

The reserve at the Grand Rapids of the Saskatchewan is favorably situated. The Indians owning it have no difficulty in summer in obtaining employment in loading and unloading vessels at this point, which is the terminus of navigation, for the Northern Saskatchewan, both on the Saskatchewan and on Lake Winnipeg; and here, owing to the rapids of the river not being navigable, a tramway, with cars drawn by horses, is used to transfer passengers and freight from the lake to the river steamers, and vice versa. The fisheries also at this point are excellent, and the Indians on this reserve need, therefore, never be in want of food. They planted more extensively and with greater success during the past year than in previous years. A school house is in course of erection on the reserve.

On the reserves at Moose Lake and Chimahwawin, which belong to one and the same band, the Indians evince greater interest in farming than was formerly the case. They have enlarged their fields. Two new schoolhouses are in process of completion on these reserves. A school is conducted at each point.

The Indians of the Pas occupy reserves at several points. The larger number reside on the reserve at the Pas proper, where the Honorable the Hudson Bay Company have a trading post. The land on this reserve is not of very good quality. Nevertheless, the Indians cultivate it to some extent.

At Birch River they have an excellent tract of land, and the portion of the band settled on it are in comfortable circumstances—the result of their own industry.

They reside in neat and substantially built log houses. Another section of the band occupy a reserve at the Pas Mountain and cultivate land to a limited extent.

The Pas Indians still subsist, for the most part, on the fruits of the chase and on fish. They have a school at the Pas proper, and a building for another school has been recently completed at a different point on the same reserve, as the children of that locality are unable, owing to the distance at which they reside from it, to attend the first named school. The Indians on these reserves are remarkably moral, and are religiously inclined.

The reserve at Cumberland consists of a miserable tract of sterile land. The Indians who occupy it applied for a reserve to be given them in the vicinity of Fort à la Corne. Their wishes in this respect have only been partially met, owing to an insufficiency of available land at that point. The children of these Indians have had the advantage of a good school, which was ably conducted for a number of years by the Rev. J. W. Davis, who, however, recently resigned the charge. Another teacher has been appointed, and the school is still in operation.

The numerous bands and reserves above referred to are embraced in what is termed "The Manitoba Superintendency," and as evidence of the general improvement which has taken place in the condition of these Indians, and of the contentment that prevails among them, I can not do better than quote the words of the Inspector of the Superintendency, Mr. E. McColl, as they appear in his report published with the other appendices to this report. They are as follows: -"The increased interest in " agriculture and education, manifested everywhere by the Indians visited, is a most "encouraging and gratifying indication of their intellectual development and ad-" vancing prosperity.

"Whon I first inspected the agencies, seven years ago, endless complaints were laid before me by every band of Indians visited, with regard to inferior quality of "supplies furnished them, and the non-fulfilment of the stipulations of their respective treaties generally, but in all my travels last summer, not a grievance of "any description was referred to in my interviews with them, but, on the contrary, "they frequently requested me to acknowledge their gratitude to the Government for dealing so uprightly and generously with them."

# NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

## District of Saskatchewan.

Proceeding westward from the Indian Reserve at Cumberland, being the point last referred to in the Manitoba Superintendency, the first reserves reached are those of Chiefs James Smith and John Smith, situated respectively near Fort à la Corne and on the South Branch of the Saskatchewan. The band of the former chief have erected substantial cottages on their reserve, but their main dependence for a living is upon hunting fur-bearing animals. This avocation they pursue with considerable success.

There is a school in operation on the reserve. It is, however, conducted with but limited ability. The boundaries of the reserve were readjusted during the past season.

Chief John Smith's Band follow agriculture with a fair measure of success. They also erected several new houses on the reserve during the year. The school, which was closed last year, owing to certain repairs having been required to the building, was re-opened this spring.

The band of Wm. Twatt subsist almost entirely by hunting. Their reserve is very remote from settlement.

The reserve occupied by the band of Chief Chekastapaysin is situated near that of Chief John Smith. The few members of the band who reside on the reserve are making tolerable progress.

The bands of Chiefs Kopatawakemun and Kenemolay occupy reserves in the vicinity of Green Lake, and subsist by hunting, at which pursuit last winter they were very successful.

The band at Pete qua quay were, until last year, very backward in agriculture, although they occupy a fertile tract of land. The farming instructor for the locality was, as stated in my last annual report, directed to give special attention to these Indians; and the result has followed, that they have taken fresh courage. New houses have been erected, the area of cultivable land has been increased, and a considerable quantity of new fencing has been made by them.

The bands of Chiefs Atakakoop and Mistowasis, whose reserves are on the Snake Plains, were able to sustain themselves during the winter upon the products of the soil, the fruit of their own labor. They also had a sufficiency of grain in the spring for seed, and of flour for food while they were planting the former. These Indians are adding to their realty by increasing the number of their houses.

There is a well managed school on each of these reserves.

Owing to the long distances the Indians on the three reserves last described are obliged to travel, in order to bring their grain to a mill, varying from forty-five to seventy-five miles, the Department offered, by public advertisement, a bonus to any responsible person who would erect a grist mill of sufficient capacity in the vicinity. No tenders have as yet been received; but the Indian Commissioner for the North-West Territories reports that he is in communication with parties with a view to the erection of mills in the vicinity of these and other reserves, where the same would be of benefit to the Indians—a grant of money for the purpose having been voted by Parliament at its last Session.

The bands of Chiefs Beardy and Okemasis, whose reserves are situated near Duck Lake, are equally as industrious and enterprising as the two bands last referred to:

and they have a superior advantage in the propinquity of their reserve to good flour mills at Duck Lake.

The effect of the attention bestowed by the farming instructor at Duck Lake during the past season, under special instruction from the Department, on the band of Chief One Arrow, whose reserve is situated on the South Branch of the Saskatchewan, has been to inspire them with renewed energy; and these Indians appear now to be anxious to improve their condition.

The Sioux Band, under Chief White Cap, whose reserve is situated at Moosewood, near Prince Albert, are reported to be making satisfactory progress. These Indians are very industrious. Besides doing a fair amount of work on their reserve, they are frequently employed by the white settlers to assist in farming and in other kinds of work. They have erected a number of new buildings on their reserve.

The thirteen bands above referred to are superintended from the Indian Agency at Carlton. The returns received show the number of Indians resident upon the reserves, and the area of land ploughed, and the quantities of produce raised last season on the reserves belonging to these Indians to have been as follows:—

Resident Indiaps	1,791 souls.
Land broken	5,625 acres.
Roots grown	8,960 bushels
Grain do	4,910 do
Hay cut,	705 tons.

Proceeding westward from Carlton, the reserve in the Eagle Hills, occupied by Chief Red Pheasant's Band, is arrived at. These Indians added to the quantity of cultivable land on the reserve by breaking up forty-seven acres of fresh soil, making the area of land now under cultivation two hundred acres. Their root crops were fairly abundant. They made stronger fences and improved their buildings during the year. There is a school in operation on the reserve.

In the same locality—Eagle Hills—three bands of Stoney Indians are settled upon a reserve adjoining that of Red Pheasant, and although they only became resident thereon two years ago, they have made remarkable progress in farming and in building; they also had large crops of roots last season; and they ploughed, planted and fenced their fields in excellent style.

A school house has been built by them, and it is hoped that the services of a teacher to conduct the school will be procured at an early date.

The band of Chief Moosomin, whose reserve is situated on Battle River, are most industrious, and had a large extent of land under crop the past year. They were able to support themselves in 1883 from the produce of their fields. They have only been four years resident on the reserve.

A school is conducted thereon.

Contiguous to Chief Moosomin's reserve is that occupied by the bands of Thunder Child and Nepahase, who, although they only became resident last spring, planted and fenced forty-five acres, and thirty-nine acres respectively.

On the opposite side of Battle River are the reserves of Chiefs Pondmaker and Little Pine. The band of the latter chief only settled on their reserve last spring. They however ploughed seventy acres, fenced fifty acres and planted thirty acres of land, besides cutting one hundred tons of hay, and erecting twelve houses, two stables, a store house and a building in which to keep their implements and tools. The adjoining reserve is occupied by Chief Pondmaker's Band, who had under crop about two hundred acres. The root crops were more successful than the grain on these reserves last season.

These Indians own a considerable number of horses and cattle.

In close proximity to the reserve last referred to, lies the reserve of the band of which Sweet Grass is chief, having succeeded his father, Strike-him-on-the-back, who, feeling that his advanced age incapacitated him for the position, resigned the chiefship. The new chief sets a good example to the band, being energetic and well behaved. The boundaries of this reserve were surveyed during the past season. These Indians have worked most industriously for several years. They have fenced in three hundred acres and ploughed two hundred and thirty-seven acres, of which one hundred and twenty-eight acres were put under crop last season.

They also cut two hundred and fifteen tons of hay.

The ten bands and six reserves last described are under the superintendence of an Indian Agent, who is stationed at Battleford. The following is a statement of the number of resident Indians, and the quantity of land ploughed, and of the quantities of produce gathered on these reserves last season:—

Resident Indians	2,423	souls.
Land ploughed and fenced		
Roots grown	2,831	bushels.
Grain do	1,100	do
Hay saved	804	tons.

The Indian Commissioner for the North-West Territories, who visited the reserves above described in the spring, states, in his report, which will be found among the Appendices to this report:—"I was agreeably surprised at the advances made by "these Indians since my former visit, and found that many of the new arrivals from the south were rivalling the older settled Indians in both cultivating the lands and building houses on the reserves."

Proceeding westward from the reserve of Chief Thunder Child and Nipahase, the Indian Agency of Frog Lake, near Fort Pitt, is reached. The first band and reserve met with in this agency are those of Chief Seekasekootch. These Indians

ploughed three hundred and six acres, and put under crop the past season two hundred and forty four acres.

This band are annually adding improvements to their reserve by building and repairing houses, barns and stables. These Indians' houses are built on their farms, instead of, as is generally the case, being contiguous to one another. The result of the Indians being thus scattered is, that the work on each holding is done systematically by the occupant of the field for the benefit of himself and family, and emulation is aroused between the various holders of land, each vieing with the other for superiority of crops, buildings and fences.

There is a school conducted for the benefit of the children of this band.

On the south side of Beaver River there is a reserve occupied by a band of Chipewayans. Until last spring very little was done by these Indians in agriculture. A farm instructor was then sent to them, and they ploughed and planted eighty-seven acres These Indians own a herd of 129 cattle, of which they take great care.

They have built forty cottages and thirty-five stables or barns.

North-west of the Chipewayan Reserve, between it and Moose Lake, is the reserve of Chief Kee-ye-win, on Long Lake. The band occupying this reserve were placed for the first time under a farm instructor last spring.

They ploughed and planted about thirty acros with barley, potatoes and other vegetables. They occupy ten cottages and own two barns. These Indians, as well as others of the band just before described, had always, up to last year, depended upon hunting for a subsistence, but as the country becomes filled with white settlers, this resource fails them, and they are obliged to have recourse to what is to them the more uncongenial occupation of tilling the soil.

There is a school in operation at Long Lake.

The next reserve arrived at is that of Chief Pas-ka-ah-gow-in. It is occupied by a small band of thirty-one souls.

The band of Chief Ne-paw-hay-haw occupy a reserve near Frog Lake, whereon they ploughed and planted last season twenty-five acres, but with the exception of potatoes, of which they secured 460 bushels, they had little or no crop.

The band of which Mah-Kayo is Chief, had, until last spring, cultivated land at Stony Lake. They then removed to Frog Lake, and were placed in possession of the land broken up at that point, and cultivated as a home farm by the farm instructor. They planted thirty-eight acres of cereals and vegetables.

There is a school for the benefit of the Indian children at Frog Lake.

The six bands and reserves last referred to, are managed by the agency at Frog Lake, which was removed from Fort Pitt to the latter place last season, as it is a more central point for the reserves of the district. The following is a statemen of

the area of ploughed land and of the quantities of cereals and roots raised last season on the reserves within this agency, and of the number of Indians resident thereon:—

Indians resident on reserves	1,190	souls.
Land ploughed and fenced	1,260	acres.
Roots grown	4,050	bushels.
Grain "		
Hay saved	485	tons.

The Roman Catholic Mission conducts a school at Frog Lake for the benefit of the Indian children.

The agent at this point reports that the fisheries are rapidly becoming exhausted, through the operations of white men, who fish for the eastern markets, and thus deprive the Indians of an important source of subsistence.

#### DISTRICT OF ALBERTA.

Leaving the Indian Agency at Frog Lake, and proceeding westward to Saddle Lake, the first reserve within the Edmonton Indian Agency is reached. The Indians owning this reserve are under a chief named Little Hunter. They have about one hundred and seven acres of land under cultivation, having added last season twenty acres to the quantity previously tilled by them. The constant rains of last August prevented the grain from ripening as early as usual; it is, therefore, feared that the strop was not an abundant one.

The other bands in the Saddle Lake district are those of Chiefs Seenum at White-fish Lake, Pegasis at Lac la Biche, Mus keg-ah-wah-tick at Washanaton Creek, Blue Quill at Eagle Lake, Chippewayan at Hart's Lake, and the Beaver Lake band at Beaver Lake. These bands are reported to be in a prosperous condition; but, from the absence of detail in the report of the agent for the district, I am unable to furnish Your Excellency with special information in respect to each of them. It may be stated that, while these Indians cultivate land to some extent, their main dependence for the support of themselves and families is on hunting fur-bearing animals. In this pursuit they engage extensively and with considerable success, as the part of the country in which they hunt is not as yet much sought after by white settlers, and consequently game and fur-bearing animals abound in it.

It is satisfactory to be able to report that a long-standing difficulty with Chief Seenum or Peccan, regarding the extent of country to which his band were entitled for a reserve, was, it is hoped, finally settled last autumn by that chief agreeing to accept a tract of similar proportions to the reserves allotted to other bands under Treaty No. 6. This chief held for years a very exaggerated idea of the quantity of land to which his band was entitled. This erroneous conception was the result of inaccurate translating when the treaty was made.

The reserve of Chief Blue Quill's band is situated at Egg Lake, opposite Victoria, on the south side of the Saskatchewan. These Indians are described as being very industrious in their habits and skilful hunters. They have thirty acres of land under tillage, all of which is well fenced; and their crop of grain turned out successfully.

The reserve of Chief Tommy la Potack is situated near Edmonton. His band is reported to have made satisfactory progress during the year.

Next in rotation is the reserve of Chief Alexis, whose band is reported to have succeeded admirably last summer, raising crops of both grain and roots.

The reserve of Chief Michel may be next referred to. The crops raised on this tract last season were of excellent quality; and they were also abundant in quantity. These Indians cultivate large fields of grain, which are well fenced. They also occupy good log houses, and are altogether in a prosperous condition.

The band of Chief Alexander occupy a reserve near that of Chief Alexis. They have also been most successful with their crops. Every family on this reserve has some land under tillage.

nd of Chief Pass-pass chase is not in as satisfactory a condition as either of the bands last described, only a few of them attempt to farm.

A band of Stoney Indians, under Chief Sharphead, occupy a reserve on Battle River. This being their first year on the tract, they have done but little, having only put fifteen acres under crop. They have also commenced the erection of houses.

The three reserves of Chiefs Bobtail, Sampson and Ermine Skin, are contiguous. The Indians settled upon these reserves have made considerable progress during the past year; their chiefs setting them a good example in industry. They appear to be desirous of becoming proficient as farmers.

The distance at which these reserves lie from Edmonton rendered it very inconvenient for the Indian agent at that point to properly superintend them. It was hought, therefore, advisable to appoint on probation a local agent, and Mr. Lucas, who has for several years filled the position of farming instructor, and who possesses the full confidence of these Indians, was appointed probationally Indian agent for these bands.

Before leaving the district embraced in the Edmonton agency, I feel it to be incumbent upon me, as well as a pleasure, to refer to the excellent industrial institution which is conducted under the direction of His Lordship the Bishop of St. Albert at that place. The Indian pupils at this establishment, besides being instructed in the ordinary branches of education, have imparted to them, so far as the boys are concerned, a knowledge of farm work; and the girls are taught sewing, knitting and other household duties. The value of the service rendered to the Indian race by such institutions as the school at St. Albert, and that at Morleyville, which is of a similar xlvii

type, is incalculable, and His Lordship, the energetic patron of the former establishment, and his able assistants, and the Rev. John McDougall, the able principal of the latter institution, are deserving of every praise for the efforts put forth by them for the elevation of these poor children of the prairie and of the forest.

The following is a statement of the quantity of ploughed land and of the number of Indians residing on the reserves of the sixteen bands last referred to, and which are embraced in the Indian agency at Edmonton. I regret that owing to the non-receipt of returns from the agent, I am unable to furnish particulars of the quantity of roots, grain and hay secured on these reserves last season:—

Following the trail which runs southward from Edmonton until the trail which branches off in a south-westerly direction to Morleyville is reached, and proceeding by the latter route to the last named place, the reserve of the Assiniboines, who are commonly called the Stoney Indians, is arrived at. This tract is covered with timber of good quality, but the soil is totally unadapted for raising either grain or root crops. After a trial of several years, it was at length concluded last spring to give up the attempt to cultivate land here and to withdraw the farming instructor. This step would have been taken in the previous year, but the Indians entreated the Department to make one more attempt, which was done; but all the crops turned out, as in previous seasons, a complete failure. The Indians were being fed, and their young people were growing up in idleness, and they were thus becoming demoralized. They are skilful hunters; and in the open season there is abundance of work to be obtained in the locality. Provision was therefore made for supplying the wants of the aged, sick and helpless members of the community; and those who were able to work were last spring thrown upon their own resources, with the understanding that, should they at any time, owing to some extraordinary circumstances, be unable to secure a livelihood, assistance would be given them. Permission, under certain restrictions, has also been granted to these Indians to cut and sell the dead and fallen timber on the resorve—there being considerable quantities of the same rapidly going to decay.

This band owns a large and valuable herd of cattle.

The agent for the district reports that these Indians have done very well by hunting, although the season was not as favorable as usual, owing to the flooding of the beaver lands.

The school and orphanage conducted at Morleyville, under the auspices of the Methodist body, still continues its good work in the interests of those Indians, who are all adherents of that denomination.

Arriving at Calgary, and travelling thence in a south-westerly direction, the reserve occupied by the Sarcee Indians comes next in order under Treaty No. 7-

These Indians are believed to have immigrated from Peace River. The dialect spoken by them differs from the language of any other tribe in the southern districts of the Territories; and it is said to be similar to, if not the same language as, that used by many of the Indians of the Peace River country. The reserve occupied by this band is situated too near Calgary. The Indians resort constantly to that place, neglect their work, and many of their women pass lives of depravity in wretched tents or wigwams, pitched in proximity to the town. A larger quantity of land than usual was, however, cultivated on the reserve last year. Some of the Indians applied for separate fields, which were given them, and they ploughed the land,—the chief (who, as a rule, is by no means an exemplary character) setting them a good example by personally working and superintending their operations. The Indians ploughed last season about ninety acres, and built a number of houses in which to store away their vegetables during the winter.

The reserve of the Blackfoot tribe, situated at the Blackfoot Crossing, on the north side of the Bow River, continues to give good returns for the work done upon it. These Indians are making satisfactory progress, and have worked willingly and well during the past season. They are satisfied with their reserve and with the treatment which they experience at the hands of the Government. They had one hundred acres of land under crop last season.

On the reserve near Fort McLeod of the Blood Indians, who compose the most important branch of the Blackfoot Nation, there has been steady improvement in agriculture. Many of these Indians use the plough and harrow dexterously. The system has been adopted of, as far as possible, placing each family on a separate location. The area of land under crop last season was about one hundred and sixty-four acres. The products of the soil consisted of wheat, barley, oats, potatoes, turnips, carrote, onions and other vegetables.

The contractors for the supply of beef on this reserve built, during the year, a new slaughter house, which was greatly needed.

The Department also had new buildings erected on the reserve, consisting of a ration house, flour store, storehouse, instructor's dwelling, office, mess-room, employés' sleeping quarters, Indian council room, stable and barn. These buildings were very much required, as the old structures, which were built hurriedly several years since, were never otherwise than defective, and they had fallen greatly into disrepair.

The reserve of the Piegan Indians, who form another branch of the Blackfoot Nation, lies to the south west of Fort McLeod, on Old Man's River. Some of these Indians have quite large fields under cultivation, and plough and harrow the land with their own horses. The productions of the soil are similar to those raised on the Blood Reserve. I regret to have to report that very many of the cattle owned by these Indians have either perished, strayed, or been stolen. No doubt the loss may, in part, be attributed to each of these causes. Last winter was a very severe season,

and cattle suffered greatly in that section of country; and it is not improbable that some of the Indians' herd perished, and that others were either driven across the boundary line into the United States, or strayed among the cattle of owners of stock in those parts.

The above completes the bands and reserves of the Blackfoot Nation interested in Treaty No. 7, including also the Stoney and Sarcee Bands.

The following is a statement of the number of resident Indians on the several reserves within the territory covered by that treaty, and of the area of land cultivated, and of the quantity of grain and vegetables raised on the various tracts:—

Resident Indians	6,415	souls.
Land ploughed and fenced	1,458	acres.
Roots raised	39,631	bushels.
Grain do		
Hay	. 130	tons.

I cannot close the portion of this report which refers to the Blackfoot! Nation without again referring to the industrial school which was established during the past season at High River, for the education and training in industrial pursuits of the children of this powerful but loyal people. Opening as it has done under the charge of the Rev. Mr. LeCombe, a gentleman who has devoted many years of his life to serving these Indians in the capacity of a clergyman, and who possesses their entire confidence, I have every hope that the institution will accomplish the purpose for which it has been established, namely, the education in the ordinary branches of learning and the instruction in industrial pursuits as well as the moral and social elevation of the Indian children who may be privileged to attend it.

There are two day schools in operation on the reserve occupied by the Blood Indians, one being conducted under the auspices of the Church of England, and the other being managed by the missionary department of the Methodist Church of Canada.

DISTRICT OF ASSINIBOIA AND WESTERN PORTION OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

The Cree Indians interested in Treaty No. 4 (which covers what may be termed the central portion of the territories or the country included in the district of Assiniboia and the western portion of the Province of Manitoba) have next to be referred to.

Commencing with the reserves upon Crooked Lake, the reserve and the band of the late Chief Loud Voice demand notice. These Indians were very industrious during the year, having planted a large extent of land with potatoes and wheat. They also constructed excellent fences, and they are making commendable progress generally.

In the same locality, the band of Chuch-ah-chass are settled upon a reserve, in which they have also large fields under cultivation. A school house is in course of erection on this reserve. The school will be conducted by a teacher who is to be appointed by the Presbyterian Church.

The bands of Cowess or Little Child, and O'Soup, who occupy a reserve also on Crooked Lakes, have made marked progress. Some of these Indians are self-supporting, and many of them have large fields of grain and roots, and several of them have built quite neat cottages.

The band of Yellow Calf occupy a reserve in the vicinity of the former. In consequence of the part of the reserve where they had commenced to cultivate proving uncultivable, these Indians were obliged to remove to another location, and, owing to this fact, they had but a small area of land under tillage last season. They, however, ploughed more land in the autumn, and they will no doubt have a large return therefrom next season.

There are several reserves in the vicinity of Indian Head. Those which are occupied by the bands of Chiefs Jack and Long Lodge are contiguous. These Indians only settled upon their reserves last year. A report has, however, been recently received, stating that they had ploughed a large quantity of land in the autumn.

As I have already informed Your Excellency in the introductory part of this Report, Chief Pi-a-pot, who, with his band, occupied a reserve near Indian Head, having refused to remain upon it for reasons previously explained, was allotted a reserve elsewhere. This band settled upon their new reserve too late in the season to make improvements of any consequence thereon.

Chief Pasquah, whose reserve is on the Qu'Appelle Lakes, has done remarkably well, having worked steadily and thus set a good example to his band. This is a change for the better in this chief, who, until the past year, bore a very indifferent character for industry.

I regret that I have not any particular information to give Your Excellency, in respect to the other bands on the Qu'Appelle Lakes, or the bands at Touchwood and File Hills. The agent's report states nothing special regarding those Indians. It is, however, satisfactory to learn from it that there is a marked improvement on the part of the Indians, generally, of the agency, in agricultural attainments; that larger and more substantial buildings are erected; that the fencing of their fields is better done; that they bestow proper care on their cattle; that a larger quantity of hay has been made; and that an increased area of land was planted last season.

Schoolhouses were erected during the past year, upon the reserves of Chiefs-Pasquah, Little Child and Little Bear.

The agent for these reserves and bands is stationed at Indian Head.

The following statement shows the number of Indians resident on the several reserves in this agency, the area of land ploughed and fenced, the quantity of roots and grain grown, and the quantity of hay cut:—

Land ploughed and fenced	2,994 acres.
Roots grown	12,719 bushels.
Grain "	5,579 "
Hay cut	1,533 tons.

As before stated, an industrial school for the education of the Indian children resident within the bounds of the territory embraced in Treaty No. 4 was, last autumn, opened at Qu'Appelle, under the Rev. Mr. Huguenard as principal; and I sincerely trust that it may prove to be of real benefit to the Indian youth of the district of Assiniboia and of the western part of the Province of Manitoba.

The bands and reserves which come under the charge of the Indian Agency at Birtle have now to be referred to. Commencing with the Assiniboine Indians of the Moose Mountains, who are distributed among two small bands settled upon as many reserves, it may be remarked that the tract occupied by the band of Chief Pheacant Rump is, it is feared, situated at too great an altitude to admit of the land being successfully cultivated. This band had fifty-five acres under crop last season. They are very industrious; and besides cultivating land of the extent described, they broke up a large additional area of land during the year. They are also good hunters.

The Indians composing Ocean Man's Band do not give such good promise of becoming self supporting. Both of the bands last referred to were supplied last season with additional oxen and ploughs, which they have turned to good use by ploughing an increased quantity of land. The members of Ocean Man's band are not skilful hunters, nor are they successful as fishermen.

The band of Crees, under Chief White Bear, did remarkably well last season. They ploughed and planted a considerable area of land, putting in crops of barley, potatoes, corn and turnips. They, like the members of the band just previously referred to, are not successful hunters; but, as they are more energetic, there is greater probability of them becoming self-supporting.

The Cree Band, whose reserve is situated on Bird Tail Creek, and who, until last year, when Chief Way-way-see-cappo died, were under that chief, do not appear to be making much progress. The agent, however, reports that many of them are putting forth efforts to improve their condition, and that he entertains hopes of them becoming independent. They, last spring, planted forty-five acres; and their new chief, Shapwatung, purchased a mowing machine.

The next reserve in order is that of Councillor Gambler. These Indians at one time formed part of Way-way-see-cappo's Band, of which their head man, Gambler, was also councillor. They considered their chief lacking in energy, and decided to separate from the band and settle upon the reserve which they now occupy. The

agent reports great progress to have been made by these Indians during the past year, and that several of them, on ascertaining that the ploughed land on the reserve was insufficient to produce as large a crop as they desired to have, rented fields from white settlers in the vicinity of the reserve, wherein to sow grain. Several good houses were also built during the year. These Indians live in comfort. Some of them have in their houses many of the modern conveniences of life, and in their fields improved machinery, such as mowing machines and horse rakes, may be seen. They also own a number of cattle.

The band of Chief Kee-see-kouse reside upon a reserve near Fort Pelly. They are making steady progress in agriculture, are building good houses and constructing strong fences. They had seventy acres under cultivation last spring. Their crops consisted of wheat, barley, potatoes, peas and vegetables. A school house has been built, and it is hoped that a school will be established at an early date on this reserve. These Indians own a number of cattle, and altogether they may be described as being in a prosperous condition.

The band of Chief Key also occupy a reserve near Fort Pelly, and are doing well. They had fifty acres under cultivation last season, in which they planted wheat, barley, potatoes, and other vegetables. They also own a herd of cattle. These Indians are about to erect a school house on the reserve.

The band of Chief Coté, whose reserve is also situated in the Fort Pelly district, are maintaining the character they have earned for themselves as an industrious and enterprising people. They take great care of their cattle, which have increased to rinety-one in number. They also own fifty horses. They had under crop last season one hundred and six acres of wheat, barley, oats and potatoes. They dwell in well-built and comfortable cottages. These Indians have adopted the system of occupying fields in severalty, which is an indication of increasing intelligence.

A school is conducted upon the reserve, for which a new building is in course of erection, which, when completed, will be a substantial and comfortable building.

There are besides the foregoing bands, three non-treaty bands of Sioux Indians, who were several years since allotted reserves on Bird Tail Creek, Oak River and Oak Lake respectively. They, as has been stated in previous reports, formed part of the Sioux contingent which fled to British territory after the Minnesota massacre in 1862. They have improved the opportunities afforded them, and by their diligence have become self-supporting. The band on Bird Tail Creek own one hundred and twenty cattle, raise large crops, and have purchased, with their own means, three reaping machines and several ploughs and waggons. All of their houses are kept in a cleanly and neat manner. The school on the reserve is efficiently conducted.

The band settled on Oak River are in scarcely less prosperous circumstances.

The have indeed a greater number of cattle than the Sioux on Bird Tail Creek,

namely, one hundred and forty heads. These Indians planted over eight hundred bushels of potatoes last spring.

The band who occupy the reserve on Oak Lake do not farm as extensively as those upon the two reserves previously described. Their principal dependence is on hunting and fishing, at which pursuits they are very adroit. They, however, raise a considerable quantity of corn and potatoes.

There is a small band of Sioux at Turtle Mountain, who are in occupation of land which is not included in a reserve. They are reported to be prospering both as agriculturalists and as hunters. They are also building very substantial cottages, and they appear to be desirous of improving their condition. The Turtle Mountain affords good hunting grounds and fishing streams for them; and they, as well as the other Sioux bands, may be regarded as practically self-sustaining.

The following is a statement of the number of resident Indians on the several reserves embraced in the agency last above described, and of the quantities of grain and vegetables raised, and of hay cut by them:—

Number of resident Indians	1,187 souls.
" acres ploughed and fenced	1,888 acres.
Grain raised	4,415 bushels.
Vegetables raised	9,330 "
Hay cut	1,570 tons.
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Before concluding my remarks upon Indian matters in the Province of Manitoba, in the district of Keewatin, and in the North-West Territories, the subject of the rights of the Indians of those parts to fishing lakes and streams deserves comment, more especially as the fisheries are being greatly interfered with by the encroachments of white fishermen, and by the construction, in some of the streams, of dams and other impediments to the passage of the fish to their spawning grounds. The right of the Indians to use, as they had previously done, the fishing lakes and streams was assured to them when the several treaties were concluded with them; and the Indians complain that faith is not being kept with them in this respect, as in some places the fishing grounds are becoming exhausted, owing to the quantities of fish taken from them for the eastern markets by white fishermen, and at other points the fish are diminishing in number in consequence of the obstructions in the streams, which have been previously referred to. As a matter of economy, it is advisable that the Indians should be confirmed in the use and enjoyment of the fisheries which they have been in the habit of using from time immemorial, as the Government, in allowing them this privilege, will accomplish a large annual saving. wise, largely increased supplies of food will necessarily have to be issued to the Indians when the fishing resources fail them as a partial means of subsistence. Moreover, it is preferable to secure to the Indians well defined exclusive rights to certain fishing grounds than to have constant complications arising between

Indians and white men relative to their respective rights in the fisheries. But above all other considerations is that most important one of preventing dissatisfaction among our Indians, and the existence of a sentiment that the Crown has not kept faith with them in a matter, to them, of such vital importance as their fishing rights are. With a view to the conservation to the Indians of these interests, reports were obtained from the officers of this Department descriptive of the fishing streams and lakes which it would be advisable to secure for the Indians; and the purport of the same was duly communicated to the Department charged with the administration of the fisheries, with the request that no disposal of the fisheries referred to therein might be made without the consent of this Department having been previously given.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

With the exception of the disturbances which have been already referred to in the introductory part of this report as unhappily existing on the north-west coast, the Indian tribes of this Province are contented and peaceably disposed. They had in the past year an abundant harvest. Their manual labor in the various lines of industry in which they severally engaged secured them remunerative compensation; their fisheries were moderately successful; and the capture of fur-bearing animals was also considerable. They have, therefore, as a rule, an ample supply of food and clothing laid by for the winter.

The Indians of Soda Creek, Canoe Creek, Alkali Lake, and other places in the Williams Lake district, deserve more than sympathy for the trying position in which they find themselves, owing to the insufficiency of land in the district to meet their requirements as an agricultural and pastoral people. All the available Crown land had been pre-empted before the arrival of the Indian Reserve Commissioner in that district. Consequently there was no good land at the disposal of the Crown which could be allotted to these Indians. They are, however, entitled to land of suitable quality and sufficient in quantity for agricultural and grazing purposes, and it must be obtained for them; and the Provincial Government, with whom rests the responsibility of providing every Indian band in the Province with a sufficiency of land of a description that will be adaptable for the uses for which they require it, have been advised to that effect.

The legislation had at the last Session of Parliament, with a view to the abolition of the wasteful and, in other respects, pernicious Indian feast known as the "Potlach," which is so much in vogue in this Province, and for the suppression of the heathenish dance called the "Tamanawas," the celebration of which is attended with much that is disgusting and degrading to the Indians indulging in or witnessing it, takes effect from this date.

It is hoped that some of the more civilized bands of this Province, as well as of the other Provinces, will avail themselves of the opportunity afforded Irdian communities by the provisions of the Indian Advancement Act, which also received the Royal sanction at the last Session of Parliament, and which is, likewise, now in force to acquire the quasi municipal privileges contemplated thereby.

#### Reserve Commission.

As stated in the prefatory portion of this report, the work of the Commission in alloting reserves was confined, during the past season, to the Kootenay district. The report of the Commissioner, descriptive of its operations in the field, as well as reports of work previously done elsewhere, which were received too late to be inserted in last year's report, are attached as a special appendix to this report.

Two survey parties were engaged in running the boundaries of the reserves which were allotted in previous seasons in the vicinity of Lillooet and Bridge River, and at Ashcroft, and on the Shushwap Lake.

#### Industrial Schools.

The establishment of industrial schools for the education and instruction in useful trades of the Indian children of this Province, has engaged my attention, and communication on the subject has been opened up through the Indian Superintendent at Victoria, with persons who, from the zeal displayed by them in their labors as missionaries among the Indians of the Province, will, it is thought, if they engage in the work involved in educating Indian children, and training them in a knowledge of industries, carry the project to a successful issue. This subject seems also to be one worthy of the consideration of Parliament.

I regret to have to report the perpetration, in March last, at Sumas, on the Fraser River, by an armed mob from the United States, of an outrage, which consisted in the hanging of an Indian boy whom they suspected of having murdered a white man in Washington Territory. The Indians of Fraser River were greatly incensed, and in their indignation armed themselves, with the full intention of crossing the boundary line and hanging the first white man with whom they should meet in United States territory. The agent, Mr. P. McTiernan, who possesses, and justly, the entire confidence of the Indians, proceeded to the spot and succeeded in dissuading them from carrying out their intentions, by assuring them that the Government would cause full enquiry to be made, with a view, if possible, to the identification and bringing to justice of the perpetrators of the crime. Correspondence was opened up in the matter, through the proper channel, with the Government of the United States; but this Department is as yet without advice as to the result, if any has ensued.

With reference to the amount which was voted by Parliament at its last Session, to admit of the Indians of Kemsquit rebuilding their houses, which were destroyed several years ago, when the village was bombarded by Her Majesty's ship "Rocket," under what was apparently a misapprehension as to certain Indians who were suspected of having been guilty of robbing and murdering the crew and passengers of a vessel which was wrecked on the coast, near that village, the Indian Superinten dent at Victoria was instructed, in the early part of the past season, to take steps for

the expenditure of the money in the manner proposed; but up to the present date no report has been received from the Superintendent in the matter.

The Indians of Metlahkahtla and of Fort Simpson, over whom, as well as over the Indians generally of the north-west coast, an agent was placed, as stated in my last Annual Report, refused to receive or recognize that officer. He accordingly returned to Victoria and, as already stated in the introductory part of this report, a stipendiary magistrate was, on the suggestion of Your Excellency, as expressed in an Order in Council of the 2nd June, subsequently appointed by the Government of British Columbia to administer justice on that coast, Mr. Andrew Charles Elliott having been nominated for the position by that Government, on the understanding that the salary of that officer, which was fixed at \$2,600 per annum, should be paid by the Government of the Dominion. Mr. Elliott has also been authorized to act as Indian agent for that region, without any additional pecuniary allowance.

## Cowichan Agency.

The district included in this agency forms the southern portion of the Island of Vancouver. It contains twenty-nine bands, who occupy as many reserves. The agent reports that the Indian population of this district is decreasing. This is occasioned by the prevalence of pulmonary complaints, which frequently prove fatal.

He states that there is, annually, a gradual augmentation in the quantity of grain grown on the various reserves, and that last season sufficient wheat was raised by many of the Indians to supply their families with flour for a whole year. These Indians own a large number of cattle and horses. For the former they obtain liberal prices in the locality.

I regret to report that the feast known as the "Potlach" is still celebrated in this district.

It is hoped that the enactment of Parliament, at its last Session, prohibitory of these gatherings, as well as of the heathenish dance known as the "Tamanawas," will have the effect of putting a stop to the same here and elsewhere in the Province.

Not a few of the Indians of the Cowichan Agency obtained, during the past year, lucrative employment in the vicinity of their reserves, from lumbermen. They were thus enabled to take proper care of their crops, not having had a long distance to travel to their work in the woods.

The agent divided the reserve at Cowichan into individual holdings, and location tickets covering the same were issued by the Department to the different locatees. This has given much satisfaction to them, and application has been made to the agent by other Indian bands to sub-divide similarly their land, and after placing families on the various lots to obtain also location tickets for them.

The absence of schools in this large agency, for the education of the Indian children, is greatly to be deplored. Several of the religious denominations have, from time to time, attempted, through their clergy, to afford instruction to the Indian children of the district, but owing to the lack of interest taken by the Indians in the matter, the attempt has been as often abandoned. The Department is, however, in correspondence, through its Superintendent at Victoria, with the representatives, in British Columbia, of the New England Company, whose efforts for the elevation of the Indian race have a world wide repute, with a view, if possible, to the establishment, under the management of the officers of that company, of an industrial boarding school for instructing, in the ordinary branches of learning, and training the Indian children in a knowledge of useful trades. Keeper Island, which lies off the west coast of Vancouver Island, and on which the New England Company have already established a mission, would, it is thought, he a favorable location for such an institution.

The Indian bands whose reserves are situated in the northern portion of this district depend for subsistence upon fishing and hunting more than upon agriculture or manuel labor. Dog fish are very abundant in the waters of that district, and the oil extracted from these fish is sold to considerable advantage by the Indians.

## West Coast of Vancouver Island.

The Indians of this region are divided into eighteen bands, occupying a like number of reserves. They are under the supervision of an agent who is stationed at Ucluelet. These Indians, with the exception of the band whose reserve is situated at Alberni, support themselves entirely by hunting and fishing; and owing to the large number of fur-bearing seals captured by them during the past year, they are this winter in good circumstances.

The agent reports a small increase in the Indian population of the district. The band who occupy the Opitchesat Reserve at Alberni, devote their attention entirely to home industries, and several of them support their families from the products of the soil, for which they find ready purchasers in the chasseurs of the neighbouring bands. There are five schools conducted under great difficulties in the district. Some idea may be formed of the obstructions with which the teachers have to contend from an incident narrated by the agent for the locality in his annual report (which will be found with the appendice to this report) as having transpired in connection with the school at Kyutka—when the reverend gentleman in charge was held by some of the Indians until others of the band, sixty of whom had forcibly entered the house for the purpose, had released two Indian boys who had been detained by the teacher in school over the usual hours as a punishment for irregular attendance.

The formation of an Indian police force on each reserve in this agency and in the other agencies of the Province has had a most beneficial effect in suppressing vice generally, more especially the traffic in intoxicants and its attendant evils.

The Kyukahts, who form the largest tribe on the west coast, are remarkable for their industry. They are beginning to erect frame houses on their reserves instead of "rancheries," which is the style of building generally used by the Indians of the coast. The latter are most comfortless structures, affording less protection from the weather than an ordinary barn, and they are doubtless the cause, to a large extent, of the fatal pulmonary diseases which are so prevalent among the Indians of Vancouver Island.

The North-East Coast of Vancouver Island and part of the West Coast of British Columbia.

The Indians occupying reserves in this portion of the Province belong, for the most part, to the Kwawkewlth tribe. Great mortality prevailed during the past year in the various bands, of which there are twenty-five in the Agency. Diseases of the lungs and of the bowels were the most prevalent disorders, contracted from constant exposure to the weather and often increased by want of nourishing food. The Oolachan, a most delicious fish, which abounds in the waters of these parts, was, for some inexplicable reason, not caught in as large quantities as usual by these Indians last season, and they consequently suffered from want of this nutritious food, the fat of which is described as possessing special healing properties which render its use beneficial to invalids.

The depravity existing among the Indian women on this coast is greatly to be deplored. They repair, on arriving at years of puberty to the white centres and enter on lives of prostitution. In fact, they are frequently taken by their depraved parents to these places, and there morally sacrificed to satisfy the greed of the latter for money. This condition of matters is causing a rapid diminution of the population, the number of deaths greatly exceeding that of births, even in some of the larger bands. The male portion of the community, or the larger number of them, compete in the labor market at Barclay Sound and at other points, with other classes, and obtain remunerative wages; but they generally squander their gains in gambling before they return to their reserves.

Unlike the Indians of the west coast, the Kwawkewlths, and the Indians on the east coast of Vancouver Island, for the most part, prefer manual labor to hunting and even to fishing, their salmon fisheries being now to a great extent abandoned by them. To this rule, however, the Noovetees in the northern part, and the Laich Kiviltachs in the southern section of the agency, form an exception. Both of these bands still depend upon the fruits of the chase for a subsistence. The last named band are anxious to have a school established at Cape Mudge village. These Indians are described as being in every way superior to the other branches of the Kwawkewlth nation.

There have been but few transgressions during the past year in this district of the law prohibiting the sale or gift of liquor to Indians. It must, however, be ad-

mitted that the Indians of this agency are the most depraved and ignorant in the Province. There is but one school in operation in the agency, namely, at Alert Bay, where the agent also resides.

#### The Lower Fraser.

The Indian bands and reserves on the lower part of the Fraser River are forty-three in number, and are superintended by an agent who is stationed at New Westminster. The Indians settled upon reserves situated within the district from Yale to New Westminster, cultivated more land last year than they ever had done previously. The limits of this agency were extended during last season to Pemberton Meadows on Harrison River. The Indians of the last named locality do not appear to be in as favorable circumstances as the other bands of the agency. The land upon the reserves is said to be of very inferior quality, and their houses are not well built. They own, however, large numbers of cattle and horses. They are described as being a religious and moral people. There is a noticeable increase in the Indian population at Burrard Inlet mission, Sechelt, Sliamon and Clahoose, At the first named place the Indians have erected a fine church building at a cost, exclusive of their labor on it, of \$3,500.

They have established at this place a code of regulations for the government of their people, which provide for the suppression of intemperance and of immorality generally, and forbid the celebration of heathenish feasts on the reserve.

The Indians of the Lower Fraser are described as a contented and peaceable people, though a bad feeling has, I regret to report, sprung up between them and the Chinese. The Indians find that the latter interfere greatly by competing with them in the various industrial pursuits from which the Indians of this portion of the Province are accustomed to obtain a livelihood.

#### The Lillooet or Williams Lake District.

The Indians in occupation of reserves in this district, which lies north of the Cascade Mountains, are greatly impeded in their agricultural operations by the lack of the means of irrigating their lands. This process is absolutely necessary in this region to render tillage of the soil feasable or pasturage at all good. Consequently, although the actual area of many of the reserves would, on a superficial calculation, warrant the belief that the Indians owning the same have more than sufficient land for all uses, the absence of water, for purposes of irrigation, frequently reduces the actual quantity of land that can be used to a minimum.

The band on the reserve at Williams Lake consist of one hundred and forty-four Indians, and the whole quantity of land in the reserve suitable for farming purposes amounts to only ninety acres. This band has, however, a large proportion of meadow, and the sale of surplus hay cut from it affords them a revenue. The trapping of fur-bearing animals is also followed by some members of the band. Constables

have been appointed on this reserve to preserve order and to prevent the introduction of intoxicants by unprincipled white people. With this end in view, very prompt and effectual measures were also taken by the Indian Agent for the district, Capt. Wm. Laing Meason, which resulted in the conviction and punishment of several transgressors of the law. A considerable amount of immorality, arising from the use of intoxicants, and the cohabitation of Indian men and women with other than their own consorts, is reported to exist on this reserve. This condition of things results, as a matter of course, in the prevalence of disease and poverty, and in the existence of great unhappiness.

Special legislation to put a stop to this evil of illicit intercourse on the part of Indians who, at least, profess to be christianized, appears to be necessary.

In heathen tribes of Indians, however, the kindred evil of polygamy has always been practised, and heathen Indians will only be brought to refrain from practising it when the enlightenment, which ever attends the inauguration of the christian religion among the heathen, shall have changed their views in this as well as in other matters.

On the other hand, were legislation, having for its object the forcible suppression of the evil, to be introduced, I fear that, if it proved operative at all, it would only become so after very serious trouble had ensued, especially with the more populous tribes; and the enforcement of such a law would certainly be attended with difficulties of a most complicated character when it came to be applied to individual cases. For instance, the settlement of the question of priority of right when several women claimed the same man as husband would be most difficult; and then another question, most difficult of solution, would arise, in regard to the legal rights of the children, issue of such marriages. I apprehend, however, that the enforcement of any law that would interfere with their preconceived ideas as to marital rights would be so strongly resisted by heathen tribes generally as to render it inoperative. Moreover, the inculcation in the minds of Indians of principles that will lead them, from conscientious convictions, to abandon voluntarily the habit of polygamy, as well as other heathenish practices, is, I submit, the work of those who charge themselves with the responsibility of imparting instruction to them in the tenets of Christianity.

The band who reside on the reserve at Soda Creek consists of seventy-nine souls, and the arable land on the reserve amounts to about twenty acres, on which crops have been grown for fifteen years in succession.

Like the Williams Lake band, these Indians have good meadow land. They are described as being very industrious and cleanly in their habits, residing in well-built houses, which are kept in an orderly and neat manner. The most of them also own stables, and many have outhouses wherein to keep their supplies and implements.

The great want of this tribe is a sufficiency of suitable land for farming purposes. If this want were supplied, they would soon be in a comfortable condition.

Constables have been appointed to maintain order on this reserve, and the effect has been the repression of the liquor traffic, and of vice generally.

On the reserve at Quesnelle there is a considerable quantity of good agricultural land. The Indians occupying it have not, as yet, however, attempted to farm. Implements were given to them last summer, and they will probably now make an effort to cultivate land. These Indians are employed as boatmen, and they also hunt and trap fur-bearing animals. The estimated annual value of the furs thus taken by this band amounts to \$100,000, the Indians receiving payment therefor in goods, the duty upon which, at this point alone, is estimated to average \$16,000 per annum.

The reserve at Alexandria is situated on both sides of the Fraser River. Some of the land on the western side of the river is suitable for farming. On the east side, however, it is totally unfit. The Indians on the latter portion of the reserve appear to have become thoroughly demoralized, owing to the presence of two licensed taverns in close proximity to their village, whereat they obtain intoxicants ad libitum. The result is, that sickness and destitution are observable in every dwelling. A different state of things exists on the portion of the reserve that lies on the western side of the river. The houses of the Indians on that tract are described as being well built and kept clean.

On the Alkali Lake Reserve one hundred and seventy-nine Indians reside. There is a considerable quantity of good land in this reserve. It, however, requires irrigation to render it cultivable, and this cannot be obtained without the performance of much labor, and the exercise of an amount of skill in building a dam, which these Indians do not possess. In the meantime they cultivate but ninety acres of land, using the balance of the land as grazing ground for their horses, of which they possess five hundred.

These Indians, as a rule, are industrious and temperate in their habits. They work on wages for their white neighbors, and hunt. They are enabled from these sources to support their families in some degree of comfort. On the Reserve at Dog Creek their are only eleven Indians. They have thirty acres of arable land, from which they manage to obtain a subsistence.

The band occupying the reserve at Canoe Creek consists of one hundred and seventy-eighth souls. The quantity of cultivable land in the reserve does not amount to eighty-nine acres. These Indians are described as a useless lot of people. They live in idleness, not having a sufficiency of cultivable land to occupy their time in tilling it. They, however, own over five hundred horses.

The population of the band in occupation of the reserve at Clinton is sixty-one. These Indians used to be notorious as drunkards and for disorderly conduct generally. By the exertions in their behalf of the Government agent at Clinton, Mr. Soues, they have now became models of sobriety and decorum. Many of them obtain employment at remunerative wages from the white people of the locality.

Implements and seed were supplied these Indians in the spring; but for want of water for irrigating the land, it did not even yield, in 1883, as much as was planted in it, and the agent states that even when the land is irrigated the area will not be sufficient to yield support for more than one-third of the band.

The number of Indians on the Pavilion Reserve is seventy-one. There is but little agricultural land on the reserve, and the largest portion of it is of the poorest quality. Another reserve was, however, allotted to these Indians on the opposite side of the Fraser, which is reported to contain good agricultural land; and as many of the younger members of the band have acquired a knowledge of farm work from the white farmers in the neighborhood, for whom they have been in the habit of working, they will, no doubt, turn this knowledge to good account when they begin to work the land on the new tract allotted to their band.

The chief of this band has purchased from a white man a farm of fifty acres near the reserve. Some of these Indians engage in gold mining on their own account with, however, but limited success.

The band who occupy the Fountain Reserve number two hundred and thirteen souls. They own about one hundred and seven acres of cultivable land. These Indians suffered a severe loss by the decease, last winter, of their excellent chief, Chilpuseltz. He was a most worthy man and displayed much judgment and ability in the management of his band and reserve. They are, as a result, an exemplary body of Indians, both as regards industry and general behavior. Many of them work at gold mining.

Nine members of this band purchased a good farm from a white settler. It is situated about nine miles from the reserve.

On the reserve at Lillooet there are one hundred and seventeen resident Indians. The agricultural land in this tract does not exceed a quarter of an acre for each alult, and owing to the number of years it has been under crop continually, the return from the land is now scarcely worth the labor involved in tilling it. Their houses are as a rule, of a good description, and are kept in a creditable manner. These Indians are very industrious and enterprising, engaging with skill in gold mining. They have applied for a school to be established on the reserve.

The Indians occupying the reserve at Bridge River number eighty souls. This reserve, though extensive in area, really comprehends but little arable land, and the latter is rocky in character and of poor quality.

The houses of these Indians are remarkable for the good workmanship displayed in their construction, and for the neat manner in which they are kept.

The members of this band are expert in gold mining; but owing to the mines having become exhausted, they now barely earn a temporary subsistence from that occupation.

The reserve at Cayoosh, which is distant about three miles from Lillooet, is occupied by eighty Indians. They have only ten acres of farm land in the tract. Thirty-six members of the band have no lands to cultivate. These Indians also work at gold mining.

On the reserve at Pashilquee (which is described by the surveyor as Cayoosh Reserve No. 2), situate about five miles south of Cayoosh Reserve, there is a resident Indian population of only thirty-six souls. They have fenced in and put under cultivation about ten acres of very poor and stony land; and the agent reports that there is not sufficient water in the locality to irrigate one-half of that small quantity of land. These Indians also engage in mining for gold.

The Chuwack Reserve, which is situated on the Fraser, about six miles further south, is occupied by a small band of fifteen Indians. They have about ten acres of good land on the reserve, and as they cultivate the whole of it, they have a larger area in proportion under crop, and are therefore in better circumstances than the other bands previously referred to.

On this reserve the agent discovered that some Chinese, workers in the mines, had introduced the smoking of opium among the Indians, and information having been laid before him against five of these foreigners for violating the law in this respect, they were convicted and severally fined \$50 and costs.

The reserve at High Bar, which is situated about forty miles north of Lillooet, on the Fraser River, is occupied by a band of forty Indians. They have only ten acres of cultivable land. There is a large quantity of good land in the reserve, which is, however, not arable, owing to the lack of water for irrigating it. These Indians are describled as being thriftless, lazy and poverty stricken. They live on the fruit of the chase, and deer being plentiful in the locality, they can always procure a supply of food.

The Chilcotin Indians have not as yet been allotted reserves. They are distributed among several bands. That of Chief Toosey consists of ninety six souls. Owing to the small number of salmon (which was insufficient to feed even those that were fishing) caught last season and the total failure of the crop of berries, these Indians will, it is feared, suffer great privation during this winter.

The band of Chief Anohern comprises one hundred and ninety-three Indians. They have established a village and have erected a church building upon a large flat of land, situated about forty miles up the Chilcotin River, where they have also fenced in about fifty acres; but owing to the frost having in the year 1883 destroyed their crop, they were indisposed to plant extensively last year.

The band of Chief Kanim reside at a short distance down stream from the village last described. These Indians prefer hunting and trapping to manual labor.

The band of Chief Kivek, numbering forty-five souls, occupy a village a few miles distant from that of Kanim's band. They are also hunters and trappers.

The Chilcotin Indians are most anxious to have reserves allotted to them. There are grist mills in the part of the country which they frequent, and the Indians are not slow to recognize the advantage that will accrue to them from having these facilities for turning their grain into flour; but they say that, until they are assured in the possession of the lands claimed by them, by the same being regularly allotted to them, they are afraid to make any important progress in cultivating land, lest it should be pre-empted by white men, and they would then lose the fruit of their labor. The Indian Reserve Commissioner will, it is expected, be able to settle, in the ensuing spring, the land question for the Chilcotin Indians.

The character of the Indians generally of this agency for industry and propriety of conduct is well known. They have also acquired, from working for the white farmers in the district, a knowledge of farming; but the proportion of land fit for tillage allotted to them, as is amply demonstrated in the description above given of each reserve, quite puts it out of their power to earn a subsistence from that source; and as hunting and trapping, on which the greater number of these Indians depend for a living, and gold mining, in which many of them also engage, are rapidly becoming exhausted as means of supply for them, it appears imperative that additional land, that can be farmed with profit, should be furnished to them without further delay.

## Kamloops and Okanagan.

The Indian Agents for both of the above districts having resigned in the early part of the season, Mr. Joseph W. McKay, who was appointed, as has been already stated, Indian Agent for the north-west coast, but who had returned to Victoria, owing to the refusal of the Indians at Metlahkatla and Fort Simpson to recognize him as their agent, was, by order of Your Excellency in Council, of the 30th of June last, appointed Indian Agent for the Kamloops and Okanagan districts. It was thought that considering the advanced state of the Indians of these districts, one Agent might be sufficient; and therefore, as a matter of economy, Mr. McKay was charged with the duty of superintending the Indians of both districts, thus saving one-fourth of the amount of salary previously paid the two agents.

In consequence of the changes above referred to in the Indian Agency for these two districts, no annual report has been received respecting the Indian bands and reserves therein.

The Department has, however, no reason for concluding that the past year was other than one of prosperity and progress with the Indians of those parts of the Province. Their past record shows them to be an industrious and, in many instances, an enterprising people. Those inhabiting the district of Kamloops are distributed among sixteen bands, resident on as many reserves. They derive their principal means of support from agriculture, salmon fishing, and manual labor on railways, steamboats, and on the farms of white settlers.

The Indians of the Okanagan district consist of thirteen bands, who occupy an equal number of reserves. They cultivate land to some extent, but their principal means of support are derived from stock raising.

#### ACCOUNTANT'S BRANCH.

The amount at the credit of the Indian Fund, which consists of all moneys which have accrued from annuities secured to the Indians under Treaty, as well as from sales of land, surrendered by them to be sold for their benefit, and which funds are held in trust for the benefit of numerous Indian Tribes and Bands, was, on the 30th June, 1884, \$3,271,910.02, being an increase of \$121,381.27 over the amount at the credit of the fund on the same date last year.

The expenditure from the same fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$271,437.90, being \$7,133.18 less than last year's expenditure.

The following statement shows the expenditure on account of the Parliamentary appropriations during the same period:—

Manitoba and North-West	<b>\$1,025,675.68</b>
New Brunswick	4,843.59
Nova Scotia	3,769.61
British Columbia	45,891.12
Prince Edward Island	1,993.87

Accounts kept and balanced daily 215, being 15 more than those of last year.

Pay cheques issued, 5,300, being 852 in excess of those issued last year. Certificates for credits, 165, being 10 more than last year.

Statements with vouchers forwarded to the Auditor-General, 48.

Statement B, placed herewith, and the subsidiary statements, Nos. 1 to 65, inclusive, which follow it, contain details of revenue and expenditure in connection with the respective tribal accounts; and Statement C 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and the seventeen subsidiary statements from A to P following, supply similar information with respect to the Parliamentary appropriations for Indian purposes.

#### LAND SALES BRANCH.

The quantity of land sold during the year for the benefit of the Indians, was 24,1751 acres. The sales of these lands amounted to \$44,610.28.

The approximate quantity of Indian land now in the hands of the Department for disposal is 473,910 acres.

The collections made on account of old and new sales of land and timberamounted to \$85,672.81. Tabular Statement No. 1, which will be found among the appendices to this report, contains particulars in respect to the various lots and the quantity of land sold in each township during the year. It also shows the area of land in each township remaining unsold.

#### GENERAL BUSINESS.

Location tickets issued and entered	37
The number of new land sales entered	
" payments on leases entered	
Agents' returns examined, &c. "	219
Assignments of lands examined and registered	
Descriptions for patents examined, &c	247
Patents examined and despatched	242
Cancellations of patents	
Cancellations of sales of lands	

The number of letters received during the year was 14,778, being an increase of 2,102 over the year 1883.

The number of letters written was 11,938, covering 16,007 folios, being an increase of 1,472 letters and 1,621 folios over last year.

Memoranda, reports, &c., covering 1,839 folios.

Besides the above there is a large amount of work done in the shape of memoranda for letters to be written and for things to be done, reports on accounts, on schools, on returns of property, on returns of supplies issued and in store; on claims to and on other matters respecting land transactions; on surveys; the drawing of plans and other technical work connected therewith, and with the erection of buildings, and with the construction of ditches, fences, bridges, and roads. Numerous searches have also to be frequently made for documents and for information in respect to past transactions. Of all of this work no record has been or can be conveniently kept.

Placed herewith will be found the reports for the past year, which have been received from the Commissioners, Superintendents and Agents connected with the outside service of this Department; also the usual statement showing the population of the various Tribes and Bands of Indians in the several Provinces, Districts and Territories of the Dominion; and a statement showing the property owned, produce raised, and the value of the other industries followed by the Indians; likewise a statement of the condition of the various industrial institutions and schools conducted in the interests of the Indians of the Dominion.

All respectfully submitted,

JOHN A. MAODONALD,
Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.
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# SPECIAL APPENDIX TO SUPERINTEDENT GENERAL'S REPORT.

Indian Reserve Commission, Victoria, B.C., 7th June, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—When en route to Douglas, I was requested by Captain John, the Chief of the Scowlitz, Harrison River Indians, to allot for their use a patch of timber land on the right bank of Harrison River; and as I considered that the land previously reserved for them contained an insufficient supply of wood, I made a Reserve, No. 3, which is fully described in the minutes of decision herewith enclosed.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

Scowlitz Indians.

#### No. 3.

A reserve of three hundred and seventy-five acres, situated on the right bank

of Harrison River, at the mouth of Squawkum Creek.

Commencing at a fir tree, marked "Indian Reserve," about twenty-four chains west of the forty-six-mile post, on the Canadian Pacific Railway, and running north seventy chains; thence east one hundred chains; thence south to the Harrison River; thence along the right bank of the said river to the Canadian Pacific Railway; and thence along the boundary of the said Railway in a westerly direction to the point of commencement.

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

HARRISON RIVER, B.C., 7th May, 1884.

Indian Reserve Commission, Victoria, B.C., 7th June, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to forward herewith rough sketches and minutes of decision of the reserves allotted by me on the 6th May to the Chehalis Indians resident at Harrison River.

As previously reported, this band was visited by me in May, 1881, but owing to the absence of the chief and the greater number of his people, I could not then deal with their lands.

During a conversation with "Squalis" (Captain Bob), the chief, he complained that, owing to want of hay, his tribe had two years ago lost eighty-five head of cattle, and that his present reserve was principally sand and gravel, and therefore requested that some hay and timber land should be given him.

Having examined the localities I made the following reservations:—

No. 1. A tract of land of five hundred and twenty-five acres (situated to the north of and adjoining the old Chehalis Reserve) containing ninty acres of open grassy meadow, on which an abundant supply of hay can be obtained; it also includes the Indian potato gardens, and about one hundred acres of good bottom land, which, if cleared and cultivated, would produce large crops. The remainder is principally rocky and covered with scrub timber.

No. 2. A plot of sixty acres, situated on the left bank of Harrison River about a mile above the Chehalis Village. The old burial ground of the tribe is included in this reservation. The soil for the most part is of inferior quality, but being well

wooded is specially valued by the Indians.

This tribe number about one hundred and twenty-six, viz., forty-eight men, fifty-two women, twenty-six children. Their principal fishery is on the Harrison Rapids, immediately in front of their village.

I have the honor to be, Sir.

Your obedient servant,

P. O'REILLY, I. R. C.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

#### Chehalis Indians.

The old Chehalis Reserve of six hundred and twenty-six acres is hereby confirmed, with an addition of five hundred and twenty-five acres, described as follows :-

Commencing at the northern corner post of the old reserve, and running north to a point due west of the south-eastern corner post of Mr. George Morris' claim; thence east to the said corner post; thence following the slough in a southerly direction to the north-eastern corner of Mr. A. Onderdonk's claim; thence along the northern and western boundaraies of the said claim, to the boundary of the old reserve, and thence magnetic west forty chains to the place of commencement.

#### No. 2.

A reserve of sixty acres, situated on the left bank of Harrison River, about a

mile above Chehalis.

Commencing at a fir marked "Indian Reserve," on the left bank of the river and running south ten chains; thence east thirty chains; thence north to the Harrison River; and thence following the left bank of the said river to the place of commencement.

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

HARRISON, B. C., 6th May, 1884.

Indian RESERVE COMMISSION. VICTORIA, B.C., 6th June, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you that on the 5th ultimo I visited the band of Indians residing at Douglas, to complete the work left unfinished on my former visit to that place. (See report, 15th March, 1882.)

The chief, "Jim Douglas," was absent at New Westminster, but I was fortunate in securing the attendance of the second chief, "Paul," a very intelligent Indian, who, with the principal men of his tribe, accompanied me to view the land they wished reserved for them. Their demands being reasonable, I had no difficulty in allotting to them the following tracts:—

#### No. 6.

"Le lachen," situated on the Lillooet River, about three miles from its mouth, contains sixty acres, and includes the two favorite fishing stations used by this band. Apart from its value as a fishery, the land is worthless, being principally rocky, covered with timber of small size.

#### No. 7

Is an ancient graveyard, situated on the right bank of the Lillooet River.

#### No. 8

Is a reserve of about six hundred and sixty-six acres, having a frontage on Douglas Lake and the Lillooet River, and its northern boundary is the now described town of Douglas.

The greater part of this land, though good soil, is subject to overflow during the freshets. Were it cleared it would produce good crops of hay. About ten acres have been cultivated by the Indians as potato gardens. Cedar, spruce and cottonwood, in sufficient quantities for the use of the tribe, are found on this reserve.

This completes the reservations for the Douglas tribe, as far as I am able to deal with them; but I would respectfully call your attention to the concluding paragraph in my report of the 15th of March, 1832, in reference to the Pemberton Meadows.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

Douglas Indians.

#### No. 6.

"Le-la-chen," a reserve of sixty acres, situated on the Lillooet River, about three miles from its mouth.

Commencing at a cedar marked "Indian Reserve," on the right bank of Lillocet River, and running east ten chains; thence south thirty chains; thence west twenty chains; thence north thirty chains; and thence east ten chains, to the place of commencement.

#### No 7.

A graveyard of about three-quarters of an acre, situated on the right bank of

Lillooet River, about a quarter of a mile below "Le-la-chen."

Commencing at a cedar marked "Indian Reserve," and running west two chains; thence south three chains; thence east to the Lillooet River; and thence up the right bank of the said river to the place of commencement.

#### No. 8.

Douglas, a reserve of six hundred and sixty-six acres, situated on the eastern

shore of Douglas Lake and both banks of the Lillooet River.

Commencing at a cedar marked "Indian Reserve," on the right bank of the Lillooet River, at the mouth of "Slickquot" Creek, and running south sixty chains; thence east one hundred and fifty chains; thence north sixty chains; thence west twenty chains; thence north to a point due east of the south-eastern corner of Douglas town site; thence west to the said corner; thence along the eastern shore of Douglas Lake to the most southerly point thereof; thence west to the Lillooet River; and thence up the right bank of the said river to the place of commencement.

P. O'REILLY, 1.R.C.

Douglas, B.C., 5th May, 1884.

## INDIAN RESERVE COMMISSION,

VICTORIA, B. C., June 5th, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of I

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to state for your information that, having completed the reservation of land for the Yale Indians, I proceeded, on the 26th of April, to Spuz-

zum, ten miles distant.

It was at this place that Mr. Sproat, the late Indian Reserve Commissioner, on the 21st of May, 1878, included in the Indian Reserve fifty-two acres of land for which Mr. L. Malatesta had obtained a Crown grant. After a voluminous correspondence between the Provincial and Dominion Governments, it was decided that the former should pay to the Indians the sum of \$325 as compensation, and that an equal amount of land should be given to them elsewhere.

The circumstances having been explained to the chief and his people, I examined

the ground they wished reserved for them, and allotted:

No. 1. A piece containing seventy-five acres, adjoining the southern boundary of the old reserve. Like most of the land in this locality, it is utterly worthless for agricultural purposes. It is prized by the Indians only on account of the timber on

it, which, when converted into cordwood, finds a ready sale.

No. 2 is a piece of land situated two miles below the Alexandria bridge, containing about nine acres, which includes three acres recorded on the 19th of March, 1866, by an Indian woman named Coweki-noe. The woman is dead; but, as the Indians desire to have it, I have added this piece of land to the fishing station reserved by Mr. Sproat on the 21st of May, 1878. With the exception of two potato patches, the ground is rocky and valueless.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

Spuzzum Indians.

No. 1.

A reserve of seventy-five acres, situated on the right bank of Frazer River, nine miles above Yale.

Commencing at the south-western corner of the old Spuzzum Reserve and running south twenty chains; thence east to the Frazer River; thence up the right bank of the said river to the south-eastern corner of the old reserve; and thence along its southern boundary to the place of commencement.

#### No. 2.

A reserve of nine acres, situated on the left bank of Fraser River, about two

miles below the Alexandria bridge.

Commencing at the north-eastern corner of the old fishing reserve and running north twenty chains; thence west to the Fraser River; thence down the left bank of the said river to the north-western corner of the said reserve; and thence along its northern boundary to the place of commencement.

P. O'REILLY, I.E.C.

SPUZZUM, B.C., 26th April, 1884.

Indian RESERVE Commission, Victoria, B.C., 5th June, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to report that in accordance with the suggestion contained in your letter to Dr. Powell, of the 17th January, 1882 (No. 96), I proceeded

to Yale on the 23rd of April to visit the Kuthlalth Reserve.

Mr. Sproat, the late Indian Reserve Commissioner, had already defined a reservation at this place, but had omitted to give the Indians any timber lands. Having made an examination of the ground, I found it desirable to extend the boundaries in an exsterly direction, and I assigned to the tribe one hundred and sixty eight acres, which, except for the firewood upon it, is utterly valueless, being gravel soil of the poorest description.

I enclose herewith a rough sketch and minute of decision of the land referred to.

I have the honor to be Sir,

Your obcdient servant,

P. O'REILLY, 1.R.C.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

#### Yale Indians.

A reserve of one hundred and sixty-eight acres, situated on the left bank of Fraser River, about one mile above the town of Yale and adjoining the Kuthlalth Reserve.

Commencing at the south-eastern corner of the Kuthlalth Reserve and running east forty chains; thence north sixty chains; thence west to the Fraser River; thence down the left bank of the said river to the boundary of the Kuthlalth Reserve; and thence following the said boundary in a southerly direction to the place of commencement.

REILLY, I.R.C.

YALE, B.C., 25th April, 1884.

Indian Reserve Commission, VIOTORIA, B.C., 16th December, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to inform you that, as previously reported in my letter of the 11th June, I proceeded to Kootenay (vid Portland and the Northern Pacific Railroad to Sand Point), and arrived at Wild Horse Creek on the 4th July, where I was met by "Isidore," the Chief of the Upper Kootenay Indians, accompanied by most of his tribe.

I explained the object of my visit, and invited them to show me what lands they most desired to have reserved. Owing, however, to their excessive demands, and not being provided with a competent interpreter, I decided to defer the consideration of their land question, and to proceed to the "Tobacco Plains," 60 miles south of Wild Horse Creek, where a portion of the tribe resides, "David" being sub-chief; and here I was fortunate in being able to secure the services of an experienced interpre-

ter, Mr. John Campbell, who is favorably known to the Indians.

I found "David," the sub-chief, quite as unreasonable in his demands as "Isidore" had been, claiming the whole country from the boundary line to the Columbia Lakes, an area of 1,100 square miles, and I had great difficulty in inducing him to listen to any proposals to the contrary. He repeatedly referred to the large reserves allotted by the United States Government to the Indians, containing millions of acres, and compared them with the small area he asked for. He also pointed out that the chiefs on American territory, only a few miles to the south, received an annual pension of \$500.00 each; and he complained that the Kootenay Indians had received nothing at the hands of the Dominion Government, though the Crees, Blackfeet and Stoneys, on the other side of the mountains, had been furnished with stock, seeds, implements, and even rations.

Mr. Phillips, the only settler in this part of the district, rendered me much assistance at this place, by supplying general information as to the character of the land.

He accompanied me when riding over the country with the chief.

Having made a thorough examination of the most suitable localities. I reserved for the use of this tribe a tract of land containing 11,300 acres, consisting principally of open, rolling ground, interspersed with belts of timber, pine, larch audfir. The houses of this branch of the Kootenay tribe are situated in immediate proximity to the boundary line; they have four acres of land cuitivated as gardens, and about twenty more closely adjacent may be used for a similar purpose. At the northern boundary of this reserve, a stream of water flows from the mountains, but sinks into the ground soon after it leaves the hills. If flumed, which could be easily done, and at comparatively small outlay, it might be brought to a flat of fairly good land, containg about 120 acres.

This reserve is principally valuable as a stock range, the snowfall generally being light; and the Indians drive their horses and cattle here in the spring when grass is .

not to be found elsewhere.

On the 22nd July I returned to Wild Horse Creek, and lost no time in apprizing the Indians of my readiness to confer with them. They waited upon me in a body, headed by their chief, "Isidore." No result was obtained, however, for several The chief stated, again and again, that he would not accept any limits to his reservation, unless they included the whole valley of the Kootenay and Columbia Rivers (from the International boundary line) and followed the base of the Rocky Mountains to the boat landing on the Columbia River. He also refused to give the census of his people, the number of their stock, &c. This was afterwards obtained for me by Mr. D. McLaughlin, an old resident of Kootenay. Mr. McLaughlin speaks the language and knows every Indian in the district. His return may, therefore, be accepted as correct. I informed the chief that I could not accede to any such demand as that made by him, nor could I form any idea of what was necessary for the require

ments of the tribe until I had visited the land. After a good deal of persuasion he promised to accompany me on the following day.

This examination occupied several days, and at length I decided upon the limits of reservation No. 1, as described in the rough plan and minutes of decision herewith enclosed.

No. 1. Reserve is bounded by the St. Mary's and Kootenay Rivers, both of which are accessible to cattle; there are a few alkali lakes, but no running streams. It contains 18,150 acres; of this some 5,000 acres are of small value, being partly washgravel flats on the St. Mary's River, extending the whole length of the southern boundary; and the remainder, a ridge of rough, stony, lightly timbered land, situated in the centre of the reserve. The principal value of this reservation is the range to the west, containing approximately 5,000 acres of excellent bunch grass, and the swamp lands to the east, on the banks of the Kootenay, from which a good supply of hay can be obtained. Should the reclamation scheme in the hands of Mr. Baillie Grohman (and which is encouraged by the Local Government) prove a success, this low stretch of bottom land (which is overflowed during the greater part of the summer) may become of considerable value.

On this reserve, at the time of my visit, about sixteen acres were cultivated without irrigation; the soil is poor and gravelly, and crops are consequently light. The principal village of the Kootenays, consisting of forty-seven houses, is

The principal village of the Kootenays, consisting of forty-seven houses, is situated on the south bank of the St. Mary's River, on the property of the Rev. Father Fouquet. The "St. Eugene Mission" has been established by the Roman Catholics at this place, and here the Indians congregate during the winter months.

On the 5th August I arrived at the Lower Columbia Lake, the place of residence of another portion of the Kootenay tribe, and of whom "Moyeas" is the chief. Here, again, I was met by requests for a greater area of land than I considered necessary, although their demands were not so excessive as those of the other portions of the tribe, and I found them more amenable to reason. They also had a greater claim to favorable consideration, as they had evidently done their best to fence and cultivate such portions of the land as could be irrigated, and had erected comfortable houses for themselves, which they showed me with commendable pride. Having ridden over the land with the chief, and examined the crops and improvements, I decided to allot to them a tract of land embracing 8,320 acres, as shown on rough plan and minutes of decision. Of this, about 100 acres is cultivable, the remainder is broken, rolling and gravelly, lightly timbered with pine and fir, and more or less rocky as it appreaches the base of the mountains. About 800 acres is grassy swamp on the bank of the river, covered by the water at its lowest stages. The Indians prize this, as affording feed for their cattle in winter.

The abandoned pre-emption claims of Thomas Jones, Edward Chancey and Sophie Morischo are included in this reservation. The two former were cancellen in the Land Office at Kootenay, and Mrs. Morischo, who is now living in Americad territory, left the country some years ago, when she sold her improvements consisting

of houses, fencing, &c., to the Indians.

A limited quantity of swamp hay can be cut on the abandoned claim of Mr.

Until recently, these Indians subsisted almost entirely on the products of their annual hunt on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, and on the salmon which formerly were abundant in the Columbia River. These sources of supply being exhausted and game not very plentiful in their own country, they now depend chiefly on their cattle, horses, and gardens, supplemented by what they can earn as herders, packers, or laborers. Considering that until the last few years they had seen nothing of farming operations, some of their little patches are very creditable to them. Wheat, peas and potatoes are their favorite crops; the former being packed to the Mission on St. Mary's River, where there is a small flour mill.

A considerable trade is carried on with the Stoney Indians, who cross the

mountains to buy horses in exchange for rifles, ammunition and furs.

The Indians of the Upper Kootenay number 281 and possess 2,511 horses, and

On completing my work in the Upper Kootenay Valley, I proceeded to visit that of the Lower Kootenay and the Indians resident there. I arrived on the 26th August, and after examination I found that, owing to the periodical overflow of the river, which extends to the very base of the mountains, it was impossible to procure land suitable for agricultural or even garden purposes in that valley.

Through the interpreter, Mr. McLaughlin, the Indians asked that land be given them on the right bank of the Kootenay River, about 2½ miles north of the International boundary line. I acceded to their request, and made Reservation No. 4, though most reluctantly, for a more worthless piece of land, in its present condition.

cannot well be imagined.

Of the 1,600 acres so reserved, 1,200 are swampy marsh land, inundated during the freshets, and never quite dry, even at low water. About 500 acres of open, grassy land might be sufficiently reclaimed to grow swamp hay, by cutting through

the banks of the river, which are higher than the surrounding country.

Should the Kootenay reclamation scheme be carried out, the whole 1,200 acres could be brought into cultivation, and would, I believe, prove a valuable piece of land. The soil is an alluvial loam, with clay in places, and a top stratum of vegetable mould. The banks of the river are covered with a dense growth of willow and crab, with cottonwood interspersed. The remaining 400 acres, situated on the foot hills of the mountain, are absolutely worthless, except for the scrub timber upon them, which affords an abundant supply of fuel. An attempt has been made by the Indians to cultivate four small patches on the hill-side. All of these have failed, the crop barely returning the seed planted.

This branch of the Kootenay tribe is the least advanced in civilization, being far removed from any white settlement. Formerly, they crossed the Rocky Mountains to hunt, but the buffalo being exterminated, they now depend principally on fish and berries for their subsistence, and are frequently in distress when these are not obtainable. They have the character of being superstitious, lazy and deceitful, and are great adepts at gambling. They number fifty-two men, thirty-five women and seventy-three children, a total of 160, of whom "St. Pierre" is the sub-chief;

and they are possessed of forty horses and five cattle.

In conclusion, I think it well to state again, that I experienced very great difficulty in dealing with the Indians of the Kcotenay country. Their demands for large tracts of land were induced by the reasons I have before given, but I am glad to say that finally they appeared satisfied with the allotments made for them, and which, I believe, will not materially interfere with white settlement.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. O'REILLY,

Indian Reserve Commissioner.

MINUTES OF DECISION.

Upper Kootenay Indians.

No. 1.

A reserve of eighteen thousand one hundred and fifty acres (approximately)

situated at the mouth of St. Mary's River, Kootenay district.

Commencing at the south-eastern corner post of B. M. Jenkin's pre-emption, No. 2, and running west three hundred and twenty chains; thence south to the St. Mary's River; thence down the left bank of the said river to its confluence lxxv

with the Kootenay River; and thence up the right bank of the said Kootenay River to the place of commencement.

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

Kootenay, B.C., 20th August, 1884.

## Upper Kootenay Indians.

No. 2.

A reserve of ten thousand five hundred and sixty acres (approximately)

situated at Tobacco Plains, Kootenay district.

Commencing at a monument on the International boundary line, at the foot of the Rocky Mountains, and running east ten chains; thence north twenty chains; thence west eighty chains; thence north five hundred chains; thence west two hundred chains; thence south five hundred and twenty chains; and thence east two hundred and seventy chains, to the place of commencement.

All water flowing through this reserve is allotted for the use of the Indians.

P. O'REILLY, I.R.O.

Kootenay, B.C., 18th July, 1884.

## Upper Kootenay Indians.

No. 3.

A reserve of eight thousand three hundred and twenty acres (approximately), situated between the Lower Columbia Lake and the Rocky Mountains, Kootenay district.

Commencing at the south-western corner of Mr. G. Hope Johnston's pre-emption, No. 23, and running east eighty chains; thence south eighty chains; thence east two hundred and twenty chains; thence south two hundred and eighty chains; thence east one hundred and twenty chains; thence south two hundred chains; thence west to the Columbia River; thence following the right bank of the said river, and the Lower Columbia Lake to the south-westerly corner post of John Jones' purchased claim; and thence along the southern and eastern boundaries of the said claim to the point of commencement.

All water flowing through this reservation is assigned for the use of the Indians.

P. O'REILLY, I. R. C.

KOOTENAY, B. C., 9th August, 1884.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

## Lower Kootenay Indians.

A reserve of one thousand six-hundred acres (approximately), situated on the right bank of the Kootenay River, about three miles north of the Intercolonial boundary line.

Commencing at a pine tree marked "Indian Reserve," and running east for ty chains; thence south one hundred and eighty chains; thence west to the Kootenay River; thence down the right bank of the said river to a point due west of the starting point; and thence east to the place of commencement.

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

LOWER KOOTENAY, B. C., 28th August, 1884.

## Indian Reserve Commission,

VICTORIA, B.C., 17th December, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa

Sir,—I have the honor to inform you that on the 11th of August I visited a band of Indians, offshoots of the Shuswap tribe, near Kamloops, who, under the leaderships of a Chief named "Kinbasket," some forty years ago migrated from Shuswap and settled in the Columbia valley. Although connected by marriage and association with the Kootenays, this band has preserved its language and individuality, and

presents a favorable contrast to its neighbors, being superior to them in every respect.

After much conversation with "Kinbasket," in presence of the tribe, he stated that he wished to have his land at the foot of the Lower Columbia Lake, where he had lived for many years. Their demands were, I considered, in excess of their requirements; so after a careful examination, I allotted them two thousand seven hundred acres on the right bank of the Columbia River. This includes their church, their houses, and their cultivated ground, also a prairie containing about four hundred acres of excellent soil to irrigate, which water can be brought without difficulty from Shuswap Creek. The greater part of the reserve is poor quality soil, much broken with ravines and thickly timbered with fir and pine, both black and red. the time of my last visit, twenty-eight acres were under fence and partly cultivated; some thousands of split rails were on the ground, in readiness to fence their land so soon as it was defined. Owing to the depth of the snow fall this is not a good winter range for cattle; consequently the necessity for providing fodder will be an inducement to these Indians to utilize their agricultural land, of which they have an abundance. At present their horses exist during the winter on the grass and rushes standing above the ice in the river bottoms. These Indians number fifty-eight, and own three hundred and twelve horses and two cows; they bear an excellent character for industry, and have been continually employed by the Railway survey parties as packers and canoemen. They are good guides, hunters and trappers. They exhibit a strong desire to engage in agriculture, and will, I think, turn their land to good account.

A large and profitable salmon fishery formerly existed on this reserve, but for some years past only a few fish have been caught by the Indians, owing to the estab lishment of many canneries, and the systematic destruction of the fish in the

Columbia River in American territory.

In every case, where practicable, a supply of water has been reserved, sufficient for the use of this band, as is more particularly described in the minutes of decision forwarded herewith.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

#### MINUTES OF DECISION.

## Shuswap Indians-Kinbasket's Band, Columbia Lakes.

A reserve of two thousand seven hundred acres (approximately), situated on the right bank of Columbia River, near the foot of the Lower Columbia Lake,

Kootenay district.

Commencing at a fir tree marked "Indian Reserve," and running east fifteen chains; thence north one hundred and twenty chains; thence west sixty chains; thence north eighty chains; thence west forty chains; thence north forty chains; thence west to the Columbia River; thence upthe right bank of the said river to a point due west of the starting point; and thence east to the place of commencement.

The water of Shuswap Creek (which flows through this reserve) and 100 inches

of water from Aylmer Creek, are also allotted for use on this reserve.

P. O'REILLY, I.R.C.

## PART I

OF THE

## REPORT OF DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

GRAND RIVER SUPERINTENDENCY. Brantford, 26th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,-I beg to transmit my Annual Report and tabular statement for the year

ended 30th June last.

In the completion of twenty two years' service as your visiting Superintendent and Commissioner for this Agency, I can give positive assurance of marked progress by the Indian people under my charge, in all that pertains to their prosperity—in population, education, moral and social condition, and in their agricultural industry, to which nearly all, happily, adapt themselves.

During the year named, the changes in population have been:

In the Six Nations :-Births .... Additions by returned absentees and their wives..... 13 112 Removals, women married into other bands...... 3 86 In the Mississaguas:-Births ..... Additions by marriage..... 11 Deaths ...... The Mississaguas Total population......3,448

The rule excluding illegitimates has, it is believed, a salutary effect. The general health, as reported by the medical attendants, has been fair, but which, it is thought, would be much improved were the dam across the Grand River at Caledonia removed, and a proper system of drainage adopted for the Reserve. The Six Nations met with a serious loss in the death of their interpreter, Chief George H. M. Johnson, at the age of 68, whose end was hastened by wounds inflicted on two occasions some years ago, by a tavern keeper and wood depredators, for discharging his duty. He was most active, enterprising, and zealous in the mainten-

ance of the rights and nationality of his people, faithful and fearless in obedience to any command, and most loyal to Her Majesty the Queen.

The School Board of the Six Nations continues its successful work, as shown by

the accompanying report of its honorary secretary.

In addition to their eight schools are four others. The Mohawk Institute, with its ninety pupils (male and female), supported by the New England Company, of London, England, is still in charge of its Superintendent, Mr. R. Ashton, who has carried into effect the training of Indian teachers, thus supplying a—hitherto—great want.

The Indians are advancing in agriculture, as is shown by many of their farms.

Their houses, outbuildings and fences are generally good.

In my last Annual Report I had to refer to a deficient crop; now, unfortunately, to one so much more serious, as to necessitate relief in provisions to a number of families.

The grist and saw mills alluded to in my last year's Report have been completed

and are in successful operation, to the convenience and benefit of the people.

In October last the Six Nations Agricultural Society held its sixteenth annual show in their spacious building and grounds, and notwithstanding the failure in crops, proved to be, on the whole, an excellent—though small—exhibit in grain, stock, dairy products, vegetables, preserves, needlework, and even the fine arts.

The press was represented by several reporters, and the editorial columns of one

of the newspapers closed an article with the following paragraph:-

"No intelligent man could have attended this agricultural exhibition by the Six Nations Indians without being convinced of the great progress made during the past few years in the moral, intellectual and physical condition of these tribes of the aboriginal inhabitants of Canada, whatever may be said to the contrary by superficial observers and commentators on Indian morality, progress and civilization." While another editor remarked: "The exhibition serves fully to demonstrate, in a marked degree, the rapid and continued onward progress of our red neighbours."

In consequence of similar shows in adjoining townships the attendance of whites was much smaller than usual, but several prominent gentlemen from Brantford,

and some farmers, were interested and surprised with what they saw.

The Six Nations annual ploughing matches came off at a later day, during fine weather. The soil proved rather dry. There were ten adult competitors (fewer than usual) for the seven useful prizes, the youths having their matches on a subsequent day.

Many spectators were present.

In presenting the Governor General's prize plough to the winner, Jackson Jimison, I took occasion to address those present, pointing out the necessity for good and deep ploughing; that all should practice it, become skilled, and contend for the prizes offered.

At the close of an article upon the ploughing matches, the editor observes:—

"We returned, after an agreeable day, impressed with the conviction, that our Indian neighbours are progressing, and are entitled to the highest encomiums for the great mental, moral and material improvement they are making year after year."

It is pleasant, too, to relate increased zeal in the performance of statute labour, and that much work is done, while the numerous culverts and bridges are cared for

at considerable cost.

The spirit and aim of the Indian Act, for the suppression of giving or selling liquor to Indians, has, I regret to state, been frustrated by repeated and successful efforts of counsel to question the provisions of the Act.

This course renders some amendment necessary, in order to prevent interference

with an object of such paramount importance to the Indian race.

The Indian Councils and people generally are strong advocates for the exclusion of liquor, and it is a matter of surprise and regret that any one should assist in opposing the benevolent wishes of the Government, and the earnest desire of the Indians for their own welfare.

Upon the departure of His Excellency the Marquis of Lorne, and Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, the Six Nations Council sent a farewell address, to which a gracious answer was given.

And, upon the arrival of His Excellency the Marquis of Lansdowne and Lady Lansdowne, a decorated address of welcome was forwarded, which received an

admirable lengthy reply.

Upon learning of the death of His Royal Highness the Duke of Albany, the Chiefs again evinced their sympathy and loyalty, by a message of condolence to the Queen, Her Majesty most graciously responding, with Her grateful thanks.

In October last His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Robinson, accompanied by the Provincial Secretary and Mrs. Hardy, with several gentlemen,

visited the Chiefs in their Council House.

The Governor was received in a most loyal spirited manner, with a royal salute,

the bands playing the National Anthem.

After opening a Council and interchange of addresses, His Honor left with

similar manifestations as upon his arrival.

In conclusion, I have to refer to the usual fitting recognition of Her Majesty's Birthday, upon the 24th of May, which was celebrated with the proverbial "Queen's weather," by about 1,200 Indians in gay attire, the customary programme being carried into effect in a most creditable manner.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. P. GILKISON, Visiting Superintendent and Commissioner.

WALPOLE ISLAND AGENCY,
WALLACEBURGH, ONTARIO, 25th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

Sir,—In accordance with instructions contained in your circular of 3rd April last, I herewith transmit census and tabular statement of the Chippawas and Pottawattamies of this Agency, for the year ended 30th June, 1884, together with a copy of the census of both bands taken by me in April last.

Owing to the almost total failure of crops in the season of 1883, the Indians had pretty hard work to get through the winter, but with a few exceptions they managed to get through without much hardship. The harvest for this year (1881) is now

nearly over, and crops of all kinds are exceptionally good.

The Indians are turning their attention more to cultivating the land, and are making some progress. Those who confine themselves entirely to agriculture are in much the best circumstances.

You will notice by the tabular statement sent herewith that many of them have

quite a good exhibit.

The Indians are for the most part very comfortable in their houses, many of them having all the necessaries and some of the luxuries found in the houses of the

better class of wnite farmers.

The crops, such as corn, potatoes, beans, &c., have been very well attended to this year, in the way of hoeing and cultivating, and have given much encouragement in the increased yield, showing that it is well worth their while to cultivate the land. There will be a larger quantity of wheat sown this fall than usual, as they are beginning to see the advantage of having their bread for the coming season ensured.

The land is of the best quality, and will produce all kinds of crops with very ittle labor. Fruit of all kinds grows with very little trouble. Many of the Indians

have fine orchards and raise considerable fruit for sale.

The Indians are giving more attention to the housing and feeding of their stock during the winter, but there is plenty of room for improvement in this particular.

A better breed of cattle and horses is much needed, as their stock is pretty well

run out. A new breed of pigs altogether would be a positive advantage.

There are two schools on the island, the Chippewa school, under the auspices of the Church of England, and the Pottawattamie school, under that of the Methodist Church. Both of these schools have been kept fairly well during the last year, and the children have made some progress. The average attendance has not been very large but has been more regular, and a better system of teaching has been adopted. Many of the parents are getting quite anxious about the education of their children. Divine service is held in both churches every Sunday, which is well attended. The Indians appear at church clean and well dressed, and are orderly and attentive.

The Pottawattamies have the frame of a new church up, and expect to finish it

before winter, when they will use the old church for a Council House.

There is very little imtemperance among the Indians, only a few of the older ones being noticeable in that way, the younger Indians being for the most part sober and well behaved.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

ALEX. McKELVEY,

Indian Agent.

Western Superintendency—1st Division. Sarnia, 2nd September, 1883.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIS,—I have the honor to submit the following Report, together with tabular statement, in regard to the Indian Band in my Agency, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

This being my first Report I would say that since my appointment I have spent a good deal of my time on the reserves. I have tried as much as possible to stimulate the Indians under my charge to industry in the culture of their lands.

Last year their crops were almost a failure, on account of the wet weather and the lack of proper drainage on the Indian farms. But this year, I am happy to

say, their crops are very good.

In preparing the tabular statement, I have been careful to get my estimates as nearly correct as possible, from personal inspection and from the information the different Indians were able to give me.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

A. ENGLISH,

Indian Agent.

WESTERN SUPERINTENDENCY—2nd Division, STRATHROY, ONTARIO, 28th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to forward herewith tabular statement and my annual report of the several bands of Indians within my Agency, for the year ended 30th June last, as requested by your circular, dated 3rd April, 1884:—

The Oneidas of the Thames number	
Births25	
Deaths	
Increase 10	
The Chippewas of the Thames number	452
The Chippewas of the Thames number	
Births	
DIFUES	
T)	
Decrease 8	
The Munceys of the Thames number	123
Births 8	140
Deaths	
Deaths	
Increase 1	
Total	1,345

The Oneidas of the Thames live in the Township of Delaware, County of Middle-

sex, and occupy a reserve of 5,400 acres.

The three schools on this reserve are doing tolerably well, and are fairly attended. During the past year a very creditable two-story hall was built on the south-west part of the reserve, chiefly through the exertions and supervision of Dr. Oronhyatekha, their medical adviser, who spared neither time nor pains over its erection. It is used as a council house for the band, and also as a lodge room for the Orange Society and the Good Templars.

The Chippewas and Munceys live in the Township of Caradoc, County of

Middlesex, and occupy a reserve of 12,095 acres of the best land in the township.

The schools on this reserve are not attended so well as we imagine they ought to be. A number of the Indians who live towards the western part of the reserve are very much away and have their families along with them, thus depriving their children of the opportunity of attending school for a considerable portion of the year, while a very large percentage of the others are very remiss in sending their children to school. The agent and teachers have been trying to impress upon the parents thus remiss the necessity of enforcing more regular attendance, still a very large amount of carelessness exists.

The Methodist Society has built, during the past year, a very neat comfortable church on the northern part of the reserve, which, we trust, will be the means of

much good.

The Mount Elgin Industrial School, under the efficient management of the Rev.

Wm. W. Shepherd, continues to do good work.

The usual supply of blankets has been distributed amongst the aged, infirm and

sick Indians.

The state of the reserve shows a gradual degree of improvement since the unused portions of it have been leased to whites, as good fences are made, and the scrubby timber and brush are disappearing.

Owing to the unusual flood of July and the early frost of August, a very large

Owing to the unusual flood of July and the early frost of August, a very large portion of the crops within my agency were destroyed. The Indians suffered very

much loss in consequence.

A very respectable percentage of the Indians are church members. The Church of England and Methodist Missionary Society have missions on the Caradoc Reserve. They also, with the regular Baptists, have missions on the Oneida Reserve.

The general health of the people during the year has been good.

The Indians are gradually prospering in intelligence and civilization. The great majority of them are well clothed, and make a very respectable appearance in

public among the whites, for whom a number of them are, during a very large portion of the year working.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> THOMAS GORDON. Indian Agent.

WESTERN SUPERINTENDENCY-3RD DIVISION. HIGHGATE, ONTARIO, 20th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Sin,-I have the honor to transmit herewith my annual Report and tabular statement, showing statistics of progress made by the Indians of this Agency. band or tribe is known as the Moravians of the Thames, and now numbers 275, which is an increase of 7 since last report. The general health of the Indians, at the present time, is all that could be desired.

School matters have improved during the past year. The Department erected a new school house on the reserve last fall, with which the Indians are very much pleased; it has caused a better attendance of the children, who are making fair

progress in their studies.

I cannot give as good a crop report as last year, although there was as large a

number of acres under cultivation.

Wheat was a fair crop; oats fair; potatoes and roots good; corn and beans were a total failure, having been destroyed by the frost in September. This was a serious loss to the Indians, as they depend on their corn for bread through the winter.

There has been an increase in the number of tons of hay, owing to a number having seeded down some of their old land, which is a step in the right direction:

The Indians held their second Agricultural Fair on the 25th of October. It was a decided success. The entries were numerous, the attendance large, and the quality of the exhibits, particularly in grain and roots, would compare favorably with many white township exhibitions. They take a great interest in this fair. I am sure itis doing great good among them, as they are already taking greater pains tilling the ground and putting in their crops.

There has also been an increase in the number of acres of new land broken, which, I think, is a direct result of the agricultural fair, as many are not slow to perceive that in order to secure a prize, they must have new land to raise from, and not the same fields that have been cropped and re-cropped for the last twenty or thirty

The roads on the reserve are kept in good order by the Indians themselves, very little help being asked from the Department in this respect.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > JOHN BEATTIE, Indian Agent.

NORTHERN SUPERINTENDENCY—DIVISION No. 1. Indian Office, Manitowaning, Ontabio, 26th August, 1884. The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

Sir.—I have the honor to transmit my Report upon Indian affairs within this Superintendency for the year ended 30th June last.

The past winter has been one of much hardship to many of the Indians under my charge, caused by an unusually early and severe frost, which greatly injured the

crops.

The corn crop, which is next in importance to the potato crop, was entirely destroyed. Potatoes also were, in many instances, frozen in the ground. This deficiency in their food supply caused the prospect, at the commencement of the winter, to be anything but cheering. This condition of matters was reported to the Department, and I was promptly placed in funds to relieve all cases of actual need amongst the Indians.

As the winter advanced, many of the Indians obtained employment getting out railway ties, also on the railway works now in progress, thus enabling them to maintain themselves and their families without assistance. Others were not so fortunate, and had to use their seed grain, and it became apparent, when the planting season arrived, that seed potatoes and grain would have to be furnished to many who would otherwise have been unable to put in crop. This was done, and from the appearance of their gardens, which bid fair to yield abundantly, it is hoped that the coming harvest will place the Indians in a condition to go through the winter well provided with food.

Owing to the scarcity of grain and the reduced catch of furs, and also to the diminished take of fish for domestic use, the latter caused principally by the pound nets, which are now becoming numerous along the shores of the Georgian Bay, the Indians are beginning to realize that a great change is taking place in their condition, and that they will be compelled to devote themselves more to the cultivation of the ground than heretofore, and also to avail themselves of the opportunities for em ployment afforded by the saw mills, lumber shanties and railway works now in progress. The labor of the Indian is in frequent request for such work, also as deck hands on steamboats, and on surveying parties, and would be still more so if he could be relied upon to work for a stated term. It is, however, too frequently the case, that as soon as the Indian has worked for a week or two he gets dissatisfied and wants a change. This uncertainty makes their services less in request than they otherwise would be, as they are generally considered quick, intelligent and good workmen.

The health of the various bands has been fairly satisfactory. All reserves accessible from Manitowaning are periodically visited by the medical officer, Dr. R. M. Stephen, who takes an active and kindly interest in the welfare of the

Indians.

The sale of liquor to Indians continues, I regret to say, notwithstanding the efforts made for its suppression, and during the year seventeen Indians have been fined or imprisoned for intoxication; and, wherever practicable, those who supplied the liquor have been prosecuted. One case, the conviction in which had been appealed, was argued before the judge of this district and the conviction confirmed.

The reserves on the north shore being rarely visited, are more exposed to the machinations of the liquor sellers, and the difficulty in getting the Indians to give evidence against them renders it extremely difficult to bring such offenders to

iustice.

Schools have been in operation during the year at Wikwemikong (boys, girls and industrial), Wikwemikonsing, Buzwales, Sheguiandah, West Bay and Sheshegwaning, upon this island, and at Whitefish Lake, Whitefish River, Mississagua and Serpent Rivers, on the north shore. During the past winter most of the schools were visited (in some cases two or three times) and generally a decided improvement was noticed. During the past summer the schools have been inspected by R. McLean, Esq., Public School Inspector, who will doubtless report tully to the Department. Considerable improvements have been made by the Indians to the roads through their reserves upon this island.

The bridge or roadway to connect Barrie Island with the Manitoulin Island has

been completed and will be a great boon to settlers on Barrie Island.

The Superintendent's dwelling house and Indian office at Manitowaning having become dilapidated, the building has been placed in repair and now presents a greatly improved appearance.

The premises for so many years occupied as a dwelling house and surgery for the medical officer to the Indians at this place, being past repair, have been sold, and an allowance made to the doctor in lieu of rent.

The wharf and storehouse at this place, the property of the Department, have been leased for a term of three years, from the 7th September last, at \$250 per

annum.

The sum of \$10,600 has been, during the year, distributed amongst the Indians

as annuity under the Robinson Treaty and interest upon invested capital.

The sum of \$438.21 has been granted towards the relief of distressed Indians during the past winter and spring. A portion of that amount has been repaid by those whose circumstances enabled them to do so.

A supply of blankets has been received and distributed amongst the old, sick

and infirm Indians.

I believe I may safely say, that although some loss was experienced by the destruction of the crops by frost last fall, yet notwithstanding that circumstance, during the year a considerable degree of prosperity has been enjoyed, and the prospect of an abundant harvest renders the outlook favorable in the extreme for the coming year.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JAS. C. PHIPPS, Visiting Superintendent.

NORTHERN SUPERINTENDENCY—DIVISION No. 2.
PARRY SOUND, ONTARIO, 26th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sin,—I beg to report that I have just concluded the annual annuity visit to the various bands of Indians in this widely spread Superintendency.

As a whole, I find them happy, contented and evincing, at all events, a desire to advance in the path of civilization, while some add strong effort to the mere wish.

The Parry Island Band of Indians—the most favorably situated of any in this superintendency—seem to make laudable efforts in agricultural matters. The abundant demand, however, for labor at adjacent lumbering establishments, tempts them, as well as many white settlers, to neglect the cultivation of the soil for more congenial occupations. In educational matters the advance is slow but steady, and a fair amount of interest is shown in their two schools.

To the Shawanaga Band, the same conditions apply, so that agriculture is not carried on with a desirable zeal. One very serious impediment to agricultural progress, is a migratory habit in which this band indulges. About the beginning of July they move, bag and baggage, from one part of their reserve—the gardens—to another—the fishing ground—where they remain till fall. By so doing, they leave their scanty crops in a great measure to take care of themselves. I am glad to say, however, that the educational interests of the children are fairly well attended to.

The Henvey Inlet Band is very unfavorably circumstanced as far as agricultural matters are considered. Their reserve consists almost entirely of burnt, flat rock, with here and there a patch of dry, sharp sand, and occasional saucer shaped hollows in the rock, of from 1 to 1 acre in extent, in which has accumulated decayed vegetable matters. Notwithstanding these drawbacks, the Henvey Inlet Indians seem to be very superior in intelligence and energy. They perform a sort of statute labor among themselves and seek after thorough tribal organization under the Indian Act. Their school is in an admirable state of efficiency, and they are to be congratulated on having amongst them their present schoolmaster and his family.

The Dokis Band may correctly be termed a tribe of shopkeepers or traders. On my return journey I met the principal members of this community on their way

home from Penetanguishene with four or five boats and large canoes, deeply laden with provisions, groceries, dry goods, sleighs, sewing machines, &c., &c. The property in their possession might be approximately valued at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. With these goods they will trade during the coming fall and winter. They do not occupy their reserve; neither do they attend much to agriculture, nor have they any school.

The Nipissing Band of Indians occupy a large and fertile reserve on the northern shore of Lake Nipissing, the value of which has been much enhanced by the Canada Pacific Railway passing through it, and by the growth of the village of Sturgeon Falls, close to its western boundary. Though possessed of an abundance of tertile land, they do not seem to make much effort at farming. During the past year they have been largely employed on the C. P. Railway and in lumbering operations. Drunkenness was reported among them, and two parties were prosecuted under the 90th section of the Indian Act. This band, though possessed of a large interest fund, does not keep any school, and the existence of discord in its midst convinced me that the present is an inopportune time at which to introduce educational affairs. I hope a more favorable opportunity will present itself next year.

The Temogamingue Band is really a tribe of nomads. I met them at the Hudson's Bay Co.'s factory, on Lake Temogamingue, at a point 40 miles due west of Lake Temiscamingue, on the Ottawa River. They were nearly all living in tents. Hunting and trapping seem to be their principal occupations. They are, however, very solicitous about their backward condition, and earnestly desire that a reserve be surveyed for them, so that they may settle down and devote themselves to agriculture. On pressing the subject of education on their attention, they promised that as soon as they had settled down on a reserve, they would build a school-house and pass a resolution, yielding into the hands of the Indian Department, \$1.00 per capita, out

of their annuity money, towards the salary of a school teacher.

The Gibson Reserve, occupied by part of the Oka Band of Indians, is in an unusually prosperous condition. Comfort and plenty seem on every hand. Both the old and newly-elected chief assured me that they were all prosperous, happy and contented; and I only found one unfortunate consumptive who was not so. They have about 220 acres under cultivation, of which 50 acres were cleared last spring. The soil of the reserve is very good, producing oats 4 and 5 feet in height, and 55 bushels per acre. The settlement, at present, consists of 33 families of 117 souls. They estimate their present crop as follows:—Peas, 150 bushels; oats, 600 bushels; rye, 100 bushels; turnips, 600 bushels; potatoes, 7,000 bushels; timothy hay, 50 tons; beaver hay, 30 tons. Besides winning these agricultural products from the soil, the band has peeled 221 cords of tan bark, for which they have received \$3.50 per cord. They have also earned, during the year, about \$1,700, by the manufacture of lacrosse sticks and whip stocks, and about \$1,200 at saw-mill work. In the way of stock, they own 6 horses, 7 yokes of oxen, 16 cows and 16 head of young stock. The school accommodation is very insufficient. At my suggestion a public meeting of the band will be called, when it is expected that steps will be taken to erect a larger and more commodious school-house. At present there are 21 pupils on the roll, and an average daily attendance of 10.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Yeur obedient servant.

Yeur obedient servant, THOS. S. WALTON,

Indian Superintendent.

Northern Superintendency—Division No. 3. Sault Ste. Marie, 23rd August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to enclose to you my Annual Report, for the year ended 30th June, 1884, of the Garden River, Batchewana and Michipicoten Bands of Indians under my charge.

As will be seen from my statistical statement, the grain crops have fallen off considerably this year. This was mainly owing to the bad season and early frost, the greater part of the Indian corn and wheat having been destroyed. The potato crop was not what was expected, owing to the ravages of the Colorado beetle. Other industries have been about the same as heretofore.

From the fact of no lumbering operations having been conducted on Indian lands this year, the Indians have been obliged to go elsewhere for work. Some found it at the mines, on the border of the surrendered portion of the Garden River

Reserve, while some found winter employment in the United States.

There were several deaths during the year, mostly from age and consumption.

The whiskey evil still prevails, and, from the want of a constable, the Indians escape punishment. As I before stated, the close proximity of the reserve to the United States enables the Indian to purchase and bring over what whiskey he requires. One man met his death from this cause this spring. He was drowned from his boat, while returning at night to Garden River.

The Indians still anxiously enquire as to the time when the arrears, to which they consider themselves entitled, will be paid. I have told them that the matter is

still under the consideration of the Department.

The quantity of land sold in the various townships in my agency during the past year was 3,019 acres, and there is a prospect of more being taken up by settlers this fall.

The attendance at the schools is anything but satisfactory. The parents will not insist on their children going to school, and every opportunity is taken for holiday.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

> WM. VAN ABBOTT, Indian Lands Agent.

Northern Superintendency—Division No. 4. Indian Office, Port Arthub, Ontabio, 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit herewith tabular statement and list of Indians and property under my care for the past year. Since my last Annual Report, I may say that the Indians are more prosperous, particularly in the agricultural way. Their crop of potatoes this year will be about 7,050 bushels, being 2,350 bushelse in excess of last year. They will have a fair return of turnips, carrots and beets. The fish are abundant, and the prices high. This is owing to the building of the Canadian Pacific Railway along the coast of Lake Superior. Wages are also good, and those willing to work have made money.

and those willing to work have made money.

The health of the Indians generally has been good. Diphtheria broke out among the Pic River band, and also an affection of the throat, like croup. I was telegraphed to by the ex-chief, that the children were dying and wanted medical assistance, and I replied immediately to burn equal parts of tar and turpentine in a dish and fumigate the room or wigwam. This was done, getting the remedy from Mr. Spence, of the Hudson's Bay Company, and it had the effect of eradicating the disease entirely. This was while making my annuity payment tour last July, and finding the remedy so effectual, I bought and distributed 200 bottles among the different bands, as a protection.

I may say that intoxicating drink has been given to the Indians this year by unprincipled railroad navvies or men, at Fort William, Red Rock and Pic River. The public works going on is the cause of this. A special constable (an Indian) has been appointed at the Pic River, by my request, for their protection, and two extra

ronstables at Fort William. At the latter place a lock-up is much required to confine night marauders who have been arrested, until they can be brought before the legal

authorities for trial. As it is now, many escape.

The boys' and girls' schools at Fort William are well kept and attended, also the school at Red Rock, which has an excellent teacher, and which has been lately much improved by the supply of school books, tablet lessons, and a blackboard, furnished by the Department, much to the encouragement of the teacher and the children.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant.

J. P. DONNELLY,

Indian Agent.

COUNTY OF RENFREW, GOLDEN LAKE AGENCY, SOUTH ALGONA, ONTARIO, 11th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

SIR,-I have the honor to submit the following report on Indian affairs within

this Agency for the year ended 30th June, 1884; also tabular statement.

During the past year two Indians have died—one was killed in a drunken quarrel with another Indian, and the other, who was 80 years of age and lived alone, was burned to death in his shanty.

There were two births during the year.

The crops, owing to the dry weather, do not look well.

The lands in the agency have been divided among the families composing the band and location tickets issued to each head of a family. They are very much pleased at this, and promise that they will now take much more interest in farming. as each one will have his own land to work upon.

The old chief has been deposed, on account of his age and incompetence, and a new chief has been elected, who takes great interest in the affairs of the band, and

has now the members engaged in opening roads where they are required.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES PAUL,

Indian Agent.

COUNTY OF HASTINGS, TYENDINAGA AGENCY, SHANNONVILLE, 1st September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit, for your information, the following Report, together with the tabular statement, for the year ended the 30th June. 1884. This band now numbers 965, being an increase of sixteen during the year; their were thirty births and fourteen deaths.

There are four schools on this reserve, and I am pleased to be able to report that

they are fairly attended, and that favorable progress is made.

I regret, however, to say, that some of the teachers have not been what we

anticipated.

The farming operations are steadily progressing; the crops were good and pro-

visions were plentiful during the year.

A number of those who have devoted their attention to farming have done very well, as the land on this reserve is well adapted for that purpose.

The greater part of the land under cultivation is occupied by white tenants whose term of lease expires this fall. A number of the buildings and the fences generally have become very dilapidated. The Indians are beginning to see the necessity of leasing their lands for a longer term, in order to allow the tenants to make suitable improvements thereon.

The amount distributed during the year, such as salaries, pensions, annuities, &c., was about (\$5,881.98) five thousand eight hundred and eighty-one dollars and ninety-

eight cents.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
MATHEW HILL,
Indian Agent.

SIMCOE AGENCY, GEORGINA, ONTARIO, 8th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa

Sir,—I have the honor to submit my Annual Report and tabular statement herewith, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

The population shows a net increase of two during the year; the result of five births, one marriage, two deaths, and two expulsions. The last mentioned, Jacob

Johnson and wife, for continued absence and other irregularities.

There is no nominal change in the quantity or value of land improvements in extent, yet practically there is a great improvement in the condition of the land as cultivated. A great portion only partially cleared is being more improved since my last report, and the great object I have in view is to do well what is in hand before pushing into the wooded portion of the reserve.

There still remain many rough places in the district cultivated, which require

attention.

A good many are making good progress in farming. There are a few who neglect to improve their opportunities, and I have tried hard to get them to follow the good example of others.

The yield of produce last year was considerably more than the previous year,

and I think the present year promises even better results.

We had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. Inspector Dingman, who complimented

the band on the apparent good condition of their farming and general thrift.

Two new houses have been built during the year, and the chief has in course of construction a very nice frame barn, which, with improvements he is making in drainage, and in fencing, will make his place quite attractive. A new school house is also in process of completion; it is very neat, and will no doubt serve an excellent purpose.

Two or three of the band were unfortunate in losing their horses, which was a

serious loss.

I have much pleasure in referring to the progress the children are making at school under Mr. Mayes, the teacher, and the continued good average attendance.

I made an effort to let pasture on Georgina Island this summer, but did not succeed very well, taking only a few cattle. It happens that many stock breeders found pasture elsewhere this season, and besides our facilities for conveying animals to and fro are not good, and rather discouraging to those who might be induced to engage pasture. I was anxious to turn this pasture land to good account, to get back the outlay for seed. We hope to succeed better next year.

Intemperance is rare, though a few cases do crop up, which I have made vain efforts to restrain, but the great portion of the band as a rule is generally temperate. On the whole the band is decidedly progressive. The live stock is in excellent con-

tion and tolerably well housed in winter.

The church property is now neatly fenced with boards, and the appearance of the new school house alongside adds much to the locality. The lot opposite has been as yet unimproved, but this summer it is being cleared up, which will lessen the danger to which the property is exposed from fire.

Chief Bigcanoe, who was re-elected the past spring, is a very active, energetic man, and is improving his property rapidly, and is very ready to help those who require and deserve it. Over and above his farming operations, he cultivates bees successfully. He has this year either 13 or 15 hives; a very profitable industry.

I have found a market for firewood cut from dead trees for several of the band,

and this could be increased if an effort were made by those who farm but little.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> J. R. STEVENSON, Indian Agent.

No Report from the Cape Croker Agency, the Agent having died before the end of the fiscal year.

> SAUGREN AGENCY, SAUGEEN RESERVE, 5th September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

SIR,-I have the honor to transmit to you my Annual Report and tabular statement for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

This band numbers 362, being a decrease of six during the year, caused by emi-

gration.

There have been 17 births, 16 deaths and 7 emigrations. The cause of death in most cases was consumption.

You will notice a slight falling off in the crops, caused by the early frosts which prevailed.

There has been a large decrease in the amount realized from fish. Last fall the

amount realized was \$695, the fall previous the amount realized was \$1,697.50. There has been a large increase in the amount realized on culvert timber and

railway ties. In other industries there has been a slight increase.

A very large proportion of this band are well conducted and of sober, steady habits. There are a few idle and improvident Indians who are addicted to intemperance whenever the opportunity offers. Every effort has been made to find out the guilty parties and have them punished.

We have three schools, which are well conducted, and the pupils are making considerable advancement considering the opportunities they have had. The Inspector of Schools for the County thinks they will compare very favorably with many of

the white schools in his district.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> JOHN CREIGHTON, Indian Agent.

ALNWICK AGENCY. ROSENEATH, ONTARIO, 23RD August, 1884.

Tho Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit my Annual Report and tabular statement for the year ended 30th June, 1884. By the latter it will be seen that the number of the band is now 231, showing an increase of 14. Of these, 3 were admitted by vote.

There has been a great decrease in the use of intoxicants among these Indians during the past two years, probably due to the prosecution of those supplying the liquor. I have committed four Indians during the year for drunkenness, and one white man for supplying the drink. It is found very difficult to procure convictions against the latter class, as the Indians will not give information against them.

greatest evil existing here is the anticipating of rents, in The some cases from two to seven years. The Indian goes to the tenant and receives the money, or its equivalent, allowing a very large discount. The money is then injudiciously spent in a few weeks, and when winter comes, the families suffer from the want of food and other necessaries. This cause also gives the agent considerable trouble. The tenant claims that his rent has been paid: the Indian has gone from home hunting, and having no money to receive, does not come to sign the pay list, and the signature of some other Indian must be obtained in lieu thereof.

The sanitary condition of the band is good, showing a great improvement in the

domestic habits of the members.

Fences are frequently consumed during the winter months for fuel.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> JOHN THACKERAY, Indian Agent.

MUD AND RICE LAKE AGENCY, GORE'S LIANDING, 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—Enclosed please find tabular statement for the year ended the 30th June. 1884.

To the information contained in the tabular statement, I have very little to add.

The year has passed with very slight changes on either reserve.

The Indians of my agency continue to be as honest, temperate and industrious as Indians can be. In agricultural pursuits they make very slow, but evident advancement.

The reserves being situated on the shores of Mud and Rice Lakes, the Indians are tempted to go trapping, fishing and shooting, which they prefer to farming. Yet it gives me pleasure to be able to state that there are exceptions, as some Indians of both bands are working their lands very fairly.

The schools are supplied with very good teachers, Mud Lake school being taught by an Indian, and the Rice Lake school by a young lady from Whitby.

There has been very little sickness during the past year and nothing of importance has occurred.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, EDWIN HARRIS, Indian Agent.

No Report from the Rama Agency, the Agent having died before the end of the fiscal year.

> PENETANGUISHENE AGENCY, PENETANGUISHENE, 26th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable,

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to submit the following Report on Indian matters in this

Agency, accompanied by the usual tabular statement.

I have taken every opportunity during the year, on my visits to the reservation, to inspect thoroughly the lands under cultivation by the Indians, and to give them instructions and explanations as to the best means of planting, sowing, and general care of the crops, and I am pleased to report that on my last visit I found that they had greatly profited by the instructions, and that the young crop gives assurance of an excellent return. They have not as yet, however, nearly as much land under cultivation as they should and could have, and I have strongly urged them to increase their clearings. This I feel assured they will do, as I have received the promise of quite a number to that effect.

The land on the reserve is very good, and is well timbered with hardwood. The beech and maple on the island is very superior. I have seen trees over three feet in diameter, and so straight in the grain that the Indians had split the timber

into rails eleven feet in length.

The early frost of last year destroyed a large quantity of the corn on the island. entailing considerable hardship on the Indians, with whom it forms a large portion

of the winter's food.

The chief and band, at the last council meeting, expressed themselves very thankful for the protection granted to their fishing grounds by the Department. They say that they feel the improvement already, and that they can now catch fish near home, in places where, for the last few years, they were quite unable to find any. They are quite pleased at the prospects, and are fully persuaded that a few years' protection will restore their fishing grounds to the same plentiful state as that in which they used to be.

I am pleased to be able to report that the Indians are abstaining from liquor drinking, and that it is now an unusual thing to see an Indian intoxicated. I can safely say that this is mainly owing to there being a resident agent here, as it is with this town the Indians mainly trade. By repeated warnings to the hotel keepers and liquor dealers I have succeeded in making it well nigh impossible for

any temptation to be thrown in the way of the Indians.

The band have adopted a very intelligent system of road-making on the reservation, similar to that under our municipal law. I am giving them every encouragement to make good roads on the reservation, and this year they have done considerable work. They have already made a very fair waggon road, quite straight, and extending back fully three miles. I have every reason to believe that they will have ambition enough to compete with their white neighbors, and that in a few years the island will have the appearance of a well laid out township.

The school, which is under the charge of Mr. Wellington Salt, is very well conducted, and the teacher is very painstaking, especially with the younger children, but the average attendance continues small. It has been still further reduced by the removal of four scholars to the Shingwauk Home, and three to the Mount Elgin

Industrial Institution at Muncey Town.

The occasional employment of the Indians at Muskoka Mills, loading barges, continues to be a great help to them, as they are very well paid for such work.

The health of the band has been very good, there having been only three deaths, an old man, an old woman, and a young child.

The band, generally, are contented and happy, and have very little contention amongst themselves. I know of only one dispute, and that arose through the killing of a sheep by dogs, and this I settled by making the owner of the dogs pay for the sheep.

I have visited the islands on the north shore, and am able to report that no

trespass has been committed during the past year.

1 have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

H. H. THOMPSON,

Indian Agent.

SCUGOG AGENCY, ONTARIO, 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to submit the following Report on Indian matters in this agency, together with enclosed tabular statement, for the year ended 30th June, 1884. The land on the Scugog Reserve is principally good grain producing and pasture land, and contains 800 acres, 400 of which are surrendered and leased for the benefit of the band. Of the remaining 400 acres, about 340 are cleared. About 250 acres of this is now under a very fair state of cultivation. I am sorry to report that, with a few exceptions, the Indians of this band do little or nothing towards farming their land, outside of raising potatoes, corn and garden vegetables. This is owing principally to their not possessing the necessary hoes and implements, and also, that they have been allowed to rent their lands, illegally, to white men year after This last evil has, however, now been remedied, as all the crops grown year. This last evil has, however, now been remedied, as all the circle grown illegally on the reserve were seized by me, but were aftewards released on condition that for every load of grain or other produce removed a full load of manure would be returned, delivered on the land, the lessors also signing an agreement not again to rent any land on the reserve unless permitted to do so by the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs. This is, without doubt, the best plan to make the Indians use greater efforts to work the land themselves. I have pleasure in reporting that, on my strongly urging some of the Indians, they laid out all the money they could possibly spare from their spring payments in buying seed grain and hiring teams to plough, and I must say the result has been encouraging. Some of these Indians are really anxious to work, and are good, strong, able men, and if helped judiciously, would soon show great improvement. On the unsurrendered portion of the reserve there are very few improvements, as there is not a single well or good substantial barn or stable, everything being of a temporary kind. A small orchard on the reserve here and there improves its appearance and supplies the Indians with a moderate amount of good fruit. The fences are rapidly getting out of repair, and I find it a hard matter to get the Indians to make an effort to improve them, rail timber being scarce. If some plan is not soon devised for improving this portion of the reserve, it will deteriorate in value year after year. The 400 acres of surrendered land leased to responsible men is improving as fast as can be expected, there being good barns and stables, wells, &c., on the different places, and they are in a good state of cultivation, comparing favorably with any of the improved farms in the neighborhood. regret to have to report that the sale of intoxicants to Indians is still continued. yet hope to convict several parties who have supplied the Indians, but whom I cannot fine for want of evidence. This band now numbers forty-three, an increase of two over last year. Their general health is very good, there having been very little sickness among them during the past year. School matters have been at a standstill for years, but I have at last induced a few of the Indians to send their children

to the school adjoining the reserve. Not having a school of their own is a drawback, as not a child of the band has been attending school for the past four years.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

GEO. B. McDERMOT,

Indian Agent.

MOUNT ELGIN INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTION,
MUNCEY, ONTARIO, 30th June, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sin,—I have the honor to report upon the condition, wants and prospects of Mount Elgin Industrial Institution at the close of my third year in charge, 30th June 1884.

The year will be memorable in the history of the Institution on account of the disastrous flood of the Thames River, on July 11th, which swept the flats, taking over seventy acres of a most beautiful and promising harvest, together with a large amount of rail and board fence, which added very materially to the expenses of the year.

The introduction, at the commencement of the year, of a carefully prepared system of marks, promotions and rewards, has proved a great incentive to study and general good conduct. Two pupils successfully passed the entrance examination for the High School at St. Thomas, and out of 103 successful candidates the two were numbers six and seven. Two others failed to pass on one subject. The conduct of the pupils has, on the whole, been most exemplary.

The plan of having all the school in three divisions and only two of them in school at the same time, has worked admirably in all the departments of school and industry, and will result in greater efficiency in all. It will be obvious that a teacher devoting his full time to two classes can accomplish more for them in two

days than he could in three with four or five classes to divide his attention.

Although it is a regulation of the Institution that all pupils leaving without the permission of the Principal are considered dismissed and will not again be admitted, yet this is not found to be a sufficient penalty to prevent them from going at certain busy seasons when tempting offers are made or when they become restive over some imaginary grievance. This occurs sometimes when a few months more would enable them to pass for the High School. Could not this difficulty be largely obviated by the Department requiring all parents and guardians (as a condition of their children being admitted to the advantage of the Institution) to sign articles of agreement binding the parents and guardians to continue the pupils the full time of the agreement?

Would it not be an additional inducement to the pupil to fulfil the terms of agreement if the Department would retain the annuity money during all the years of Institution life, to be refunded to the pupil, with interest, upon the production of a certificate from the Principal showing that the terms of agreement had been

fulfilled?

Again, if each pupil who succeeds in passing the entrance examination for the High School could have the promise of six months or one year at the school free of charge, would it not be a great incentive to study and to remain at the Institution. This could be accomplished without a very heavy expenditure owing to our proximity to the city of St. Thomas (twelve miles.) Fifty dollars per half year would settle the account, the pupil returning to the Institution from Friday till Monday of each week.

With these additional inducements to study and the improvements on the buildings completed, we doubt not but that in a very few years we could supply a large number of teachers for the Indian work.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. W. SHEPHERD.

Principal,

To the School Board of the Six Nations:

GENTLEMEN,-I beg to submit my Report for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

## Receipts.

<b>18</b> 83–84.	To balance brought forward J New England Company's An Six Nations Indian Department	nual Grant do	t\$1,000 0 1,500 0 400 0	00
				\$3,604 67
	Expe	nditure.		
1883-84.	By salaries	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$1,787 5	0
	Buildings and grounds		409 (	14
	School furniture		• 16 1	.0
	Fuel			15
	School apparatus, books, &c.			0
•	Printing and office expensions:	ses	29 1	.9

Fees for children attending white schools...\$12 60

Travelling expenses	9 00 40 75
	62 35 2,472 43 1,132 24
	\$3,604 67

The yards connected with schools Nos. 2, 3, 7, 8 and 9 have been graded and fenced. The yard at No. 7 was also considerably enlarged.

School house No. 2 has been thoroughly repaired and re-painted. The repairs and improvements to school No. 8 have not yet been carried out, but will be proceeded with at once.

I beg to recommen i that School-house No. 9 be enlarged; that all the schools be supplied with some chairs for the use of visitors, and that arrangements be made for the further improvement of school grounds, the planting of shade and ornamental trees, and, where necessary, to provide for a supply of pure water.

I am happy to report that the educational progress of the schools has been very satisfactory. At the recent promotion examination, the percentage of passes was

82, as compared with 72 of last year.

I must refer you to the tabular statement for the relative condition of the several schools, simply adding that No. 8 was kept back by the prevalence of measles in the school section, which proved fatal to three of the scholars.

There has been a large decrease (80) in the number of names upon the school registers for the past year, although the average attendance shows a decrease of only 14. The register number in school No. 2 has decreased 23; in school No. 10 16, and in No. 8, 14.

School No. 6 has been closed during the past six months, the attendance being too small to warrant its maintenance. As stated in my former report, the inhabitants of this section form the greater body of those of the Six Nations who adhere to their primitive faith and customs, and present the most strenuous opposition to all attempts to introduce education amongst them. Efforts have been made by individual members of the Board to induce them to send their children to school, and many promised to meet the Board and discuss the subject, but on the day appointed for the meeting, the chiefs called their people together to celebrate the "bear dance," consequently none attended the school meeting.

I recommend that the school be re-opened as soon as the corn crop is gathered, and that an agent be specially employed to visit from house to house during the winter months and use every possible means to induce the children to come to school. I would also urge the Board to send a special deputation to the Council of the Six Nations, to impress upon that body the necessity of passing such by-laws as will enforce the attendance at school of all children of school age for at least 100

days in the year.

The Educational Department of Ontario having, at the request of the Indian Department, assumed the supervision of Indian schools, Dr. Kelley, the Public School Inspector, has visited all the schools on the reserve; he also favored me with his presence at the examinations of the Board schools, and expressed his gratification at their efficiency.

It is much to be desired that some arrangement should be made by which all the schools among the Six Nations may be placed under one Board of Management, as until this is effected, it will be impossible to obtain accurate statistics regarding the school attendance, or to prevent children going from school to school at pleasure.

At the close of the school year, 347 children of the Six Nations were attending the Board schools, 13 attending schools amongst the whites, their fees being paid by the Board, and 60 attending the Mohawk Institution; total, 420.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, Your obedient servant,

R. ASHTON,

Hon. Sec. and Inspector.

REPORT for the year ended 30th June, 1884. Comparative condition of Schools.

ol.	Name of Teacher and	ister.	tendance.	of atten-		at Examina-			in each	Result of Exam., June 30th, 1884. No. passed 50 per ceut. of marks.				of passes number	ious year	
No. of School.	date of taking charge of School.	No. on Register.	Average attendance.	Percentage of tendance.	Admissions.	Present at tions	Promoted.	Standard.	Presented standard.	Reading.	Dictation.	Notation.	Arithme-	Grammar.	Percentage of passes upon the number presented, 1881.	Ditto-previous year
2	Miss F. Maracle (Indian), April, 1881.	63 (89)	<b>25</b> ·3	40·1	7			V. IV. III. II.	1 6 6 11 8	6 6 8 5	1 6 6 10	1 5 5	6	1 6 6	88	
3	Miss S. Davis (Indian), January, 1884.	50 (5?)	24·1	48 · 2	4	30	23	v. 1v. 111. 11. 1.	6 0 5 9 7	5 4 7 7	4 5 5	6 5 8	-	3	86.7	83.2
5	Miss J. Latham (Indian), January, 1884.	32 (32)	12.3	39.7	9	19	11	V. IV. III. II.	1 1 2 3 7	1 1 2 2 5	1 1 2 3	1 1 2 2	0 1 2 2	1 1 2	81.6	55
6	(Closed.)	17 (33)	7	41·1	Not	exa	min	ed.		Not	exa	min	ed.			
7	Mr. D Hill (Indian), February, 1884.	59 (65)	17·9	30.3	14	33	16	V. 1V. 1II. II.	0 2 7 7	1 4 4 6	1 6 6	2 6 1	2 7 4	2 4	70	54.83
8	Miss M. Davis (Indian), April, 1883.	31 (45)	12	38 · 7	3	15	7	V. 1V. III II. I.	0 4 2 5	2 1 3 3	3 2 4	4 2 5	2 1 4	4 2	77.7	80.3
9	Mr. C. Russell (Indian), January, 1884.	48	18.6	38·7	13	29	14	v. iv. iii. ii.	1 2 5 6 6	1 0 5 5	1 2 5 5	1 1 4 5	1 2 5 4	1 2 4	81.4	71 6
10	Mr. P. H. Martin (Indian), August, 1881.	47 (63)	23	48.8	1	47	25	v. 1v. 111. 11. 11.	1 2 2 13 15	0 1 2 10 12	1 2 2 10	1 2 2 12	1 2 2 12	1 2 2	85 8	72
_	Totals, 1884	347	140. 2	40.7	51	208	123		164	123	97	92	95	48		
								V. IV. III. II, I.	10 17 29 54 54	8 11 24 39 41	8 15 28 46	10 15 26 41		8 17 23	82	72

In the 3rd column, the figures in ( ) are the numbers on register in 1882-83.

R. ASHTON,
Inspector.

# WIKWEMIKONG INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,

Wikwemikong, 21st August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir, -I have the honor to submit to you the following Report:

It is with a sentiment of gratitude to the Author of all good that we say in all sincerity that our two schools have given us satisfaction. The children's health was excellent, with the exception of a few weeks, when the whooping cough was prevalent in the village. Many a child died in the locality, but none in our institution. During the course of the year, however, one boy had to leave us, on account of his health, but he had always been very delicate from his infancy.

The average number at the boarding schools was fifty-nine. Five boys learned shoemaking, two carpentering and painting, two blacksmithing, two baking, one

weaving.

The children's progress kept on steadily. I only wish to mention one fact. In the month of February the boys gave an exhibition of their proficiency in the shape of an examination, followed by a little drama. Although the public had been invited, the attendance was unfortunately very small, the appointed day having been one of the worst of that severe winter. Our worthy agent, Mr. Jas. C. Phipps, gave the unqualified expression of his satisfaction, as will be seen in the Manitowaning Expositor. One great advantage of this little display is to dispel gradually the excessive bashfulness of the children of Indian blood, who, for this very reason, even when otherwise as far advanced as their white companions, appear, as a rule, to be their inferiors. I speak, of course, of those branches only where they can successfully compete, for there are some in which it is almost impossible for them to be the equals of the whites.

The result of our efforts has not been limited to our children who are boarders. A noble spirit of emulation has been spread in our village, for, without speaking of carpentering, for which the generality of Indians have a remarkable taste, two young men have learned blacksmithing, and both can now quickly and eleverly do all kind of work in that trade. In fact, last winter they have shod no fewer than twenty sleighs, most of them for the use of the Indians of our village. Their taste for neat building has also improved very much, and we have now in our village private residences put up by Indians which would be an ornament to larger towns.

Our white shoemaker's health having failed, we replaced him by a young Indian, brought up in our institution, with whom we have been well pleased. Competent judges, whom I could name, told me that, without flattery, that young man could, for

the finish of his work, compete with any shoemaker.

The large bank stable which was commenced last summer is now completed. It

cost about \$1,200.

Carpentering and blacksmithing were practised in one common large building, which soon became too small for that double purposes. The shop is now devoted exclusively to the latter trade. Another one,  $40 \times 25$ , with a double story was raised some months ago for the carpenters only. The upper story will partly be used for waggon painting.

A large decked boat of ten tons capacity was built by Indians for the use of the establishment, and has already made several long trips to get freight for the house.

The boys' recreation ground has been improved also, and every day the Toronto tourists would admire the dexterity with which our Indian urchins handle a base ball.

The female establishment has kept up its reputation. The children are animated with the best dispositions. They evince a remarkable taste for cleanliness, and this not only in the boarding school but in their own private houses, after they have retired from the school, or as servant girls. For any household duty, I can say, without fear of exaggeration that they are at least on a level with any white girl of their age and condition.

21

Six former pupils of the establishment will, by next fall, be on the teachers' list,

which speaks well for their ability and good behavior.

In point of morality, I am proud to say that they esteem virtue. One example will confirm my statement. Not long ago one former pupil of the institution, an orphan of about 18 years of age, was rudely assaulted by a ruffian. She not only despised the proffered sale of her honor, but she actually had a serious hand to hand scuffle, in which she stood her ground until her screams called somebody to her help.

Their attachment to their alma mater is something surprising to those who know how Indians, especially, are fond of their parents. Latterly a girl of 12 years of age, whose father and mother live in the village, requested the Superior of the school to receive her in the house, to die. She had no peace until her prayer was listened to

by her sorrowing parents.

These few facts give us the satisfaction to see that we are doing some good to our poor Indians, and encourage us to continue strenuously the arduous task we have assumed.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> A. BAUDIN, Director,

SPECIAL REPORT PREPARED FOR THE INDIAN DEPARTMENT, FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1884.

THE SHINGWAUK AND WAWANOSH HOMES,

SAULT STE. MARIE, 30th JUNE, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,-I have much pleasure in complying with the request of the Department, to furnish a report showing the working, progress, and general results of my Indian

Homes, for the year, ended 30th June.

As the Department is aware, these Homes for Indian children were brought into existence mainly through the efforts of a few friends in England, encouraged to undertake this work of charity through the visit of the Indian chief, Buhkwujgenene, in the year 1872. The Department is aware, also, that we have had, and have, peculiar difficulties to contend with. Our first institution, at Garden River, was, in 1873, burnt down six days after it was opened. Also, being so greatly dependent on gifts of charity, we have several times run very short of funds, and have been almost compelled to close; added to which, our land, 90 acres in extent, though admirably situated for an institution, is poor and unprofitable, and up to the present time has been of more expense than benefit to the institution. Still, amid all these drawbacks, we have been enabled to persevere, and can look back upon the past year as one of the most satisfactory in every way that we have had, and for this we feel devoutly thankful to Almighty God.

# The Work of the Homes.

At the Shingwauk, we employ a school master (Mr. Wotton), matron and Indian servant. This is the whole staff within the building. The senior Indian boy is captain, and he has two subalterns, and these take turn week about in superintending the boys at their outdoor and other work. The boys do most of the scrubbing, washing dishes, &c.; also, chop wood, draw water on tramway from the river, attend to farm and garden work, &c. Their work is changed every week, and they receive a little pocket money if they work well. Generally, I employ a farm man, but have had difficulty in securing a suitable person, so a senior boy, Wells

Shingwank, has been in charge since spring, and has done very well. He ranks as

apprentice, and attends school in the evening.

The working hours for the boys are from 6 to 7 and 7:30 to 8 a.m., and 5 to 6 p.m. They wear tin badges on their arms while on duty and are not allowed to play while their badges are on. Apprentices work 10 hours a day and come to school only in the evening.

The boot shop has been in charge of an Indian apprentice, Harry Nahwuhquagezlik, all winter. He learned his trade with us, and is able to do all the making and mending for the institution, besides job work for outsiders. He is a very good,

steady workman, and has had one pupil under him.

The sash and door factory is in charge of Samuel Fox, a white man, and three apprentices, Isaac, Salgejeah and Pedahtig, work under him. The factory was started 1st January. We had some trouble with the pump freezing, but otherwise have had fair success. The buildings are about 200 yards from the Shingwauk.

At the Wawanosh Home we employ a lady superintendent (Miss Cunningham), who teaches and has charge of the girls, a matron and gardener. The girls assist in the house work, cooking and baking, and receive a little pocket money, like the boys.

The laundry is about 200 yards from the Wawanosh, and beside it is a cottage where Mrs. Bridge, the laundress, lives. Three to four girls are almost constantly engaged at laundry work: they are changed every week, and receive pocket-money.

engaged at laundry work; they are changed every week, and receive pocket-money. School work.—The same subjects are taught at both the Homes, and the examinations are conducted so that girls and boys may compete together for the highest places. Girls, however, have the option of putting in laundry work, sewing, knitting, &c., in the place of history and grammar. School hours at the Shingwauk during summer are from 9 to 12 a.m., 3 to 5 p.m., and 7:30 to 8:30 p.m. At the Wawanosh they are somewhat shorter, and special hours are set apart for sewing, knitting, &c. The school is divided into 1st, 2nd and 3rd divisions, and these divisions are sub-divided into two or more classes, as necessary, according to the number of pupils. The first division (boys and girls) take up the Fourth and Fifth Reader, history, grammar, geography, arithmetic, English composition, definitions, &c. The 2nd division take the Second and Third Readers, geography, arithmetic, &c. The 3rd division are beginners, and do not advance beyond the second part of the First Book. Every pupil has his own books and slate, with his number, and has to make a deposit of a few cents on each as a guarantee that he will keep them in good order. Additional subjects taught to some of the pupils are singing, drawing and medicine. We also give marks for good conduct, punctuality, tidiness, cleanliness, talking English, responding, &c., which marks count at the examination.

Sunday Services.—Since the Memorial Chapel was opened in August last, the pupils from both the Homes have attended the services there. We have morning service at 11, Sunday-school in the school-room at 2, and afternoon service at 3:30

p.m. The girls bring a lunch with them and remain for all the services.

# The progress made at the Homes.

As I have already stated, the progress made at both the Homes during the past year has been very satisfactory. I think we never had a nicer or more promising set of pupils, or a more satisfactory staff of teachers. The examinations just concluded speak well for the progress made in school work and scriptural knowledge. At the Shingwauk the marks taken by the whole school were 67.9 per cent. for school work, and 71.9 per cent. for scripture. At the Wawanosh the marks taken by the girls collectively were 60.9 per cent. for school work, and 47.6 per cent. for scripture. This is the best record we have had yet.

During the year we have opened our beautiful little chapel, built in memory of the late Bishop Fauquier. The cost was nearly \$4,000 complete, and it is paid for within a little. We have also opened a sash and door factory. It is run by a 14-horse power engine. The money for starting this was raised chiefly by selling out our printing office and reducing our farm stock. The balance is borrowed from the

Shingwauk Savings Bank, at 6 per cent. It has been started in the hope that it may prove a source of profit to the institution, and also be a means of affording employment to some of our ex-pupils and fit them for making their living by engaging at other factories when they leave us. One white man is employed as foreman, and all the rest of the work, tending the engine, feeding the machines, &c., is done by the Indian apprentices.

This spring we have completed a good dock in 72 feet of water, and made an excellent tramway from the institution, past the factory, down to the water's edge. We have also done a little fencing and cleared an acre or so of land.

At the Wawanosh, one girl, Esther Shingwauk, has learned to work very nicely at the sewing machine, and within the last week or two has commenced knitting socks on a knitting machine.

#### General Results.

John Esquimau has been dilligently studying theological works, Greek and Latin, during the year, with a view to entering the ministry; he has been exceedingly studious, passed good examinations (taking as high as 90 per cent. on some subjects), and next fall is to go to a theological college in Montreal.

Benjamin Shingwank, senior pupil and captain at the Shingwank Home, has been studying hard, preparing for the public examination at Sault Ste. Marie,

23rd July, and hopes to take a third-class certificate.

Jane Sampson, a former pupil at the Wawanosh, has been two years in my employ as nurse. I am giving her \$7 a month, and could not wish for a better

About two weeks ago both the Homes were officially visited and examined by Mr. R. McLean, the School Inspector. He spoke in high terms of praise of both our institutions, and was specially struck with the readiness with which our pupils understood and spoke English. This is one of the chief points we aim at, and, on the whole have certainly been successful. Not a word of Indian is heard from our Indian boys after six months in the institution. All their talk among themselves while at play, is in English. Even those who knew not a word of the English tongue when they came to us last fall, now talk nothing else among themselves. We bring this about principally by great strictness—sometimes punishing heavily any old pupil who presumes to break the rule. The boys feel the benefit of it, and do not rebel.

One of the most hopeful features, of late, has been that several of our old pupils who have left have written to ask us to take them back, in order to complete their education. Among these are Joseph Esquimau, who has taught school for two years at Lake Nipigon, and Susan Esquimau, who is at present teaching at Birch Island.

I may add, in conclusion, that if only the attendance of those pupils whose

parents have signed agreement for them to stay a term of years could be enforced,

we should have every cause for encouragement and hopefulness in our work.

It is annoying and discouraging to have good buildings and good teachers, and all in excellent working order, and yet only half the proper number of pupils, and to know that in many cases it is not the pupils themselves who are to blame, but the parents, who often retain their children, and prevent their completing their education, in order to satisfy their own selfish ends.

Trusting that I have included in this report all that the Department was

desirous of being informed upon.

I have the honor to remain, Sir,

Your obedient servant.

EDWARD T. WILSON.

P.S.—I should have added that we had only one case of serious illness during the year, and have had no deaths in the Home for two years.

No report from the Caughnawaga Agency, a new Agent having been appointed about the end of the fiscal year.

ST. REGIS AGENCY, DUNDEE, 1 th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa

Sir,—I have the honor to submit the following report, in relation to the Indians of this Agency, together with thetabular statement, for the year ended the 30th June last.

The increase in the population since my last report, according to the pay list, is 13.

I am pleased to report a marked change as to the quietness and order prevailing in the village of St. Regis since last fall and fore part of winter, owing to the United States Department of Indian Affairs and the Department of Indian Affairs at Ottawa having, by concerted action, stamped out the selling of liquor at Hogansburgh, St. Regis and Dundee, by prosecuting parties guilty of infractions of the Indian Act. I have only noticed one Indian under the influence of liquor since these prosecutions were commenced, and the liquor must, in this case, have been procured from the vendor by a white man, and given to the Indian at Dundee.

At St. Regis I have only noticed a few drunken Indians, and they were returning in the ferry boat from Cornwall, where they, no doubt, procured the liquor. In a town like Cornwall there are so many worthless characters who, for the sake of getting some themselves, will purchase liquor for an Indian, that it is almost impossible to keep it from the Indians altogether. The Fete Dieu, or grand procession, as it is called, which came off on a Sunday in June last, was entered into this year with much enthusiasm, and was got up in the old style. Although a large number of visitors and sight-seers were present, all were quiet and orderly, as not a drop of liquor was sold in the village or on boats carrying excursionists to and from St. Regis. The chiefs deserve credit for their successful efforts to preserve order. The Fete Dieu presented this year a favorable contrast to the disgraceful scenes which characterized some former processions.

The three Catholic schools have been in operation during the year, but the attendance has not improved very much, and the same careless attitude towards the schools is kept up by the parents, who exercise no control over their children. The teachers cannot be expected to make much progress under the circumstances, for so soon as a scholar has advanced to a certain stage he is either taken from the school or voluntarily ceases to attend, and a younger one takes his place, thus keeping the

schools at about the same low grade.

Repairs to the St. Regis church have been commenced, and with what the present contractor gets for his work, and what the late Rev. F. Marcaux left for the purpose of decorations, after the present work is completed it ought to be a respect-

able looking and comfortable edifice.

The St. Regis church stands on the Canadian side of the Province line, but is attended by those of the band who live on the American side, and who are willing to assist in the repairs, but the Canada Indians will not accept any help from them, so that they can have it under their own control. The French Canadians who live on the chenail, and who attend the church, would also assist, but the St. Regis Indians will not accept aid from them either. The reason why our Indians are trying to exclude the American Indians is on account of not being allowed to get wood on the American reserve, and having been prosecuted for so doing. In this way they seek to retaliate; such unfriendliness—merely on account of an imaginary line passing through their reserve, and the avarice of some of the band, especially the American chiefs or trustees—is much to be deplored, as they are all one band.

The Rev. Mr. Mainville, who, about a year ago, took charge of the spiritual welfare of the band, spares no pains to minister to their wants as a missionary, in a pleasant and agreeable manner, feeling interested in the schools and doing what is possible for their further efficiency.

The health and prosperity of the band has been good.

During the year 1883 there were 95 births, 51 deaths and 25 weddings in the mission.

The mission consists of 1,985 souls, 110 of whom are French Canadians and the remainder members of Indian families.

This, of course, includes those on the American side of the line and under Mr.

Mainville's ministrations.

A small but neat looking building has been erected on Cornwall Island to serve as a school house and church for the Indian Methodists residing there. The school

teacher is an Indian.

The making of baskets is the principal industry of the Indian women. There is not much bead work made, as it cannot be sold without travelling through the country, which entails considerable expense, whereas baskets find a ready sale at home, although the price seems small. No moccasins of any account are made here for sale, as it is difficult to procure skins. The making of husk mats, berry picking, &c., during the season, adds a considerable part to the living in summer.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

JOHN DAVIDSON,
Indian Agent.

No Report from A. P. LeBel, of the Viger Agency.

## ST. FRANCIS AGENCY.

PIERREVILLE, 22nd August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit to you my annual Report on the affairs of the

Abenakis Indians of this place.

There has been no progress made by the Indians since my last report, either in the culture of the soil or in the manufacture of their goods, but on the other hand there has been no falling off; they have cultivated on a small scale and worked at their respective trades. There is one thing, however, which some have gone into

with greater zeal than ever; it is drunkenness.

I have already had the honor to make known to your Department, in some of my former reports and private letters, that such a state of things was caused by the great number of places, in the French Canadian Village of Pierreville, where intoxicants are sold, and by the facility with which the Indians can procure it. I cannot say positively that merchants or hotel keepers sell spirituous liquors direct to the Indians, but I know well that whites do buy some which they surreptiously hand over to them.

It is very difficult to procure sufficient evidence against those go-betweens. No one dares to act the part of complainant, especially with the prospect of having to pay the costs, in cases of non-success or of the insolvency of the delinquents, your Department having repudiated any such responsibility, as in the case of Daniel Wasanminett. I have, however, the satisfaction to be able to state that a half-breed, living among them was recently convicted of having furnished intoxicants to an

Indian, for which offence he was sent to prison, not having been able to pay the fine of fifty dollars imposed upon him. It is to be hoped he will be an example to others.

I see by certain articles in reviews and papers that quite an interest is taken in the etymology and meaning of names given by the Indians to different places in the Province. I therefore take the liberty to append to this report a list containing names and words in the Abenakis language, with their translation, compiled by myself, with the aid of a few educated members of the tribe, especially Messrs. Lazarre Wasanminett, Joseph Laurent and Henry Masta.

Its usefulness to those who take an interest in the science of geography and in the study of languages is my excuse for taking the liberty of addressing it to you.

I also beg to append thereto a similar work in the Montagnais language, on other localities, from the Reverend Father Arnaud, Oblat. I have copied it from the annals of the Propagation of the Faith, June number, 1880, where it would likely remain unknown to the majority of the readers of your Annual Official Report.

It should be observed that the Abenakis language is one of the dialects of the Algonquin language, one of the great languages of the Indians of North America.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. VASSAL, Agent.

# LIST OF NAMES OF CERTAIN PLACES IN THE ABENAKIS LANGUAGE.

Alsigantegou-St. Francis River.

Alsigantegou-"Als" means shell, "teg" river. Shell River.

Alsigantekook-To the River St. Francis.

Nikanntegou—Tardy channel, one of the branches of the St. Francis River. The first branch of that river which we meet going up the River St. Lawrence. This word means "the river ahead," or "the front river."

Aiamihawiguamigwi; menahan-Church Island; large island at the mouth of the River St. Francis, where the old parish church was built. Island on which the

hut for praying is erected.

Kotoliontegou-Laverdure Channel-one of the channels of the River St. Francis on which the Abenakis house now is-supposed to have been thus called by one of the residents of the place.

Azansnaskwikook—To the rushes. Marsh found at the lower extremity of the

Island St. Joseph, in the River St. Francis, and called "Auvergne Marsh."

Alnanbaï Menahan—Indian Island. An island in the River St. Francis belonging to the Indians and called by the Canadians "Isle Ronde," Round Island, from its shape. "Menahan," island; "Alnanbaï," word used by the Abenakis to designate all the members of the tribe taken as a whole, a community, a people.

Kwanonbagnagak—Long Island (from its shape). An island in the River St. Francis, now called by the Canadians "Isle à l'Ail," being a corruption of the name "Isle à la Laye," by which it was formerly known, as the old titles will show, and thus called because the Seignior of St. Francis had sold it to the Abenakis for the consideration of a barrel of powder, a gun and a sow, "laie," as formerly called in old French.

Oudaskuim-The commons. A piece of land used by the Abenakis Indians to pasture their cattle, thus called because of the name of one of the members of

their tribe who had resided on this island about 200 years ago.

Waziginsit Msaskog—The place from which the big snake came out. Passage through which the water of a small marsh reached the River St. Francis. A very old superstition which still exists among the Abenakis is, that a big snake passed there and left the traces of its passage. For them, the "Msaskog," big snake, is a legendary monster. 27

Odanak-The village. This is the name given by the Abenakis to the village of Pierreville.

Kawasnitigon or Nitook-Signifies the river of fallen timber, or large timbers uprooted by a hurricane. It is the name by which the Abenakis call the (Rivière aux Vaches) Cow River, a tributary of the River St. Francis, about 7 miles from its mouth on the left shore. This French name is derived from a wrong translation of the word above mentioned, which was taken for the word

"Kaogenitegon" which means "Rivière aux Vaches," Cow River.

Pakessowi Sibo—The small river "à la perdrix," Partridge River, one of the tributaries of the "Rivière aux Vaches," Cow River. It is called by the Canadians

"Rivière Pakisso," Pakisso River.

Maknapekasik-The small red rock, name given by the Indians to the first rapid

which is met with going up the river St. Francis, about 8 miles from its mouth.

Masquanaguaïk—Means high liver or gourmand. Place on the River St.

Francis where a large number of Indians lived, and from which they used to catch good fish and were therefore called high livers. The Canadians call this place "le Côteau de Pêche."

Paknabagaïk—Enlargement of the river. Basin of the River St. Francis.

Pengalansik—The rapids above the basin of the River St. Francis. It is believed that this is the place forded by Major Rogers during his expedition against the Abenakis in 1759.

Oudamanganaps - Place where pipe clay is found and called Spicer Rapids, on the

River St. Francis, about 7 miles from Drummondville.

Nasgateguantegon—"La Rivière Noire," Black River, a tributary of the St. Francis River, in which it discharges its waters, below the village of Drummondville. Nasgateguaniganik - Black River Portage. Name given by the Indians to the falls

of Drummondville.

Wiguahigans-Place where large birch bark is found. "Wigua" means large white birch bark, that with which they make their wigwams and canoes; hence the name of "wigwam," bark hut "Wignawoul" means bark canoe; "Wignamademie" signifies a mountain having the appearance of a wigwam. Name given by the Abenakis to a small mountain at St. Pie, County of Bagot, where the two branches of the River Yamaska meet. The River Yamaska derives its name from this mountain. "Wiguamadenitegon" means river near the mountain resembling a wigwam. "Wiguahigans" is situated three miles from the village of Drummondville on the river St. Francis; there are rapids there generally called the Four-Miles Rapids, or Hemming's Falls.

Kwanahammoïk—Means long point. The village of L'Avenir, County of Drummond. Mamidapskijowok—(Kingsay Falls.) Water which runs through rocks. Seguilamanik—(Melbourne.) The place where black vermilion is found, or black paint, used by the Indians to tattoo themselves.

Madahkik-(A small river) discharging its waters in the River St. Francis, above

Melbourne. This word means, bad land.

Wadopikhak-(A grove of alders.) Name given to the small river Windsor.

Pimihlansik-(Brampton Falls.) A place in which the water falls, whirling. "Pimigan" means anger.

Uncobagak—(Lake St. Francis), Eastern Township; source of the River St. Francis.

Means, Lake at the Narrows.

Maskikongamac-(Hay Lake.) Lake Aylmer, Eastern Township.

Skacewantegon—A branch of the River St. Francis, which passes through Sherbrooke. The Iroquois used to call the Abenakis "Skacewanilom." Tradition relates that a great battle was fought on an island situated at the entrance of this branch of the river, between the Iroquois and the Abenakis. It was proposed that the battle should be fought in single combat, each side to be represented by one of its own warriors. They were to run around a pine tree, which was on this island, and the victor in the race would have the right to kill his adversary, which would decide the victory between the two nations. The Abanakis was the victor, and the name of this tribe, in the Iroquois language, was given to this river. For the same reason a small lake, near Sherbrooke, received the name of "Skace-

Mamhlaobagak—(Lake Memphramagog), means large sheet of still water. Koategon—(Coaticook). Pine River, a branch of the River St. Francis.

### NAMES OF OTHER LOCALITIES.

Lake Megantic-"Namagantic." Large trout lake. "Namac" means, large lake trout.

Chaudière River-" Makigontegon," Rivière des Prairies. (Meadow River), or large

Nicolet—"Pittugan." Entrance to the lake. Yamachiche—"Wombomkantrik." White sand.

Riviere du Loup (en haut)—"Embamasic." Crooked river. St. Hyacinthe—"Wiguamadnicsis." Little Maska.

Sorel-"Messassonliane." Big Sorel.

Lake Champlain—"Sitoambagook." Double bay.

Missisquoi Bay—"Masipskouik,"—place where flint is found. Richelieu River—"Masipskouitegon,"—from Missisquoi Bay.

# NOTES TAKEN FROM THE REV. FATHER CHARLES ARNAUD'S LETTER.

Annals of the Propagation of the Faith. June, 1880.

Peikuagamin.-Name of Lake St. John, in the Montagnais language.

Shekotimin.—Chicoutimi.

Ashnapmashuan.—The name of a river, indicating that moose deer is hunted there. Netetishin.-Pointe Bleu. A place where bears were hunted.

Attickmek-uts-White fish.

Aiami-ru-Olshimau—God.

Tadousac-"Tatoushak" "Tatouslak"-Place where the ice is broken-The winter harbour designated by the Indians.
Saguenay—Shagahmen-hi. There are holes in the ice—Seals formerly made holes

there, through the ice. Escoumanis—"Escoumim, Eskouim"—Blue berries and red seeds are still to be found there, "Uishatshinim"

Stadacona-"Statakostnen, tatagushtnen, Statakona." A place where we have to pass over pieces of wood as on a bridge—The passage from Sillery to the river St. Charles, was very likely made at the foot of "Cap blanc" upon a gathering of unlashed pieces of timber.

Hochelaga—"Oshelaka, Oshinaka"—Place where one who is lying in wait is

caught, is made a fool of and turned into derision.

Ottawa, Ottaouais, "Ottaouets"—According to the old Montagnais language, still spoken by some "Naskapis," and whose pronunciation is nearly the same as that of the Ottawas—(place where the water is boiling as in a kettle, rises and swells). This name was given later to the Indians of that place.

Assikon Asseck—Kettle, chauldron, "etc.," has been added, I believe, to explain

that it is only at that place the water is to be found boiling as in a kettle and

not in waters as in rapids.

Canada, "Kanata, Kanatak, Kanatats"—The letter D is omitted in Indian, and replaced by T; sometimes it is soft and sometimes hard. One who goes to

visit, to explore, to see.

Kanatats-War cry; they are coming. It became a cry of joy when they recognized friends. Jacques Cartier must have been saluted with the word "Kanata." When he asked, by signs, or through interpreters, who are these people he was answered "Kanatate." Hence the name of Canada given to Quebec. Uapistikain—Uapistikoiats—To Quebec; literally translated, means white cape, white promontary, white mountain. The mountain on which Quebec is built, is "Uapistikoiats."

Stadacona—Place where the water was forded by means of logs, probably the cove where the Champlain market is now built. Hence "Kanata Stadacona," given by Jacques Cartier to designate Quebec.

Maniknagan—Place from which the Indians obtained bark for their canoes. bark can be found in certain places only.

Mataouan, Mattawan—Place where two rivers meet and form but one.

Metapetshouan (at Lake St. John)—Place where the stream of the river meets with the lake waters.

Betshuoan (near Mingan) "Petshuou"-Place where the current of the sea meets the river stream.

Mingan, Minkan, Maikin-Place where are wolves.

Watshuan, Watshuoanish—Called by the French Ouitshoian-ins. (These two rivers are at Lake St. John)-Waves, rapids with white foam.

Betshiamu-Betshiamits; place where Lampreys are found. They are a species of sea eel which come up the river.

Papenachoix,—"Papinashuts"—Laughing Indians. Cacouna,—"Kakona"—Where porcupines are found. Chicago,—"Shikako"—Where there are skunks.

Peiknagamiu—(Lake St. John)—Its approaches are flat. Shekotimiu—(Chicoutimi)—Very deep water when compared with other rivers.

Kinokomiu-Konokomi-Long lake, deep water.

Quebec-When the French arrived in the country they did not meet with the Micmac Nation who were residing at Qubec; they only met with the Montagnais. who occupied the whole of the coasts, from Betshiamits to Three Rivers.

Jacques Cartier—Called Stadacona, Canada, the place where he landed. A few years later when Champlain arrived, hesitating to land in the midst of the crowd of Indians who had assembled on the shore; he heard the cry "Kacpeck! Kacpeck!" "Kanatats! Kanatats!" Come on shore! friends! friends! The verb Kacpan or Kepan, in the Montagnais language, means; to land, to go ashore, &c., 2nd person imperative, Kackpek or Kepek.

Bastiscan—Pathiskan, or Patiscan, Patshis Kan. Vapour, light cloud—it also means " Pemikan."

Cataraqui-Katarakue-(Imp. dubitative). They are probably hidden there; speaking of the enemy. It should be remembered that in the Montagnais language. A,C are often taken one for the other, as well as A,U,B,P. They have the same pronunciation. DTCGKQ have the same consonance; properly speaking there is but the letter K. The letters C G Q are made use of only to soften the pronunciation in certain words. S J are the same, also letters L R N, which are made use of indiscrminately one for the other, as in the following words :-

Masknalo, Masknano Meaning the same. The tail of the bear. Masknano

Kanata-Canada.

Kacpek, gochek-Quebec.

Iroquois, Huron, Algonquins—Champlain who heard these names for the first time from the Montagnais, his allies, as he called them, and with whom he travelled. applied them to the nations above referred to, but giving to these words a French termination.

Iroquois, irnokue—In the Montagnais language means a formidable man, a man to be feared.

Algonquins or Algonmekuins—As called by Champlain in his first trip.

Algonmekiuns-The Montagnais say, Algonmekuots. Those who paint their faces with red paint.

Hurons, Urons—From the verb "uroin or uruin," which means to roar, to shout, &c. Niagara—Maka, nekala, nekara—Word used to denote a usage, a continuation, so that Niagara, urons, means a place where the roar is constant. This name was probably given to those falls to make a distinction from other falls where the noise is not so great, and by extension the name of Huron was given to the Indians who lived in the vicinity of Niagara—urons, place where constant noise or roar is heard.

It has been objected that those places are not in the country occupied by the Montagnais. My answer to this is that when the Jesuit Fathers visited those places they were accompanied by Indians or guides taken from Quebec, who spoke the Montagnais language. There is, therefore, nothing surprising in the fact that Champlain, upon hearing the Indians call those places or tribes by these names, continued to use them.

CHARLES ARNAUD, O. M. I.

LAKE ST. JOHN AGENCY, 23rd August, 1884.

The Right Honorable,

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to transmit herewith my Report on Indian affairs, for the year ended the 30th June last.

There has been an increase of 27 souls in the band.

Sickness has been more prevalent than usual, and many have died from consumption.

The hospital, as in former years, is of great help to the Indians; the last im-

provements to the building have made it quite comfortable.

Last year's crop was very good, and that of this year promises to be equally so.

Every year new clearings are made.

The increase of stock this year has been very satisfactory.

The road through the reserve (begun last year) was completed this summer, and clearings have been commenced on its line.

The school has been well attended.

The strong measures adopted towards the vendors of spirituous liquors have had a good effect. I have had, however, again to prosecute a white person for this offence. I hope it will be the last prosecution of the kind which will be necessary.

I have just received a letter from the Rev. Father Lacasse, the missionary of this tribe for several years past. I beg to enclose it to you, as it may be of some interest to the Department.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

L. E. OTIS, Indian Agent.

CHICOUTIMI, 15th August, 1884.

L. E. Otis, Esq.,

Indian Agent, Lake St. John,

SIR,—As missionary to the Indians of Lake St. John for several years past, I have much pleasure in offering you my congratulations upon the success which has attended your efforts for their welfare.

The Indians are now very sober, a fact which is no doubt due to the punishment which you have caused to be inflicted on persons found guilty of selling intoxicants

to them in contravention of the law.

Quiet and order reign on the reserve; quarrels and dissensions are almost unknown among the Indians, and it must be a source of gratification that you have been able to persuade many of them to put aside some of their earnings each year for the purpose of clearing up their lands.

The result has been most gratifying, some Indians, on their return from hunting,

having found themselves the possessors of a hundred bushels of wheat.

The hospital has been productive of much good, and we hear no more of the Indians dying in numbers on their return to the reserve, from change of air and food, aggravated by exposure in damp tents.

Dr. Matte is unremitting in his professional attendance on the sick, and all the

Indians have reason to be thankful for the improvement in their condition.

Signed,

B. LA CASSE, O.M.I.

MARIA AGENCY, MARIA, 27th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit to you my Report on the affairs of the Agency of the Micmac Indians of Maria, for the years 1883-1884.

I also beg to enclose my tabular statement for the same period.

The Micmac Indians of my agency have made some progress since last year. Several parcels of land have been ploughed for the first time since last spring. The crops appear to be good and promise to be remunerative.

A great deal of new fencing has been done and several nice houses have been erected; and, thanks to the small allowance made by your Department, the road has

been well repaired where necessary.

Since my last report I have erected a small gaol in order to incarcerate therein the inebriates and other delinquents. Thanks to this gaol, which the Indians and the vendors of intoxicating liquors are much in dread of, I have obtained what I did so much desire—sobriety among the Indians. If this habit of sobriety can be maintained I trust to be able to make an industrious and prosperous people of them.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your very obedient servant,

> J. GAGNÉ, Ptre., Indian Agent.

RESTIGOUCHE AGENCY.

CROSS POINT, N. B., 18th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit to you, accompanying this Report, a tabular statement giving the population, and showing the state of culture and the improvements which have been made on the Micmac Indian Reserve at Ste. Anne de Restigouche.

The best proof of the constant progress of the Indians in agricultural pursuits is to be found in the fact that portions of the reserve most adapted to agriculture are sold at very high prices to-day, and those who have cleared land can hardly be induced to part with it. Young married couples have great difficulty in procuring enough land on which to erect houses.

The grain harvest has been very good, but the potatoe crop was indifferent, owing to the great quantity of rain which fell during the summer season.

The area sowed last spring was the largest ever sowed on the reserve.

There is a great deal of work going on now, in the vicinity of the reserve, and wages are so good, both in winter and summer, that I am prepared to say there will be no misery for Indians who are able and willing to work.

The school has been in operation during the whole of the scholastic year, and although the attendance has been good, I cannot help remarking that a greater num-

ber of children should attend.

The school house has been partially repaired, and it is hoped that the repairs

yet to be made will shortly be completed.

Drunkenness is on the decrease now, as the law is always enforced against any Indian delinquent, and also because the Indians cannot procure liquor themselves, but only through the assistance of strangers and voyageurs.

During the year there were 21 births, 19 deaths and 6 marriages.

I have the honor to be, Sir. Your obedient servant,

> O. DRAPEAU, Ptre. Indian Agent.

RIVER DESERT AGENCY. Maniwaki, 23rd July, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

SIR,-I have the honor to submit, for your information, my Report and tabular statement, showing the affairs of the Indians of my Agency during the year ended the 30th June, 1884.

The sanitary condition of the Indians during that period has been exceptionally

good.

The population is almost stationery, the number of births being 13, and deaths 12. The progress made by the Indians in agriculture is, on the whole, satisfactory, although not so rapid as I would desire, during the year (30) thirty acres of bush land have been cleared and put under crop. The Indians are very contented, and are fully sensible of the efforts made by the Department to ameliorate their condition. Some of the more prominent members of the band have shown an aptness and taste for agricultural pursuits which is very creditable. Amongst those whose advancement deserves special notice is Louis Peznadasate, second chief. He is the most progressive man of the band, and devotes nearly all his time to cultivating his land and extending his clearing. He has erected a very comfortable log house, 24 by 30, during the spring, and has it now almost completed. His stock consists of a span of good horses, two milch cows and a number of young cattle. The Tête de Boule Indians, who form part of the Desert band, but who seldom visit the reserve, live principally by the chase, although a number of them work for the different lumbering firms in their shanties during the winter months. Several Tête de Boule families, whom I induced to settle on the reserve, are making as much progress as I could reasonably expect.

The crops, both roots and cereals, were fully up to the average, and secured in good condition. Hay was plentiful and of excellent quality, the yield being fully lifty per cent over the average. This was chiefly attributable to a continuous fall of rain during the greater part of the month of June, which largely promoted its

growth.

In the early part of the season the Colorado beatles made their unwelcome appearance, and in such numbers as to threaten the total destruction of the potatoe crop. However, the judicious application of Paris Green, which I instructed the

Indians how to use, soon destroyed the obnoxious pest.

The Indians, when not engaged in agricultural pursuits or hunting, readily find remunerative employment from the lumbering firms. So thoroughly do they understand operations in the woods that several of them have had contracts on their own account, during the past winter, for taking out saw logs for Messrs. Gilmour & Co. The agent of that firm informed me that those Indians attended closely to their duties and carried out their agreements in a very satisfactory manner.

The roads on the reserve are now in very good condition, a culvert and cross laying on the main road, where it crosses lot (5) five Road Range; were in a rather dilapidated and dangerous state. I drew the attention of the chief and other Indians to the fact, and suggested, that it would be advisable for them to turn out on a stated day and have it repaired. They promptly acted on my suggestion, and put

them in a thorough state of repair.

The Bridge over Congo Creek, in Desert Front Range, has been completed. The work on the same was carried out strictly according to instructions, as per plan and specification received from your Department. It has a span of 141 feet, supported by four piers. All the timber used in its construction is white pine, perfectly sound. The work of construction was carried out under the superintendance, of a thoroughly practical man, and was performed by Indians of the band, all of whom performed the various duties assigned them very efficiently and to my entire satisfaction.

I regret to state that the slaughter of Moose deer was much greater last winter than it has been for a number of years past. The snow was unusually deep and the early spring thaw, followed by sharp frostly weather, created a thick crust on the surface. through which they could only move very slowly, and consequently became easy victims to the ruthless hunters. I had strongly urged on the Indians not to kill any during the close season, unless compelled by absolute want to do so. They evidently paid but very little attention to my advice, as I was informed that in several cases the moose were wantonly slaughtered for the sake of the hides only. As the chief and more intelligent members of the band are decidedly opposed to the illegal killing of this noble animal, I have no doubt that, in a reasonable time, the evil referred to will cure itself. It is very seldom that I hear any complaint of immorality amongst the Indians. My attention however was recently directed to a case of gross immorality which occurred in the village. A notable feature in connection with the matter was that not only were the Indians themselves the complainants, but were also directly instrumental in bringing the guilty parties to justice, and securing a conviction, thereby showing their detestation of the offence in the most practical way possible. I consider the action of the chief and other Indians in this matter was highly commendable. The guilty parties were sentenced to two months imprisonment in the common goal at Aylmer. I have already given you the particulars of this case in my letter of the 19th June last.

The question of surrendering a portion of the reserve lands has been agitating the minds of the Indians for some time past. A council of the chiefe, and Indians entitled to take part in the deliberations, was held on the 5th November, to decide whether they would give their assent to the proposed surrender or not. I explained to them that the reserve contained an area of 45,000 acres, the greater portion of which is lying idle, and that after retaining even more than sufficient for themselves and families there would still remain a very extensive tract of land, which they could never possibly utilize, which if sold would materially increase their funds. After having discussed the matter for some time, they dicided on a postponement, until the spring, when a larger number of interested Indians would have an opportunity of being present. In accordance with this arrangement, another council was held on the 16th June last, and was largely attended. I again repeated the advantages which they would derive from carrying out the proposed surrender. The chiefs were unanimously in favour of it, and strongly urged on the council to carry out the suggestions made by the Department, as explained in your letter, No. 35600, of the 24th February 1882. Some of those present, conspicious among whom were John McDougall and John Bull, considered it inadvisable to assent to a surrender of any portion of their lands at present. A lengthy discussion ensued, and it was again decided, without putting the

question to a vote to leave the matter over for further consideration.

The difficulties caused by the Makatanine family regarding that portion of lots 2 and 3. Desert Front, which was surrendered years ago and sub-divided into village lots, and to which I made reference in my last annual report, have not yet been removed. In conformity with the terms of surrender, a number of these lots were leased for building purposes. As soon as the lessees entered thereon, the Makatanines endeavored to frighten them off. Failing to do so, they built a fence across a number of said lots. I informed them, that although reluctant to take legal proceedings against them, I could not permit them to trespass on their neighbors, and that I would insist on the fence being removed, and that if the same were not attended to, in a reasonable time, I would be compelled to adopt such means as would prevent them from further annoying their white neighbors; at the same time I again informed them that if they could furnish me with satisfactory proof that any portion of the surrendered land had been cleared or improved by them, that they would be compensated therefor. They would not agree to this. They are a very obstinate family. I shall, however, continue my endeavors to convince them of the folly of continuing the course which they have hitherto followed, in connection with this matter, and shall only resort to coercive measures when every other alternative shall have failed.

It is very difficult to induce many of the Indians to send their children to school. Those who have attended made fair progress, but the attendance was very irregular. This is partly caused through many of the Indian families removing to the woods during the winter months. Some children also who remain on the reserve, but who live a considerable distance from the school, may attend in summer, but owing to bad roads or other causes, are unable to do so in winter. During the year, 37 children have profited by the teachings of Sister M. du Sauveur, who is a very pains-

taking and efficient teacher.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

CHAS. LOGUE,
Indian Agent.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, VILLAGE OF LORETTE.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,
Ottown.

Sir,—I have the honor to transmit to you my annual Report for the year ended 30th June last, accompanied by the ordinary tabular statement, which shows an increase in the population of the Huron Indians at Lorette. This increase is due to the fact that three families, who had left the village some years ago, have returned.

There has been no discernible progress in the cultivation of the soil this year; the reserve, the only place where the Indians have land to till, is too distant from the village—one mile and a half—they, therefore, planted potatoes only and a small quantity of oats.

The crop this year was tolerably good.

The prosperity of the village is due to the manufacture, by the Indians, of moccasins and snow shoes; these industries are kept up by the energy of a few merchants of the place, especially Messrs. Philippe Vincent, François Groslouis and Maurice Bastien.

The children have attended school with greater assiduity than heretofere, and

the result has been most favorable.

The old habit of hunting is fast disappearing, and, in time, will be altogether discontinued.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

GU1L. GIROUX, Ptr.,

Missionary.

Notre Dame de Betsiamits, 25th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit to you, for your information, my annual Report on Indian affairs in my Superintendency. Enclosed please also find my tabular statement.

### Maskonard.

The Indians of Maskonard, Grande Romaine and Natashquan have been tolerably successful in hunting for fur-bearing animals. With the exception of two families who suffered from hunger during the winter, all the others got on pretty well, as they were successful in killing cariboo and some white partridges, but they ran short of ammunition.

The health of these Indians this year has been good and they have behaved well. There were, however, two cases of intemperance, which I placed before Mr. Magistrate

O'Brien when I met him at Sept Isles, as I could not attend to them myself.

Those Indians are very poor, especially as regards clothing.

I have distributed to the aged Indians and to the widows the 15 pairs of blankets I received last fall. They were of great assistance to them. They wish to

get some more, as they are so very poor.

As I had a balance on hand from last year's allowance, I have been able to help them a little, but there is nothing left for next year. I therefore beg to solicit that a certain sum be added to the amount which is annually sent to me so as to enable me to help them, as the amount allowed for the other bands is barely sufficient for them.

When I passed through those places, the cod fish had not as yet made its

appearance. Only a small quantity was caught last year.

I am of opinion that it is useless to try and induce Indians to fish like the

whites.

The expense incurred by the Government in furnishing them with fishing tackle is of no benefit to them. They have sold their nets, also a portion of their lines and sinkers, &c., &c. They say they prefer to go in the woods as they have always been in the habit of doing.

They are afraid of being sick at sea. I believe that if the Government wishes to take care of them it would be better to encourage them to go hunting in the woods; but for that they require powder, shot and percussion caps, and at least 15 pairs of

blankets.

Were the Government to grant them those articles, they would be very grateful

for the gift.

Eight families were absent hunting on the Esquimaux land. I could not, therefore, see them, as they did not return before I left.

# Mingan.

Six adults diedlast fall at Mingan from fever and colds. They were all well when I was there. Their behavior during the year has been good and they have abstained from all spirituous liquors.

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They were not very successful in hunting for fur-bearing animals, the fire, as you know, having passed over their hunting grounds. No one, however, suffered from hunger during the winter.

They succeeded in killing some cariboo and a number of white partridges, but

they also ran short of ammunition.

The fishing, considering their number, did not amount to much, they having only

killed 45 selmon.

Those Indians are very poor, especially as regards clothing. I join them in soliciting the Government to give them 15 pairs of blankets; also some powder, shot to

Four families belonging to this band had crossed over to the southern coasts of Gaspé. I could not, therefore, see them, but I was informed that they are all well-behaved and were only to return on the reserve next summer.

# Sept Isles and Moisie.

I have ascertained with pleasure that the Indians of Sept Isles and of Moisie abstained during the whole of the year from spirituous liquors. They are a well-behaved band and their health is good. Their success in hunting for fur-bearing animals was not very great, but there was no misery among them. They killed some cariboo and a great number of white partridges, but also ran short of ammunition.

Quring my stay there several Indians were busy fishing for cod. They were tolerably successful, but when the time to go in the woods arrived, they could not stop,

they had to go! The boat which you gave them is in good condition.

I took upon myself to place a young girl 15 years of age in a family. She is infirm, not being able to walk. Her mother is a widow and cannot take her into the woods. I have made no definite arrangement as regards the payment for the keeping of this girl, but I trust you will see that her expenses are paid.

There are also two old persons, a man and wife, each 80 years of age. They have no family connection and are incapable of supporting themselves. They are at the mercy of every one. They have asked me to obtain for them a shelter for the winter. I told them that I could not promise to do anything for them until I was authorized by you to that effect.

As there are several old Indians and widows there, 15 pairs of blankets would be of much help to them. As you know, those blankets cannot last them very long,

as they have nothing else to travel with.

### Godbout.

The Indians of Godbout have enjoyed good health during the whole of the year. They did not hunt but spent a part of the winter season at la Pointe des Monts, in company with some other families who had gone there to hunt for seals, which were very plentiful. Besides seals they killed also all the white partridges they wanted, as they were in abundance. I asked them if they had experienced any misery during the winter. They answered me that with the exception of two families, who, through their own improvidence, had suffered a little, they had not. Last year the head of one of those two families, J. Bte. Picard, killed as many as 50 seals, but he spent foolishly what he had made; later not having succeeded in obtaining credit from a certain trader, Picard and this trader tried to get the Government to support him. It was then that he telegraphed to the Department. He also prevailed upon a reverend gentleman, through false representation, to telegraph to me. On my arrival at that place, having found out that his scheme had been discovered, he left for parts unknown and I have never seen him since.

The other party, who is a good for nothing, lazy fellow, also suffered to a certain extent. He told me himself that he had refused to work for a telegraph company

at \$1.00 per day and found, because he said the pay was not high enough.

I know that neither of them ever pay their debts; that they are lazy and are addicted to drink.

A few pairs of blankets would be received with gratitude by the widows and the two old Indians of that place. They have also applied to me for powder, shot and percussion caps.

#### Escoumains.

The health of the Indians at Escoumains is good. This band is very well-behaved and they do all kinds of work; they do not suffer in any way.

To encourage them, I distributed to them, last spring, a small quantity of pota-

toes and seed grain.

Their crop looks well and promises a fair yield, if there is no frost. They have built two good shingled-roofed log houses. They own an old horse, and they have asked me to try and get them a plough, one harrow and a pair of wheels.

There is a resident doctor at Escoumains. Last year a poor Indian woman would have actually died had it not been for the charitable attendance of this doctor,

although he knew perfectly well that her husband could not pay him.

The doctor has since informed me that he would not attend, in future, to the Indians, unless the Government were willing to give him some remuneration for his services. The Indians hope that the Government will do so.

#### Betsiamits Reserve.

All the Indians of Betsiamits are now together; their health is good and they are a well-behaved people. They have made some progress, as far as temperance is concerned.

There were two deaths during the last winter, caused by consumption.

The result of their hunt for fur-bearing animals was about the same as that of last year. They have disposed of their furs however, at a higher price.

last year. They have disposed of their furs, however, at a higher price.

They experienced no misery during the year; the white partridges were of

great assistance to them during the winter.

I distributed to them, at the request of the chief, some potatoes, and they planted nearly the whole of them. I also gave them spades and shovels, so that they might cultivate their potatoes.

I make no reference to the wood cut on the reserve, as the matter is already

well known to your Department.

On account of the great number of widows, old Indians and children residing on the reserve, I beg to apply for 25 pairs of blankets; also for medicines, such as pain killer, paregoric, salts and senna, camphor, cod liver oil, &c., &c.

From \$50 to \$100 worth of medicine would be of great use to our poor Indians,

especially were they to get it this fall.

The constable accompanied me during my visits to the different posts on the coasts, and his presence had the effect of making the Indians understand that the Government will exact good behavior from them.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your very obedient servant,

L. F. BOUCHER,

Indian Supt.

CHATHAM HEAD, N.B., 1st September, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sin,—I have the honor to submit herewith, for the information of the Department, the inclosed tabular statement for the year ended the 30th of June, 1884.

The tabular statement shows a decrease in the population of five during the year, which was caused by death.

The Indians in this superintendency continue in much the same state; quite a number, however, have made much progress in farming, and I have endeavored to encourage others to follow their example by giving a larger share of seeds to those who farm most.

With regard to the statistics, there is little or no difference from last year.

The moneys received from the Department have been disposed of with as much economy as possible in the purchase of seeds and in assisting the sick and aged ones.

The school at Eelground, taught by Mr. Flinne, is in a very efficient state, and cannot fail to have a beneficial influence. I regret to state that the one at Burnt Church has been closed for some time past, owing chiefly to the difficulty of getting a teacher who would take charge of it for the salary offered, but I hope to be able to have it again opened before long.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant.

> > CHAS. SARGEANT. Indian Supt.

No report from the South-Western Superintendency, New Brunswick, formerly under Superintendent Wm. Fisher.

PERTH CENTRE, N.B., 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to submit my annual Report of Indian affairs in this

Agency for the year ended the 30th June last.

The Indian band at Tobique has a population of 187, being an increase of 21 over last year, arising partly from births and partly from immigration. That at Edmundston has a population of 30, having decreased one during the year. The total population of both bands is 217.

The agricultural prospects of the band at Tobique are better than last year, there

there having been more seed sowed; the crops are looking well.

The school which has been taught continuously at Tobique for the last three years and a half, has been a success. The teacher, Miss Hartt, possesses the esteem and confidence of the band, and the children have made good progress under her tuition. The average attendance for the last year was 20, being 80 per cent. of the whole number attending school.

The small band at Edmundston (above referred to) have a splendid tract of 500 acres of land. They do not farm much themselves, but let it out to the white settlers

on shares.

They do not send their children to the public school of that place as they formerly did, although the school house is not more than 100 rods from their dwellings. The number in the band of an age to attend school is about eight.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

MOSES CRAIG.

Indian Agent.

Annapoles Royal, N.S., 11th August, 1881.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to transmit herewith my Report and tabular statement for the year ended 30th June, 1884. 3)

I regret not being able to report an improvement in the condition of the Indians of this district during the past year, they remaining in much the same condition as heretofore.

I have visited every encampment in Annapolis County, and gained all the information from Shelburne that was possible. The census shows a slight increase in the numbers of the band.

I have ascertained that there are several lots of land reserved for the Indians, but so far cannot learn the number of acres in each reserve. The land is exceedingly rough and a great proportion of it utterly unfit for cultivation.

Owing to the exceedingly dry weather of last season, the crops throughout the whole country were unusually light. The crops planted by the Indians suffered from

drought, in common with those of the white settlers.

A few Indians own small tracts of land containing from half an acre to two acres. These lands are cultivated by them, while others are permitted to plant on the property of neighboring farmers, but as none of them keep stock or own farming implements, I have found it necessary to purchase manure and hire men to plough the land for them, otherwise it would have been useless to supply them with seed.

Salmon fishing and trapping have, in the past, been a source of considerable income, but these are fast failing, the former being injured by the erection of mill dams; the latter, from the fact that valuable fur-bearing animals are fast becoming

extinct.

Referring again to the reserves I find it impossible to induce the Indians to settle on them, and they are now willing to permit the sale of them, since some white men are tre-passing by the cutting of timber and otherwise. I have posted notices in one or two localities forbidding such trespass.

In conclusion, I would say that very little improvement can be expected in the Micmac Indians until they learn to lead a more settled life than has characterized the

tribe in the past.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
GEO. WELLS,
Indian Agent District No. 1 "A."

BEAR RIVER, N.S., 13th September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit my Report, with tabular statement, respecting the Indians of my Agency, District No. 1 "b," including the Counties of Digby and Yarmouth, for the year ended the 30th June, 1884.

There is no change of importance to note since my last report, the Indians continuing the same routine from year to year, any change for the better being

hardly perceptable.

The tabular statement shows an increase in the various industries, owing largely to the high prices of fish, oil and furs during the last summer and autumn.

In agricultural pursuits, with a few exceptions, I have no improvement to report, as the majority prefer the more exciting yet uncertain employment of hunting or fishing. We also regret to note a small decrease in the avarage attendance at the Indian School on the reserve on account of many leaving the reserve in autumn and spring. Mr. Kerr, the teacher, is very diligent in his duties, striving, not only to advance his pupils in reading writing &c, but in habits of cleanliness and morality.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant, FREEMAN McDORMAND, Indian Agent, District No. 1, "B."

KENTVILLE, N.S., 17th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to send you, to day, my annual Report on the state of the Indians in this County, as well as tabular statements connected therewith.

I have still the pleasure to record the peaceable, quiet and orderly conduct of the Indians of this Agency, being far superior to that of their white neighbors, of the same class in life. The are almost all of them sober, temperate, and moderately industrious. As a rule they are a religious people, many of them pious, strictly Roman Catholic, attending their chapels on Sundays and holidays whenever they can—some, perhaps weak in morals, through the faults of their white neighbors.

Death has stricken down two of the most notable men among them, father and son—I mean the two Pauls. I placed more confidence in Joseph Paul than any other man among them. I entrusted the management of the Indian or Government fund entirely to him and was guided much by his judgment. They will be much

missed here, as newer families are coming in who are not their equals.

Some six weeks since I received information of an outrage committed upon two peaceable, inoffensive families, by two drunken roughs breaking into their camp in the night, beating the men, the women fleeing into the woods, in their fright, for safety. They then set fire to their camp, after breaking and destroying everything valuable. This occurred about eighteen miles from here. I immediately wrote to a prominent magistrate in that neighborhood, asking him to take notice of the affair and bring the offenders to justice.

I have since learned that with the help of Father Holden they have compromised

the affair with money; but it should have been a criminal matter.

There are no Indian schools in this County, but the public schools are all open to Indians. They do not, however, often a vail themselves of the privilege thus open to them. One boy, however, attends our school, and a bright, clever fellow he is, and a favorite with the whole school.

The Indian is evidently in a state of transition. Woods, guns and hunting grounds disappear, but enterprise, ambition and amalgamation will take their place,

and the effect will some day be apparent.

Pardon this digression, but I cannot help thinking that they will attain, as they deserve, a future better than their present.

Your most obedient servant,

I. E. BECKWITH,

Indian Agent, District No. 2.

CALEDONIA, N. S., 25th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR,—As the accompanying tabular statement contains all requisite information, any Report for this year, concerning the Indians in the counties of Queen's and Lunenburgh, must necessarily be brief.

Death has carried off, within the past two months, Mr. Peter Gload, of Grafton, and his wife, Hannah. Gload was a man of an industrious nature, and had made a very comfortable home for himself and family. He was the only self supporting Indian in the County.

Bad neighbours have since frightened their only daughter from the homestead, in order, I am told, that the practice of stealing timber may the more easily be

carried on.

I regret to have to record a sad case of drowning, occasioned by liquor. It occurred in February last, at Mill Village. The Liverpool Advance thus speaks of the lamentable occurrence: "Our Indians, who are pretty flush with cash, had rather a lively time at their camps a few weeks ago, on eight bottles of rum, obtained at Liverpool. One of them, a young man named Peter Pigtow, rushed from his companions early Sunday morning, while crazed with liquor, and has not since been heard of. His friends have been searching for him in all directions, but have found no trace of his whereabouts. Fears are entertained that he has either fallen into the river or strayed into the woods and perished. So much for rum's doings." A few months later, while some men were working logs about the dam, the body of a man was discovered lodged against one of the piers. Upon examination it proved to be the remains of the unfortunate Pigtow. Since then I have administered the temperance pledge to the majority of those under my care; and to remove temptation, have called on all the liquor dealers at Liverpool, and received their promise to give no liquor to Indians under any consideration.

Quite a large quantity of salmon was taken in the early spring by Indians at Mill Village, and later on by those at Milton. During the month of February a few Indians took from the Port Medway river salmon aggregating 55 lbs., and selling at

\$1 per lb

The Indians of this county have had a fair return of crops, excepting hay, which is below that of last year. The children do not take as kindly to the schools as I would wish. The dislike of associating with them in the school evinced by white children may, to some extent, account for this.

In Lunenburgh County, the attendance at school is about the same as last year.

The crops with them are, as here, fairly good; hay below last year.

The Labradors have sold out to an American company their shares in the gold

mines near Bridgewater, and placed the money in bank.

I find the Indians of both counties, as a general rule, sober, industrious and attentive to their religious duties. Were they not tracked by unprincipled vendors of poisonous liquor, they would be examples worthy the imitation of their more civilized white neighbour.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

THOMAS J. BUTLER, Indian Agent, Districts 3 and 4.

No report from District No. 5, Nova Scotia, to which a new Agent has been newly appointed.

No report from Mr. James Gass, District No. 6 "A", Nova Scotia.

TRUBO, N.S., 15th July, 1834.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I beg to enclose herewith tabular statement containing statistics for the year ended 30th June last; also Report concerning the Indians under my charge.

I have very little to state. We have had the usual amount of sickness and death,

but no deaths from contagious diseases.

During the past year I had two persons arrested for selling liquor to the Indians, and proved my case; but, unfortunately, they both escaped from the hands of the

policemen and have not been seen since; but it had a good effect, as very little "fire water" can be obtained by them since that time,

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > D. H. MUIR, M.D., Indian Agent, District No. 6 " B."

> > Parrsboro', N. S., Oct. 1st, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit the following Report, together with tabular

statement for the year ended the 30th June last.

I am pleased to be able to report a marked improvement in the condition of the I am pleased to be able to report a market improvement in the condition of the Indians living at Halfway Lake. This band devote considerable attention to the cultivation of their lands, and are generally more industrisus in their habits than those living in other parts of the County. They take considerable interest in the education of their children, and, so far as they can, send them to the district school.

Their crops were good, but many suffered the loss of a large portion of their

potatoes during the winter on account of their cellars not being frost proof. They feel the need of a suitable team to do their ploughing; as it is, they are compelled to work out with the nearest farmer in order to secure the service of his team in breaking up their land.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> A. T. CLARKE. Indian Agent, District No. 7.

Pictou, N.S., 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

SIR,—Changes in the habits of the Micmac tribe of Indians are so slow of accomplishment that one finds scarcely anything to note from one year to another. If, however, a comparison be made with a period ten or fifteen years past, the difference between then and now is obvious enough to make a decided impression on the most carcless observer. A change has certainly been effected in the mean time; but like everything else in which the tribe acts a part, it has been produced so gradually and noiselessly that we become aware of its existence only by comparing the state of facts before us with what our memory calls to recollection.

A very few years ago, the Micmac tribe was entirely engaged in basket making and coopering. A desultory essay by way of fishing with hook and line in the deep sea, was the only variation in their monotonous life. Hunting, of course, they followed, as they still to some extent do, at special seasons; but their staple avocation was as described. Wood was plenty and within available distance of the towns, in which they found their principal market. With the disappearance of the forest, the Micmac found his ancient occupation gone, and necessity constrained him to exert his energies in a new direction. He began to appear in other fields of labor, so that to-day, there is no employment in which he does not compete, occasionally at least with his white brethern. He enters the mine, he works on a farm, he is a wharf builder, he makes boats, he is a self-taught, but skilful house and ship carpenter.

Withal, he is the least troublesome to law officials, and the least offensive to his fellow men, of all Her Majesty's subjects. An occasional indulgence in intoxicating liquids—and this is growing rarer every day—is the only cause that ever brings him into acquaintance with a bailiff or policeman. His honesty amid great want and frequent privation is proverbial. I have never know a single case of theft to have occurred in the tribe. In his dealings with traders who give him credit for the merchandise he purchases, he may be dilatory in meeting his engagements to make payments; but he never pleads the statute of limitation. His money may be slow of coming, but it is sure in the end.

St. Anne's Day, July 26th, is his greatest festival-his Christmas, New Year, and Thanksgiving combined. He repairs to his church, usually built on a picturesque island, and always on this occasion draped out with tasteful ornaments and finery, that is not by any means tawdry or otherwise inappropriate. Wild flowers deck the altar, and arches of evergreen lead to the entrance. He is dressed in his best, and his wife and daughters exhibit their well-preserved silks in a profusion that causes envy to many a peasant girl. The festival over, and his religious exercises very earnestly performed, he returns to his usual habitation and to whatever avocation he may have found best adapted to the securing of a livelihood. In years past, he used to wander through the forest, or pass in a canoe from headland to headland, pitching his wigwam where he passed the night, and never remaining long in one place. late, he has become settled in his habits, and dwells from year to year in the same locality. He builds a house and makes it comfortable. St. Anne's Day alone calls him forth from his home. He reverences his chief, and consults him in every serious undertaking. The young suitor gets his leave before uniting his fate with the dusky maiden who has won his regard. The chief's word is law when it is uttered; but custom and the unwritten traditions of the race, effectually dissuade that important dignitary from interposing his awful authority in other than matters of weighty import. And all the time the chief, notwithstanding the power he exercises, is to all appearance an ordinary Indian working at his trade, and eking out a precarious subsistence, undistinguishable from the subjects who acknowledge his dominion.

In the district under my supervision, very little farming, comparatively speaking, is carried on. A few persons cultivate potatoes enough for their own use, and one or two raise wheat. The lands reserved for them are not sufficiently extensive to admit of wider agricultural operations.

On the Pictou Reserve they have a small village and school, which latter, however, is not as well attended as the attainments and industry of the teacher should

command,—still it is doing much good.

I have filled up the returns sent from the Department, and mail them herewith

I have the honor to be, Yours most respectfully,

RODERICK McDONALD,

Indian Agent, District No. 8.

HEATHERTON, ANTIGONISH Co., N.S., 6th October, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit to you the annual tabular statement of Indian Affairs, in my district, for the year ended 30th June, 1884, to which I can add but little by way of report. My appointment to the agency took place only three months before the end of the year, and, therefore, my experience in the capacity of Indian agent does not enable me to enter upon a complete report. The figures in the tabular statement can only be approximately correct in several instances, as it

is difficult to obtain reliable information from the Indians. This, however, is not owing to an indisposition on their part to impart the information, but to their inability to do so as well. One would imagine that the chief and captains of a small band, like that of the Micmacs in this district, would be familiar with the affairs of the band, but one has only to seek the information necessary for a complete report to know how utterly unreliable it is when received. Were it not for the encouragement given by Government in the shape of farming implements and fertilizers, farming would be impossible to them, and would soon be abandoned for the more congenial occupations of coopering, basket making, and bead work, and even with the aid they receive, I fear it will be long before the Indians of Antigonish can be considered an agricultural people.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN J. CHISHOLM, Indian Agent, District No. 9.

RED ISLAND, N. S., 2nd September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit herewith the tabular statement for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

To the information therein contained I have but little to add.

The crops on the Indian reserve, thus far, promise well, and should the weather continue favorable, will yield a fair average.

The Indians of my agency make slow but evident progress in cultivating their

lands.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> JOHN McDOUGALL, Indian Agent, District No. 10.

RIVER INHABITANTS, INVERNESS Co., N. S., August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa,

Sis,—I have very little to add by way of supplement to the tabular statement I have the honor to transmit to you. During the year ended 30th June, last, there were 9 births and 5 deaths. I am happy to state that the condition of the Indians throughout my agency has very materially improved during the last year. By slow degrees, some of them are becoming more thrifty and provident.

A few of them had sufficient potatoe seed for their own use, and some to spare, last May. As a rule, the Indians of this band are very industrious. In winter and summer the majority of the men are generally employed in coopering, making wash tubs, butter tubs, churns, &c., &c., and the women in making baskets and beaded moccasins, and porcupine quill fancy boxes. These wares they dispose of for the necessaries of life principally in the Village of Whycocomah.

When not in real destitution, they seem always happy and contented, much more so than other people could be under similar circumstances. Potatoes, for which the soil on the Whycocomah Reserve is well adapted, are their principle article of food.

The Indians of my agency are a law abiding people, and afford an example it

would be well for some of their white civilized neighbors to imitate.

I have now only to add that it is a matter of congratulation, to be in a position to affirm, that in regard to morality, they at least show no change for the worse.

It would be hard to find anywhere a people among whom the precepts of nature

and religion are more faithfully observed.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> D. McISAAC, Indian Agent, District No. 11.

Iona, 10th September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—In connection with Indian matters in this district, I have nothing very important to report.

The school at Middle River has been in operation since November last, and I am

happy to report that it is doing very well.

The children attending school show a degree of intelligence and tidiness, altogether

wanting in those who do not attend.

The crop of potatoes and grain this year promises to be excellent. The soil in Middle River Reserve is specially adapted for potatoes and wheat.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> R. GRANT, Indian Agent, District No. 12.

CHRISTMAS ISLAND, N. S., 25th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendant-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

Sin,—I forward by this day's mail, tabular statement. Outside of this statement, I have nothing to report.

Your obedient servant,

M. McKENZIE, Indian Agent, District No. 13.

LENNOX ISLAND, P.E.I., 8th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit to you herewith my report and tabular statement for the year ended the 30th June last.

I am happy to be able to state that the Indians of Lennox Island are giving up

their nomadic habits.

Usually when the spring sowing was over, the Indians would leave the reserve for places in the vicinity of railway stations, where they would pitch their tents, to return only for Ste. Ann's day, the 26th of July, when, after one week's stay, they would again go away for two or three months to return for the winter season.

With the exception of one or two families who remained on the Island, the others

always absented themselves every year.

This summer, however, only two families left the reserves. All the others remained, and have expressed their intention of spending the whole of the summer on the Island.

Some of these Indians live by fishing. At this season of the year they fish for

cod; later on for mackerel.

Two Indians of this reserve purchased a large fishing boat last spring, for which

they paid \$40.

In order to obtain the necessaries of life, those who do not fish follow their own trade, and those who do not live on the reserves, earn their subsistence by making butter tubs, baskets, &c.

The Indians of these reserves are making some progress in agriculture, and they evinced last spring greater interest in the cultivation of the soil than they ever did

before.

I distributed last spring 231 bushels of potatoes to be used as seed, 19 bushels

of wheat, and 110 bushels of oats.

One Indian sowed 5 bushels of wheat, another 13 bushels of oats, several sowed each 8 bushels of oats and planted as many bushels of potatoes, and sowed from 1 to 2 bushels of wheat.

The crop looks well, with the exception of the potatoes, which were damaged by

rain which fell almost constantly during last July.

The crop last year was very good; several families had enough potatoes to last them through the winter, and two Indians of the Morell Reserve had enough left to

plant last spring.

An Indian who owned a piece of land and a house near the church, but who only occupied the house for about one week during the year, sold the land and house to another Indian named Stanislas François, for the sum of \$60.00; and having economized this last succeeded in paying the whole amount during the year. He sowed two acres of this land with oats, and cleared one acre, on which he planted potatoes. He is full of courage, and says that in three years he will have ten acres cleared.

He manifested much pleasure in showing me his field of oats, which is remark-

ably fine.

The Morell Reserve Indians are very anxious to own a horse with which to work their lands, and also to bring to the railway station, 5 miles distant, their manufactured goods. Each time I have had occasion to visit their reserve they never failed to ask me if I was going to purchase the horse during that visit.

They have much difficulty in procuring horses to plough their lands in the

spring.

I am still teaching on Lennox Island. The children are making good progress,

and are very docile.

I had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. J. S. Murray, School Inspector. He appeared quite satisfied with the result of the examination, and said he intended making another visit here during the summer season.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JEAN O. ARSENAULT,
Indian Superintendent.

## PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AGENCY—TREATY No. 1, MANITOBA, 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit, for your information, the following Report and tabular statement in duplicate, showing the state of the Indians under my charge, for the year ended 30th of June, 1884.

### The Roseau River Bands

were paid this year on the 5th and 7th of July, and I am happy to state that there was a marked improvement in these Indians, both in their appearance and in their conduct. Last year, when I was leaving the reserve, there were, I believe, nine-tenths of them lying drunk, but this year when I left the reserve there was not one Indian the worse of liquor. I had two very good constables this year, and through their exertions, the use of liquor among the Indians was prevented to a

great extent.

I commenced paying them on Saturday, and on Saturday night, or rather Sunday morning, we were all aroused from our slumbers by the howling of drunken men and women. We immediately made prisoners of four of the Indians whom we found drunk, and destroyed several bottles of whiskey. Three of these were arrested for being drunk and the fourth one for attempting to stab one of the constables. We handcuffed them and made them secure until they got sober, and I fined the three for drunkeness under section 94 of the Indian Act. The other man who was taken up for attempting to stab, was in charge of a man who gave the constables some assistance, and while I was taking the evidence, the constables not having hold of him, he saw an opportunity and made for the woods which were close by. He had the handcuffs only on one hand, and the constables did not happen to have hold of him, so he made his escape, handcuffs and all.

On Sunday evening there were quite a number of French half-breeds on the reserve who had no business there, and we ordered them all away within thirty minutes, for I was under the impression that they had liquor secreted all through the woods, and in less than that time there was not one to be seen, and from that

time until we left there was no appearance of liquor on any person.

These bands got 100 bushels of potatoes, a little corn and a few peas this spring, which they planted. The potatoes, I am afraid, will not amount to much, as they had been cut several times by the grubs before I saw them, and, at the time of payment, were looking very bad. The corn was looking well, but being american, I am afraid it will not ripen here. I hired Carribeau, the French half-breed whom I mentioned in my last report, to break and backset all the land he could this summer in breaking time, agreeing to give him \$1.50 for each ploughing. He had about ten or twelve acres broken when I was making the payments.

I also purchased an ox for them, for which I paid \$80, to replace the one sold by two members of the band in 1882. This amount I retained from the two Indians

who disposed of the ox, retaining this year \$35, and last year \$45.

# The Long Plain Band.

A number of this band show a greet desire for farming. They were loaned a yoke of oxen this spring, but it was too late for putting in wheat before I got instructions to buy them; I therefore, had to hire a man and team to plough and sow with wheat the eight acres I got broken last year; the Indians themselves did the fencing.

The wheat looks very well for the chance it had. The ground was very dry when it was sown, and the most of the grain did not come up until the rains came, which

was three weeks or more after it was sown. From the present appearance, I would

judge it will yield at least twenty bushels to the acre.

They planted this year about seventy-five bushels of potatoes, two-thirds of a bushel of corn, a little peas, and some garden seeds. In general, the crops on this reserve look well; the Indians have taken very good care of them and kept them quite clean.

I hired one of the Indians to break and backset all he could this season, agreeing to give him \$1.50 per acre for each ploughing. At the time of the payments he had 16 acres broken, and for appearance and quality I would put it against any ploughing I

have seen.

I have made arrangements with the Indians themselves to pay them \$1 per acre for cutting, binding and setting up the eight acres of wheat. I prefer this way of getting the Indians to work, even if they have to be paid, as it will give them a knowledge of how farming is done and will be the means of inducing them to remain more on their reserves.

This band is pretty well satisfied, and I trust that in a very few years many of them will become self-supporting. There is quite a number of them who work out for the farmers at all kinds of work, and it will only require a few of those who understand the work to set the example on the reserve, and others, will follow the

example set before them.

One of this band, by name Kitchipaness, purchased for himself an ox, and I am desirous to purchase a mate for it in place of the ox I sold some time ago, as there will be then two yoke on the reserve There will be about 30 acres to plough this fall, and I am very anxious to have it all ploughed so that we may be able to get the crops in earlier next spring.

## The Swan Lake Band

As usual, are determined not to go to their reserve to be paid. They want to be paid on, and have everything that is given to or done for them to be given and done on the section the Government gave them two years ago. They claim this place to be the reserve that was originally given them by the Treaty at the Stone Fort, and will never consent to give it up. They deny having consented to a division of the band by Governor Morris, in 1876, or to agreeing to take their reserve at Swan Lake. They claim that it was only the chief and one or two others who agreed to the change.

I trust that something will be done at once to make this band understand that it is impossible to allow them to hold the original reserve, as the whole country

which comprised it is patented to actual settlers and others.

I got the ten acres on the reserve cropped this spring, eight acres of it in wheat and the remainder in potatoes, corn and peas, but owing to the lateness of the season and the dryness of the ground when it was sowed, the wheat crop looked but very middling, not having come up until the June rains fell. However I think it will ripen before the frost comes, but will not yield more than twelve or fifteen bushels to the acre. The potatoes, corn and peas looked pretty well.

With the permission of the Department, I let a job of breaking and backsetting

With the permission of the Department, I let a job of breaking and backsetting twenty acres more on this reserve, at a cost of \$6 per acre, and when the man got fifteen acres ploughed one of his horses took sick, and he was in consequence unable to complete the contract in full. I believe it is just as well it happened so, for if the Indians are determined not to go there, I see no use whatever in making any more

improvements

I made arrangements, when I was there, on the 12th inst., to have the wheat cut and stacked. Last year six or seven families moved to the reserve and remained there all winter, and made a very good living by fishing, as they got ready sale for their fish to the farmers in the neighborhood; but early in the spring they went away to hunt, and have not since returned, all through fear of two or three of the leading men of the band.

I might mention that the crops on this reserve last year were all destroyed. The oats being quite late, met the same fate that was common to all the crops in that part of the country, being killed by the frost. The potatoes, although a very fair crop, were also all lost by being frozen when being dug and improperly pitted, through the carelessness of the Farm Instructor who had charge of the reserve at the time. Those that were pitted I found in one frozen mass when I went out this spring to get seed, and was therefore obliged to purchase.

# The Sandy Bay Band.

This band was unable to make any progress for the past three or four years, on account of the high water; but I have every reason to hope that hereafter will be able to make rapid improvements, on account of the water in the lake having

become several feet lower than it has been for some years.

This reserve is well adapted for stock raising and fishing. It never can be of much use for growing grain. Potatoes and other roots are about all that can be raised to advantage; but, notwithstanding, the Indians are well satisfied with it. They can raise any number of cattle with very little labor, and have the very best shelter for them in the numerous thickly-set bluffs adjacent to the lake, where they can have water in abundance at all seasons of the year.

They planted this year over one hundred bushels of potatoes, two-thirds of a bushel of corn, some peas and some of the smaller seeds, all of which looked very

promising when I was making the payment of annuities on the 22nd July.

They have a pretty good supply of horses and horned cattle nearly all of their own raising, having only received from the Government one yoke of oxen, one of which strayed away shortly after. They are anxious to get the bull and cows they are entitled to under Treaty. Their stock consists at present of twenty-five horses and fifty-one head of horned cattle. They have hay in abundance this year. They have a fair supply of boats, one or two light waggons and a few carts. The chief of this band died since my last annual report. He died during the winter. He was a very old man and had been very feeble for some time. I caused an election of a chief to take place this year before I commenced paying them. There were two men proposed for the position, and I caused a regular poll to be taken, the one candidate receiving twenty-seven votes and the other twenty-five votes. The name of the chief elect is Francois Demarais. He was an adopted child of the old form.

l'hey put up a very good hewed log building,  $18 \times 24$  feet, for a school house. It was ready for the inside furnishing, with the exception of the roof and floor, which I expect to be soon completed, so that the doors, windows, desks and seats can be

put in.

They built several new houses this year, making them very neat and comfortable, with good thatched roofs, and the logs were hewed inside and out, and they are making preparations for larger gardens another year. In many of their gardens I saw some of the finest corn and potatoes that I have seen in my travels.

# The Rolling River Band.

This band was formerly under the supervision of Mr. Agent Herchmer. It appears to be composed of Indians from different reserves in the west. They have no regular chief and head men, and no regularly laid out reserve. The only land belonging to them is a quarter section purchased for them by the Government last

winter from John Cameron.

I started for the Rolling River to make the payment of annuities on the 30th of July, and reached the encampment of the Indians about 11 o'clock of the 31st. I found the Indians encamped in a beautiful valley at the junction of the Little Saskatchewan and Rolling Rivers, where I also met Mr. Agent Herchmer with the supplies. I informed the Indians that I would deliver to them their supplies at the house on the quarter-section, which had been purchased for them by the Govern-

ment, and as soon after as they would be ready, I would commence paying them. The man, South Quill, whom they seem to regard as their chief or leading man, objected at once, stating that they had been paid where they were then encamped, and that they wanted to be paid there this year, as they looked upon this place as their reserve, having occupied it for many years back. I informed them that it was impossible for me to pay them there, as that land was patented to private parties, and that I, as well as themselves, could be prosecuted for trespass if we remained there. I then told them that they could consult among themselves, and I would go up to the house and await their decision; in about two hours they sent up a deputation, stating that they wanted to be paid there where their encampment was. I informed the deputation that I could not pay them there under any circumstances, and unless they came and took their money, I would have to leave in the morning to go to the Riding Mountain. I then waited for an hour or two, and went down to their tents and told them that if they did not receive their money I would leave at nine o'clock in the morning for Riding Mountain. I then left them and returned to the house, and about sun-down they all came trooping up to the house and consented to take their money this year, but another time they must be paid in the valley. I commenced paying them, and paid them all by lamp light. I found, in paying them, that several of the names on the pay-sheets were on the pay-sheets of some of

the other bands that I had been in the habit of paying.

Prior to this band being added to my Agency, Mr. Agent Herchmer placed on their reserve a Farm instructor, by the name of Pierre Contois, who speaks the Indian language, agreeing to pay him at the rate of forty-five dollars (\$45) per month and board; on the reserve were two yoke of oxen, two ploughs, one harrow.

one waggon, and other smaller implements.

There is about twenty acres under cultivation on this farm, thirteen acres having been sown with wheat, five or six with potatoes, and the remainder with turnips.

carrots and smaller seeds.

Owing to Mr. Agent Herchmer not having received instructions in time to purchase the oxen and seed, the sowing of the wheat was rather late; and in addition to that, the land is very high, and consequently was very dry at the time of sowing; the wheat did not come up until the rains fell in June, and for these reasons I fear will not escape the frost. When I was making the payments on the 31st, the wheat was not out in head, but was a most luxuriant crop; and if it gets a chance to ripen. will produce at least thirty-five or forty bushels to the acre. The potatoes and garden etuff looked pretty well, and will give a good return.

Contois broke about twenty acres of new land this season. He broke several

pieces for gardens, and expects to have the whole ploughed this fall, ready to sow in the spring. He will also have to build stables for the oxen, and make a root-house for the potatoes and turnips. The stables and granary which were on the place when the Government purchased it were all burned down early in the spring, the

origin of the fire is unknown.

I would urge very strongly that steps be taken at once to properly define the reserve for the band. Their claims are so extravagant that it will be almost impossible to satisfy them. They claim from a large boulder about twenty-two miles west of Minnedosa to within a few miles of Stoney Creek on the east, and north a considerable

distance, making a very large tract of country.

This is the first year that an attempt has been made to assist this band in supplying them with oxen and seed grain. The instructor was supplied with provisions to deal out to the Indians, in order to induce them to remain on the reserve or farm, and to assist the instructor in working. Two of them did quite an amount of ploughing, and four others did all the fencing required, and nearly all of them, both men and women, did the hoeing and planting.

With the exception of their wanting me to pay them where they had been in the habit of getting their pay, I found them very agreeable; and I am of the opinion that if they got the privilege of electing a Chief and Councillors, and having a receive.

given them, they would be content.

# The Riding Mountain Band.

This band was also formerly under the charge of Mr. Agent Herchmer, but

this year has been transferred to my agency.

I started from Rolling River, in company with Mr. Agent Herchmer, for this place, on the morning of Friday, the 1st of August. It rained heavily nearly all day. We arrived at the reserve about six o'clock in the evening, and found all the Indians of this band camped on the reserve. On the morning of the 2nd, Mr. Herchmer caused the provisions to be brought on the reserve, and I lost no time in

delivering them.

After the supplies were delivered I commenced paying, Mr. Herchmer remaining with me, giving all information necessary, until I got through. It appears that this band got very little assistance from the Department for some time back. From the bull and cows, given them at first, they have raised twenty six head. Three brothers, by the name of Bone, have taken care of the cattle and provided hay for them, and took care of them all the time, and they refuse to do so any longer, unless the Department gives them an interest in them in this way: the Government to accept from them the number of cattle which had been given them, leaving them the increase; the returned cattle to be then given to some other member of the band who would in his turn receive the increase, and so on until the whole band would be supplied. It appears Mr. Herchmer recommended this method should be adopted, and I am of the opinion that were it carried out it would have a very good effect. I am certain that unless some means is devised by which the Indians can be induced to take an interest in cattle, they will be neglected. They sowed about thirty-five acres of wheat, oats and barley, and planted eighty-five bushels of potatoes and some garden seeds.

On account of the dryness of the first part of the season, the wheat crop is very light. The oats were very heavy, having been sown later, and came on rapidly on account of the June rains. The wheat was well turned when I was there, and, I consider, would be out of the way of the frost, but the yield will be very light, not more, I would judge, than twelve bushels to the acre. The potatoes were almost a failure, the greater part of them never came up, and what did suffered very

much from the grubs.

A number of this band seem to be quite industrious. One of them has a good mower and horse rake, with which he puts up a large quantity of hay, for which he

gets ready sale.

They claim the north-east quarter of Section 8, which is also claimed by the Hudson's Bay Company, and the north-west quarter of Section 9, which is claimed by the Presbyterian Mission. They ask that the reserve be staked out for them, showing the limits, in order that they may be able to detect any person who would be likely to commit tresspass. They also wish to have their reserve surveyed into plots, so that each family may know its own property. This reserve is considerably broken; the land in general is very rough, and I am informed that the crops in the valley are more subject to be caught with the frost than on the higher ground. This reserve is well and conveniently situated, as it has a grist mill, saw mill, blacksmith shop and general store on the adjoining section, belonging to Hudson's Bay Company, and another grist mill, saw mill planeing machine and shingle machine five miles or less down the river, belonging to Whimster & Boyle. The first mentioned saw mill has also a plaining machine and shingle machine. A few of these Indians say they have claims at Lake Audy, about twenty-five miles north of the reserve, on which they had improvements for a long time, and they still claim them.

This matter of Indians claiming places where they had improvements prior to sny treaty having been made, is occurring on almost all the reserves. There is one of the Roseau River chiefs and his followers who claim at the rapids on that river, about eighteen miles from the reserve, and similar claims are made by the Rolling River

Band, and Yellow Quill's Band. These claims come up every little while, and cause me a great deal of trouble, and may cause difficulty with actual settlers in those places, they should be settled at once, if possible. This reserve is the only one under my charge upon which a school has been established. I do not know how long it has been in operation. It is taught by Mr. Donald McVicar, a student from the Manitoba College. The school was closed when I was there. The school house was in a very delapidated state, in fact it is not fit for a school house. There are none of the scholars advanced beyond the second book. Mr. McVicar, from what I could learn, takes great pains with the children, and is very popular with them.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant.

FRANCIS OGLETREE,
Indian Agent.

St. Peter's Broken Hrad, and Fort Alexandria Agency, Clandeboye, Treaty No. 1, Manitoba, 25th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit my Annual Report for the year ended 30th June, 1884, together with tabular statement, showing the census, industries and con-

dition of the several bands of Indians within my Agency.

I beg to report that the Indians under my charge are doing most satisfactorily, and are, on the whole, prosperous and contented. They are gradually conforming to the way of living and mode of dress of the white man; only one man appeared at the annual payment at St. Peter's wearing a blanket, and only eight persons in the other reserves.

#### St. Peter's.

In visiting the people on this reservation, I noticed five sewing machines, all of which were paid for, two reapers, thirteen mowers, and one threshing machine, which cost over \$300, a number of buggies, light driving waggons, and lumber

waggons, which are replacing the old Red River carts.

The crops at present are looking very well, although the wheat and oats are very backward, owing to the dry spring; for six weeks after seeding some sections had not a drop of rain, and it was thought there would be no crop. However, in July heavy rains came, which started everything, and the growth was very rapid. On the 1st July there were some fields where hardly a blade of green grass could be seen, but when I reached home, on the 20th, the grass was over two feet high and the heads of grain were appearing.

Prairie hay is poor this year, but the hay lands on the north of the reserve are

good, there being hundreds of acres of splendid hay.

The gardens are, with few exceptions, very poor, owing to the want of rain and the grubs. Gardening has been most discouraging during the last two years.

The catch of fish last winter and during the spring was very great, and there

was a ready sale for all not required for home consumption.

I called for statute labor on the 16th June (one and a half days) and a good deal of work was done; four large and several small bridges were pulled down and rebuilt; low places were filled up, ditches made, and over four miles of a road cut along the east side of the Red River through the woods (half a chain wide), there being now only half a mile more to chop and three small bridges to build to make a continuous road from East Selkirk to the north end of the reserve. This I hope to get done next year.

I have inspected the schools at intervals during the year, and the progress of the children is most satisfactory; this is particularly the case as regards those under the care of Miss McKenzie, Mr. Cochrane and W. H. Prince. The great drawback is that the parents go off fishing and hunting and take the children with them. I have discouraged this as much as possible and advised the men to leave their wives and families at home during the hunting and fishing seasons.

I am sorry to say that owing to Father Allard's very serious illness this summer the Roman Catholic Schools have been closed for some time, but as the Rev. gentle-

man has now recovered, he will, no doubt, soon have them in operation again.

The Indians have been remarkably steady and sober this year. A Temperance Society was successfully organized last winter by the clergymen of this reservation; and in connection with it some entertainments were given, which were productive of much good.

More than forty acres of new land has been broken, and over twenty summer

fallows will be put in crop next year.

On account of the severe frost last fall, the crops of grain and gardens stuff were very much damaged; grain to the amount of fully fifty per cent., and tender plants entirely.

#### Broken Head River.

The crops of grain when I saw them were miserable from the want of spring rains. Potatoes were fair, garden stuff almost completely destroyed from want of rain, and from the grub. However, I expect that the July rains, which were very heavy, must have revived vegetation, and I trust a fair crop will be the result.

The amalgamation of the heathen and christian bands on this reserve has worked very well so far. They are naturally brought together in the transaction of the business of the band, and a more friendly spirit is exhibited between them than

heretofore.

The people of this band lived almost entirely on the produce of their fields, their fishing and trapping last winter and spring; as the fishing was good, men from Winnipeg came and bought the fish from them at their doors, giving fair prices, they were therefore comparatively comfortable throughout the year.

Their cattle were well wintered, and I suppose partly on this account no calves died, so that there is an increase this year of eleven head, which is most satisfactory.

A road has been cut by the Indians through the woods, on the west side of the river, up to the rapids, where I expect a number of them will settle, as land is good and timbered with second growth poplar, which would not be very hard to clear.

#### Fort Alexander.

The crops here, as in other parts of the country, with the exception of potatoes, are poor. The Indians planted this spring 560 bushels potatoes, 16 bushels wheat

and 80 bushels barley, also garden seeds and corn.

The frost last fall almost entirely destroyed the grain crop, and as the fishing during the winter was poor, and as there was little work in the lumber woods for the men, the people spent a hard winter, but there were no cases of great destitution amongst them.

The removal of the saw mill at the mouth of the river, has been a great loss to this place, and the Indians only now realize the benefit they derived from it in the way of work and wages. Now, if they want to work in the winter, they have to go

a long distance, and are not then certain to obtain it.

The fall fishing was not so successful last year, it being stormy, the catch was not quite 16,000 fish, a large number of which they sold for clothing and other

This is a very poor place for stock-raising; the hay meadows are merely swamps in the woods, where a few loads of very inferior swamp hay can be obtained, and animals and horses have to become accustomed to it before they will eat it.

Timothy grows wild along the banks and amongst the bushes, showing that if

the land was cleared, hay could be grown.

I was much pleased when examining the Roman Catholic school, to see how well the children could read both in English and in French; they evidently understood what they read about. This is one of the best schools in my agency, being well conducted; it would compare favorably with any common school in the country.

The Protestant school had only been opened a short time, when I visited it, and the children were backward; but Mr. Bruce, the teacher, will keep it open regularly

now.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

A. M. MUCKLE,
Indian Agent and Farm Instructor.

MANITOBA HOUSE INDIAN AGENCY—TREATY No. 2, 30th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—In compliance with instructions contained in the circular dated Ottaws, 3rd April, 1884, I have the honor to transmit my report for the year ended 30th June last, on the Indians of Treaty No. 2 and part of Treaty No. 4, and also my tabular statement.

## Lake Manitoba Reserve.

Arriving here one day later than the date upon which the payments were decided to be made, I at once proceeded to distribute the provisions and continue the general work attached to the payment of annuity money according to Departmental instructions. I held the usual meeting after the payment was over, when the first councillor in the name of the band, complained that the quantity of twine supplied is so small that if divided equally among the different families of the band they would not have enough even for the repairing of their nets. By general consent they divided it among the oldest members of the band. He also complained, in the same strain, as to the quantity of powder allotted to them. A complaint was made also that Kayquatoosh, a member of the band, had, three winters ago, traded a government cow, under his care, for another cow and calf, but afterwards sold the calf for his own benefit. I held an investigation in the matter, the details of which I have forwarded in a special letter.

They asked me also to recommend that thirteen of the twenty-five spades to which they are yet entitled be exchanged for thirteen shovels. The school house, of which mention is made in my report of last year, is not yet completed, in fact, they have only roofed it since last year's payment. However, I used the house as it was for my school inspection, after the teacher, Wm. Sanderson, had gathered the children together. Their spelling and reading were very fair, while good specimens of handwriting were exhibited. They are also taught arithmetic in which they seem to get along very well. I found it necessary, however, to advise the teacher as to his mode of teaching, and I trust that greater progress will be apparent on my next inspection visit. The crop of potatoes last fall was better than that of 1882, and the quantity of hay made, far exceeds that of last season. There is, however, a large decrease both

in the value of fish and fur taken.

I inspected all the gardens on the reserve excepting those at Elm Point, which I had not time to visit owing to my being a day late here, and from the fact that Elm Point is situated some five or six miles eastward from the point where the annuities were

paid. The prospects for the coming crop are very good, and it will, I trust, exceed that of last year, as pretty nearly every garden has been enlarged this year.

I did not vaccinate here as the weather was very unfavourable owing to recent Having now completed my labor at this reserve, I left there for Ebb and Flow Lake on the evening of the 10th, but the wind becoming again unfavourable, we had to camp on the island opposite the reserve after travelling some six miles. Mr. Inspector McColl joined us in the evening and spent the night with us, after despatching a messenger to the reserve to invite the chief and councillors to meet him.

They arrived next morning accompanied by the majority of the band, and an

open air meeting was held.

The question of the school house was, of course, the most important discussed and resulted in a very satisfactory conclusion. Aware, as Mr. McColl was, of the division between the chief and a portion of the band, and the first councillor and the other portion of the band residing at Dog Creek, as to the proper site for the final erection of the Government school house; he proposed to them that it should be built exactly half way between Dog Creek and the present site, and that each portion of the divided band should build the road on each side, meeting exactly at the spot chosen where they would unite to build and finish the school house without any more delay or dissension.

The proposal was unanimously accepted by the band, and thus was this long vexed question settled satisfactorily. The meeting being now ended we left the reserve and reached Manitoba Village at 11 p.m. The wind having increased in fury on the following morning, and finding it impossible to use my boat, I consulted Mr. McColl and by his advice went alone by canoe, leaving instructions to my crew to follow me. The ourney to the reserve was a very dangerous one owing to the heavy sea, but at 2 p.m.

I succeeded in landing at

#### Ebb and Flow Lake Reserve.

After the distribution of provisions and the payment of annuity money, together with all the work connected with this, was over, I held a general meeting of the band, and judging from the fact that they only asked for a brush plow, it is evident that the Indians of this band are contented with what the Government has done for them. They were also thankful for the vaccination which I performed on them, being aware of the fatal effects of small pox. From personal inspection of their gardens, I judge that they were enlarged to the extent of two acres and a-half, but they have not sown all their broken land, as seed potatoes were somewhat scarce this year. Fish being scarce also, they have not killed as many as usual, while the total value of fur taken is also considerably less than last year, owing to there being no rats to kill.

The school was kept open and attended pretty regularly during the scholastic year, and although fair progress is apparent, yet, owing to the illness of Mrs. Asham, the teacher, the children have not advanced as much as would have been the case if they had the benefit of her tuition during the whole year. However, Mrs. Asham will again assume her duties after the vacation is over, and from the energy and devotion she brings in her work, I am confident that my next report of this school

will be in every way a most satisfactory one.

Having finished my duties at Ebb and Flow Lake, I started for Fairford Reserve, and although the wind kept annoyingly unfavorable, I succeeded in reaching my

destination at the appointed date.

## Fairford.

It gives me much pleasure to write about the Indians of this reserve, as year by year and step by step they advance steadily in the paths of civilization. As you will see by the tabular statement, their crop is greatly in excess of that of last year. Besides 1,040 bushels of potatoes, they have also raised 32 bushels of wheat, 128 bushels of barley, 5 bushels of oats, 7 bushels of carrots and 9 bushels of turnips, besides stacking 350 tons of hay. They killed more fish than last year, but the fur hunting was no better; in fact, the Indians begin to realize that fur-bearing animals are decreasing yearly, and they therefore turn their attention to farming more than they did in the past. Their cattle are steadily increasing. They lost two cows this year; one having died from sickness, while the other was gored to death by a mad bull; a cow was exchanged for a mare and colt without my knowledge or permission, but I had it returned to the band. A two year old heifer was killed by Councillor Sanderson, but he replaced her with a cow. In view of the large increase of young stock, I consider that the different bands should be supplied with a branding iron, so that the Government cattle might be easily found in case of their straying away or being exchanged without my knowledge or that of the chief and councillors.

At the meeting which I held after the payments were over, I was glad to hear the chief mention his sorrow at the growing immorality among the Indians of his band, and express his willingness to try and stamp it out as much as he could. He stated that, together with his councillors, they had decided not to admit any more natural children as members of the band, and asked also if, in case the fathers of such children were known, they could be made to support their offspring. The chief was also pleased to hear that the by-laws asked for had been sanctioned, and he hopes that a great deal of good will accrue to the reserve from the fact of their being in force. He asked that the Department might kindly replace the cow that died through sickness. He called my attention to the four and a-half acres of land which he has under cultivation, and told me that he was going to break up two more acres this fall, praying, at the same time, the Government to grant him a plow and harrows for his own use. While speaking of this, he expressed himself strongly in favor of farming, and said that in future he wished to rely solely on farming for the bread of himself and family, and that he did not intend to go hunting any more. If he does as he promises to do, his example will be of great benefit to the other Indians of his band.

The Indians there were greatly disappointed at not receiving their grist mill

yet, but upon my assuring them that it was coming, they were satisfied.

The inspection of the schools under the Rev. Geo. Bruce and Wm. Anderson, was a very pleasing feature of my visit to Fairford. That of Mr. Bruce is, of course, superior to the other, his competency as a teacher being recognized, and the attend-

ance at his school being so large, he naturally feels encouraged in his work.

The pupils are taught spelling, reading and writing; they are also made to explain what they read. Their translation of Indian words and sentences into English shews that they are toiling hard to acquire the English language. Some of the pupils are also studying grammar, while the majority of them seem pretty well up in geography. Some very good singing was also heard, although the children

seemed a little shy in the presence of strangers.

The inspection of Wm. Anderson's school was a pleasant surprise to me, as I tound great progress there. The children are all taught according to Mr. Bruce's system, and have also the same branches of study. Before parting with the Indians of this band, a final meeting was held, and proved to be very satisfactory to all concerned. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Inspector McColl clearly defined my relation to them as Indian agent, and explained my duty as such. This will be of great help to me, and will facilitate the proper discharge of my duties, as for some time past the Indians were growing indifferent to my endeavors to forward their interests.

After having answered all questions asked of him, and given the Indians sound advice on everything of interest to them, the Rev. Mr. Bruce gathered all the school children together, and while the general shaking of hands was taking place, the children were heard sweetly singing "God Save the Queen."

Having some more gardens to inspect at the lower reserve, and some on the west side of the river, I visited all of them before the day ended.

The next morning I left for

## Lake St. Martin Reserve.

On my visit to this reserve last winter I found the In lians in very good circumstances; they seemed to have an abundance of flour, bacon, fish and tea.

The potato crop of last year was smaller than that of the previous year, early frosts having damaged it to a great extent. The fur hunting and fishing were better than the last season.

School on this reserve was kept all through the year in the same building as last year, but progress is not so marked as on the other reserves; the teacher himself, although doing his best, is not so competent as other teachers. He complains, however, that this is owing to the want of attendance of the pupils, and I think it but fair to state that some of the more advanced scholars show evidence of attention on

his part, as they read fairly and show good specimens of handwriting.

While inspecting the gardens, I found all the broken land under cultivation, and fair prospects for a good crop this year. One acre was broken this year. The general progress is slow on this reserve, but as some objection was raised to the re-election of the same councillors, owing to their want of interest in the affairs of the band, I took occasion to give them a lecture, and warned them that if such complaints were again made, I would recommend their dismissal for incompetency. I trust this threat will have the desired effect of making them more devoted to their duty.

## Sandy Bay Reserve.

The Indians of this band require more encouragement than those of any other band, because they are slow in understanding the advantages which are offered to them by the Government; therefore the general progress here is less marked than anywhere else. The potato crop was just one-half that of the previous year; they caught just enough fish for their own consumption, and they felt the increasing scarcity of the fur-bearing animals. They only broke a quarter of an acre of land since the last annuity payment, and have taken no steps whatever towards the erection of a school house, complaining that they have no tools whatever for that purpose. They also complained of the incompetency of the teacher, but although I admit that he is not very efficient, he has certainly good reason to complain about many members of the band, who do not encourage him in any way by sending their children to school. The inspection of the school showed very little progress, but in the case of pupils who attended regularly, material progress was apparent.

The teacher states that as soon as the children begin to know something, their parents take them away, and when they return they have to begin their studies all

over again, having forgotten what they had previously learned.

I reprimanded the parents, who promised to help the teacher more in future.

Having no more to do here, I left for the next reserve. Arrived at the Fairford River, I left my boat, so as to proceed to the mission on foot, as I had some more gardens to inspect on the way up. On the following morning, the wind having become favorable, we sailed for

## Crane River Reserve.

On my arrival there, I proceeded to the election of a headman, and the result was the re-election of Ahyatpeetahpetung. I took occasion of this to give him good advice for the managment of his band. He stated that he would do his best, but that as work increased, he found the responsibility increasing, and thought that if he was made chief, with four councillors, he would manage matters better still. I, of course, explained to him that his was a fraction of a band, that the band to which he belonged had a chief and four councillors, besides himself, and that, therefore, I did not consider his request, which I promised, however, to mention, a reasonable one.

I was happy to find that the school house was very nearly complete, lacking only the door and windows. I inspected the school and found that the children were

getting along very well.

They are taught somewhat according to Rev. George Bruce's system, and the same books are used. The Indians speak favorably of their teacher, William Sabiston, jun. He however, complained about the school house not being yet ready for occupation, and knowing the importance of having everying finished before the fall, I told the Indians they must have the doors and windows made and placed in position, and that they must also make the tablas and seats, as well as the blackboard. Finding that they were somewhat indifferent to my urging, I told them that I would stop on my way back from Duck Bay and ascertain how far they had got on with their work.

I stopped on my way back and found the door and windows in position, but although most of the boards necessary for the tables, seats and blackboard were cut and ready for use, they had not made them, owing to there being no nails on the reserve. I promised to send some in time, and I have no doubt the teacher will be able to enter the school house—which I consider an ornament to the reserve—before winter sets in. The stovepipes and elbows were delivered there this year and put in the school house.

The potato crop, though a very large one, was much smaller than was expected, as it suffered greatly from early frosts. But little fishing and hunting was done during the past season, an evidence that these Indians are turning their attention to farming. They asked for nine scythes and snaiths and one dozen scythe stones. These Indians will yet become good farmers, and the education of their children

will no doubt gradually wean them from a nomadic life.

# Water Hen River Reserve.

After one day and a half of travelling, I reached this reserve, and after the election had taken place resulting in the re-election of the same chief and two of the old councillors, and the replacing of two others by two much better ones, I went

on with and completed the annuity payments.

The Indians of this band are ambitious to make their reserve the first in my district, and with that object in view, are pushing forward with energy in the path of progress. As will be seen by reference to the tabular statement, they show improvement in everying, building of houses and stables, larger crops, increase in the number of acres under cultivation, increase in the number of cattle, and last but not least, their school and energetic teacher, Mr. Jules Tabouret. On my visit there last winter, I found that the children were already feeling the good effects of schooling, but the examination they underwent during my inspection of the school this summer showed their progress to be far ahead of my expectations. Reading is taught both in English and French, as well as writing and arithmetic in those languages. Some very good specimens of handwriting were also produced, revealing in these children a wonderful talent for imitation. The examinations opened and ended with the singing of hymns, and the will with which all the children joined in the choruses showed them to be possessed of good musical talents. Before my departure from Winnipeg I called on his Grace Archbishop Taché, who takes special interest in the progress of this school, and he kindly gave me a number of prizes for it and the Duck day school.

Unwilling to see the Government behind in this act of encouragement to the children, I purchased a few more for these two schools, and distributed them to the different deserving children. I may say that this seemed to crown the happiness of the poor little boys and girls, who smiled their gratitude for the gifts. Rev. Father Camper, the Indian Missionary, who was present, ended the happy gathering by a

few well chosen words of encouragement.

The next day being Sunday, I attended divine service, at which all the members of the band were present. The ceremony was impressive and the Indians appeared to be very devout.

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# Duck Bay Reserve.

On my arrival here, I proceeded at once to the election of the headman and the band unanimously re-elected Jas. Beauchamp for another term of three years. As will be seen by the tabular statement, the potatoe crop here, though large, was less by one-fourth than that of the previous year, having suffered from early frosts.

The Indians killed more fish, however, than they did last season, while their fur

hunting was also more profitable than it was last year.

Kisiconce, their chief, was present this year, and enquired if their request that Poplar Point be added to this reserve had been granted. Having received no reply from the Department before my departure from Winnipeg, I was unable to give him a decided answer.

The school house is a fine building, now in progress of completion, being roofed and floored, and I feel justified in saying that the teacher, Mr. Wilfrid Adam, will be able to take possession of it before winter. The school has been kept since last fall in the headman's house, and there it was that I held my inspection, in a room of about 8 x 12 feet, used as the school house. I was not at all prepared for the progress shown by the pupils. I had expected to find them mere beginners, but I found that this school had already deserved for itself a special mention. In the face of number-less difficulties which the teacher has had to surmount, it is certainly noteworthy that the Duck Bay children should be so well advanced. Their English and French spelling and reading were very good; their translation of Indian words into English and French showed that they knew the names of every object they saw. They also exhibited specimens of good handwriting. They seem also to take readily to the rudiments of arithmetic and their perfect enumeration and correctness in the addition table show that the teacher has adopted a proper system of teaching.

Rev. Father Camper, who was present here also, joined with me in distributing the prizes to the little ones, and he explained to them in Indian that they were

rewards for their good attendance and diligence at school.

After the inspection was over I was asked by the headman if I had received any news of the two oxen they had asked the Government to supply to them. I, of course, assured them that they would have them pretty soon.

#### General Remarks.

In concluding my report, I am happy to state that the Indians of my district generally deserve the encouragement which the Government grants them so liberally. The task of reforming them and inculcating into them a thorough understanding of the beneficial influence of schooling is, of course, an arduous one, but certainly when I find general willingness to be taught, it lightens my labor and incites me to devote my energy more and more to their welfare. Thus it is that I have toiled so hard to establish schools in my district, and to day I am proud to say that the children of the different bands can now come to the teachers and acquire for themselves education which will prove the most valuable gift the Government has power to give them.

Besides the nine schools established on the several reserves, which are strictly Government schools, the school at present kept regularly open at Manitoba Village, although founded by the Church of England Missionary Society, also comes under my supervision. The 22 of the 34 pupils now attending are Indian children, belonging to the Ebb and Flow Lake Band. There is an average daily attendance of 13 children, whose parents had settled around the village before the reserve was surveyed. I inspect this school monthly, and at the general examination, which was held on the 19th of June last—at which I was present—I was happy to note the progress which the children are making under the competent mastership of Mr. John Sinclair, the Church of England catechist here.

The general behaviour of the Indians, during my visit to their reserves, was orderly and respectful, and no liquor of any description was to be seen among them.

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The winter seems to be the time when strict watch has to be kept over such reserves as Lake Manitoba, Ebb and Flow Lake, and Fairford, owing to their being easy of access, and much visited by white men in quest of fur and fish, for trading purposes. Three cases came under my notice last winter, and the accused parties being arrested and convicted, I fined them all heavily, with a warning that imprisonment would be added to the fine if they should be again convicted of a similar offence before me.

The work attendant upon the annuity payments was much more important this year than in the past. Instructions were more numerous and better defined; and I feel that everything possible has been done to carry them out to the best of my knowledge and ability. Apart from the usual work performed by me during the annuity payments of the past years, I had, this year, to attend to the re-election of chief and councillors, where terms of office had expired; to distribute clothing, and, as you will see by the attached list of names, to vaccinate during my visit to the different reserves, 233 adults and children.

The provisions were all inspected by me, before delivery to the Indians, and although the flour and tea were of good quality, having tested both as instructed by the Department, I found that they were not according to samples. I accepted them, however, as the chiefs and councillors of the different bands were satisfied with them.

but I feel in duty bound to report upon the matter.

One ox harness and collar for the Duck Bay Band of Indians was not delivered at Duck Bay; but on my return to Manitoba Village, upon finding that it had been

forgotten here, I ordered it to be forwarded with the least possible delay.

I was greatly disappointed at the non-arrival of my yacht, as I had expected to receive it in time for the trip this year. I was, therefore, obliged to hire the same boat that I had last year, the rigging of which was so poor that twice during the trip, while tacking under a heavy head wind, the blocks were carried away from the masts.

In closing my report I think it but just to refer in high terms to the assistant sent out to me this year. Having made the same trip with me last year, he proved bimself of great assistance from the experience he had acquired, and greatly facilitated my labors by the readiness with which he helped me in the performance of the numerous duties of my office.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

H. MARTINEAU,
Indian Agent.

COUTCHEECHING AGENCY—TREATY No. 3,
RAINY LAKE, KEEWATIN, August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to transmit the following Report on the Indians under

my charge, and also tabular statement, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

I left Rat Portage on 5th July, with my assistant and a constable, as we had heard that there was a quantity of liquor on the American side. Opposite Hungry Hall Reserves, at the entrance of Rainy River, Mr. Lyons, Stipendiary Magistrate at Rat Portage, also sent two constables. We arrived at Hungry Hall on the 6th, and the following morning visited the gardens, and called a council of the two bands, and as I had received instruction to remove from the pay-sheet the names of several families who only come to the reserves at the times of payment, and as there were several families who come under this head, I notified them of the fact. Mawintoobinesse, who was speaker, said that if all other Indians were not paid, they would not accept

their annuities. I reasoned with and advised them, but they were decided. I closed the council and proceeded on to Long Sault. Called a council of the Long Sault Band; as Mawintoobinesse's brother was one of the councillors of this band, he comes under the head of those to be removed from the pay-list; another councillor was elected, and his name was struck off the pay-sheet. One of the chiefs of the Hungry Hall Band, which had refused to accept annuities, was at this place en route to Fort Francis. He requested me to pay him his annuity, but I told him that as he had refused to accept it while I was on his reserve, he would have to wait till my return from making the payments to the other bands. He blamed Mawintoobinesse as the cause of their refusal, and told him so. I told him, in presence of Mawintoobinesse, that he was chief of his own band, and asked him why he wore the medal if he could not rule his own followers, and that neither Mawintoobinese nor any other chief had the right to rule or control others than his own followers. The two bands at Long Sault have good fields of potatoes, but part of their corn is backward. owing to the dry weather in June. There have been three births and three deaths in these two bands.

The two bands at Manito Rapids have large fields of corn and potatoes. Last spring they had about 150 bushels of potatoes—after keeping enough for seed which they sold.

The band purchased an ox last fall with their money, and when I visited the reserve in spring, they had two ploughs working. Four births in these two bands.

Little Forks Band have returned to their reserve, and have planted corn and potatoes. They have requested tools to replace those burnt during the small pox. They also have requested two young animals which were killed at the same time.

Two births and one death in this band.

Mickeseese Band, at Coutcheeching, have planted on their large reserve, but still have gardens at the village. Their potatoes have a good appearance, but the corn is backward, and they have not been successful with their small seeds. Although I have instructed them, they sow them too deep, and allow the weeds to grow. The half-breeds hauled out wood for a school house during the winter; but the Indians and half-breeds do not agree, so the building has not been put up. These Indians have a large hay marsh on their reserve, but, owing to the drought, I am afraid they will be short of hay for their animals.

Five births and eight deaths occurred on this reserve.

#### Kaicatchewenan Band.

These Indians have more land under cultivation than last year. They were short of potatoes for seed, having lost them by frost.

I vaccinated forty men, women and children in this band. Their gardens of

potatoes have a good appearance, but corn will be a failure. I have to record one birth and three deaths in this band.

#### Nickickoseminecan Band.

This band have several gardens of potatoes, but the corn will also be a failure. They have two fine cows and one ox, but no bull. The chief had made a proposition to his followers to assist him to purchase a bull, but did not succeed. He wishes the Department to assist him to purchase a bull.

There was one death during the year, and I vaccinated twenty in this band.

#### Rivière la Seine Band.

I called a council of this band, as they wished to exchange reserve B No. 1. They have requested five miles on a lake named Esquahuscan, on Rivière la Seine, and three miles a short distance from the mouth of the river, and they wish it to be surveyed at an early date. They have several good gardens where they wish to take the three miles; their other gardens also look well. The chief has about a quarter of an acre of good wheat, but the corn is poor, owing to drought. The chief has requested some nails and glass for their houses.

Six births and two deaths occurred during the year.

## Lac la Croix Band.

On my arrival, I called a council of this band, and while they were assembling, the chief accompanied me to visit their gardens, which have a good appearance. His implements are all in a house, and are well cared for; in fact, most of them do not

appear to have been much used.

After delivering the supplies, I opened the council, which was in reference to an ox which had been killed by American lumbermen, for which he had received \$50. I told him that he should have handed the money to his agent for the purchase of another ox, and that should he be guilty of a like offence, he would be liable to be deposed from his position as chief.

He told me that the band had held a council, and as they were still entitled to one ox from the Department, they were willing to give up this ox in place of the ox killed, if the Department were willing, as the whole band had a share of the cash

and provisions (\$95) which Mr. Macmanus gave them for the ox.

There were two whiskey peddlers camped on the American side, about two miles from the reserve, but as we remained one day, and the constable kept a watch, no liquor was brought on the reserve. I asked the chief if he wished for the remainder of the cattle, and he told me he could not answer me, but would give an answer later. There have been three births and one death since my last visit to this reserve.

I left Coutchecching in a canoe, with three men, on the 4th, for Hungry Hall, to pay the annuities to the two bands who had refused to accept them on my former

visit.

We arrived at Hungry Hall on the morning of the 6th, when I called a council and elected a councillor in place of the one whose name was struck off the pay-sheet.

and paid the two bands their annuities.

On my way down the river, I was informed by the chief of Little Forks that his two oxen had been killed. I went ashore on the reserve and examined them, and to all appearance they had been struck by lightning. He has requested two oxen to replace those, and also two young heifers, which were killed for food during the small-pox epidemic.

The supplies for the various bands on this agency were delivered in good condi-

tion, and according to samples, at the stated dates.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> R. J. N. PITHER, Indian Agent.

Assabaskasing Agency-Treaty, No. 3, 11th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to transmit the following Report and tabular statement in connection with the Indians of this Agency, for the year ended the 30th day of June, 1384.

The crops of 1883 at the Lake of the Woods, Rat Portage and Isllington, were a failure, the cause being drought in the early part of the season and severe frost in September, which destroyed vegetation.

A. 1885

The Indians were unable to save any wheat, barley or Indian corn for seed, and the potatoes were so much damaged by the frost that nearly all which were pitted for winter's use rotted in the pits. Very few were saved in a condition for planting in the spring of this year. The seed supplied by the Department was, however, sufficient provision for spring work.

The two Indian bands at Shoal Lake had a fair crop of potatoes, which although not fully ripe, served to a certain extent for seed. Their grain, was however, all

destroyed by the September frost.

The hay crop was good throughout the Agency, and the Indians secured enough

to supply their cattle during the winter.

The fisheries last autum were not so good as they had been in former years.

The early frosts unfortunately killed nearly all the wild rice, which had promised

to be an abundant crop.

In consequence of this destruction of the crops, many of the Indians living in localities where game was scarce suffered more or less for want of food during the winter, while those who live within reach of the Agency received some supplies from me. Where game was plentiful, suffering to any great extent did not exist.

The health of the Indians on the whole has been good, although there has been

some sickness among them during the past year.

I regret to say that the traffic in intoxicating liquor, which is sold to the Indians by unprincipled persons is carried on with more vigor than ever.

GEO. MoPHERSON,
Indian Agent.

SAVANNE AGENCY, TREATY No. 3, KEEWATIN, 7th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the henor to submit, with the accompanying tabular statement, my Annual Report on Indian affairs for the bands of my Agency.

#### Lac des Mille Lacs Band.

On 28th May I left Fort William to visit the Indians and distribute the seeds. I delivered the tool chest to the chief and councillor. They were satisfied with it, and the seeds furnished. They had not begun to cultivate their land, as the young men were away.

On 30th June I left for Winnipeg, to get the annuity money, and returned to

Savanne on 5th July, where Mr. MacCallum and the crew were waiting for me.

On 7th July I paid this band at the reserve at Poplar Point. The band has been decreased by the transfer of sixteen families to Lac Seul. Kaybaigon's band, who were here, we refused to pay. The gardens are poorly kept, the young men being employed on the Canadian Pacific Railway. A great improvement is noticeable in their clothing. They are not prepared to receive the balance of their cattle, nor to build a school house.

The supplies were up to the samples furnished, and quite satisfactory to the

Indians.

We vaccinated seven, and were pleased to find that the vaccinations of last year were all successful.

There were two deaths and three births during the year.

# Sturgeon Lake Band.

I visited this band on 3rd June. They are making no progress in agriculture, preferring to work in the mines and on the railway.

On 11th July I arrived at this reserve. As the provisions had not come, and only two Indians were present, I could not go on with the payment. In the afternoon the rest of the band arrived from Lac des Mille Lacs. A council was held, and a chief and councillor were chosen. I visited the gardens and found the few potatoes planted by the women looking well. The tools were in a very poor condition. I told the chief that a tool house should be built at once.

On 12th July the provisions arrived, and I went on with payment. Provisions were not up to sample. The Hudson's Bay Company's transports, with supplies, not arriving in time at Fort Francis, the Indians accepted them, however. I deducted \$5

from Shenogawan, who, last year, by error, drew his son's annuity.

I vaccinated thirteen Indians, and found that there had been one death and three births since my last visit.

# Wabegan and Eagle Lake Band.

On 18th July I paid this band and distributed the provisions. At their request I reserved flour and bacon for each band, for haymaking. The cattle furnished last winter look well, the cows having calved. The Eagle Lake Band lost one cow. They ask for a plough and harrow complete for each band. The gardens are well attended to and will produce a good crop. There has been no starvation among them. No whiskey sellers were heard of and the Indians seemed industrious and well clothed.

I vaccinated forty-eight Indians. Two deaths and four births occurred during

the year.

## Lac Seul Band.

On the 22nd July I paid this band, together with sixteen Indian families, formerly paid at Lac des Mille Lacs. They were greatly pleased with the supplies and the grub hoes furnished.

I examined the gardens at Frenchman's Head, and was surprised at the fine fields of potatoes, barley, wheat, corn and garden produce. Last year over 11,000 bushels of potatoes were harvested. One Indian alone, with a hoe, put in five

bushels of wheat. They have no ploughs nor harrows yet.

The houses are well built, neat and clean. Instead of being huddled together, they are spread out like farm houses. Each Indian strives with the other to see who can have the best clearing. They have a great number of boards sawed and set up to dry in front of their new buildings, and complain that they are short of whip saws. This band is deserving of all encouragement. They have been planting potatoes introduced by the Hudson Bay Company a century ago, and wish potatoes of a better quality for seed.

of a better quality for seed.

I inspected the school in charge of Rev. James Irvine. The building is substantial, light and well ventilated. The children are making satisfactory progress. The attendance is not so great as it would otherwise be, on account of the distance of

the reserve from the school.

The Indians in council refused to consent to Père Marcoux erecting a school at Frenchman's Head, saying they did not wish to have different churches among them.

With the consent of the band, two Indians applied for commutation.

I left fifty vaccine points with Mr. Irvine, to enable him to vaccinate any absentees.

I vaccinated forty-three Indians, and ascertained that there had been sixteen deaths and twenty births during the year.

# Mattawan and English River Band.

I arrived at Mattawan on 24th July. Next morning I called a council, and found that the chief and his councillor were absent. I sent a messenger to notify them that I would pay on the next day, 26th July, at the appointed place. After 65

waiting all day, as the chief did not appear, and as the other Indians were present, I called a council and explained that this was the place appointed by the Government for payment, divided the provisions and distributed the annuities. I handed to the chief's son his father's share of the supplies. At their request I reserved some flour, bacon, &c., to be used in hay making.

On my way to Grassy Narrows, I was informed that the son of the Eagle Lake chief had whiskey, intending to trade. I gave chase, but he escaped among the

Islands.

The gardens at Grassy Narrows were found in a satisfactory condition. Several

new houses are being built here.

Peter Ocheek has erected here the frame of a schoolhouse. It is put up in a very inferior manner. Père Marcoux wished to obtain the usual grant from the Government. I promised to lay the matter before the Department.

The band wishes to receive the cattle yet due to them.

I vaccinated eight Indians, and have to report three deaths and three births as having occurred since my last visit.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, .

> > JOHN MoINTYRE, Indian Agent.

Indian Head-Treaty No. 4, NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES, 16th September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor, in compliance with the request of the Department, to submit the following Report, with the tabular statement, for the year ended 30th

The Indians of this treaty are gradually settling on their reserves, leaving now but a few unsettled in the western portion. Most of the latter will soon follow the example of the others, as they have no recognized leader since Piapot settled down.

There is a marked improvement in the management and handling of their implements and the way they attend to the work required of them on their small farms.

The houses now being put up are larger and more permanent buildings. fencing on the Crooked Lake and Touchwood Hills Reserves is very good.

The cattle look well. They have been properly attended to, and are in excellent

condition. The increase this spring has been good.

A large quantity of hay has been made, and well secured from weather and prairie fires.

A larger area has been put under crop this year than the last. Owing to the scarcity of work oxen on all the reserves, it was not expected that every family would sow early. The majority had to wait for the cattle until the more fortunate had their seed in the ground. The consequence, I fear, is that a great portion of the wheat crop has been destroyed by frost.

School houses have been built on Pasquah's, Little Child's and Little Black Bear's

Reserves. A little more work will finish and make them comfortable.

The Indian Industrial School building, now approaching completion, is situated at the Roman Catholic Mission, in the Qu'Appelle Valley. There will be no difficulty in getting scholars.

I am sorry to report that there was a good deal of sickness among the Indians ast winter. It was chiefly confined to the families who came on the reserve last summer. The mortality was largely due to consumption. The principal sufferers were Piapot's and the Assinaboine bands.

In the month of March there were five cases of scarletina on Little Child's Reserve. Dr. Dodd was immediately sent for, and he succeeded in arresting the progress of the disease.

One case of small-pox was also reported on the same reserve; this was also con-

fined to one family.

I have to report the death of Chief Kah-kee-she-way, or Loud Voice, from old age. He was blind for three years before his death. He was carefully attended to the last, and at the widow's request, a paling was put round his grave. As he was a leading chief, it is pleasing to know that at his death he advised his people to be loyal to their Queen, to take the advice of those over them, and not to leave their reserves.

During the payment of annuities Loud Voice's son On-cha-pow-how-wace,

was elected chief in his father's stead, and the election now awaits confirmation.

Chief Cha-ka-chas having resigned his chieftainship two years ago, his Indians were put in Loud Voice's band and they took part in the election of the new Chief.

In my last report I alluded to Chief Pasquah as a drawback to his band. I am glad to be able to report favorably of him this year. He has done good work during the spring and has kept constantly on the reserve, except when he came to the office on business.

The Indians have, upon the whole, behaved well during the past year, and it is a matter of congratulation that the disaffection at Crooked Lake, last February, ended so quickly, for, among Indians, nothing is more contagious than a grievance.

Yellow Calf, who commenced the disturbance, is neither chief or councillor; he is a diligent worker, and since spring has broken a large quantity of new land.

The recommendation made last June, that Chief Piapot should be allowed to change his reserve and select one for his band, has satisfied him and them. He shows every inclination to make a good start and promises that in two years his band will be as far advanced as any in the treaty. He is a pushing, intelligent Indian, and it is hoped that he will do as he says.

In addition to the tabular statement, a return of Government property at the agency and in the hands of Indians and farming instructors, is herewith enclosed.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> A. MACDONALD, Indian Agent.

BIRTLE AGENCY—TREATY No. 4, BIRTLE, 26th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIB,—I have the honor to forward the annual tabular statement, with a detailed account of all the departmental property in my charge, its value and condition, together with a carefully prepared estimate of the value of private property in the hands of the Indians in my agency. The prospect of a bountiful harvest last season was destroyed by unusually early frosts, greatly injuring the wheat, and in many cases entirely destroying the potato crop. These unlooked for disasters, I am happy to report, have not discouraged the Indians, and the cost of the extra quantity of provisions required to enable them to support their families and remain on their reserves amounted only to eleven hundred dollars (1,100) for my entire agency,

clearly showing that they are rapidly giving up their feeling of dependence, and

looking to themselves for a livelihood.

In my last report I was obliged to find great fault with both Gambler's and Way way-sa-capo's bands; but I am able now to report a great change for the better in both reserves, more particularly in Gambler's, where a large crop has been planted, and a great area of new land broken this season, seventy-fiv (75) acres having been broken in June alone. Several of these Indians, finding that they could not get a sufficiently large crop in on the ploughing they had on their reserve, have rented fields from the settlers in the vicinity, on which they have sown wheat.

Three men of this band have sown thirty (30) bushels of wheat and over forty (40) bushels of potatoes each. This is very satisfactory, considering the small number of oxen and agricultural implements among them. I am now in a position to give them new ploughs, harrows and another yoke of oxen, and I confidently expect great results. Several very good houses have been built this year, and the people are generally clean and tidy. There are still many very lazy men, but I believe the energy displayed by some of their friends this year will have a good effect on all. This reserve has had a good deal of assistance, but I think most of it has been dis-

tributed with a good result:

Way-way-sa-ca-po's old band, now under acting chief Tom Shapwatung, are still very backward and poor. But this spring they planted (45) forty-five acres of the Farm No. 1, and the new chief has sold his last pony to buy a mower, in order to furnish a good supply of hay, one great cause of their wretchedness being the poverty of their cattle in the spring in former years. The purchase of the mower will probably be followed by the rapid improvement in the condition of their cattle, and their consequent ability to get their crops in earlier. The extremely dry weather in May caused their wheat to come up very irregularly; and I fear a great deal of it will not ripen. A heavy frost on the morning of 1st July cut down all their potatoes, and the crop will be small in consequence. This band have also suffered greatly from the neglect of the mill owners on the Bird's Tail Creek, to provide fishgates in their dams, and, consequently, no fish have got up stream to these Indians for two years, greatly increasing the expense to the Department of keeping them on their farms. It is to be hoped that the Fisheries Department will shortly take steps to remove this great drawback to Indian prosperity, from all of the creeks and rivers in my Agency.

Although still miserably poor, these Indians are, many of them, making efforts to better their condition, and although they will cost the Department a considerable amount for provisions for another year, I feel confident that they are about to throw

off their dependent attitude and strike out for themselves.

The probable early construction of the Manitoba and North Western Railroad, in the immediate vicinity of both these bands, will be a great stimulant to greater exertions, as it will not only afford the Indians work on its construction, but will also enable the settlers to give many of them employment at fair wages. The great depression caused by the want of railway facilities has completely cut off all chance of remunerative employment from these bands.

The Riding Mountain Band are not increasing their farms, but as formerly reported, are receiving very little assistance from the Department. All the band plant potatoes, but only four do any general farming. They are very industrious and successful hunters, and are uncommonly well dressed; are well conducted and easily managed; and I regret that the Department has seen fit to transfer the band to Mr.

Agent Ogletree.

As previously reported, I succeeded in persuading Chief South Quill to take possession of the quarter section purchased at Rolling River from John Cameron, and a good crop of wheat, potatoes and turnips was planted this spring, under my direction. The construction of the railroad in this vicinity will materially assist this band, many of whom are expert navvies; and I have no doubt they will soon give up their loading habits and settle down to farming. This band has also been transferred to Mr. Ogletree, who can, owing to railway facilities, give them a great deal more ttention than I have been able to do.

The Key's Band, above Fort Pelly, have made great improvements on their reserve, and have a large crop planted. I hear, however, that all the petatoes have been destroyed by frost on 1st July, and the extremely dry weather in May retarded the germination of the wheat to such an extent that it is doubtful if it will ripen in season. There are only as yet thirteen families residing on this reserve, the rest being at Shoal River, where they have been persuaded to remain, through the representation of interested parties, that a reserve would be given them at that point. The whole country being either timber or muskeg, it is impossible for them to raise crops, and they subsist almost entirely on fish, and are very poor, the Headman living in a bark tent or wigwam. I hope that many of these people will shortly join their friends at Pelly, where their reserve is a good one. Most of the men are very hardy, and could earn large wages if they could get work. It is to be hoped that better times will cause the development of the lumber interest in their neighborhood, which will afford them congenial and lucrative employment.

Kee see konse's Band, also near Pelly, are advancing steadily, and are building good houses and fences, and taking great care of their cattle, which are lent them during good behavior, they having on two separate occasions killed all their treaty cattle while suffering from starvation, caused by total failure of their winter's bunt.

A good school house has been built on this reserve by Indian labor, and is a very oreditable building.

This Band would have been self-supporting this year if the frost had not struck their potatoes in July; but I fear great damage has been done, which will occasion

a good deal of help being required.

Cote's band are doing fairly well, and are taking great care of their cattle, which are increasing so fast that some arrangement will have to be made shortly to enable each individual Indian to reap some more substantial benefit from raising cattle than the present system allows.

A school is well conducted at this reserve, by Mr. C. McKay, and the few children able to attend, owing to the great distance of the homes of most of them

from the school, are making good progress.

A very much larger attendance will be obtained if, as suggested, a few biscuits are served out daily to the children attending, the want of a midday meal being the great cause of the small attendance. Several traders are new competing with the Hudson's Bay Company for the fur trade in this district, and the cost of the necessaries of life have now greatly fallen, more particularly flour, a bag of which can now

be purchased for five mink skins, when last year it took nine.

Frost has also visited this reserve in July, and some assistance will also be required in consequence. The Assiniboine Bands at Moose Mountains managed to fall-plough all their land, and had their crop in very early indeed, but the great elevation and the exposed situation of their reserve caused the snow to blow off during the winter, and as the first rain fell about the 12th June, but little of their crop came up in time. Most of their potato seed perished of dry rot. There hands have done all it was possible for people to do with the number of cattle, ploughs, &c., they have had, and if the spring had been favorable, would have now been self-supporting. They have just been supplied with more exen and ploughs, and have broken a great deal of land lately. The liberality of the Department in furnishing extra cattle, ploughs and harrows to my agency will speedily be rewarded by the great increase in acreage under crop next year.

The Assiniboines take great care of their cattle, and get a great deal of work out of their oxen. Assistant Instructor McArthur deserves oredit for the amount of work done with such a limited outfit, and with a comparatively small issue of

provisions.

The Cree Band, at the east end of the mountains under White Bear, contrary to my expectations, are now working uncommonly well, and are taking great care of their cattle, having broken a lot of new land. They are paying attention to their instructor, and are likely if the seasons will permit to support themselves very shortly.

I am sorry to report that the fishing in their lake is not as good as formerly, a falling off I attribute to the use of fixed nets on the Souris, which prevents the fish ascending to spawn up the small creeks in the mountains.

I greatly fear that the great altitude of all these mountain reserves will preclude good crops generally, although in some seasons the magnificent soil may overcome

the climatic drawbacks.

Most of the settlers at the base of the mountains have good wheat this year, and it is extremely disheartening to the Indians, that after fall-ploughing and getting their crop in so early, their harvest should give such small promise, while their

white neighbors close by have fair returns.

These bands, accustomed to subsist entirely on the buffalo, are wretched, small fur hunters, and are worse off for clothing (more particularly the bands under Red Ears and White Bear), than any Indians in my district, and it is almost impossible for them to either hunt or work in extreme cold weather. Very fortunately the timber is handy, and they are able to keep on large fires during the winter.

The Bird's Tail Sioux in common with all the Sioux in my Agency, are practially self-supporting, the only assistance given being to a few aged and sick, with a very occasional present of a few bags of flour at haying. This band have now 120 head of cattle in good order, and are rapidly returning cattle in lieu of those first given them. These returned cattle are lent to other Indians, who will hereafter return to the Department cattle equal in number and quality to those they receive.

The Bird's Tail Sioux have large crops, and have purchased three reapers and several ploughs and waggons for themselves, their only complaint being that they cannot find work at even low wages, the settlers being so impoverished from the want of railroads that they cannot afford to hire. Their school is well conducted by Mr. Burgess, and all the houses are clean and tidy, most of the families having a good cook stove of their own. They are about to be supplied with a mower and rake, and will consequely have more time for other work. Their large stock of cattle taking a great deal of hay, necessitated their spending a large portion of the summer in

collecting a sufficient quantity with the scythe.

The Oak River Sioux have planted over eight hundred (800) bushels of potatoes alone, and are doing very well indeed, taking great care of their cattle, which now number over 140. Their houses are, however, very poor generally, and must continue so, as there is no wood on the reserve fit for building. They have been in the habit of flocking to Brandon in search of work, and have been supplied with a great deal of whiskey. I have lately, however, taken steps that will effectually stamp out this evil, and have received great assistance from the authorities at Brandon to this end, all the Sioux having been ordered out of town for a time, which will cause them to return to their reserve. The crops at both these reserves look well, more particularly corn and potatoes, and I expect the Oak River Band will dig sixteen thousand (16,000) bushels of potatoes, for which there is always a good market at Brandon, these Indians being most successful in preserving their potatoes over the winter. The Oak Lake Sioux are almost self-sustaining, receiving a very few bags of flour at haying. They are taking good care of their cattle, but are not farming extensively, although they raise considerable corn and potatoes. They are good hunters and catch a great many fish, but the fishing is falling off, owing to the dam on Plum Creek, which stops the fish ascending to spawn.

The Turtle Mountain Sioux are doing very well indeed, having broken thirty-five (35) acres with one yoke of oxen. I have obtained permission to purchase another yoke of oxen, with which I expect to see them do a great deal of work. They are building excellent houses, and are very ambitious to get along. Turtle Mountain affords them capital hunting and fishing, and with the exception of a little

seed and three (3) bags of flour, they have received no assistance this year.

Very few of the Indians in my agency have more than one wife, and most of the heavy work is now done by the men. Only one Indian has been arrested during the year, and the absence of crime is very remarkable. The various missionaries among the Indians appear to be slowly influencing them towards the abandonment of their heathen practices, but great expectation, cannot be realized with the older Indians, and it is to the rising generation, and the influence gained over the young in schools, that the missionaries must look for any adequate recompense for their labors. In my endeavors to carry out the instructions of the Department, I have been greatly assisted by all the employees in my agency generally, and to Mr. Markle, the Clerk and Storekeeper, too much credit cannot be given for the careful manner in which he has kept his books and stores. I am sorry to report that there has been a great deal of sickness during the year, particularly among the Bird's Tail Sioux. Fever and consumption have been the chief complaints, the former attributable to the want of animal food. The almost total disappearance of game necessitates the speedy introduction of sheep and pigs among the Indians.

On the whole, the Indians have made fair progress during the year, and if none

have made great strides towards independence, none have retrograded.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> L. W. HERCHMER, Indian Agent.

PAS AGENCY—TREATY No. 5, NORTH-WEST TERRITORY, 14th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit to the Department, with the accompanying tabular statement, my first Report on Indian affairs in this district, from the time I received intelligence of my appointment to this Agency up to June 30th last.

received intelligence of my appointment to this Agency up to June 30th last.

On the 18th February last I received an official letter from L. Vankoughnet,
Esq., informing me that His Excellency the Governor General had been pleased to
appoint me to the Pas Agency, for which appointment I have already expressed, and

do now again express, my sincere thanks to His Excellency.

Understanding from the same official letter that arrangements had been made with the Hudson's Bay Company at the different points, during the winter, to supply those Indians in this district who were too aged or infirm to secure a living for themselves, with actual necessaries, but which had not been carried out by the Hudson's Bay Company, owing to the want of a list of names, I proceeded as early as possible to visit every band in the district, in order to ascertain their condition and to obtain the necessary list of names for the Hudson Bay Company, who accordingly supplied the relief.

I was informed by H. Bélanger, Esq., that at that time he was unable to furnish a large amount of flour and bacon, so that only a small amount was given out, which commenced in March and ceased in May, but small as it was, it has undoubtedly had

the effect of increasing the loyalty of the Indians.

At Grand Rapids the Indians complained that they had not been treated the

same as the Plain Indians.

From my former position among the Indians, I have, for about ten years, had many opportunities of witnessing distressing cases of destitution, which have too often (especially in winter) resulted in premature death. During the summer months the Indians usually kill plenty of fish for daily food: but in winter small jack fish (which are caught by cold angling on the ice), often serve merely to satisfy the pangs of hunger. It is, therefore, little matter for surprise that when I visited them, toward the end of this last winter, the Indians were rejoiced at the prospect of some alleviation of their distress.

While visiting the various bands in this agency, I advised them to get out fencing for their gardens ere the snow thawed. This, I am glad to say, they did at the Pas and Birch River in real earnest.

The Pas Reserve, being in the immediate neighborhood, is the one I most frequently visit, and it will consequently be most frequently referred to in my report.

At seed time I went down to that part of the Pas Reserve where most of the Indians live, for the purpose of teaching and assisting them to sow their wheat.

Seed time over, and having received instructions from Mr. Inspector McColl to visit the Pas Mountain and inspect the land which some of the Pas Band wish to have given them for a reserve, I proceeded thither; but with difficulty reached the place, owing to the low stage of water. I examined a portion of the land, a report of which I have already submitted to the Department.

While at the Mountain, I advised the Indians to break up new land with the hoe (for they have no ox) this summer, and promised to ask the Department if wheat could be given them for all the land already under cultivation, and also a small mill. This, for the most part, they promised to do; and some seemed to think better days were coming, and were struck with what I reminded them about their hunting in former days only resulting in poverty now; whereas, if they cultivate the soil, they

will see more lasting good results.

Soon after my return from the Pas Mountain, I went (according to instructions received) up to Cumberland, to consult with those Indians of that reserve who desire to be settled on a more arable piece of land. Some thirty families have asked to be removed to the vicinity of Fort a la Corne. I informed them, by instructions from Mr. Inspector McColl, that the land they ask for is reserved for public purposes, and is not available for an Indian reserve. I have already reported the result of this meeting, which is simply this,—the thirty families in question are unwilling to settle anywhere else, and again ask the Department to be allowed to go to Fort la Corne.

While returning from Cumberland, I went across the portage to Birch River.

and met a number of the Indians of that reserve in the Councillor's house.

The gardens of the Birch River Indians do them credit, and they have made

good use of the little seed given them from time to time.

I advised these Indians also to break up new land this summer, and told them if they promised to do so, I would try and get a supply of wheat for them sufficient to sow all the old ground next spring. To my astonishment they immediately stood up to signify their decided intention to do as I wished them.

The Birch River Indians ask for a small mill, wherewith to grind their grain:

and also to have a resident Chief.

Birch River is a fine reserve, though nearly all wood land, and in seasons of

very high water, is, in some places, in danger of being flooded.

The Indians at this reserve are decidedly progressing and are unceasingly building fairly good houses. They wish to farm, but do not receive enough seed grain.

The portage, from Birch River to the main Saskatchewan, is a distance of about three miles. The Indians constantly use this portage to obtain fish from the river. This summer they are making a wider and better road. They ask the Department for a horse and cart, for use in hauling their fish across the portage.

On my return from Cumberland and Birch River, I went on with the completion

of the dwelling house I put up last fall.

On 24th June, Mr. Surveyor Green arrived to complete the survey of Indian A portion of land was surveyed north-west of us, so that this house now stands between two boundaries of the Pas Reserve.

The Pas Indians (with some assistance from myself, in food) have nearly completed a road through the woods from the Eddy to here. This road will be very useful, as delays are sometimes caused by storms on the lakes both, in summer and in

I have asked the Pas Indians also to break up new ground this summer, and have promised to ask that they may be supplied with wheat for all the old ground next. spring. I have also told them they cannot expect to have potatoes given them every year, and have advised them to dig several cellars where the land is high and dry, in order to store sufficient for seed in the spring.

I have been unable to visit the Pas Reserve for some time, as I am anxious to finish my house ere I leave for Winnipeg to obtain the annuity money. I believe, however, that some new land has already been broken, and have no doubt that for the most part the Indians will do as they have promised. These also ask for a small mill.

The Indians belonging to the Pas Band are comparatively numerous, and find it hard to break up the land, which, at the Pas proper, is not of the best quality. Those of the Pas Band who live at the Mountain have no ox at all. Of those cattle which the Pas Indians received from the Government, one ox and two cows have died. The other ox is at Birch River, but is almost too old to do any work. The bull, I am informed, is of very little use. I have, however, promised them to remedy this with an animal of my own. I have seen quite a number of men and boys pulling the . plough themselves, thus helping each other to prepare the ground for the seed.

The day schools in this agency are, I am sorry to say, now all closed. No Government teacher has as yet succeeded Miss Budd (now Mrs. Deschambeault) at the Pas. The Rev. J. Settee last November, of his own accord, and out of pity for the children, opened the school, and continued it more or less all winter. I visited the school, and found the children doing remarkably well.

At Cumberland, the Rev. J. W. Davis kept up the school until recently, when he was compelled to close it (owing to indisposition) earlier than the 30th June, the time of his intended resignation. I examined his scholars last winter, and was struck with the promptness of their answers, and the order of the school. In Mr. Davis resignation the Department have lost a most efficient teacher, and one who took a

decided interest in the Indian children. At the Pas the Indians are too numerous, and some too far away, to send their children to one school. In winter the distance is often too great, and in summer cappes cannot be spared nor can the children be trusted alone. Neither have they sufficient clothing in the cold weather; yet some did come three or more miles, but I fear they not unfrequently suffered from cold and hunger. The main difficulty, however, is now, I think, fairly on the way of being removed. At the Eddy the Indians have put up the walls of a school house, and have sawn boards for the same. I was glad, and so were they, when I received instructions from Mr. Inspector McColl to have the Eddy school finished. This is now well nigh accomplished, and will, when a suitable teacher arrives, give satisfaction to the band. Several years ago the subject was brought before me by one of the old Indians, a councillor of the band, who deeply felt it when he saw the little ones running about, as he said, almost like the brutes. He is, however, now rejoiced to be the chief workman in completing the school.

In conclusion, may I be allowed to remark that the morality of these Indians. will compare well with that of the same number of professing christians in England. The Indians observe the Lord's Day, except when they work on the steamers; a large number of children and young people attend the Sunday school at the Pas; and generally they love to go where they can bear the word of God. As a rule they are at peace with one another, and cases of immoral conduct are very rare. these remarks apply particularly to the Indians at the Pas and Birch River. good work of the Church Missionary Society among these poor people deserves high commendation. At Cumberland and Grand Rapids the morals of some of the Indians are not so good. It the former place I have had occasion to speak publicly to the

Indians on the immoral conduct of some of their number.

The Hon. Hudson's Bay Company have done a great deal for the good of the Indians, and have been exceedingly kind in allowing me the use of their offices for interviews with Indians, and in assisting me in any way they could.

I beg to remain, Sir,

Your obedient servent,

JOSEPH READER, Indian Agent.

# BEREN'S RIVER AGENCY—TREATY No. 5, LAKE WINNIPEG, 13th September, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIB,—I have the honor to submit, with the accompanying tabular statement, my Annual Report on Indian affairs in Treaty No. 5, for the official year ended 30th June, 1884.

On the 6th July I started from Winnipeg to make annuity payments to the

bands of Indians under my supervision. I arrived at

# Black River Reserve

on the evening of the 10th. After the payments I visited the reserve and found that the land along the bank of the river is good for farming purposes. The potatoe crops, which were looking well at the time, did not turn out as well as was expected. The Indians have fourteen houses, three stables, four head of cattle, and they ask for potatoe, wheat, barley and garden seeds; also hoes, axes and a chest of carpenter's tools.

On the morning of the 11th I left for Dog Head at 3:30 a.m., but got wind bound at George's Channel. On the 12th I started again at 3:30 a.m., and arrived at Dog Head at 4 p.m. I found the Island bands all on the pay ground, but as they were preparing for a great medicine dance and feast, the chief, Peter Stoney, and his councillors, refused to take their annuity payments that day. I informed them that as my time could not be wasted in that way, and as they informed me that they were not ready, I would proceed to Fisher River Reserve at once, make the payments there and, on my way back, I would again stop at Dog Head and pay them their annuity, if they were ready. I accordingly started away the same evening for Fisher River, and arrived there at 5 a.m., on the 14th.

I visited the reserve and found the crops looking well, but later they turned out to be a failure, yielding only about half the crop of former years. The Indians have forty-six dwelling houses, eighteen stables, twenty-seven head of cattle and thirty-

four acres under cultivation.

As there is no good timber fit for building purposes on the reserve, the band ask for a timber limit on the south side of the river. They also want a hand grist

mill, two iron harrows and two brush-breaking ploughs.

At 7 p.m. on the 17th I landed at Dog Head, in order to pay the Island bands. I asked the chief whether he was ready and willing or not to take his annuity, which he very readily consented to do, and apologized for his former behavior in the matter.

These Indians are living at four different places or reserves, which they want surveyed as soon as possible. They ask to be paid their annuities hereafter at

Hollow Water, Loon Straits, Blood Vein and Jack Head.

At Hollow Water reserve the Indians have built thirteen houses. The land is not very good for farming, and very little improvement is manifest. They have no cattle, as the seven supplied the band were divided between Jack Head, Blood Vein and Loon Straits, and they ask that cattle be sent to them, believing that they are entitled to them.

At Loon Straits Reserve they have built eight houses. They ask for cattle to be supplied to them in the place of the ones that died, and they want more twine and ammunition.

The land is good for planting, and there are good hay meadows in the immediate neighborhood.

At Blood Vein Reserve the Indians have made no improvement worth mentioning. They have only two houses and two acres under cultivation, and that badly

attended to. They allowed the cattle supplied to them to wander away and die, and now ask for more to replace those lost.

At Jack Head Reserve the Indians are doing very well, under the management of their councillor, James Sinclair. They have built sixteen houses and have about

twenty-five acres under cultivation.

They generally raise very good crops of potatoes on this reserve, but the failure of the crop here this year was about the same as in other reserves. They only got about a third of a crop. They ask for more hoes, axes, pit, cross-cut and hand saws, and files for the same. They want cattle instead of those lost in 1881 (one ox and one cow); the ox died fat from some disease, which killed him in a few hours; the cow was lost while they were away at Dog Head receiving their annuity payments. It was found some time after by two young men from Fisher River, and sold by them to some person living at White Mud River.

## Beren's River Band.

The Indians have built forty log houses, including Poplar River and Grand Rapids (B.R.) Reserves; also four stables. They have eleven head of cattle. Their gardens, with two or three exceptions, appeared neglected. They did not clean the weeds out of them until too late. Here only about a quarter of the usual crop was secured. They ask for more hoes, mattocks, grooving-picks, ammunition, twine and seed potatoes, wheat, barley and garden seeds.

They want seven head of cattle for Poplar River and seven for Grand Rapids,

as they claim that they were promised them by treaty.

They also ask to be paid their annuities at Grand Rapids and Poplar River Reserves hereafter, as they are obliged to travel too far over a dangerous route to get their payments.

# Norway House Band.

The Indians here have seventy six log houses and thirty stables; fifty-two head of cattle and fifty acres under cultivation. Their potato gardens did not appear to thrive as usual, on account of summer frosts, but they got better returns after all than the majority of the bands in this treaty.

They ask for hay lands about the Pine Creek, at the north end of Play Green

Lake.

The band request that their chief and councillors be paid as other chiefs and councillors. They also ask for medicines to be supplied to them, as they are very much in need of them, and cannot afford to purchase them from the Hudson's Bay Company. They want more hoes, axes, scythes, two harrows and two cross-ploughs.

## Cross Lake Band.

The Indians have built sixteen dwellings houses and one stable. They have seven head of cattle.

Their potato crop turned out poorly, as in other reserves, and, with but a few exceptions, they are very indifferent about attending to their gardens, so that little or no progress is being made.

They ask for medicines to be dispensed in the band. They want more hoes,

axes, mattocks and hay forks.

# Grand Rapids Band.

The Indians have twenty dwelling houses and one stable, but no cattle, as they allowed them to perish for want of proper care.

Their potatoe crops looked very much neglected. They state that they have five acres under cultivation, but with one or two exceptions they do not plant at all. They work irregularly about the landings and warehouses, in the steamers of the

North-West Navigation Company, in cutting wood for the company and fishing. As a

whole, they are a very dependent and lazy class of Indians.

After the payments had been made at this place, Peter Turner complained to me that he had not received his annuity, whereupon I examined the pay-sheets, and found that his order had been paid to C. Thompson, of the Hudson's Bay Company. This order he (Peter Turner) informed me, had never signed, nor given permission to Mr. Thompson to make, but subsequently, when in presence of each other and before me, Turner admitted that he had authorized Mr. Thompson to draw for a debt which he had owed the Hudson's Bay Company.

## Chimarchawin Reserve.

These Indians at this place are a portion of the Moose Lake Band. They have twelve dwelling houses, and have about three acres under cultivation. Their gardens are small and generally badly attended to. Part of the reserve was surveyed during the fall of 1882.

They ask for permission to cut and sell cordwood from their reserve to the Navigation Company. They also ask for cattle, as they state that they are entitled to them, never having received any of the seven sent by the Department to the Moose Lake Reserve.

There are good hay meadows in this reserve, which would be a great advantage

in cattle raising.

#### Moose Lake Reserve.

The Indians here have succeeded in building themselves twelve log dwelling houses. They have allowed all the cattle (seven) supplied by the Department to perish for want of proper care. They kept them out in the open air during all winter, and although they had enough hay cut and stacked, they were too negligent or lazy to feed them, and consequently they all starved to death.

While at Chimawhawin, the chief, together with a large number of the band, requested me to make the annuity payments to the rest of them near the Hudson's Bay Company's Post, where they were all comped, excepting an old man who

always kept away from other people as his face was eaten up by cancer.

They further represented that in 1882 they were obliged to wait for about ten days after the date of payment at Moose Lake, as I had been obliged to visit the Pas Mountain Reserve before paying them, as they were last on the list of payments, and that if I paid them on my way up the Saskatchewan, it would only delay the Pas payment two or three days longer. As their request was reasonable and just, I paid them where they were camped, and went to visit the reserve in a canoe with two men. I there met Ostatinamakaw, and as I had no money with me, I could not pay him there. I made out an order for him to sign in favor of Mr. McDonald.

On my return on Sunday evening to the Hudson's Bay Company's post, I informed Mr. McDonald of the note, but in the hurry of starting next morning, I forgot to hand him the money or the order, but on my return I paid the money to

Mr. McDonald at Chimawhawin.

#### Pas Band.

These Indians have one hundred and four log dwelling houses, twenty-eight stables, sixty-two acres under cultivation, eighty head of cattle and six horses.

Part of their reserves have been surveyed during the summer and fall of 1882.

This band is divided, and live on four different reserves, viz.: Pas Village and Big Eddy, Birch River, Shoal Lake and Red Earth Reserves.

The land is good along the banks of the Saskatchewan, Birch and Carrot Rivers,

and very good at and about the vicinity of Shoal Lake and Red Earth.

At the latter place the Indians are doing very well indeed; their cattle (which they purchased and raised themselves) are very fine looking; their gardens well attended to, with good root houses or cellars, and a building in which they store their implements in common.

They ask for more hoes, axes, hay forks, two cross ploughs, two harrows, and that permission be granted them to cut and sell cordword along the banks of the

Saskatchewan River.

Having had my doubts aroused at Grand Rapids, I took particular care to question parties presenting orders for absentees. The consequence was, that I soon found out that fraudulent orders were presented for payment, especially in the case of Abraham Bell, of this band. Application being made, I refused to pay it without his written order, regularly signed and witnessed, whereupon the party withdrew, and, in about ten minutes after, appeared again, this time with a written order, regularly signed and witnessed by H. Belanger.

I asked the man where Bell was and who had written the order? He informed me that Bell was at Cumberland; that the order was made out and witnessed by Mr. Belanger, without the knowledge of Abraham Bell. As I believed that the order

was fraudulent, I refused to pay it.

Orders of the same nature were refused by me as coming from John Bell, sen., Cameron Cook, and others of the band.

## Cumberland Band.

The Indians have built thirty-six log dwelling-houses and nine stables; have nineteen acres under cultivation, and thirteen head of cattle. Their potatoe crops were not up to the average of former years; they state that August frosts injured them considerably. The reserve for these Indians was surveyed by Mr. Austin, D.L.S., in 1882. It is altogether a poor place for either farming, hunting or fishing.

Many of the Indians requested to be allowed to move up the Saskatchewan River, as far as La Corne or the Forks, but have been refused. Nevertheless, several

families moved up there during the last three years.

Quite a number of Indians were absent from the payments, and a number of fradulent orders for annuity payments were presented by Mr. Belanger, which I refused to recognize, as I was fully convinced, by evidence taken, that they were not genuine.

After completing the annuity payments at Cumberland, I proceeded to visit, by cance, Shoal Lake and Red Earth Reserves, and by travelling night and day, got back to the Pas on the sixth day. From there I proceeded on to Winnipeg and arrived there on the 27th September. After finishing the business connected with the annuity payments, I returned to the agency at Beren's River, arriving there on the 23rd October,

The winter was very cold, with deep snow throughout the country, but the fisheries having turned out well during last fall, the rabbits being numerous and deer

plentiful, the Indians did not suffer from starvation.

During the winter I made a tour of inspection of schools and reserves by dog-train to Poplar River, Norway House, Cross Lake, Jack Head and Fisher River, and found that there was no hardship for want of food or through sickness.

On the 21st June I left Beren's River, in a York boat, for Winnipeg, in order to get the money and make the annuity payments of 1884-85, and arrived there on the

lst July.

By letter of the 5th April last, No. 358, I forwarded to the Department a detailed statement regarding schools and other matters in connection with the bands under my supervision, and therefore refrain from further remarks thereon.

I have the honor to be, Right Honorable Sir, Your obedient servant,

A. MACKAY,

Indian Agent

CARLTON AGENCY—TREATY No. 6, CARLTON, N.W.T., 11th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to state that, in pursuance of instructions received from the Honorable the Indian Commissioner, I left Edmonton last October for this place, arriving on the 9th of November. The work of transferring stores was at once entered into, in order that Mr. Gairdner, who was being relieved, might not be delayed in entering upon the duties of his new office at Battleford.

In submitting to you a general report of the affairs of this district, extending over the past year, permission is asked to indicate that for such information as relates to that portion of it which elapsed before the date of my assumption of the charge of this office, dependence is necessarily placed on other sources than that of

personal knowlege.

It will not be out of place if, in commenting on the condition of my Indians, a passing tribute is paid to my predecessor, Mr. Rae, for their desire to improve, their good sense and industry must have been developed in great measure, by the firm, just and kindly treatment that seems to have been extended to them by that gentleman, under whose superintendence such long and rapid strides in improvement were made.

The supplies which the Hudson's Bay Company contracted to deliver were of good quality, and after having been submitted to the test of use, give satisfaction. In estimating the amount of bacon required for annuity payments, and for the destitute, as well as in calculating the quantity of tea wanted for the Farm Instructors, some oversight most probably occurred, as they were both insufficient. Owing to the close economy practised by Mr. Rae in the conduct of agricultural operations, the Indians had, during the year 1883, no more implements than were indispensible for the required purposes. As their cultivated land had last autumn largely increased in area, and many of their implements and tools had become useless and beyond repair, the spring found us in a somewhat unenviable condition to cope with the work that had necessarily to be performed. Loss, however, was fortunately avoided by the willing spirit of the Indians, which caused them to engage in their work, despite the difficulties to be contended with, and by the energy of our instructors, who spared themselves no pains in fostering this spirit and helping them in their work.

For some time previous to my arrival here, owing to lack of means for travelling, and from other causes, it had not been possible to give much attention to those bands which have reserves at a distance from the agency. An endeavor has been made to give a fresh progressive impetus to these, the result of which it is hoped will

soon be seen.

Of the various arrangements made for the benefit of the Indians during the winter, under sanction of your Department, those for the milling and purchase of Indian grain are most worthy of notice. The action of the Department in purchasing the surplus crops at market prices, and directing the expenditure of the amounts paid therefor, secured great benefit to the Indians. An almost entire control of the crop was kept; any unfair dealings in grain transactions were guarded against, and goods were obtained for the Indians on most advantageous terms, this latter being a great consideration, where goods are so high priced as in the Saskatchewan district.

The individual custom of those selling grain would not be worthy of the competition of traders; but in the aggregate, when they have vouchers or cash to expend, it is such as any merchant might desire to have; and thus, by adopting such measures as render it possible to control and direct the trade, the same advantage is obtained

for them as a co-operative society would enjoy.

This principle has also been extended to milling, and may, perhaps, be advantageously carried into other Indian affairs. An arrangement was made with the

Hudson's Bay Company's mill at Prince Albert, to grind for Indians at a reduced rate of toll, effecting the very substantial saving of 31 per cent. of the amount ground. In return for this reduction, they were given, as far as was compatible with the interests of the Department and the Indians, an exclusive right to grind the grain of the Although, practically, owing to unforeseen circumstances, not as much as might have been was saved by this agreement during the past winter, its working may suggest the advisability of adopting a similar course in respect to milling in other years.

It has been thought to be desirable, with regard to the future existence of the Indians in communities of a more or less independent character, to teach them some of the more essential trades, with a view to carrying them on upon the reserves. The first step in this direction is being taken by establishing a carpenter's shop on the reserve of Mistowasis, to serve for the bands under that chief, Atakakoop and Petequakey; and if your approbation is accorded, it is hoped that aid may be obtained to procure the material necessary to fitting out a blacksmith's shop. The natural ingenuity of the Indians renders them so handy with tools that much may be hoped for from practice and experience; the shops remaining for some time under the supervision of an Instructor, to guard against waste or other sources of loss. Whilst the primary object in taking these steps has been stated, a secondary, but by no means unimportant one, may be gained in saving tools, as added care will be given to their preservation when in the charge of one man, and one set of tools will provide for the requirements of more than one band, and also in the gain of the Indians in knowledge, and in an added sense of self-reliance. Difficulties will, of course, be met with in carrying through such a scheme, but are not likely to prove insuperable.

A close supervision of the milling and disposal of grain resulted in an economy of the food supply for spring work, that saved the Department considerable

Some of the bands found themselves short of seed, owing to the loss of their last year's crops, but by borrowing from those that had a surplus or exchanging other articles therefor, seed was procured without any serious call being made upon the Department.

The Hudson's Bay Company most kindly furnished a quantity of potatoes to Beardy's and Okenasis' Bands, at my request, agreeing to accept an equivalent amount from them in the fall in repayment of the loan. The company has used every endeavor to facilitate the business and forward the interests of the Department.

The Indians of the Northern reserves, viz., Mistowasis, Petequakey and Atatakakoop's bands, can do little more to ameliorate their condition until greater facility for milling grain is offered to them. Last winter was spent almost entirely in getting their grain ground, entailing a large amount of labor on both men and work oxen; indeed, the greatest care was requisite to keep the latter in sufficiently good condition to perform the spring ploughing and other work. They feel discouraged by this, and it is feared that their progress will be affected by this feeling. The crop prospects at present are indifferent. A drought, which followed seeding, kept the grain back to such an extent that much of it cannot be expected to mature before the frost injures it, and about half a crop is all that can be hoped for.

As the staple food of the Indians-the muskrat-will be most scarce, and as the crop promises so badly, their principal dependence during the coming winter will be upon rabbits. Destitution is sure to occur, and will be felt more than at any time since the treaty, for, in former years, some property was owned that could be disposed of for the alleviation of their misery, but this recourse being no longer left to

them, they have now only the Government's assistance to depend on.

An energetic and most willing spirit is shown by all the Indians in this district,

especially by those in the vicinity of the agency.

A good pig sty has been built on farm 10, and other work has been performed by them gratuitously, at my request, and this will evidence their desire to please and to merit assistance.

Nothing prevents all of our Indians from being settled on their reserves, except our incapacity to furnish enough material for agriculture. They are all desirous of settling, but have not the wherewithal to enable them to commence farming.

An endeavor was made by traders to introduce gambling on some of our reserves, but as the first men detected in it were summoned before a magistrate and fined, a

stop was put to it.

An attempt to intimidate the cattle keeper of One Arrow's Band was met by the prosecution of the man who threatened him, and the imposition of a fine had a good effect.

It may be well now to present to you such information as is not included in the accompanying statement, relative to the different bands of this agency.

# Beardy's Band

is still in a pagan state, and receives no religious or other instruction. Though a large number of children are of an age to attend school, there is no teacher upon the reserve. It suffered greatly last year from the cost of its threshing, but this will be lessened, or entirely done away with, now that a machine has been furnished. Owing to the lack of proper root houses, a large portion of the seed potatoes and root crops were lest last winter, giving rise to a necessity for a fresh supply of seed by the Department. This was not called for, however, as the Hudson's Bay Company lent what was required. The recurrence of such a loss is being guarded against by making a good root house on the reserve, in which the seed will be stored in future under the care of the instructor. A glance at the statement appended hereto will show the increased amount of land brought under cultivation.

A fanning mill, carts or waggons, ploughs and other implements, are needed. The loss incident to wear and tear must be made up, or inability to continue opera-

tions will ensue.

The grain crop, though sufficient to supply some of the necessaries of life, is yet far too small to provide provision for all of the band, and to enable it to procure other articles that are needed.

The low prices of last winter were also disadvantageous and discouraging in effect.

#### Okemasis' Band.

Generally speaking, the preceding remarks apply to this band. Its members are Roman Catholics; but, being poor, have no regular religious instruction. You will observe that it requires a school; and it may be pointed out that, on account of the proximity of the reserves of this and Beardy's band, one school might be made to serve for both, thus holding out an opportunity for learning to forty-eight children.

The houses of the band are small, but cleanly kept; and in the care of their houses and persons which these people are beginning to evince, may be seen the dawning of a belief in the practicability of securing a permanent and comfortable livelihood.

#### One Arrow's Band.

It is pleasant to be able to report that rapid progress has been made with this band during the present spring. Little has been done in building, though their houses sadly need improvement,—as the amount of provision supplied has not more than sufficed for carrying on field work; but it may be safely stated that if the means for work are provided, this band is now ready to avail itself of them, and is willing and anxious to do so.

A very good effect was produced on the band by the steps taken to punish the members of it who endeavored, by illegal measures, to break through the regulations made by its Instructor, with my sanction. His authority is now acknowledged.

Great sickness has prevailed on the reserve, and many deaths have occurred.

Great destitution prevailed during the winter, and it was necessary to extend aid, to alleviate, in some measure, the sufferings of the Indians. The number of work oxen in its possession gives one yoke to every 26.5 souls; and a team included in the estimate has become useless, and will shortly be condemned.

The proportion of working power to the number of persons will thus be reduced,

and their further progress be rendered slower than heretofore.

All their hay and feed was destroyed by fire during the time of spring work, and provision for the cattle had to be made by the Department.

#### Northern Reserves.

These have another year of steady progress to record, though laboring under some disadvantages that have not oppressed the aforementioned bands. Their occupants have from forty-five to seventy-five miles to travel, respectively, to the nearest mills, and are the same distance from a market in which to dispose of any grain

surplus that they may produce.

On account of their somewhat isolated position, it is considered to be all important to their welfare that they should be led to depend, as far as possible, on their own resources, and to this end the latter must be most carefully nurtured and cultivated. The proposal, with this end in view, to introduce trades into the reserves, has been already referred to. All such work as repairing the wood work of implements, making plough beams, carts, sashes, doors, &c., &c., may be done on the reserves as well as elsewhere, and as that of Mistowasis occupies a central position, it is the best point for the establishment of any industry.

The necessity of having a mill in this neighborhood has, it is believed, been

The necessity of having a mill in this neighborhood has, it is believed, been recognized by the Department, and it need only therefore be reported that the Indians are most anxious to know that something definite is being done in the matter, as they feel that unless they have greater facility for grinding their crop,

it is useless to cultivate a larger area than they now do.

The truth of their belief is obvious, as it has been seen that last winter was spent almost entirely in travelling to and from the mills. It may be mentioned that there is good water power on and in the vicinity of Mistowasis Reserve.

#### Mistowasis' Band

Is, for the most part Presbyterian. The mission and school of this denomination are respectively in charge of the Rev. J. and Miss McKay. Writing desks are needed for the school.

A case of trespass on the reserve was brought to my notice, and steps were at once taken to remove the intruder. The introduction of gambling was stopped, as elsewhere mentioned, as the practice is one which seriously interferes with habits of industry and thrift.

The band sustained itself entirely last winter, and nearly all that had previously farmed provided themselves with flour and seed, with which to put in their crops

this spring.

The want of a threshing and fanning mill is greatly felt, the former especially

being much needed.

The increase of acreage will be observed by reference to the accompanying statement.

# \* Atakakoop's Band.

The remarks made on the foregoing band refer to a great extent, to this one

A great loss of timber was sustained by it this spring, by the prairie files running into the "bluffs" and woods on the reserves.

The school, conducted under the auspices of the Church Missionary Society,

is a great success, but needs writing desks and some other conveniences.

Several houses of a good sort are in course of erection. They are being shingled by the builders, who are putting them up with no other assistance than the gift of a few pounds of nails.

# Petequakey's Band.

This has for a long time been one of the most backward in the district, and fears were entertained that its disposition was such that little good could be done with it. It is therefore satisfactory to be able to state that a total change of attitude has taken place, and that obedience and willingness to work have succeeded and, we may hope, have totally displaced the spirit that it is said they formerly evinced.

On the reserve is a Roman Catholic Mission, that ministers to the religious wants of the band and also conducts the school. The priest in charge, Père Paquette, expresses anxiety to assist the work of the Department in every way, and has shown himself to be willing to do so.

Many of the members of the band that have been straggling since the change of Chiefs are, now that they see the progress which is being made by their kindred,

likely to settle down.

The acreage is being largely increased this year; good fencing and new houses are being built; indeed, the reserve, generally, indicates a state of lively and active progress.

# Kopahawakemun's and Kenemolayoo's Bands.

These are in the vicinity of Green Lake, and have not yet been visited. They had a good winter for fur, and as they depend upon the hunt, prospered accordingly.

They do little farming, and being so remote from milling and other advantages, it is as well that they should continue to hunt as long as possible. The fishery last fall is reported to have been bad; and unless steps are taken to preserve it, there is every probability that it will become worse.

#### John Smith's Band.

These people are self-supporting.

The school, which was conducted in a most unsatisfactory manner and had been closed during the quarter ended 30th September, 1883, it was thought to be advisable not to re-open until 1st April, 1884, as it was necessary to obtain material for it.

Several new houses have been built, and although the band, as is the case with most so-called civilized Indians, is in a state of chronic discontent, it is anything but badly off.

The reserve has been before described to you.

This has been rather harder upon them than previous years. They have had difficulty in threshing their crops, and the price of grain has been low.

## James Smith's Band.

It depends chiefly on the produce of the chase.

The reserve is well settled, and good houses stand upon it, but little cultivation has been done.

It is perhaps as well that, whilst the hunting remains good, the band should continue to hunt, and by the time it fails to afford them subsistence a large part of the burden of settling the Plain Crees will have been removed from the Government.

The Episcopalian Mission, which at one time was established at Fort à la Corne, has been abandoned, and the school on the reserve is most unsatisfactorily conducted.

The reserve has recently been surveyed, excluding much of the poor land on the north side of the river, which it was originally intended should be embraced within its limits.

## Wm. Twatt's Band

lives almost entirely by hunting. The location of the reserve renders it almost inaccessible in summer.

The band is in much the same condition as the last mentioned, save that it has no school nor any opportunity to be instructed in religion.

## Chekaslaypaysin's Band.

Very few of its members live on the reserve, but such as do are maintaining a steady rate of progress.

It worked very faithfully during the past spring, and received some assistance

in food and seed.

The wandering members will doubtlessly come in and settle when the Govern-

ment decides to put them actively to work.

There is a constant feud between the two factions, headed respectively by one of the councillors and the chief, and when it becomes necessary to commence more active agriculture, a better chief will have to be elected.

# Whitecap's (Sioux) Band.

This band roves about the district in one or more parties, working, hunting and making its livelihood in other ways.

Its reserve has been improved to a considerable extent, and if the aid they have

had is taken into account, its progress may be deemed most satisfactory.

Work will be now found in the new colony of the Temperance Company or Society, and this will tend to keep them at home more than formerly, as this company's land is close to the reserve.

Frost last summer destroyed their crops, and they would have had little or nothing to sow this year had it not been for the assistance given to them by the

Government.

An increased acreage and several new buildings mark the intention of the band to better its condition.

#### Schools.

The reserve schools are in anything but an efficient state. Out of five, only one can be considered to be under competent management. The progress in another is fairly good, but not what it should be, whilst three are carried on with so little energy and with such a total lack of knowledge as to what is required, that the grant which they receive is almost wasted.

A radical change is needed, as has been elsewhere pointed out; one that will

insure the engagement of competent, active teachers, under explicit contracts.

The desirability of considering the "Kindergarten" system with relation to the instruction of Indian children, has before been submitted to you.

Additional furniture will be needed for the schools of Atakakoop's, Mistowasis'

and Petequakey's Reserves.

The large number of children (48) who have no instruction, on Beardy's and Okemasis' Reserves, will indicate the necessity of establishing a school in their vicinity.

## Fisheries.

These are becoming exhausted through the wholesale destruction of fish during the spawning season. Two remedies are suggested: declaring a close season or preserving certain waters for the exclusive use of Indians.

Many lakes and deep ponds exist on the reserves, which, if filled with fish, would offer a considerable addition to the food supply of the Indians. The propriety and economy of taking steps with this end in view have been submitted to you at such length that the feasibility of the scheme need not again be presented.

Many of these lakes would be likely to support wild rice, if the seed was once sown in them. If it were to grow well, the rice would offer a palatable dish to the

Indians, and would also attract wild fowl to the reserves in large numbers.

The necessity for performing a large amount of office work interferes with the

supervision that it is desirable to exercise over the work on the reserves.

Some of the details of the consumption of the Indian crops, and others matters, I hope to have the honor of submitting to you in a supplementary report.

Presenting the foregoing most respectfully,

have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant.

J. ANSDELL MACRAE.
Indian Agent.

BATTLEFORD AGENCY—TREATY No. 6, BATTLEFORD, N.W.T., 13th October, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I beg to state that the Indians for the past year in this district have done fairly well; the amount of land under cultivation has increased, and never since the treaty began have the cattle been better taken care of or come out in such good condition in the spring. A few tons of hay had to be purchased for cattle bought for new bands, who had never settled on a reserve. The other bands, although prairie fires burnt a good deal of hay, have plenty to winter their cattle, and also to do their spring's work with; in fact, this is the only spring when cattle were in a condition to do a good spring's work.

Almost all the land was fall-ploughed last year, which, however, proved a draw-back, as we had no rain till July, and although all the grain was sown in good time, the crops are miserable. This discouraged the Indians a good deal, but, notwith-

standing, they have again broken considerable land.

The Red Pheasant Band have better fences and better houses than last year, but

are allowing themselves to be surpassed in agriculture by newer bands.

The Stoneys, who were the hardest to deal with two years ago, have turned out to be the best workers we have. They have fenced in about six miles with large logs, making it cattle proof, and its equal is not in the country. Last year some of their crop was destroyed by cattle, and they determined to prevent it this year. They have a number of good houses and especially good stables, and take great care of their cattle. Too much praise cannot be given to the Instructor, Mr. Payne, who has worked wonders with them.

Strike-him-on-the-back, who was too old, has been replaced by Young Sweet Grass as chief. This has been of great benefit, both to the Department and the Indians, as they have done a very great deal of work, and the band has increased through stragglers and others belonging to the band to over 300 souls, and much

praise is due to their Instructor, Mr. Ballendine, who manages them well.

#### Poundmaker's Band

#### Moosomin's Band

has surpassed all the others, and stored in the department warehouse 600 bushels of barley, to be ground this fall when the mill is up. They have also purchased their own bacon, and have been for a time self-supporting. Their crops, however, look miserable, with the exception of some new land broken in spring, and I fear they will require Government aid through winter, though they expect to be able to keep themselves, and they may thank their instructor, Mr. Clink, for the prosperous condition they were in, and though they used to disparage him at first, they now see that what they, at the time, thought harshness, was for their good.

Thunder Child and Nipahase, who have never been on reserves before, have done capitally under the charge of Instructor Suffern, as may be seen by referring to the tabular statement. Their crops being altogether on new breaking are better

than those on the other reserves.

In respect to the bands of Little Pine and Lucky Man, I may say that having come in late in the fall, they were kept close to Battleford, so as to avoid expense in freighting provisions. They, however, were not idle and cut several hundred cords of wood during winter. In spring they moved off towards their reserve near Poundmaker's, and though I had sent out their implements and cattle, through evil counsel, they remained at Poundmaker's for a long time. During this period I refused to feed them. At last, owing to hunger, they agreed to go on to their reserve. Most of Lucky Man's men joined Little Pine, who has always shown himself well inclined. In this respect, however, his head councillor, Mistutinwas, is the better of the two. They then began working, and did well, getting in thirty-four acres crop and fencing the same, also putting up a house and storehouse for the instructor. In May Big Bear and and his party came down from Pitt, and Lucky Man's people began to leave their work. Kamanitowas, the headman, however, said he wished to leave his chief and join Little Pine. There was not much trouble with those who now remained on the reserve, until a Thirst Dance was begun, when even Little Pine and his people left their work for a short time, and the affair nearly ended in a riot, as one of the Indians struck Instructor Craig, and when the police attempted to arrest the man, they at first refused to give him up. After the prisoner had been arrested and held for trial, Big Bear and party wanted me to give them provisions to take them to their reserve at Pitt. This I did, and they started for their destination. Since then Instructor Craig has had no trouble. The Indians seem to like him, and he has brought them on admirably.

Enclosed please find tabular statement.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

J. M. RAE,
Indian Agent.

TREATY No. 6. FORT PITT, N.W.T., July 21st, 1881.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to forward my first Annual Report, with tabular statement, for this district, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

I am glad to report that all the bands of Indians, with the exception of Big Bear's, were paid on the reserves, thus doing away with the usual annual meetings of all the Indians of the district, and thereby saving a large annual expenditure.

I had some trouble in persuading the Indians to return to their reserves for payment, as Big Bear had sent tobacco to all the Indians to come to Fort Pitt and be paid along with his band, promising them an increase of annuity money.

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Aside from their coming to Fort Pitt for their annuities, and their hesitation to return to their reserves, I am pleased to report favorably on the conduct of the Indians, and when the report reached here of trouble at Battleford, the chiefs came to me and told me that they did not like the way the Battleford Indians were behaving.

Owing to drought, the crops will not be as good as could be expected; but still I feel sure that, if we have no frost, the Indians will have a fair crop. They have more under crop this year, as the home farms have been given them to cultivate.

The acreage under crop was, in 1883, 257\frac{3}{4} acres, as against 417 in 1884.

I have prevailed upon the Indians to forego their annual Thirst Dance, and I am almost sure it is a thing of the past, as far as the Indians who are settled on the reserves are concerned, but should Big Bear and his bandre turn to this district, they will, of course, revive this heathenish dance.

A great deal of sickness has visited the Chipewayan's this winter, consequently they could not hunt for moose and small game, which has, in a measure, made

them more dependent upon the Department for food.

The fisheries are failing fast, owing to outside parties fishing on a very large scale, and robbing the Indians of every fish they catch, and I have no power to prevent this.

A great many Chipewayan's are coming from Isle à la Crosse and wish to settle among the Chipewayan's of this district. I have told them that they would not be allowed to settle among the other Indians and that they need not expect to be

admitted into the treaty.

There are only two schools in operation, one at Frog and Cold Lakes, under the Roman Catholic Mission; returns have not been received from the Onion Lake school under the Church of England Mission for over one year; the school at Long Lake, under the Roman Catholic Mission, has been closed for some time, owing to sickness and absence of the teacher. The Indian children attending the schools at Frog and Cold Lakes, are making fair progress.

The Indians of this district are very poor in clothing, never having much given to them, and if they work continually and faithfully on their reserves, they cannot

earn any clothing for themselves.

The reserve at Long Lake has not been surveyed as yet, and the Indians are scattering far and wide. By this means they have an idea that they will have a larger reserve. I have put a man in charge of the band this year. They have built

a house and storehouse for him, besides putting in their crops.

We-mis-te-coo-se-a-wa--is had a reserve surveyed for his band adjoining Seekas-kootch's, at Onion Lake, in 1879. They never did a day's work or any improvements there, but squatted on a piece of land at Stony Lake, eight miles from Frog Lake, and their time was taken up travelling to and from Frog Lake for rations. I persuaded the band to abandon the Stony Lake and join O-nee-pow-hayo's band here, where they are under the eye of the Instructor. I have given them the land which was heretofore cultivated as the Home Farm, which is to be added to this reserve.

Big Bear and his band arrived at Fort Pitt in August, 1883, and promised to take a reserve, but have failed to do so yet. They are now somewhere in the

Battleford district.

A dwelling house, 18x20, is being erected at this place for the use of the Agent; also a storehouse, 20x40, for supplies. All the timber was cut and prepared by the Indians.

Pursuant to orders from Regina, I moved from Fort Pitt to this place, 29th June, 1884.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS T. QUINN,
Acting Sub-Indian Agent.

# TREATY No. 7. FORT MacLeod, N.W.T., 25th July, 1884.

To the Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sin,—I have the honor to submit my second Annual Report on the Indians in Treaty 7. As I have been the greater portion of the time in charge of the northern

division, I will commence with the Blackfeet.

Since my last report we have passed through what may be considered an anxious time, I mean the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway, running through and contiguous to the Blackfoot Reserve, and it gives me much satisfaction to be able to state that there was not the slightest conflict between the Indians and the railway employees. Only one accident occured, that to an Indian, who had his foot crushed between the bumpers of two cars, when attempting to get a ride while in motion. the only person to blame was the Indian.

In August last an epidemic broke out among the Indians, taking the form of erysipelas, but from what cause I cannot state. During the early stages of the disease, many cases proved fatal, principally among the middle-aged and aged. Fortunately it gradually disappeared. The medical officer attended many cases with varied success, and was ably assisted by the missionaries residing on the reserve.

The Sun Dance took place during this month, but was greatly shorn of its old time custom, not a solitary candidate presenting himself to undergo the torture test. It is very unlikely that this custom will soon die out, as the Indians still look upon it as the great event of the year.

The payments passed off quietly and satisfactorily. My thanks are due to the officer commanding the Mounted Police at Calgary for assistance rendered at that

time.

Crops this year were not so good as they were last year, owing to the drought and summer frosts. Potatoes were particularly small, as were also the turnips. Wheat was the only article really good on this reserve, samples of which I forwarded

to the Department.

As soon as the crops were harvested, a reduction was made in the ration of flour from one-half pound to as nearly one-quarter pound as could be arrived at, thus, saving a large amount in the cousumption of that article. At first the Indians grumbled a good deal, but when it was explained to them that they had a considerable quantity of vegetables for their own use, there was no further comment on the matter.

During the winter months the Indians kept well to their reserve. I have no knowledge of any Blackfect going off on horse stealing expeditions. Some few went

to the Red Deer country to hunt, but had little or no success.

Towards the latter part of the winter, some few Indians would arrive in Calgary and remain a short time, but on being told to return to their reserve they invariably did so.

Spring opened up earlier than usual; the Indians were set to repair their fences. Several Indians asked for individual fields. As far as practicable, these requests were complied with. Those lucky enough to get a field to themselves showed them to me with evident pride on my recent visit.

The Instructors have been instructed to encourage working Indians as much as

possible, and to endeavor to stimulate a degree of friendly rivalry.

The Indians may be said to have worked with more energy this year than last.

At the South Blackfoot farm, Mr. Wheatly sent a white man out to show the Indians how to plant their potatoes, and at the proper season men were detailed to the different fields, working with the Indians hoeing their potatoes, turnips, &c. This was also carried out on the North Blackfoot farm, Mr. Edwards being in charge.

On Farm 20a, we have 113 acres under crop; Farm 20b, 96 acres, composed of potatoes, turnips, carrots, onions, wheat, oats, barley and garden seeds, besides some 25 acres on the home farm, oats, potatoes, turnips and garden seeds.

On the whole, I think we may say the Blackfeet are advancing.

The Sarcees have certainly made up their minds to do better; it gives me much pleasure to be able to say this. During the summer and autumn of last year, it was next to impossible to keep them out of Calgary, for as fast as their tepees were taken down in one place, they would appear in another the next day. This was also the

case during the winter months.

If the people of Calgary do not want the Indians, they have it in their power to keep them out. If, instead of getting them to do their chores for a small sum of money and a little food, thus encouraging them to stay, they refused to give them any assistance, the Indians would see they were not wanted and would seldom go there. Besides giving them this employment by day, it in a measure gives them a certain amount of excuse to remain and use their women for immoral purposes. It is a certain fact that parties in Calgary have sent out presents of tea and tobacco to the Indians to come in. Unfortunately we could not trace it to anyone, or action would have been taken.

Early in the spring a party of this tribe were induced to settle on that portion of their reserves which crosses the Elbow River. This move was fortunate, as parties had been in the habit of cutting wood in that vicinity. By having Indians

living on the spot, this will be avoided in future.

When work was begun, Bull's Head turned out, getting his people to work with a will. Quite a number asked to have separate gardens, which was granted, the Indians breaking their own land with the oxen,—Bull's Head mostly being with them and taking a turn at the plough himself. Should the season prove favorable and free from summer frosts, I anticipate a good return on this reserve. When there in June, crops were looking very fine. Besides the regular fields, there are some twelve gardens, worked entirely by Indians, and containing about an acre each. There is under cultivation this year about 89 acres (this includes the gardens).

The Sarcees are building good root houses and are well pleased at the result of

their labor.

The Stoney's are no longer drawing daily rations from the Government. I hear from Mr. Acting Sub-Agent Begg that they put in all the seeds sent them this year by the Department, and then went to their hunting grounds, except a few who were too old and feeble. These are receiving assistance twice a month, Mr. Begg visiting them for that purpose.

The receipt of regular rations was cut off in April of this year, the Indians

taking it very quietly.

On the last day of February I received a telegram from Regina to proceed to MacLeod and take over the treaty from Mr. Agent Denny by a proper transfer, Mr. Begg to fill my position at the Blackfoot Crossing. Owing to the inclement state of

the weather it was impracticable to leave Calgary for a few days.

On my arrival, assisted by Mr. Lash, the Agency Clerk, an inventory was taken of all Government property in the agency warehouse, and after devoting two or three days to the office, Mr. Lash accompanied me to the Blood Reserve. After taking stock and examining the books, I held a council with the Indians. As is ever the case, these Indians did not at all care about the change, but as I had known them some five or six years, I did not anticipate having any trouble with them.

Among other questions asked was one begging that their rations should not be reduced. Their reason for asking this was on account of some white person or persons

having told them such would be the case.

I promised them their rations would not be reduced without first giving them notice. It has afforded me much pleasure to find such is not the present intention of the Department; if it were, very serious trouble would be the result, as these Indians are a powerful tribe, rich in horses, with many warriors well armed, and a large supply of ammunition.

About the 23rd March we began ploughing on the Blood Reserve, continuing daily for a week, when a violent snow storm set in, keeping us off the land for some

days.

A number of Bloods did their own ploughing, using their own horses, doing the work under supervision, fairly well. Mr. McCord, the Instructor, has taken great pains to scatter these Indians over the reserve—fields ranging for upwards of 25 miles up and down the river.

Seed was all in early, the greater portion of the potatoes being planted before

the end of April.

Several Indians have individual fields, of which they are proud.

The area under crop this year amounts to about 164 acres (including gardens) composed of wheat, oats, barley, potatoes, turnips, carrots, onions and garden seeds, Indians doing the harrowing. There is every prospect of an abundant harvest.

I find the Bloods well behaved as a rule. I understand there were some known cases of cattle killing, but I do not credit these Indians with killing all the cattle,

an offence with which owners are too prone to charge them.

An amusing remark was made in a speech delivered by some member of the S. W. Stock Association at its annual meeting: "That Indians had brought cattle "killing down to a science, having trained their dogs to run them down." My experience of the Indian cur is, that all he is capable of being taught is to haul the traineau loaded with wood; he teaches himself to stoal beef out of the cattle corals on the reserve when the butchers are slaughtering.

On the 30th May I received copy of telegram, sent by Superintendent McQueen, commanding the Mounted Police at Maple Creek, asking me to find out what Blood Indians were off the reserve with One Spot, an Indian chief; as a white man had been murdered there. On personal investigation, I found that neither One Spot, nor any of the Bloods, were in that neighborhood. We could account for seven absentees; these had gone south across the line, presumbly to visit relatives.

There is very little doubt the murder was committed by South Piegans (United States Indians) as a party was known to be in that vicinity at the time. I merely mention this, as eastern newspapers seem only too glad to give the Indians credit for

any criminal acts committed.

The only trouble with the Bloods is, that some interested whites are constantly inciting them to mischief. If these parties would desist from such reprehensible

conduct, the Bloods would give me very little trouble.

We have recently removed into the new agency buildings on this reserve, which gives the employees comfortable quarters. There are also good storehouses, ration house, Indian house, with good stabling and cellars, being in every way convenient, with ample room for supplies.

The Piegans have generally been looked upon as the best Indians in the treaty, but as I have only recently been closely connected with them, I am not yet able to

give an opinion on the subject.

Some of the Piegans, Big Swan, for instance, are very well off. This chief ploughed, assisted by his band, the whole of his field, about twenty acres, with native ponies, and has a good crop in. Tuope, who has hitherto been an exemplary Indian,

has done very little this year, owing to death in his family.

There were at different times during spring some eight or nine ploughs going, worked by Indians, with their own horses. Their present area under crop is much smaller than previous years, but whether this had always been over estimated or is the result of several changes of Instructors this spring, I cannot say. I was doubtful as to the quantity under crop, so I had a rough measurement taken by the Instructor, Mr. Williams, which resulted in the fact of their being only seventy-five acres, composed of wheat, oats, barley, potatoes, turnips, carrots and garden seeds. This does not include the home farm.

At the spring round-up of the Stock Association, the interests of the Indians were well looked after by a practical cowboy, who has been in the employment of the

Department for some time past, but I regret to state that the result was far from satisfactory in the Piegan herd, and I am of opinion that the Indians in this district are not far enough advanced to be entrusted with the care of a herd of cattle, which, if not sharply looked after, will disappear. Last winter was very severe on stock, and I have no doubt a portion of the loss can be accounted for in that way.

We have received the first instalment of stores under contract, 1884-85, from the Hudson's Bay Company, which were personally inspected by me during their delivery. I found them in every case equal to, if not superior, to samples.

Taking the Indians generally throughout this treaty, they have been well behaved, few cases of horse stealing being brought to the notice of the agent. I have more than once been able to return horses to settlers, through Indians bringing them to me.

Throughout the treaty they have done their own fencing, some of the work having been very creditably performed; harrowing with their own horses and soveral instances of ploughing in the same manner. On the whole, I think some progress has been made. I forward a tabular statement with this report.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > W. POCKLINGTON. Acting Indian Agent.

BLACKFOOT CROSSING, N. W. T., TREATY No. 7, 16th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,-I have the honor to forward my first Annual Report, which will not be lengthy, as Mr. Pocklington has already reported on this treaty up to the time I took charge of this district.

About the 1st of April, 1884, I arrived here from Fort McLeod, and took charge of the Blackfeet, Sarcees and Stoneys. My first duties, according to instructions, were to cease the regular rationing of the Stoneys, with the exception of food to the old and infirm, who were not able to hunt.

The Stoneys have done very well by hunting, although the season has not been so favorable as usual, on account of the flooding of the beaver lands. I have since visited the Stoneys twice a month, and issued rations to the old and infirm.

The Department sent in large supplies of artichokes for seed, which have been planted on the different reserves in the district. I think they will be healthy food for the Indians and suitable to stand the climate.

During the spring the Indians on the two Blackfoot Reserves and on the Sarcee Reserve assisted very willingly in putting in the crops and fencing. Although our timber for fencing is limited, the Indians are very much pleased to hear that wire will arrive for that purpose.

We have a large area of wheat on the reserves, and if the frost do not interfere,

there will be no better return in the North-West.

As the Indian horses on the Blackfoot and Sarcee Reserves are very small and few in number, the heavy work has to be done by horses belonging to the Depart-

Mr. Wheatly, the Farming Instructor on the lower reserve, has done very well with the Indians under his charge, and has been ably assisted by J. L. Hereux, Interpreter.

The Instructors on the North Blackfoot and Sarcee Reserves have been frequently changed, which, as a general thing, Indians do not like, even when it may

be for their benefit. I believe Mr. Scott, now in charge of the North Reserve, will be successful, as he has had considerable previous experience.

I have endeavored to scatter the Indians as much as possible on the reserves,

and have for that purpose new fields broken at some distance from each other.

I hope that the Industrial School will succeed in teaching the younger Indians

how to work. Father Lacombe has great influence amongst them.

The Indians altogether in this district have conducted themselves well, and have not committed any depredations. Their health has also been satisfactory.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

MAGNUS BEGG,
Acting Indian Agent.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, 17th September, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to make the following Report of my inspection of the Indian agencies, farms and reserves in the North-West Territories, commencing with

the Birtle District.

Accompanied by the agent, Mr. Herchimer, I first visited the Sioux reserve. These Indians have made rapid strides towards civilization. Driving through the reserve I found myself at times forgetting that these houses and well fenced and cultivated fields were the property of Indians who, but a short time before, were untutored savages. Their crops were backward, having suffered from the long continued drought. The agent informed me that the band has one hundred and twenty head of cattle and the "round up" for my inspection numbered ninety head. It is a fine herd and the Indians are justly proud of it. They manufacture butter, but the want of milk pans and churns is a great drawback to their success.

The Indians gathered at the school house for a talk, but I first held a school examination, hearing the children read and spell. There were thirty pupils present, varying in age from infancy to sixteen or seventeen years, they were clean

and neatly dressed and reflect credit on the teacher, Mr. Burgess.

Thirty men presented themselves at the meeting dressed as white men, not a blanket among them. They talked a good deal, dwelling upon their gratitude to the Government for helping them and having them taught to carn their own living, also for providing them with a school teacher. In addition to the tools and implements supplied them by the Government, they have purchased others, including cooking stoves, to the amount of \$1,390. The band possesses four lumber wagons, one buckboard, one spring wagon, eight ploughs, eight harrows, two reaping machines and a number of scythes and forks. They ask for a thresher, mower and rake, saws, augers and hoes, a few plain medicines, a large Union Jack flag, and to have their bull changed for a younger and better bred animal. The large flag at present in their possession, and which was flying at the time of my visit, is one which was carried by their tribe during the war of 1812, when they were allies of the British, is somewhat ragged and faded with age, and the bullet holes are still visible in it. There was only one birth amongst them last year, and the hand of death dealt freely, having carried off eight of their number. The wished me to inform the Government that they desired their reserve to be known as "Middle Hill."

## The Gambler's Reserve.

This part of Way-way-see-capo's Band, which was allowed to break away from the band and settle here in 1820, has done exceedingly well, and is living in

comfort. In the evening the Indians gathered at the house of one O-gah-mah. I remarked that it was very clean and contained a cooking stove, coal oil lamp, table, cupboard, with dishes, and other things. He also has thirty acres enclosed with an extra good stake and rider fence, fifteen acres of which are sown with wheat and potatoes. I was informed that O-gah-mah and his daughters, not having any oxen, carried every rail on their shoulders from the valley below, and that he sold a horse to pay for having his land broken. This spring the agent gave him one ox. I think it would be well to place the agent in a position to lend him another ox, a plough, and a set of harrows. Indian Thomas Tanner has thirty acres in crop, twenty five being wheat, five potatoes and barley. He has built a splendid log house 20 by 28, with shingled roof and tongued and groved dressed flooring. In the house he has a clock, coal oil lamp, cooking stove, churn, &c. While I was there his wife returned from milking. She took the strainer and clean milk pans with the milk into the cellar, and set it out as handily as any white woman could have done. Six Indians on this reserve planted one hundred and ninety-slx bushels of potatoes, and one hundred and twenty bushels were planted by the remainder of the band; one hundred and seventy-four bushels of wheat were sown, only fifty-four bushels of which was supplied by the agent; thirteen bushels each of oats and barley were put in, the seed being supplied by the Indians. They also purchased for themselves during the past year, one yoke of oxen, one waggon, one set of harrows and a plough, making the total of implements and cattle provided and purchased by themselves to be: eight oxen. eight cows, one steer, four waggons, two mowers, two horse rakes, seven ploughs, and one set of harrows. They have a herd of forty-three private cattle, and the band or treaty cattle consist of five cows, eight oxen, and nine head of young cattle, making a total of sixty-five head. The agent states that only during the last year have these Indians made up their minds to work land. The chief says that Commissioner Dewdney promised them four cows, but they have only received one. They also asked for more ploughs and six oxen and pigs, stating that if the Government would give them the oxen, they would pay for them as soon as they are able. The promise on their part is meritorious, but I consider it impracticable. If the Department grants their request, the oxen must be considered as a gift. Last year the Indians worked on the railway, thus earning a good deal of money. This work having stopped, they had no visible means of support at the time of my visit. It was therefore arranged by the agent that they should commence breaking fresh land, and for every five acres he would give them a sack of flour and twenty pounds of bacon. They asked to have their reserve enlarged, giving as reasons: 1st, their desire to get some timber; 2nd, that the present area is not sufficient nor in compliance with the terms of the treaty.

At present the reserve does not extend west of the Assinaboine and they desire that it should be so extended, as that would give them plenty of timber. I am

informed that as yet there are no settlers upon the land asked for.

## Cotés Band.

We arrived at this reserve on 14th June, made pleasant to memory by a rain storm, thus putting an end to the long period of drought, which if continued one week longer would have rendered the crops valueless. The old chief is still hale and hearty. I was pleased to see that since my last visit the Indians have spread themselves over the reserve, taking up farms in favorable localities and making farming a business. The area of land under crop this year was one hundred and six acres, twenty-eight being potatoes, fifty-two barley, ten oats, twelve wheat, and thirty acres summer fallow. Their herd has increased to ninety-one head, and is composed of twenty oxen from three years old upwards, twenty-five cows, one bull, and forty five young cattle. In addition the band owns fifty horses and colts and five pigs. From this you will observe that they are in a prosperous condition. They have twenty-eight dwellings, most of them good, comfortable houses. The band numbers two hundred and thirty souls, and there are twenty-two families who have not as yet taken up land, but it is

expected several of them will do so this year. They require a good many things to assist them in their work, being short of ploughs, harrows and pony harness. I would also recommend that half a dozen light ox yokes with logging chains be supplied them for breaking steers, also two lumber waggons. They have been successful in keeping pigs, but a boar of improved breed is required. Four died during the year, and there were nine births, the health of the band being generally good, excepting twelve old and helpless people. The chief asked me to say that Governor Laird promised that he would get his chief's waggon, but that he never had received it and wants it now, as he is too old to ride on horseback.

# School-Presbyterian-Cuthbert McKay, Teacher.

There were six boys and six girls present. I heard them read in the first book. They had slates and were learning to write and make figures. The school was held in the teachers house, the new school house not being completed. The new building 20 x 26, hewn logs, is a good one and has a thatched roof. The Agent was waiting for the grant of \$100 from the Government to complete it. The principal obstacle in the way of large attendance at this school is one which is found on other reserves, and arises from persuading our Indians to scatter over the reserve, in order that each may have a home and property of his own, thus placing the families at such distances apart that the school house cannot be built to accommodate all. Many children cannot attend on this account, therefore, Mr. McKay up to the present, has, to obviate the difficulty, moved his school from one point of the reserve to another, from time to time, so as to give all a share in the year's tuition.

## The Key's Band.

A portion of this band, with the chief and three headmen, moved from Shoal River to their present reserve in 1882, but are now becoming very anxious regarding their future, having heard that the Government intends to survey a reserve for those who remained behind. They say that if this is done the division in the band will be permanent, and that some who are now here will return to the old place. The history of the case, as far as I could learn, is as follows, and I give you the chief's own words: "Myself and three headmen gave our assent to removal, and we had heard "from Governor Laird that whatever we said the band would have to agree to, so "when Agent McDonald told us that Mr. Dewdney ordered us to move, and Mr. "Agent Herchimer coming and persuading us, we consented; also, when we went to "Fort Ellice to meet the Governor General I first asked him to allow us to take Kee-"se-konse's abandoned reserve at Pelly. He replied: You have already arranged "to take your reserve at Pelly, and you have to go there, I therefore want you to "tell the Government not to give any reserve at Shoal Lake to the Indians who "stayed behind. At Shoal River there are only three huts, which we threw "away. We lived about there for thirty years. There is no land there fit for culti-"vation; often it is totally flooded. The cattle feed on rushes and browse and grow "all to horns." Mr. Herchimer states that he was instructed by the Commissioner. in the presence of Inspector McColl, to inform The Key's Band at Shoal River and Fort Pelly that they could have no reserve but that at Fort Pelly, which he accordingly did, and by order of the Department the reserve was surveyed for the full number belonging to the band, namely, one hundred and ninety-five—only eighty-three having removed. One headman (Beardy) remained behind, having an idea that the Government will make him a chief. He has no garden and lives in a bark lodge. Duck Bay (Shoal River) is heavily timbered, there being no prairie or hay land. These Indians are doing very well, having this year fifty acres in crop, twenty of wheat, twelve of potatoes, sixteen of barley and two acres of garden, as against fourteen acres all told in 1883, and their cattle have increased from thirty-nine head, in 1883, to forty-seven head this year, with more calves to come. The chief asks permission to use his oxen in freighting when they are not required for farming. Wm. Brass has two oxen which are too old to work, and he wishes to exchange them with the Government for younger animals. The first cattle given to this band were wild and were distributed in Governor Laird's time; they were subsequently shot. There was a second issue, when they were given four cows and a calf. They have had five oxen lent to them by the agent, which, with one ox raised by themselves, makes three yoke. John Redlake asked for a cow. There is a deformed steer belonging to this band which should be killed for beef and replaced by a good work ox. They asked for a mower, fanning mills, sickles, milk pans, two churns, six breaking ploughs, two iron harrows and two wagons. The chief wants two iron-bound carts in lieu of a light wagon, and two sets pony plough harness for the use of the band; he also asked for clothing. At each house can be seen a saw pit, the Indians having whip saws of their own.

#### School.

The band has provided all the necessary timber and lumber for a schoolhouse, and the material is on the site selected. After harvest they will proceed with the erection of the building.

There were six births and two deaths during the year.

## Kishikonse's Band

removed from Swan River in 1881, and only commenced farming in 1882. They number one hundred and sixty-five souls. Their total crop is seventy acres, all well fenced, and is composed of twenty-one acres potatoes, twenty-eight of barley, ten of wheat, one of peas and five of roots. They have twenty-three dwellings, twelve stables, five storehouses and a schoolhouse. They have a herd of sixty-six head of cattle, consisting of twenty-six cows, twenty calves, twenty young steers and heifers; in addition, they have eleven work oxen, some being treaty and some loaned them by the agent, nine work oxen their own property, forty-five horses and thirteen pigs. From the above you will believe that it may truthfully be said of this band that they are in a prosperous condition; but notwithstanding this, they, like others, are full of wants. They asked for a bull, two more yokes of oxen, five sets pony plough harness, more ploughs and harrows, two waggons, two carts, on account of treaty, milk pans, two churns, fanning mill, three sets whiffletrees, monkey wrench, a broadaxe and a tool chest, their treaty tool chest having been burned.

#### School.

They have built a school-house  $18 \times 22$  feet, but it is unfinished; the Agent is wating for the \$100 grant to complete it.

# Way way-see-cappo's Band.

This band has made but little progress since my last visit, and it is beyound my power to give a reason for it. They had the advantage of a resident instructor for several years, and have a good reserve; but the fact remains, that their condition is very little better than it was. Certainly the best working Indians went away with "The Gambler." The old chief resigned last April, and Tom Shap-wa-tung was elected to the position at a meeting of the band, and the election was confirmed, subject to probation. I am of opinion it would have been better to have left the band without a chief. The Gambler's portion of the band is progressing well without one. Tom and some of his men came to our camp in the evening, and were full of wants; but as far as I could judge, they lacked inclination to work. They complained of starvation, and the agent made them the same offer regarding breaking land as he did the other bands. They also complained of the mill dams, as they prevented the fish from going up the Bird Tail River. The cattle have not increased very much. There are only thirty-two head on the reserve.

# Moose Mountain District, Pheasant Rump Band.

This is a small band of Assinaboines, consisting of eighty-six souls. They had fifty-five acres in crop, but it was very backward on account of the long drought. The Indians have built their houses in the style of a small village of twelve houses and four stables, and they farm all around it. From the scarcity of building timber the houses are of a very poor character, and the band generally is not prosperous. They require clothing, and if they were liberally supplied with ammunition, they could materially improve their condition without much additional expense to the Department. In the evening the Indians gathered at the chief's house for a talk. Wah-kee an-dotah, or Red Thunder, was the principal speaker, and he asked for the band additional two yoke of oxen with harness, some more cows, pigs and sheep, plough for each family, four harrows, milk pails, churns and milk pans. I am inclined to think the altitude of this reserve is too great to admit of much success in farming, but no doubt stock will do well, sheep particularly, if the Indians can be induced to destroy their dogs. The cattle consist of one bull, six cows, four oxen, four calves, two three year old steers, and five young cattle-twenty-two head in all. They have had but little help in the way of food from the Department this summer, only having received twenty-four sacks of flour since April, which included the supply during seeding time. Their cabins have no windows, although sunshine is cheap and wholesome. I would recommend that some sash and glass be sent to them, there being no timber in the neighborhood to make lumber for sash.

# Ocean Man's Band-Chief No-gah-sha, or Red Ears.

The crops here were well put in, but suffering from the drought. Turnips were a failure, wheat very thin and potatoes only coming through the ground, although seeding was finished early. The band numbered eighty, and bitterly complained of starvation, attributing the thirteen deaths which occurred last year to this cause. They were miserably clad, some having breech-clout and blanket, and some without the blanket. They stated that their principal food was barley. They complained of their instructor, McArthur, saying that he had been buying their horses for less than their value, while they were starving. The agent informed me that the members of the band are very poor fishers and hunters, as they only killed three deer last winter, when some men of Pheasant Rump's band, single handed, killed forty each. He also stated that the band has, this spring, worked as hard as any band could, but required more provisions. They are saddled with a great number of old widows and illegitimate children from Fort Walsh, and the widows of several men who were shot three years ago when the trouble took place between them and the Gros Ventres. They have seven oxen, five cows, one bull, two yearlings and four calves, making nineteen head in all. The agent was about to send them another yoke of oxen. They were not able to work one yoke of their oxen, the bows being too small.

## White Bear Band.

This band has settled far in the hills, and I am afraid the altitude is too high for successful agriculture. However, the potatoes looked well, but the grain was very backward. They number one hundred and five souls, and their crop this year consists of eight acres of barley, four of wheat, six of potatoes, two and one-half of corn and six of turnips, a total of twenty-six acres. Pa-pa-ness, head man, is their best farmer. His farm is well fenced, which is much to his credit, for, having no oxen until this spring, he carried the rails on his back. I counted ten dwellings and five stables on the reserve. They have only four oxen, two cows and a calf, and these are what remain of their treaty animals. The band only owns eight horses. The chief, with his old father, Ogah-mah, and the rest of the band, came to our camp for an interview. Like the last mentioned band, they were poorly clad, and deserving of more than compassion, which was all I had to give them. The chief said

that he wanted a copy of the treaty that he signed. The reason his band cannot show much work is, that they are not fed well enough. He would like another yoke of oxen, a plough and harness, more harrows, a grindstone, a whip-saw, cross-cut saw, two waggons, and five cows for the band, some clothing and mcccasins. He was also promised hinges, doors and windows for a house. He said if they had more ammunition given them, they would not go hungry so often.

# Birtle Indian Office.

I took an inventory of the goods and supplies on hand, 31st May. The issues here are entirely different to those of any other agency, the Territory having but one permanent farming instructor; the issues are made directly to the different bands by the agent, consequently there is no means of verifying the entries. In fact, it must be taken for granted that these issues were made and that the entries in the books are correct. In the regularity with which the books of the office are kept, and the general contentment and progress of the different Indian bands under Mr. Herchmer's jurisdiction, the Department has cause for much satisfaction. The Indians have, since the removal of the instructors, been taught self; reliance, and certainly have surpassed my expectation in this advancement, but it entails great vigilance upon the part of the agent in such a large district, and he has to be constantly travelling. It is not to be wondered at that some bands have made more progress than others, and probably the perusal of my report may have suggested to you the necessity of more help and better direct supervision being extended to those bands of Indians at the Moose Mountains. They are Plain Indians. To many of them I paid the annuity at Fort Walsh three years ago, and they were then uncivilized. It is, therefore, not to be wondered at that they are quite helpless in their new mode of life. In the office is kept a cattle record book, according to the instructions of the Department, a day book, journal and ledger, letter book, daily journal of passing events, voucher book, the quadruplicates of vouchers, duplicates of school returns, letters, copies of tabular statements, all duly filed. I annex, for reference in the Department, a statement of the treaty and loan cattle and offspring in the district. The branding and numbering of these cattle, together with the descriptive roll, has been a step in the right direction. I would now suggest that something be done. not only here, but in all other districts, towards inducing the Indians to take greater interest in their live stock, and this, in my opinion, can only be accomplished by bestowing individual rights to such cattle. From close enquiry into a plan adopted by Mr. Agent Horchmer several years ago, amongst the Sioux, I think it can be very advantageously introduced with treaty Indians. At present it is left to the Indians themselves to elect who shall have the care of the cattle. Often the chief himself will appropriate the whole number, and only allow his favorites the use of them. Mr. Herchmer's plan is to loan a cow to an Indian man or woman whom he knows to be deserving, and is confident will take proper care of the animal. In due course the cow will have a calf, which the Indian is to raise, and when the calf has grown up to be a cow, or ox old enough to work, this is given over to the agent as payment for the first cow, which young animal he, in turn, gives to some other Indian requiring it, upon like conditions. All other issue from the first cow remains the property of the Indian, the agent retaining a lien as to the right of their disposal, for in the course of time the increase will be sufficient in number for the Indian, with the consent of the agent, to kill an animal for beef, or otherwise dispose of one now and again for his own benefit. An agent can thus, first gaining the consent of a band, make a disposition, amongst its members, of the treaty cattle and offspring now in their possession; and the above plan, worked out with them under direction of the agent, as with loaned cattle, I beg to recommend for general adoption.

# Condition of Supplies.

Mill dams on streams have been a source of serious loss to the Indians of the various reserves, as their erection prevent the fish from going up the streams to spawn. In my opinion, steps should be taken to compel mill owners to forthwith place fish slides in their dams.

I have the honor to be, Sir. Your obedient servant,

> T. P. WADSWORTH, Inspector Indian Agencies and Farms.

That portion of Inspector Wadsworth's Annual Report which relates to Treaties 4, 6 and 7 will, together with the report of the Hon. Commissioner Dewdney, Inspector McCall and Agent Anderson, none of which have yet been received, appear further on in this volumne.

> COWICHAN AGENCY, MAPLE BAY, B.C., 24th July, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to enclose tabular statement for the year ended 30th June, 1884, together with my Annual Report and a list of Government property un' or my charge.

Although, owing to the wandering habits of some of the natives, I have not sen able to secure a reliable census in all the bands of the agency, I am convinced that there is a perceptible decrease in the Indian population, and this will, I feel sure. continue until the large "rancheries" (which are, at present, only kept up for the

sake of holding "potlaches" and dances) are done away with.

These houses, which are more open to the weather than an ordinary barn, are not nearly so well built as they were twenty years ago, and are undoubtedly the cause of the death of a great many Indians yearly. Indeed, it is almost impossible for any one, suffering from a severe attack of any lung or kindred disease, to recover while staying in any one of them, owing to the damp floors and the constant change they are undergoing from extreme heat to severe cold; and also to the want of suitable nourishing food.

By the tabular statement it will be seen that there is a gradual increase in the quantity of grain grown, which, this year, will be in excess of any former one. Many Indians will have sufficient wheat to supply their families for the year This is par-

ticularly the case in the Saanich, Cowichan and Nanaimo Bands.

The high price of beef, however, and the demand for work oxen, has induced many Indians to sell their cattle, so that the number of horned cattle has sensibly decreased. At the same time, the number of horses is rapidly on the increase, though

many of them are unsaleable and of little use.

In November last I attended a large "potlach" held at Lacksem, on Valde's Island. There were over two thousand Indians present, speaking several languages. Some liquor was seized, but, on the whole, the Indians at these gatherings are remarkably peaceable. A very small number of the guests were housed, most of them living in tents or mat huts, and the weather being severe, they suffered very much indeed. There was much grumbling amongst themselves about their being obliged to attend a "potlach" at such a time of the year and where there was no protection from the wind and snow. One of the worst features of this potlach was the number of half-breeds who were taking part in it, and these, following the example of the old Indians, gave or threw away the earnings of years. One youth alone gave away over \$100 worth of goods, being the savings of years, and all to earn the praise or flattery of a few old people, who will, no doubt, be themselves entirely destitute in a few years.

The chief, Ce-who-latza, gave me an opportunity, on two evenings, of addressing the chiefs and headmen of the different tribes. I did my best to point out to them the folly and the injury to themselves in so many ways of these gatherings, telling them that unless they themselves took measures to stop them the Government would be compelled to do so. One chief made a long speech, saying how wrong it would be for the Government to prevent these gatherings, when relatives from a distance met each other, and the old and destitute were feasted. Fortunately, on my way to the potlach I had called at several villages and was able to say that this was not the case, but that the old and destitute had been, in every band, left at home to starve, having neither food nor fuel left them; and being able to give the names of old people left in this condition, I had quite the best of the argument; and I afterwards learned that my word had done considerable good, by causing many to think of the "potlaches" in a way they had never done before; but the influence of the old men is very great, and although they cannot help seeing the rapid decrease of their tribes, they will not take the trouble or do not wish to look for the cause.

Several gangs of Indians are engaged in lumbering for the different saw-mills, others take contracts on the public roads, or to clear lands for white settlers, so that although the Fraser River canneries are not employing much labor this year, the Indians will actually derive a benefit from the circumstance, as they will be compelled to seek employment nearer home, and thus be better able to look after the crops on their reserves, which will, in the end, pay them better than constant wandering from

place to place does.

The clearing done by the Dominion Government last year on the Cowichan River has very much improved the reserve, by preventing, in a great measure, the waste land which was constantly going on.

Location tickets have been issued to twenty-three of the more advanced

Indians on this reserve, and many more are now anxious to secure them.

At my last visit to the fishing stations on Saturna and Pender Islands, I found them entirely deserted, owing to the fact that a party of some fourteen Cowichan Indians are holding a reign of terror in the vicinity. Several of them are charged with murder, others with breaking gaol and other serious offences. They are residing on the United States islands in the neighborhood, and being well armed with repeating rifles, have more than once attempted the lives of other Indians who are witnesses against them, and they are a constant source of uneasiness to the

sheep farmers on these islands.

I regret very much to have to report that at the present time there are no successful Indian schools carried on in the whole of this Agency. Efforts are occasionally made by the clergy of the different denominations to educate the native children, but with little or no success, and there is little hope of much improvement in this respect, till the parents see the advantages of education and compel their children to attend the schools. This state of things is very much to be regretted for unless the children are educated, they will naturally receive the superstitious teaching of the old people, and these superstitions are a continual cause of the decrease of population.

The Soughees Band, at Victoria have elected a council to take the authority out of the hands of the old chief, who has always been a strong supporter of all old customs. These men now apply for a school on their reserve, and say they will compel

the attendance of the children.

During the year many convictions have been made under the liquor clauses of the Indian Act, and with your approval, the moiety of the fines received by me have been expended in the relief of the destitute and aged, and in the purchase of tools,

&c., for the different bands.

No murders of white men have taken place within the last three years, and in the whole Agency the Indians have been remarkably peaceful. With the exception of offences committed under the influence of liquor, no serious crimes have been committed, but there are constantly a very large number of disputes about land and property of all kinds, and the Indian office is often crowded for days together while settling troubles of this kind.

Last summer the land owned by Mr. Munroe, which has so long been occupied by Indians, who refused to move, was sold to a Mr. Robinson, and I am happy to say that after considerable difficulty I have been able to induce the Indians to give him

peaceful possession of the same.

More of the lands on these reserves are being fenced and brought under cultivation every year; but although the seed is often obtained with great difficulty in the spring, and a good deal of labor expended in putting it in the ground, at harvest time it is often neglected (the owners being away at the canneries or hop fields) an t much grain is lost every year in this way, few being able to resist an offer of high wages, no matter at what future loss to their families.

In the northern portion of the Agency agriculture gives place to hunting and the manufacture of fish oil, and as dog-fish are very plentiful, the Indians make a

very lucrative business of it.

On my recent visit I found some of the Comox Band at Qualicum and others near Hornby Island, so I delayed my visit to their village till later in the year, when

they will all have returned for the fall salmon fishing.

The law prohibiting the "potlach" is very much opposed by many men in all the tribes, but I am happy to be able to say that there are, in nearly all, some who see the folly of these customs, and though at present afraid to speak out before the old men, are prepared to support the law when it is likely to be enforced.

The fact that, though I am allotting lands to each family, only such as give up the ruinous customs of the "potlach" and "tomanoes" dances are recommended for

location tickets, is having a very good effect.

Several of the chiefs have still to hold their final "potlach," that the members of their bands may have an opportunity of receiving and paying back blankets and other properties which have been formerly lent. Some of the more enlightened of the chiefs have long agreed that these should be the last "potlaches" which they would attend, but I suppose that as they are soon to be prohibited by law, nearly all the bands will be obliged to hold similar gatherings during the year.

For the valuable assistance given me and the untiring efforts to improve the Cowichan Indians, I am greatly indebted to the Rev. Fathers Rondeau and Donckele, whose charitable works, though often ill rewarded, have been continued for years.

On Kuper Island, the Rev. Mr. Roberts and Mrs. Roberts are doing their best for the improvement of the natives; weekly services are held, and when the Indians are

at home, Mrs. Roberts has a school for girls.

Fortunately there has been no serious epidemic during the year. A large proportion of the deaths of both adults and children is owing to neglect and improper treatment. Some parents, while grudging to purchase any nourishing food for the sick, will, at their death, throw away much valuable property.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. H. LOMAS, Indian Agent.

WEST COAST AGENCY. UCLUELET, B.C., 1st October, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,-I have the honor to submit my Report for the current year, and to enclose

a list of Government property in my possession.

As I proposed in my last report, I went to Clasquaht in November and spent ten weeks with that tribe, during which time I also visited the Kelseemahts and Ahhousahts, and went to Hesqueaht to distribute the \$200 awarded to that tribe by the U.S. Government. On my return, after spending some days with the Eulhuilhabts and Greshahts, I went to Victoria and made arrangements for building the agent's residence at Ucluelet. I was busy at Ucluelet from April till the end of July, when the house was finished. Although I worked myself as much as other duties would allow, owing to the high rate of labor and material and cost of transport from Victoria, the expenses were \$250 more than the estimate, without allowing anything for fencing and out-buildings.

I have since visited all the tribes along the coast. The Indians are well off this year as, although furs are still low in price, there has been an unusually large catch

of fur seals.

There is a small increase in the population for the past year.

At Kyukhta, the Rev. Father Nicolaye has had trouble with the Indians. He, as a punishment, shut up two pupils for non-attendance at school, and some sixty of the tribe made forcible entry into his house, and three of them held him while others released the boys. When I reached Kyukaht, the riugleaders were away, with many others of the tribe, to the American side,—they, and their families, at this season of the year, making good wages by hop picking. It is very up hill work trying to get the children to attend school, as the parents are indifferent, and are away with them at other stations for months during the year.

The Kyukahts are the largest and one of the most industrious tribes on the coast. They are giving up the old style of rancherie, and are now building frame

houses, with shake roofs of cedar.

At Nootka Island I found the Rev. Father Brabant, of Heshquiaht, instructing the Indians. I appointed three policemen there, who, with the chief, Moquina, promised to stop gambling and other evils in the Mooachaht Tribe.

At Heshquiaht, Indian doctoring is a thing of the past, and the good effect is

seen in the decrease of mortality among the children.

At Ahhoucaht I found some bottles of liquor had been brought from town; but the watchmen, through superstition, in fact, fear of witchcraft, would not apprehend the offenders only interfering so far as to stop trouble or fighting. Now I am stationed at Ucluelet, I shall have a better opportunity of stopping this traffic, by searching canoes on the way up from Victoria, as it is a general stopping place for all tribes.

At Claoquaht, the chief, who last year set a bad example to his tribe, with regard to drink, and promised me last winter to give it up, has kept sober, and I have heard of no drunkenness in the village this summer. The police still have trouble in trying to stop gambling with cards.

In Barclay Sound I have only heard of one liquor case,—two bottles brought from town at sealing time by an east coast Indian, who was fined (in my absence)

by the Indian police.

At Atinat, I am glad to say the policemen report that the liquor traffic is almost

entirely stopped.

At Alberni, I spent two days on the Opitchesaht Reserve, in making out allotments of land. These Indians were thankful for the ploughing done for them last spring, having several acres of fine potatoes and turnips, and are very anxious to have a yoke of oxen and plough of their own. They will have about twenty-five acres of land fenced this fall. This tribe make little money outside; some of them, residing on the reserve all the year round, take interest in cultivating the ground, and can get a ready sale from other tribes for all they raise.

The seeds distributed last spring have been made good use of, although, except at Alberni, there is no land suitable for farming. At Ucluelet the Indians have some

fine turnips, but necessarily in small patches, where the ground permits.

By permission of the Superintendent, I spent \$60 in clearing a village site for the Tseshahts, who were much dissatisfied at not being able to get a reserve near the mouth of the river at Alberni. They are still on the Mill Company's land, but have promised to move this fall. Two of the young men in the tribe have taken allotments on their reserve up the river.

I have explained to the tribes the wishes of the Department and proclamation issued to stop the "potlach." They reply: "It is very hard to try and stop us; the white man gives feasts to his friends and goes to theatres; we have only our "potlachs" and dances for amusement; we work for our money and like to spend it as we please, in gathering our friends together and giving them food to eat, and when we give blankets or money, we dance and sing and all are good friends together; now whenever we travel we find friends; the "potlach" does that." There are no doubt evils unavoidably connected with the gathering of large bodies of Indians together, but while they are perfectly satisfied with their present way of living (I speak of those tribes I have to do with), it is very hard to make them understand the advantage of giving the "potlach" up, or the justice of making them do so, and the Indians on the West Coast do not make a practice of prostituting their wives and daughters, nor is the "potlach" made an occasion of drunkenness.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> HARRY GUILLOD, Indian Agent.

KWAWKEWLTH AGENCY.
ALERT BAY, B.C., 4th June, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,-I have the honor to submit the Annual Report and tabular statement for

the year ended 30th June, 1884.

It is with regret that I have to bring to your notice the great mortality which has taken place during the year, the majority of those carried off being men of advanced years, nearly all of whom succumbed to lung diseases and inflammation of the intestinal organs, brought about by continued exposure, want of comfort and want of nourishing food.

But few children are on the death list, and there are now in the entire Agency nearly 300 fine looking children of school age, showing signs of good health, all of whom would, if allowed by their parents, eagerly accept the proffered hand, particu-

larly in the matter of education.

It is worthy of note that the only two tribes who are steadily on the increase are those living at the Oolachan fishery, on Knight Inlet, where they have an unlimited

quantity of good food, particularly the famed Oolachan grease.

The children in these two tribes far surpass all others in physique, and especially in intelligence; and on a late visit to this place, the whole of them flocked to the school, and during their stay were earnest in their studies and regular in their attendance.

The great mortality can, in a great measure, be traced to the neglect of the bulk of the Irdians to procure their accustomed annual supply of Oolachan grease. They have, with the exception of the two tribes referred to, entirely abandoned the preparation of this life giving food. It has been proved, over and over again, that the life of many invalids has been prolonged by its free use among civilized, as well as uncivilized, people.

The births in several of the larger tribes have been but few, in some none at all, and this is to be accounted for by the absence of girls of a marriageable age. Of this class there is not even one, at this moment, among the Beaver Harbor tribes.

The demand for labor at the south still continues to draw the majority of the natives from their homes during the greater part of the year, where they earn good wages, particularly on the Sound; but, unfortunately, the saloons there being open to them, and no prohibition against open gambling, but few of them return with their hard-earned gains.

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A recent visit to the Laich-kivil-tach country enabled me to gather much valuable information regarding the natives, who are in every way superior to the

other branches of the Kwawkewith family.

They are now anxious to have a school opened at Cape Mudge Village, where there are a number of healthy, interesting children; and these Indians, unlike the Nimkeesh and others, are unanimous in their desire for the education and general improvement of the young.

I have addressed the Rev. Mr. Hall, of this place, on the subject, giving him full statistics, and strongly urging the importance of bringing my suggestions to the notice of the C. E. Mission Society in England, where Mr. Hall now is on a visit. A copy of this communication has been forwarded to the Indian Superintendent.

The Laich-kivil-tachs still devote much of their time to hunting and trapping, and I found, in the numerous camps visited, a large number of beaver, bear and land

otter skins.

Hitherto they have been great wanderers, but they now promise to remain more

at home, should their request for a school be conceded.

The total disappearance of the sea otter from the seaboard of the northern part of the Island and Queen Charlotte Sound has reduced the fur returns considerably,

and proved a great loss to the natives in that portion of the agency.

With the exception of the Noovetees at the north, who, as hunters, are as energetic as the Laich kivil-tachs at the south, there are but few who care to make a livelihood by the chase; even their salmon fisheries are, to some extent, abandoned, the natives preferring the white man's food, of which they purchase large quantities; but, unfortunately, it is squandered in the most reckless manner at their winter feasts.

The check given to the whisky trade in January, 1883, still acts beneficially, and I have only heard of a few trifling transgressions of the liquor law since I had

the honor to forward my last annual report.

The Kwawkewiths evince no desire for improvement; they see plainly that innovations will destroy their old, much prized domestic institutions, and hence they

cling to them with more pertinacity than ever.

All that I can claim is, that I have prevented the introduction of spirituous liquors, to a great extent, and preserved the peace. But for my presence during the past winter, blood, no doubt, would have been shed on more occasions than one, in the heat of the excitement engendered by the contest for supremacy and precedence at their feasts. Yet, with all their failings, they are usually very orderly and amenable to authority.

No doubt a steady decline in their number will, for a time, continue, until the damsels of now tender years come to the front to take the places of their frail sisters

of the past, who have perished so miserably in Victoria and elsewhere.

Several interviews have been had with the young men of the Beaver Harbor and Alert Bay tribes, with a view of inducing them to build neat cottages, and aban-

d n their old customs.

They have had reasonable offers of help in material, and my personal aid in the matter of construction, but they stand in dread of the old usurers of their respective tribes—they fear some evil at their hands, which they are powerless to describe—and it is only too evident, that while they submit to such a state of thraldom, there is no hope of amelioration.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

GEORGE BLENKENSOP,
Indian Agent.

Lower Fraser, Agency, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., 15th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. Ottawa.

Sir.—I have the honor to submit the following Annual Report and tabular state. ment in connection with the Indians of this Agency, for the year ended 30th June,

1884; also, a list of Government property in my charge, on the same date.

Since my last annual report, my agency has been extended on the Harrison River, so far as to include Pemberton Meadows. I visited the different villages in this new district, in June last. The Indians at each village gave me a hearty welcome; they were glad to have an agent appointed to look after them. I found that they are not as comfortably situated as the generality of Indians are in other parts of this agency. Their houses, which are chiefly made of sawed and split cedar boards, are not, by any means, well or neatly built. Their land, from Douglas Lake to Pemberton Meadows, is of a very interior quality. They have a few small patches of potatoes planted on each reserve. These Indians inform me that Mr. O'Reilly, Indian Reserve Commissioner, had given them all permission to plant as many potatoes as they wanted at Pemberton Meadows. Although the distance is great, and the communication difficult, they have taken advantage of the privilege and planted several acres. This land at Pemberton is of such excellent quality that, with very little labor, the Indians raise abundance of potatoes and other vegetables, also large quantities of hay. They have large numbers of cattle and horses. Communication with any market place is very difficult, therefore they cannot dispose of their stock or produce to any advantage. They have no means of getting any money, except what they receive for furs they get during the winter. They kill their surplus cattle, use a portion themselves, and divide the remainder among their At each village they have a church, and are very much attached to their religion, which is exclusively Roman Catholic. His Lordship, Bishop Durian, and one of his clergy, pays them quarterly visits. Among the different bands in this district I find that there are twelve persons entirely blind. Blindness is rare among Indians in any other part of this agency. Upon investigation I find that they have increased in population within the last four years. This present year appears to be a remarkably sickly one for the Harrison River District Indians. There are at present nine of them in this city, who came down to procure medical treatment. They are good and moral Indians; their sickness is no fault of their own. The Indians all along the Fraser River, from Yale to New Westminster, have more land under cultivation this year than they ever had before. They have broken several acres of new land; they have made considerable progress in building new houses, and repairing old ones. In Chilliwhack District they have done some very useful road and bridge making on their reserves. They are at present engaged dyking a grass reserve of 160 acres, set apart as a common for the different bands of that district, by the late Indian Reserve Commissioner, Mr. Sproat.

I visited the place on the 1st of this month, and staked the dyke lines for them, and settled other matters between them and white men who own the adjoining

lands to this grass reserve. When well dyked, it will be excellent hay land.

- A number of American citizens came across the boundary line to Sumas early last spring, and took an Indian boy, fifteen years old, belonging to the Sumas Band, from his house and lynched him, and left his body hanging to a tree, almost in sight of the Indian village. This outrage, committed by white men, on what the Indians considered an innocent boy, enraged them dreadfully. They assembled in large numbers at Chilliwhack with muskets, pistols and ammunition, determined to cross over to the American side and to shoot or hang the first white men they met. I was informed of their intention by the Indian constable at Chilliwhack, and two of the chiefs sent their sons to inform me. I arrived at the meeting place on the 7th of March. Some of the most determined men among them were much disappointed

when I entered their meeting, and said: "You have come now, not to help us, but to prevent us from doing what we have a perfect right to do, that is, to hang and kill sixty-five Americans" (that was the number of men who came to lynch the boy Louis). I was fortunate enough to be able to dissuade them from their wild intention, for had they crossed the line, not one-half of them would have returned alive, as there are in that part of Washington Territory a most desperate lot of men, who would not wish for better sport than shooting down Indians. I sent them all homeabout half satisfied. I met some of their chiefs on the 18th of the same month, and in the meantime I received a letter from the Superintendent, Col. Powell, to be read to them. Eighteen chiefs and forty-seven Indians attended this meeting. When I read the Superintendent's letter of sympathy and counsel to them, they expressed themselves well pleased, and said they always knew him to be their very good friend. They also said they were now most glad that I prevented them from going to revenge the lynching of the boy Louis.

The Indian liquor traffic is quite difficult to suppress, especially at Yale, Burrard Inlet saw-mills and New Westminster, and it will continue to be so as long as half-breeds can lawfully enter saloons, buy and carry away any quantity of liquor. They are the daily associates of the Indians, and in many cases their near relatives. The Indians seldom arrest or inform against them. The Chinese have lately redoubled their efforts to sell Chinese liquors to the Indians. In consequence of the lesson taught them last year, by the destruction of large quantities of their liquors, they do not attempt to take any more on the reserves. They confine themselves now towhat they can sell to drunken Indians who live in the towns, and what they peddle up and down the river to northern Indians who are working at the fisheries. Last week three Indian constables arrested a Chinaman in the act of selling a bottle of liquor to an Indian in this city. They were set upon by a large number of Chinamen, who rescued the prisoner, and beat the constables unmercifully with sticks and stones. Before assistance could arrive, the Chinamen escaped to their houses, and, as usual in such cases, the Indians were unable to identify any of them.

I am happy to be able to report that there is a very marked increase in the Indian population of Burrard Inlet Mission, Sechelt, Sliammon and Clahoose. They have large numbers of young children at each of these places. At the Mission they have fifty two nice and well built cottages, in regular rows, with good, wide streets. They have a splendid new church, which was dedicated on the 20th June last. It cost them—exclusive of their own labor—\$3,500. It is considered the best finished church in the Province. On the day of the dedication, there were about 1,000 Indians present, men, women and children, all cleanly and well dressed. They were much admired and praised by the large number of white people who attended the dedication on that day. They have very excellent regulations, strictly carried out, on the place. They will not allow any intemperate person to live there, nor any heathenish practices to be carried on, nor will any person who is found guilty of immoral conduct be allowed to live at the Mission for any length of time. The women are obliged to keep the grounds about their houses clean and free from decayed fish and other filth. They have also to wash the floors of their houses on Friday of each week. The men are almost constantly employed at the saw-mills, where they receive good wages.

The Indians from all parts of this agency complain very much this spring and summer of how they are undermined in the labor market by Chinamen, especially in all kinds of light work, where the Indian women and their boys and girls used to be en ployed. Although many of them have came long distances this season to the fish cannaries, very few of them got employment, as their places had been taken by Chinamen, in cleaning and canning the fish; they are also doing all the washing and ironing in private families, what Indian women used to do heretofore. The poor Indian women and old men, and their boys and girls, used to make considerable money every summer picking berries and selling them to white people. This summer large numbers of Chinamen went into that business too, and almost completely ruined the Indians. The feeling entertained towards the Chinese by the Indians at present.

is not at all good, for the above reasons. Day by day they come to find that the large influx of Chinese into this country is a great misfortune to Indians, both mor-

ally and financially.

I have received a certified copy of a report of a committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, the 7th of July, 1883, in reference to the custom of "potlachs" among some of the Indian tribes of British Columbia.

I have read and explained the contents of the document to the various bands within my agency. It was received well by all, except the chief at Seymour Creek, Burrard Inlet. He felt much displeased with it, and stated that he intends having a

grand "potlach" in the month of September, 1885.

The Indians of this agency are happy and contented, although there is a good deal of sickness among them.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> P. McTIERNAN, Indian Agent.

No report has yet been received from Agent McKay, for the Agency comprising Kamloops and Okanagan.

WILLIAM'S LAKE AGENCY, LITTLE DOG CREEK, B.C., 25th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,-I have the honor to submit herewith my first Annual Report of Indian

affairs in this Agency.

For explanation of the frequent mention of the insufficiency of agricultural land in the various reserves, it is necessary to bear in mind that in this part of the Province of British Columbia—north of the Cascades—no farm produce can be raised without irrigation. The quantity of water available for that purpose determines the quantity of agricultural land, and, consequently, land, however good without water, is not agricultural.

Without remembering this fact, it would be impossible to reconcile the following frequent mention of the scarcity of farming land in the various reserves, with the survey maps of those same reserves, which show tracts of land which, in extent, would otherwise be more than sufficient for all the requirements of the various

tribes.

# Williams' Lake Reserve.

I visited this reserve on the 3rd November, remaining until the 13th. The tribe numbers one hundred and forty-four souls. They were busily employed building their new village, the situation of which has been well chosen, being about the centre of the farming lands of the reserve, and near to wood and water.

The chief, Williams, with his family, resides in the houses occupied formerly by Mr. Bates, over a mile from the present village; and being unwilling to abandon such comfortable quarters, or to remove them to the village, I appointed, at the request of

the tribe, a second chief-Temahascut-who resides amongst them.

The tribe complained that Williams, the chief, had taken, for the use of himself and family, nearly one-fifth part of the agricultural portion of the reserve. This I found to be the case; and, on enquiry, was informed by Williams that Mr. O'Reilly had given this part of the land to him, personally. Mr. O'Reilly, of course, never-

did anything of the kind; and I hope that it was a misunderstanding on the part of Williams. I shall have to make a fresh sub-division of the land before next spring. Besides a second chief, I also appointed constables, giving them instructions as to their duties in preserving order in the village. This village has been at the mercy of a number of persons, who were in the habit of prowling around at night with liquor, for purposes needless to mention. The addition to section 90, Indian Act of 1884—which I have circulated in the agency—will greatly check all such doings in future.

I have had the first case to try, of supplying liquor to Indians, resulting in con-

viction and four months' imprisonment.

I visited this tribe a second time, 19th December, remaining five days; and

again the 28th December, remaining until 8th January.

On this last visit I was accompanied by the Government constable, having to try seven whiskey cases. Of these, four resulted in acquittal and three in conviction, with a penalty of \$50 and costs in each case. I have found no difficulty in obtaining informations against whiskey givers, nor in obtaining proof by the Indians themselves who had been supplied. Only one reserve is an exception to this rule, namely, Alexandria.

Here, as in almost every reserve in my agency, a general wish was expressed that Indians, who were legally married by the priests, should be compelled, by force, if necessary, to live with their wives, and wives with their husbands; and that severe punishment should be inflicted on those who disobey this law. In some reserves, particularly in this one, there are Indians who have deserted their wives, and are living with other women, and vice versa, married Indian women with other men. The chiefs all agree that this evil can only be checked by the most severe punishment, and are most anxious that I should mention the subject for your consideration.

From drunkenness and conjugal infidelity, to disease and misery, is but a step—yet, a certain one—and this tribe is not an exception to the rule. Consumption in all its stages, bleeding at the lungs, chronic rheumatism and scrofulous affections, have each its victim in almost every family. A large amount of medicine has, con-

sequently, been required for this reserve.

The farming land consists of about ninety acres, and the number of Indians—men, women and children—one hundred and forty-four. And this is far over an average of the quantity of the agricultural land belonging to the other reserves in

this agency.

There is, however, a large extent of hay meadow, producing more hay than the tribe require. The surplus is sold by them, thus helping to supply money for necessaries. Some of the tribe still engage in trapping during the fall and spring beaver season, and those who are lucky—for there is as much luck in trapping as in gold mining—are thus enabled to add considerably to their means of support.

#### Soda Creek Reserve.

I arrived here 14th November, remaining until the 19th. The tribe numbers seventy-nine. The chief, Cumusells, is one of the few remaining "old time" chiefs—feared and obeyed by his tribe, and a mortal enemy to all drunkenness and immorality of any kind. Before he became too old, he used, sometimes, to execute his sentences with his own hand.

This village, like Williams' Lake, has often been at the mercy of unprincipled whites, prowling about after night with whiskey; and the chief was eloquent in his expressions of delight at the stop put to such proceedings at the latter reserve

expressions of delight at the stop put to such proceedings at the latter reserve.

The fact is, that so many of the few cases of liquor supplying to Indians which have been tried, have resulted in acquittals, that the Indians had come to the con-

clusion that the law against such acts was a farce.

At the request of Camusells—on account of his age—a second chief, Jim Trap, was chosen to assist him. Constables were also appointed and a police system organized for securing law and order in the village.

The chief expressed his gratitude for the Deep Creek Ranch, which has been given to the tribe, but called my attention to the fact that, although of value for hay, yet it is totally unfit for agriculture.

This is true; the former owner, Mr. Bates, having for years tried to raise crops of oats and barley there, but owing to summer frosts, having invariably failed to

succeed.

I carefully examined the agricultural land of the reserve, and it does not exceed twenty acres. About twenty acres more of stony hillside has been fenced, and was cultivated for many years, but, after two crops, the land became too poor to yield much over the seed sown, and consequently it has not lately been farmed. The portion now cultivated has been cropped yearly for at least fifteen years. It is not, therefore, surprising that the crops now raised thereon are by no means abundant.

Of all the tribes in this agency, north of the Fountain, this one is the most industrious and cleanly. The houses are well built, and extremely neat and clean inside. All have stoves and plank floors, and almost every house has its stable, and many have a storehouse in which to keep provisions, tools, &c. During my visits every one seemed to be occupied, building, making sleighs, or hauling hay and firewood.

Were this tribe supplied with land to cultivate, it is evident that, from their

habits of industry, they would maintain themselves in comfort.

Some of the tribe trap in the spring and fall, but the trapping grounds are distant and the fur-bearing animals are getting very scarce. There is also much uncertainty in the profits of trapping. I saw an Indian, considered a first-rate trapper; he did not bring home a single skin. Another, who made his first attempt last year, made the best catch of any of his tribe, viz, forty beaver skins. It will be seen. therefore, that trapping is no longer a certain means of a living to Indians in this agency, for these remarks apply to all the other reserves. In the fall, a temporary sustenance can be obtained by killing deer, but these are now so scarce that not enough can be killed to obtain a supply for the winter months.

The question, then, naturally arises: How do these Indians live during the winter? The answer is: They live by the kind and truly charitable liberality of some white merchants, who, in cases of actual want and destitution, which are many, make advances of provisions and necessaries of life, which they are aware the

recipients will never be able to repay.

Were it not for such men, many cases of death from actual starvation would have occurred during past winters in more than one Indian village. Two merchants of my acquaintance have each over \$2,000 of such debts on their books. All such cases of want I have thought it my duty to relieve during the cold weather of last winter,

and trust that my doing so will meet your approval.

There is much sickness on this reserve,—consumption, bleeding at the lungs, and chronic rheumatism. Mr. P. C. Dunlevy, of Soda Creek, has hitherto supplied much medicine to this tribe, without receiving any remuneration; and having considerable practical medical knowledge, has been able to alleviate much suffering. I found here, as in many reserves, some cases of old and totally destitute persons, who had no children nor near relations on whom to depend for support

I visited this reserve again on my return from Quesnell, remaining eight days,

and found the system of discipline, established at my first visit, working well.

# Quesnell Reserve.

I arrived here on 21st November, remaining until 3rd December. The exteremely cold spell of a week's duration detained me that much longer here than

would otherwise have been necessary.

The tribe numbers sixty two. The chief, Joseph, is very old, but still full of energy, and is a thorough hater of whiskey, and of any one who indulges in it. He used to be terribly severe upon any of his tribe whom he found drinking liquor; but for some years, as he told me, having no one willing to assist him in punishing 107

drinkers, and being too old to take the law into his own hands, he had lost courage to combat the evil. He was much delighted to find that he had now a powerful helper to back him in punishing liquor givers, and I think that he will not, in future, fail to be helped by his men in detecting and bringing to punishment all such.

The town is situated three miles from the reserve, and any Indian seen drunk there is immediately taken to the lock-up by the vigilant Government agent and constable, Mr. St. Laurent, and there introduced to a dark cell, the sight of which soon helps to quicken the inebriate's memory regarding the person who supplied

him with liquor.

The law requiring two J. P.'s to try an Indian whiskey giver, is the great loophole through which such offenders escape. In this part of British Columbia Justices live far apart—fifty miles, as an average. There is no law to compel a Justice to attend the summons of another J. P. Nor is it sometimes possible for him to leave his home at a day's notice. And in all cases the delay is such, that the offender generally hears of the information having been laid, and has ample time to "move off" to a distance until the matter has "blown over." Even here, at Quesnell, there is only one J. P., and to form a court for the trial of such offenders, a second J. P. has to come from Williams' Creek, a distance of over sixty miles. The expense is, of course, great to the Government.

I found some sickness in this tribe, and many cases of old and destitute persons. Hitherto, all such have been maintained by the charity of some of the inhabitants of

the town.

This reserve is liberally supplied with good land, requiring only the clearing away of light bush to obtain as much as the tribe requires. Hitherto, nothing has been raised here, not even potatoes; the reason being, the want of necessary tools. Such have now been supplied by the kindness of Col. Powell, Indian Superintendent, and I hope that my next report will show a good beginning in agriculture. The young men find employment during the summer in boating, and at good wages, and the rest still adhere to their old occupation of hunting and trapping. It will be long before this tribe takes to agriculture, beyond raising potatoes and root crops on a small scale. The climate is not adapted to wheat, neither is there a grist mill near, and the demand for hardy crops, such as barley and oats, is more than supplied by the numerous farms in the vicinity.

The value of the furs brought yearly to Quesnell from the north is estimated at \$100,000; 80 per cent of that amount is paid to the Indians in goods which have paid an average of 20 per cent of duty, the balance being paid in flour and other provincial productions. None of this trade would exist were it not for the Indians. Reducing this to figures, shows \$16,000 of duty paid into the Dominion Treasury by the labor of those Indians alone, whose furs are brought to this place. The above figures were given to me by the gentlemen at Quesnell who are engaged in the fur trade, and show that the often heard of complaint, that the Indians of British Columbia do not contribute anything towards the Dominion revenue, is by no means correct.

#### Alexandria Reserve.

I arrived here 5th December, remaining until the 9th. The tribe numbers sixtyone. Part of the reserve is on the east and part on the west side of Fraser River.
There is some good land on the western side, but no water, nor means of obtaining
any. Here, however, there are some seasons when there is sufficient rain to raise a
partial crop, where the soil is not too light. In fact, the farmers around depend
altogether on the rain, none having water for irrigation. Although, therefore, this
place is a partial exception to the general rule requiring irrigation, still such farming
is by no means remunerative, taking one season with another.

About one half of the tribe live on the west side of the reserve. These are all partly Chilcotins, being the descendents of men of that tribe who had married Alexandria women. On the east side no crop has ever been put in, as, from the sandy nature of the soil, no season, however rainy, would afford moisture enough to pre-

vent crops being burnt up A ditch of about five miles was surveyed by Capt. Jemmett, by which water could be brought on to this part of the reserve. There being a foot of snow on the ground, I was not able to follow the pegs of the survey, which I much wished to do, in order to estimate the amount of labor necessary to complete the work. The chief, Sam, seems to feel certain that he could, with eight of his men, finish the ditch in one summer, provided that provisions were supplied to those working, and their families, during that time. This chief is a young and very intelligent man, but unfortunately he is a confirmed drunkard, and, as a natural consequence, nearly all the tribe follow his example. There is only one respectable Indian on this eastern side, Long Baptiste, who used to be interpreter in olden times for Sir M. B. Begbie. The poor old man is, however, nearly blind, and although he does what he can, by advising Sam and the rest, he has no influence over them. On the west side of the river there is an Indian, Dominic, a sober and industrious man, to whom I gave charge of the Indians living there. He declined, however, to have anything to say to those on the eastern side, his reason being, that as he is half Chilcotin he could never have any influence over the pure blooded Alexandrians. On the western side the houses are well built and clean, showing to great advantage, compared to those on the eastern side. Poverty is, however, to be seen, in the total absence of any provisions or bedding, except skins. On the eastern side, sickness, poverty and destitution is witnessed in every habitation, for the shanties they inhabit cannot be called houses. The cause of all this is whiskey, to obtain which, they will sell everything they possess. Unfortunately the sources of supply are almost on the reserve, there being two licensed whiskey houses, each one about a mile distant (one north and the other south) from the village. I copy from my note book the exact words of the chief, Sam, regarding the evils resulting to his tribe from the proximity of these two houses to the reserve: "You must have heard that I am a drunkard; it is true. I promised to Mr. O'Reilly that I would drink no more. but I have not kept my word. You know that even white men promised to give up drink, but break their word and take again to drinking. You cannot expect an Indian to be stronger than a white man in resisting drink. I now promise you that I will drink no more. I intend to keep my word, and, were I not tempted, I could do so. But I fear I cannot. Temptation is at our door. You see a whiskey house on each side of our village. It is only a short walk to either. So long as these houses sell liquor, so long will I and my tribe continue to drink; for we can get all the whiskey we want as long as whiskey is there. Whiskey has killed most of our tribe; it will soon kill what few of us remain. You see how poor we are; whiskey is the cause. We are too accustomed to it to resist the temptation which is at our doors. I pray you, in the name of my people, to write to our Mother, the Queen, and say that we, her poor children at Alexandria, beg that she will not allow these two houses to sell any more whiskey. Then only shall we be able to become industrious and good Indians like other tribes."

I am told that Sam's fears have proved true, and that since my visit his promises

and resolutions of sobriety have often been broken.

#### Alkali Lake Reserve.

This tribe numbers one hundred and seventy-nine, under Philip their, chief, and August, second chief. The land cultivated by them is small for their numbers, containing only about ninety acres. A large body of good land was allotted to this tribe by Mr. O'Reilly, and a line of ditch has been surveyed by Capt. Jemmett, for conveying water to it. This water has to be taken from the spring overflow of a lake, and this must be retained by a dam about fifty-one yards long and four feet high. Dam building is a trade which few understand, and this the Indians are aware of; and they are unwilling to dig such a long ditch, about four miles, until a dam is built by some competent person, and has proved to be solid by resisting one spring freshet. They are most willing to supply the labor. This land is situated on Fraser River, about fifteen miles south of the present Indian village, and is now used by the tribe as a

winter range for their stock. A sum of \$500 would, I think, be sufficient to pay the wages of a competent man to undertake this, and to buy all the tools necessary. The tribe owns over five hundred horses. They are fairly industrious; and by working a little with the whites, and hunting during the season, manage to make a living, in spite of the smallness of their farming land. Drunkenness used to prevail much in this tribe, some few years ago, but a drunken Indian is now seldom seen. There is no destitution among them, and very little sickness.

# Dog Creek Reserve.

This small tribe is now reduced to three families numbering eleven. Their chief, Missou, is a young man. He is a terror to drunken Indians and white whiskey-givers; and as this place is where the licensed liquor houses are situated (three houses for six white residents!) his energy in discovering and informing against offenders has put a stop to the drunkenness which formerly was so prevalent among the Indians here, at Alkali Lake and at Canoe Creek.

On my arrival I found three informations against whiskey-givers. All these we

convicted and fined respectively \$100, \$50, and \$50 with costs.

The tribe being so small, their farming land, about thirty acres, affords them a comparatively better means of subsistence than the neighboring tribes possess.

#### Canoe Creek Reserve.

This tribe numbers one hundred and seventy-eight. The chief, Chistatah, used to have great control over his men, but he is now very old and infirm, and his advice and authority is little regarded by the young men of the tribe. There is no one fit to succeed, or even to help him; and he has to depend for assistance on the Dog Creek chief. At a meeting of the tribe—acting on private information—I found six of the young men carrying concealed weapons in their pockets, viz, small five shooters. After confiscating these, I promised the full penalty of the law on any one found in future offending in this manner. I consider this the least promising tribe in my agency, there being some among them who are prevented only by fear of the law from being troublesome. The agricultural land of this reserve is so small that it does not average one half acre to each adult. It is true that some land, with water available, exists on the reserve; but it is useless for agriculture, on account of the locality being subject to constant summer frosts.

I attribute the bad conduct of some of this tripe, in a great measure, to idleness, resulting from not having land to cultivate, and thereby profitably occupying their

time. They possess over five hundred head of horses.

## Clinton Reserve.

Their chief's name is John. I have visited This tribe numbers sixty-one. them several times. From a drunken and disorderly lot, these Indians are now an example of order and sobriety. This change is due to the exertions of Mr. Soues, the Government agent, residing at Clinton. Not only are they sober themselves, but they quickly report to Mr. Soues any stray Indian, belonging to another tribe, whom they find drunk in town or on the reserve. Their agricultural land is situated eight miles from the village, and I intended to have removed the tribe there. I find, however, that the land is not large enough to afford a living to more than a third of Tools have been supplied to them the tribe—even after water is brought on to it by the Indian Superintendent, Col. Powell; as also seed barley and potatoes. From want of water last year, not even a return of the seed was obtained. therefore placed the agricultural part of the reserve under the command of a steady, industrious Indian, and, for the present, the rest of the tribe will remain in the village. Another reason for this is, that many of the tribe make a living by working for the whites in and around the town; and these, were the village removed eight miles off, would be either deprived of that means of obtaining a living or else be

compelled to remain in town, without the supervision of their chief to keep them in order. One case of supplying liquor to Indians was tried before me here in March, and it being a second offence, the culprit was sentenced to five months hard labor.

## Pavilion Reserve.

This tribe was visited by me on the 29th February and 1st March, and again on the 19th and 20th March. They number seventy-one. Their chief's name is Timkin. He owns a farm of his own, of about fifty acres, near the village, which he bought from a white man, and has partly paid for. The agricultural land on this reserve is small in extent, and most of it of the poorest quality. On careful enquiry, I found that twenty two adults, with fourteen children, have no land. There is, however, a reserve for this tribe on the other side of Fraser River, which, according to Mr. O'Reilly's report, contains a large area of agricultural land. At the time of my visit, however, it had not been surveyed; and not having any sketch map to show where it was situated, I did not cross the river to search for it. Should I find that there is any farming land there, I shall move over some of the tribe to occupy Many of the young men of this tribe are good farm hands, and find employment in seeding and harvest time with the neighboring settlers. Some of the old people engage in gold mining, but complain that the diggings are so "worked out" that they can make only from 25 to 75 cents a day. I did my best to convince them that even that amount, with the miner's constant hopes of "better luck," was quite a help in procuring provisions, and better than digging roots or moping over a camp fire.

### Fountain Reserve.

This is the largest tribe in my agency. They number two hundred and thirteen. I found the chief. Chilhuseltz, confined to his bed with a disease which seems to have puzzled the doctors. He was very weak, but complained of no pain, except a burning at the stomach when eating and drinking. From the time that his illness was made known to the Department, he was supplied with everything that he wished for. Of this he assured me, at the same time expressing his gratitude for so much liberality. The character of this most worthy man and excellent chief is too well known to the Department to render it necessary for me here to say anything in his praise. It is sincerely to be regretted that his illness proved—as he anticipated—fatal towards the end of the winter. A council was held in his house, all the tribe attending, which lasted until nearly morning. Everything, however, was in such order on the reserve, that there was very little business to transact. The agricultural land of this reserve is small for the number of souls it has to sustain not over one acre to each adult. Many of the tribe, however, work at gold mining during the summer, and by that means make some little money. Under the rule of such a chief, I need not say that this tribe is well conducted and industrious, and their houses are clean and neat. I found a small percentage of sickness and destitution. Nine men of this tribe own, in company, a farm about three miles from the reserve, which they bought from a white settler. The farm is a good one, and its former owner made money there. The partnership system, however, has not worked satisfactory with the present owners; consequently, scarcely any crop was put in last year, and they wish to have the land divided equally among them.

#### Lillooet Reserve.

This tribe numbers one hundred and seventeen, under their chief, James. He is quite a young man, very intelligent, and most energetic in his endeavors to stop whiskey drinking in his tribe. He seems to have great authority among his people, and is untiring in his exertions to promote their good conduct. The houses in the village compare favorably with those of the Fountain Reserve, and in only a few had I to find fault with want of cleanliness and neatness. This tribe is very industrious, and as soon as their crops are in, occupy themselves in gold mining, at which they are very

expert. Many of them were starting for the new mines on the head waters of Bridge River, and, to secure their claims, were having them recorded, and were taking out miners' licenses, costing each man \$7.50. The agricultural land of this reserve is miserably small, not exceeding one-quarter of an acre to each adult, and this has been cropped every year, for so long, that it is almost labor lost to cultivate it. They complained bitterly of their condition in this respect, and begged that I would represent their wants to the Queen.

They also expressed a strong desire to have a school established for their children and those of the neighboring tribes. This is the first request of the kind that has been made to me. I found some cases of total blindness, and some quite destitute, old people, who were depending on the charity of the tribe for their support. There were also several cases of the usual complaints—lung disease and chronic rheumatism. A whiskey-giver was brought before me for trial, and, on

conviction, was fined the usual \$50 imposed for the first offence.

## Bridge River Reserve.

This tribe is located about six miles from Lillooet, and numbers eighty, a diminution of twelve since last census, in 1881. The chief (David) is a very young man, but seems to command the respect and obedience of his tribe. The land allotted to this reserve extends on both sides of Bridge River, from its mouth, for a distance of about thirteen miles; but the agricultural portion is small in extent, and rocky and poor in quality, consisting of small patches, stony along the whole distance. I had not time to inspect all the reserve, but from what cultivated patches I saw, I have no doubt that the above description of the remainder, given to me by the chief, is correct. The village is situated on anything but a good site, being on a bleak hill and far from water.

I spent a day up the river in looking for a better location. None such could, however, be found. The houses here show better workmanship, and are neater inside than even those of the Fountain Tribe; and it is to be regretted that a better

site had not been selected, on which to expend so much labor.

These Indians are expert gold miners, and in former years used to make good wages as such. The diggings, however, in this vicinity, are now worked out, and with all their industry, they find it impossible to make more than enough for their daily wants, leaving no surplus with which to buy the necessary means of subsistence during the months of winter, when gold mining cannot be followed. They earnestly begged that some whiteman's farm might be bought for them, as they are aware that no farming land can be had by other means. Fully one half of the women here are in various stages of consumption. There were also some very old and destitute Indians, and two cases of total blindness.

#### Cayoosh Reserve

is situated three miles south of Lillooet, and numbers eighty souls, under their chief, Charley Lush. The farming land here is lamentably small—about ten acres. This is cultivated by seven families, the rest of the tribe, thirty-six in number, having no land. By digging a ditch from Cayoosh Creek, about twenty acres more of very poor soil could be irrigated; but I do not feel certain that the undertaking would not be an expensive one—too much so for the benefit to be derived from it. The tribe is by no means as clean and neat, in its houses, as its neighbors of Lillooet. Like the latter, they follow gold mining in the summer. I found some sick people, and also some old and destitute. From here I intended to proceed, by way of Seton and Anderson Lakes, to visit the tribes living on the "portages," but was informed by the Indians that Seton Lake was not navigable on account of ice. I, therefore, had to postpone my visit to that part of my agency.

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# Pashilquee Reserve

is situated on Fraser River, about five miles south of Cayoosh Reserve. It is marked as Cayoosh Reserve, No. 2. These Indians, however, have a chief of their own, and consider themselves a distinct tribe from the Cayooshes. They, in fact, look down upon the latter as being, they say, formed of "strays" from different tribes, and whose tribal existence is only of recent date. The tribe is small, numbering thirty-six, under their chief, George. They have only lately moved to their present location, and were busily engaged building their houses. They have about ten acres fenced and cultivated, of very poor and stony land; but there is not sufficient water to irrigate one half of even this small farm; consequently, the crops scarcely repay the labor of ploughing or the expense of seed. This tribe is very poor. There are many old persons who are not capable of working hard at gold digging, the only resource of the tribe; and such are dependent on the charity of the rest for the means of subsistence.

#### Cheewack Reserve

is about six miles south on Fraser River, and the last reserve belonging to this agency, in that direction. This is the smallest tribe in the agency, numbering fifteen, and is Protestant, as are all the tribes from here down to Lytton. The chief, Kisapoloose, alias Coony, is stone blind, and four of the tribe were seriously ill. They have about ten acres of good land, all of which they cultivate, and, comparatively,

they are, therefore, better off than the neighboring tribes.

I was here informed that many Indians, from here down to Lytton, had acquired the pernicious habit of opium smoking, being supplied with the drug and "fixings" by the Chinamen who are gaming and mining along the river. Having explained that supplying opium was punishable the same as supplying liquor, and having expressed my wish to punish all offenders, the Indian constables started out and met next day at Pashilquee, with two Indians, who, by their looks, were evidently confirmed opium smokers. After much talk by the chief and head men in council, both were, very reluctantly, induced to lay informations against five Chinamen for supplying them with opium. The five were tried before me at Lillooet, and, much to their surpise and disgust, were convicted and fined \$50 each and costs. I feel confident that in my agency "John" will be very careful in future as to whom he supplies with his "celestial drug."

# High Bar Reserve

is situated on Fraser River, about forty miles north of Lillooet—the river dividing it into two parts. The tribe numbers forty. The chief, Flopasent, and his son Bob, endeavor to instil principles of industry into the young men of the tribe, but without success. They were well described by Mr. O'Reilly as a "thriftless, poverty-stricken lot," and the term "lazy" may also be added to their character. Of the hundreds of acres of good land on this reserve, only about ten are available for agriculture, on account of the want of water for irrigation. This small patch is close to the village and is well cultivated.

It is a curious fact that none of the tribes along Fraser River, north of the Pavilion, have ever taken any interest in gold mining, although the diggings have been as rich north as they were south of that point. Luckily for such a shiftless lot, deer are very plentiful within a short distance of the village, and consequently these Indians can easily procure means of sustaining life. On my return to Alkali Lake, two whiskey cases were brought before me, and the usual first-offence fine of

\$50 and costs was imposed on each.

My travelling allowance for the year ending 30th June being expended, I was reluctantly compelled to remain inactive until after that date.

# Chilcotin Indians—Toosey's Tribe

numbers ninety-six. I found this, as well as the other tribes, anxiously expecting Mr. O'Reilly to mark out their reserves. Large tracts of land have been staked off and some of them surveyed by whites during this season, and the Indians are naturally afraid that all the good spots will be thus taken before the Reserve Commissioner arrives, leaving no good land for them. On this account I found them in a very discontented state of mind.

Most of the able bodied men were absent, being scattered along the river catching, or rather trying to catch, salmon, for the run this year has been so small as not to afford enough to eat for those fishing, leaving, of course, none to dry for winter supply. There has been also a total failure of the berry crop this year, and the chiefs expressed their fears that many would be reduced to starvation during the coming

winter.

I found Toosey, the chief, in charge of a camp composed of the old, blind, sick and widows of the tribe. It is distressing to see the number of totally and partially blind Indians in these Chilcotin Tribes. Of the former, I counted eight, and of the latter—who have evidently only a few years more of eyesight to enjoy—there were nearly one quarter of the adults of each tribe. There are about thirty acres well fenced near the village, but owing to the rocky nature of portions, only scattering patches can be cultivated. Should these Indians be reduced to starvation next winter, it is probable that some of the settlers' cattle will have to supply their wants without the owners permission being asked. Whites, under like circumstances, would do the same.

### Anahem's Tribe

numbers one hundred and ninety-three. They have built a new village and church on a large flat about forty miles up Chilcotin River. About fifty acres are under fence, but only a small crop was put in. Last year the frost killed the grain,

consequently they are unwilling to risk much this year.

I am of opinion, however, that the coldest part of this flat has been chosen, and that about two miles farther west a much warmer situation can be found. This will necessitate a long ditch and some fluming. If the climate is not too cold for wheat, this flat would afford ample farming land for all this tribe. Some fall wheat here was looking well and nearly ripe 9th August, as were also potatoes and peas. This tribe, as also Toosey's, are unwilling to make any improvements until their reserves are given to them. They are very anxious that the "Big Meadow" may be secured to them, saying: "The climate here is too cold to insure a crop every year, but if the Queen gives us this meadow we will buy cattle with our furs, and in a few years we shall be well off." In company with the chief, I rode the whole length of this meadow, which is situated about eight miles from the village. It is very extensive, and I am not surprised that many white men have wished to pre-empt it.

A small tribe, under a chief, Joe, used to live a few miles further up the river, but

they are now joined to Anahem's Tribe.

# Kanim's Tribe (Stone Indians.)

is located a few miles down the river from Anahem's village. They have some land and water, but are generally absent, most of the year, hunting and trapping, preferring those occupations to agriculture. They were all absent during my visit.

#### Kiock's Tribe

is another tribe who have their village a few miles still farther down the river. Their chief is Kiock, and they number forty-five. They have a considerable area of

good land, but not water enough to irrigate much of it. They were also absent. Like the last tribe, they are hunters and trappers Although both of these tribes have their chiefs, yet Anahem is the "Great Chief" over all except the Toosey Tribe. About fifteen miles down the river from Anahem's, is a farm owned by Mr. Hance, who also keeps a store, and trades with these tribes for their furs. The Indians spoke to me in terms of the highest praise of this gentleman's honesty and liberatity in his dealings with them. From this place, following down the river, I saw many little cultivated patches of a few acres each, as much as could be irrigated; but few of them were fenced, and little attention seemed to have been paid to the crops after being put in. On remarking this to the Indians, they told me that they did not know what day some white man might take these places from them, and that they consequently had no heart to make any improvements, or even to look after their crops.

About fifteen miles from Mr. Hance's-still down the river-is a large and very fine farm, owned by Messrs. Withrow and Field. Twenty miles beyond this, in a N. E. direction, and nearly on the Fraser, is another large farm, owned by Mr.

Kiskie. This is where the Toosey Tribe, before mentioned, live.

Both of these farms possess grist mills, which make most excellent flour. The facility thus afforded of having their wheat ground, makes these Indians very desirous of farming on a larger scale than hitherto, and of having land given to them to enable them to do so. As axemen, there Indians are very expert; and I saw logs. hewed for houses, which would not be a discredit to a white man accustomed to that work. In cleanliness, however, they are sadty deficient—the case with all tribes who live by hunting and trapping-and this is to be seen in their persons and in their houses.

The "potlach," as practised on the coast, does not exist in this part of the upper country. The near est-but a mild approach to it-is when a tribe wishes to enclose their burial ground with a new and ornamental fence. On these occasions it has been the custom to invite one or two neighboring tribes to help in the work, during which time, about a week, a great deal of feasting, more than work, takes place. was present last winter at one of these gatherings, at Williams' Lake Reserve, and being convinced that the result is to leave the inviting tribe much poorer than before, and that very little work is done by the guests, I have forbidden any such meetings in future, classing them, for that purpose, under the name of "potlach," as forbidden by the Indian Act.

From the total absence of salmon, and the failure of the berry crop this summer. it is certain that there will be a great scarcity of food in all the reserves of this agency during the coming winter, and I fear that the Indian Department will be

applied to for help to a large amount to prevent actual starvation.

I most respectfully call your attention to the following facts regarding this agency:-

These Indians are most anxious to maintain themselves by farming, which they

all perfectly understand.

Their former resources of a livelihood—hunting, trapping and gold mining—are almost exhausted, and in a few years will be totally so.

The proportion of farming land for each Indian in the various reserves is so

absurdly small that it may be put down at almost nothing.

The vast tracts recently, allotted to these reserves are of no use as farming land, from the nature of the land in some cases, and in others, from the absence of the water necessary for irrigation.

Such farming land can be procured only by purchase from white settlers.

Unless furnished with a fair proportion of agricultural land, each year will see more destitute Indians, who, during the severe and long winters, will have to be relieved by the Indian Department at a large expense, or who will suffer from actual starvation.

In conclusion, I beg to state that these tribes are fairly industrious, and, in many reservos, extraordinarily so. They are also well conducted. As a general rule, they

are also wonderfully sober, considering the numerous examples of drunkenness they have seen among the whites in the days of mining prosperity, and which they unfortunately too often witness, even now, wherever the rural whiskey shop, that "curse of British Columbia," exists.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
WM. LAING MASON,
Indian Agent.

Tadousac, 27th October, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to forward to your Department my Annual Report in connection with the Indians of the North Coast, for the season of 1884.

They arrived from the interior about the usual time to camp upon their reserves. Although the result of their trapping and hunting was not extraordinary, yet speaking comparatively, it was better than the previous year.

Acting upon the advice of their agent, Mr. L. F. Boucher, the Indians have

promptly delivered their furs to those who had supplied them with provisions last fall.

The Honorable Hudson Bay Company which has trading posts at Betsiamits, Seven Islands, Mingan and Musquaro, continue to deal with the trappers as fairly and liberally as heretofore. Their clerks or agents at these different posts, are gentlemen in the proper sense of that word, courteous and well educated, and on no account would they violate that golden rule of the Company: "No spirituous liquors to the Indians."

At Escoumains, Sault au Cochon and Bersimis, several of the Indians worked in the mills at remunerative prices. The Jersey fishing companies at Moisie, Sheldrake and other places, also secured the services of a few, and treated them well indeed.

At Betsiamits, legal proceedings were commenced by me at the instance of the Agent, against Messrs. Girouard & Beaudet, lumber merchants, for trespass on the reserve. I addressed a special report to you on this subject, on 2nd July last, and will refrain from further comment.

As a general rule, peace and order have reigned on the reserves and in the other localities frequented by the Indians during the last season. Only one case has been brought under my notice, which warranted a prosecution of the offender. It allude to the case of one Evé Montigny, a resident of Seven Islands, who had suppliced or rather given spirits to an Indian family. Upon proof of the offence, I condemned him to pay a fine of \$50 and costs. As in the Cloutier conviction, the effect of the sentence against Montigny will be most beneficial.

There were two other offenders, one Chiasson and Michel, but it was impossible for me to reach them. I prepared the necessary documents for prosecution, and left them with Commandant Wakeham of the Federal steamer "La Canadienne," for

further proceedings. I sincerely hope he has succeeded in punishing them.

Mgr. Bossé, the Venerable Préfect-Apostolic of the Labrador Coast and Gulf of St. Lawrence, has called my attention to the subject of the education of the Indian children. He is desirous that a teacher should be appointed for the Bersimis group especially. A class, he says, might be opened under the same conditions as on the Lake St. John Reserve.

At his request, I have the honor to inform your Department of this very im-

portant proposition, with the best hopes of success.

Trusting that this short report may be somewhat useful to your Department,
I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

FRS. H. O'BRIEN, Stipendiary Magistrate. Indian Office, Victoria, B.C., 5th November, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit for your information, the following General Report upon Indian affairs in the Province of British Columbia, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

During the period referred to, I have paid official visits to the north-west coast, and also, very generally, throughout the interior—including Cariboo, Chilcoatin, Okanagan, Spellumcheen and Nicola districts. I have had the honor of furnishing you with full reports of these visitations, to which I now beg to refer.

I visited Metlakahtla in Her Majesty's steamer "Heroine" for the purpose of fastroducing to the Tsimpsheean Indians the newly appointed agent for the locality,

Mr. Mackay.

I then had the honor of acquainting you "that the contempt of law manifested at Metlakahtla was rapidly extending to surrounding tribes, and that some prompt and efficient action in suppressing such untoward conduct at whatever cost, was importative," "and, that until the law in that region was both obeyed and respected, the newly appointed agent would be of little service to the Indians or to the Department."

I, also, ventured to state, that the importance of promptly enforcing the law at Metlakahtla, and preventing the spread of a growing spirit of antagonism could not

be acted upon too soon.

I was not clear as upon what Government the task of such a proceeding would devolve, "but the administration of justice in British Columbia being entrusted to the Provincial authorities, it appeared to me, that the matters which had come directly under my notice, should be at once taken in hand by the Department of the Attorney Goneral, and treated as a subject for the action of the local police," &c.

The symptoms of insubordination which were manifested during my visit at Metlakahtla having been unallayed and unchecked, have extended pretty generally to surrounding localities, until settlers have united in frequent and origent appeals to the local Government for the application of the proper remedy to afford them security for

life and property.

In all these troubles the Indians have my great sympathy. If they have attempted to take the law into their own hands, it is because they have acted under wrong impressions, and in accordance with the dangerous advice of those who are, in my opinion, solely responsible for their present unfortunate position.

The amended Indian Act, which comes into force on the 1st of January next, and provides for a system of municipal organization by which Indians may have the regulation of their own affairs in their own hands, is a boon to the Tsimpsheean Indians, if their so-called spiritual advisers will permit them to take advantage of it.

It should be remarked, however, that a number of the missionaries on the northwest coast are engaged in Indian trade, and consequently regard with much jealousy the advent of any officer or the application of any regulation calculated to deprive them of or lessen their influence in the direction of the temporal affairs of those

placed under their charge.

This circumstance also brings them in opposition to settlers who are engaged in the same business, or in the employment of Indian labour, but who do not enjoy the advantages which the spiritual direction of the natives gives the former. Hence, these people are not en rapport, and the native population being large, the whole district is in a state of constant agitation. Metlakahtla is the centre of a large native population, and I imagine a larger Indian trade is carried on there than at any other point on the ceast.

A few years ago, it enjoyed the reputation, as I have had the honor of reporting

to you on several occasions, of being a "model Christian village."

There can be no doubt that the interests of the Indian population at Metlakahtla and the peace and welfare of the community at large, are being sacrificed on account of the disagreement and quarrels of two gentlemen who have, with questionable wisdom, induced Indians to take sides in their disputes, and bring disgrace

upon themselves by eventually becoming law-breakers.

The present attitude of other Tsimpsheean tribes, who express dissatisfaction with their land reserves, notwithstanding the large territory which has been set aside for them, and who now demand payment, for the whole country, is due entirely to the mischievous advice of those whose personal interests induce them, by such means, to prevent officers of the Government from taking that part in the direction of the temporal affairs of the various bands which the law requires.

The recent appointment of a Stipendiary Magistrate, who, for the present, is to reside at Metlakahtla, cannot fail, also, to have a beneficial effect if the law under his administration is properly carried out; and although the whole region on the North-west coast is, at present, exceedingly disturbed, I look for a certain cessation

of the troubles, under the conditions named.

With the exception of the North-west coast, where the excitement and apparent opposition of the Indians are, as I have intimated, due solely to the unhappy dissenaions above alluded to, the Indians of the Province are satisfied and contented. A good harvest and fair run of salmon having, in most districts, placed them in comfortable circumstances in regard to their winter's supply of food.

On the coast generally, many of the bands having obtained constant work at the Northern canneries, and at the hop gardens in Washington Territory, have been enabled to purchase clothing and quite a number of luxuries, not usually within their

reach.

In every tribe, however, there are a number of old, feeble and destitute members,

especially in the interior, who are left to shift for themselves.

Acting under instructions, the agents endeavor to persuade Indians to be charitable to their own people, but I am sorry to say that they find this mode of extending aid very difficult of application.

In any event, it will be observed, that the amount disbursed is really very in-

considerable as compared with the large native population.

# Indian Agencies.

The reports with tabular statements furnished by the various agents which have been transmitted to the Department at Ottawa, will afford a general idea of the

present condition of the tribes in the localities referred to.

The resignation, in the spring, of Mr. A. E. Howse of the Okanagan agency, and Mr. Cornwall, J. P. of the Kamloops agency, prevents my furnishing you with general reports of these districts; but as I have made a general visitation to both agencies, I may refer to my special report in reference to the same.

# Fraser Agency.

My recommendation to extend the boundaries of Mr. agent McTiernan's district so as to include all the bands on the Harrison River, proved very satisfactory to Indians interested. The agent states, that upon his first visit, he received a very hearty welcome, but found them indifferently housed, and he describes the reserves recently given them to be of very inferior quality, though he stated that the Reserve Commissioner had given them permission to plant potatoes on the Pemberton Meadows, where the ground is said to be rich and fertile. They own quite a number of cattle and horses.

The past season had been a sickly one on the Harrison River, and several

Indians had come to New Westminster to obtain medical advice.

At Chilliwhack, the natives have constructed some very good roads and creditable bridges on their reserves, and the band at that place is now engaged in dyking their grass reserve, consisting of about 160 acres.

Considerable excitement was caused at this place by the action of a lynching party of American citizens crossing the boundary line, and hanging an Indian boy of fifteen years of age, on the mere supposition that he had shot a resident of the neighboring settlement of Nootsack, a report of which I have already had the honor of submitting for your information.

On Mr. McTiernan's arrival at Chilliwhack, he found a large number of Indians around and threatening to cross the boundary line with the intention of revenging the boy's death, but by tact and considerable argument, was fortunate enough to persuade them to desist from their intended course, and leave the affair for settle-

ment by the proper authorities.

The Indians complain much of the Chinese taking their places at different kinds of light work, and at the salmon canneries on the Fraser River.

# Kwawkewlth Agency.

In this agency, Mr. Blenkinsop states, a great many deaths have occurred during the past year, but mostly among the old, who have succumbed to lung complaints and inflammation of the intestinal organs, superinduced by exposure, want of comfort and nourishing food.

The children are, as a rule, very healthy, particularly those who have an unlimited supply of Oolachan fish oil. There are, in the agency, some 300 who would

willingly attend school if allowed to do so by their parents.

Mr. Blenkinsop also states that the Laich kwil tachs, the most southern tribe of the Kwawkewlth nation, are, by far, the most energetic, and are good hunters of large game.

They are very snxious to have a school established at or near Cape Mudge.

The whiskey traffic has, for the last year, been reduced to a minimum, a few

trifling transgressions of the liquor law only having taken place.

# Cowichan Ageney.

The report from this agency is, on the whole, encouraging. The grain grown by the Saanich, Cowichan and Nanaimo bands is in excess of any previous year, and quite a quantity of new land is being fenced in and brought under cultivation every season.

Mr. Lomas is of opinion that the diminution of Indian labor at the Fraser River canneries, during the past season, will be of eventual benefit to the Indians of his agency, as it will keep them more at home, and give them a better chance of looking after the crops on their different holdings.

Quite a number are also engaged in lumbering, and clearing lands for white

settlers, and some have even taken contracts on the public roads.

The present most important drawback to their prospects seems to be in the system of "Potlatches," but as the law against such gatherings will come into force on the first of the coming year, the evil will soon have its cure, and its abolition will be of great benefit

The issue of location tickets to twenty-three of the more energetic Indians, has caused general satisfaction, many others are anxious to secure them, and the system has proved a good method of showing the Indians that their efforts to advance in

civilization are appreciated by the Department.

Several convictions for infringment of the liquor law have taken place, and the fines so received, have been expended for the relief of the aged and poor, and in the purchase of tools, &c. The amount of illicit selling is, however, small, and confined to the bottle trade, the importation of spirits on the reserve in large quantities, being a thing of the past.

Mr. Lomas' representations as to the difficulty of carrying on successful Indian schools by missionary teachers apply, so far as I am aware, to every other part of the Dominion. The proposal to establish an industrial school on Keepar Island will

be a much better plan, and of infinitely greater benefit, than to persevere in the vain

endeavor to continue one successful day school in Cowichan.

It is gratifying to observe that the old trouble, caused by the trespass of a number of Indians upon land lately owned by Mr. Munro, has been at last settled amicably, and that no additions will be made to the extensive correspondence already occasioned by this difficulty.

# West Coast Agency.

The agent, Mr. Guillod, reports the Indians of the west coast of Vancouver Island to be in good circumstances.

The catch of furs has been unusually large, the value amounting to \$42,500.

mostly consisting of seals. Oil to the value of \$10,870 has also been made.

The illicit liquor traffic has been almost entirely stopped, owing to the exertions

of the agent and his Indian constables.

The Opitcheset Indians, a portion of whose reserve was ploughed up in the spring by orders from the Department, have grown quite a large crop of potatoes and turnips, and will have about twenty-five acres of land fenced in this fall.

## North-West Coast Agency.

As previously reported to you, Mr. J. W. MacKay, appointed agent on the north west coast of the Province, only remained a short time at his post, owing to the troubles and disturbed condition of matters at Metlakahtla, and returned to Victoria.

Agreeably to your instruction, he was sent in June to the interior, to take charge of the Okanagan and Kamloops Agencies, where he now is. Meantime, A. C. Elliott, Esq., has been appointed Stipendiary Magistrate, to reside at Metlakahtla, where he is also to act as agent of this Department for the present. Mr. Elliot will shortly, I presume, carry out the instructions of the Department, and if the law is carried out there, I look for a speedy cossation of the grave difficulties which have, for such a length of time, distracted the community in that vicinity and excited such serious apprehensions here.

#### WILLIAM'S LAKE AGENCY.

This is one of the largest and most extensive agencies in the Province, and Mr. agent Meason who has furnished a very complete and elaborate report, has proved himself a capable and energetic officer. Although he has been appointed comparatively a short time, he has made a very thorough visitation of every portion of his district, and has been very successful in effectually checking the liquor traffic which was extensively carried on, prior to his assumption of duty.

Mr. Meason's visits to the Chilcotins, who have hitherto been neglected, from the fact of their having been out of reach, have been of essential service. Although no reserves have been allotted for these people, they are for the present satisfied, and are patiently awaiting the arrival of the Reserve Commissioner.

I anticipate no difficulty in setting aside suitable reserves for them as the country

is extensive, and the white population sparse.

Available land is therefore not scarce, and is easily obtained.

The greater portion of the tribes in the neighborhood of Lillooet, Clinton, Pavillion, and indeed throughout the agency have little agricultural land, in some instances averaging no more than one quarter of an acre to each adult, still however, they have grown a considerable quantity of wheat and potatoes, and own a large number of horses and cattle, as the following return will show:-

•	
Wheat, tons	148
Potatoes, bus	1.510
Hay, tons	390
Horses	2 490
Cows	397
Pigs	20
- 15D 10001000000000000000000000000000000	40

Their personal property is estimated by Mr. agent Meason at \$87,512.

It is greatly to be regretted, that in localities where interior Indians have proved their great aptitude for agriculture, there is really no land left for them, owing either to the searcity of water for irrigation purposes, or to the fact, that all the cultivable lands in the vicinity have been already taken up by white settlers. In such instances, it appears to me that the Commissioner should be instructed to appropriate sufficient lands elsewhere, by the sale of which, suitable farms might be purchased to provide for the necessities of these Indians, who can no longer resort to the chase, or obtain their living in any other manner, than by adopting civilized industries.

The William's Lake agency contains many melancholy instances of Indians being left without land, and who must become a burden upon the Government should

their present precarious mode of obtaining food from time to time fail.

### Surveys.

Two survey parties have been in the field during the past season.

Capt. Jemmett has been working in the neighborhood of Lillooet and Bridge

Eliver, and Mr. Gastineau at Ashcroft and on the Shushwap Lake.

Reports from these officers, showing the work performed, have not yet been formashed. It is possible, however, that they may come to hand in time to be incorporated with the present report.

### Presents.

With the exception of the usual amount of garden seeds, but few presents have been given to the Indians, and those, confined to some agricultural tools for the use of the natives near Clinton.

Supplies of provisions for aged, sick and destitute have been, as usual, furnished,

date only in cases of absolute necessity.

## Medicines, &c.

A considerable quantity of medicine has been furnished to the various agents, missionaries and others, who have expressed a desire to dispense them.

The system is not altogether satisfactory, but under the circumstances it is the

**best that** can be done.

The population is so large, that economy has to be practiced in this as well as in

ther expenditures under my direction.

As stated in some of the reports of the agents, much sickness has prevailed,

#### Schools.

During the past year, the following Indian Mission Schools have received the grant of \$12 per capita on the daily average attendance, not exceeding in any case \$120:—

Lakalsap, Nass River, W.

Port Simpson, W. Kincolith, A.

Al distriction, A.

Alert Bay, A. Kitwangahk, A.

Cowichan, R. C.

Hesquiaht, R. C.

Kyukaht, R. C.

St. Mary's, special grant of \$500, R. C.

Applications have also been made for grants for schools at

Massett, Skidegate, Kitamaht, Bellabella, Uuchatlitz, Ehetezet. Payment of the grant to the schools at Metlakahtla, under the Right Rev. Bishop Ridley and Mr. W. Duncan has been withheld until the unfortunate difficulties existing at that place are definitely settled.

The Rev. Mr. Hall, at Alert Bay, has received a special grant of \$150, to aid in:

the maintenance of girls at his boarding school.

Great difficulty has been experienced in British Columbia, as in other places, of

keeping day schools in successful operation.

The influence of the camp and the inherent attractions of nomadic life, are much greater than that of the teacher, and it is most difficult to secure even the occasional attendance of a child at the ordinary day school.

The proposal to establish two or three industrial boarding schools in the Province is the more desirable and advantageous course to pursue, but the grant allowed

by Parliament for Indian purposes will have to be considerably increased.

### Fish, Furs and Oil.

The low price of furs, and the consequent lack of inducement to Indians to engage in the business of procuring them, has caused a continued falling off in the amount exported for the last three years. Indians, however, have been afforded more profitable employment in other industries, and there can be little doubt that the fur trade has had its best day in British Columbia.

The quantity of fish oil put up by the natives, is also much less.

The canning of fish being an important industry of the Province, in which Indians take a prominent part, it may not be out of place to include the amount exported with that of furs and oil, which has been kindly furnished me by the officer in charge of Her Majesty's Customs:—

Furs	\$ 70,184	00
Oil		
Salmon, canned	792,663	00
do salted	<b>15,3</b> 08	00
•		
	\$893,172	00

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

I. W. POWELL,
Indian Superinten tent.

MANITOBA SUPERINTENDENCY,
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR,
WINNIPEG, 30th October, 1884.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—Or account of the large amount of office work here requiring my personal attention, I was unable to commence my annual inspection of the different Indian agencies and reserves under my supervision, until after the close of the official year ended the 30th of June last, consequently I had no additional information in my possession regarding the condition of this superintendency to communicate to the Department, since I transmitted my last annual report, other than that contained in subsequent correspondence, until I had made another inspection of the agencies and ascertained from personal observation their actual condition. I have just completed my inspection of all the agencies excepting those of Messrs. Ogletree and McIntyre, which I intend to inspect at the earliest possible date, and I ampleased to inform you that their condition is generally satisfactory, and that the

different agents are discharging the various duties incumbent upon them, as faithfully and efficiently as probably could reasonably be expected of them.

The increased interest in agriculture and education manifested everywhere by the Indians visited, is a most encouraging and gratifying indication of their intellec-

tual development and advancing prosperity.

When I first inspected the agencies seven years ago, endless complaints were laid. before me by every band of Indians visited, with regard to inferior quality of supplies furnished them, and to the non-fulfilment of the stipulations of their respective-treaties generally, but in all my travels last summer, not a grievance of any description was referred to in my interviews with them, but on the contrary, they frequently requested me to acknowledge their gratitude to the Government for dealing so uprightly and generously with them.

#### THE AGENCY OF MR. MARTINEAU.

On the 7th of July I left Winnipeg for Westbourne via Portage la Prairie, arrived there in the afternoon, and in order to facilitate and expedite the journey took passage on a Hudson's Bay Company's boat to Manitoba House, I remained at Totogon over night, and on the succeeding day, reached the reserve at Sandy Eny, on Lake Manitoba.

I found only Baptiste Spence, the principal councillor, and about a dozen Indians at home. The walls of a school house were erected and they were waiting for the Government to finish it, and furnish them with a teacher. I therefore requested the agent to make arrangements for the completion of the building as soon as possible, in order that, their incessant requests for the education of their children

might be granted without delay.

Owing to the flooded state of the reserve during a number of years past, nearly all the Indians abandoned it, and wandered about on lakes and rivers; through forests and over prairies, in order to obtain food for themselves and families, but since the waters receded, they returned and resumed the cultivation of their former gardens with renewed energy. They planted this year, upwards of 100 bushels of potatoes, and had during my visit, about 10 acres under crop.

Their grazing and meadow lands are unsurpassed, and admirably adapted for stock raising, which they intend to engage in extensively, having twenty five horses and fifty eight head of cattle already. The next morning, I proceeded to Manitoba

House and arrived there in the evening.

With the exception of some comparatively insignificant irregularities in the filing of his papers, Mr. Martineau is deserving of the highest praise for complying faithfully with his instructions in making the payment of annuities correctly, in making out his pay sheets accurately, in giving authentic statistical information in his tabular statement, in ascertaining the number and variety of carpenter's tools and farming implements each family received from the Government, in examining the different schools in operation on every reserve within his agency, and noting the progress in learning made by the children attending them, in visiting the various gardens under cultivation, observing the advancement made in agriculture, and giving the necessary instructions in husbandry, in vaccinating nearly all the Indians of his agency who had not previously been subjected to the operation, and in attending most zealously to everything entrusted to him.

I cheerfully bear this testimony to Mr. Martineau's effciency, more especially as I formerly had occasion to report otherwise of his actions, for I consider it the duty of an impartial inspector to commend as well as censure those who deserve it.

I crossed over to Dog Creek in the evening and found Mr. Martineau, after get-

ting through with his payments, camping on an island near the reserve.

He was, on account of stormy weather, a day behind the date appointed in arriving, and occupied two days in transacting all the business with the Indians entrusted to him.

He attended a meeting I held next morning with the chief councillors and other members of the band, whereat I succeeded in settling satisfactorily to all parties concerned, a contention among them over the location of a school house, by persuading them to agree to dispose of the two buildings already erected for that purpose, to private individuals, and to erect another in a central place, with the proceeds, for the convenience of the majority on the reserve.

The teacher, Mr. Sanderson, was absent on his holidays, and, therefore, I was unable to examine his school, but Mr. Martineau informed me that the pupils were progressing favorably under his tuition, as manifested in the examination of the dif-

ferent classes in reading, writing and spelling.

There are fifty-one children of school age belonging to this reserve, eighteen of

them being Roman Catholics and the rest Protestants and heathens.

The agent purchased certain supplies for completing and furnishing the school-

house in accordance with the regulations of the Department.

The Indians in this reserve complain that the enactments in reference to the protection of game, enforced by the Local Government of Manitoba, are incompatible with the promises made them by Commissioner Simpson when they surrendered their country, as it was distinctly understood then, that the Indians would be permitted to exercise their former privileges in fishing and hunting whenever and wherever they desired, and that consequently they object to the intolerable restrictions placed upon them by those regulations, which absolutely deprive them of their principal source of subsistance during the close season, while sportsmen, traders and others are allowed to slaughter indiscriminately during the open season. For several years farming was neglected owing to the flooded condition of the reserve from the encroachment of the lake upon it, but the waters having retired the Indians returned and commenced to cultivate their gardens, which were larger and promised a greater yield than I ever saw before.

#### Ebb and Flow Lake Reserve.

I arrived at this reserve about noon, on the 14th of July and found the agent engaged in giving out the provisions, the payments having being made the previous day. I visited all the gardens, and found them somewhat backward on account of the dryness of the season, but notwithstanding this, the general appearance of properity prevailing was most encouraging. I examined the school conducted by Mr. Asham, and found thirty children on the register, twenty-three of them being present. I was favorably impressed with the proficiency of the pupils in their respective studies.

The writing in their copy-books presented a most creditable appearance, and the exercises pleasantly closed by all the children singing several hymns very sweetly and correctly.

Before leaving, I called a meeting of the Indians for the purpose of making

enquiries of them in reference to various matters.

The chief on behalf of the band requested oxen, instead of the cows promised to be given them, and also, to be supplied with a chest, of tools, a brush, plow, and spades. They suggested that the school teacher be instructed to take his vacation in the fall, instead of the summer as at present, because then the children are absent, with their parents at the fisheries.

The agent vaccinated twenty Indians here who had never subjected to the ope-

ration before.

## The Fairford Reserve.

I arrived at this reserve on the 15th of July, and noticed a marked advancement in agriculture. The crops were greatly in excess of those of previous years, and consisted of wheat, potatoes, oats, barley and hay.

The Indians here and elsewhere are beginning to realize the necessity of abandoning the precarious mode of subsistence by fishing and hunting, and are devoting themselves with commendable earnestness, and perseverance to agriculture.

I visited and inspected the Upper School, ably conducted by the Revd. Mr. Bruce, who admirably sustains his former reputation, as a most efficient and success-

ful teacher.

Of the forty-nine pupils attending this school, thirty-nine were present I carefully examined all the classes in reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, geography, and other branches taught, and was extremely gratified with the thoroughness of the school. The exercises closed by the children singing enthusiastically "God save the Queen."

In the afternoon I examined Mr. Anderson's school at the lower end of the reserve. He has thirty pupils on the register, twenty-seven of whom were present during my visit and manifested by their excellent recitations, a thorough familiarity

with the different subjects which they were studying.

I was present during the payments, and the Indians were greatly pleased with the manner in which the agent attended to everything entrusted to him. Eighty-four persons belonging to this reserve were vaccinated.

### The Lake St. Martin's Reserv.

I arrived here at seven o'clock on the 16th of July and visited the school under the charge of Mr. Francis Storr. No school-house has yet been erected on this reserve, but the interest taken in education is so extraordinary, that the chief although a heathen, willingly gave up his dwelling house for the purpose, and resides in a wretched wigwam himself.

Sixteen pupils according to the register were in attendance during the previous. quarter; but only ten were present at the examination. No material advancement was perceptible since my former visit a year ago, owing to the teacher's lack of energy and inferior qualification for his profession, his education being of the most

elementary character.

The chief informed me that in consequence of their being destitute of carpenter's tools, they were unable to build any houses within the year; and carnestly requested a limited supply of those articles to be furnished them. Very little attention until recently has been given to agriculture here, as mostly all the band were engaged in fishing and hunting for their living. Their crops looked backward, owing to late sowing and the dryness of the season. The payments were made correctly, and thirty persons were vaccinated.

# The Sandy Bay of Lake St. Martin's Reserve.

I arrived at this reserve on the morning of the 16th July, and visited and examined the school during the forenoon. There were only five children present, out of an attendance of thirteen pupils, according to the register. This miserable apology for an Indian school was in a sickly, languishing condition, and almost destitute of any intellectual vitality. I consider M. Thom, the teacher the most illiterate and incompetent educator employed in this superintendency, and consequently I would respectfully recommend that his services be dispensed with at the earliest possible date, and a qualified person be engaged to conduct the school properly. There is but little progress in building and farming going on here, the majority of the band contenting themselves with providing the mere necessaries of life, without aspiring to a more civilized state of existence than that occupied by their ancestors.

The crops were backward here, as elsewhere, on account of the prevailing drought, but the summer showers which came later in the season probably revived them. No complaints of any description were made with regard to their annuities

or to the supplies received. The agent vaccinated thirty two Indians here.

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#### The Crane River Reserve.

I next visited this reserve, where I arrived on the 29th July. I found the

gardens better in every respect than any of those already visited.

The crop of potatoes surpassed, in appearance, anything of its kind witnessed elsewhere in my travels, and so carefully was its cultivation attended to that I could scarcely discover a weed among it. The teacher of this school, Mr. Sabiston, being absent on account of sickness, I called the children together and examined them in their respective studies. I noticed a greater progress here in learning than in the former two schools visited. The system adopted in imparting instruction to the pupils by those incompetent teachers is too antiquated. The school house erected several years ago is nearly completed, and will be ready for occupation before the cold weather sets in.

The cattle are in excellent condition and are increasing rapidly.

These Indians are deserving of the greatest encouragement and consideration

from the Department for their remarkable enterprise and prosperity.

They are now almost exclusively devoting themselves to agriculture, placing but little dependence for their subsistence on fishing and hunting.

### The Water Hen Reserve.

I arrived here on Sunday, the 20th of July, as the people were leaving the school house where they had been attending a religious meeting. The respectable and comfortable appearance which they presented was a gratifying indication of their advancing prosperity and civilization. Another evidence of their industry is the increased acreage of land they cultivate, the large number of new dwelling houses and stables erected, the care taken of their splendid herd of cattle, and the interest manifested generally in the education of their children.

They are most fortunate in having such an excellent and indefatigable teacher as Mr. Tabouret to conduct their school, which has fifty-two pupils on the register and twenty of an average attendance. The school, although established only in October last, made such extraordinary advancement that it will compare most favor-

ably with the ablest conducted school in the Superintendency.

In the several exercises in which the children had been examined in English, French and Ojibeway, they showed a remarkable proficiency in their studies. The specimens of permanship shown me were extremely creditable.

## The Duck Bay Reserve.

I reached this reserve on the 23rd of July, and immediately upon my arrival visited Mr. Adam's school. The number of pupils on the register was twenty-three, with an average attendance the previous quarter of nineteen. The children are progressing in a reasonably satisfactory manner, considering the indifference of their parents. A number of the children were learning to translate Indian words into English and French, using Father Lacombe's Ojibeway grammar and dictionary as a text-book. A school house was nearly completed, but in the meantime the councillor's dwelling was utilized for the purpose.

The area under cultivation last season was greater than formerly, but the summer

frosts somewhat injured the vegetables.

# The Agency of Mr. Reader.

On the evening of the 23rd of July I started for this agency, and arrived at Chimahwawin on the 26th. Shortly afterwards the steamer "Marquis" arrived there and I took passage on her to Cumberland House.

The long residence of Mr. Reader in this district as an Episcopal clergyman has enabled him to acquire a thorough knowledge of the Indians, which admirably qualifies him for the position to which he was recently appointed, as Indian agent there.

He has succeeded in securing the esteem and confidence of the Indians under his supervision so thoroughtly, that no complaint whatever was made against him in my interviews with them. His reports and general correspondence are clear, concise. and comprehensive, and will compare favorably with similar productions of the most efficient efficers of the Department in this Superintendency. The payment of annuities was correctly made in accordance with his instructions, but he neglected to vaccinate the Indians, or to obtain an analysis of arrears due those who were absent from previous payments: these omissions were probably attended to afterwards. Mr. Leveque, of this office, accompanied him as an assistant, in order to initiate him into the official routine of his duties.

#### The Cumberland Reserve.

On my arrival here the Indians held a council, which I attended. They represented that in consequence of their expecting the Government to grant them a suitable reserve for agricultural purposes elsewhere, their school house was still unfinished, the cultivation of their rocky, unproductive gardens neglected, and their general prosperity seriously retarded.

One of the Councillors, with eyes suffused with tears, stated that unless another reserve were given them, whereon sufficient food for themselves and families could

be produced, they would certainly perish with hunger.

If another reserve is allotted them, they request that their cattle and other

movable effects be transported there by the Government for them.

The school, ably conducted for several years by the Rev. Mr. Davies, was closed, owing to his having resigned on the 30th of June, but the services of Mr. Beddome were secured and it was reopened shortly afterwards.

### The Pas Reserve.

I started for this reserve on the evening of the 30th July, and arrived here early on the following morning, having travelled eighty miles by canoe during the night. The councillor in the absence of the chief, specially requested that everything stipulated by treaty be supplied them. I informed them that instructions to that effect had already, been given to the agent to make requisition for those articles.

The school, which had been vacant since the marriage of their former teacher.

two years ago, was about to be reopened by Mr. McDonald.

The school house at the Big Eddy is thatched, lathed, floored and mudded, and only requires a door and windows to complete it. They urgently requested that a teacher be supplied them immediately, as their children were growing up in ignorance, never having enjoyed the advantages of education.

It is difficult, however, owing to its remoteress from the settlement, to induce

a competent teacher to accept the situation.

The school house at Birch River is still unfurnished, in consequence of its being impossible to find any person willing to undertake its completion for the amount

allowed for that purpose.

The Indians living on this portion of the reserve were very grateful when informed that they would receive their supplies and payments here in future. Their gardens were larger, but owing to the drought prevailing in the begining of the season, the appearance of the crops was not very promising.

### The Moose Lake Reserve.

I met, by appointment, the chief and councillors at Chimahwawin, where a portion of the band live and have a reserve. They informed me that their cattle all died from various causes, excepting two animals. Nine dwelling houses were built during the year, and two school houses were partially completed.

The schools recently established on the respective reserves, and conducted by Messrs. Settee and Lindsay, have made but little progress yet. The Indians have

increased and enlarged their gardens since my previous visit, which is an evidence that a greater interest is taken in farming than formerly.

## The Grand Rapids Reserve.

I arrived at this reserve on the 2nd August, and found better crops such a greater quantity of land under cultivation than on any former occasion. The walls of a school house had been erected in a central location, for the convenience of the children attending school, and the Indians were waiting assistance from the Government for its completion.

This is the only band in the agency which has excellent fisheries near the reserve, and therefore it should be more comfortably off than any of the others; but in consequence of reckless improvidence, the members, every winter, clamer for

assistance in provisions from the Government.

## The Agency of Mr. MacKay.

Although the agent has resided two years at Beren's River, yet, he has neither an office nor a storehouse there; consequently, considerable inconvenience must be experienced in transacting properly the business of the agency. Under these circumstances, I was not disappointed in finding that his official correspondence was unsatisfactorily kept, being neither systematically arranged nor methodically indexed for office reference.

In the payment of annuities and in the distribution of provisions and other supplies, as well as in visiting the different gardens on the reserves, he faithfally

carried out his instructions.

#### The Cross Lake Reserve.

I arrived here from Grand Rapids on the 8th of August, having been delayed and the journey two days by stormy weather, and travelled a distance of 175 miles in about three days and a half.

The agent having just finished the payments of annuities to the different bands under his supervision, was starting for Winnipeg, upon my arrival.

In conformity with a commendable regulation established by the band, for the prevention of dishonesty, every member, on receiving annuity, promptly liquidates all his obligations. The school was opened last February, by Chief Garrioch, who has conducted it ever since.

The children were advancing as rapidly as could be expected under his traition, with the limited supply of school material available there, as they had only a few elementary books in their possession. The teacher's attainments are limited to rending, writing and singing, but he is only temporarily employed, until a more compatent one can be obtained.

This band commenced the building of a school house, and has nearly completed the walls. The crops, owing to the continued drought prevailing, were largely failure. This reserve is well adapted for farming and cattle raising, as the quality of

the soil is superior and the meadows are excellent.

# The Norway House Reserve.

I returned to this reserve on the 10th of August, and had a meeting with the Indians in the mission school house at Rossville, on the 11th. The chief and comcillors expressed themselves glad, as on former occasions, to welcome me to their village. They informed me that the Government school house was nearly finished. and they were desirous that an efficient teacher be immediately appointed to instruct their children. I succeeded in complying with their request, by securing the services of Mr. McDonald, a graduate of St. John's College here, who is well qualified for the situation. The mission school has been closed for two years pasts

and the only one open on the reserve is at "Crooked Turn." It is indifferently con-

ducted by an Indian teacher of no qualifications whatever.

Their crops were nearly destroyed by drought and early frost. Their fifty-two head of cattle were in excellent condition, and, if it is properly secured, they should have a sufficient quantity of hay for their requirements during the ensuing winter. It was urgently requested that the chief and councillors of this band receive the same amounts of annuities as are given to similar officers in other places, and that the reserve be sub-divided into locations at the earliest possible date.

The chief asked, on behalf of his people, that a supply of medicines be furnished them and a dispenser be appointed on their reserve. After Jacob Garrioch, a member of this band, received his annuity, he was arrested by order of the agent, for refusing to hand over to the Hudson's Bay Company the full amount of a debt of \$27.50 he owed them. Having been kept under arrest for about two days, finally

the chief volunteered to become his security and he was released.

### The Beren's River Reserve.

I arrived at this reserve on the 15th of August, having visited, the previous day, the gardens at Poplar River, where a portion of the band resides. Their potatoes were of excellent quality. The building of a school house was commenced during the summer, but had advanced no further than the hewing of the timber and bringing it to the side selected for it. The building of another school house was undertaken at the upper extremity of the reserve at Beren's River, but the location was unsuitable, as it was impossible for the children at the lower end to attend there. I therefore suggested that it be removed to a central place selected by the agent and myself for the convenience of all interested parties, to which every one agreed, without a dissenting voice.

Their gardens are annually increasing in extent and number of and, if properly cultivated, will yield sufficient food for their requirements. The chief is desirous of having the amount realized from the disposal of a useless ox expended in purchasing a good one. He complains that the survey of their reserve was not properly made, as it did not embrace a mile on each of the river, as asked by them, and requests that the mistake be corrected and the reserve divided into locations. The Indians want permission to dispose of cordwood from their reserve to captains of

steam boats.

They say the medicine furnished is a great benefit to them, and they expressed

their thankfulness to the Government for the interest taken in their welfare.

They represent that their fisheries are encroached upon by parties from Winnipeg, who, if allowed to continue the destruction of whitefish and sturgeon at the present rate, will eventually exhaust the supply and deprive them of their principal source of subsistence.

#### The Jack Head Reserve.

In the afternoon of the 18th of August I arrived at this reserve, and immediately visited the gardens, which indicated the careful attention bestowed upon them.

Fearing that lumbermen might be encroaching upon the location selected for their Reserve, they carnestly requested that it be surveyed without unnecessary delay, which, I am informed, was subsequently attended to by Surveyor Green.

The school was opened about a year ago by Mr. Settee, who conducted it very irregularly and most unsatisfactorily for three quarters, and then resigned. It is still closed, on account of the difficulty of obtaining the services of a competent teacher. In 1879, the Island Bands, to which this fragment belongs were supplied with seven head of cattle, the number promised them by treaty, but through improper care and negligence they lost every animal. The councillor begged carnestly for another yoke of oxen, as they are required for ploughing their gardens and for drawing timber for their buildings.

#### The Fisher River Reserve.

I arrived here on the 19th of August, and inspected the school under the charge of Mr. Lyness, who possesses a liberal education, is an efficient teacher and a thorough disciplinarian. Only nineteen children were present, although seventy-seven names appeared on the register. There was an average of twenty-four pupils during the previous Quarter. The exercises in reading, writing, spelling, dictation, arithmetic and geography showed the thoroughness of the instruction imparted. The turnips, carrots and onions were nearly destroyed by insects and the prevailing drought, but the appearance of the potatoes and wheat was promising.

The forty-seven head of cattle belonging to this band of Indians are in excellent

condition.

The Chief and Councillors asked that a hand grist mill be given them for grinding their wheat, and, for building purposes, a few acres of spruce timber adjoining the southern boundary of the reserve.

#### The Blood Vein River Band.

On the 22nd of August I held a meeting with the Indians of this reserve. This unsettled band is beginning to devote more attention than formerly to agricultural pursuits. There are five houses in course of erection, whereas previously there were only two wretched buildings; nine families have gardens of potatoes on the reserve.

#### The Loon Strait Reserve.

I arrived here in the afternoon of the 22nd. The school house had been completed a year ago, and Councillor Thickfoot carnestly implored the Government to have compassion on their ignorance and send an instructor to educate and enlighten them. I informed him that whenever the services of a qualified teacher could be obtained his request would be cheerfully complied with. He complained that the garden seeds forwarded by me last winter to the agency had not been distributed until too late for planting, Although he sent his son-in-law with a dog-train to Beren's River after his portion of them, the agent refused to give him any, alleging, as his reason for so doing, that the Indian sent by the councillor did not belong to this reserve. The garden seeds referred to were taken to the agency by one William Mackay who arrived there on the 14th of April last. It is somewhat surprising, notwithstanding the extraordinary effort made to have those garden seeds supplied to the Indians in ample time for planting, that the agent should have failed to forward them to a number of the reserves until the season was too for advanced for planting.

This fragment of the Island Bands is most industrious and enterprising as the extensive improvements upon the reserve abundantly testify. Of the seven head of cattle given to the Island Band, this portion of it, only received two animals in a starving condition, the following spring, from Jack Head Reserve, where the councillor, James Sinclair, had taken them, contrary to instructions, the previous winter. These cattle died shortly afterwards, and Thickfoot asks that two oxen be supplied, to enable them to cultivate their gardens to advantage, by using the plough in breaking their lands instead of the grub-hoe, the only implement now in their possession.

This reserve was surveyed by Mr. Green shortly after my visit to it.

#### The Hollow Water River Reserve.

I arrived here on the morning of the 23rd of August. A very comfortable school house was completed under contract during the summer, by Mr. Dick, and a teacher was engaged to open it at the beginning of winter.

This portion of the Island Band is making some progress in farming and building, having better and larger gardens and a greater number of houses than

formerly.

They ask that some cattle, especially a yoke of oxen, may be supplied them, as they have received but one animal, which through the neglect of Councillor Sinclair, died shortly after they received it.

#### The Black River Reserve.

I arrived here on the evening of the 23rd of August, visited the gardens, which appeared to be somewhat neglected and smaller than last year, inspected the school, conducted by Mr. Prince in a tent, owing to the school house being unfinished, found thirteen names on the register, twelve pupils were present, who seemed to be doing fairly well, considering the disadvantages under which they were laboring. The Indians complained that the school was not properly conducted, as the teacher did not open it regularly, and frequently closed it altogether and went away into the settlement. A door, windows, a stove, shingles, lumber, &c., were purchased and shipped recently, for completing the school house, as the Indians agreed to finish it themselves if these articles were supplied.

The teacher reports that the biscuits supplied for mid-day meals to the children

attending school have a most beneficial effect in inducing attendance.

## The Agency of Mr. Muckle.

I was pleased to observe in my inspection of this agency, that Mr. Muckle generally carried out faithfully the instructions given him. He attends satisfactorily to the voluminous correspondence entailed upon him by the complications continually arising from the proximity of the reserves to the settlement.

### The Fort Alexander Reserve.

I arrived here on the morning of the 25th of August, and visited the gardens. The potatoes were very superior, the wheat most irregular and inferior, the corn excellent, and the vegetables largely a failure. The Roman Catholic mission school, ably conducted by Father Madore, was closed for the holidays; but, at my request, he kindly called the children together, and I inspected the school. The pupils went creditably through the various exercises in which they were examined. The Episcopal Mission School, taught by Mrs. Bruce, was also closed; but she informed me that, as nearly all the Indians were absent, she was unable to collect her classes for my inspection. At the lower end of the reserve the Indians erected a school house, which they are desirous that the Government should complete and open, for the accommodation of the large number of children residing in its vicinity.

No drunkenness occurred during the payment of annuities here, owing to the vigilance of the constables employed; but on the ensuing night, a companion of the notorious McGribbon, taking advantage of their departure, crept from the thicket, where he was concealed, and disposed of twenty gallons of whiskey to the Indians,

who, in consequence, made night hideous with their savage revelry.

The Indians represent that the protection of their fisheries is of vital importance as they are rapidly becoming exhausted by the improvidence of fishermen; and they earnestly implore the Government not to allow a continuance of this unlimited and indiscriminate destruction.

### The Broken Head River Reserve.

I arrived here on the evening of the 25th August, and inspected the school under the charge of Mr. Black, an experienced teacher of considerable attainments. The children are progressing favorably under his instruction. The potatoes and barley promised an abundant yield, but the appearance of the wheat was very indifferent. The Indians asked to be supplied with oxen, a fanning mill and a hand grist-mill. There was no drunkenness here during the payments.

#### The St. Peter's Reserve.

I arrived here on the afternoon of the 27th of August, and inspected the north St. Peter's school, under the management of the Rev. Mr. Cochrane, whose natural abilities and educational acquirements admirably qualify him for his profession. His pupils manifested, by their intelligence and proficiency, the superiority of the instruction imparted to them. I afterwards examined the Episcopal Mission School, taught by William Henry Prince, whose diligence and perseverance in advancing himself and scholars are highly commendable. I was unable to inspect the other two schools on the reserve, on account of their being closed at the time. The crops suffered severely from drought during the early part of the season, but recovered to some extent. The subsequent rainy season, however, injured them considerably before they were harvested. The fifteen hundred tons of excellent hay secured will more than provide for the four hundred and seventy-four head of cattle and the twenty-six horses on this reserve. The Indians, by statute labor, cut a road through the Reserve, and also repaired a number of bridges. Seven persons were arrested during the payments, of whom two were convicted for fighting and fined two and five dollars respectively, and five were convicted for having intoxicating liquors in their possession. One of those having turned informer was acquitted, two were fined twenty five dollars each, and two fifty dollars each, but failing to pay the fines were sentenced to six months' imprisonment; one was committed to jail, but was released after two months' confinement, in consequence of a certain informality in the commitment. These are the only instances in which any infraction of the liquor law occured here during the payments, which never, on any previous occasion, had been so comparatively free from intoxication; a result of the precaution taken in appointing constables, whose energy and vigilance largely prevented a repetition of the disgraceful scenes of former years,

## The Agency of Mr. McPherson.

I arrived here on the 6th of September, and inspected the new buildings erected last summer for office and storehouse, and found them comfortable and commodious. The Agent's LetterBook is properly indexed, and the impressions taken thereon are perfectly legible, His Provision Book is correctly kept, but the receipts taken for distributions made to destitute Indians are not witnessed, as no person capable of doing so is available at the agency. The letters and other official documents received are carefully folded away in a wooden box, but not filed nor indexed, as directed, for office reference. The tools, implements and provisions at the agency are in accord with the statements in the office books relative thereto. There was no traffic in intoxicating liquors at Assabaskassing during last payments, as constable Mortin succeeded in suppressing it. The pay-sheets are faultless, but the tabular statement is imperfectly made out, as the quantities of seeds sown are given instead of the number of bushels harvested.

I arrived at Sabaska Reserve on the 8th September and found the Indians camped at a place selected for another village, where they were busily engaged in parching and hulling hundreds of bushels of wild rice for the ensuing winter's requirements. A large quantity of red pine timber was hewn and ready for building their houses. The potatoes here, and on the other reserves throughout the agency, looked exceedingly well; but the rainy season greatly damaged them before they were pitted, and in all probability a large quantity of what was secured will ultimately rot. The Shoal Lake Indians lost all of their cattle except one, by the falling of a building in which they had taken refuge during a storm. The hay crop was inferior, owing to dryness of the early part of the season, and what was stacked got flooded during the fall, and is therefore so badly damaged that it is very doubtful if there is enough to keep the cattle alive during the winter. There are about one hundred and twenty-five acres under cultivation on the different reserves and numerous islands in their vicinity.

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All the Indians of the Lake of the Woods, except the Rat Portage Band, were paid at Assabaskassing this year, contrary to the first instructions given to the agent, and to the arrangement made with the contractor for the delivery of the various Indian supplies. The agent alleges that the Indians refused to receive their annuities on their several reserves, without having made any attempt to make the payments there. It is apparent that these objections to the commendable policy of the Department, to pay their anunities to the different bands of Indians on their respective reserves, are not made on account of any alleged promises made that they would continue in perpetuity to receive their annuities at their camping ground or the agency, but in consequence of their opposition to anything interfering with those large annual gatherings, where they remain for several weeks, until all the money they received, or the articles purchased with it, are gambled away, and where their degrading and demoralizing he heathen coremonies are perpetuated It is also evident that traders, unwilling to follow the agent to the different reserves when making payments to the Indians, induced them to insist upon being paid at the camping ground. If the argument advanced by the agent, in support of the claims of the Indians of the Lake of the Woods to receive their annuities here, is valid, why does he pay the Rat Portage Band on their reserve, while the several bands at Shoal Lake, Whitefish Bay and Buffalo Bay, living a greater distance off, are paid at the camping ground? The Indians of Rainy Lake and River, in Mr. Pither's agency, made similar claims to be paid at their alleged camping ground at Coutcheeching, and consequently received their annuities for a number of years at Fort Frances, near that locality; but for the last two years their annuities were received on their different reserves, to the entire satisfaction of all the Indians of the district. except a few medicine men, who victimize their devotees at those gatherings by inducing them to make sacrifices—to the Manitou—of various personal effects which become the property of these wily imposters.

# The Agency of Mr. Pither.

I found, on inspecting the office and storehouse at the agency, that the impressions in his Letter Book are neatly and legibly taken, but not indexed; that the letters received are inconveniently pigeon-holed, instead of being systematically filed and indexed; that his Receipt Book is correctly kept; that the supplies on hand correspond with the balance not distributed of provisions, tools and implements furnished him for his Indians; that the samples of different articles supplied him are mostly hung up along the walls of his office, and that his pay sheets are accurately made out, but that his tabular statement is incomplete, as twenty-six columns are blank. The agent neglected to take an inventory of all the articles supplied, under treaty stipulations, to the different families of his agency. A number of American Indians, living at Red Lake, Minnesota, who I discovered, on my previous inspection, had been surreptitiously participating in the payment of annuities along with the Rainy River Bands, were excluded therefrom by the agent this year, in accordance with my instructions. In all my researches and enquiries in reference to the payments last summer to the Indians of this agency, not a single error came under my notice. Only two bands were vaccinated during the payments, although the agent was instructed to subject the others to it also.

# Nacatchewnang Reserve.

I arrived at this reserve by canoe route, direct from Sabaska Bay, on the 10th of September. I found about five acres under potatoes of good quality. These Indians have only four dwelling houses on the reserve. Owing to their absence during my visit, I was unable to make any enquiries of them with regard to other matters.

# Stangeecoming Reserve.

Upon my arrival here, on the 11th of September, I inspected the reserve, which is not cultivated extensively, only about three acres having been under scattering patches of potatoes. There are six dwelling houses on the reserve, which is very rocky and not adapted for farming. An Indian was killed by lightning two days before my visit. The chief asked for a two-inch auger, and other tools for building houses.

### The Coutcheeching Reserve.

I arrived here on the evening of the 11th, and inspected the reserve. The gardens suffered considerably from drought and subsequent rains. A school house, in course of erection, was completed on the 1st ultimo, and a teacher engaged to open it. The chief requests that the \$100 forwarded in 1877 to the then Indian Super-intendent in Winnipeg, by their agent, and which he had received from Mr. Bissett, on behalf of the Public Works Department, be now given them, in order that they may purchase building material for their dwelling houses.

### The Little Forks Reserve.

On the 12th of September I arrived at this reserve, and found about five acres under potatoes and corn; the outbuildings were destroyed two years ago in order that the small-pox epidemic—then prevailing—might be prevented from spreading through the whole district. To save themselves from starvation, the Indians killed two of their cattle during quarantine regulations. On or about the 1st of August last two of their oxen were killed by lightning, but these were replaced by the Department this fall, to enable the Indians to plow their gardens and to draw timber for their buildings.

The great calamity which has befullen this band of Indians commends them to the favorable consideration of the Department for assistance to enable them to regain their former prosperous condition; their labor of years had been totally destroyed, not only for the safety of those Indians who survived the fatal scourge but for the

benefit of the whole community.

### The Manitou Reserves.

On the 13th of September 1 inspected these reserves, and found better and larger fields of potatoes and corn than anywhere else in the Superintendency. The industry and perseverance of these Indians are most remarkable. The appearance of their magnificent gardens would excite the admiration of the most advanced agriculturalists. Their request for five bushels of seed wheat, a cradle and a breaking plough, is deserving of favorable consideration, although those articles are not included within treaty stipulations. Their school house, partially enclosed last year, is still unfinished, although they expressed the greatest desire to have their children educated. It is most deplorable that so little has been accomplished in establishing schools on the different reserves comprehended within Treaty No. 3. Hitherto, only two, recognised by the Government, were in operation among the thirty bands of Indians resident in the district; but recently, several others have been started.

Chief Maskeekeeininie states that Neesaudaway, his brother-in-law, who, with every member of his family, died from small-pox, about two years ago, had upwards of five acres outside of the reserve, which he occupied before and after the date of treaty; but after his death a white settler took possession of this location for a homestead, without giving any compensation to the relatives of the deceased for the improvements made thereon, and they desire to be informed if their claims are valid

and will be recognized.

# The Long Sault Reserves.

I inspected these reserves on the 13th of September. The crops were largely destroyed on Neshotai's Reserve, by the cattle breaking into the gardens during the absence of the Indians. The corn and potatoes on Mawintopenessi's Reserve were excellent. The mission school, opened here over a year ago, was closed, but, as the

teacher was absent, I was unable to ascertain any reliable information concerning the advancement made by the pupils while it was in operation.

## The Hungry Hall Reserves.

I arrived here on the evening of the 13th of September, and held a council with the Indians during the night. These bands refused to accept their annuities unless the American Indians, whem the agent was instructed not to recognize, were also paid. The agent very properly declined to accede to their demands, and proceed to make payments to the other bands, but, on his return, they gladly accepted their money, and after his departure whickey traders from across the river engaged with impunity in their refarious traffic, and I was informed that all the Indians there were intoxicated. This was the only instance where unscrupulous traders succeeded, in defiance of law, in disposing of intoxicating liquors to the Indians on any of the reserves within this agency. The absence of this vile traffic during the payments this year is solely attributable to the indefatigable energy of the constables appointed for the purpose of preventing it.

## The Indian Office in Winnipeg.

The business in connection with this office is transacted by me, with the assistance of Messrs. Wright and Levecque, the superintendency clerks. Since the transmission of my last annual report, 2,198 letters were received to date, an increase of 904 letters over the preceding year. On receipt of those letters, they are officially stamped, registered, answered, filed, indexed, and an entry made of the action taken thereon.

The number of letters written during the year was 2,439, covering 4,430 folios, an increase of 856 letters and 1,492 folios over a corresponding interval last year. All accounts are carefully audited before cheques are issued in payment. These transactions are systematically entered in the books of accounts, a statement of which, with vouchers, for cheques issued from this effice, and a Ledger Trial Balance is sent, every month, to the Department. The whole expenditure for this Superintendency, for the fiscal year ended the 30th day of June last, amounted to \$104,568.24, and from that period to date, \$80,064.01. During the former period 425 cheques had been issued, viz., 325 from the Department and 83 from this office; and during the latter, 176 cheques were issued, viz., 91 from the Department and 85 from this office. The returns received from the different schools recognized by the Government are examined and payments made to the teachers by cheques, issued and payable here. The number of schools in operation during the year from which returns have been received, was twenty-four, an increase of seven, showing an attendance of 668 children, an increase of 160. The amount paid to teachers as salary was \$5,301, an increase of \$1.306.

These returns do not include several schools, not reported to this office, under the patronage of the Methodist Mission Scheity. There are forty-one school houses within this Superintendency, of which seventeen were erected during the year. A register is kept in this office containing a summarized statement showing the statistics of the various schools. The morthly returns of provisions distributed by the various agents to destitute Indians, and the balances in store are checked, the quantities distributed every month being regularly entered in the Provision Pock. An inventory of all supplies and Government property is kept in the Stock Book here. The quantities of stationary received and the distributions made therefrom are entered on the Record Book, from which a statement is forwarded quarterly to the Department.

An Attendance Book is kept, in which the hour of arrival of the clerks is regu-

larly recorded, and all the official work of this office is up to date.

I would respectfully recommend that the Rev. Henry Cochrane, teacher of the North St. Peter's school, be awarded the first prize for having the best school; the

Rev. Geo. Bruce, teacher of the Upper Fairford school, be awarded the second prize; Mr. Jules Tabouret be awarded the third prize; Rev. P. A. Madore be awarded the fourth prize and Mr. Wro. Having Private be awarded the fifth prize.

tourth prize, and Mr. Wm. Henry Prince be awarded the fifth prize.

I may mention, in conclusion, that a number of half-breeds who had been admitted into treaty made application to be allowed to withdraw therefrom in accordance with the conditions of the 14th section of the Indian Act, but inasmuch as the land appropriated by the Government for satisfying half-breed claims is exhausted, they are desirous to know when the land or scrip which they, as such, claim, will be given them.

All of which is respectfully submitted, together with my tabular statement to

date.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

E. McCOLL, Inspector of Indian Agencies.

## TREATY No. 6.

EDMONTON, N.W.T., 26th August, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,-I have the honor to submit my Annual Report for the year ended 30th

June. 1884, together with the tabular statement.

During the year the several bands have been very quiet and orderly, and, with one or two exceptions, have made very satisfactory progress. The Government surveyors experienced a little difficulty with the Indians at Bear Hills and Wolf Creek, they objecting to lines being produced through the country which they claimed as reserves, although the reserves had not as yet been surveyed. The matter was amicably settled, however, by the surveyors moving away from that vicinity. These Indians are very suspicious of surveyors working near their lands, having an idea they will lose the sites selected by them for reserves.

It gives me much pleasure to state that the Indians have made greater progress in agriculture this year than during the previous one, and much of this amprovement I attribute to the able supervision of the Instructors, who were able to give their undivided attention to the work. Most of the bands put in large crops.

All the grain and root crops promised good returns.

There are two exceptions to the general progress noted above, and these are the bands of "Peegasis" at Lac la Biche, and "Keequanum," at Beaver Lake. Although they have received nearly as much encouragement as the others they do not take kindly to agriculture. Peegasis, whose band is made up of French half-breeds, very seldom remains with them, sometimes absenting himself from the band for nearly a year at a time. Many of these half-breeds wish to withdraw from the Treaty, if they would be allowed to do so without repaying the annuity money they have received.

All of the bands are short of work oxen and breaking ploughs, and if they were better supplied they would be able to put in more crop. They are also short of carts

with which to move their hay and grain.

The past winter has been a very severe one, and the Indians, more especially the women and children, suffered much from the want of tents, clothing and shoes. This is owing to the scarcity of the buffalo, from which source they derived their supply of tent leather, and the scarcity of the moose, on which they depended for moccassius.

As a general thing the health of the Indians has been good, and very few deaths have been recorded. Nearly all of those who have been carried off died from consumption, brought on by exposure.

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The storehouse at Snake Hills landing, intended to receive, from the steamers, supplies formerly landed at Victoria, has been completed, according to instructions, it is a good, substantial building, and well-adapted, both in convenience of location and size, for the use intended. It is distant from Farm 16 about five miles, over a good road.

A good, substantial storehouse has been erected at Farm 16, which is intended

to receive the supplies as they are freighted from the river.

On account of the whitefish becoming scarcer each year, I have been enquiring into the cause, and find, after a thorough investigation, that the decrease is the result of the taking of fish during their spawning season, when they congregate in large numbers in the shallow waters near the shore. If some steps are not taken to do away with this custom the result will be the extermination of the white fish, and this large food supply, provided by an All-wise Providence, will become a thing of the past; will cause large additional expenditure by the Government, and will be a serious loss to the native and white population which is so rapidly filling up the country. In former years the freemen who hunted buffalo on the plains during the summer congregated in large numbers in winter quarters, at Lake St. Ann's, which was famed for its whitefish, which they used to catch in large quantities. The Hudson Bay Company, from this lake, used to get from forty to fifty thousand fish each winter to feed their men and train dogs, but at the present time it is doubtful if eight thousand could be caught there. I only mention this as an example which will apply with equal force to White Fish Lake, Lac la Biche, Saddle Lake, Pigeon Lake, Whale Lake, and others.

Lake, Whale Lake, and others.

In conclusion, I beg to state that I think the Government is to be congratulated on the progress the Indians have made in this district during the season just past, and I feel sanguine they will yet further improve their condition next year. As most of them formerly obtained their subsistence by killing buffalo on the plains, it is hard for them to give up the old roving life, and they are to be commended for giving up the life in tents for one in comfortable houses built by themselves; for the large area of land they have broken and fenced, and for their general pro-

gress in agriculture.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. ANDERSON,
Indian Agent.

BATTLEFORD, 25th October, 1884.

The Right Honcrable
The Superintendent-General of Iudian Affairs,
Ottawa,

Sin,—Having completed my inspection of the Birtle district, I next proceeded to the Indian Head district. I was met at Broadview station by Mr. Agent McDonald, and with him drove over to the reserves on Crooked Lakes. Upon arriving at the instructor's house—Peter Howie in charge—I met Dr. F. Dodd, who was visiting some sick Indians upon the reserves. For two of the patients he advised nourishment in the shape of beef tea. This was furnished, and before leaving I had the satisfaction of learning that the patients were in a fair way towards recovery, excepting one who was far gone in consumption.

We first visited band No. 71. The old chief of this band, "Loud Voice," died during the past winter. He was a very old man, and had been blind for several years. The band had made great progress in farming since my visit last year. They had a large area of land in potatoes and wheat, the former promised very good crops; the best I have seen this season; the wheat was short and much choked by wild buckwheat; the turnips had been destroyed by the fly. Their land is well fenced, but their houses are the poorest description of huts. Jacob Bear, an educated and intel-

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ligent Indian, was in charge, as acting sub-instructor, and was doing very well. rather singular accident occured the day before my visit: a lodge had been struck by lightning, and the inmates, a woman and a child, severely injured. The doctor visited

them. The woman was very ill, and the child may lose its sight.

"Cha-ka chas," with a few followers, has settled here. Three men, with as many yoke of oxen, were hard at work breaking new land, and doing good work, of which they were seemingly proud. This band work their land as a community, excepting Striped Back, Pierre Belanger, Kah mah kee-wan-za, or old Englishman, and the late chief's adopted son, Oo-cha-pee-wee-as. These four farm upon their own account. In addition to large fields which the band farms in common, the heads of families have each a small garden. Big Bear sent one of his sons to these reserves this spring, with a message that he was not receiving what he was promised by the Government.

Rev. Mr. Flett, Presbyterian Minister, is building a school house on this reserve. and the Rev. Mr. McKay will have charge of it. He was building a residence just across the river (off the reserve) from where the Indians are farming. The next day we visited "Kah kah-wis-ta-haw's" band. I may call this chief a wild Indian, having so recently settled down. He is a fine old man, physically, and a proper speciman of the Fenimore Cooper Indian. He had just returned from the "Pie-a-Pot" dance.

and was well primed with complaints.

The agent informed me that of the ten yoke of oxen he received this spring for distribution in his district, he could spare this band only one yoke, but he promised to buy them another yoke immediately; also, that he would send them cross cut and whip saws. Their crops were very backward. One large field worked in common contains eighteen acres of wheat, two and three-quarters barley and six acres potatoes. A few have separate fields, and the whole is well fenced. Their houses are not very good. An excellent bridge has been built over the river apposite here, and I learn that a company is about to erect a grist mill. This will prove a great boon to the Indians, and I have no doubt will be profitable to the promoters of the enterprise.

#### Comees or Little Child's Band.

The chief of this band having remained to long out on the plains, is not so well off as many of his people who settled four years ago. Some of these have done exceedingly well, and may be termed self-supporting, Nee-pah-pah-ness purchased, for the support of his family, fourteen sacks of flour since the spring. His live stock consists of three cows, two oxen, one heifer, two steers, three calves, three horses, two foals. He has planted—furnishing his own seed—thirty-two bushels of wheat, five bushels of barley, thirty-four bushels of potatoes, and one acre of turnips, and has about ten bushels of grain left in his granary. He has a mower and rake and double waggon; in his house, a good cook stove, chairs, table, clock, milk pans and churn. Of the others who farm upon their own account and are doing well, may be mentioned "Ne kah neequin-cp," who has nine acres of wheat, one half acre of potatoes, and one quarter acre of turnips. This Indian's farming operations were interfered with by a death in his family about seeding time, and from superstition he for a time gavo up work and abandoned his farm. "Oh Soup" has six and a half acres of wheat, one acre of potatoes and one-half acre of turnips.

"Sa fa-lue" or "Yellow Legs," has eight acres of wheat, one acre of potatoes, one

and a quarter acres of barley, besides turnips and carrots.

"Louison" has six acres of wheat, one acre of barley, one and one-half acres of

"Ah-king-kah-pem-pa-toot" has three acres of wheat and three-quarters of an acreof potatoes.

Jacob Bear, has nine acres of wheat, one and a quarter acres of barley, and three acres of potatoes.

"Na-sa-a-gan" has eight acres of wheat, one acre each of potatoes and of barley and one-half acre of turnips.

Joseph Sprevier has six acres of wheat, three acres of potatoes and two acres of turnips.

Gardé has twenty-five acres of wheat, nine acres of barley, four acres of potatoes

and two acres of turnips.

"Pete-way-way-kee-sick" has eight acres of wheat, one acre of potatoes, onequarter acre of turnips. This Indian has his land well fenced, a good house, and a good

cooking stove in it.

Most of the above crops looked exceedingly well. "Ne-pah-pah-ness'" grain being the best I have seen this year. The land in crop was all well fenced; some of the houses excellent. On this reserve is a school house in course of erection. They were short of ploughs; some in use should be "cast," being worn out. The agent promised them that he would send them some as soon as this year's requisition arrived. I observed a new plough here, "Nebraska Breaker." It is a good plough, but too wide a cut (fourteen inches) for our use. The chief, "Camess," promised that he would keep his men at work and cut plenty of hay.

### Yellow Calf Band.

The chief (headman) of this band is a smart young man, about thirty years of age. They have moved from the part of their reserve where they first commenced farming,—the soil there proving too light and gravelly,—to a point two and a-half miles further south. On this account they have not a large crop, only nine acres of barley and a patch of potatoes. On the old place they planted four acres of potatoes and some turnips. They number fourteen families, of fifty-six souls. They purchased for themselves last year a reaper, mower and rake. Their three ploughs were in bad order. They had broken forty-three and a-half acres of land at their new location, consequently they had not been idle. I took an inventory at the farm of the provisions, implements, tools, live stock, &c., and audited the books, returns of which I will submit later.

# Indian Head Agency.

I took an inventory of the stock on hand here on 2nd of July, which, together

with an abstract of my audit of the books, I will submit in a future report.

Accompanied by the agent, I visited the reserves in the neighborhood. Going first to the Assiniboines, who came from the plains only last summer, I found the crops on Chief Jack's reserve almost a failure. From the long continued drought the potatoes (twenty-nine acres) had not vegetated but died away. The wheat (six and one-half acres) looked pretty well, also the turnips (eleven acres). The total in crop by this band was about fifty acres, and being their first year at farming, they were particularly dispirited in consequence. The hand of death had dealt heavily with them during the past year, forty-four having died as against four births. This includes "Long Lodge" Band. The ration list showed two hundred and twenty-three souls.

# Long Lodge Band, R. Portice in charge.

This is a small band of eighty-six souls. They had six acres of potatoes and two of turnips, which were rather backward, but showed prospect of a fair crop.

## " Pie-a-Pot" Reserve.

I found the instructor here alone, the Indians having left the reserve several weeks before, to visit the neighboring villages. A large crop of roots had been planted, viz., eighteen acres of potatoes and three acres of turnips and carrots. They did not promise well, on account of the drought. The instructor was engaged in breaking up more land. He reported forty-five deaths in the band (ration list numbers three hundred and seventy souls) on the reserve during their sojourn there of nine or ten months, but no births. On each of these reserves I took inventories of the implements, supplies and live stock, and audited the books. Instructor Taylar's entries for issues for the month of June were not sufficiently in detail to be satisfactory. I requested the agent to have this remedied.

During my journey of inspection through the different reserves of this district, I noted with pleasure the friendly feeling that existed between the agent and his Indians; how they looked up to him for advice, and the intimate knowledge he possessed of both their business and family affairs, and of all matters relating to the Departmental business of his agency. Leaving the remainder of this district to be visited on my return from the west, in the autumn, I next proceded to Treaty 7, and commenced my inspection at

### The Sarcee Reserve.

I was accompanied to this reserve by the sub-agent, Mr. Begg, and upon a subsequent visit, some weeks later, by Mr. Agent Pocklington. I took an inventory of the supplies, implements, tools, live stock, &c., audited and balanced the books, finding the entries of receipts to agree with the agent's books. Mr. Brown is the acting instructor. Although a larger area of land than usual was planted this year on this reserve and the crops promised well, I was not favorably impressed with the industry of the Indians. The instructor has made a move in the right direction by breaking land at some distance from their present location for a portion of the band. By removing them from the direct influence of the chief, which he exercises in a manner inimical both to their interests and that of the Department, he may probably be able to get some of them to exert themselves for the support of their families. Some lodges were still at Calgary, the inmates returning regularly, on ration mornings, for their supply of beef and flour. I attended the issue of rations upon three different occasions, weighing and checking the issues both of beef and flour. I was not satisfied with the system of averaging the "offal" at thirty-five pounds each animal, and gave orders that in future it was to be collected, weighed and entered in the books at its actual weight. I examined the supplies, and found them equal to the requirements of the contracts. There were ninety-seven acres in crop this year.

## Stony Indians, Morley

In company with the agent and sub-agent I visited this reserve on the 12th of August. We found very few Indians at home. I took an inventory of the flour, bacon, implements and tools in the storehouse, and examined the books of the reserve, which are now in charge of the sub-agent. The flour (two hundred and one sacks) tallied nearly with the balance shown by the books. The actual quantity of bacon on hand was two thousand five hundred and thirty-six pounds, instead of one thousand seven hundred and sixty two pounds, as shown by the books. I have great confidence that the new system adopted this summer, with these Indians, will ultimately result to their advantage, and, being christianized, they will, if driven by hard times, apply to the Department for food instead of resorting, as is alleged against them. to the illegal and criminal course of killing cattle. Some plan will, no doubt, be arrived at by the Department, whereby those of them who desire to farm can be accommodated with a reserve in a part of the country where agriculture can be carried on successfully; but until this is done the present system should, in my opinion, be continued. No regular round-up of their cattle herd has been made for several years. It was the intention of the agent to have one this autumn, if the ranchers could be induced to take part in it. I am, therefore, unable to report its condition, but the portions of the herd that I saw, looked well,

## The School and Orphanage,

under the auspices of the Methodist Church, was closed for the summer holidays, and I did not have the satisfaction of inspecting it. I learned from the Rev. John McDougall, that it was in a fairly properous condition. The Indians have been, this season, so little upon their reserves, that many children were unable to attend school.

## Piegan Reserve, P. T. Williams, Instructor.

I remained several days upon this reserve, as I wished to examine thoroughly the method of rationing, particularly that of killing, receiving and issuing beef. came to the conclusion that the system of taking stock of the beef and flour on hand after each day's rationing, must be insisted upon, in order to arrive at the exact quantity given out, and the entries in the books should be made accordingly. By carefully collecting the "offal," and weighing it into the ration house, a large saving will be made to the Department. Up to the time of my visit, the Indians were not being paid in cash for butchering, as are those upon the Blood and Blackfoot Reserves, consequently, the butchers endeavored to pay themselves with meat. However, by insisting upon the contractors paying the Indian butchers cash, the instructor can get control of the offal. The agent promised to see that this was carried out by the contractors. Upon this reserve, as well as on others, proper appliances should be erected for the butchering of the cattle, for by so doing money will be saved to the Department, as the hanging up of the carcasses, during the process of skinning, will allow the blood and water to drain off. I estimate that from fifteen to twenty pounds in each animal would be thus saved; and to encourage cleanliness in the performance of the work, a well should be dug, and a good pump put in. Lime is now used freely in the different ration houses. There were two hundred and nineteen registered ration tickets. Mr. Williams informed me, that from the time he took charge to the time of my visit (two months), he had taken up twenty-seven false tickets.

#### Cattle Herd.

I will make this the subject of a special report. This band is reported as having three hundred and ninety-nine horses. Three work oxen have been missing from the reserve since last autumn. Once before they were lost and found at work in a bull train. It is possible that such a thing may have occurred again.

### Farm Work.

I cannot bear witness to much advancement in agriculture on this reserve during the past two years. It occasionally happens, as here, that when Indians attain a certain degree of advancement they cannot see the necessity for further and continued effort. They become indifferent, particularly when they are regularly rationed with beef and flour. The band is divided into four settlements, known as the upper, lower and centre camps, and Big Swan across the river. The lower camp is that portion of the bands under minor chiefs "Morning Plume" and "Running Wolf." Their principal crop was potatoes, of which they had twelve acres, they were growing on the side of a hill and were well hoed, but the field was very badly fenced. There were two acres of wheat and one and one-half acres of turnips, or a little more than fifteen acres. They have twenty-six houses and seven stables, but having been built four or five years ago, when the band first settled, they are in very bad repair.

In the centre camp is "Eagle Tail" the head chief. Their crop was five acres of wheat, four and one-half acres of potatoes and one and one-quarter acres of turnips. It was badly fenced, some places not being fenced at all. They have eleven houses

very much out of repair.

Upper camp is Chief "Crow Eagle." Their crop was one acre of wheat, two acres of oats, twenty-two and one-half acres of potatoes, one acre of turnips and one half acre of carrots. This crop was not promising much. An Indian named "Tow-wi-pé is the head farmer. A heavy rain on the 25th July, during my visit did great damage to the potato crop, washing the young plants in many cases out of the ground. A good deal of broken ground here has no crop in this year, and is over-run with wild sunflowers. The land is very badly fenced but being principally cropped with potatoes, it does not suffer from the cattle. The turnips were sowed broadcast and allowed to take their chance with the weeds; the potatoes had been well attended to, and but for the storm, had promised an excellent crop. There

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are forty dwellings in this "upper camp," but all, with the exception of six are old and dilapidated. Very few Indians were at home, and the members of

the band have not lived in their houses since the "Sun dance."

"Big Swan" across the river had twelve acres of wheat, ten acres of potatoes, one acre of turnips, one-quarter acre of carrots and a garden of one-quarter of an acre. The fencing was good and there was a promise of a fair crop. There are eight houses and a few stables in this settlement. There are twenty-seven ploughs on the reserve, every one of them more or less out of repair—I suggested to the agent that, directly after hay making, the instructor should be directed to discharge three of his farm laborers and the old interpreter who is worn out and useless; that an able bodied interpreter who would be capable of assisting in the issue of rations, should be hired in his place; then, with one white man and a woman cook, the work would go on economically and well. Any extra labor required could be had by employing Indians at 50 cents. per day.

#### School.

There was a school kept for part of last winter on this reserve. The teacher was a Cree Métis, named Falster, who, last year, was teamster to Mr. Agent Rae, at Battleford.

The flour and other supplies were of good quality, and put up according to the terms of the contract. I took an accurate inventory of the flour, bacon, tea, beef, agricultural implements, tools, live stock, &c., and audited the books.

## Blood; Reserve.

I attended at the slaughtering of the cattle and the issuing of the rations upon several occasions on this reserve. The building of a pen by the contractors, in which to slaughter, has been a move in the right direction, but there are still other measures that can be taken with advantage, such as the erection of windlasses and digging a well for a pump. The meat house windows should be furnished with wire gauze, so that when open for purposes of ventilation, flies may not be able to enter.

A room to protect the Indians from the inclemency of the weather, while waiting their turn, should be constructed, adjoining the ration house. I recommend the same change regarding the receipt and issue of the heads, tongues, hearts, &c., as at the Piegan Reserve. If followed implicitly, I believe it will result in a large saving to the Department, besides promoting greater exactitude in the book-

keeping.

The new agency buildings have been occupied since the spring. They are a great improvement on anything our Department has yet had in buildings. They consist of one ration house, twenty by forty teet; one flour store, twenty by forty feet; one supply storehouse, eighteen by twenty feet; instructor's house, office and mess-room of seven rooms and a hall, sixty by twenty feet; men's sleeping quarters, sixteen by eighteen feet; Indian council room, eighteen by twenty feet; stable, twenty by thirty feet, with hay loft; horse corral, fifty by sixty feet; hay corral, twenty by eighty feet. The beef contractors have built a slaughter corral (pen), of thirty by thirty feet.

The flour and other supplies were of good quality. I audited the books, and found them well kept. The receipts shown therein agreed with the quantities charged against the reserve at the agency. I took an inventory of all Departmental

property upon the reserve.

### Farm Work.

There has been steady improvement in agriculture amongst the members of this tribe, but I cannot attribute it so much to their industry as to the assiduity of the farming instructor, Mr. McCord. He is most indefatigable in the performance of his duties.

Chief "Blackfoot Old Woman" has, in my opinion, the choicest land for farming on the whole reserve. His crop consisted of five acres of oats, ten acres of potatoes and three acres of turnips.

"Bull Back Fat" had three acres of turnips and five of potatoes.

"Button Chief." This is a large camp, and aggregates a large crop, which consists of three acres of wheat, forty-nine acres of potatoes and three acres of turnips and carrots.

"Wolf Child" and head chief "Red Crow" had forty-six and a half acres of pota-

toes and twelve acres of grain and seeds.

"Mules" had thirteen acres of potatoes, three acres of wheat, two acres of onions and five acres of barley. This is the first year they had any crop worth counting.

In addition to the above, there are other small patches of gardens.

The death rate upon this reserve has been high during the past year, eighty-two adults, and forty-four children up to the age of fourteen years having died. Only eight births were recorded, viz., six girls and two boys.

## Indian Office, Fort MacLeod.

I audited the books, took an inventory of the supplies, agricultural implements, tools, &c., on hand, and examined into their quality and condition. I found everything generally satisfactory, and the books have been well and regularly kept since Mr. Lash was appointed clerk, in December last.

Daybook and ledger contain copies of every voucher issued. Register of letters received and properly written up to date.

Letter book, with index, was duly written up.

Order book, containing entries of all issues as well as receipts.

Triplicates of school returns were regularly filed.

And all quadruplicates of vouchers, and all letters were properly backed and filed.

I found the issue of flour here somewhat less per head than at the Blood Reserve, and there was some discontent regarding it. The chief, Crowfoot, wished also that those of his men who assisted in issuing rations should be paid the same wages (\$13 per month) as those who perform similar duty upon the Blood Reserve.

The quality of flour and other provisions was excellent. The Indians had taken a prejudice against bacon, and as its issue was but a very slight saving to the Department, I recommended that it should be temporarily discontinued, pending your action in the premises. The beef being a home production, it will give great satis-

faction to the ranchers if the Department continues its issue solely.

In other respects, the Indians appeared contented. I took a close inventory of the provisions, other supplies and live stock, upon this reserve. I found all supplies stored here; even those intended for the general use of the district were in charge of the farm storekeeper and issuer of rations, Mr. Wilson. I directed Mr. Sub-Agent Begg to resume charge of all district stores, making his issues to the Blackfoot Crossing Reserve precisely the same and with as much formality as to those reserves at a distance. The Department suffered considerable loss from provisions being damaged by a freshet in the Bow River, shortly before my visit. The water rose four teet above previous high water mark. A very suitable place for new buildings will be on the next bench, about a mile west of the present location. These are very much needed, as the present buildings are those hurriedly run up for temporary accommodation.

### Farm Work.

My remarks upon the farm work of the Blood Reserve are also applicable here. Crowfoot camp had forty-one acres in crop.

### School.

The Roman Catholics have a mission here, and purpose to conduct a day school at an early day.

#### North Blackfoot Reserve.

These Indians have made very good progress in farming since my last visit, but there is yet great room for improvement. Their total acreage is one hundred and forty-one. The crops looked very well, but were rather backward. Turnips here, as in other places in the North-West, do not thrive when sown broadcast.

I took an inventory of the Departmental property on the reserve, examined into the quality of the provisions, &c., and found each sack of flour correct in weight and satisfactory in quality. The supplies required at this reserve should, in future, be delivered in the Departmental storehouse on the reserve. The nearest railway station is Gleitchen.

I recommended to the agent that the same course should be pursued with regard to the receipt and issue of the offal as that upon the other reserves. New and more suitable buildings should be provided here for the accommodation of the employees; and upon all the reserves, whenever practicable, the employees should be married men, and comfortable buildings for their lodging should be provided. Slaughter pens and windlasses, &c., should be built, and wells sunk.

#### School.

The Church of England has built a comfortable residence for the missionary, the Rev. Mr. Tims, and intends to open a day school in connection therewith at an early day.

## Industrial School, High River.

The building not being as yet turned over to our Department by the Board of Works, I did not visit it,

I have much pleasure in stating that both Mr. Agent Pocklington, and Mr. Sub-Agent Begg, afforded me every assistance in bringing my inspection to a successful issue. They are both taking great interest in their work, and appear desirous to do all in their power to conduct the business of the treaty with strict economy and in-

tegrity

I next proceeded to the Edmonton district, and commenced my inspection on the 24th August, at Battle River, where the Sharphead band of Stoneys have located a reserve. They have about fifteen acres in crop, one-half of which is potatoes which have done well, but the grain will hardly ripen before the frost. They have commenced building houses, but all their operations were brought to a standstill by the chief's son, Isaac, dying a tew days before my visit. The whole band immediately left the reserve, and were camped near the trail where it crosses the river. They will hardly return again until after the treaty payments. This proceeding has very much embarassed their instructor, Mr. Alwyn, who was working hard to induce them to settle. A few Indians from Morley have come here, and request to be allowed to join this band. As the reserve is a good one in every respect, and there is plenty of room, I would recommend that they may be allowed, and others be encouraged to come.

#### Bobtail Reserve.

At the leanings of Battle River, "Cayotte," Bobtail's son, has a good field of barley and potatoes. Both crops were ripe, the former looking remarkably well, having escaped the frost. The old chief has enlarged his field, and had good crops of wheat, barley, potatoes and turnips. I found them cutting their barley. Several other Indians have large fields of mixed crops, the most prominent being Councillor "Ta-we-ow-e-sis." I would like to see this man encouraged; he has a large family, and is a good worker. I would recommend the loan to him upon the usual terms of a yoke of oxen, and a plough and harrows. He is now entirely dependent upon the pleasure of his chief for the use of these, and as chiefs do not like to see their men get too far ahead of them, he has been denied their use when most re-

quired. I had the cattle driven up. They have seventeen bead, all were in good condition, and the Indians appeared very fond of them.

### Sampson Band.

The farming instructor, Mr. Lucas, met me at this reserve, and remained with me throughout my inspection of the reserves and bands under his supervision. This is the largest band in Peace Hills, and they have made very great advancement in farming this year. Their grain was ripe and had escaped the frost. The Indians were very busy in every field but were very short of grain cradles. The chief's house is a large floored building of hewn timber. I visited their fields, and it gave me much pleasure to see the crops so fine and so well fenced.

#### Ermine Shin's Reserve.

I found this chief hard at work in the barley field. In the evening I went to his tent, as he said that he and his headmen wished to talk to me. This I gave him an opportunity to do, spending the whole evening with them in their council lodge.

Muddy Bull.

This is not a distinct band, but they work and receive a sistance independently. Arriving amongst them in the forenoon, I found four men and seven women working in the barley field. These, with nine children, made a busy scene, and could it have been witnessed by doubters in the east, it would somewhat have shaken them in their belief that we will accomplish nothing in attempting to make this generation of Indians, farmers. The men were cradling the grain, and the women raking and binding. In another part of the field were growing as fine potatoes and turnips as I have ever seen. They have three cows and two yoke of oxen, but one of the oxen is

baulky.

From this point I proceeded across the country to Farm 18, better known as Peace Hills Farm. The orders to the instructor not to work this farm, have been carried out; but Mr. Lucas' brother is living in the large unfinished house, and has in on the farm a large crop of wheat, barley and oats. The buildings proposed to be erected for the accommodation of a farming instructor, on Sampson's Reserve, should be commenced without delay. Those on Farm 18, together with the improvements in fencing and breaking, could probably be disposed of at a good price, but I am decidedly of the opinion that it is not to the advantage of the Department to keep up any establishment at that point, and the sooner the change could be made the better. Mr. Moss was acting as storekeeper and clerk for the farm agency and reserves. I audited the books, and took an inventory of the supplies, implements, tools and live stock on hand; of which I will report fully at my earliest opportunity.

Mr. Instructor Lucas is most indefatigable in his personal supervision of the work of the bands under him. The Indians have absolute faith in him, and work

cheerfully under his direction.

I arrived at Edmonton August 28th, and the next day took stock of the goods on hand in the storehouse (returns of which I will send in later), and inspected the office, auditing the books and accounts. I have much pleasure in testifying to the efficiency in their respective positions, of the clerk, Mr. Mitchell, and Calder the storeman. At no point have I found the books and stores better kept, the system of book keeping being excellent.

#### Pass-Pass-Chase Band.

These Indians are much as usual; a few of them attempt farming, and they all come very regularly to the Indian office, monthly or oftener, for flour and bacon.

In company with the agent, I went to farm 17, on 1st September, Instructor O'Donnell in charge. I took stock and audited the books. O'Donnell has in crop on this farm sixteen acres of barley. There will be a large yield, as the crop is an excellent one.

#### Alexander's Band.

If these Indians successfully harvest their grain, they will do well having nearly one hundred acres of barley alone. It was ripe, and with the exception of one field had escaped the frost. The change from last year is remarkable. Then, the portion of their crop that had not been destroyed by hail was afterwards frozen. It is to be regretted that they have so few potatoes (five acres). On account of the total failure of the crop in 1883, they had no seed, and the quantity sent by the agent was inadequate for the number of the band. A pleasing matter to note here is, that every man or woman, head of a family, in this band, has some crop. The chief is building a new house for himself. His neighbor, Chief Michel, and his band have purchased a reaper for themselves. The band cattle have done well, excepting that they have always had so large a proportion of bull calves; the herd, in consequence, does not increase very fast. They have put up a large quantity of hay.

#### Michel's Band.

The crops upon this reserve are excellent, and one cannot realize that he is driving through an Indian reserve. The large fields, strong, straight fences, and good log houses, in the midst of a surrounding country of mixed wood and prairie, almost lead one to fancy that he is passing through some of the newly settled districts of Ontario.

For the first time here, the crops have escaped both hail and frost. The proportion of their root crop is too small. Five acres of potatoes is altogether too little for a band.

#### Alexis' Band.

This band has done exceedingly well this year, and has, besides wheat and barley, eight acres of potatoes.

## Tommy la Potack Band

has made steady progress. The death of the chief this year somewhat unsettled them.

#### Schools.

I visited the mission school at St. Albert. It happened to be the opening day after the holidays. There was an attendance of fifty-eight in the classes; but the older children were all busy in the harvest fields connected with the institution. The children passed a very creditable examination—the youngest in reading and spelling in the primer, and the higher classes in advanced English and French Readers and in grammar and geography. I inspected the dormitories, which were fitted up with much comfort, and were patterns of neatness and cleanliness. I was shown excellent needle and fancy work and knitting, all the labor of the girls; rolls of flannel, spun, woven and dyed by them from their own wool. They have 108 pupils on their roll, thirty of them being treaty Indian children. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the accomplished ladies who devote their life to this work. The day schools on the reserves at Battle River were closed for the midsummer holidays.

I have much pleasure in stating that the supplies of tools and implements furnished in this district by the contractors this year, have been received in good

order, are equal to samples and that each sack of flour is of correct weight.

#### Victoria District.

I arrived here on the 26th of September, having the day before passed through the Wah-shu-ta new settlement of Indians. Their progress has been small in farming since my visit last year. They have built a few good houses and as they are very adroit hunters, I have no doubt but that they will get along without much assistance from the Department during the coming winter.

### Blue Quill.

This headman and his following still remain at Egg Lake, south of the river. His wife died last winter and his friends took advantage of the opportunity to visit him in his bereavement and sat up all his potatoes, consequently the band had no seed to plant this spring, however, he sowed eighty bushels of barley all of which ripened. They have thirty acres of land under cultivation, all well fenced, two yoke of oxen and ten horses. They have ten dwellings and two stables. I believe that with assistance these Indians will take care of themselves for they are very industrious, dexterous hunters and self reliant. At Victoria there still remains a waggon, left by the Department contractors of 1882-3, it is useless as one wheel does not fit the axte.

### Saddle Lake District.

The supplies for the district having been delivered here this year and Mr. Carson given charge of them as well as of those appertaining to him in his position of farming instructor, I directed him to place the former in a separate warehouse, to keep separate books and make separate returns. He should be furnished with books properly ruled for the purpose. Whilst this district is part of the Edmonton agency, I must call attention to the necessity of all supplies delivered here, being entered in and going through the agency books, which has not heretofore been done. I took an inventory of the district supplies and farm supplies on hand and made up the books and returns to date of my visit on 30th September.

## District Supplies.

Flour was in course of delivery on a contract made with Hardisty & Fraser, of Edmonton. It was not of uniform quality or weight, and each sack had to be examined and weighed separately. When not up to the standard in either case it was set aside. I submit that this inspection should be made at the mill by the contractor himself.

#### Bacon.

This was correct both in quality and weight.

#### Saddle Lake Indians.

These Indians have eighty-seven acres under cultivation and this year twenty acres of new land well broken. Their crop consisted of six acres of potatoes and 60 acres of barley, the remainder of the land cultivated being in gardens. The barley has vest was very late; owing to the continuous rains during August it did not ripen quickly. I am afraid that the result of the threshing will not prove satisfactory.

I visited the Snake Hills steamboat landing, where Mr. Carson has built a good substantial storehouse, eighteen by twenty-four, as directed. It is of spruce logs and floored and shingled; its total cost to the Department being \$216.

The instructor has also built an excellent storehouse on the farm, at no extra cash outlay, as the material was taken from the barn which had to be taken down, as it proved to be insecure. He was also putting up a stable. An implement shed is very much required.

The condition of the other bands of this district is reported by the instructor as prosperous. Their trade in fur at Lac-La-Biche has been good. Last winter the Hudson Bay Company claim to have traded \$25,000; Peter Pruden, \$15,000, Alexander Emille, \$11,000, and the smaller traders to the amount of \$5,000. This \$56,000 value in goods and supplies is reported to have gone into the hands of our Indians.

The Whitefish Lake Band sowed ninety bushels of wheat, one hundred and sixtynine bushels of barley, and one hundred and eighty-six bushels of potatoes. They broke twenty-five seres of new land this year.

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## Frog Lake District.

I arrived at this district on the 1st of October. The sub-agent, Mr. Quinn, was on the eve of commencing the annuity payments. Mr. Dickens was present with a detachment of Mounted Police. On the following morning the payments commenced, the different bands taking their money without any ceremony. There was an unusual number of traders, from Battleford and elsewhere, attending the payments, consequently goods were cheap. The Indians showed great discretion in their purchases, buying generally articles of clothing, blankets and household utensils. Quite a village has sprung up adjacent to our farm agency, the Roman Catholic Church having established a mission and a school, the Hudson Bay Company a permanent trading post, grist and saw mills are in course of erection, and other traders speak of putting up buildings and settling permanently. These will all prove a great boon to the Indians of the district. The new buildings authorized by the Department, for the accommodation of the agent, have been commenced, and the dwelling house will be ready for his occupation soon.

## Farm No. 15, John Delany, Instructor.

A few acres of the old home farm have been reserved for the use of the agency, and the remainder has been taken up by band No. 120 (Machaoo). This band have been farming for the past three years at Stony Lake, about eight miles distant, where they had a few houses and twenty-two acres of land broken. They number, according to this year's pay sheets, one hundred and eight souls. They put in crop on the old home farm, six acres of wheat, twenty-one acres of barley, eight acres of potatoes, three acres of turnips, one acre of carrots, and other vegetables. The wheat was badly frozen, and will not yield much; the barley partly so, it will probably yield two hundred bushels fit for seed; the potatoes yielded one hundred and twenty-one bags, or only a few more than the seed planted, which was of the objectionable variety, known as "Lady's Fingers." This band put up about six tons of hay.

# Band No. 121, "Ne-paw-hay-haw," Chief.

This small band (sixty-five souls) has twenty-five acres of land broken. Their crop planted this year was twelve acres of barley, eight acres of potatoes, and four acres of oats. The latter did not vegetate at all. The barley was badly frozen, and the potatoes yielded three hundred and three bags. They have four dwellings, two stables and fifty tons of hay in stack.

# Band No. 122, "Chief Puska-ah-go-win."

This band has gradually dwindled away. They now only number thirty-one souls. They have broken eighteen acres of land, and had a crop—of wheat, three acres this is good, and will likely yield fifty bushels; ten acres of barley, one half of which is very good, the other injured by frost; the yield will probably be one hundred bushels; four acres of potatoes yielded one hundred bags. They have two dwellings and one stable.

# Band No. 123, Chief "Kee he win."

In 1883 this band numbered one hundred and thirty-eight souls. One Beaudreau, a native of the country, was placed in charge of their farming operations this summer. They had in crop twenty acres of barley, which was reported looking well just before harvest; six acres of potatoes did not do well; the reason given was that the seed planted was not a good variety; an acre or two of turnips and carrots promised a good yield. The Indians have ten dwellings and two stables. Beaudreau built a dwelling and storehouse, each eighteen by eighteen feet, of spruce, with thatch roof. The agent purposes keeping him there all winter, more particularly to look after

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cattle. He intends sending those from Farm 15 to winter there. The land of this reserve is clay leam, with sufficient prairie land for cultivation near Long and Moose Lakes. From these lakes twelve thousand fish were taken in 1883, of an average of five pounds each.

## Band No. 124 (Chippwayans).

In 1833 this band numbered one hundred and thirteen souls. Fitzpatrick was sent to take charge last spring, from Farm 14, and although a good deal of work was done during the summer, the returns are nil, as all the crops were frozen before they ripened. In 1883 they had nineteen acres broken, ten of which were on the north side of Beaver River (outside of treaty limits). This they abandoned last spring, and, coming to the south side, broke eighty-seven acres. They sowed forty-six acres with barley, nine and a-half acres of potatoes, two and a half acres of turnips, and some carrots. This band have always been successful hunters, and were in fair circumstances. They took good care of their cattle, which, consequently, increased rapidly. They have forty dwellings, thirty-five stables, forty-seven milch cows; total cattle herd, one hundred and twenty-nine head.

The agent informed me that he intended placing Fitzpatrick at Long Lake this winter. I audited the books of Farm 15, and took an inventory of supplies, implements and stock, and examined into the quality and condition of the same. Of these I will report fully later. The instructor's wife has given a great deal of attention to teaching the Indian women housewifely duties, and reports that three can bake, milk, churn and make butter. She has taught one to knit, and she cuts out the women's

dresses, and instructs and assists in making them.

#### School.

I visited the school. It was under the instruction of the Rev. Père Marechand. There were twenty children present—ten girls and ten boys—nicely dressed, and making fair progress in reading and writing.

Farm 14, Band No. 119, "See-kas-kootch," Chief, J. Mann, Farming Instructor.

This band numbers one hundred and eighty souls. The total quantity of land broken on the reserve is three hundred and six acres, of which two hundred and fortyfour were in crop this year, viz., six acres of wheat, eight acres of oats, two hundred acres of barley, eighteen acres of potatoes, ten acres of turnips, two acres in gardens. The wheat was frozen, some pig feed may be threshed out of it. The oats were a poor crop, and will perhaps yield one hundred bushels. The barley was not frozen, but was affected by the drought. It is a fair sample. The farm instructor estimates that it will yield three thousand bushels. The potatoes were injured both by the frost and affected by the drought; the yield was about six hundred bushels, all small. The seed that was planted consisted of every variety known here, but the "Early Rose" did the best. There was a yield of one thousand bushels of turnips. The grain is all well stacked and fenced. Their potatoes were pitted, excepting their seed for next year, which they were depositing in the farm root house. I went over the reserve with the instructor, and I observed a good many improvements since last year. The land is nearly all fall ploughed. Their houses were freshly mudded, many newly thatched, banked and made comfortable for the winter. Several new houses have been built since my last visit. Some Indians have built stables and byres near their houses; these, with their stacks of hay and grain, gave the appearance of a farm yard. Almost every head of a family has some crop, and probably there is no band in the territory where the work done and the improvements made are so evenly divided among so many families. Heads of families have not hesitated to go to distant parts of the reserve, break land and farm; consequently they are fast learning individual rights to this kind of property. By each family thus keeping to itself it derives the full benefit of its labor, the most careful and industrious being the most successful.

During my stay here, the half Blackfoot, "Pem-me tah-ah-soo," a chief made at the first treaty, requested an interview. He informed me that he had given up his resistance to the wishes of the Government, and that, if the Department would help him a little, he would at once build himself a house, and settle on See-kas-kootch's Reserve, together with the few families who follow him. He solemnly pledged himself to settle at once, and I informed him that he would receive the same help and assistance that other Indians receive under similar circumstances. Chief See-kas-kootch and his headmen were quite satisfied to have this chief and his followers settle upon their reserve. I heard, subsequently, that he was as good as his word, and the agent now reports him and followers as the hardest working Indians on the reserve.

### School.

The Rev. Mr. Quinny, Church of England, has a school, but he reports the at tendance as very small, eight pupils being the maximum number. He advanced this as a reason for not having sent in his school returns with regularity.

I took an inventory of the supplies, implements and live stock, and audited the

farm books.

### Frog Lake Indian Agency.

I audited the books of the agency, and made an inventory of the supplies on hand. This I will include in a subsequent report.

In passing through Fort Pitt I was interviewed by Big Bear, Lucky Man, Little Poplar, and their followers. I endeavored to convince them how much better off

they would be if they chose a reserve and settled down.

On my journey from Pitt to Battleford I followed the trail on the north side of the river and consequently passed near Jackfish Lake, where a number of non-treaty Indians have assembled, for the past few years. I camped one night on the prairie, near three lodges of these Indians. I found them well provided with meat, good comfortable lodges, fat horses, carts, &c. In reply to my question, asked of the oldest man, who was his chief? he said "Manitou is my chief." I mention this circumstance, to show that if Big Bear and his followers will not work, they can subsist by devoting their whole time to hunting and fishing.

## Battleford District.

I arrived here on 12th instant. The agent had made his arrangements to commence the payment of the treaty annuities on the following day. I therefore decided to make my inspection of the different reserves and farming agencies at the same time.

Band 109, Red Pheasant, Chief; - Applegarth, Farming Instructor.

The instructor has built for himself a small, comfortable house and a storehouse on the reserve. This band numbered, in 1833, one hundred and forty-one souls, and one hundred and thirty-nine received annuity this year, of whom sixty-nine men and women are considered able to work. They put in one hundred and sixty acres of wheat, oats, barley, potatoes and turnips. The grain was so much injured by August frosts, that it was out for hay. The potatoes were somewhat hurt by June frost; but, notwithstanding this, the yield was four hundred and seventeen bushels. The seed grain was furnished by the Department, but the seed potatoes were their own. Forty-seven acres of new land was broken this summer, making now under cultivation two hundred acres. They have twenty-nine dwellings and a stable; of treaty and loaned cattle, they have fifty-four head, thirteen of these being cows and ten oxen. I weighed the bacon and flour in the storehouse, and noticed that the bacon was "long clear" instead of "short clear."

#### School.

The school was closed for the day, on account of annuity payments. I was therefore unable to inspect it.

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## Band 109, Chief Mosquito; Instructor, James Payne.

This band numbers 125 souls, seventy being classed as working Indians. They have 135 acres broken, 117 of which were in crop this year. They have built twenty-wo houses and two stables. Of cattle they have thirty-six head, all treaty or on oan, fourteen being work oxen and seven cows.

Band 110, Chief Grizzly Bear's Head; Instructor, James Payne.

This band numbers 119 souls, seventy three being classed as working Indians. They have fourteen dwellings, one stable, and forty-five acres broken, thirty five having been in crop this year.

Band 111, Chief Lean Man; Instructor, James Payne.

This is a small band of forty five souls, twenty one being classed as working

Indians. They have five dwellings, and work on farm No. 110.

As these bands of Stoneys have only been settled two years, it will be observed that they have performed a great deal of work, and made good progress in agriculture. Had it not been for the unfortunate and, in this district, the exceptional August frosts, they would have reaped a large harvest, as the grain had been well put in and was well fenced. As it is, the yield of grain is nil. They gathered between 500 and 600 bushels of potatoes, 100 bushels of turnips, and have 150 tons of hay in stack. All the land is fall ploughed, except some root land and some requiring summer fallowing, and we must hope for better luck next year. The instructor, James Payne, is very diligent, and has his Indians well in hand.

## Supplies.

I took stock of the flour and bacon, which proved satisfactory.

#### School.

The Indians have built a schoolhouse, but as yet no teacher has been sent. I believe that Rural Dean Clark has promised one.

# Moosomin Band; J. Clink, Instructor.

This band had such a bountiful harvest last year as to be able to support itself for several months. This year the instructor, with his usual energy, had a large crop of cereals and roots planted early, but through the spring drought acting more detrimentally upon light lands than upon heavy soil, and the subsequent injury caused by August frost, there were no crops whatever. The land has been all fall ploughed, and sufficient hay put up to winter the stock, which was in good condition. I audited the books, and took an inventory of the stock on hand. I also audited the accounts of the band, which consisted of receipts for sale of lime, grain and charcoal, and expenditure for pigs and necessaries purchased. I will make these a subject in my subsequent report. The instructor's dwelling and storehouse are very inferior buildings, the former being quite unsafe.

### School.

Being annuity payment day there was no school. The school house is a poor building, requiring floor, benches and desks. The Catholic Mission Society pays £30 sterling towards the teacher's (Mrs. Clink) salary, and I am sure that no teacher can do himself or herself justice in such a wretched, cheerless building.

Thunder Child and Nepahase Bands; Instructor, Andrew Sufferin.

These Indians removed to this reserve early last spring, Thunder Child and his followers having worked with the Moosomin Band the previous year, and Nipahase

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coming directly from Cypress. Together they number one hundred and seventy-

five souls. Forty men, women and boys are able to do work.

Nepahase, Band have fenced and planted thirty-nine acres, viz., twelve acres of wheat, twenty-three acres of barley, one acre of potatoes, and three acres of turnips, and during the summer grubbed and broke thirty-six acres more.

Thunder Child Band broke, fenced and placed in crop forty-five acres, viz., thirteen acres of wheat, twenty-seven acres of barley, one acre of potatoes, three acres

of turnips, and during the summer thirty acres more, also forty acres back set.

This crop was considerably damaged by August frost, but not so much affected by the spring drought as that of other reserves, on account of the land being heavier and retaining the moisture longer, therefore it was worth threshing. At this writing this has been done, and the yield is: one hundred and twenty bushels of wheat, and three hundred and fifty-nine bushels of barley; the yield from the acre of potatoes was about forty bushels. They have in stack thirty tons of hay. They have built four dwellings and a storehouse; the former are substantial one-and-a-half story buildings, one of which is used as a residence by the instructor. For a first season's work it must be admitted that these Indians have done well, and are a credit to the instructor who must have done his duty to obtain such results. They are well supplied with oxen, eight yoke, also eight milch cows. The whole number of cattle given and loaned is twenty-nine head.

The site selected for the instructor's house is too far from water, and not near enough to the centre of the reserves. A good house, storehouse and other buildings should be built in a central position, and close to water; this will have the effect of drawing the Indians away from one another. At present they are too much

huddled together.

I audited the instructor's books, and took an inventory of the stock on hand.

## "Little Pine" Reserve; Craig, Instructor.

These Indians only selected and settled upon their reserve this year, and although the Indian difficulty in June occurred here (Big Bear being here), they have good results to show as proof, that when they did work, they did so faithfully. They have broken seventy acres of land, fenced fifty acres and placed thirty acres under crop; they have built twelve dwellings, two stables, one storehouse and a tool house. One dwelling, stable and tool house were built for the instructor. For doing this the Indians were paid. The quantity of hay they put up is estimated at one hundred tons. The crop consisted of twenty-five acres of barley, two acres of potatoes, one and a-quarter acres of turnips and one quarter acre of carrots. The barley was injured by drought and frost; so also were the potatoes, but not to such a great extent. The yield of the latter is probably seventy-five bushels. The instructor has shown good taste and judgment in the arrangement of his buildings; also in the manner and position in which he has induced the Indians to build their houses. site of the reserve is a good one, being on Battle River, with timber on two sides of a wide bottom. The land is clay loam. I audited the books and took an inventory of the stock on hand,

# Poundmaker's Band; Jefferson, Instructor.

It is estimated that this band had in crop this year two hundred acres, viz:twenty-five of wheat, five ot oats, one hundred and fifty of barley, eight of potatoes, sevon of turnips, three of carrots and two acres in gardens. The grain will yield searcely anything on account of the drought and the frost. The computed yield of potatoes is three hundred bushels, and two hundred and fifty bushels of turnips. They have twenty-five dwellings and eight stables. They put up this year two hundred waggon loads of hay. The band has quite a herd of cattle, consisting of nineteen oxen, twelve cows, seven bulls, three steers, four haifers, six bull and six heifer calves: total fifty some head. and six heifer calves; total fity seven head. And for Northern Croes, they are rich in horses having fifty-eight head. I did not observe much fall ploughing. They

have plastered, repaired and banked up their houses for the winter. Upon enquiring what became of the crop of 1883, I was informed that a threshing machine was sent to the reserve shortly after the harvest, but the Indians, influenced by the chief, would not render the labor required to work it, consequently, no threshing was done with the machine. During the winter they threshed a little from day to day by hand, and were so careless that more than half the grain was wasted. I find it, therefore, impossible to give you any further particulars.

I took an inventory of the flour, bacon and other supplies on hand. The flour was of inferior quality, and weighed only ninety-eight pounds per sack. Upon inquiring, the agent informed me that, running short of flour, he was obliged to borrow some from Mahaffy & Clinkskill, Battleford, and this was the only kind they had.

Amongst the bacon I found five hundred and seventeen pounds "long clear."

Sweet Grass Band (late Strike him on the back); Samuel Ballendine, Instructor.

The old chief having resigned, Sweet Grass, an hereditary chief, was appointed to the band. He is most highly spoken of, as an energetic, well-disposed young man, who commands the respect of his followers. Three hundred and fourteen souls were paid, as belonging to the band this year. The reserve was surveyed this summer, and the adjacent sand hills were left out, as they were worthless. It would be advisable to allow the instructor to build himself a house and other buildings upon the new addition to the reserve, and his present house, which is not worth much, might be turned over to a deserving Indian. There are too many Indians where they are at present located, and this would draw them off. The land of the new part of the reserve is reported to be exceedingly fertile, with plenty of good water and building timber. There are two hundred and thirty-seven acres of land broken on this reserve. One hundred and twenty-eight acres were placed in crop this year; eighty-five broken, and three hundred fenced. The crop consisted of sixty acres of wheat, forty of barley, fourteen of potatoes, eight of turnips, two acres of carrots and four acres of gardens.

They cut two hundred and fifteen tons of hay, have thirty-five dwellings and three in course of erection; that for the new chief is one and one half stories high and of good square timber. They have eleven stables. There was no crop The wheat that sprouted, notwithstanding the drought, was afterwards frozen. There will probably be two hundred bushels of an inferior sample of barley. Two hundred bushels of small potatoes were dug by the Indians, which will be eaten by them as they are not fit for seed. They had also three hundred bushels of turnips, which, of course, they will eat. Of the grain sowed, the Indians furnished twenty-five bushels themselves, the remainder came from "Poundmaker." They furnished forty bushels of barley themselves and all had their own seed potatoes. A few bushels of their potatoes and barley crop of 1883, were sold to the industrial school and some seed potatoes were supplied to the Poundmaker Indians; when cash was received for produce, it was, at the request of the Indians, expended on tea

and tobacco.

The remaining live stock furnished by the Department to this reserve are two horses, eighteen work oxen, one bull, seven cows, eleven steers, four heifers, three bull and three heifer calves. In the spring of 1882, twelve or thirteen animals died from starvation; this year one ox was injured while hauling out timber and was killed. Two of the eighteen oxen are very old and should be killed while fat. Six of the steers will be broken to work this winter.

Mr. Instructor Ballendine is indefatigable in the performance of his duties and his knowledge of the Indian character has been used to the best advantage for the

interests of the Department during the year.

## Annuity Payments.

It afforded me much satisfaction to be able to be present at the payments, and it gives me pleasure to state that Mr. Agent Rae conducted them with much fairness and 153

patience, giving the Indians every opportunity to present their claims for back pay, and when a case was made out, he allowed it. This has long been a sore question with the Indians at every payment, and it would be an excellent thing if all arrears could be wiped out and the Indians led to understand that if they absent themselves thereafter from the annual payment of their band they would forfeit their annuity for that year. It would also tend to influence them from going too far from their reserves—at any rate, to other districts. Upon every reserve the Indians accepted their money without any preliminary talk, which went to show me that they had no very serious grievances upon their minds, as it is the occasion in the year upon which they feel bound to mention them, as again receiving the money is looked upon by them as a ratification of the treaty. A pleasing feature; this year, was the installation of two chiefs, Moosomin and Thunder Child, by the agent, by direction of the Commissioner. They had earned promotion by good conduct and attention to work.

The failure of the crops in this district was a most untoward event, particularly as it is the first year there have been flour mills. These mills are now in operation.

## Indian Office.

Mr. Gairdner has been clerk to this district during the past year, but the agent becoming dissatisfied with him for the negligent manner in which he performed his duties, dispensed with his services. The position is now filled temporarily by Mr. Carney, the district storekeeper, assisted by Mr. William Laurie. I audited the books of the office, and will prepare a synopsis of the most important accounts, and will present them to you in a supplementary report; also, an inventory of the supplies and Departmental property. I have much pleasure in complimenting Mr. Carney upon the condition of the stores under his charge and the manner in which he keeps them.

Although I refrain from complimenting Mr. Agent Rue upon the condition of his office, I cannot close this report upon his district without expressing my appreciation of his merits as an Indian agent. The unruly Indians that were turned loose upon his district could not but demoralize the best regulated Indians. I think the Department was most fortunate in having a gentleman of his temperament to deal with them. He proved to be possessed of firmness, qualified with kindness, and I believe that the Indians now appreciate his true character.

## Rattleford Industrial School.

I have been greatly interested during my sojourn here, in observing the working of this institution. It has been established so recently and under such difficult circumstances, that it has only been by assiduous application and determination on the part of its officers that it has attained the degree of success which it has had. It is obvious that the building must be enlarged and placed in such convenient form as to make it suitable for the accommodation of at least seventy-five pupils and a slightly increased staff of servants, and thus obtain a maximum benefit at a minimum expenditure; but, in the first place, the outlay for properly fitting up and equipping the institution must be most liberal.

It is economical to employ Indian women who scrub and wash a few days in each week, and Indian men as occasional laborers, but I do not think it is judicious. It induces those people to come about the institution in the hope of getting an odd job, and the boys have thus opportunities afforded them of surreptitiously communicating with their friends.

With the full number of pupils mentioned above, blacksmith, wheelwright, carpenter, shoemaker and tailor shops might be established, and for accommodation of these, suitable buildings would have to be erected; also, residences for the master mechanics, who should be married men and should live at a convenient distance from the institution.

It is imperative that a furnace and heating apparatus should be placed in the buildings before another winter, and thus do away with the necessity of so many stoves (sixteen). At present, the danger from fire is very great.

There are twenty-one pupils in the institution. They are comfortably clothed, clean, and, judging from their happy expression, are quite contented in their new home. The school is conducted most systematically. Uniform hours for rising, ablution, prayers, recreation, meals, study and retiring are observed. The boys parade (military style) for prayers morning and evening, for meals, and upon retiring. They are making admirable progress in learning to read, write, spell, make figures (several are in arithmetic) and in speaking English. They enjoy the light fatigues allotted to them. I must, however, protest, should the necessity again occur, against forcing these little fellows to haul water every day and all day from the river in winter, as was the case last year.

## Contract Supplies.

The food supplies, cloth, blankets, linen, &c., sent here this year, are fully equal to contract samples, excepting the flour which is dark; it, however, appears to be very wholesome.

## Supplies and Furniture received, not under Contract.

I have examined these. The cooking stove is of the same pattern as those ordered under contract, for the industrial schools at Qu'Appelle and High River, but it has no plate-warmer attached.

#### Furniture.

This is very common, and I consider the prices charged at Winnipeg are high considering the quality; it was not properly packed for such a long journey and was a good deal damaged in transit.

### Letter Press.

This had been broken, and repaired before teing shipped here. It broke again before it was in the institution two hours.

#### Coal Oil.

One of the barrels shipped here was in a leaking condition, and a considerable quantity of the oil leaked out.

### School Room.

This is a large and, at present, cheerless room, on account of there being so little furniture, and not any of it of a proper kind. I beg to recommend that the iron school desk, with seat for two pupils each desk be supplied; the full series of maps of the common schools of Ontario, the large illustrated cards of lessons, eighteen by twenty-four inches; and that a children's library be established, containing interesting tales for boys; for the larger boys, the "Boys Own Annual;" for the smaller, "Chatterbox," and similar books, in which they would, during the long winter evenings, be able to find both amusement and instruction.

Indian charwomen and Indian men who work about the place are now paid in provisions. I beg to submit that no provisions were sent here for that purpose, and

that they should be paid by voucher.

I have made an audit of the books and accounts of the institution, and found them kept methodically and correctly. Rations for the boys and for the staff are issued daily to the cook by the farming instructor, who has full charge of these stores, and who makes a return of each several day's issue at the end of the month to the Principal.

The following books were kept in the institution:-

Letter book.

Voucher book, containing a record of each voucher issued.

Roll book, recording name of each pupil, name of parents or guardians, date of

entry to school, number of pay tickets, number of band, remarks.

The present book is not suitable for such an important record. It should be large, well bound, properly ruled, with printed headings, and clasped—similar, in fact, to the descriptive roll books of the N. W. Mounted Police.

Ledger, in which is kept the boys' savings bank accounts.

Letters received and quadruplicates of vouchers are backed and filed.

Ration lists are backed and filed monthly.

I have taken an inventory of the supplies, &c., on hand, which I will submit to you in a supplementary report.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

T. P. WADSWORTH,
Inspecto of Indian Agencies, and Superintendent of Farms.

Office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, North-West Territories, Regina, 25th November, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit herewith my Annual Report on Indian matters

in the North-West Territories, for the year 1884.

The spring of the year opened with bright prospects for the Indians, who all through the Territories had worked unusually well, this is greatly to their credit as the latter portion of the winter had been very severe, and the arrival of a number of their friends from the plains in the previous autumn whom they had assisted, had been a great drain on the food they had raised for themselves.

I visited the reserves in the South as soon as the snow disappeared.

I found great despondency among the Indians, as the bulk of the seed they had depended on for the spring had been eaten, and they were uncertain whether the Government would provide them with more.

After enquiring into the matter and finding that the facts of the case were as

stated by the Indians, I recommended that seed should be provided.

When this was made known, they set to work with a will, and not only cropped all the land that had been cultivated the previous year, but broke a considerably increased area.

### Battleford District.

In the North, I arrived just after the spring sowing, and visited all the reserves

in the Battleford District.

I was agreeably surprised at the advances made by these Indian since my former visit, and found that many of the new arrivals from the South were rivalling the older settled Indians in both cultivating the lands and building houses on the reserves.

The area under cultivation in the Battleford District was over 1,300 acres, and

the whole of the work was performed by Indian labor.

The new regulations in appointing a good, practical man to superintend while the Indians themselves did the work on those reserves where a sufficient number had learnt the use of implements, was found to be beneficial both to the Indian and the Government, the former receiving a fair amount of rations for himself and family, while the Department felt that it was recompensed in securing substantial work for the food issued.

The two bands most worthy of mention in this district are those of Moosomin and Thunder Child; Moosomin, who had been some four years on his reserve, had brought his band to the point of independence, and from the sale of the crops raised had been able to purchase sufficient supplies for the support of his Indians, to those of whom who had performed a good day's work, he issued supplies in the presence of the instructor.

### Lime and Bricks.

This band has been making lime sufficient to supply all the wants of both whites and Indians, it being the only lime kiln in this section of the country. They are now burning charcoal, and have commenced to manufacture brick.

## Thunder Child.

Thunder Child, who, on his first desire to settle, at the request of the agent had worked land on Moosomin's Reserve, requested, last spring, that his band might be placed on a reserve of their own, adjoining Moosomin's; this was done, and an instructor given them. The result of their work this summer, has been 90 acresbroken and cropped, much of it brushed, and it resembles a well kept eastern farm.

The houses erected on this reserve are well built, and neatly put together. The chief superintended their erection, and dovotailed all the corners, which present a

perfectly true appearance.

Thunder Child and his Indians are plain hunters; the chief was a follower of Big Bear, and one of those who held aloof from the treaty for several years, but in 1879 severed his connection with the old chief; and on entering the treaty, was promised by me, to be recommended for a chiefship, provided he was able to collect the requisite number of families; this he has done, and I am glad the Government has recognized his worth, and confirmed him in the chiefship.

This band will be held up as a pattern to those who are still unsettled, and who fear they will not be able to provide for themselves, with the assistance given them

by the Government.

### Pitt District.

The work on the reserves in the Forc Pitt District, was also done with Indian labor, the crops were well put in, and all the fields securely fenced.

# General.—Crops, etc.

The dry spring, however, kept the crops from growing, and when the rain came on, it was too late, and the bulk of the crops in the North, as well as in the South,

were caught by the frost.

I thought it well to report on the state of the crops at an early date, in order that the Government might be advised of the true state of affairs and be able to instruct me as to what provision should be made for those Indians who, through no fault of their own, had met with such a serious disappointment; on receiving instructions I lost no time in assuring the Indians that the Government was aware of the loss they had sustained, and would make such arrangements as would prevent them suffering during the winter.

A larger amount of supplies has been ordered than is usual at this season of the year; and with the extra quantity of ammunition and twine authorized, I am in

hopes we shall get through the winter without suffering.

The failure of the crops referred to above, more particularly apply to Battleford and Carlton—at the latter point our crops have generally been very successful; and as the Chiefs Mistawasis and Ah-tah kah koop have been two of our best Indians, I think it is the more important that they and their bands should be well cared for now that they have met with misfortune.

#### Fort Walsh Indians.

A few of the Indians who came from the South the year before last, have not selected a reserve, notably those under Big Bear and Lucky Man.

## Big Bear.

Big Bear, who is now getting old, and who is ruled by the bad spirits in his band, has made repeated promises that he would go to a reserve, and as often broken them. He has been lately joined by an old follower of his, named "Little Poplar," who, a few years ago, married into the Crow Band of Indians. It is difficult to say what the result of his influence might lead to; he has already made several threats; but he will be closely watched, and any attempt to create a disturbance will at once be met by firm action.

## Lucky Man.

It has been recommended that Lucky Man be deposed from the temporary position of Chief, which he occupies. He is utterly worthless, and was paid as an ordinary Indian at the last payment.

His followers have joined Big Bear.

## Qu'Appelle District.

The Indians from the South who came to Treaty 4, are now all on their reserves; some joined their old chiefs, while Pia-pot, who has a considerable band, finally located on a reserve in the Qu'Appelle valley, joining Mus-cow-pe-tung's, on the West,—this was his own choice.

I have every reason to believe that he is now contented, and will, as he promised, make as good a showing on his reserve in two years as many of the older settled Indians.

As is usual in the spring, when the grass begins to grow, many of our Indians who have been cooped up on the reserves for the winter months, have a desire to roam. This was the case this year, and caused some apprehension among the settlers.

#### Sun Dance.

Their religious ceremony, the "Sun Dance," also brings a number of Indians together, when, in their dancing costumes, they present to individuals unaccustomed to them, a formidable appearance.

I have never known any trouble brought about by the holding of this dance; on the contrary, it appears to resolve itself now into more of a social gathering than

a ceremony of torture as heretofore.

It is reported by one of our agents that, at a "Sun Dance," held on the Blood Reserve, no torture was resorted to. I am in hopes that the ceremony will gradually die out; and it will be better to allow it to do so, without using strong measures to prevent its celebration as many of the old Indians, who generally inaugurate the dance, attach great importance to it.

#### McLeod District.

Early in the present year, I paid a visit to the Blackfeet, and, with Colonel McLeod, Stipendiary Magistrate, obtained a final surrender of that portion of the reserve which would have belonged to the Bloods and Sarcees had they remained on the location as arranged for at the time of the Treaty in 1877.

The formal notice was given the band, in accordance with the provision of Section 37 of the Indian Act, and the necessary oaths administered by the Stipendiary

Magistrate.

The Indians of this Treaty are now quite contented with their respective reserves, to which they are attached by old associations, and each highly values his own location.

The Blackfeet have been more fortunate with their crops than the Crees. roots, especially potatoes, were very fine and abundant; and on the Blackfoot Reserve some excellent wheat was raised.

All the Indians on the reserves in this Treaty, have been allowed to sell a portion of their crop. This enables them to purchase some tea, tobacco and clothing, and gives them fresh heart to commence work again in the spring.

The good crops in this Treaty have enabled me to cut down the rations of flour

to one-quarter pound per diem for each individual.

It is unfortunate we have so few opportunities of offering any substantial return for work to Indians, as it is found that numbers of them are willing to work for reasonable wages.

The inducement on our reserves to work for food is not great, and many of those who, year after year, have worked steadily, find themselves no better off, pecu-

niarily, than when they first settled.

We endeaver, whenever practicable, to give our Indians the option of making a little money by freighting and by working on the reserves in positions which they are able to fill, and which would require white labor. This distributes a little money amongst them.

### Stonies.

The Stoneys in Treaty 7 have received very little assistance from me this year,

either in the way of food or help in cultivating the land on their reserve.

For several years an attempt had been made to raise grain and roots on this reserve, with hardly any results. It was, therefore, thought advisable to discontinue farming operations, as it kept many of the Indians on the reserve wasting their time. who could have been making a living otherwise.

A little seed was provided last spring, and given to a few of the old families

who were desirous of remaining on the reserve.

Regular rations have been stopped to those of the band who have means of providing for themselves. A supply of provisions is, however, kept on the reserve, for the old and infirm, and to help those who, by no fault of their own, might require a little assistance.

As the winter advances, and when the main body of the Indians returns from the hunt, I propose to visit them, and ascertain for myself in what position they

A little anxiety has been experienced by some of the cattle men, that these Indians might be driven to kill cattle now that their rations have been stopped; but I have no fear of that, as they are well aware that, in the event of failure of the hunt or other means of gaining a livelihood, assistance will be given them.

# Agents' Reports.

The reports of our different agents enter fully into the work in their agencies. From these it will be seen that, with all the drawbacks and discouragements of a dry season, and from a large scattering of new Indians among the different reserves, whose influence has been used mainly in discouraging the old settled Indians, a very good season's work has been accomplished.

I have spent as much time among the Indians as my other duties permitted.
My Assistant Commissioner, Mr. Reed, has also made a lengthened tour through the territories, and has made many suggestions which I think of value, and which will be forwarded to you in a separate report.

The progress made in the working of cattle, and the use of farming implements, induces me to recommend that a very liberal supply of both be given So rapid has been the interest taken by our Indians during the last two years in breaking up land

for themselves, that the supply of cattle and implements has been much too small, and has resulted in a large proportion of the crops being put in too late to mature.

During the season I had a visit from the three Blackfeet chiefs, Crowfoot, Old Sun and Eagle Tail. They remained a few days at Regina, paid a visit to Winnipeg,

and then returned to their respective reserves.

They expressed themselves well pleased with their visit, and I am in hopes it will have the desired effect, as it was intended, to impress them with the rapid advance of settlement and the necessity of the Indian taking a more active intrest in their reserves.

Chief Peccan, "The Ant," alias "Seenum" from Saddle Lake, also came to see me, bringing with him one or two of his prominent Indians, and Mr. Erasmus, as inter-

preter.

His visit was in regard to a misunderstanding between himself and the Government, as to what extent of reserve was promised him at the time the treaty, was made. A very large area, far larger than that agreed upon by all the other chiefs was claimed by him.

Mr. Morris, and the other Commissioner who made the treaty, deny that any such arrangement was made; while Seenum and many of his friends contend as

strongly that it was.

I have made particular enquiry into this claim, and can find nothing to justify the chief's contention. The misunderstanding might have arisen through a bad

Interpreter, and this the chief admits.

I was unable to come to a final settlement with him while here, but he promised, on his return, to call his Indians together, and tell them the result of his interview, and in the autumn, when I expected to be in his vicinity, to tell me what determintion they had come to.

As I was prevented from visiting Saddle Lake, I requested Mr. Reed to proceed there, and endeavor to come to an understanding with the chief. This he did, and

I am in hopes a satisfactory one has been come to.

It was of great importance that the question should be settled this year, as many of our chiefs were awaiting the result of Peccans' claim, before they would consent to a survey of their reserves, they believing that should a larger area be granted Peccan, they would receive the same.

#### Schools.

Although the advancement made in educational matters is not so rapid as it is desirable to see, still there are indications that in the near future rapid strides will

be taken in the right direction.

The Indian admits, in argument, the advantages to be gained by knowledge being imparted to his children. Still, owing to his peculiar nature, being a creature of the present moment and failing to witness immediate results to his own benefit, as well as prompted, in many instances, by a selfish desire to retain constantly about him the slight labor which his children may afford him, he fails to insist on their attendance at school, and in many instances positively refuses on the part of teachers any interference with the desired end in view.

Of course during the winter months those who are desirous of attending are frequently prevented, owing to a lack of proper clothing, but I am gratified to find that in some instances, where the greater results are to be expected, the Department has been pleased to direct a small quantity of warm clothing to be provided for those

children who attend school regularly.

The gift of a mid day meal, in the shape of biscuits, is a great boon, and on all sides reports reach me as to the benefits derived from the same, greater and more

regular attendance being the result.

The matter of educating Indian children is one to which I have given much thought, and although the extra expenditure is no inconsiderable amount, still I trust the Department may see its way clear to carry out the suggestions in connection therewith, as advanced in recent communications by me.

Education must either be compulsory,—which would be a most difficult task to accomplish,—or encouraged by a system of rewards differing only as to degrees, but whereby all will benefit; the more advanced, as well as the least bright little ones, being recipients.

During the past year eight schools have been opened and two closed in the-Manitoba Superintendency; five of these eight, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Missionary Society, and three under those of the Roman Catholic Church; while in the North-West Territories, one new school has been opened, under the guardianship of the Church of Rome, three under that of the Church of England, and one under that of the Presbyterians.

Owing to the hardships to be met with on out-of-the-way reserves, and the difficulties frequently experienced in obtaining such an attendance of children as would entitle a teacher to a salary that would enable him to live properly, those

willing to undertake such a labor are difficult to be had.

One commendable fact, which is worthy of mention, is that a young lad of the Sioux, situated at the Bird's Tail Creek, through his own exertions and at his own expense, has managed to accompany another scholar to a college in the States, the latter being sent there by the Presbyterian Mission Board.

The most successful school, I think, in the North-West Territories, is that conducted by the Rev. J. Hines, of the Church Missionary Society, and situated on Ah-

tah-kah-koop's Reserve, north of Carlton.

It is most surprising to witness the ability which some of the youngsters under him display; some boys of ten or twelve being much in advance of the average white children of a similar age in arithmetic, spelling, &c.

Of all the children sent to the Battleford Industrial Institution, who had previously attended any Indian school, those instructed under Mr. Hines were the most

advanced.

One or two boys have been sent to Emanuel College, and these have continued

to display marked ability.

During the past year three industrial institutions, with a view of imparting a mechanical and agricultural rather than a literary education to Indian children have been started in the Territories—at Battleford, High River and Fort Qu'Applle.

The one at Battleford, last December, under the direction of the Rev. Thomas Clarke, Church of England, for the benefit of the Cross and other Indians of the

Saskatchewan District, at which there is now an attendance of 24 boys.

That at High River, for the benefit of the Blackfeet under the Revd. Father Lacombe, of the Church of Rome, is but in its very incipiency; the Principal having been able, owing to the tardiness of the contractors in completing the building, to accept of but ten boys.

The school at Fort Qu'Appelle which is also under a Principal of the Roman Catholic Church, the Rev. Father Hugonnard, has but just commenced, with six boys.

These schools are being restricted to the acceptance of thirty boys; the Battleford school not taking any girls for the present, mainly owing to lack of accommodation, while the other two are authorized to take ten or twelve.

These latter will be happily taken care of by the several nuns connected with

the two establishments.

As was at first premised, no little difficulty is met with in prevailing upon Indians to part with their children; and even after the latter have been cared for in the kindest manner, some parents, prompted by unaccountable freaks of the most childish nature, demand a return of their children to their own shanties to suffer from cold and bunger.

The Blackfeet, under the immediate control of Chief Crowfoot, on being applied to for children, offered a greater number than what was at the time asked for, but desiring to send boys of an undesirable age, they being a little too advanced in years.

Notwithstanding the drawbacks consequent upon the starting of these institutions among Indians who, but yesterday, led a wild and nomadic life, I have every confidence in their ultimate success.

#### Contracts.

Our contracts, on the whole, have been satisfactorily carried out during the past season, and the only difficulties we have had to contend with have been with parties who, taking a small portion of our contracts, have had no agents at the different points of delivery to attend to their business; consequently, when freights have been left unpaid, or when any difficulty has arisen between the contractor and the consignee, great delay has been the result.

All the articles, with few exceptions, have been equal to the samples; those not

so, were condemned.

I have found a universal feeling throughout the Territories, that the Government

should endeavor to purchase produce raised in the Territories.

Flour.—The standard of flour upon which our contracts were let last spring was too high a grade to admit of any local flour being accepted, and while the Mounted Police and white settlers of the several districts in the interior used local flour, our agents were debarred from receiving the same flour for the Indians, on account of the sample being patent process flour, which cannot be manufactured by the mills in the interior.

Pork.—In many districts I believe there will be sufficient pork raised to supply our wants, and I would therefore recommend that, where practicable, tenders should

be called for in those districts for what we require.

#### Mills.

The inducement offered by the Government for the erection of flour mills has been the means of securing the erection of one in the Frog Lake district, and I have no doubt the knowledge of this will induce the Indians to put in a large acreage of grain the coming season.

I am in communication with parties desiring to erect mills in other localities, and hope to make arrangements, so that many of our large reserves will have milling

facilities by the time the next crop is ready.

### Pigs.

We have supplied pigs to those of our Indians who are in a position to feed and care for them. It is hoped that in a year or two this will be the means of affording them all the fresh meat they will require.

## Surveys.

During the season, Mr. Nelson and Mr. Ponton have been engaged in surveying those reserves in Treaties Nos. 4 and 6 which had been left incomplete in former years, and finishing those which heretofore our Indians have requested to be left unsurveyed until all their Indians had come to their reserves. The following is a list of the reserves, the boundaries of which have been surveyed during the past season in Treaty No. 4:—

Chief	Kee-see-konse's	Band	Fort Pelly.
66	Little Bone's	46	Leech Lake.
"	Mosquito's	"	Crooked Lakes.
"	Mus-cow-e-quans	3' "	Touchwood Hills.

In addition to the above surveys, which were made during the winter, the surveys of the reserves in the File Hills, which were partly made by Mr. D. L. S. Patrick, were completed.

The east boundary of Gordon's Reserve, at Touchwood Hills, was run out, and an

extension made on the west side of Little Child's Reserve, at Crooked Lakes,

During the summer, Mr. Ponton was entrusted with the surveys in the vicinity of Prince Albert, and towards the fall, after making some changes in Thunder Child's Reserve, near Battleford, he proceeded to Fort Pitt and Frog Lakes, and he reports that he has completed the surveys in that part of the country.

Near Battleford, reserves have been surveyed for the bands of Chiefs "Sweet Grass" and "Strike-him-on-the-back," south of Battle River, and for Chiefs "Bear's Head" and "Lean Man" at the Eagle Hills. In the Edmonton district a reserve was surveyed for the bands of Chief "Tommy le Potac," and the survey completed of the boundaries of the reserve for the band of Chief "Pas-pas-chase," which were partly made by Mr. Simpson.

The best part of the season for surveying operations was taken up at the Bear Hills, and very little accomplished, owing to the fact that the Indians there, as well as in some other parts of the country, are desirous of having the surveys of their reserves delayed, as they expect straggling Indians, whom they claim as belonging

to their bands, to join them again.

As soon as Mr. Ponton arrives, a full report of the season's surveys will be forwarded by Mr. Nelson.

#### General Behavior.

The general behavior of our Indians has been good, and with the exception of a disturbance on the reserve at the Crooked Lakes in the spring, and on Pound-

maker's, in the summer, there has been no trouble.

At Crooked Lakes, a change in the manner of issuing supplies, in order that the young, old and infirm might get a fair share of the food, had, I have no doubt, a good deal to do with the excitement. The change was made by me, as I found, on visiting the reserve, that the provisions had been handed to the chief and head men for distribution, the result being that the old people had a very small share of the supplies.

The change, which was hailed with great satisfaction by the helpless, was not

appreciated by those who had been faring sumptuously.

The parties who took an active part in demanding more supplies from our agent, were themselves well provided for; Yellow Calf, the leader, having as much as

sixty to seventy bushels of grain then at the mill.

At Poundmaker's, the disturbance was caused by an assault being made on one of our farming instructors, by an Indian who had been refused rations, as he had not performed his day's work. As a Sun Dance was going on at the time, a large number of Indians had gathered to take part in it, and on the Police attempting to make the arrest, they were defied by the Indians, who were worked up to a great state of excitement, as is generally the case while taking part in a dance.

Too much praise cannot be given to both officers and men for the judicious manner in which they have acted on all occasions, when they have been called on to face the Indians; and it was especially so, when they met the Indians at Poundmaker's. There were gathered probably the worst element we have in the Territories.

To the coolness of the men under most trying circumstances, and the firmness of the officers in command, must be attributed the speedy ending of what at one time

looked as if a serious conflict must take place.

With the exception of horse stealing, there has been very little crime among our Indians. I am happy to say that as far as they are concerned, I think this might be almost looked upon as a thing of the past; but stringent measures will have to be taken to stop the white horse thieves from infesting our southern boundary, and the most effectual means to do this, I think, will be to employ some of our Indians to assist the Police in tracking the thieves.

The work in our office is still increasing, and with the dividing up of some

of our large agencies, must continue to do so.

I find an addition to the number of our agents is absolutely required, as without a close supervision and active interest in those Indians who are raising large

crops on the reserves, the Government will not derive that financial benefit which

they should.

I am glad to report that as the Indians become familiar with and are able to work the cattle and implements, a good deal of our white labor may be dispensed with; but as Indians advance and have property of their own to look after and dispose of, a thoroughly reliable agent, in whom they have confidence, should be within easy reach; but having reported on this matter before, there is no necessity for my enlarging on it, especially as my recommendation has received the approval of the Government.

The following will give you some idea of the rapid increase of work in my office

during the twelve months subsequent to the date of my last Annual Report.

Nine thousand one hundred and fifteen (9,115) letters were written, covering nine thousand nine hundred and seventeen (9,917) pages of foolscap; five hundred and seventy-seven (577) circulars to Indian agents, farming instructors, and merchants. Three thousand five hundred and fifty vouchers in triplicate, checked and signed; and a large number of letters received from our agents in the Territories, were copied and forwarded for the information of the Department.

In addition to the daily routine work, the adoption of the file system necessitates a large amount of labor, as copies of the letters written require to be placed on

file. We have now upwards of a thousand?files.

The enclosures are as follows:-

Tabular statement, showing the condition of the various schools in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

Approximate return of grain and roots sown and harvested in the North-West

Territories.

Statement showing the number of families who have raised crops, and the quantity harvested for Indian Head (Col. MacDonald's) Agency, Treaty No. 4, with an accompanying statement giving the name of each Indian, and the crops raised by him.

Statement showing the number and the whereabouts of Indians throughout the Territories.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant, E. DEWDNEY,

Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, N.W.T., REGINA, 5th December, 1884.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to enclose herewith, for your information, the following. report from Mr. Farming Instructor Craig, received through the agent.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. DEWDNEY,

Commissioner.

LITTLE PINE RESERVE, 1st November, 1884.

The Honorable

The Indian Commissioner.

SIR,—I beg to report on the condition of affairs on this reserve. It is now six months since I was placed in charge as Instructor to this band, besides Lucky Man's, which I had in the summer, and still have a good many of them to this day; during

which time I have worked both mentally and physically in trying to settle them into a state of contentment, and to teach them to earn their living by the work they are now at—the band being new, and in a dissatisfied state from the first, and not inclined to work. I left Poundmaker's Reserve on the 17th of April, with one waggon and eight oxen and a few men. On the way, they held back and refused to come. I arrived at where I am now without the assistance of anyone. Living under difficulties, I remained, and told them that the only way was to come where I am, and help me to work, and they would be fed. One by one, without the assistance of the chiefs, I got them initiated into work, but not without having to stand more than man is really supposed to stand. But with patience, perseverance, and with the determination that I would accomplish my purpose, I am satisfied that such has been done, and do not hesitate to say that they are as far advanced as any new Indians that ever settled on a reserve. I know they have worked hard, with what encouragement I have given them; that is, "Do as I tell you, and you will not be sorry; but can rest assured you will be better off in the future." Such I have upheld to them from the first; and now, in all, they have built twenty houses, including stables, besides other work. By such, most of them will be comfortably housed for the winter, besides sufficient hay cut, hauled and stacked, to winter all stock; and everything in a prosperous condition, with goodwill amongst the people.

The chief's house I have commenced to build myself-he having been promised

that a white man would build it. I took the work to keep down talk.

There is one thing the people are in need of, and that is clothing; for some of them are almost naked, and it is impossible for them to work out and stand the cold. Most of them have bought what they could with treaty money, but not sufficient to clothe them. I know if such would be given them, it would be great encouragement to the band.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> JOHN CRAIG, Farming Instructor.

### TABULAR STATEMENT No. 1.

Showing the number of Acres of Indian Lands sold during the Year ended 30th June, 1884, the total amount of Purchase Money, and quantity of surrendered Indian Lands remaining unsold at that date in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

				Approxi-	
Towns	Counties	Number	Amount	mate	
or .	or	of	of	Quantity	Remarks.
Townships.	Districts.	Acres sold	Sale.	remaining	
	,	:		unsold.	
		<u> </u>			
	_		\$ cts.		
Albermarle		401	375 50	4,005	
Amabel	do	200	275 CO	1,338   5,096	
uindsay	do	902 3,532	726 50 3,141 00	9,832	
St. Edmunds	do	7,587	6,092 75	34,117	
fown Plot, Hardwick	do			1,111	
do Oliphant	do	170	680 00	$112\frac{1}{2}$	
do Adair	do	[ 8 <del>]</del>	99 00	1,4404	
do Southampton	do			336 1,768	
do Bury Keppel	do	243	289 50	4,900	
Wiarton	Grey do	243	325 00	37-8	
Bidwell	Algoma District	4814	240 50	37 <sub>10</sub> 7,472	
Howland	do	500	250 00	4,290	
Sheguiandah	do	39	19 50	10,329	
Town Plot, Sheguianhah.	do			324	
Billings	do	445	222 50	4,475 6,652	
Assiginack Campbell	do	231	115 50	10,836	
Carnarvon	ا ا	100 100	50 00 50 00	9,089	
Allan	do	1,237	618 00	6,861	
Tehkumma	do	100	50 00	7,908	
Sandfield	do			6,084	
Tolsmaville	do			1,596	
Gordon	do	303	151 50	2,174	
Town Plot, Shaftesbury	do		522 50	2273	
Thessalon River Macdonald	do		1,691 00	6,567 4,559	
Garder River Reserve	do do	472	235 98	15,481	
Aweres	do			13,584	
Kars	do	1		9,479	
Fenwick	do	427	213 50	13,472	
Pennefather	do		<b></b>	18,131	
Dennis	do		***********	3,509	
Herrick Fisher	do			7,506 9,602	
Tillev	do	••••••		12,691	
Havilland	do	160	80 00	3,821	
Vankoughnet	do	677	338 50	11,173	
Tupper	do			2,800	
Archibald	do			2,900	
Laird	do	1,038	816 40	13,568	
Meredith Gore Bay	1 40		30 00	8,023	
Manitowaning	l do	3 2	233 60	35	
Robinson	do	1 000	360 00	62,550	
Dawson	do	22	11 00	32,937	
Cockburn Island	do	1,238	548 20	24,925	
Mills	do	395	270 00	11,451	
Burpee	do	198	74 00	142,99	
Barrie Island Neebing	do	598	239 40	5,964	
Needing Sarnia	Lambton	11	603 00	3,778	
Anderdon	Essex	52,28		<b> </b>	
	1		l	l	

TABULAR STATEMENT No. 1.—Showing the Number of Acres of Indian Lands sold during the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Concluded.

Towns or Townships.	Counties or Districts.	Number of A cres sold	Amount of Sale.	Approxi- mate Quantity remaining unsold.	Remarks.
Brought forward	Haldimand	23,758 <sub>100</sub>	\$ cts. 19,473 03	455,223 <sub>20</sub>	
Cayuga	do	1/3	15 00	8123	
Brantford	Brant Hastings			2,611	
Township of Toronto Ouiatchouan	Chicoutimi		60 00	11,323	
Viger	Temiscouata Ontario	60	290 00	74	
rence	do	781	206 25	1,171,70	
Manitoulin Island Islands in the Bay of	do	••••••	****** ***** *****		
Quinté Islands in the Otonabee	do	39½	236 00	*269	AT. alm Jan Close 11 To
Shincuicouse Village of Azoff	do		*****	10	Includes Small Is-
Bronte Deseronto	do	16 12,46	1,715 00 22,275 00	51 11,57	
Apequash	doQuebec	4 8 2 0 0 200 0	40 00 300 00	318,410 1,800	
Total		24,177112	44,610 28	473,910 194	

# ANNUAL REPORT-LAND SALES BRANCH.

The lands sold during the year amounted to  $24{,}177\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{0}\frac{2}{0}$  acres, and the sales to \$44,610.28.

The collections on account of old and new sales of land and timber, and also on

account of rents, amounted to \$85,672.81.

The quantity of land still in the market, in round numbers, is 473,910 acres.

New land sales entered, 393.

Payments on leases entered, 578.

Agents' returns examined and entered, 219.

Assignments of land examined and registered, 259.

Descriptions for patents examined, &c., 247.

Patents examined and despatched, 242.

Patents cancelled, 5.

Location tickets examined and entered, 37.

## L. VANKOUGHNET.

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

WM. PLUMMER,

Commissioner of Lands and Timber.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,

OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

## TABULAR STATE

AGRICULTURAL and

										_				<u>-Ł</u>
Provinces.	Indian Population Resident on Reserve.	Quantity of Land Cultivated.	New Land made] in 1883-84.	Houses or Huts.	Barnes or Stables.	Ploughs.	Harrows.	Waggons.		Threshing Machines.	Other Implements.	Horses.	Cows.	Sheep.
		Acres.	Acres.											
Ontario	15,451	60,629 <del>]</del>	1,0242	3,075	1,750	1,301	963	1,055	344	33	3,569	2,594	1,997	1,500
Quebec	4,443	3,892	90	568	196	98	81	73	. 9	12	552	174	270	53
Nova Scotia	2,088	1,4231	63 <u>1</u>	389	60	20	20	30			559	30	68	74
New Brunswick.	1,150	2,074	22	227	76	17	26	10	1		20	24	29	15
P. E. Island	292	125	8	67	6	3	4	1			58	4		·
Manitoba	10,206	1,510}	162 <del>]</del>	1,876	496	263	242	167	2	1	5,164	213	518	17
N W. Territories	20,650	7,327 <u>}</u>	2,195 <del>3</del>	2,317	459	509	324	243	29	1	8,813	748	790	
British Columbia.	34,617	3,744	295	2,193	<b>52</b> 0	149	78	72	1		1,153	3,535	1,045	174
										_				
Totals	88,897	80,725 <u>}</u>	3,861	10,712	3,563	2,360	1,738	1,651	386	47	19,888	7,322	4,717	1,833

John McGirr, Clerk of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 80th June, 1884.

MENT No. 2.
Industrial Statistics.

Pigs.	Oxen.	Young Stock.	Corn.	Wheat.	Oats.	Реав.	Barley.	Bye.	Buckwheat.	Potatoes.	Нау.	Fish, Value.	Furs, Value.	Other Industries.
			Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush	Bush.	Bush.	Tons.	\$	\$	\$
4,154	663	2,246	8,423	<b>3</b> 3,785	48,873	12,458	26,634	1,945	439	73,706	5,392	47,415	28,360	34,985
511	41	203	2,641	1,591	7,974	1,519	479		8 <b>6</b> 1	10,180	1,0282	1,189	33,140	30,395
43	11	60	95	181	747	53 <del>3</del>	12	<b>3</b> 0	42	7,469	469	7,178	5,433	13,231
60	1	62	42	147	2,365	20			1,190	6,980	190 <del>]</del>	2,250	2,720	3,613
3	2	3	2	84	340		<b></b>			1,200	46	340	10	5,500
113	330	665	296	2,053	615	6	944	•••••	·•••••••	47,272	4,009	60,695	45,563	4,560
93	730	951	803	18,775	3,369	183	20,022			59,913	5,3673	25,485	81,180	9,985
2,309	215	1,097		6,930	3,004	1,561	97			33,485	2,048	849,826	136,029	28,977
7,289	1,993	5,287	12,302	63,546	67, 286	15,800	48,188	1,975	2,532	240,205	18, <b>5</b> 50}	994,378	332,435	131,246
	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	<u></u>		<u>·</u> -		<del>'</del>	<del>.</del>	<u>.                                      </u>	<u>'</u>	·	

L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

TABULAR STATE

Showing the Condition of the various Indian School in the Dominion (from

Showing the Cond	ition of the various	Indian	School in the Dominion (from
Schools.	Names of Teachers.	Salary per Annum.	Reserve on which situated and Fund from which paid.
ONTABIO		\$ cts	-
Alderville	E. Hyndman	250 00	Alnwick Reserve. Paid by Indian School Fund and Methodist Missionary Society
Back Settlement Bear Creek		200 00 250 00	Caradoc Reserve. Paid by Band do do
Buzwah's Village	Agatha Gabow	00 000	Manitowaning Bay. Paid by Indian School Fund
Cape Croker	l .	į.	Wash
Caradoc	W. Salt	200 00 250 00	Caradoc Reserve. Paid by Band Christian Island, in Georgian Bay. Indian School Fund and Methodist
Fort William, boys	Mrs. L. Boucher	200 00	Missionary Society. Fort William Reserve. Indian School
Garden River, Protestant	Rev. Thomas Ouillet	200 00 200 00 200 00	Saugeen Reserve. Paid by Band Garden River Reserve. Paid by Band. do do Georgina Island. Indian School Fund
Gibson	Katie Kerente	200 00	and Methodist Missionary Society Gibson Reserve. Paid by Indian School Fund
Golden Lake	!	150 00	Golden Lake Reserve. Paid hy Indian
Hiawatha	E. Spence	i	School Fund
Kettle Point	Į.	1	sionary Society
Lower Muncey		1	Muncey Reserve. Indian School Fund
Mattawa, Upper Ottawa Miller, Henvey's Inlet		1	Henvey's Inlet Reserve. Band and Indian School Fund
Mississagua, New Credit	Mary Cada	350 00 200 00	Mississagua Reserve. Paid by Band. Mississagua River Reserve. Paid by Indian School Fund
Mohawk Institute, Brantford  Moraviantown  Mount Elgin Industrial Institution, at Munceytown	Daniel Edwards		New England Company Moravians of the Thames  See Remarks
Carried forward	170	8,200 00	

MENT No. 3. which Returns have been received) for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

			===							701 June, 1004.
Number of Pupils on Roll.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number Reading and Spelling.	Number Writing.	Number Learning Arithmetic	Number Learning Grammar.	Number Learning Geo- graphy.	Number Learning History.	Number Learning Music and Singing.	Number Learning Drawing.	Remarks.
39	16	36	19	26	5	25	5	••••••	6	Salary paid from a special grant of one half the amount from the Indian School Fund to the Methodist Missionary Society.
29 14	14 4	27 14	11 8	9		2		*******		
18	8	14	12	12				9		Three quarters only.
30 25	19 17	28 24	23 18	28 14	1 5	11 5		*******	•••••••	
18	10	11	7	9		1	<b></b>	·••••••		See remarks opposite Alderville.
22 28 41 25 25	11 21 22 9 14	14 18 26 23 17	9 14 22 13 12	12 11 16 19 25	4 8 1 4	7 10 9 6 25	5	••••••	8 13 15	Catechism taught. do Two quarters only.
25	16	18	11	15	6	14		•••••		See remarks opposite Alderville.
10	6	10						*********	•••••••	
17	10	16	8	8	4	3		•••••	••••••	
18	7	16	9	16	7	7			18	do do
17	8	13 .	13	13	7	11	ļ			
16 <b>2</b> 6	7 21	16 <b>26</b>	8 8	7 26	5	6			*******	Catechism taught.
25 26	9 13	17 26	11 15	25 18	16	5 16			25	Scripture taught.
14 90 56	5 90 26	11 90 51	8 90 23	7 90 15	3 90 9	1 90 10	43	90 44	48 37	One quarter only.  Object lessons and Scripture t'ght.  do  do
58	51	58	58	58	37	37	10	••••		An Industrial and boarding school \$60 per annum allowed from In- dian Funds for each of 50 pupils. Boys taught trades and farming girls, sewing, housework, &c.
712	434	620	430	486	212	301	67	143	170	

TABULAR STATE
Showing the Condition of the various Indian Schools in the Dominion (from

Showing the Condi	tion of the various l	ndian S	Schools in the Dominion (from
Schools.	Names of Teachers.	Salary per Annum.	Reserve on which situated and Fund from which <b>Pa</b> id.
Brought forward Ontario—Continued.		\$ cts. 8,200 00	
Oneida, No. 1	M. A. Beatty	250 00	Oneida Reserve. Indian School Fund
do No. 2do No. 3	John Schuyler E. Sickles	<b>25</b> 0 00	and Methodist Missionary Society. Oneida Reserve.  do  do  Indian School Fund and Band
Port Elgin	Peter Elliott Rev. K. Creighton	250 00	Nawash Reserve. Paid by Band Rama Reserve. Indian School Fund and Methodist Missionary Society
Red Line	Annie Cross	2 <b>50</b> 00	Six Nation Reserve. Indian School Fund and Methodist Missionary
Red Rock	James McKay	200 00	Red Rock Reserve. Indian School
Ryerson, Parry Island	Amelia Chechock Agnes Gabow	250 00 200 00	Band and Indian School Fund Spanish River Reserve. Indian School Fund
Saugeen	M. S. Spence	300 00	Saugeen Reserve. Indian School Fund and Methodist Missionary Society
Scotch Settlement Serpent River	Maggie Robertson Sophie Peltier	300 00 200 00	Saugeen Reserve. Paid by Band Serpent River Reserve. Indian School Fund
Shawanaga	Christina John	250 00	Shananaga Reserve. Band and Indian School Fund
Sheguiandah	1	j	Ujibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin
Sheshegwaning Shingwauk Home	Rev. E. F. Wilson, Principal	200 00 1,800 00	do On Garden River Reserve. See Remarks
do No. 6 do No. 7 do No. 8	F. Maracle		Cape Croker Reserve. Paid by Band
do No. 9	Moses Waucosh	200 0	Paid by Band
Carried forward	172	17,300 00	sionary Society and I. S. Fund

MENT No. 3—Continued. which Returns have been received) for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	<del></del> ,									
Number of Papils on Roll.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number Reading and Spell-ing.	Number Writing.	Number Learning Arithmetic	Number Learning Grammar.	Number Learning Geography	Number Learning History.	Number Learning Music and Singing.	Number Learning Drawing.	Remarks.
712	434	6 <b>2</b> 0	430	486	212	301	67	143	170	
41 28	25 15	28 20	14 8	18 9	3	17		9	15	See remarks opposite Alderville. One quarter only.
42	22	89	17	27	5	8		5	5	Indians pay \$144, and School Fund, \$106 per annum.
26	14	19	9	13		8			22	
28	9	23	12	13	2	10		········		See Remarks opposite Alderville.
25	9	22	24	19	3	9		· <b></b>		do do
16 25	9	12 25	4 13	14 17	2	<b>3</b> 9		4	17	
22	12	16	16	13				8	<b></b>	Three quarters only.
31 27	14 19	37 27	12 11	27 11	1	9		24		See Remarks opposite Alderville.
23	16	14	11	11	······				11	
19	11	17	10	11	2			<b></b>	6	
30 25	18 12	25 19	14 11	18	9	12 2			30 20	Catechism and knitting taught.
<b>28</b> 8	24	24	14	24	8	15	8		2	An Industrial School; all pupils resident; \$60 per annum for each of 30 pupils, contributed from Indian Funds. The boys learn farming, trades, &c.
144	25	38	14	30	14	14	1		44	The salaries of the teachers of those
41 23	24 12	37	19 21	36 18	19	15	1	18	6	eightschools are paid from special grants from the Indian School Fund, the funds of the Six Nations
15	8	13	9	13 25	11	11	1		ě	and the New England Co., respec- tively; the first named contribut-
23 31 32	12 19 21	23 29 32	17 14 27	19 29 32	13 5	7 13 5		18 13 25	10	ing \$400, the second \$1,500, and the third \$1,000 per annum for that purpose. School No. 6, two
11	7	11	7	8		2	<b></b>		. 9	quarters only.
6	5	6	5	5	5	5	ļ		.	See Remarks opposite Alderville.
15	10	15	12	13	10	12				do do
1,434	848	1,245	800	976	353	502	84 173	267	373	1
							113			

TABULAR STATE
Showing the Condition of the various Indian Schools in the Dominion (from

Schools.	Names of Teachers.	Salary per Annum.	Reserve on which situated and Fund from which paid.
Brought forward		\$ cts 17,300 00	
ONTARIO.			
St. Clair	Andrew Jacobs	250 00	Sarnia Reserve. Methodist Mission-
Thomas School	John Miller	<b>30</b> 0 <b>0</b> 0	ary Society and Indian School Fund Six Nation Reserve. Paid from Six
Tyendinaga, No. 1	J. Pearce	150 00	Nation Fund
do No. 2 do No. 3 do No. 4	Maggie Johnston Wesley Watson M. A. Maracle	250 00 150 00	do do do do Tyendinaga Reserve. New England
Walpole Island, No 1	Wm. Stout	300 00	Pottawattamies of Walnole Island and
do No. 2	Wm. Peters	300 00	Church of England Indian School Fund and Methodist Missionary Society
Wawanosa nome	Principal	600 00	Garden River Reserve. Indian School Fund
West Bay	E. Chartraw	<b>200 0</b> 0	Ojibbe was and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island
Whitefish Lake	Bridget Horrigan	200 00	Whitefish River Reserve. Indian School Fund
Wikwemikong, boys	Stephen Dufresne	300 00	Manitoulin Island. Indian School Fund
do girls	Lucy Haessley M. A. Wassegijig	300 00 200 00	do do
tion	Rev. D. Duronquet, Principal	1,200 00	See Remarks
Total, Ontario		22,000 00	

MENT No. 3. which Returns have been received) for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	which recurred been received for the real ended soull Julie, 1664.									
Number of Pupils on Roll.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number Reading and Spell- ing.	Number Writiing.	Number Learning Arithmetic.	Number Learning Grammer.	Number Learning Geo-graphy.	Number Learning History.	Number Learning Music and Singing.	Number Learning Drawing.	Remarks.
1,434	848	1,245	80 <b>0</b>	976	353	502	84	267	373	
.36	19	26	17	14	1	5	5	········		See Remarks opposite Alderville.
26	15	26	12	18	8	9	1	11	······	·
41 37 17	18 24 7	41 33 15	18 24 10	41 36 14	8 13 6	14 13 8	4 5 2	37		Catechism and Composition. Three quarters only.
43	27	43	16	43	4	16	2	 	15	Two do
28	13	25	13	15	2	9				
49	19	49	27	22		11	3	· <b>·····</b>		See Remarks opposite Alderville:
20	17	19	11	17	1	9	1			
23	12	18	14	12					••••••	Three quarters only.
24	18	12	8	11	2			·••••••		Two do
49 78 <b>2</b> 5	36 54 12	39 56 19	19 49 14	40 70 15	15 19 4	10 22 5	6 18 4	8 7	•••••••	Catechism and Dictation taught. Industrial arts taught.
*********	*******			•••••		••••	·····		••••••	An Industrial and boarding school \$1,200 per aunum paid from Indian School Fund. The boys learn trades, farming, &c. the girls sewing, housework, &c.
1,930	1,139	1,666	1,052	1,344	436	633	135	330	388	

TABULAR STATE

# Showing the Condition of the various Indian Schools in the Dominion (from

Showing the Cond	ition of the various	Indian	Schools in the Dominion (from
Schools.	Names of Teachers.	Salary per Annum.	Reserve on which situated and Fund from which Paid.
QUEBEC.		\$ cts.	
Canghnawaga	Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher.	350 00	Caughnawaga Reserve. IndianSchool
Chenail	C. McGee Annie Baldwin Catharine Maracle	200 00 200 00 120 00	
Lake St. John Lorette	Josephine Dubeau Sister M. du St. Sau-	200 00	Indian School Fund
MariaOka Village	veurH. BerthelotTimothy Arirhon	150 00	Paid by River Desert Indians
St. Regig	H. L. Masta Louis Roy	250 00 290 00 200 00	Indian School Funddo do do St. Régis Reserve. Paid by Band
Temiscamingue Total, Quebec		100 00	Indian School Fund
Total, Wacher	•••••••	2,880 00	
NOVA SCOTIA.			
Bear River  Eskasoni  Indian Cove  Middle River  Whycocomagh  Total, Nova Scotia	A. J. McKenzie Kate Jollymour John A. McEachen John McEachen	264 00 200 00 100 00 200 00 200 00 964 00	dodo
New Brunswick.			
Burnt Church  Eel Ground  Kingsclear.  St. Mary's.  Tobique  Total, New Brunswick.  PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	Michael Flinne	200 00 250 00 300 00 200 00 150 00	dodo
Lennox Island	John O. Arsenault	200 00	Consolidated Fund

MENT No. 3—Continued.

which Returns have been received) for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	-				,		10 10	- 1	·	Jth June, 1884.
Number of Pupils on Roll.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number Reading and Spell-ing.	Number Writing.	Number Learning Arithmetic.	Number Learning Grammar.	Number Learning Geography	Number Learning History.	Number Learning Music and Singing.	Number Learning Drawing.	Remarks.
88 27 26	48 18 16	61 23 17	. 49 14 16	43 13 13	15	15 10 3	5 1	48 11	********	Three quarters only.
17 51 37	8 22 27	14 34 29	7 18 28	7 22 37	1 14 28	1 13 26	15 26			See Remarks opposite Alderville
16 <b>24</b>	12 11	13 24	9	5 23	1	3	13	*********	*********	
21 19 35 23 27 30 26	12 10 20 9 15 17 22	13 12 27 19 14 21 23	10 7 16 13 15 14 12	7 6 27 12 13 10	2 4 9 9 5	4 3 2 9 6 7	1 8 9	25 13	24	do do do do
467	267	334	237	251	92	114	78	119	24	
19 9 26 31 22	12 5 8 13 10	19 8 13 11 18	10 5 2	14 5 26 8	1 42	7	2	**************************************		One quarter only, Two & do
107	48	69	27	53	7	18	2			
18 22 25 26 25	20	12 21 25 24 22 104	11 16 18 19 15	12 16 23 28 21	25 28 5 58	7		-	9	do d <b>o</b> Three do
1	9	12	4	8	2	7			. 2	

# TABULAR STATE

Showing the Condition of the various Indian Schools in the Dominion (from

Showing the Con	Showing the Condition of the various Indian Schools in the Dominion (from						
Schools.	Names of Teachers.	Salary per Annum.	Reserve on which situated and Fund from which Paid.				
MANITOBA AND NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.  Armsdale Mission							
Armadale Mission	Jessie McKay	ury ct.	Mistonasis Reserve, Carleton District.				
Assisippi do	Rev. John Hines	ole mole mions	Ata-ka-hoop Reserve, Carleton Dis-				
Battle River	E. B. Glass	over wh Miss	trict. Treaty 6				
Bird Tail (Sioux)	J. G. Burgess	the Groun to the Ground to the Groun to the Ground to the Groun	trict, Treaty 6				
Black River	David Prince	d by the of 42 considers of the side of the considers of the consideration of the con	Black River Reserve. Treaty 5Blood do do 7				
do Broken Head River	G. W. Bettes	ted er o ive 12 p	do do do 7 Broken Head River Reserve. Treaty 1				
Cold Lake	Rev. Père Legoff	ppor ump recei	Cold Lake Reserve, Fort Pitt District. Treaty 6				
Crane River Reserve Crow Stand	Wm. Sabiston C. G. McKay	olly supported to the number of the number of the sum of \$12 per contract.	Crane River Reserve. Treaty 2 Near Pelly(south end Coté's Reserve), Birtle District. Treaty 4				
Cumberland Duck Bay	J. W. Davis Wilfred Adam	who is the table that the table \$300	Cumberland Reserve. Treaty 5 Agent, Martineau's Agency. Treaty				
Eagle Hills	Chas. Cunningham.	choo , sud nose ch s	Near Red Pheasant's Reserve, Battle-				
Ebb and Flow Lake Fairford (Upper) do (Lower)	Rev. George Bruce	teacher of each school wholly suer the number of 25, and up to the schere of such of those schools as it, in addition to such aid, the sum to exceed 25 pupils, nor \$300.	ford District. Treaty 6				
Fisher River	Wm. T. Lyness Mrs. E. Bruce	nr of umbe f suc ditio	Fisher River Reserve. Treaty 2 Fort Alexander Reserve. Treaty 1				
do R. Catholic. Frog Lake (R.C)	Rev. J. A. Dupont Rev. F. Marchand	he n rs o rs o rs o	do Onee-pow-hayos Reserve, Fort Pitt				
Good Fish Lake	E. R. Steinhauer	he te ver t sache sache t to	District. Treaty 6				
Isle à la Crosse	Sister Seuay	to t pil o 'he te rrtme	District. Treaty 6				
Jack Head Jack Fish Creek	James Settee, jun Katie Clink	is paid ach pu n. T e Depa	trict. Treaty 6				
John Smith's Reserve	Wm. Erasmus	for entre	trict. Treaty 6				
do (Lower)  Fisher River Fort Alexander, Protestant do R. Catholic.  Frog Lake (R.C)  Good Fish Lake  Isle à la Crosse  Jack Head  Jack Fish Oreek  John Smith's Reserve  Lac Seul  Lake Manitoba  Lake St. Martin  Little Saskatchewan  Morleyville  Netley Creek  Norway House  Poundmakers' Reserve	Rev. James Irvine Wm. Sanderson Francis Storr Ben. Thom	300 per ann ber ann fact ann fact per al receive froi rage daily	trict. Treaty 6				
Morleyville Muskeg Lake	Flora McDougall Rev. J. P. Paquette.	y of \$   \$12   xceed	Treaty 7				
Netley Creek	Charles Smith	A salary and to e	Treaty 1  Norway House Reserve. Treaty 5 Poundmaker's Reserve, Battleford District. Treaty 6				

MENT No. 3 -Continued.

which Returns have been received) for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

WIII	which Returns have been received, for the Tear ended 50th June, 1884.										
Number of Pupils on Roll.		Average Daily Attendance.	Number Reading and Spell- ing.	Number Writing.	Number Learning Arithmetic	Number Learning Grammar.	Number Learning Geography	N:mber Learning History.	Number Learning Music and Singing.	Number Learning Drawing.	Remarke.
. 2	3	17	16	14	13		4				Two quarters only.
	- 1		ı								
2	4	17	24	24	24		8		•••••	•••••	One do .
2	5	4	25	25	23				24		
2	6	5	17	11	3 9						Three do
2	9	22 32	22 33	10 59	9 5		2		· <b>·····</b>	48	
ā	3	17								-40	
1	7	9	17	3	5	••••••	••••••				Two do
1	5	13 17	14 23	11 13	15 7		5		10		Three do
]	9	13	11	9	5 15		•••••		6		
2	25	18	23	13	15	7	7	2			
	30	20	21	26	17	·········					do do
]	30	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 26 \end{array}$	14 27	13 12	11 16	1	7		13		
	50	41	46	28	33	13	16		*******	4	do do
2	29	11	26	17	14	5	16 5 11				
•	55	31	59	13	19	1	11				Two do
	8	12 20	14 20	11 18	13 11	5	4 5	2	23	••••••	Three do
	- 1			1				] -			
	29	14	20	17	29	1			29		do do
	25	21	22	10	9						March quarter only.
	25	23	22	9	22	9	4	7	6		September do
	l	11	3								
	41	23	26	13	11	1	6		32	ļ. <b></b>	
	30	$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 9 \end{array}$	21	15	7	4	1		·		do do
	21	10	13	8 15	6	i			J	····	1
	17	9	18 16	11	4						
	16	9	1	ļ		1	1	1			
	43	18	13 24	9 27	3   27		25		42		1
	20	17		1		1	19		l		•
	22	11	14	12	20 15		13	1	20		1
	36	19	36	8	30	9	9			1	
	18	8	9	12			18	10	1		
			. 9	1 12	18	1	1 10	17.	18	t	Sept and Dec. quarters only.

TABULAR STATE

SHOWING the Condition of the various Andian Schools in the Dominion (from

	artion of the turn	o do yazar o tali	concols in the Dominion (non-
Schools.	Names of Teachers.	Salary per Annum.	Reserve on which situated and Fund from which Paid.
MANITOBA AND NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES—Concluded.			
Riding Mountain	Sister Paquette		Okanasc Reserve, Indian Head Agency. Treaty 4  Manitoba Village. Treaty 2 Orphans Reserve, Edmonton District. Treaty 6 St. Peter's Reserve. Treaty 1 do do
do do	Rev. Père Allard Jules Tabouret James A. Youmans		do do
Total, Manitoba and North- West Territories		*******	
BRITISH COLUMBIA.  Alert Bay	1		Consolidated Fund. Some also receive salaries from other sources.
•		i	l

MENT No. 3—Concluded.

which Returns have been received) for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Number of Prpils on Roll.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number Reading and Spell-ing.	Number Writing.	Number Learning Arithmetic	Number Learning Grammar.	Number Learning Geography	Number Learning History.	Number Learning Music and Singing.	Number Learning Drawing.		Remarks.
21 22 29 32 38 38 19 51	17 13 28 27 25 27 12 32	19 17 27 30 31 36 16 38	8 14 22 19 23 34 12 42	29 21 19 28 17 11	20 17 7 7 5	20 17 9 9 7	25 23	24 32 9 48 34		Two quar do Three	ters only. do do
1261	780	971	694	612	116	231	77	385	52		
23 56 30 84 30 31 30 42 26 30 26	12 18 27 29 29 14 15 38 18 29 25	79 30 21 19 29 22 6 25	15 14 30 59 24 29 23 35 14 7 24	11 16 30 81 24 9 30 42 16 30 25	29 	39 7 21 39 7 21 137		30 84 31 42 4 30 25 250	30 42 	Three qua Two March Two One December Three do December	rters only. do

TABULAR Statement No. 3, showing the Condition of the various Indian Schools— Concluded.

## RECAPITULATION.

Provinces.	Pupils.
Ontario	1,930
Quebec	467
Nova Scotia	107
New Brunswick	118
Prince Edward Island	15
Manitoba and North-West Territories	1,261
British Columbia	408
Total	4,306

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

JOHN McGirr,
Clerk of Statistics.

## TABULAR STATEMENT No. 4,

CENSUS RETURN OF RESIDENT AND NOMADIC INDIANS IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA, BY PROVINCES.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Algonquins of Carleton	26
do Golden Lake	77
do Renfrew	673
Chippewas and Munsees of the Thames	575
do Ottawas and Pottawattamies of Walpole Island.	802
do of Sarnia, Kettle Point and Saubledo of Snake Island	485
do of Snake Island	137
do of Rama	247
do of Saugeen	362
do of Nawash	397
do of Beausoleil	325
Iroquois and Algonquins of Gibson (Muskoka District)	117
Moravians of the Thames	275
Mississaguas of Mud Lake	<b>15</b> 8
do Rice Lake	94
do Seugog	43
do Alnwick	231
do New Credit	218
Mohawks of the Bay of Quinté	965
Oneidas of the Thames	770
Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin and Cockburn Islands,	•••
8t—	
Cockburn Island	45
Sheshegwaning	148
West Bay	244
Sucker Creek	101
Shequiandah	125
Snequiandan	41
Sucker Lake	58
South Bay	
Wikwemikong	791
Wikwemikongsing	140
ObidgewongOjibbewas of Lake Superior, at —	17
Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, at	
Fort William	416
Red Rock or Helen Island	153
Pays Plat	54
Lake Nipegon	426
Pic River	245
Long Lake	311
Michipicotin and Big Heads	283
Oiibbewas of Lake Huron, at—	
Thessalon River	172
Maganettawan	164
Spanish River	503
White Fish Lake	156
Mississagua River	141
183	

				20
	gneg			62
Serpent	River	••••••	•••••	91
	River			81
	enene			149
	ish River			73
	sland			78
	ıga			114
	Inlet			176
Lake Ni	pissing	••••••••••	•••••	162
Temogar	ningue	•••••	•••••	95
Dokis		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	62
Garden Krve	r	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	3 <b>26</b>
Batchewana	Bay	•••••	•••••	384
Six Nations	on the Grand River	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	3,230
Wyandotts of	f Anderdon	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	98
	Total			16,892
	•		=	====
	PROVINCE OF QUEB	TEC.		
41 .1.				
	St. Francis			293
	Bécancour			39
	of Desert		•••••	411
do	Temiscamingue	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	136
do	South Pontiac.			1,028
do	TIOI MI UO J			-,020
do	Bigelow, Wells, Blake, M	cuill, Coun	by of	
•	Ottawa		•••••	14
do	Beauman, Villeneuve, Cou		wa	1
do	Mulgrave, Derry	do	•••	15
do	St. Angélique	ģο	•••	6
do	Hartwell	do	•••	25
do	North Nation	do	•••	11
do	River Rouge, North	do	•••	31
do	Hull (City)	do	•••	3
do	Hull	do	•••	5
do	Gatineau (Village)	do	•••	1
do	Wright	do	•••	8
do	Egan, Maniwaki	do	•••	225
do	Aumond	do	•••	_ 1
ďο	Unorganized Territory	do	•••	320
ďο	Argenteuil			24
do	Shefford			2
do	Bagot	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	1
do	Danville (Village)	•••••	•••••	2
do	Victoriaville	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	8
do	St. Médard			1
do	Megantic			2
do	L'Islet			21
do	Beauce			2
do	Kamouraska	••••••	•••••	2
do	St. Timothée	••••••••••••	• • • • • • •	2
do	Côteau Landing (Village)	)	•••••	4
do	St. Urbain	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	4
do	Point au Pic (Village)		• • • • • •	4
do	St. Joachim		• • • • • •	1
do	Quebec (City)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5
	184			

Algonquins of Quebec (County)	33
do Champlain	379
do Montreal (City)	13
do Laval	1
do Rimouski	<b>3</b> 9
do St. Sylvestre	2
do Three Rivers	11
do Stanstead	10
do Montcalm	9
do Joliette	1
do Berthier	53
do Iberville	7
do Maskinongé	18
do St. Maurice	174
do Compton	10
	2
do Portneuf	73
Amalicites of Temiscousta	
do Viger	110
Hurons of Lorette	289
Iroquois of Caughnawaga	1,485
do St. Regis	1,132
do and Algonquins of the Lake of Two Mountains.	375
Micmacs of Gaspé	71
do Maria	80
do Restigouche	464
Montagnais of Betsiamits	463
do Escoumains	53
do Godbout	41
do Grand Romaine	287
do Lake St. John	373
do Mingan	178
Naskapees of the Lower St. Lawrence	2,860
Seven Islands	269
Doven Islands	
Total	12,023
10001	12,020
<del></del>	
•	
PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.	
11 D. L. V	000
Micmacs of Annapolis, Digby, Yarmouth and Shelburne	333
do Kings County	84
do Queens	98
do Lunenburg	<b>54</b>
do Halifax	178
do Hants	170
do Colchester	100
do Cumberland	137
do Picton	180
do Antigonish and Guysboro'	175
do Richmond	248
do Inverness	81
do Victoria	109
	250
do Cape Breton	200
Total	2,197
10181	2,101

### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.	
Micmacs of Restigouche	38
do Gloucester	40
do Northumberland	388
do Kent	380
do Westmoreland	87
Amalicites of Madawaska	30
do Victoria	180
do Carleton	39
do Charlotte	73
do St. Johns	31
do York, Sunbury, Kings and Queens County	231
Total	1,524
PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	
W	900
Micmacs	
PROVINCE OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST TERRITOR	TRS.
Chippewas and Crees of Treaty No. 1	3,395
do do do 2	895
do Sauteux do 3	2,605 ·
do do and Crees of Treaty No. 4	7,079
do do do	3,155
Plain and Wood Crees of Treaty No. 6	8,157
Blackfeet of Treaty No. 7	6,673
Resident Sioux	2,000
Total	33,959
Describe Describe	0.000
Peace River District	2.038
Athabaska do	8,000
McKenzie do	7,000
Eastern Rupert's Land	4,016
Labrador (Canadian Interior)	1,000
Arctic Coast	<b>4,</b> 00 <b>0</b>
•	
PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.	
West Coast Agency.	
• •	
Ahhousaht	296
Clao-qu-aht	304
Chaic-cles-aht	147
Ehatt-is aht	143
Emlh-wilh-laht	222
Hosh-que-aht	222
Howchuk-lis-aht	52
Kel-seem-aht	154
Ky-wk-aht	591
Match-itl-aht	74
Mooach-aht	254
Nitten-aht	269,
IXA	

Nooch-alh-laht	139
Oi-aht	233
Opitches-aht	52
Pacheen-aht	79
Too-qu-aht	32
Tsesh-aht	171
150511-4110	111
Total	3,437
Fraser River Agency.	
Assylitch	26
Assylitch Burrard Inlet, Reserve No. 3	49
Burrard Saw Mills	232
Capitano Creek.	44
Cheam	145
Chehales	143
Co anit lam	
Co-quit-lum	54 C=
Co-qua-piet	67
Cla-hoose	83
Douglas	131
Ewa-boos	79
Em-alcom	49
False Creek	42
Harrison Mouth	44
Hope	154
Katsey	112
Klatanars	26
Langley	118
Matsqui	61
Mission—Burrard Inlet	174
Misqueam	139
New Westminster	125
Nicoamen	17
Ohamille	<b>62</b>
Pemberton Meadows	140
Popkum	35
Samamhoo	119
Schurye	25
Sechelt	239
Skokale	50
Skowall	69
Skukem Chuck	78
Skulteen	34
Semaccom	53
Seymour Creek	38
Souah	118
Squatils	81
Squamish—Hon Sound	281
Sliammon	249
Slumagh	39
So nehala	19
Squeam	46
Sumas, No. 1	19
do No. 2	56
do No. 3.	26

Syuay	30
To-ylee	58
Tsonassan	91
Wadington Harbor	50
Whonock	39
Yak-y-you	<b>62</b>
Yale	216
Total	4,536
Kamloops Agency.	
Clock-toot	194
Jack-quy-ome	257
Kamloops	34 <b>5</b>
Kell-aout	233
Kroaout.	233 123
Ne-kat-sap	90
Nicomen	84
Nic-com-sin	317
SheookeShimmed har	229
Shimps-hon	186
Sieka	<b>3</b> 9
Skappah	41
Sket-shiotin	83
Spuzzum	186
Sratt kemer	230
Ti-chom-chin	569
Total	3,206
Consistent Assessed	
Cowichan Agency.	
Che-erno	75
Comea-kin	95
Clem-clemalate	160
Comox	48
Esquimalt	30
Hel-alt	42
Kil-pan-hus	5
Ke nip-sim	63
Kok-si-lah	<b>2</b> 6
Kul-leets	86
Ll mal ches	25
Lyach sun	82
Mal-a-hut	17
Nanaimo	198
Pan-que-chin	69
Penel-a-kut.	239
Pant ledge	15
Qua michan	251
Qual-i-cum	23
Sailk-sun	22
Sick-a-meen	31
Sno-no-wus	16
Somenos	89
Songhecs.	115
	110

188

	4.4.4
Sooke	30
Tsar-out	55
Tsart-ilp	88
Tse-kum	34
Tsussie	40
Total	2,069
Kwawkewlth Agency.	
Ah-knaw-ah-mish	63
Ah-mah-oo, Saich-kioil-tachs	35
Ah-wah-eet tla-la	00 40
All-wan-eet-tia-ia	49
Keope-e-no	14
Kose kemoe	144
Klah-wit-sis	
Klass-ki-no	8
Kwawt-se-no	33
Kwaw-she-lah	45
Kwaw-waw-i-nuck	36
Kwaw-kewlch	60
Nwaw-kewich	00
Kwe ah-kah	61
Kwe-ah-kah, Saich-kioie-tachs	37
Kwick so-te-no	36
Mah-tee-cetp	70
Mah-ma-lil-le-kullah	160
Nah-knock-to	146
Nim-keesh	
Noo-we-tee	91
Ta-nock-teuch	110
Ta-nock-teuch	116
Tsah-waw-ti-neuch	
Waw-lis-knahkewlth	33
Waw-lit-sum, Saich-kioie-tachs	75
We-wai ai kum do	52
We-wai-ai-kai do	114
m l	1.000
Tctal	1,889
Okanagan Agency.	
Cheh-chewe-hem	78
Fin Izo min	79
En-ke-mip En-ke-map-o-tricks	233
Hun-ka sis-ket	400
Hun-ka sis-ket	29
Kerem-eeos	59
Ni-ack	172
Penticton	
Quin-sha-atin	25
Quss-kan-aht	34
Shen nos-quan-kin	50
Spah-a-man	180
Spallum acheen	104
Yon-kt	104
10n-Kt	22
Total	1,188
	-,
Williams' Lake Agency.	,
Alexandria	65
Alkali Lake	171

Anahim's Tribe	100
	193
Anderson Lake	69
Bridge River	80
Canoe Creek	178
Cayoosh	80
Cheewack	15
Clinton	61
Dog Creek	11
Fountain	213
High Bur	40
Kaninis' Tribe	98
Kioch's Tribe	45
Lillooet	117
Pavilion	71
Pashilqua	36
Pemberton	203
Quesnelle	<b>62</b>
Seton Lake	143
Soda Creek	73
Toosey's Tribe	96
Williams' Lake	144
Total	2,264
	====
No Agents have as yet been appointed for the following Bands,	namely:-
Pollogoda	•
Hiletsuck	
IIII GIBUCK	<b>2</b> ,500
LIIOUSUCK 1	•
Hydah	2,500
Hydah	2,500 400
Hydah Kootenay Siccanee	2,500 400 500
Hydah Kootenay Siccanee Tahelie	2,500 400 500 1,000
Hydah.  Kootenay.  Siccanee  Tahelie  Tsimpsheean	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000
Hydah Kootenay Siccanee Tahelie	2,500 400 500 1,000
Hydah.  Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522
Hydah.  Kootenay.  Siccanee  Tahelie  Tsimpsheean	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522
Hydah.  Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION.	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick.	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories.	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 212,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959
Hydah.  Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION.  Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 212,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District McKenzie District	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District McKenzie District Eastern Rupert's Land	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000 4,016
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District McKenzie District Eastern Rupert's Land Labrador (Canadian Interior)	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000 4,016 1,000
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District. McKenzie District. Eastern Rupert's Land Labrador (Canadian Interior). Arctic Coast.	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000 4,016 1,000 4,000
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District McKenzie District Eastern Rupert's Land Labrador (Canadian Interior)	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000 4,016 1,000
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District. McKenzie District. Eastern Rupert's Land Labrador (Canadian Interior). Arctic Coast. British Columbia	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000 4,016 1,000 4,000 39,011
Hydah. Kootenay. Siccanee Tahelie Tsimpsheean Bands not visited  Total.  RECAPITULATION. Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia New Brunswick Prince Edward Island Manitoba and North-West Territories. Peace River District Athabaska District McKenzie District Eastern Rupert's Land Labrador (Canadian Interior) Arctic Coast. British Columbia	2,500 400 500 1,000 5,000 8,522 20,422 16,892 12,023 2,197 1,524 292 33,959 2,038 8,000 7,000 4,016 1,000 4,000

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

John McGire, Clerk of Statistics,
Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 30th June, 1884.

MEMORANDUM of sums which have been returned to Consolidated Fund as Casual Rovenue, during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

## Manitoba and the North West.

Refund of	Indian annuities	<b>8</b> 278	00
do	cash received for barley and outs sold	1,085	38
do	do lumber sold	6	
do	do cattle sold	135	
do	do saddle sold	30	
	school teacher's salary	96	
		30	UU
do	payment for improvements in Rolling	1 400	00
_	River Reserve	1,400	vv
do	unexpended balance of cash advanced for		
	survey	<b>85</b>	93
	British Columbia.		
Defund of	unexpended portion of grant to rebuild		
retund of	houses at Metlakathla	10	52
4.	cash obtained for horse hire		50
do	cash received for stove and tinware sold	_	
do	Cash received for stove and unware sold.	20	
do	Customs duty paid	75	00
	New Brunswick.		
D. ( J. o.)	unexpended portion of grant for the pur-		
Meluna of	of seed grain	90	15
cnase	or seed grand	29	19
	Nova Scotia .		
Refund of	unexpended portion of grant for the pur-		
aheea	of seed grain	94	40
CHASE	OI DOOR 9-22-	44	±0
	_	\$3,280	25

## FARMING AGENCIES AND

APPROXIMATE

_							
						G	RAIN AND
No. of Farm.	Name of Instructor and Chiefs.	Location.	Total Broken.	r Grop,	r Crop,	ed.	Gut.
No. o			Total	Under 1884.	Under 1883.	Fenced	Нву
i				Астев.		١.	]
1	Way-way-se-capps	Bird Tail Creek	Acres. 82	70	Acres.	Acres.	Tons.
•	The Gambler	Silver Creek	105	100	25	141	130
	Kee-see-koo-min				30		
2	A. Genaile Coté	Fort Pelly		106	80	106	250
	Kee-see-kons	do	70	70	55	70	160
_	The Key	do	76	50	30	150	25
3	P. Hourie Cha-ka-chas	Crooked Lakes					40
	Ka-kish-she-way	do	104	74	56	71	122
	Cow-e-sess	do	301	85	193	227	183
	Sakimay  Ka-kee-wis-ta-haw	do	36 58	l 16 <u>4</u> ∤ 55	51 53	6 55	28 55
. 4	S. Hockley	Qu'Appelle Lakes	10	10	10	10	90
	Pasquah	do	235	1891	127	275	200
5	Mus-cow-pe-tung J. Nicol	do File Hills	83	68	44 8	75 12	90
U	O Kaneese	do	44	41	234	50	50 34
	Pee-pee-ke-sis	do	55	55	23 1/2	40	40
	Star Blanket	do   do	301	30½ 47	23	34	30
6	L. Couture	Touchwood Hills	47 35		27 12	50 35	35
•	Kah-wah-kah-toose	do	85	78 <del>]</del>	52	67	50
	Day Star	do	86	67 60	50	70	50-
	Mus-cow-e-quan Geo. Gordon	do do	75 115	115	30 58	60 100	100
	Yellow Quill		29	15	16	20	40
7	W. S. Grant	Indian Head					40
	The-man-who-took-the-coat	do	66	473	37	40	40
	Long Lodge		31	8		ii	20
	R. McKinnon				·····		50
	Pia pot	of Aug. was removed	22	22	•••••	20	50
		to a new Reserve in the	1	1		l	į.
	John Tombins	Qu'Appelle Valley.	1	1		l	l
8	John Tomkins Beardy	do	275	2013	169	450	50
	Okemasis	do	204	1211	. 152	600	50
	M. Dumas						
9	One Arrow Wm. Twatt	Stnrgeon Lake	158 58	93 58	68	220 70	25
Ĭ	John Smith	South Branch	538	411		60ŏ	100
	Cha-kas-ta-pay-sin	do	64	48		50	20
10	James Smith	Fort à la Corne	61 71	58 39 <del>]</del>	**************************************	60 300	15
10	Ah-tah-hah-koop	do	260	177	51 166	450	80 125
	Mis-tah-wah-sis	do	235	183 <del>]</del>	123	440	120
	Pe-te-quay-kee		105 9	58 <del>]</del>	36	220	60
	Ke-pau-wek mum Kenne-may-ta-yo		8	7 5	***********	8 6	*****
11a	J. Payne	Eagle Hills	33		293	200	
,	Lean Man	do	45	» 35	8	1 , ,,	} 70
	Bear's Head Mosquitoe	dodo	135	117	79	1,500	80
116	Geo. Applegarth	do	133			1	
		192	•	•			******

### INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

RETURN OF :-

Roots	Sown.				<del></del>			Gr	AIN AND	Roots I	HARVESTEI	). 
Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Carrots.	Peas.	Garden.	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Turnipa.
Acres 49 <b>6</b> 8	Acres 8 5	Acres	Acres 8 13	Acres	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Bush. 490 700	Bush. 150	Bush. 15 50	Bush. 15 50	Bush. 100 50
12 14	14 4	55 37	16 10	6 3	1		2 11 11/2	150 50	350	500 60	250 60	300
25 45	••••••	13	16	8	2			162	********	***************************************	503	284
50 45 7 <del>3</del> 133 <del>4</del>		6 10 2	18 5 4 2	10 13 3	1½ 1			65		20	1,079 350 292 30	110
133 <del>4</del> 41 <del>1</del> 26	5	30 10 1 4	17 9½ 2 3	6 <u>1</u> 6			2 1 2	897 320 160	50	216 65 25 50	1,079 449 250 250	20 30 10
26 16 <del>]</del> 20		114 42 14	53 23 43	73 44 61		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4 21 2	200 120 195		150 80 233	410 270 463	15 6 20
30 18 <del>]</del> 21 49		26 27 15 42	10 81 11 10	10 10 11 12	1 1 1		11/2 2 1 1	10 229 120 350		75 135 150 100	870 811 309 632	35 20 40 50
61	•••••	6	29	4	2		Onions.		•••••••	85	140	10
	********		18	3	1			100	********		250	
150					<u></u>			600			500	
64 45	3	40 46 36	4 4 3	5 <del>3</del> 6 <u>4</u> 8 <u>1</u>	1			350	********	200 230 216	450 300	60
25 245 30 30	5	25 146 15 21	8 2 3	2 2 2 2 2	1		2 4	300 100 75	*******	100 498 60 63	200 400 80 120	20
12 110 137 40	11	12 50 30 8	1½ 8 7 3	5 6 5	1		3 3	100 400 500 50	********	120	125 1,000 800 125	10 80 70
. 1	1	4	1					6		16	120 60 500	
. 45	1	. 10 . 50	15 15	3	1 2		2 2	17 30	ļ	. 150	800	} 1

# FARMING AGENCIES AND APPROXIMATE

_					A	PPROXI	MATE
		·				GR	CINA NIA
No. of Farm.	Name of Instructor and Chiefs.	Location.	Total Broken.	Under Grop, 1884.	Under Crop, 1883.	Fenced.	Hay Cut.
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Tons.
	Red Pheasant	Eagle Hills	183	170	131	240	75
<b>12</b> a	Sweet Grass (late Strike-	Battle River		****	****		
12b	him-on-the-back R. Jefferson	do	237	128	583	300	215
12c	Poundmaker R. Craig	do	250	200	180½	250	160
	Little Pine D. L. Clink	do Jack Fish Creek	50	281	******	30	100
136	Moosoomins	do Saskatchewan	124	124	108	500	75
	Thunder Child	do do	75 50	45 39	•••••	500 <b>4</b> 50	30
14	G. G Mann See-kas-kootch	Fort Pitt, Onion Lake Onion Lake	306	244	<b>4</b> 0 17 <b>4</b>	400	40 100
15	John Delaney We-mis-ti-coo-se-a-wa-sis.	Frog Lakedo	6 3 <b>9</b>	4 39	32 <del>1</del> <b>22</b>	4 39	30 ° 50
	O-nee-pow-hayo Pus-kah-ah-go-win	do	30 18	25 18	143 84	25 18	40 25
	Kee-hee-win Chippeweyans	Long LakeCold Lake	30 97	28 <del>}</del> 58 <del>}</del>	15 <sup>2</sup> 19	50 200	100 100
16	C. Carson	Saddle Lake					
	Pee-ay-sees	Lac la Biche					
	Mus-keg-ah-wa-tick Blue Quill	Washatanow Creek Eagle Lake	l				
	Chippewayan Beaver Lake Band	Hart's Lake					
17	W. J. O'Donnell	Rivière Qui Barre	16 <u>1</u> 77	16 <del>]</del> 77	125 57	200	
	Alexander	Stony Lake	30 100	30 100	22 71	700	
18	S. B. Lucas	Peace Hills	75½ 67½	523	75 <u>1</u> 59		
	Sampson	do	703		16		
	Muddy Bull	Pigeon Lake	30½ 17½	17	9		
19	Assiniboines	Morlevville	191	13	198		
<b>2</b> 0a	G. W. Wheatley	Blackfoot Crossing	25½ 41	25 <u>1</u> 41	151	25½ 45	50
	Three Bulls	do	20}	20	]]	20}	
	Weasel Calf	do	22	161	11	16	1
	Rabbit Carrier	do	19}	1		251	l
	Sitting Eagle	do	181		11	18}	1
208	White Eagle	South Blackfeet	ļ	107	J		
	do	North Blackfoot Reserve.	7	ļ			45
	-	194					

### INDIAN RESERVATIONS-Continued.

RETURN OF:-

.00тв 1	Bown.							Gr	AIN AND	Rоотя Н	ARVESTED	
Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Turnips	Carrots.	Peas.	Garden.	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Turnips.
Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Bush.	Bush	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
75	15	65	3	2	)		10				100	100
•••••		•••••••	······································		••••••	•••••	•••••		******			•••••
60		40	14	8	2		4	30		150	75	10
25	5	150	8	7	3		2	20		159	75	15
		25	2	11						50	65	10
60	20	20	10	10	3		1			50	36	<b>2</b> 0
13 12		27 23	1 1	4 3		••••••••		120		320	45	20
•••••		200	18	10	*******		24	75	100	3,000	1,000	80
6	ა	200 3	1/2	1			1			75	100	7
6		21	8	3	2		2	120	50	250 250	200 450	30 5
3	4	12 10	8 4	1	3			100		250	150	7
		20	6	1	1		j		}	400	560	10
••••••		46	93	$2\frac{1}{2}$	j		4	•••••				****** ***
••••••		********						***************************************			*****	
•••••••												
•••••						***************************************	· [ ······					
••••••				••••••								
********												
*******								J				
•••••		15	1 2	1	4		·	}				
10		60	5 8		1 3							
4 3		16 90	5	1								
•••••									.			
11		23	11	5		**********	:	¦}	· į ······			
5 5		27	13	32	1			1				
*******		14	23	1 1								
•••••	·   ·••••	4	23 63	3	[]		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
*******	. 15	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					• ••••••		•   • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
10		******	2	8	- 1	1		.			300	2
18	1	·   · · · · · ·	113	7	3	1 *		•   •••••		•   • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,450	5
3	•••••	•	. 5	6	1		•• ••••••				700	4
4	1	.	. 54	4	1		•				650	1
7	<u>1</u>		. 53	1	1	3					650	a
5			. 102	1	1					1	1,700	
*****			1 .04	1	"			775	200		5,750	,
*****	.				. [						2,375	1,

# FARMING AGENCIES AND APPROXIMATE

						G	RAIN AND
No. of Farm.	Name of Instructor and Chiefs.	Location.	Total Broken.	Under Grop, 1884.	Under Crop, 1883.	Fenced.	Hay Cut.
	Old Sun }	Blackfoot Crossing	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Tons.
	Horn Bull Elk	do	33 34	32 34	65	33 31	
21	Bear Child	Near Fort Macleoddo do do do	18 19 26 12	18 123 103 84	1	18 25 20 12	35
22	Running Wolf Big Swan Crow Eagle W. C. McCord	do do do do	9 23 <u>1</u> 32 1 <u>1</u>	5 23½ 27	} 201	9 23 25 1½	50
25	O. Lawford	do Moose Mountains  do	250	164 52	180 <u>3</u> 43	260 52	40
	Ocean Man	do do	59	55	34	55	60
<b>2</b> 6	White Bear Peter Brown	do Near Calgary	52 293	Į	12 30½		40 35
	Sarcees	do	83	79	452	68	810
		Riding Mountain Bird Tail CreekOak River	206 175	205 139	126 115	120 90	250 300
	Standing Buffalo	Oak Lake	65 34 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>4</sub>		35 2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 72		60 30

INDIAN RESERVATIONS-Continued.

RETURN OF :-

												====
Roots	Sown.							G	RAIN A!	ND ROOTS	HARVESTI	ED.
Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Carrots.	Peas.	Garden.	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Turnips.
Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres. Onions	Acres.	Acres	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
		.]	2	4	2	2	2				68	200
15	4	!	7	3	Onions.		2			·	141	150
_	1 1			8	Onions.	3	!	1	[	1	185	
10	4		6	۱۰۱	Onions.	"	********			·····	190	400
3	4 11		4	3 1	2 1	2	<u>-</u>				12 290	150 40
5 ] }			43 74 43	14!								
			41	J.		1	<u>-</u>	100	50	[	6 700	280
12	2		10 22½	1 1	1 1		3			<b> </b>		
*******			II	1			10		···········		250	
4	8	5	127	10			10				7,000	1,000
******	1				1	Corn.	1	1 20	1		-	100
28		10	7	4	1 1	Corn.		20		50	50	100
29	ll	12	6	4	13	21		10	l	50	50	100
*******					1	Corn.		[]				
5	l	10	5	4	1 11	21/2		······	l	l!		200
••••••	34	•••••	2	13	i -1	Ar'ch'ks	1		l1	[]	100	ı
4		14	17	22	7	3	12	1 . 1	1 . 1	1 . 1	1,600	1,058
UX.			<u> </u>		·							
	<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del>	, ,		ii		1	1 1	
125			18	6			35- <u>1</u>	600	200	,	1,000	300
40	20 12		50	4	. 1	4	281	450	200		6,000	200
8 1	4	1	5	1	4	,	6 <del>3</del>	100	200		300	50
6			3	1	4		63	20			60	25
58 30		263	17 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	61			2	496   250		244 60	1,338 180	300
١ "		3	, 1	. "	1	1	1	, 200	,	, 00	100	1
		السيسة										

# FARMING AGENCIES AND APPROXIMATE

			Grain Hai	AND RO		Number of Reserve.	nclud-
No. of Farm.	Name of Instructor and Chiefs.	Location.	Carrots.	Peas.	Garden Seede.	Approximate Nun Indians on Rese	Men Employed, includ- ing Instructor.
1	Way-way-see-capps	Rind Tail Croak	Bush.	Bush.		110	
	The Gambler $\dots$	Silver Creek				119 206	
2	Kee-see-koo-min A. Genaille	Riding Mountain		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
2	Coté	do			••••••	260	) 1 for
!	Kee-see-koos	do			•••••	177	} }
3	The Key P. Hourie	do		••••••		77	) a year
v	Cha-ka-chas	do				363	
	Ka-ke-she-way	do	6	••••••			****** *****
	Cow-e-sess	dodo				285 138	******
	Ka-kee-wis-ta-haw	do				245	*****
4	S. Hockley	Qu'Appelle Lakes			•••••		4
	Pasquah	do	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		•••••	273	
	Mus-cow-pe-tung	do			••••••	182	
5	J. Nicol	File Hills			*******		3
	O Kaneese	do				82	
	Pee-pee-kee-sis	do		. <b></b>		142	
	Star BlanketLittle Black Bear	do			1	111	
6	L. Couture	do	10			141	3
•	Kah-wah-kah-toose	do	50			160	
	Day Star		55		¦······	97	
	Mus-cow-e-quan   George Gordon		75			268 229	******
	Yellow Quill	Nut Lake				233	
7	W. S Grant	Indian Head		••••••			3
	The-man-who-took-the-coat					251 88	
	R. McKinnon			····			3
	Die met	D: 1		ł	l i		}
	Pia-pot	of August was removed	*****	ļ		550	······································
	]	to a new Reserve in the					1
8	John Tomkins	Qu'Appelle Valley.				1	١ .
0		Duck Dave					2
	Beardy	do			10	153	
	Okemasis	do			10	113	
					] 10	, 110	
	M. Dumas	South Branch		•••••			1
	One Arrow	do			15	127	•••••
9	Wm. Twatt	Sturgeon Lake		1		141	
	John Smith	South Branch			40	194	
	Cha-kas-ta-pay-sin				10	79	
10	G. Chaffee	Snake Plains			10	141	3
	1	1	1	1		1	
	Ah-tah-hah-koop	do			50	192	

### INDIAN RESERVATIONS—Continued.

RETURN OF :-

tt.	~									
HORSES	S OR CA	TTLE Po	WER.							
Given u		Priva								
Trea or on L		Proper India			Buildi	n O'	s Erec	eted	,	Remarks.
					Duna	-6			•	tecmat ve.
#	انہ	68.	ند	Ì						
Horses.	Oxen	Ногвев	Oxen.	1						
	_	<u> </u>	0							·
. 1										
, <b></b>	10				houses;			e <b>s</b> .	••••••	
************	14	8	2	16	do	8	do	•	*******	Transferred to Manitoba Superintendency.
					••••••	••••			••••••	
••••••	20 10			28 24	houses; do	20	s stabi O do		*******	
	8		*******		do	- 1	7 do		•••••••	
. 2	8			1	do	1	3 do	•	••••••	
·	8			17	do	1	d do	,	*******	These two Bands are now in one.
***************************************	18	120			do	23			••••••	
	6 8	11		6 20	do do		4 do 8 do		•••••••	
4	2	**********		12	do	- 1	l do	) 1	root	
.				_	house	; ,1	store	ho	use	No Home Farm.
•••••	<b>24</b> 13	13 9		12	houses;		5 do		}	
3	4			2	do			) 1	imp.	
,	6	4		10	shed .	: .	stab	les	•••••	No Home Farm.
,	2	3			do	ŧ	i do	Ι.	••••••	
, <b></b>	4	4		7	do do	3	3 do 1 do		*******	The gardens were very poor.
3	6	15		15 2	do	3			•••••••	No Home Farm.
••••••	7	8		15	do		do		····· }	
••••••	7 5	5 50		14	do do		3 do 3 do	_ '	}	
	8	16		27	фo	8	d de	ο,		
•••••	7	30	5	7	do do	4	l do L do		J	No Home Farm.
3	6 2	40		30	_		do		••••••••	No nome Farm.
*************	2	25		40	do		do		·········	
4	8	•••••		1	do house	]			store-	No Home Farm; horse and cattle power,
	•••••	40		8	houses			les.	••••••	and buildings transferred to new Reserve
			İ	ŀ						
				١.	•.					
2	*******			1	do buildi				other	
•	14	19		18	houses;	4	table	s;2	other	No Home Farm.
	12		1	1,0	buildi houses	ng	8 K sta	ahla		1 1
******	""	6		1.4	other	bu	ilding	38 .		
••••••			******	1:::	houses	•••	A a+	ahl		
**********	8	25		1	other by	iile	ling		••• •••••	
A1 *** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	4	15	ļ	16	houses	; 1	C stal	bles	3 )	
******	20	35					0 de 2 de		::::}	
	5	12					6 d	0	)	
2	6	ļ		2	do				l other	
4*****	15	15		21	houses	;	4 st	abl	es; 2	
	I	1	I	1	other	bί	ıildin	gs		l

### FARMING AGENCIES AND

### APPROXIMATE

			Grain Hai	AND ROVESTED		Number of Reserve.	includ-
No. of Farm.	Name of Instructor and Chiefs.	Location.	Carrots.	Peas.	Garden Seeds.	Approximate No Indians on Re	Men Employed, includ- ing Instructor.
			Bush.	Bush.	50	226	
	Pe-te-quay-kee Ko-pau-wek-mus Kenne-may-ta-yo J. Payne	Meadow Lake			20	165 52 99	
11a	J. Payne	do	*****		*******	47 127	2
	Red Pheasant	do do Eagle Hills Battle River		••••••	********	126 145	
	Sweet Grass (late Strike-him-on-the-back)	do				225	
	Poundmaker	do			••••••	156 421	2
	D. L. Clink	(		********	••••••	101	1
	Thunder Child	do				78 82	1
15	See-kas-kootch	Onion Lake		••••••		180	1
	We-mis-ti-coo-se-a.wa-sis O-nee-pow-hayo Pus-kah-ah go-win Kee-hee-win Chippeweyans	do	75 50			92 67 32 138	
16	Chippeweyans	Whitefish Lake				340	2 4
	Mus-keg-ah-wa-tick	Saddle Lake   Washatanow Creek   Eagle Lake		********	***************************************	99 78 65	
17	Beaver Lake Band	i	1	ı	1	ı	3
18	Michel	Stony Lake Lac la Nonne Peace Hills				205 189	1
	Sampson	do	******		*******	294 118	
19 <b>2</b> 0a	Assiniboines	Morleyville	***********			164 621	8
	Crowfoot   Three Bulls	Blackfoot Crossing200	30	l''''i			

### INDIAN RESERVATIONS—Continued.

### RETURN OF :-

Horses	OR CA	TTLE PO	WER.			
Given u	nder	Priva	te			
Trea	ty	Propert	yof	m 1131 Wassie 2		
or on L	oan.	India	an.	Buildings Erected	٠.	Remarks.
. 1						
Horses.	ri i	Horses.	ä			
5	Oxen.	lor	Oxen.			
	_					
1				16 etabla		
	17	17	3	22 houses; 16 stable other buildings		
	5	1		8 houses ; 7 stables .		
4****		7	•••••	3 do 2 do .	••••••	
**********	1	****** *****	•••••	7 do 1 do . 2 dwellings; 3 stabl	la )	•
3	2			5 do		No Home Farm. Same being fallowed to be
*******	8	7		14 do latabl	le ]	subsequently given Indians.
	16	3			}	4 4
2	12	8	2	1 stable 29 houses ; 1 stable	{	
2	10			20 100000 ;	••••••	No Home Farm.
_			١ ٠	or tourne 11 stables		No material and an all a later and a
Mac	18	10			••••••	No returns yet received. No report of crops.
	20	58		25 houses; 8 stables.	******	No report of crops.
1	*******		}	10 houses ; I stable ; l	store-	
***************************************	8	35	<b></b>	hause; 1 tool house		do No Home Farm.
2	11	7	********	11 houses; 3 stables.	******	No Home Farm.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•			_	
				5 houses	•••••)	No manual C
*****	10	10 5		D HOUSES	····· }	No report of crops.
2	2		İ	3 houses ; 5 stables.	••••••	Home Farm given to See-kas-kootch.
•••••	20	7			••••••	Land includes last years Home Farm
4	6		<b>!</b> .	2 do 3 do .	•••••••	No Home Farm.
ī	6	16		3 do	*****	Abandoned Stony Lake. Now cultivate
••••••	3	6		3 do 3 stables		Home Farm.
••••••	8	1		2 do 2 do 6 9 do 4 do 6	•••••••	
*******	7	1 <b>6</b> 16	8	40 do 35 do	••••••	
2				4 do 3 do .	····· }	
***** *****			ļ	42 do 18 do. 6 do 4 do.		
******	10					
***********	16			7 do 10 do .	}	No reports received in time for insertion.
******	4			·	·····	The potatoe crop is fairly good.
************	********					
7	5	5 mule	8		other	
			i .	buildings	•••••••	No Home Farm.
******	6	50 40		18 houses 39 do 2 stables .		No report of crops received.
1	10	45		22 do 3 do .		•
5	3		•	2 do 3 do		No Home Farm.
. 00001 00000	8		••••			İ
	8 5				}	No report of crops received.
**********	4			23 do 5 do .		Fara or orobe tocorrors
**********				24 do 2 do .	J	Clared to Mr. ann.
5				103 do 1 do .	R98	Closed in May, 1884. No Home Farm.
************	********	•••••		1 stable; 1 ration ho	ouse	
*****			ļ	37 houses	••••••	1
				201		

# FARMING AGENCIES AND APPROXIMATE

				Grain Har	AND R		Number of Reserve.	Employed, includ- Instructors.
No. of Farm.	Name of Instructor and Chiefs.	Location		Carrots.	Peag.	Garden Seeds.	Approximate N Indians on R	Men Employed ing Instructo
				Bush.	Bush.			
'	Medicine Shield	Blackfoot Crossi	ng	12			}	•••••
	Eagle Rib	đo		18				
	Rabbit Carrier'			30			1325	
	Calf Robe	do		30	*******	********	i	*****
	Sitting Eagle	đo		7				•••••
208	S. M. Scott	South Blackfeet		97				
	do	North Blackfoot	Reserve.	240	44		······	4
	Old Sun	Blackfoot Crossi	ng	Onions. 60 Onions.	16			
	Big Plume	do	•••••	30			} 848	
	White Pup	do	i	Onions. 90	20		1	
	Many-times-shot-at	. 40	*******	Onions.				
	Bear Child	İ		60	8		l	
21	P. J. Williams	Near Fort Macle	eod	4				5
	Eagle Tail	do	*******		••••••	•••••	]	
	Morning Plume Running Wolf	do do	*******			***********	922	
	Big Swan	do	*******		••••••			
	Crow Eagle	do					J	
22			•••••	50		••••••	0.070	8
	Bloods	do	*******	1 30	*******		2,270	1
25	C. Lawford	Moose Mountair	18		<b> </b>	. <b></b>		1
	Pheasant Rump						93	
	Ocean Man		••••••				112	
	M. Morrison	do			•••••		143	1 1
26	White BearPeter Brown	do Near Calgary					143	4
	ļ	litomi Cangary .	••••••			1		
	Sarcees	do .		114		·	429	
-								810
		Riding Mountai	<b>.</b>					-
	***************************************					200	143	
	***************************************	Oak River			40	600	348	

REMARKS —The acres under crop are taken from returns ending 30th June, while those showing total acres broken are dated 30th September. Although many horses are shown as the private property of Indians; still they are but ponies, and in many instances unfitted for any work on a farm. It is customary among Indians, whenever death occurs, to pull down the house, and as many as twenty on one Reserve have been known to be demolished in the course of a few months. This will account for the number of houses in some cases being less in number than those shown last ear.

202

### INDIAN RESERVATIONS-Concluded.

RETURN OF :-

Horse	or CA	TILE POW	ER.		
Given u Trea or on L	ty	Priva Proper Indian	ty of	Other Buildings.	Remarks.
Ногаев.	Oxen.	Horses.	Oxen.		
	•••••			16 houses	
	*******	.,	······	13 do	
		••••	********	13 do	
		фоно · · · · ·		19 do	
5	••••••		••••••	1 house ; 1 stable No Home Far	m.
••••	•••••		•••••	1	
				55 heuses	
•••••	•••••		••••••		
8	1		••••••	4 houses; 1 stable No Home Far	m.
****				11 do	
•••••				10 do No report of o	crops received.
9	4	9 mu	les	40 do j 8 do 2 stables No Home Far	m
••••••		1,000		200 do 4 root houses	
	le		ļ	2 shanties No Home Far	m.
*****	6			1 house; 2 barns	
*****	ļ		]		
····· •·· <u>·</u> ·	6	ļ		4 houses; 3 barns	
7	2	<b>}</b>		root house	
······				11 dwellings; 8 root houses	
U .					
·····			<b> </b>	an stables	
******	31			29 houses; 20 stables	
***** *****	30		]	24 do 16 do	
	4			a de la Phorne	
20 24	14			26 barns; 6 stables	crops received.

E. DEWDNEY,
Indian Commissioner.

STATEMENT showing the number of families in each Band, who have raised crops, 1884—Treaty No. 4.

		families ave mix-	families	number ilies in		Crop.	
No. of Band.	Name of Chief.	No. of fam	90 of	1 8	Potatoes.	Wheat.	Barley.
71 72 73 74 75 76 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	Ouchaness Ka-ke-she-waw Ka-ke-wis-ta-han Cowesess Sakimay Pia-pot Assiniboines Pasquah Muscowpetung Pee-pee-kee-sis Okanese Star Blanket Little Black Bear Muscowequahu George Gordon Day Star Kah-wah-ka-toose Yellow Quill	12 16 33 23 15 9 10		13 69 49 70 32 119 86 72 44 34 21 22 29 45 44 22 27 57	450 503 292 1,079 350 250 200 1,079 449 410 250 270 468 309 632 311 870 140	162 65 525 100 897 320 200 160 120 195 120 350 229	20 218 65 150 50 80 223 100 135 75 35
78	Sioux	225 39	323	855	8,312 1,338	3,453 496	1,161 244
	Grand Total	264	323	855	9,650	3,949	1,405

Note.—It is hoped, that in following years, a statement similar to this will be rendered to the Department for all the agencies throughout the territories.—E. DEWDNEY.

Number of Indians in the North-West Territories and their whereabouts on the 31st December, 1884.

Name of Band.	Location of Reserve.	Tribe.	No. on Reserve.		Total number of Indians.	Whereabouts of Absentees.
Indian Head—Treaty 4.					į	
Day Star	do do	Cree		1	97 269 160 229 284 142	l gone to Saulteux. l absent (not stated- where).
O-ka-neese	do	do			82 111 142 290	2 gone west, 1 on plains, 1 prisoner, 1 away (not
Sakimay Kah-kee-wis-ta-haw	do	Saulteux do	138 <b>245</b>		142 248	stated where).  3 west, 1 on plains.  1 west, 1 away (not stated where), 1 Moose Moun-
Kah-ke-she-way and Loud Voice	do	do	<b>36</b> 3	6	369	tain. 4 away (not stated where), 1 in service, 1
Pi-a-pot	Indian Head	Cree	550	15	565	at Regina. 6 gone west, 1 Carleton, 3 Crooked Lakes, 3 Re- gina, 2 away (not stated
Mus-cow-pe-tung	Qu'Appelle	Saulteux	182	10	192	where). 2 gone north, 1 Crooked Lakes, 7 Turtle Moun- tain.
Pasquah	Greecent Lake	Cree & Saul-	251 88 67		273 251 88 67	
Foremost Man Stragglers		Oree & Saul		250		At Cypress Hills.
		Saulteux				Along line of C.P.R. In Edmonton district.
Fort Ellice—Treaty 4.						
Coté	do	do	7	1	77	l away (not stated where) do do l is
Way-way-se-cappo Pheasant Rump	. Bird Tail Creek. Moose Mountain	do	1		119 95	l away (not stated where)
Ocean Man	. do	مدا	. 111	2 3	115	l in Missouri. I on plains, 2 at Qu'Ap pelle.
White Bear	. do	. do	. 14	3	143	

Number of Indians in the North-West Territories and their whereabouts, 31st December, 1884—Continued.

Name of Band.	Location of Reserve.	of Tribe.		No. Absent.	Total Number of Indians.	Whereabouts of Absentees.
Fort Pitt-Treaty 6.						
*Big Bear	Long Lake	Cree	494	26	520	15 at Battleford, 8 at Peace Hills, 1 at Turtle Lake, 1 at White Lake, 1 in prison. *Reserve
See-kas-kootch		do	170	6	176	not definitely located.  3 away (not stated where),  1 at Battleford.
Pay-moo-tay-ah-soo		do	28		28	2444610141
Sweet Grass Thunder Companion	do	do	18		18	
Weemisticooseahwasis	Frog Lake	dod	5 113		5 113	1
O-ne-pow-hay	do	do	66	7	73	3 at Battleford, 3 at Island
Pus-keah-ke-win	do	do	31		31	Lake.
Kee-hee-win		do	145	1		l at Battleford.
Chipewayan	Cold Lake	Chippewa	120		120	a succession.
Edmonton-Treaty 6.						
Muskegawatic	Victoria	Cros	78		78	1
Blue Ouill	do		65		65	1
Little Hunter	Saddle Lake	do	99		99	
Jas. Seenum	Whitefish	do	340		340	
Peegasees	Lac la Biche	do	176		176	i
Ka-qua-num	Beaver Lake	Assiniboine.	160		160	1
Antoine (Chipewayan) Tommy La Potac	Stoney Plein	Cree	79	2	79	2 -4 37:-4
Alexander	Lac la Nonne	Assiniboine.	212 189	i -	214 189	2 at Victoria.
Michel	Sturgeon River.	do	164		164	1
Alexis	Stoney Lake	do	205		205	
Stragglers			149		149	1
Orpnans (St. Albert)			31		31	
Passpasschase	Edmonton		188		188	
Sharphead	Rattle River and	do	8 <b>8</b>		88	1
	Wolf Creek	Assinibaine	164	l	164	1
Sampson	Bears Hill	Cree	294		294	
Erminskin	do	d <b>o</b>	118		118	1
Bobtail Beaver Hills Indians	do	do	114		114	1
Denver mills indiads	LLWO HILLS	I do	8		8	i .

NUMBER of Indians in the North-West Territories and their whereabouts, 31st December, 1884—Continued.

	Decemb	er, 1884—	Contin	ued.		
Name of Band.	Location of Reserve.	of Tribe.		No. Absent.	Total Number of Indians.	Whereabouts of Absentees.
Carlton-Treaty 6.						
Mistawasis	do South Branch do	Sautaux Cree do	192 109 99 52 153 113 127 79 194 141	12	226 192 109 99 52 165 113 127 79 194 146 165	On the plains.
Battleford—Treaty 6.	Eagle Hills	Cree Assiniboine.	145 126		145	No. 6 ha 6 D 1 D
Bear's Head	do Jack Fish Creek Battle River do Jack Fish Creek do	do	127 47 101 156 225 17 78 532	8 10	134 47 101 164 235 17 78 532	On the plains.
Na-pa-haseLittle PineLucky Man		do	421 366		84 421 366	1
Battleford—Treaty 7. Bloods	Near Ft. Macleod	***************************************	2,270		2,278	6 unaccounted for; 1 aws (but not stated where) 1 escaped convict.
PiegansBlackfeetSarceesStoneys	l do		922 2,173 429 <b>6</b> 21		929 2,173 429 621	7 unaccounted for.
	NON	-TREATY I	NDIAN	8.		
Standing Buffalo White Cap.	Bird Tail Creek. Oak River Oak Lake Turtle Mountain Qu'Appelle Lk's. Moose Woods	do do	143 348 78 43 247 250		143 348 78 43 247 250	

Return of Indians in the North-West Territories:—
As the pay-sheets for the Edmonton, Battleford and Carlton districts have not been received, accurate returns cannot be given, but the figures are based upon those of last year, but little difference exists, as all those Indians have now virtually settled upon their Reserves.—G. Dewdney, Commissioner.

# PART II.

RETURN A (1)

Of Officers and Employes of the Department of Indian Affairs, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

### HEADQUARTERS.

Designation.	Name.	Annual Salary.	When Appointed to Department.	By whom Appointed.	Date of First Appoint- ment to the Civil Service.	Remarks.
Superintendent-General	J. A. Macdonald, K.O.B, G.C.M.G					Holds this office combined with that of President of the Coun- cil.
Deputy Superinten lent-General  Other Clerk and Accountant  Commissioner of Indian Lands and Timber  Surveyor and Chief Draughtsman. Inspector of Agencies & Reserves. Solicitor  French Translator  Corresponding Clerk  Assistant Accountant  Clerk  Stenographer  Bookkeeper  do  Olerk  Clerk of Statistics  Assistant Bookkeeper  Assistant Surveyor  Copying Clerk  Assistant Clerk of Land Sales  Stenographer  Copying Clerk  Assistant Bookkeeper  Copying Clerk  Assistant Bookkeeper  Clerk  Clerk  Clerk  Copying Clerk  Assistant Bookkeeper  Copying Clerk  Assistant Bookkeeper  Copying Clerk  Assistant Bookkeeper  Copying Clerk  Assistant Bookkeeper  Clerk  Clerk  Clerk  do	R. Sinclair  Wm. Plumner.  W. A. Au-tin.  A. Dingman.  Geo. W. Burbridge.  J. V. deBoucherville.  A. N. McNeil.  F. W. Smith  T. F. S. Kirkpatrick.  J. D. McLean.  D. C. Scott.  M. Benson.  S. Stewart.  John McGirr.  H. J. Brook.  S. Bray.  J. Delisle.  Thomas Coffee.  H. C. Ross.  H. G. Maingy.  H. McKay.  J. W. Shore.	1,800 1,600 1,450 400 1,400 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,200 1,100 1,000 900 800 800 800 650 650 650 480	June 1, 1873  May —, 1888 July 22, 1882 July 1, 1882 July 1, 1868 do 1, 1874 Sept. 1, 1873 do 1, 1880 do 1, 1880 do 1, 1880 July 1, 1879 July 1, 1879 July 1, 1879 July 1, 1879 do 23, 1880 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 June 14, 1884 July 17, 1878 Jan. 10, 1883	do do	April 7, 1859  May —, 1868 June, 7, 1883 July 22, 1882 June 1, 1882 May —, 1864 July 1, 1874 Oct. 13, 1870 Aug. 6, 1873 Oct. 25, 1876 July 8, 1879 April 22, 1876 July 1, 1879 July 1, 1879 July 1, 1879 July 1, 1877 July 1, 1877 July 1, 1877 July 1, 1877 July 8, 1877 June 14, 1884 July 8, 1879	·

A. E. Kemp.   400   Feb. 1, 1884   do   Feb. 1, 1884   do   April 3, 1883   do   April 3, 1883   do   April 3, 1883   do   Nov. 24, 1883   State Clerk   John Austin   J	1 50 do 1 50 do 1 50 do 1 50 do 1 50 do
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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINGLAIR,
Accountant.

RETURN A (2)

Of Officers and Employés of the Department of Indian Affairs, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Outside Service

### ONTARIO.

Names.	Office.	Annual Salary.	Where Stationed.	Remarks.
		\$ cts.		
J. T. Gilkison	Superintendent	1,610 00	Brantford	With \$140 for travelling expenses and \$200 a year for house and office rent.
H. Andrews	Clerk Superintendent	960 00 1,200 00	do Manitowaning	With \$100 per annum for travelling expenses and 3
McGregor Ironsides	Clerk and Interpreter	720 00 9 0 00	do Parry Sound	rent, 5 per cent commission on collections up to \$2,000, and 2½ per cent. on collections above that
Wm. Van Abbott	Agent	ļ	Sault Ste. Marie	amount With \$68.50 for office rent and fuel, and 3 per cent. commission on collections.
T. G. Pile	Indian Lands Agent		i	5 per cent commission on land sales. No other remuneration.
J. P. Donnelly  Mathew Hill	do	1 600 00 1 800 00	Prince Arthur's Landing	With 3 per cent. on timber dues. With \$130 a year for rent, light and fuel.
<b>J. F. Day</b>	Indian Lands Agent	250 00	Bruce Mines	With \$100 for travelling expenses.  5 per cent on collections up to \$2,000, and 2½ per cent on collections in excess of that sum. No other remuneration.
B. B. Miller	do		<u>.</u>	5 per cent. on collections up to \$2,000, and 21 per cent. on sums in excess of that amount, and \$100 a year for office rent. No other remuneration
C. B. Savage B. W. Ross		400 00	Gore BayCockburn Island	With \$120 for office rent. With 5 per cent on collections up to \$2,000, and 2\frac{1}{2} per cent on sums in excess of that amount.
John BeattieJames Paul	Agent do	400 00 60 00	Highgate Eganville	

Wm. Bull.
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### QUEBEC.

John Davidson	do	800 00 300 00 400 00 400 00 50 00 50 00 200 00	Dundee	5 per cent. commission on land sales up to \$2,000, 23 on any collections in excess of that amount. 10 per cent commission on collections, 23 per cent on disbursements. No other remuneration.  With \$60 a year for office rent. With \$100 for rent, light and fuel.  With 10 per cent on collections, 23 per cent on disbursements.
A. A. Hudon F. H. O'Brien			Chicoutimi	

### RETURN A (2)-Continued.

MISSIONARIES receiving remuneration from the Department of Indian Affairs for services performed among Indians, to the 30th June, 1884.

### ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

Names.	Address.	Annual Allowance.	Denomination.	Remarks.
Rev. V. Larivière,	Pierreville	140 0) 303 32 400 00 400 00 225 96	Protestant do	do do Iroquois of St. Regis. \$100 of this amount and an additional \$25 for fuel is paid by Iroquois of St. Regis. Chippewas of Thames. do Walnole Island.

RETURN A (2)—Continued.

MEDICAL MEN employed by the Department of Indian Affairs, to the 30th June, 1884, showing the Tribes which they attend.

Name.	Name of Tribe they Attend.	Annual Salary.	Remarks.
G. H. Corbett W. S. Scott L. E. Day P. E. Jones A. McLaren J. Newton R. H. Dee R. J. McKinnon V. J. A. Vennor R. M. Stephen Oronhyatekha F. F Bell N. E. Roy	do Saugeen Mississaguas of Alawick and of Rice Lake do Credit Mohawks of Bay of Quinté do do Six Nations  do Micmacs of Restigouche Tribes on Manitoulin Island  Chippewas of Thames Wyandotts of Anderdon Micmacs of Gaspé Chippewas of Nawash do Thames	250 00 1,780 00 500 00 100 00 1,000 00 300 00 80 00 80 00	Paid by the Band.  Part borne by Management Fund.  do  Resident Physician's services devoted exclusively to the Tribe; this amount includes medicines.  Paid by the Band.  Salary paid from Province of Quebec Indian Fund.  Salary borne by Management Fund. Allowed \$150 additional for rent.  Salary borne by Management Fund.  Paid by the Band.  Salary paid from Province of Quebec Fund.  do  by the Band.  do  do  do  do  do  by the Band.

RETURN A (2)—Of Officers and Employés of the Department of Indian Affairs, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Continued. OUTSIDE SERVICE.

		BRITISH (	COLUMBIA.	
Name.	Office.	Annual Salary.	Where Stationed.	Remarks.
TI Moffet	Visiting Superintendent	1,200 00 1,200 00 1,000 00 1,200 00 1,200 00 1,200 00 1,200 00	Victoria	With travelling expenses.
G. Wells	Agent	100 00 100 00 100 00 50 00	Canning Caledonia Galedonia  Bedford Shubenacadie Truro Parrsboro' Pictou Antigonish Red Island River Inhabitants Grand Narrows Uhristmas Island	District No. 1 "a," for Counties of Annapolis and Shelburne. District No. 1 "b," Yarmouth and Digby. do 2, for King's County. do 3, for Queen's County. do 4, for County Lunenberg. do 5, for County Halifax. do 6 "a," for County Hants. do 6 "b," for County Colchester. do 7, for County Cumberland. do 8, for County Pletou. do 9, for County Pletou. do 9, for County Richmond, C.B. do 11, for County Iverness do 12, for County Victoria. do 13, for County Cape Braton.

RETURN A (2)—Of Officers and Employés of the Department of Indian Affairs, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Concluded.

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary.	Where Stationed.	Remarks.
F. Ogletree	Manitoba Superintendency.  Treaty No. 1.  Agent		Portage la Prairie St. Peters	
5H. Martineau	Treaty No. 2.  Agent  Treaty No. 3.	1,000 00	Manitoba House	
G. McPherson J. McIntyre	lnterpreter	1,000 00 730 00	Fort Francis  do  Prince Arthur's Landing. Fort Francis	Also instructs in farming.
A. MacKay J. Reader	Treaty No. 5.  Agent do	1,000 00 800 00	Grand Rapids	
L. W. Herchmer	4, and Sioux on Assiniboine  Medical Officer	1,200 00 600 00 900 00 480 00	Indian Head	

R. McKinnon		720 00	Indian Head	!
A. McArthur	do do 25	480 00	Moose Mountain	
Fev. Father Hugonard	Principal, Industrial School		Qu'Appelle	
-			•	
	Treaty No. 6.			
J. M. Rae	Agent	1,200 00	Battleford	
J. A. MacRae	do	900 00	Carlton	
T. T. Quinn	Sub-Agent		Pitt	
W. Anderson	Agent	1,200 00	Edmonton	
R. Miller, M. D	Medical Officer			Surgeon, North-West Mounted Police.
J. Tomkins	Farming Instructor	730 00		Beardy, One Arrow and Okanasis' Bands.
G. Chaffee	do Farm No. 10	730 00	Carlton	bearty, one arrow and Oranasis Danus.
J. Payne	do do 11		Eagle Hills	
G. E. Applegarth	do do 11a	480 00	Red Pheasant's Reserve	
S. Ballendine	do do 12	600 00	Battle River	
D. L. Clink	do do 13		Jack Fish Creek	
A. Sufferin	do do 13 <i>a</i>	480 00	Thunder Child and Napa-	
			hase Reserves	
G. G. Mann	do do 14	600 <b>0</b> 0	Fort Pitt	
J. Delaney		730 00	Frog Lake	
C. Carson	do do 16	600 00	Saddle Lake	
W. O'Donnell	do do 17		Lac la Nonne	
8. B. Lucas	do 18	730 00	Peace Hills	
Rev. T. Clarke	Prindipal, Industrial School	1.200.00	Battleford	
L. A Nash	Farming Instructor, Industrial School	730 00	do	
Mrs. E. A. Nash	Matron do		do	
	Treaty No. 7.	1		
	1			
W. Pocklington	Agent	900 00	Fort Macleod	Mr. Pocklington succeeded Mr. Denny, as Agent at
M. Begg	Sub-Agent	720 00	Blackfoot Crossing	Fort Macleod, on 1st April, 1884.
F. X. Girard, M.D	Medical Superintendent	1,200 00	Fort Macleod	1
A. Jakes, M. D	Medical Officer	350 00	do	Surgeon, North-West Mounted Police.
J. D. Molson	Farming Instructor, Farm No. 19	720 00	Morley ville	<u> </u>
G. H. Wheatley	do do 20a		Crowfoot's Reserve	
E. Edwards	do do 20 <i>b</i>		Old Sun's Reserve	
P J. Williams	do do 21	730 00	Piegan Reserve	
W. C. McCord	do do 22		Blood Reserve	
P. Browne	do do 26		Sarcee Reserve	
nev. rather Lacomb	Principal, Industrial School		High River	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
•			T 774	MICOTICITATION

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

### INDIAN TRUST FUND.

STATEMENT of Transactions in connection with this Fund, during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

			_
	\$ cts.	\$ 0	cts.
Balance at credit of this Fund on 30th June, 1883	153,816 74 203,723 38 33,980 00 1,319 05	3,150,528 392,839	
Expenditure during the year		3, <del>549,367</del> 271,457	
Balance at credit of Fund on 30th June, 1884		\$3,271,910	02

L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,

Accountant.

### RETURN B.

BATCHEWANA BAY INDIANS in Account Current with Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 1.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest
<b>.</b>	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	D. D. 1	\$ cts	\$ cts. 238 61
To the following payments:— Chief Nubenagooching's salary  Sundry Payments.	•••••	100 00	By Balance, 30th June, 1883	11,695 08 672 13	235 60 477 36
For Medicines and medical attendance	2,902 04				
Percentage on collections carried to credit of Mahagement Fund  Distribution of interest moneys Balance, 30th June, 1884	67 21	14 14 460 16 265 69		·	
	12,367 21	951 57		12,367 21	951 57
			Balance, 30th June, 1884	9,397 96	265 69

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,

Accountant.

DR.

# Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

No. 2 CR.

### RETURN B-Continued. CHIPPEWAS OF BEAUSOLEIL in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.  Noah Assance, Chief		50 00 18 75 25 00 12 50 150 00	By Balance, 30th June, 1883		628 67 
Pensions.  James Assance's widow	30 82	6 25 15 00 20 00 	·	56,130 43	3,388 95
			Balance, 30th June, 1884	56,099 61	637 07

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

Dr.

L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

CHIPPEWAS OF NAWASH in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
То	Salaries.  William McGregor, Chief		\$ cts  150 00 75 00 150 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 20 00 20 00 40 00 12 50 12 48 12 50 125 00 125 00 125 00 126 66 325 00	By Balance, 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 298,742 76 8,992 60 1,973 70	\$ cts. 2,884 54 27 00 13,844 44
	P J Kegedonce		50 00 37 48 20 00 20 00 20 00 20 00	Carried forward	309,709 06	16,755 98

## RETURN B-Continued.

DR.

CHIPPEWAS OF	Nawash in	Account	Current wi	h the	Department of	Indian Affairs.
CHIPPEWAS OF	MANADE III	Account	Ourrone wi	и и	Dopui valout of	

		·	10 <b>U</b> 1			
-		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Inte-est.
-		\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward		1,988 12	Brought forward	309,709 06	16,755 98
	Pensions-Concluded.					
16	Widow Luke Snake		20 00 12 48 20 00 20 00			
	Sundry Payments.					
	Labor and improvements on Sydney Bay Road Loan to P. J. Kegedonce, to build a house Cost of wharf at Port Elgin	840 00	1 25			
	Gilpin & Barker, payment in full for contract for school house, Port Elgin			11		

Gilpin & Barker, payment in fall for contract for lock-up	160 00 713 24 307,507 32	1 62 11,017 50 2,641 91				
	309,709 06	16,755 98		309,709 06	16,755 98	
			Balance, 30th June, 1884	307,507 32	2,641 91	

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant. L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

48 Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

CHIHPEWAS OF RAMA in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

CR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.  J. B. Naningishkung, Chief.  J. Kenise, Secretary		75 00 12 00 3 00 4 00 3 00 1 00 1 00 125 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	51,831 91 145 98	784 16 15 86 2,609 76
Advertising for tenders for Agent's dwelling Interest moneys distributed Percentage on collections carried to credit o Management Fund Balance on 30th June, 1884	14 60	2,553 96 0 95 606 87			-
	51,977 89	3,409 78		51,977 89 51,957 79	3,409 78 606 87

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

Sessional Papers (No.

# RETURN B—Continued. CHIPPEWAS OF SARNIA in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

		Capital.	Interest.			Capital.	Interest.
1	To the following payments:—	\$ cts	\$ cts.			\$ cts.	\$ cts.
19	Salaries.  Nicholas Plain		100 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 12 50 10 00 10 00 27 50 20 00 27 50 187 50 41 67	Ву	Balance on 30th June, 1883	182,744 27 2,572 53 	1,401 <b>83</b>   8,221 84
	Pensions.  William Wawanosh.  Mrs. Joshua Wawanosh.  Mrs. D. B. Wawanosh.  Antoine Rodd.  Isaac Kashagance.  Thomas Nayahnoquodt.  Widow Bird.  George Ashquagonaby.  Widow Chippegan do Kahgayah  Carried forward.		150 00 125 00 100 00 24 00 24 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00		Carried forward	185,316 80	9,623 67

Dr.

### RETURN B-Continued. CHIPPEWAS OF SABNIA in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

•	·	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
_	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,304 17	Brought forward	\$ cts 185,316 80	\$ cts. 9,623 67
	Pensions-Concluded.					
•	Widow Cotterill		12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 9 00			
	Sundry Disbursements.  Medical attendance and medicines	1,903 73	494 09 101 14 50 76 102 65 15 00 112 00 78 58 64 52 78 00 2 00			

Wood for school	257 07	20 00 11 00 6 00 2 00 2 00 2 00			
	185,316 80	9,623 67		185,316 80	9,623 67
			Balance, 30th June, 1884	183,156 00	1,405 42

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1881.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

CR.

# CHIPPEWAS OF SAUGEEN in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

•							V
		Capital.	Interest.		Capital	Interest.	Victoria.
T	o the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
22	Salaries.  H. H. Madwayoeh, Chief		100 00 100 00 100 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 50 00 30 00 15 00 11 25 200 00 109 80	By Balance, 30th June, 1883	240,509 41 7,222 07 2,209 60	2,296 21 27 00 11,405 04	Sessional Papers (No.
	Frank Campbell, Teacher.  Isabella Creighton do Henry Kelso do  Pensions.  Jane Wegwoss		70 02 116 10 25 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00				o. 3.) A. 1885

Sessional	
Papers	
(No.	
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Sundry Disbursements.	1	1			1		Ì
Repairing French Bay Roaddo road between Saugeen Reserve and		100	00				ļ
Township of Arran (1 of cost)		25	00				
do Kadahgegwon  Cost of Agent's dwelling  do school desks	1,088 30 130 40	25	00				
Premium of insurance on Agent's dwelling and school houses							
Costs in cases of liquor prosecutions Distribution of interest moneys	·••••	18 9,711					
Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund  Balance on 30th June, 1884	732 72 247,989 66	2,580	<b>62</b> 89				
,	249,941 08	13,728			249,941 08	13,72	28 25
				Balance, 30th June, 1884	247.989 66	2,58	30 89
	<u>!</u>	<del>'</del>		11	<u></u>		

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

23

# \$8

No. 7. 1

CR.

RETURN B-Continued. CHIPPEWAS OF SNAKE ISLAND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

<b>-</b>		Capital,	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To	Salaries. Charles Bigcanoe, Chief Noah Snake, Caretaker		\$ cts. 89 00 25 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts 24,457 22 692 85	\$ cts 262 53 139 73 1,225 04
24	Distribution of interest moneys	83 12 25,066 95 25,150 07	1,231 56 0 88 289 86 1,627 30	Balance on 30th June, 1884	25,150 07 25,066 95	1,6.7 30 289 86

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

## CHIPPEWAS OF THE THAMES in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

CR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.  Joseph Fisher, Teacher		200 00 50 00 250 00 150 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 20 00 50 00 25 00 25 00 20 00	By Balance, on 30th June 1883		572 70 2,481 51 3,527 72
Pensions.  George King		20 00 20 00 225 33			
Funeral furnishings, &c		103 95 37 30 30 00 165 00	Carried forward	69,120 39	6,581 93

DR. CHIPPEWAS OF THE THAMES in Account Current with the Department of Affairs.

CR.

		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.	
	Brought forward	\$ cts	1	Brought forward	\$ cts 69,120 39	\$ cts 6,581 93	
26	Sundry Disbursements—Continued.  Expenses procuring surrender		24 00 24 14 48 80 3 00 6 00 2,230 26 1,902 17 140 13 618 10	Balance, 30th June, 1884	69,120 39 69,120 39	6,581 93 618 10	

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant. L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

CHIPPEWAS OF WALPOLE ISLAND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

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	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Jas. Potquahong, Chief		30 00 20 00 21 00 20 00 20 00 50 00 48 00 50 00	By Balance, 30th June, 1883		801 54 422 76 3,251 44
Widow Yooskeneway		2 00 2 00 2 00 8 00 6 00 8 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 2 00			
Sundry Disbursements.  Funeral furnishings, &c		152 00 137 95 55 00 39 00	Carried forward	69,224 03	4,475 74

No. 9 || CR.

947 39

RETURN	B-Co	ntinued.
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CHIDDENGAG ON	WATDOT & TOT AND	in Account Current with	the Department of Indian Affairs.
CHIPPEWAS OF	M VILLATE TORVIA	In Account Current with	the Department of Indian Ithanis.

		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 785 45	Brought forward	\$ cts. 69,224 03	\$ cts. 4,475 74
	Sundry Disbursements-Concluded					
28	Wood for school and Council House For services of Pathmaster For protecting muskrat grounds School material Repairs to school house For services of an Interpreter Stationery Distribution of interest moneys Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund Balance on 30th June, 1884		26 75 20 00 27 75 20 28 13 57 2 00 0 70 2,606 48 25 37 947 39			
		69,224 03	4,475 74		69,224 03	4,475 74

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

69,224 03

By Balance, 30th June, 1881.....

No. 10.

CR.

## RETURN B-Continued.

FORT WILLIAM	BAND in Account Current	with the Departmen	at of Indian Affairs.
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	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To Balance on 30th June, 1883	1,377 35 325 00	\$ e%. 160 23 100 00 25 00 0 54	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		\$ cts.  9 00 45 68 231 09
Balance on 30th June, 1884	15,074 46	285 77	Balance on 30th June, 1884	15,074 46	285 77

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

Dr.

FRENCH RIVER INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 11. CR.

	Capital.		Interest.			Capital.	Interest.		
To Balance on 30th June, 1883  To the following payments:— Relief of distressed Indians  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund  Balance on 30th June, 1884			2	cts. 0 53 0 00 0 48 2 47	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		\$ cts. 8 00 35 48		
<b>&amp;</b>	887	86	4	3 48	Balance on 30th June, 1884	887 86 887 86	43 48		

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,

DB.

Accountant.

GARDEN RIVER INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 12. CR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Rev. J. H. Gallagher do 3 do		100 00 60 00 100 00 150 00 50 00	Land and timber sales	1,589 40	234 50 1,184 00
School books, &c	159 63 30,613 72	152 40 10 00 7 97 18 00 8 45 1 80 983 28 15 32 177 79		30,773 35	1,835 01
	30,773 35	1,835 01	Balance on 30th June, 1884	30,613 72	177 79

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

HENVEY'S INLET INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 13. Cr.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salarics.  Wellington Salt, Teacher  Henry Schutt do  Sundry Disbursements.		25 00 50 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		43 14 38 00 188 72
Repairs to Teachers' dwelling  Uost of school books  Distribution of interest moneys  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund  Balance on 30th June, 1884		35 00 5 92 93 76 2 40 57 78			
	4,675 04	269 86		4,675 04	269 86
			By Balance on 30th June, 1884	4,675 04	55 78

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

Dr.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 14.

CR.

	Ital Citit B Communication
Ďr.	LAKE NIPISSING INDIANS, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.
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	Capital.		Gapital.		Interest.		t.				Capital.		Interest.	
To the following payments:—  Distribution of interest moneys  Percentage on collections carried to credit of  Management Fund  Balance, 30th June, 1884	40	1 35	\ 	553	83 76	Ву	Balance, 30th June, 1883		3 47	11:	cts 9 56 2 70 2 76			
·	15,12	3 42	-	775	02		Balance, 30th June, 1884	15,12			5 02 4 43			

RETURN B\_Continued

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

Manitoulin Island Indians (unceded), in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs. DR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.	
To the following payments:—  Balance, 30th June, 1883  Percentage on collections carried to credit of  Management Fund  Balance, 30th June, 1884	53 13	\$ cts.  18 66  9 31 95 53	By Balance, 30th June, 1883 Timber sales Fines collected Interest on invested capital	<b>529</b> 56	\$ cts.	
	932 80	123 50		932 80	123 50	
င့်			Balance, 30th June, 1884	879 67	95 53	

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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	DR. MAGANATTEWAN INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.											
		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.						
,	To the following payments :—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.						
•	Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund		1 74 124 35	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	382 61	78 65 29 00 18 44						
		382 61	126 09	Balance on 30th June, 1884	382 61 382 61	126 09 124 35						
<b>35</b>	DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1	884.		L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy SuptGen.	of Indian A	ffairs.						
	ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.											

MISSISSAUGAS OF ALNWICK, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

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						_					<u></u>
		Capi	tal.	Inter	est.			Capit	al.	Interest	
36	Salaries.  Mitchell Chubb, Chief			1 1 1 1 1 1 5	cts. 25 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 0 00 0 0	11	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	1,03	8 42 3 25 6 08	\$ 1,063 997 3,920	00 56
	Nancy Wahguash				12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00	ij					
	Relief to the late Saml. Crow		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8	7 00 3 15 2 00 7 12 7 13						

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Papers
(No. 3.)

Percentage on collections, carried to credit of Management Fund	92 17	59 82			
up roads, &c		971 79	·	:	
	75,948 85	5,980 78		75,948 85	5,980 78
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	73,155 03	971 79
			T TEL MITTATTATTAT		

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTEMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

MISSISSAGUAS OF THE CREDIT in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

Cr.

					:ب_ ا
	<u> </u>	Capital.	Interest.	Capital. Interest.	ictoria.
T	o the following payments:—	\$ eta.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. \$ cts.	
	P. E. Jones, Chief		200 00 250 00 100 00 12 50 25 00	By Balance, on 30th June, 1883	Sessional
38	Jas. Laform, Sexton		12 50 12 50 337 50		Papers (No.
	Widow Chechock do Herchmer do Young do Wilson D. Sawyer  Sundry Disbursements.		25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 100 00		3.)
	Implements for repairing roads		50 79 273 16 50 00 85 00 211 50 38 00 54 55 29 45 192 54 12 00		A. 1885

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1969,800 00 1980 00 1	3,960 63 7,497 96 7,211 77 982 72	-
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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

39

MISSISSAGUAS OF RICE LAKE in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

CR.

48

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—  Salaries.  M. G. Paudaush, Chief		\$ cts  25 00 6 67 4 00 4 00 20 00 10 00 150 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 21,213 10 63 92	\$ cts 245 36 25 00 1,050 68
Catherine Muskrat	f 6 39	10 00 10 00	Balance, 30th June, 1884	21,277 02 21,270 63	1,321 04

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

A. 1885

Sessional Papers (No.

Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

#### RETURN B-Continued.

DR.

MISSISSAGUAS OF MUD LAKE in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

CR.

	Capit	al.	Intere	st.			Capit	al.	Interes	t.
To the following payments:—	\$	cts.	\$	cts.			\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Salaries.  Joseph Whetung, Chief  John Taylor, Messenger  Sundry Disbursements.		*******	2 2	5 00 0 00	В	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Land sales  Interest on invested capital	10'	7 90	409 1,754	
Medical attendance Distribution of interest moneys Percentage on collections carried to credit o Management Fund Balance on 30th June, 1884	.  f	 10 <b>79</b>	1,6\$	3 25 0 85 5 60						
	35,53	88 25	2,16	4 70		Balance on 30th June, 1884	35,53		2,164 425	

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

# No. 20.

### RETURN B-Continued.

DR. MISSISSAGUAS OF SCUGOG in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

Cr.

	Capit	al.	Intere	est.	•	Capital		Interes	st.
To the following payments:—	\$	cts	\$	cts			ets.	•	cts.
Salaries.  John Johnston, Chief	•••••	<b></b> .	3	7 50	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Land sales  Rent collections  Refund from interest moneys to pay indebtedness to merchants  Interest on invested capital		88	530 314 179 570	93 33
Indebtedness to Abbs & Patterson	9	69	1,28	9 52 3 04 8 32 8 90 8 56				-	
	11,876	6 60	1,59	5 84		11,876	60	1,595	84
					By Balance on 30th June, 1884	11,866	91	148	56

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

# MOHAWKS OF BAY OF QUINTE in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
Salaries.  Sampson Green, Chief.  A. Culbertson do  Wm. Green do  C. Maracle do  Joel Johnston do  Wm J. Hill, Sexton  Nelson Maracle do  D. J. Brant, Caretaker  Rev. E. H. M. Baker, Missionery  W. S. Scott, M. D., Physician  A. McLaren, M.D. do  O. Oslachsen, Teacher  Jemima Pearce do  Margaret Johnston, Teacher  Wesley Watson do		\$ cts.  40 00 24 00 24 00 20 00 20 00 40 00 17 50 400 00 100 00 125 00 75 00	By Balance, 30th June, 1883		\$ cts 1,301 45 235 00 5,879 44
Pensions.  Mrs. P. Claus		12 00 24 00 24 00 24 00 24 00 100 00 50 00	Carried forward		

43

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R	ETI	TRI	N 1	3	Con	tinue	ed

MOHAWKS OF BAY OF QUINTE in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

 Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
5,000 00	\$ cts 1,561 00 40 00 13 85 20 00 5 00 46 28 6 26 30 00 16 00 6 50 5 00 0 75 4,521 49 14 10 1,089 66	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
123,855 51	7,415 89	By Balance, 30th June, 1884	123,855 51	7,415 89 1,089 66

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.					
John Lewis, Chief		60 00 20 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	· ·	1,342 39
Isaac Hill do Joseph Pheasant do F. E. Waumpum, Secretary		20 00   20 00   25 00   25 00   350 00   5 00	stalments on Mason's account Interest on invested capital	98 48	6,834 28
Sundry Disbursements.					
Cost of new school and council house	365 90	35 28 88 48 37 50 69 00 25 50 24 24 32 50 7 32 1 75 3 00 5,826 03 1,489 07			
•	158,062 97	8,176 67		158,062 97	68,176 67
			Baiance on 30th June, 1884	156,977 07	1,489 07

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

1. 1888

CR.

## RETURN B.-Continued.

I)R. Munsees of the Thames in Account Current with the Department of I	Indian Affairs.
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	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Distribution of interest moneys Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,670 24	107 83 26 97	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Interest on invested capital	2,670 24	26 92 107 88
	2,670 24	134 80		2,670 24	134 80
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,670 24	26 97

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs

DR. OJIBBEWAS AND OTTAWAS OF MANITOULIN ISLAND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs. Cr.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
o the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.  Rev. F. Frost, Teacher E. Chartrau do		225 00 125 00 100 00 50 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Land and timber sales  Amount received from Government of Ontario to assist in constructing roads on Cockburn Island	500 00	1,064 55 645 28 4,218 40
Supplies in connection with repairs to West Bay Road  Balance of grant towards construction of roads, Cockburn Island  Advances on account of Sucker Creek Road Cost of survey in connection with proposed bridge connecting Manitoulin and Barrie Islands	211 55				
Advertising for tenders for bridge connecting Manitoulin and Barrie Islands		38 06 25 00 10 00 10 00 15 85 6 73 16 00 3,841 76			

No. 24.

RETURN B-Continued. OJIBBEWAS AND OTTAWAS OF MANITOULIN ISLAND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.—Con.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
Brought forward  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund  Transfer to Management Fund on account of amounts loaned at various times to assist in	846 49	\$ cts. 4,463 40 38 84	Brought forward	\$ cts. 112,654 09	\$ cts. 5,928 23
making surveys, roads, &c	9,652 21	1,425 99 5,928 23		112,654 09	5,928 23
<b>.</b>			Balance, 30th June, 1884	101,095 77	1,425 99

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

Dr.	OJIBBEWAS OF LAKE HURON in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—  Express charges on moneys		5 90	By balance on 30th June, 1883  Legislative grant  Interest on invested capital	\$ cts. 48,000 00	\$ cts.  2,815 73 9,956 59 2,512 64
	48,000 00	15,284 96	Balance on 30th June, 1884	48,000 00	15,281 96 3,296 51

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

RETURN B	—Continued.
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RETURN B—Continued.  Dr. OJIBBEWAS OF LAKE SUPERIOR in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.				No. 26. Cr.	
	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—  Medical supplies		\$ cts.  12 51 251 91 78 45 7,056 00 1,243 46  8,642 33	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Legislative grant!  Interest on invested capital	40,000 00	8,642 33
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	40,000 00	1,243 46

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

No. 27. CR.

	RETU.	RN D—Cont	inuea.		
OJIBBEWAS OF MISSISSAG	UA RIVER in Acc	count Curren	t with the Departr	nent of Indian Affai	rs.
		Į.			

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:— Relief of distressed Indians burvey of reserve Distribution of interest moneys Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund Balance on 30th June, 1884	200 00	\$ cts. 82 00 46 47 59 11	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 4,088 20 170 15	\$ cts. 23 14 164 44
·	4,258 35	187 58		4,258 35	187 58
<del>0</del> 1			Balance on 30th June, 1884	4,053 83	59 11

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBT. SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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No. 28.

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Dr. Oneidas of the Thames, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					CR
	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To Balance, 30th June, 1883  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund  Grant towards temperance hall and school house Balance, 30th June, 1884	18 11 200 00	\$ cts. 26 68 2 10 31 10	By Balance, 30th June, 1884	181 07	\$ cts
on .	829 21	59 88	Balance, 30th June, 1884	829 21 611 00	59 88

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

Cr.

<u>·</u>	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—  Salaries.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Amelia Chechock, Teacher		100 00 200 00 5 00 5 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Land and timber sales  Rents collected	269 28	328 05 83 00 1,603 32
House for Teacher's residence	26 93	20 00 109 50 21 00 20 85 4 50 1,341 54 4 98 182 00			
	40,024 16	2,014 37	Balance on 30th June, 1884	40,024 16 30,997 23	2,014 37

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

L. VANKOUGHNET.

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

Sessional Papers (No.

	VETOVIA D.	- Continuea.	
POTTAWATTAMIES OF WALP	OLE ISLAND in Accoun	t Current with the Departm	ent of Indian Affairs.

DEMITTAL D. Conditions

	Capital.	Interest.	•	Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:-	\$ ets.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.  Ashkebee, Chief		10 00 5 00 2 00 4 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		176 53 231 24 253 68
Making coffins Digging graves		21 00 3 75 3 00 4 00 500 10 13 87 94 73		6,165 17	661 45
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	6,165 17	94 73

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

SERPENT RIVER INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 31. CR.

	Capital.		Inte	Interest.				Capital.		Interest.	
To the following payments:— Rellef to distressed Indians	\$	cts.		cts 60 00 22 84		By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ 1,565	cts.	\$	cts	
Distribution of interest moneys	77	7 30		2 40 53 61	,	Land and timber sales	778	02	40	000	
	2,338	63	1	38 85	5		2,336	63	130	85	
3					-	Balance on 30th June, 1884	2, 261	33	53	61	

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

Da.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DR. THE SIX NATIONS OF THE GRAND RIVER in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

Cr.

	Capital.	Interest.	. Capital. Inter	est.
To the following payments:—  Salaries.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. \$	cts.
G. H. M. Johnston, Chief		400 00 1,780 00 500 00 130 00 130 00 50 00 75 00 300 00	Land Sales 967 01	36 13 38 75 12 72
Pensions.  G. H. M. Johnston Abram Isaac J. Gibson, jun Peter Leaf Sampson Green Mary J. Hill Simon Harris Jacob Simons L. Thomas Wm. Jack Elizabeth Brant Peter John Solomon Nash Mrs. J. Longfish Mrs. J. Longfish Mrs. C. Moses Catherine Sky Christeen Buck John Hill, sen Betsy Dixon		200 00 50 00 50 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 12 00 12 00 13 00 25 00 12 00 13 00 13 00 13 00 14 00		

Jacob Green				
Peter Young	Jacob Green	1 25.00	11	1 i
Sampson Newhouse.				1 1
Thos. Roundsky	rewr roung	20 00		1
River Side	Sampson Newhouse	18 75	11	l I
River Side	Thos. Roundsky	25.00	It	i i
Saml Lickers				1
Mrs. P. Nash				1
Mrs. P. H. Burning	Saml. Lickers	18 75	1	i i
Mrs. P. H. Burning	Mrs. James Claus, jun	18 75	11	1
Mrs. P. H. Burning	Mrs P Nosh	10 80		1 1
Saiah Joseph	MID: 1. MODE	12 00		1
W. Aughawagh				1
W. Aughawagh	Isaiah Joseph	6 25	ii	l l
Sendry Disburssments.   1,500 00	W Anchewech			<b>;</b>
Grants to schools	Widow Takasia			
Crants to schools	Widow Johnston	6 20	il ·	1
Crants to schools	j i	į.		1
Crants to schools		ì		
Crants to schools	Com Just Dialaman anda	į.		i I
Supplies to sick and destitute	Similary Disoursements.	ļ	· <b>                                    </b>	1
Supplies to sick and destitute	<u> </u>	į.		1
Supplies to sick and destitute	Grants to schools	1,500 00	II.	1
Supplies to sick and destitute	Allowance for Chief's hoard	800 00		1
195 00   197 00   198				1
To services of School Board				t l
For services of School Board   70 00	Cost of entertainment of Cayuga Indians	195 00	41	i l
Seed-grain supplies			) <b>1</b> Î	i
Sundry persons, for services on committees				i i
Legal services and expenses.   246 37				i I
Legal services and expenses.   246 37	Sundry persons, for services on committees	12 00	) [i	1 1
Building culverts			' <b> </b>	1
Insurance	Ruilding oulverts			1 1
Sundry persons, for compensation for loss by fire   470 00				i i
Funeral and other expenses in P. D. Green's case Repairing the Miller's dwelling	Insurance			ł i
Funeral and other expenses in P. D. Green's case Repairing the Miller's dwelling	Sundry persons, for compensation for loss by fire	470 00	· <b>II</b>	! 1
Repairing the Miller's dwelling	Funeral and other expenses in P. D. Green's case	37 50	. 1[	i l
Expenses of celebration of Her Majesty's Birth- day	Densising the Willer's Jamelian			1 1
Expenses of celebration of Her Majesty's Birth- day	Repairing the Miller's dwelling	002 08	ii	1 1
194 13   63 70	Expenses of celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-	1	<b>!</b>	
Cost of reception of Lieut. Gov. of Ontario		194 13	ii	i I
Subscribtion to Temperance Convention			11	
Smith & Styres, in full of, contract for Agricultural Buildings, &c.  Building and repairing bridges			11 '	ł I
Smith & Styres, in full of, contract for Agricultural Buildings, &c.  Building and repairing bridges	Subscription to Temperance Convention	25 00		[ ]
tural Buildings, &c	Smith & Styres, in full of, contract for Agricul-	I		1
Building and repairing bridges		30 00	.	1
Sundry person, for protecting bridge from ice	Ruilding and rengiring haidges			i i
For land for road purposes	pantang and tehanting pridges	381 03	111	1
For land for road purposes				1
10 00   Maintenance of Isaac Lewis at hospital				1
Maintenance of Isaac Lewis at hospital	do sew-mill		1)	1
Subscription to Baptist Church	Maintenance of Toron I amin at he with I		111	1
do Longhouse				:
do Longhouse	Subscription to Baptist Church	25 00		1
Stationery, postage, &c				1 1
Agricultural and ploughing prizes				l i
grain	Uranonera, hoarake, or c	40 00		!
grain	Agricultural and ploughing prizes	270 00	11	1
distribution of interest moneys and seed- grain 87 50	Sundry persons, for services in connection with	i	11	1
grain		1	II .	1 1
			11	1
Carried forward	grain	87 50		1
Carried forward			-	
Assessed on the section of the secti	Carried forward		Carried forward	824 581 84 KA 417 40
	AMT 44A TAT IL MT POTENTIAL TOTAL TO	144444 114444 . ************************	II OBILIO IOLI MALE IIII III III III III	1 0==1001 0= . 0=1011 00

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Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

A. 1885

RETURN	B-Continued.
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Dr.	THE SIX NATIONS OF THE GRAN	RIVER in Account Current with the De	partment of Indian Affairs-Continued. Ci
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	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
Brought forward  To the following payments ;—	\$ cts. 30 00	\$ cts. 13,514 05	Brought forward	\$ cts. 824,561 84	\$ cts. 54,617 60
Sundry Disbursements—Concluded.					
Subscription towards building fence at Baptist Church	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	30 00 298 36 19 50			
Transfer to "School Fund" on account of amount erroneously charged as a grant towards schools		750 00   21,268 17			
of Management Fund.  Balance on 30th June, 1884	106 83 824,425 01	3 75 8,733 77			
	824,561 84	54,617 60		824,561 84	<b>54</b> ,617 <b>6</b> 0
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	824,425 01	8,733 77

I. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTEMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

### RETURN B-Continued. •

SHAWANAGA INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:— Christina John, salary as Teacher Chief's travelling expenses attending Grand Council, 1882 Distribution of interest moneys Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund Balance on 30th June, 1884	95 23	\$ cts. 100 00 12 00 160 17 0 48 44 64	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Land and timber sales  Rents collected  Interest on invested capital	\$ cts. 6,151 26 952 25	\$ cts. 60 81 8 00 248 48
<del>o</del>	7,103 51	317 29	Balance on 30th June, 1884	7,103 51 7,008 28	317 29 44 64

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINGLAIR,
Accountant.

DR.

## RETURN B-Continued,

SPANISH RIVER INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 34. CR.

	Capital.	Interest		Capital.	Interest.
To Balance on 30th June, 1883  The following payments:—  Distribution of interest  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund  Balance on 30th June, 1884	3 94	\$ cts. 73 58 94 58 28 26	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Transfer to Management Fund of amount erroneously charged for medicines  Land and timber sales	39 40	\$ cts.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,966 66	196 42	Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,966 66	196 42

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

No. 35.

Cr.

### RETURN B-Continued.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:  Relief of Indians in distress	85 43	\$ ets. 3 00 287 22 198 15	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Land and timber sales Interest on invested capital	854 32	\$ cts. 83 77 404 60
	10,885 21	488 37		10,885 21	488 37
•			Balance on 30th June, 1884	10,799 78	198 15

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

DR.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 36.

TO TROUTT DAT	Th. (2
RETURN	B—Continued.

Ďĸ.	TOOTOOMENAI AND BAND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					
	1	Capital.	Interest.	. —	Capital.	Interest.
Ma sha fallowing y		\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	cts.
Distribution o	dance and medicinesf interest moneysth June, 1884		9 40 49 82 8 93	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		13 63 54 52
•	•	900 00	68 15		900 00	68 15
Φ.				Balance on 30th Juné, 1884	900 00	8 93

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 37.

CR.

RETURN B—Continued.							
WHITEFISH RIVER INDIANS in	Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.						

<del></del>	Capital.	Intere <b>s</b> t.	<del></del> .	Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:— Chief Nowgahbow, salary		5 10	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 2,264 21 1,735 43	\$ cts. 7 07 90 84
Management Fund	3,826 10 3,999 64	97 91		3,999 64	97 91
•			Balance on 30th June, 1884	3,826 10	10 21

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

No. 38. CR.

RETURN	R_	Continued
n.m.i.i.i.n.m	D-	· Continuea.

	Dr. Wyandottes of Ande	RDON in A	ccount Cur	rent with the Department of Indian Affair	3.	Cr.
~		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To	the following payments:  F. F. Bell, M.D., salary		\$ cts.  80 00  334 42 1,540 15  7 50 2,035 39	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		\$ cts.  789 38  125 00 3,083 08
<b>£</b> 3		70,323 61	13,997 46	Balance on 30th June, 1884	70,323 61	3,997 46 2,035 39

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

> ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

Dr. ABENAKIS OF ST. FRAN	NCIS in Ac	count Curi	ent with the Department of Indian Affairs	•	Cr.
	Capital.	Interest.	<u> </u>	Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:— Relief to destitute Indians. Repairing fences and bridges Work on public roads Rent of room for council house Legal services Wood for school Books, &c., for school. Ditching For services of Secretary Rent to representatives of late Ignace Gill Sundry small accounts Distribution of interest moneys Percentages on collections carried to credit of Management Fund. Balance on 30th June, 1884		10 00 2 25 10 00 1 00 17 50	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Rents collected  Interest on invested capital	\$ cts. 3,395 98	\$ cts. 220 20 266 34 150 88
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	3,395 98	116 43

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

No. 40. Cr.

DETIT	DN	$\mathbf{p}_{-}$	Continued.	
KMTU	IL IX	D	Conunuea.	

ABENAKIS OF BECANCOUR	in	Account	Current	with	the	Department of	'Indian	Affairs.

	Capital	1.	Int	eres	t.			Capi	al.	Inter	est.
To the following payments:— Geo. S Brush, for refund of amount overpaid on account of lots 2 and 3, in Township of Coleraine				\$ 102	cts.	В	y Balance on 30th June, 1883 Interest on invested capital		cts.		cts. 70 28 31 92
,	728	30		102	20		Balance on 30th June, 1884		8 30 6 30		02 20

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

### RETURN B-Continued.

Dr.	AMALIGITES OF ISLE VERTE AND VIGER in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:— Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ cts. 350 41 4,853 29	\$ cts.	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Land sales	\$ cts. 1,699 58 3,504 12	\$ ets. 120 49 72 80
	5,203 70	193 29	Balance on 20th June, 1884	5,203 70 4,853 29	193 29

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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Dr. Golden Lake India			3—Continued.  It with the Department of Indian Affairs.		No. 42. Cr.
	Capital.	Interest.	<u> </u>	Capital.	Interest.
To Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ cts. 18 43	\$ cts.	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Interest on invested capital	\$ ets.	\$ cts. 6 23 0 96
	18 43	7 19		18 43	7 19
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	18 43	7 19

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DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 43.

RETURN	BC	ontinued.
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Dr.	Hurons of Lorett	E in Accou	int Current	with the Department of Indian Affairs.		Cr.
		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
Percentage on Manageme	ayments:—  a collections carried to credit of the fund		\$ ots.  12 60  2 16 315 20	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 384 20	\$ cts. 267 88 36 00 26 08
69	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	384 20	329 96	Balance on 30th June, 1884	384 20	329,96

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant. IROQUOIS OF CAUGHNAWAGA in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

=							<u> </u>
		'apital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.	ictoria.
-		\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
Т	o Balance on 30th June, 1883		402 50	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	17,709 26	ļ	70
	o the following payments:—			Payment by La Fabrique de Montréal of amount loaned in 1844		98 17 174 20	Sessional
	Salaries.			Fines do		713 04 1,066 58	onal
70	Shatekienton, Ohief (15 months)		62 50 24 00 24 00 366 00 50 00				Papers
	Pension.						(No.
	F. Kasakete		20 00				ن
	Sundry Disbursements.	}	]				ت
	Labor on roads  Insurance  Advances on account survey of reserve.  Legal services and costs in liquor prosecutions  Measuring stone  Seats and desks for school	4,000 00	97 81 24 00 378 00 97 36 58 00				
	Expenses of Dominion Police at Agricultural Exhibition Uniforms, &c., for Constable Repairing fences Wood for school Services of Crier N. V. Burtin, commutation in lieu of supplies Legal services re La Fabrique de Montréal		46 55 69 50 12 00 32 00 2 25 241 50				A. 1885

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ctoria.

Management Fund	2
21,133 59 2,051 99 2,	21,133 59 2,051 99
Balance on 30th June, 1884 1,066 58 Balance on 30th June, 1884 16,485 56	Balance on 30th June, 1884 16,485 56

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

## No. 45. CR

# 'RETURN B-Continued. IROQUOIS OF ST. REGIS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

DR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Salaries.  John Isaac, Chief		10 00 10 00 10 00 5 80 4 20 5 00 10 00 10 00 77 59 22 41 150 00 150 00 75 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	29,662 44	462 18 1,759 58 1,725 00
Pensions.  Loran Solomon		10 00			
Books and other material for schools  Wood for schools	3	60 41 28 50 25 00 28 00 19 10 25 46 5 00			

Supplies to Indians doing road-work Advertising Plans and specifications for repairs to church Relief to Paul Karastitse Services of Interpreter Railway fare of three Chiefs from Ottawa to Cornwall Padlock, &c Distribution of interest moneys Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund	8 59 30 00 15 00 5 25 9 45 1 15 2,655 74			
Balance on 30th June, 1884 29,662 44	346 06			
29,662 44	3,946 76		29,662 44	3,946 76
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	29,662 44	346 06

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DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

### RETURN B-Continued.

LAKE ST. JOHN INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 46. CR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To Balance on 30th June, 1883	8 57	\$ cts.  84 40  896 81  8 15  7 00  4 75  1 91	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Legislative grant  Rents collected  Land and timber sales.  Interest on invested capital  Balance on 30th June, 1884	110 50	\$ ets. 900 00 7 00 44 88 51 14
Balance on 30th June, 1884	1,317 71	1,003 02 51 14	Balance on 30th June, 1884	1,317 71	1,003 02

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

Dr.	LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS	India	ns i	n Acco	unt	Cu	rrent with the	Department	of Indian A	ffairs.		Cr	
		Capit	al.	Interes	st.					Capi	tal.	Inte	rest.
Expenses of dian bu	r payments:— contain corn for Indians at Gibson Angus Cook's visit to Cka on Insiness			9	cts. 85	Ву	Balance on 30th Junterest on invest	une, 1883 ed Capital		\$ 1,13	cts.		cts. 33 31 53 48
		1,13	1 75	86	79					1,13	1 75		86 79
<u> </u>							Balance on 30th J	une, 1884	····· ································	1,13	1 75		66 94

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 48.

### RETURN B-Continued.

Dr.	NIPISSINGUAS OF THE UPP	ER OTT	AWA	in A	Accou	nt	Current with	the De	partment of India	n Affai	rs.	C	Ł.
		Capite	al.	Inte	rest.				-	Сар	ital.	Inter	est.
Oxen for G	g payments:— r distribution to Winiwaga Indians rand Lac Indians		••••	) 1	cts. 23 12 00 00 49 71	B			884pi tal		cts.		cts.
		2,345	96	1,3	72 83						<b>45</b> 96	<u> </u>	2 83
~ <b>T</b>						$\ $	Balance on 30t	h June, 18	38 <b>4</b>	2,3	45 96	1,14	9 71

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

RETURN	R_	Continued
TATE OF THE	₽-	· Conumaca.

RIVER DESERT INDIANS in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 49. Cr.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:—  Salaries.  Peter Tetesse, Chief		112 50	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		\$ cts 500 11 524 94 1,374 80
Distribution of interest moneys	1	1,723 23 46 96 395 16 2,399 85		33,199 98	2,399 85

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

DR,

RETURN I	B—Continued
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				•	
Songhee's Band	B.C., in	Account Current	with the	Department of Indian	Affairs.

No. 50. · Cr.

	\$ cts.		\$	cts.
To Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund.  Amount paid for services in counting trees cut on Yankee Flat Reserve.  Balance on 30th June, 1884	282 73	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	6,457 2,482 302 273 258	00 00 50
	9,773 54		9,773	54
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	9,469	81

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 50a.

CR.

# RETURN B-Continued. COWICHAN BAND, B. C., in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

\$ cts.  To the following payments:— Cost of fanning mill	\$ cts.  50 00 15 00 35 00  9 50 108 50  218 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 75 00 140 00 3 00
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	108 50

DR.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

No. 50b.

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DR. Musquean Band, B. C., in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.				
	\$ cts.		\$ cts	B.
To Balance on 30th June, 1884	44 72	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	43 00 1 72	
	44 72		44 72	2
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	44 72	2

RETURN B-Continued.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

8

	Dr.	RETURN B-Continued.  Dr. SQUAMISH BAND, B.C., in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.							
39   6*	To Balance on 30th Jun	ie, 1884	\$ cts.	By Balance on 30th Jnne, 1883	\$ cts. 68 10 2 72				
			70 82	Balance on 30th June, 1884	70 82				
			ĺ		1	П			

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,

Accountant.

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Dr.		RETURN B—Continued.  count Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					
To Balance on 30th June	, 1884	\$ cts. 26 10	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Interest  Balance on 30th June, 1884	26 10			

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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No. 50e.

RETURN	B-Continued.
TITLE OF THE	DO Onconaca.

)	DR. OUMECHAN BAND, B.C., in A	ecount Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.	Cr.
To	Amount paid for relief of distressed Indians  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Managem Fund	1 00   Interest	25 60

Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

_	DR. CHEMAINES BAND, B.C., in Acc	ecount Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.						
To	Cost of blankets	\$ cts.  25 00 By Balance on 30th June, 1883	122 50 [[					
		330 50	330 50					
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	193 25					

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DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant. I. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

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Dr.		RETURN B—Continued.  count Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					
To Balance on 3	Oth June, 1884	\$ cts.  36 40  36 40	li .	Balance on 30th June, 1883	35 I	cts. 00 40 40	
				Balance on 30th June, 1884	36	40	

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

ST.	Peter's	Band,	Manitoba,	in	Account	Current	with	the	Department	of	Indian	Affairs.	
												•	

·	\$ cts		\$ cts.	
To the following payments:— Cost of breaking land on Long Plain Reserve	85 41	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Timber sales Fines collected Interest	1,397 72 1,079 48 333 50 55 88	
	2,866 58		2,866 58	
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,615 42	

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

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		B. Continued.	No. 51a.    CR.		
DR. BROKEN HEAD RIVER INDIANS, Manitoba, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					
To Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ cts.  47 47  47 47	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts.  45 67 1 80 47 47		
		Balance on 30th June, 1884	47 47		

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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L. VANKOUGHNET.

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 51b.

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188

DR. PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE BAND, Manitoba, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs. C							╝
		\$ cts.		·	\$	cts	3.
To Cost of rails and pic	ekets for Long Plain Reserveections carried to credit of Management	42 00	В	By Balance on 30th June, 1883Timber sales	30	06 00 7 00	
Fund	10, 1884	13 20		Fines collectedInterest		25 00 12 <b>24</b>	)
		450 24	1		4!	50 24	-
			•	Relance on 30th June 1884	3:	95 04	-11

RETURN B-Continued.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

No. 51c.

357 22

Dr.	Rosseau River Band, Man., in Aesount Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					
To Balance on 30th June, 1884		\$ cts.		\$ ct	ts.	
		<b></b>	By Balance on 30th June, 1883.	360 7 14 4		
		375 22		375 2	22	

RETURN B-Continued.

Balance on 30th June, 1884 .....

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

No. 51d.

Dr. FORT ALEXANDER BAND, Man., in	Fort Alexander Band, Man., in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.						
To Amount paid for expenses in connection with reported trespass on Fisher River Reserve	\$ cts. 89 50	By Balance on 30th June, 1893	\$ cts.  25 65 1 00 62 85				
Balance on 30th June, 1884	62 85						

RETURN B-Continued.

I. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIB,
Accountant.

No. 51e.

DR. Assataskashing Band, Manitoba, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.				
To Balance on 30t	h June, 1884	\$ cts. 1,892 80	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Interest  Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ cts.  1,820 00 72 80  1,892 80  1,892 80

RETURN B-Continued,

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

No. 51f.

1885

Тh	INDIANG OF THE	LAKE OF THE WOODS DISTRICT	MANITORA in	Account Current wit	h the Depart	ment of Indian Affairs.	Cr.
1)R.	INDIANS OF THE	LAKE OF THE WOODS DISTRICT	C. MANITUBA, III	Arccount Current with	ii tiit Dopai t	HIGH OF THURSDAY TERMINA	

To Expenses in connection with seizure of timber, &c., &c  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund	\$ cts. 505 23 1 95 507 18	By Receipts for timber, hay, &c Balance on 30th June, 1884.	\$ cts.  25 30 481 88  507 18
Balance on 30th June, 1884	481 88		

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

Dr.	DR. INDIANS OF NOVA SCOTIA in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.						
do d Wood for school Witness fees in a Percentage on c Fund	e at Shubenacadie	61 6 60 6 8 0 15 1	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		73 3 25 6 26 9	co i
Balance on 30th J	une, 1884	725 2		By Balance on 30th June, 1884		25 2 79 (	_

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, Оттаwa, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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	ETURN B—Continued.  ccount Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.	No. 53. Cr.
To Amount of interest moneys distributed to Buctouche Indians.  Percentage on collections carried to credit of Managemen  Fund	\$ cts	521 00
	Balance on 30th June, 1884	3,279 66

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

RETURN B-Continued. TOBIQUE INDIANS, N. B., in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs. No. 54. CR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:— Grant to assist in re-building Chief Francis' house		\$ cts. 100 00 5 60 69 79 65 32	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 4,454 25 966 79	\$ cts. 36 22 69 79 184 04
Balance on 30th June, 1884	5,317 38	290 05		5,421 04	1,290 05
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	5,317 38	49 34

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

No. 55.

	Sessional
	Papers
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To Balance on 30th June, 1884	Dr.	Indians of Prince Edward Islani	in Accoun	t Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.	CR.
Interest			\$ cts.		\$ cts.
31 42	To Balance on 3	30th June, 1884		By Balance on 30th June, 1883.	30 22 1 20
			31 42		31 42
Balance on 30th June, 1884				Balance on 30th June, 1884	31 42

RETURN B-Continued.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

96

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

No. 56.

CR.

## RETURN B-Continued.

Dr.	J. B. CLENCH in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 509 46	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 461 98 47 48
	725 06	509 46	·	725 06	509 46
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	725 06	509 46

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. 97 ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

## No. 57.

CR.

# NANCY MAIVILLE in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

RETURN B-Continued.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To 12 months' interest on invested capital	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 101 06 25 25	By Balance on 30th June, 1883	\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 25 31 101 00
	2,500 00	126 31		2,500 00	126 31
			Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,500 00	25 25

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTEMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

DR.

No. 58.

CR.

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188

	RETURN B—Continuea.
Dr.	JAMES MENACE in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To 12 months' interest on invested capital	1,500 00 1,500 00	\$ cts. 60 64 15 15 75 79	By Balance on 30th June, 1883 Interest on invested capital  Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ ets. 1,500 00 1,500 00 1,500 00	\$ cts.  15 19 60 60  75 79  15 15

99

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

## RETURN B-Continued.

WILLIAM WABBUCK in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

No. 59.

CB.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To 6 months' interest on invested capital	. \$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts. 20 25
Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,000 00	101 05	Interest on invested capital  Balance on 30th June, 1884	2,000 00	80 80 101 05 60 60

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant. L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs

DR.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC INDIAN FUND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

CR.

		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To :	Salaries.  L. F. Boucher, Superintendent.  L. E. Otis, Agent.  L. E. Otis, Agent.  Mrs. G. Handon, Prosecutor.  A. Tremblay, Constable.  Mrs. G. Haney, nurse Pt. Bleue Hospital (5 mos.)  V. Verreau do (7 mos.)		\$ cts 3,330 66  395 00 296 25 197 50 175 00 37 50 80 00 100 00 100 00 214 00 25 00 35 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883		\$ cts. 4,200 00 26 00 24 00 2,031 00 6,161 55
	Grants for Seed, Grain and Relief.  Golden Lake Indians		100 00 350 00 212 28 200 00 425 00 100 00 1,150 00 1,150 00 186 90	Carried forward	49,786 30	12,442 55

¢

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC INDIAN FUND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

CR.

•						
		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
102	Brought forward  do Gaspé  Hurons of Lorette  River Desert Indians  Oka Indians of Gibson  Moise Mingan and Seven Islands Indians  Indians at Point Esquimaux  do Grand Romaine  do Muskonore  Bonaventure Indians  Temiscamingue Indians  Barriere Indians  Rat River do  Hunter's Lodge Indians  Grand Lac Indians  Widow of late Chief Vincent		\$ cts. 8,717 03 150 00 250 00 230 07 15 00 230 07 15 00 23 73 64 50 24 00 150 00 54 00 42 12 70 00 159 40 50 00	Erought forward	\$ cts. 49,766 30	\$ cts. 52,442 55
	Miscellaneous Expenditure.  Amount paid J. A. Verge, for temporary services as Agent		50 00 201 55 515 00 30 00 51 32 16 60 100 00 30 00			

Cost of tools and implements for Grand Lac		30 87	,	ĺ
Relief to destitute Huron families in Township of Spalding		54 49		
Supplies to hospital at Point Bleue		512 64	1	
fuel		100 00	1	
Travelling expenses of L. F. Boucher Expenses of distribution of seed, grain and re-		590 26		
lief to Abenakis of Becancour		29 10		ı
Cost of lock-up at Maria  Percentage on collections carried to credit of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	18 01		Í
Management Fund	•	1 56		1
credit of superannuation account		11 25	İ	
4	19,766 30 12	3,442 55	49,766 30	12,44

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

Cr.

INDIAN LAND MANAGEMENT FUND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs. Dr.

Capital. Interest. Capital. Interest. \$ \$ cts. cts. cts. cts. By Balance, 30th June, 1883 .... 112,080 52 To Balance on 30th June, 1883..... 34,178 11 1,600 00 Legislative Grant ...... 449 91 Fines and fees collected ...... To the following payments:-Second refund by various tribes on account of loans at various times to assist in making Salaries. 6,372 41 8.883 49 surveys, roads, bridges, &c. ..... Refund of salary paid to R. G. Dalton, from 1,577 80 J. T. Gilkison, Superintendent and Commissioner ..... 457 31 882 00 Aug. 1, 1882, to Feb. 28, 1883..... H. Andrews, Clerk ..... 359 32 Refund of amount paid A. Dingman as travelling E. Watson, Agent, 4 months ..... 100 00 588 00 expenses, 1882-83 ..... Thomas Gordon, Agent ...... 1 35 Amount of outstanding cheques, 1881-82 ...... 588 00 Charles Logue ..... ..... Percentage charged against various tribes for 395 00 John Beattie 10,106 63 661 50 collections on account of land and timber ... ...... Charles Skene do 9 months ..... 4.523 10 493 75 Interest on invested capital Wm. Van Abbott do \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 37,210 77 395 00 Balance on June 30, 1884 ..... (l. E. Cherrier do ..... J. C. Phipps. Superintendent and Commissioner 1.176 00 705 60 A. M. Ironside, Clerk ..... 250 93 A. B. Cowan, Agent ..... 395 00 B. W. Ross ..... 395 00 C. B. Savage 588 00 J. P. Donnelly 493 75 M. Hill ........ ...... 411 40 Wm. Bull 10 months . .... 493 75 J. Creighton 493 75 J. Thackeray 493 75 J R. Stevenson 493 75 Edwin Harris 493 75 H. H. Thompson do 220 50 Thos. Walton 3 months ..... 574 58 Wm. McPhee do 14 do ..... 114 58 Sept. 25 to June 30...... G. B. McDermott do 382 60 A. McKelvev 

334 42

112 50

60 00

A. English

James Paul

A. Lebel

..........

9 months .....

				i i		
	R. M. Stephen, Physician to Indians on Mani-	1	1 600 00	1	l 11 .	_
	toulin Island		1,000 00		1 1 7	õ
	Dr. Oronhyatekka, Physician to Oneidas of the		300 00		1 11	_
	A. McLaren, M.D., Physician to Mohawks of	**** ************************	000		1 1 :	Victoria
	Ray of Quinté		150 00		1 11 9	3
	J. Newton, M.D., Physician to Mohawks of Bay					<u>S</u>
	of Quinté		150 00		1 11 3	₽.
	A. Root, Island Guardian		25 00 25 00			20
	John Wallace, Island Guardian	····· ·······	25 00 1		i II	
	J. L. Thompson do John Pierre, Constable at Fort William	***************************************	36 00		1 11	
	John Fierre, Coustable at Fort William				( !!	
Co	ntingent Expenses of the various Superintendencies and Agencies.					
	Charles Skene-	ļ			1 11 .	
	Office rent		45 00	,	1 11 1	Š
	Commission on collections		475 86 232 95			8
	Travelling expenses		3 90			≌.
	Postage		113 18	1	1 1 5	Sessional
•	G. E. Cherrier—					٠ حو
	Office rent		<b>60 0</b> 0		1 11	
	Commission on collections		45 35		1 1 1	Papers
60	A. B. Cowan—		100.00		4	22
01	Travelling expenses		100 00		1 11 3	ĕ
	Wm. Van Abbott— Office rent		40 00		1 11 7	귫
	Travelling expenses		175 00	1		_
	Commission on collections		148 35		! 1 7	Ż
	Contingencies		189 10		1 11 7	ੋ
	C. B. Savage-				1 11 .	•
	Contingencies		20 13		1 1 (	ဗ္
	Postage		17 85 120 00			ン
	Office rent		89 82		1 11	
	Commission on collections		0000		í li	
	Postage		6 49		1 11	
	Commission		45 92		í li	
	J. T. Gilkison—				i II	
	Office rent		240 00		] ]]	
	Travelling expenses		100 00		1 11	
	J. C. Phipps—		481 48		1 11 1	-
	Commission on collections		65 75			-
	Contingencies Postage		39 04	!	,	
	Travelling expenses	******	100 00		1 11 7	88
				190 064 01	60,821 48	တ္သ
	Carried forward		53,468 26	Carried forward 120,964 01	. 00,021 40 []	<u> </u>

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1885

### RETURN B-Continued.

INDIAN LAND MANAGEMENT FUND, in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

Capital. Interest. Capital. Interest. S cts. \$ cts \$ cts. \$ cts. 120,964 01 60,821 48 53,468 26 Brought forward ..... Brought forward..... Contingent Expenses, Sc-Concluded. E. Watson-35 62 Contingencies'..... 36 00 Office rent..... 166 79 Commission on collections ..... 101 19 Travelling expenses...... Postage; .... 2 &9 John Davidson-2 28 Postage ..... Commission on collections, &c..... 173 62 Thomas Gordon-16 15 Contingencies ..... Postage ..... 2 40 2 50 Travelling expenses ..... B. B. Miller-Commission on collections ..... 361 45 100 00 Office rent...... 22 24 Postage ..... 39 34 Contingencies ..... John F. Dav-Commission on collections ...... 30 55 John Beattie-25 69 Contingencies ..... Wm. Bull-31 64 Contingencies ..... 12 00 Office rent ..... 5 00 Travelling expenses ..... B. W. Ross-100 82 Commission on collections ..... 131 55

30 00 |

106

Contingencies .....

Office rent.....

Dr.

Postage	5 38 11	1
E. Harris—		
Travelling expenses	31 94	<u> </u>
Contingencies		1
J. R. Stevenson—	000	
	المووا	
Postage	3 36	
Adam English—	111	
Postage	0 49	
Travelling expenses	27 95	
Wm. Plummer—	]	
Commission on collections	i 84.43 ii	
J. P. Donnelly-	" "	
Contingencies	97 87	
Don't light and fuel	1	
Rent, light and fuel	130 00	
Wm. McPhee-	1 11	
Travelling expenses	4 70	
Postage	0 50 [[	
G. B. McDermott—	1 11	
Contingencies	3 53 1	
	- 30	
i	j	
Surveys, Inspection and Valuation of Lands, cost	1	
	1	j
of Maps, &c.		
Towns Discon Comments than the box and in A	1	
James Dixon, for protecting timber, cut in tres-	1	!
pass, Fort William Reserve	14 00	1
Amount paid for protecting timber cut in tres-	[ ti	
pass in Township of Gordon	20 50	
Expenses of procuring surrender of timber on	1 11	
Point Grondin Reserve	32 95	1
Cost of inspection of islands in Stoney Lake and	1 2.30	
Door Pare	16 65	
Deer Bay	10 03	
R. W. Mutchmore, for protecting timber under	1 00 00	
seizure in Townshp of Campbell	20 00	
Cost of measuring timber on Tobique Reserves	44 89	
Cost of inspection of town plot of Adair	8 00	1
do "Flower Pot" Island	27 12	ì
Cost of procuring surrenders at Spanish and	''	
Serpent Rivers	29 78	
Amount paid for protection of timber in C. B.	"" "	
	الموموا	
Savage's Agency	28 00	1
S. James, Forest Bailiff, Skene's Agency	73 92	
L. Lesage do do	15 43	
F. Tilley do do	96 09	1
Peter Megiss do	8 60	
R. Davis do Saugeen Peninsula	184 18	
H. Trout do do	208 25	
Carried forward	56,125 37	Carried forward
oarried forward	. 00,120 01 11	Obligh for Mala

120,	964 01	60,824	48

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## RETURN B-Continued.

INDIAN LAND MANAGEMENT FUND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

	Capita	al.	Intere	est.		Capital.	Interes	st.
Brought forward	\$	cts	\$ 56,12	cts. 5 37	Brought forward	\$ cts. 120,964 01	<b>\$</b> 60,821	C 4
L. Beaucasse do Skene's Agency	••••••	•••••	10	2 29 4 54 1 55				
Amount paid for copies of non-resident assessment rolls.  Cost of inspection of lands, &c., in Algoma District.  Cost of inspection of timber, Fort William Re-	••••••		42	9 79				
serve	•••••••		12:	5 40				
"Le Canada"  Hull "Despatch" "Citizen" Printing Co "La Minerve"	******		1	5 64 4 76 7 68 3 60				
"Mail" Printing Co			1 2	3 40 4 88 3 80 1 56				
"Gazette" Printing Co			10	3 40 6 32 0 40 4 42				
Prescott "Messenger".  Brockville "Times".  Morrisburg "Courier".  Port Hope "Times".  Picton "Gazette".			1	1 56 3 74 4 42 2 60				
Kingston " News "			2	0 50 4 08 5 00	}			

"Sentinel" Printing Co "Progress and Mining Journal"		28 85 10 <b>6</b> 5		
Miscellaneous.			j	
Furniture for Agent Phipp's office		7 00 110 00		
Cost of Vaccine Virus		9) 00 10 00 9 00 329 73	1	i İ
Travelling expenses of Rev. Wm. Scott in connection with Oka Indians of Gibson	••••••	100 00 21 78 89 63		
Canadian Express Co., transport  Inspection of blankets  Cost of blankets for distribution to Indians  Rev. Wm. Scott's travelling expenses in con-	••••••	13 30 6 58 1,379 40		
Cost of ploughs for Governor-General's prize to Six Nation Indians Amount paid Wm. Van Abbott to replace moneys				
stolen by burglars  Repairs to Dr. Stephen's surgery  Cost of medicines for Spanish River Indians  Amount paid Agent Bull to replace horse				
drowned	***************************************	140 00 105 20		
Fare of 2 Indians from Ottawa to Mattawa Furniture for Agent Van Abbott's office Repairs to Supt. Phipps dwelling Stationery for outside service	······	4 20 45 00 325 05 167 40		
Sundry small payments		10 70 29 00 224 12		I
Balance	120,964 01	60,821 48	120,964 01	60,821 4

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant. L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

No. 62. Cr.

RETURN	B-Continued.
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Suspense Account in Account Current	with the Department of Indian Affairs.
BUSPENSE ACCOUNT IN MOODER CUITORS	With the 2 opartiment of an armine and armine

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
To the following payments:  Relief to distressed Indians at White Fish Lake. Percentage on collections carried to credit of Management Fund	26 19	\$ cts. 354 25 810 70	By Balance on 30th June, 1883Land and timber sales	261 90	\$ cts. 975 39 189 56
Balance on 30th June, 1884	4,026 03	1,164 95	Balance on 30th June, 1884	4,026 03 3,999 84	1,1164 95

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

DR.

CR.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
_	\$ cts.	\$ cts		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
To be believing payments:—  SALARIES OF TEACHERS.  Ontario.  J. Kochmstedt, Wikwimikong (Boy's) Lucy Haessly do (Girl's) Agatha Gabow, Wikwimikongsing.  Agnes Gabow, South Bay F. Frost, Shegnindah A Chartraw, West Bay Mary McKeon, Sheshegwaning. Sophia Peltier, Buzwahs Alex Pelkie Serpent River. Marth McPowell, Garden River (Protestant). Rev. T. Ouillettee do (Roman Catholic) D Ducharme, Fort William (Boy's) Christeen Leimano do (Girl's) J. H. Scott, Mississauga school Amelia Ohechock, Ryerson do Wellington Salt, Miller do Christeen John, Shawanaga Nelles Timothy, Muncey. Louis Scanado, Oneida, No. 3 Kate Karente, Gibson. Sister St. Thecla, Mattawa. Cath. F. Stack, Golden Lake.		10,822 10  150 00 300 00 200 00 150 00 50 00 100 00 200 00 10 00 200 00 12 50 150 00 25 00 25 00 26 50 20 00 100 00 150 00	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Legislative Grants:— Ontario and Quebec New Brunswick Nova Scotia Six Nations, for transfer of fourth and fifth inst-liments on \$3,000, charged this account in error as a granttowards schools Legislative grant towards repairs to Mount Elgin institution  Interest on invested capital Balance on 30th June, 1884		5,000 00 2,200 00 3,200 00 750 00 1,200 00 5,668 00 12,656 82
Jas. Assiginack, White Fish Lake Elija Sickles, Oneida, No. 3  James McKay, Red Rock  Chas. Timothy, Muncey		188 00 61 83 150 00 25 00 13,773 43	Carried forward	141,422 83	30,674 82

INDIAN SCHOOL FUND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

Cr.

	Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 13,773 43	Brought forward,	\$ cts. 141,422 83	\$ cts. 30,674 82
Ontario—Concluded.  Henry Schutt, Miller School		75 00 150 00 100 00 50 00			
Quebec.  Catherine McGee, Chenail		50 00 50 00 100 00 250 00 274 00 200 00 37 50 200 00 150 00 250 00 250 00 100 00 16 00			•
M. B. Dumaresque, Burnt Church		150 00 250 00 150 00 183 33 150 00	·		

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3   *	Nova Scotia.  J. McEachen, Whycocomagh T. C. Kerr, Bear River Kate Jollymour, Indian Cove R. McWillan, Escasoni A. J. McKenzie do	 200 00 330 00 50 00 150 00 50 00		48 Victoria.
	Rev. L. Trahan, St Thomas, Pierreville	 400 00 50 83 152 49 235 00 140 00 400 00 225 17		Sessional
113	GRANTS.  Schools on Man'toulin Island	1,200 00 1,724 76 450 00 400 00 1,695 00 3,750 00 500 00		Papers (No. 3.)
	Books, Mars, &c., for USE of Schools.  Lake St John Manitoulin Island. Caughnawaga Middle River, N.S. Bear River, N.S. Whycocomagh, N.S. Maria and Restigouche. Walpole Island. Red Rock. Henvey's Inlet, Shawanaga and Parry Island.  Carried forward.	10 65 53 07 6 00 14 11 7 50 7 55 25 00 7 75 12 38 59 25 29,165 77	Carried forward 141,422 83 30	A. 1885

INDIAN SCHOOL FUND in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.

		Capital.	Interest.		Capital.	Interest.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 29,165 77	Brought forward	\$ cts. 141,422 83	\$ cts. 30,674 82
114	BOOK*, MAPS, &c., FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS- Con.  To the following payments:— Oneidas of Thames.  Temiscamingue. St. Marys, N.B. Kingsclear, N.B. St. Francis. Rev. Wm. Scott.		29 53 3 20 70 96 48 98 54 14 1 32			
	INSPECTION OF SCHOOLS.  St. Régis		7 75 10 00 20 00 65 00 10 00 7 75 26 75			
	SUNDRY DISBURSEMENTS.  Grant towards construction of school house and temperanee hall, Oneida Reserve	200 00	72 05 3 25 54 00 300 00 11 75			·

3<u>−8</u>3\*

Grant towards construction of school building, Cornwall Island		100 00			
wall Island		24 00			
Wood, &c., for school at Point Bleue Cost of school building at Middle River		20 75    415 (0			[]
Furniture for school at Restigouche		50 00			ļţ
Wood for schools at St Marys and Kingsclear Advertising for teachers		34 13   17 25			
Transport of school material		5 15			
Wood for school at Escasoni		10 00		1	]]
clear schools		3 20 1 801			
Cost of window and nails for Sagimock school.  Rent of house for Sagimock school		2 00			
School books, &c Balance on 30th June, 1884		19 34			- 1
Datance on Jose wine, 100 x					
	141,422 83	30,674 82		141,422 83	30,674 82
Balance on 30th June, 1884		12,656 82	By Balance on 30th June, 1884	141,422 83	1

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DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINGLAIR,
Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

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	R	ETURN H	3—Continued.	No. 64		
D <sub>R</sub> ,	SURVEY ACCOUNT in Account Current with the Department of Indian Affairs.					
Cost of survey of	ments.— d on account of surveys on the St. Maurice. Reserves to the North of Georgian Bay June, 1884	\$ cts. 600 00 600 00 1,216 85 2,416 85	By Balance on 30th June, 1883  Balance on 30th June, 1884	\$ cts. 2,416 85  2,416 85  1,216 85		

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

116 n

Dr.		RETURN B-Continued. coount Current with the Department of Indian Affairs	No. 65. Cr.
To the following paym W. R. Sartlett, re F. Talfourd Charles Skene	ne, 1883 ents :— tired allowance do do	tion .	235 37

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$	cts.
		Legislative appropriation for 1883-84, under 46 Vic., c. 2  Balance of appropriation, 1882-83, brought forward by authority of Order in Council				1	5,033 493 5,524	2 06
6 Vic., c. 2, Vote 177	G. Wells	Salaries. For Salary as Agent, District 1a, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884		•••••	50 00			
	F. McDormand	Salary as Agent, District 1b, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884			50 00			
	J. E. Eeckwith	Salary as Agent, District 2, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884	*****		25 00			
	Rev. T. Butler	Salary as Agent, Districts 3 and 4, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884.			75 00			
	Rev. D. C. O'Connor	Salary as Agent, District 5, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884			00.00			
	James Gass	Salary as Agent, District 61, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884.			16 66			
	D. H. Muir	Salary as Agent, District 6b, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884			16 66			
	A. T. Clark	Salary as Agent, District 7, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884			33 33			
	Rev. R. McDonald	Salary as Agent, District 8, for twelve months ended 30th June. 1884			100 00			
	Rev. W. Chisholm	Salary as Agent, District 9, for six months ended 31st December, 1883.			<b>5</b> 0 00	Ì		
	Rev. J. J. Chisholm	Salary as Agent, District 9, for three months ended 30th June, 1881			25 90			
	Rev. J. McDougall	Salary as Agent, District 10, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1834.	,		100 00			
	Rev. D. McIsaac	Salary as Agent, District 11, for twelve months ended 30th			50 00			
	Rev. R. Grant	June, 1884 Salaty as Agent, District 13, for twelve months ended 30th June, 1884			<b>T</b> 0.00			

RETURN C. 1.—INDIANS OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Rev. M. McKenzie		Agent, District 13, for twelve months ended 30th	h	100 00	<b>.</b>	
		Medical Attendance and Medicines.			774 98	
	i					ŀ
R. Withers, M.D	In District No.	1 <i>a</i>		15 00		}-
R. J. Ellison, M.D U. J. Fox. M.D		1b				).
B. E. Donham, M.D	do do	16		j		l i
Joseph Donnaud, M. D.	40	49	20 00	227 75		
W. B. Moore, M.D	do	2	27 00	1 22 10		ĺ
A. Robinson, M.D	do	2	4 50	1		1
0 4 0 10 11 0	1 .			31 50		}
G. A. Smith, M.D	do	3 and 4		29 00		
O. H. Muir, M.D	do	7		35 00 51 25		i i
J. C. McKinnon, M.D.	do	9		82 62		
I. McIntosh, M.D.,		11		59 50		
H. J. Fixott, M.D	do	12	. 10 00			
J. L. Bethune, M.D	do	12	. 53 60			
		10	20.10	63 60		1
do do M. A. Macdonald, M.D	do do	13				
M. A. Macubhard, M.D	40	13	. 20 00	50 10		1:
		•			595 82	1
	Expended by	y Agents in the purchase of supplies of Food and	ł	1 1	333 32	
	Se	ed Grain, in the following proportions.	l			
C Walle	To District No.	1	Food, &c.	Seed Grain.		1
F. McDormand	I do	1a		52 00 107 00		į.
J. E. Beckwith.	do	2		12 14		<b> </b>
Rev. T. Butler	do	3 and 4		125 00		1
Rev. D. C. O'Connor	do	5,,,,,,				
A. P. Desmond	do	<u> 5</u>		65 00		
James Gass	do	6a	67 00	60 00		
D. H Muir	do do	6b		15 39		]
A. T. Clarke, M.D Rev. R. McDonald	ďο	8		35 00   103 00		ľ
Rev. W. Chisholm	do	9	773 73	100 00		
Rev. J. J. Chisholm	do	9		83 00		
Rev. J. McDougall		10	134 52	120 00		'
Rev. D. McIsaac		11		53 00		
Rev. R. Grant		12	80 00 152 00	72 00 135 00		İ
deer. M. Bickenzie	i uu	13	152 03	135 00		1
(			1,254 60	1,037 53	2,292 13	
		_				
1	i	Carried forward	. I	!	3,662 43	5,524 62

A	
1885	

RETURN C.	1.—INDIANS	OF NOVA	SCOTIA—Concluded.
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AUTH RITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.
	N. Jeddore	Brought forward		20 00 10 00 25 00 10 00 10 00	3,662 43 65 00 20 00	5,524 62
120	J. McKenzie Govt. Stationery Office	Miscellaneous.  Services and expenses in surveying Reserves at Cole Harbour  Stationery	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		22 18	3,769 61 1,755 01

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTEMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

# RETURN C. 2—INDIANS OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Legislative Appropriation, 1883-84, under 46 Vic, c. 2				5,118 12 24 03 5,142 15
46 Vic., c. 2, Vote 178	Moses Craig C. Sargeant	do     9     do     to 31st March, 1884		125 00 400 00 225 00 250 00 100 00 125 00 100 00 13 33	1,463 33	•
	J. S. Benson, M.D	Medical Attendance and Medicine.  For Salary as Medical Officer, for 12 months, to 24th March, 1884, Northumberland Co		104 35 100 00 15 00 62 50 13 50 13 50 169 90 121 50 27 05 126 75		

## RETURN C. 2.-INDIANS OF NEW BRUNSWICK-Concluded.

A UTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ct
	J. B. Lamothe, M.D	Brought forward	************		753 55  25 87 98 85 75 22 17 50 15 00 35 00 12 95 38 90 73 45	1,463 33 1,146 29	5,142 1
	Wm. Fisher C. Sargeant M. Craig		430 841	&c. 6 00 2 <b>0</b> 0 0 00	Seed-Grain. 600 00 136 80	,	
	C. Sargeant		1,47		736 80	2,214 80 17 50	
	Govt. Stationery Office	For Stationery  Total expenditure	i			1 67	4,843 5
		Balance unexpended		•••••			298 5

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, Оттаwa, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

# RETURN C. 3.—INDIANS OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		Legislative appropriation, 1883-84, under 46 Vic., cap. 2  Balance of appropriation, 1882-83, brought forward under anthority of Order in Council			Į.	2,000 00 237 18 2,237 18
46 Vic., c. 2, Vote 179	John O. Arsenault	For Salary as Agent, 12 months to 30th June, 1884		53 99 25 48 39 41 6 49 7 25 14 45	500 00 200 00	
,		MEDICAL ATTENDANCE.  For Medical services			942 43 279 16 2 64 1,924 23	2,287 16

## RETURN C. 3-INDIANS OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND-Concluded.

AUTORITY FOR • PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	F. Francis	Brought forward  Wintering Government oxen  Ploughing for Indians  Advertising for tenders for supplies	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15 00 30 75 5 25 12 25 5 20	1,924	1 23   9 64	<b>2,</b> 23	87 18
4		Total expenditure  Balance unexpended		1	ł		<u> </u>	93 87 13 31

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

# RETURN C. 4.—INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

	AUTHORITY FOB PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cta.
105			Legislative Appropriation, 1883-84, under 46 Vic., c. 2:— Indians of British Columbia generally	3,000 1,800 150 433 480 100 69 2 5 16 7	00 00 00 00 87 00 00 50 50 00 00 00 75	6,12	7 62		11,05 1,20 35 45,95	0 00 5 00 0 00 3 32 8 32
	1		Carried forward	*******		6,12	7 63	 	45,93	8 32

# A 18

RETURN C		4.—INDIANS	OF	BRITISH	COLUMBIA—Continued.
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AUTHOBITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	<b>\$</b> cu
		Brought forward		6,127 62		45,958 32
	G. L. Milne, M.D	Medical Attendance and Medicines.  For Medical attendance	248 50 27 50 127 00 177 98 296 30 48 45 8 50	932 23		
į	Steamer "Yosemite" do "Wm. Irving". P. C. Dunlevy B. C. Express Co T. H. Cudlip J. Sherman S. Coomes J. A. Mara I. W. Powell do	For Transport of Supt. Powell	9 50 11 00 50 09 288 00 5 00 2 50 4 00 4 75 365 00 176 00	915 76		
	Allsop & Mason	Office Expenses.  For Rent of office, 11 months, to 30th April, 1884	495 00 6 00 10 00 13 00 9 75 43 00 18 00	010 10		·

IT. N. Hibben & Co Static	onery and postage stamps	81 37		1 1	- 11
Telegraph and Signal		17 50			- 11
1	rams	'			[]
Mrs. E. Calvert 1 core	d wood	4 50			11
Hall & Goepel 7 tons	s coal	55 00			}}
14. 4	m whistles for office	5 00 46 42			11
	og up vault				]]
J. Weiler Carpe	ts	203 64		1	
R. T. Williams Bindi	ng reports				H
H. C Wilson Plum	bing	2 50		1	- 11
	cash disbursements				
2 11. 20110111 1111111 11111			1,084 88	! !	lj.
	Ald to Olah and Marke Indiana			Į į	- 11
	Aid to Sick and Needy Indians.		}		
Goodacre & Dooley For Supp	dies	. 63 15			11
H. Saunders do	****** ******* ***** ***** ***** ***** ****	. 130 86			- !!
Reed & Hudson do Hudson Bay Co do	***************************************	J		1	
P. C. Dunlevy do	***************************************	19 75			- 11
I. W. Powell do		77 00			
E. Marvin Hard	lware supplied	59 00	396 06	1	
	Aid towards the Improvement of the Indians.				
G Maria	ements for Songees Reserve		5 50		
E. METVIN POT IMPL	ements for bongees reserve				!}
1	6.1				11
	Schools.			1	[]
A. J. Hall For Salar	y as Teacher at Alert Bay, to 31st March, 1884	. 149 67	1		
do Gran	t for the maintenance and education of two India.	150 00			
A Martin Salar	hildren y as Teacher at St. Mary's, to 31st December, 1893				
M. A. Green Salar	do Nass River, to 31st March, 1884	124 88		1	
A. E. Green	do Lakalsap (Nass River) to 31st. De				
	do Kitamaat, to 31st March, 1883	77 13		1	- 11
M. Lawrence	do Bella Bella, to 31st March, 1983		1	j 1	[]
D. Jennings	do Port Simpson, to 30th September, '83	51 37			
R. E. Woods	do Kitwangach, to 31st December, 1883	77 88	1,313 72		
			1,010 12		
1	Carried forward	1	10.775.78		45,958 32

Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No.

# RETURN C 4-INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA-Coulinued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts		\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	W. Denny W. Jenkins H.M S. "Heroine" do	Brought forward	9 00 10 75 21 50 102 90 537 50	10	,775	76	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	45,95	8 32
	A. S. Woodburn	16 pieces of millboard	1 35 6 00 26 00 15 00 9 80 1,200 00		,9 <b>9</b> 0	80				
	H. P. Cornwall	Kamloops Agency.  For 12 months' salary as Agent, to 30th June, 1884	1,200 00 20 00 5 25 53 07 75 00 5 00 2 93		,361		·			
	J. W. McKsy	For Salary as Agent, 8 months, to 30th June, 1884	800 00 800 00 15 00							

T. N. Hibben & Co Hudson's Bay Co	Printing Stationery Freighting	10 00 30 13 0 75	1,155 87	
	Okanagan Agency.			
A. E. Howse	For Salary as Agent, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884	1,200 00 300 00 143 83 .30 91 22 06 4 50 2 00 9 00 4 25	1,716 55	
	Fraser Agency.			
P. McTiernando J. Cunningham	For Salary Agent, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884.  Travelling expenses	1,200 00 400 00 31 30 78 50 22 00 11 00 56 75 60 62 10 00 8 50 54 50	1,933 17	
	Williams' Lake Agency.		į	
W. L. Meason	For Salary as Agent, from 4th August, 1883, to 30th June, 1884 Travelling expenses Interpreting Supplies for destitute  do  do  do  Medicines  Medical attendance  do  Printing Postage stamps and stationery	908 57 400 00 3 00 122 88 24 50 147 87 96 60 62 62 5 00 5 00 7 00 18 50		
]	Carried forward		18,933 40 -	45,958 32

Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

#### RETURN C. 4.—INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued. AUTHORITY \$ cts SERVICE. S cts. cts. S cts TO WHOM PAID. FOR PAYMENT. 45,958 32 18,933 40 Brought forward..... Williams' Lake Agency-Continued. 62 50 A. Barlow..... 1 cutter and set single harness .... 5 50 Express charges..... N. Gustafsen. ..... 5 77 J. A. LeBourdois . ....... Telegrams..... 1,874 71 West Coast Agency. H. Guillod..... For Salary as Agent, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884..... 1.200 00 182 50 Travelling expenses.... do \*\*\*\*\*\* 10 00 Stoutswich ..... Wages as constable..... Spring & Co..... Supplies for destitute..... 215 19 E. Marvin ..... Nails and freight..... 10 7 68 01 E. G. Prior. ..... Tools..... Moore & Co ..... Medicines..... 46 00 T. Shotbolt...... 73 00 42 00 O. Frank..... Transport of Agent..... 69 00 Hilihipe. .... 40 00 Dave..... 23 50 Adisk...... 1 canoe, sails and paddles ..... И. Hill..... 5 76 Freighting...... Expended on new house for Agent-36 75 M. Humber..... For Bricks 42 50 J. Speatt..... Shingles..... Muirhead & Mann. ..... 108 45 Lumber ..... 49 00 E. G. Prior..... Hardware ..... 205 75 Capt. J. D. Warren ...... Freighting..... Transport of Carpenter from Victoria to Euclyelet .... 10 00 . ..... 2,437 16

3-91\*

G. Blenkiasop	1	Kwahkewith Agency.			' '	h
W. H. Lomas       For Salary as Agent, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884       1,200 00         do       Travelling expenses       400 00         A. G. Horne & Son.       Supplies for destitute       12 13         G. B. Ordano       do       11 25         J. Speatt       do       31 45         Hudson Bay Co.       do       109 12         W. P. Jaynes       do       3 44         S. Brightman       1 grindstone       8 56         Warvin & Tilton       Medicinal attendance       11 40         W. W. Walkem, M.D.       Medicial attendance       10 90         S. Pimbury & Co.       Medicines       10 90         C. Shotholt       0       71 80         T. N. Hibben & Co.       Postage stamps and stationery       26 25         W. H. Lomas       Perty cash disbursed       13 75         W. H. Lomas       Petty cash disbursed       13 75         W. H. Lomas       Petty cash disbursed       17 00         Wathews, Richards & Tresting       5 00         Victoria "Standard"       Advertising       5 00         do "Evening Post"       Advertising       5 00         do "Evening Post"       Lime and whitewash brushes       10 25	do R. Hunt	Travelling expenses Paid Messengers do Attendant on small pox patients Supplies for do Rent of room for do Supplies for destitute. Rent of room for dispensary, and fuel for same. Supplies for destitute dedicines do 1 tent for Agent Postage stamps and stationery. Freighting	387 50 14 50 14 00 14 92 7 00 80 65 69 75 17 25 27 41 116 07 12 50 8 75 3 00	1,983 55		
Martin   M		Cowichan Agency.	·			
	do A. G. Horne & Son. G. B. Ordano. J. Speatt. Hudson Bay Co. W. P. Jaynes. Brightman. E. Marvin & Tilton W. W. Walkem, M.D. S. Pimbury & Co. F. Shotbolt. T. N. Hibben & Co. G. Morris. W. H. Lomas. B. C. "Gazette" Wathews, Richards & Tye Steamer "W. G. Hunt" Victoria "Standard" do "Evening Post" J. Sehl.	Travelling expenses. Supplies for destitute.  do do do do do lo lo l grindstone. Tools. Medical attendance. Medicines. do Postage stamps and stationery. Printing. Petty cash disbursed. Printing fo pairs of handcuffs. Transport of Indian Chief. Advertising. do lesk and letter press Lime and whitewash brushes.	400 00 12 13 18 00 11 25 31 45 109 12 3 44 8 56 11 12 114 00 10 90 71 80 26 25 15 50 13 75 5 00 18 00 17 00 10 50 5 00 3) 00 10 25		27,381 84	
Carried forward		<b>,</b>	ĺ	1	07 001 04	45,958 33

#### RETURN C. 4.—INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Brought forward	***************************************		27,381 84	45,958 32
		Expenditure under W. S. Jemmett.				
	W. S. Jemmett. E. M. Woods. A. McDonald J. Laurie G. Petit H. Bell Jack]. Peter Johnny Alexander Saul Charley Tom Edward Bob Billy Al Lee W. S. Jemmett P. Hamilton H.; Fell A. McDonald R. McLean A. McKinlay R. McLeese E. Skuse Marshall & Smith G. Tuttle E. Caunell P. C. Dunlevy R. McLeese C. McKane	For Salary as Surveyor, 12 months, to 31st May, 1884	1,800 00 233 33 256 46 44 98 29 33 260 33 28 33 138 66 21 25 43 75 15 60 6 25 7 75 251 22 761 60 7 00 11 00 12 00 7 00 18 00 12 00 7 50 30 00 19 14			

Michaud Steamer "W. Irving" O. F. Mickle A. Onderdonk C. P. Navigation Co. J. Campbell Hugh Bell A. McDonald Kcness Cap Ness Tom Edward J. Ford Alexander Philip Charley Saul Bob Marshall & Smith J. Rosetta A. Carson	do   do   do   do   do   do   do   do	18 50   9 50   33 75   75 00   20 00   8 50   6 00   9 50   26 00   4 50   5 00   9 00   100 00   44 00   112 75   15 50   31 50   13 00   10 05   14 00   5 00   164 13				48 Victoria. Sessional
J. Gastineau	Cash disbursed for expenses in connection with survey  Expenditure under J. Gastin^au.  For Salary as Surveyor, 11 months, to 31st May Paid Me-sengers, Packers, &c  Wages as Head Chainman do Chainman do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	1,6:0 00 73 63 100 00 264 51 264 51 49 00 47 17 121 28 3 00 4 00 5 00 100 14 134 19 92 90 156 12 16 75 10 75 944 50 16 00	4,802 96	27,381 84	45,958 32	Papers (No. 3.) A. 1885

#### RETURN C. 4.—INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cto
		Brought forward Surveys—Concluded.	4,05	3 45	4,80	2 96	27,381	81	45,958	32
	A. Provis C. Minckler I. Spelman J. Gastineau Gabriel T. Morgan J. Eedard J. A. Mara A. Provis. C. P. Navigation Co C. Express Co W. Fortune. D. Smith Fammien Charley Gabriel T. N. Hibben & Co I. Shotbolt R. Homfray C. McIntyre F. W. Foster J. McCully. J. Gastineau	do 1 horn Stationery Medicines 1 theodolite bubble glass Articles of outfit do	2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 6 6 2 1 1 1 1	8 00 6 50 6 50 6 2 75 4 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00 6 00	4,94	1 05				
	A. H. Green H. Marriner J. Hayes Sante Peter J. Edgson Joe	Expenditure under Mr. Green.  For Salary as Surveyor, 5 months, to 30th November, 1883  Wages as Head Chainman	21 19 2 3 19	60 00 6 01 7 33 9 35 5 00 7 33 2 00						

William						
Sack	William	do	1 10 00	1	7	Ţ
Cap.		• -		1	ĺ	•
Charley						l
Ah Chie		•		l		!
A. H. Green						ł
W. Spring		Rations for nerty				1
J. I. Warren				i		
Sam	I Warren					Į
Fellows & Prior	Som					ĺ
L. H. Wilton			,	1		ĺ
C		•		1		1
T. N. Hibben & Co		-		1		
Harry	E. G. Prior	<b>~</b>				
W. A. Franklin   do				į į		
A. H. Green	Harry			i		I
T. N. Hibben & Co.   Stationery for E. Mohun   St4 00   Co.   Minckler   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   Storage of Mr. Mohun   Storage of Mr. Mo				1		1
T. N. Hibben & Co	A. H. Green	Petty cash disbursed	17 37	j l		
C. Minckler   Freight and storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   27 50   10 00   C. Hayward   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   10 00   5 75   97 25   12,300 26				2,459 00		
C. Minckler   Freight and storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   27 50   10 00   C. Hayward   Storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit   10 00   5 75   97 25   12,300 26	T. N. Hibben & Co	Stationery for E. Mohun				ł
J. Jane	O. Minckler	Freight and storage of Mr. Mohun's outfit	27 50			
C. Hayward   Drawing board for Mr. Mohun   5 75   97 25	J. Jane					
P. O'Reilly		Drawing board for Mr. Mohun	5 75	ł		
Total Expenditure for Surveys.   12,300 26				97 25	{	Ì
P. O'Reilly	. 1					1
P. O'Reilly	1	Total Expenditure for Surveys.	}		12,300 26	
P. O'Reilly	1				,	
P. O'Reilly	1					
A. H. Green	j	RESERVE COMMISSION.		<b>(</b>		
A. H. Green	1		1			
Care   Care		For Salary as Commissioner, 10 months to 30th April, 1884	2,916 59	}		
Care   Care	A. H. Green	do Surveyor, May and June, 1883, and 5 months to	•	<u> </u>		
G. Blenkinsop	j j	30th April, 1884	1,050 00	ĺ		
Ing grounds of the Natwockto Indians   111 30	G. Blenkinsop		-,	i i		
J. Normansell   Wages as Chainman   50 00		ing grounds of the Natwockto Indians	111 30			
Charley         do Assistant Packer         100 32           Ah Shoon         do Gook         80 00           Bill         do Interpreter         12 50           Paul         do do         25 00           F. H. Hewitt         29 50           P. O'Reilly         Board allowance         40 00           A. H. Green         do         256 25           Labbe Bros         Supplies         12 00           J. Barran         do         58 58	J. Normansell	Wages as Chainman				
Ah Shōon       do Cook       80 00         Bill       do Interpreter       12 50         Paul       do do       25 00         F. H. Hewitt       do Messenger and Guido       29 50         P. O'Reilly       Board allowance       40 00         A. H. Green       do       256 25         Labbe Bros       Supplies       12 00         J. Barran       do       58 58		do Assistant Packer.				
Bill       do       Interpreter       12 50         Paul       do       do       25 00         F. H. Hewitt       do       Messenger and Guido       29 50         P. O'Reilly       Board allowance       40 00         A. H. Green       do       256 25         Labbe Bros       Supplies       12 00         J. Barran       do       58 58				1		
Paul       do       do       25 00         F. H. Hewitt       do       Messenger and Guido       29 50         P. O'Reilly       Board allowance       40 00         A. H. Green       do       256 25         Labbe Bros       Supplies       12 00         J. Barran       do       58 58				}		
F. H. Hewitt						
P. O'Reilly				[		
A. H. Green						
Labbe Bros.         12 00           J. Barran         58 58						
J. Barran do 58 58						
J. Kussell 100				l		
G. Purcell						
G. R. Ashwell						
R. Fry	R. Fry	do	16 88			
	-					
Carried forward 4,783 19 89,682 10   45,958 3	1	Carried forward	4,783 19		39,682 10	45,958 32

#### RETURN C. 4.—INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA—Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		Brought forward	4,783 19	•••••	89,682 10	45,958 32
	Mrs. P. Leseur G. Tuttle F. Normansell C. P. Railway J. Normansell Steamer "Rithet" do "Yosemite" W. Walsh Hall & Goepel Capt Jim Johnny G. Purcell J R Robbins R. Fry A. H. Green J. Moody H. Morley W. T. Drake W. Bryce R. T. Williams Felegraph and Signal Service T. N Hibben & Co O. Pennie W. Franklin A. & W. Wilson L. H. Wilton Mann & Heron E. G. Prior J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess J. P. Burgess	For Supplies.  Board and lodging.  Board  Transport  do  do  Transport  do  Hire of canoe and crew.  do  Cartage  Horse hire and ferriage.  Transport  Rent of office and storage.  Carpet for office.  ton coal.  Uleaning office.  Binding 2 volumes.  Telegrams  Postage stamps and ink  Wintering horses.  Cartage.  Cooking utensils  3 tents.  Sundries and repairs.  do  1 stationery box  Potty cash	24 50 26 00 20 78 18 45 8 00 59 65 34 75 609 00 122 55 43 00 69 67 52 50 25 00 4 00 10 00 3 50 6 65 16 87 60 00 3 00 7 75 39 50 11 62 7 00 34 50			

	Government Stationery Office.	Stationery	*****	88 84		]
		Total expenditure, Reserve	Commission		6,209 02	
		do in British	Columbia			45,891 12
The first are		Unexpended balance	***************************************			67 20
		RECAPITULATION.	\$	ets.		
	Appropriation for Rese Balance brought forward	rve Commission	11,00	55 00 53 <b>3</b> 2		
	Expenditu	re		08 32 09 02		
	Unexpende	d balance			5,199 30	
<b>,</b>	Appropriation for gene Supplementary approp	ral purposes	25,6 1,2	50 00 00 00		
<b>-</b> 7	Expenditu	re		50 00 81 84		
	Balance ov	er-expended		531 8	4	[]
	Appropriation for surv Expenditu	eys	7,70	00 00 00 <b>26</b>		
	Balance ov	er-expended		4,600 20	5,132 10	
	Balance un	expended on whole appropriation			67 20	

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

#### RETURN C. 5.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-GENERAL ACCOUNT. With 17 Subsidiary Statements, following.

APPROPRIATION.	Amount.	Total.	EXPENDITURE.	State- ment.	Total.
For Annuities, under 46 Vic., c. 2	11,774 45  1,925 77 1,663 51  4,375 00 1,000 00 10,094 75  5,500 00 5,286 45  5,833 00 1,937 70  38,780 85 9,488 35  355,233 83 100,108 35  11,204 00 9,19 40  18,000 00 1,443 09 30,864 00 13,159 95	\$ cts. 197,425 00  22,172 67  3,569 28  15,469 75  10,786 45  7,770 70  48,269 20  455,342 18 5,000 00  12,133 40  19,443 09  44,023 95	By Annuities	A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q.	\$ cts. 170,749 50 22,172 67 3,589 28 15,469 75 10,786 45 7,770 70 43,269 20 499,325 50 4,906 50 12,133 40 19,443 09 44,023 95 27,107 12 459 63 117,314 34 10,135 67 12,018 93

Sessional
Papers
(No.

Balance unexpended, 1882-83, brought forward by authority of Order in Council	3,282 46 82,700 00 6,500 00	27,107 12 4,000 00		,		
• Further grant		117,314 34 12,000 00 44,000 00 1,045,847 13	Total expenditureUnexpended balance	••••••	1,025,675 68 20,171 45 1,045,847 13	

<sup>\*</sup> Proportion of Governor General's Warrant, \$200,000.00, under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

## A.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

						<u> </u>
AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ct
		Annuities under Treaties.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2	•••••			197,425 00
46 Vic., c. 2	Sundry persons	Treaty No. 1.  9 Chiefs, each \$25		225 03 495 00 16,615 00 1,407 00 50 00	18,842 00	
		6 Chiefs		150 00 375 00 4,320 00 330 00 50 00 50 00 50 00	5,375 00	
		Treaty No. 3.  29 Chiefs		725 00 1,245 00 12,465 00	·	

ł	Arrears	100 00	14,535 00	
	Treaty No. 4.	•		
	25 Chiefs	625 00	<b>\</b>	
	96 Hendmen	1,440 00 28,070 00		
	5,614 Indians	4,057 00	i	
•	Arrears	4,001 00		
	Daughter of J. Bellegard, No. 12	50 00		1
	Cowesis Band—		1	
	Caroline Peltier, No. 27	50 00		Ì
	Occo-pee-pee-wah-nook, No. 9	50 00	ł	
udson Bay Co	Commission on commutation	0 50	21 212 72	
			34,342 50	
	Treaty No. 5.		}	
	17eary 20. 5.	1	1	{
undry persons	10 Chiefs	250 00		Ì
mary persons	27 Headmen			
	3.118 Indians	15,590 00		}
	Arrears	235 00	1	ļ
	Commutation of annuity, Norway House Band-	ļ	1	1
	Mrs. Christie McLeod, No. 184	50 00	1	
	Catherine Swain, No. 138	50 00	1	}
	Bella Morrison, No. 81	50 00		ł
	Grand Rapids Band— Rosalie Moore, No. 21	50 00	1	}
	Harriet Houston, No. 15	50 00	i	
	marriet nouston, No. 10		16,830 00	
		}	10,000	
	Treaty No, 6.			
	1	t		
	39 Chiefs	975 00		
	135 Headmen	2,025 00	į .	
	7,983 Indians	39,915 00		
	Arrears	3,780 00	ł	
	<u> </u>	46,695 00	i	
	LESS-Amount over paid to No. 63, Stragglers, Battleford		1	
	LESS—Amount over-paid to No. 05, Swaggress, Dattleford		46,640 00	
			,	
	Treaty No. 7.	1	1	
			1	
	9 Chiefs	225 00	1	
!	48 Headmen	720 00		
	)		136,564 50	

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$	cts	\$	cts.	\$
		Brought forward	 	948	3 00	136,564	50	197,425
		6,616 Indians		<b>33,</b> 080	00 00	34,185	00	
		Total Expenditure	ı			í		170,749 26,675

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

## B-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

•	AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
			AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2  Further Grant under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884  Expenditure.	••••••••••••			10,398 22 11,774 45 22,172 67
143	8 Vic., c. 2 An O.C. of 4th June, 1884	Hudson Bay Co do J. H. Ashdown	For Implements delivered under contract  12 scythes and snaiths  Implements for Roseau River band	*********	, 200	75 57	·
		Hudson Bay Cododo	For Implements delivered under contract	******	70 77 10 00 0 02 2 00	82 79	
		Hudson Bay Co W. Lindsay	For Implements delivered under contract		156 68 8 00	164 68	
	ł	Hudson Bay Co	Treaty No. 4.  For Implements delivered under contract	***************************************	1,129 15 563 50 8 00 1 75 1,702 40	323 04	22,172 67

# B-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Concluded.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.		SERVICE.	·	\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$ 4	ets.	\$	cts
		8	forward	ncluded	 ****	1,702	40	323	04	22,17	2 67
	Massey Manufacturing Co T. Yeandle Mulholland Bros J. D. Jewitt A. J. McPherson J. A. Kerr Jack J. S. Crerar A. G. Thorburn E. Irish J. M. McDonald Westbrook & Fairchild Sundry person Hudson Bay Co I. G. Baker & Co T. Howard Crawford & Robertson Mowat Bros R. S. Alexander	10 mower knives  Blacksmithing  4 coffee mills to crack Repairs	graintsn an advance do do do do do do	8		102 161 3 8 441 4 1 125 1 4 75 219 0 2 1	45 25 00 30 00 50 09 50 00 50	2,893	42		
	Hudson Bay Co	For Implements delivered	Treaty No. 5. under contra	act	 •••••	•••••		403	65		
	Hudson Bay Co I. G. Baker & Co	For Implements delivered	Treaty No. 6. under contre	act	 	3,490 5,431					

A. Macdonald	Harness	161 00 225 00 1,500 66 1 41 0 03	13,862 22	
	Treaty No. 7.			
I. G. Baker & Co	For Implements delivered under contract, 1882-83	765 50 47 25 270 49	4,690 34	
-	Total Expenditure			22,172 67

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

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C.—INDIANS	ΟF	MANITOBA	AND	THE	NORTH-WEST.
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AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVIOE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Tools.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2  Further grant under Order-in-Council of 4th June, 1884  Expenditure.				1,925 77 1,663 51 3,589 28
46 Vic., c. 2, (An O.O. June 4, 1884)	Hudson Bay Co	Treaty No. 1.  For Tools supplied under contract, 1882-83  Treaty No. 2.  No expenditure.		*********************	12 00	
		Treaty No. 3.  For 1 tool chest			56 90	
	Richardson & Lepper  3undry persons  A. Macdonald  T. Howard	For Tools supplied under contract		446 33 8 01 8 96 0 01 0 03	463 84	

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NW. Navigation Co	Freighting	 2 17	457 22	
I. G. Baker & Co Hudson Bay Co Sundry persons	Treaty No. 6.  For Tools supplied under contract, 1882-83	 118 25 576 10 823 12 0 21	1,517 68	
I. G. Baker & Co Sundry persons I. G. Baker & Co	For Tools supplied under contract	 1,033 70 47 61 0 83	1,082 14	3,5 <b>89 28</b>

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

## D.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST,

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
_47 Vic., c. 1, <b>△(An O.O., Jun</b> e	A. McRac	CATILE.  Legislative Appropriations under 46 Vic., c. 2	 ••••••					4,375 1,000 10,094 15,469	75
	Penrose & Rocan	Treaty No. 3.  For 3 heifers, 1 bull and 3 oxen 1 ton hay and sundries. 3 Cows.  Less value of 2 cows sold.  Treaty No. 4.  For 10 yoke of oxen. 1 do Balance due on cattle, 1881 1 yoke oxen	 	2,40	35 00 33 45 20 00 28 45 30 00 00 00 95 00 75 00 00 00 30 00	46	8 45		

T. Howard Bank of Montreal	1 per sent commission on advances do do		8 55 7 00	3,840 55	
Hudson Bay Codo	Treaty No. 5.  For 1 bull and 2 cows		225 00 135 00	360 00	
Sims & Armington Norris & Carey I. Payne A. Macdonald S. Warden H. Sayers C. Sayers O. Taylor A. Taylor W. Oust D. Maloney J. Wells A. Spence J. Capelet C. Bremner H. Reed A. Macdonald	1 do 1 ox		3 890 00 1,940 00 210 00 105 00 200 00 1,100 00 410 00 210 00 480 00 90 00 80 00 280 00 280 00 200 00 1,000 00 1,000 00 15 50	10,520 50	
	No expenditure.  Total Expenditure	•••••	********		15,469 7

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

#### AUTHORITY SERVICE. TO WHOM PAID. FOR PAYMENT. SEED GRAIN. 5,500 00 5,286 45 10,786 45 EXPENDITURE. Treaty No. 1. 46 Vic., c. 2. An O. C. of 4th R. Rupards. ...... For Seed potatoes. ..... 60 00 June, 1833 .... 15 00 Seed wheat..... J. Ravin ..... 10 00 R. Ravin 28 12 Seed potatoes..... H. Ogletree..... 19 50 do W. McLaren .... 39 00 do J. Flett. ..... 9 75 ሰስ Miskoopenais ..... 15 00 do Eningo. ..... 15 00 do Wachissing..... 20 00 do F. Finnboyson..... 50 00 do P. Dupont..... 50 00 do I. Henderson..... 6 00 do G. Gordon ..... 53 50 do D. McKercher ..... 22 50 do C. Grubb ..... 22 50 do W. Cummings..... 30 00 do D. Morrison..... 20 00 do W. Shannon..... 19 12 Keecheeweese..... 83 25 Seed wheat..... G. Kingsberry ..... 19 60 ďο G. H. Conche. ..... 20 00 ďο J. Lee ...... 10 00 W. Walin ..... 44 55 Garden seeds..... Brown, Oldfield & Co .... 32 02 R. R. Keith & Co..... 270 55 Seed peas and corn..... Hudson Bay Co.....

E.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

W. H. Eston	Seed corn			1,014 31	
	Treaty No. 2.			·	
Rrown, Oldfield & Co	Seed wheat		17 80 0 75 23 90 80 90		
hyahpeotahpectung lakuwaysh l. Moor	do do do		75 00 18 75 127 50		
L Sanderson	3-	*********	55 00 29 00 2 25 0 02		
	Treaty No. 3.			879 07	
F. A. Simmers	do do Seed potatoes do Barley sacks	***************************************	37 45 34 51 25 93 54 45 800 09 5 90 60 09	518 82	
	Treaty No. 4.				
M. McDonald	do		82 40 50 00 40 00 12 50 5 00 18 75 14 87 13 75 677 92 10 00		

## E.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Brought forward	••••••	1,060 96	1,011 70	10,786 45
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	K. Garrick	Seed barley and wheat		17 50 126 00 34 00 30 00 3 50 42 00 55 40 140 80 9 00 1 18 1,803 21 757 52 1 13 19 81 0 20 1 91 5 81	3,609 93	
		Treaty No. 5.	·		3,000 00	·
	Hudson Bay Co	For Seed grain and potatoes		1,019 71 42 78 36 51	1,099 00	
	A. Macdonald	For 45 bushels of lime to prevent smut in wheat	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	45 00 25 00 42 50 18 00 60 00		

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J. Su Hu No Bro	A Bruce & Co	do	do		185 79	2,007 34	
		Tre	eaty No. 7.		ĺ		
Sib	A. Bruce & Co	Oats and sacks	on advances	<b>  </b>	363 71 61 44 1,696 39 33 94	<b>3</b> ,158 48	
		Total Expendit	are				10,786 45

L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

## F.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cts
		AMMUNITION AND TWINE.					
		Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic c. 2 Further Grant under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884				5,833 1,937	70
		Expanditure.				7,770	70
16;Vic., c. 2. An		Treaty No. 1.					
O.C. of 4th June, 1884	Hudson Bay Co	For Ammunition and twine supplied under contract		•••••	804 20		
		Treaty No. 2.					
	Hudson Bay Codo	For Ammunition and twine supplied under contract  Freighting		196 10 0 72	196 82		
	,	Treaty No. 3.					
	Hudson Bay Co	For Ammunition and twine supplied under contract			1,513 53		
		Treaty No. 4.					
	Howard	For Ammunition and twine supplied under contract		1,497 89 22 99 0 09 0 02 0 05 0 05			
	R. S. Alexander	. do do			1,520 59		
		Treaty No. 5.					
	Hudson Ray Co.	For Ammunition and twine supplied funder contract			500 00		

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Hudson Bay Co	1 per cent. commission on advancesdo	*******************************	1,684 77 1,071 89 0 36 0 06 5 08	2,7 <b>42</b> 16.	
I. G. Baker & Co Sundry persons I. G. Baker & Co	For Ammunition and twine supplied under contract	:		493 40	7,770 70

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant,

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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

# G.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.
		PROVISIONS FOR USB DURING ANNUITY PAYMENTS.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2  Further Grant under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884  Expenditure.	***************************************			38,780 9,488 48,269	35
46 Vic., c. 2. An O.C., 4th June, 1884	Hudson Bay Co	Treaty No. 1.  For supply delivered under contract	***************************************		2,633 73		
	Hudson Bay Co Sundry persona Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies delivered under contract		. 10 11	977 37		
	Hudson Bay Co	Treaty No. 3.  For Supplies delivered under contract			3,758 46		
	T. Howard	For Supplies delivered under contract		4,945 68 232 50 170 64 0 05 0 08 1 02 0 01	7,372 60		

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<b>.</b>	Treaty No. 5.	1	i	1	1
Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies delivered under contract			4,129 71	
	Treaty No. 6.				
Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies delivered under contract		21,698 98 400 00 457 21 1 98 1 30 4 00	22,563 47	
I. G. Baker & Co	Treaty No. 7.  For Supplies delivered under contract  Total Expenditure	i		6,833 86	48,269 20

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,
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Authority for Payment.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
46 Vic., c. 2. An		Supplies for the Destitute Indians.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2				355,233 83 100,108 35 455,342 18
O.C. 4th June.	B. Henderson	For Ploughing, seeding and harrowing		20 00 501 26 29 37	606 08	
	Hudson Bay Co	Freighting	;	9 36	245 53	·
	Dr. H. A. Martin & Son. W. J. Mitchell Hudson Bay Co	For Vaccine points	l	30 17	69 74	
	I. G. Baker & Co Hudson Bay Co	Treaty No. 4.  For Supplies		28,818 36 327 81		

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المتحادية المراجع	do delivered under contract	1	26,511 66	1	
1 do	Ploughing		4 00	1	
L. Dubois	** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***		71 25		
J. Taylor			6 00		
Bichon			7 50	1	
Quawichcan	do		3 00		
D. P. Gillespie	Hay and teaming.		3 00	1	
V. Levesque	1 brand		24 00		
W. C. Pettlgrew	Bottles for medicines				
J. A. Kerr	2 cooking stoves and moccasins		88 00		
C. P. Railway	Unloading flour		8 00	1	
N. W. Navigation Co	Storage, &c		34 80		
Stobart, Eden & Co	Hay for cattle		4 20		
H. Reed	TO BUT TODATO TOT GODITUDO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 25	j l	
Carroll, Maulson & Co	Flour		350 00	[	
Crawford & Robertson	Carbonate of soda		1 50		
T. Carleton	Flour		24 75		
Archibald & Alexander	Sundries		11 75		
A. C. Levell	Pork		139 05	l i	
Macdonald & Co	Flour		112 00		
Dill & Cross	Beef		115 00	( i	
Hanson, Smith & Co	Ammunition	l	7 25	[ [	
Wilson & Co	Supplies		28 60	1	
W. J. Mitchell	Medicines		116 36		
	Supples delivered under contract		11,506 80	1	
T. Howard	do		323 81	1	
Langdon & Shepherd	27		1,087 09		
T. O. Power	do		24 25		
Mowat Bros.			30 63	l	
N. W. Mounted Police	do		30 00		
A. Bryant	Hay and storing		15 00		
T. A. Waldron	Set of harness		50 CO	1	
C. McCusker	1 buckboard		70 00	1	
J. McGrew	1 horse		5 50	1	
J. H. Morrison, M.D	Medical attendance and medicines		36 00		
Macdenald & Co	2 carts				
Big Bear	1 tent		12 00		
S. Harmon.	Shoeing horse		6 50		
G. G. Blake	Board and lodging while looking after supplies	•••••	9 00	[	
F. F. Tims	Bacon		31 10	1	
O. T. Koltz	do		211 04		
R. D. McNaughton	Flour		375 00		
A. F. Eden	do	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	987 75	1	
T. J. Demers.	9 horses for Cree Chief		562 50	1	
A. McKay	1 horse and set of harness		65 00		
P. Houris.	1 cart and buffalo robe		85 00	1	
A. Shurtleff	1 waggon		60 00		
P. Roseblanc.	2 horses and harness		170 00		
	Dried meat.		980 00	]	,
J. Legare.	Cross wormer things and an analysis and an ana				
	Carried forward		73,505 06	921 85	455,342 18

#### H .- INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued,

AUTORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	service.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts
		Brought forward	••••••	•••••	73,505	6 08	921	35	<b>4</b> 55,342	18
	Sundry persons	1 do do		010000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	79,823	62 35 37 59 18 18 15 62		:	·	
	W. J. Mitchell do	Treaty No. 5.  For 4 medicine chests		•••••	31 90	12 1 24 0 00 1 95	79,772 286	31		
	L. Steinhoff  G. McCuaig J. Claustre  do do do do T. Villeneuve T. Villeneuve	Treaty No. 6.  For Harness			24 23 3,611 33,717 1,175 4,319 13	88				

				d
17 7	do	1 126 00	ī 1	11
J. Longmore	Carts and harness	29 00	i	ll.
A. Protier	Supplies	30 00		ii
A. Macdonald	do	2,363 38		[]
T. C. Power & Bro	do	606 96	]	- 11
J. Nelson	Whitefish	• 88 76		1
J. Ashen	do			H
T. McKay	Flour (delivered under contract)			
J. A. Macdougall & Co	do	443 19		
NW. Mounted Police	do	200 00		
W. Cust	do	1,980 93	1 1	[]
E. McGillvray	Beef	300 00		
D. Macrae	do	7 90	1 1	- 11
F. F. Tims	Pacon	31 00		
C. Pambrun	Making nets	306 (0		[]
A. R. McKenzie	Repairs to guns	22 75	1	11
Sanderson & Looby	do implements.	32 25		11
W. Latimer	do wagon	12 00		ii
A. Trocher	Carts and harness	30 60	1	
Wylde & Burke	Hides	36 00	1	H
Rev., H. Leduc	Bridge tolls			
Indians	Barley			11
Sundry persons	Freighting	6,181 48		
Brown & Curry	1 per cent. commission on advances	11 50		
A. Macdonald	do do	10 88	1	
Norris & Carey	do do	14 36		11
Hudson Bay Co	do do	13 30		
I. G. Baker & Co	2 do do	4 25	1	1)
			61,122 35	
			<i>'</i>	1)
1	· · · ·			1)
	Treaty No. 7.			
1				1
I G Bakar & Co	For Supplies delivered under contract	354,608 22		11
Dr. H. A. Martin	Vaccine	150 06		11
A. Henry & Co	l set harness	32 00	l i	11
I. G. Baker & Co	Cash presents to Blackfeet Chiefs during Treaty negotia-	52 00		11
L. G. Daker & Co	tions	230 00		ll .
do	Cash presents to Blood Chiefs during Treaty negotiations.	135 00		11
J. A. Kerr	1 cooking stove	40 00	1	1
H. Taylor	4 meals.			11
Indians	Potatoes			
T. Howard	Carbonate of ammonia.			- 11
McDougall & Hamilton	1 brand	4 50		
accougnit a mamilion	A NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PART			
	Carried forward		142,102 86	455,342 18

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#### H.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Concluded.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Sundry persons	Brought forward  Freighting 2 per cent. commission on advances				142,102 86 357,222 64	455,312 18
		Total Expenditure  Balance Over-expended	1		t		

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

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AUTORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	<b>\$</b>	cts
		CLOTHING.								
		Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2	······································			•••••		• : • • • • •	5,000	0 <b>0</b> 0
		Expenditure .								
		Triennial supply of clothing for Chiefs and Headmen of Treaties 4 and 7, distribute 1 Summer of 1883.								
46 Vic., c. 2	Wacnec & Minnes	For Dry goods, &c		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	84 11 81 22 28 51 63 90 95 85 24 60				
	Kingston Penitentiary				1,10	06 69	3,98	84 31		
	Kingston Penitentiary	For Making clothing					55	52 10		
	Mingston 2 christian, in	Treaty No. 1.								
	Hudson Bay Co Canadian Express Co	For 1 pair pants for St. Peter's Chief.  Charges  Treaties Nos. 2 and 3.	.40001 1000	*******		3 25 0 65		3 90		
		No expenditure.								
		Treaty No. 4.								
	Richardson & Lepper	For Horse hire, &c., going for clothing 1 shirt		•••	1	8 /50 1 75 17 08				
	Sundry persons	Carried forward				27 33	4.5	10 31	5,00	0 0

#### I-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts	. \$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
	T. Howard	Brought forward		0 09 0 63 0 0;	4,540 31 27 49	5,000 00
		Treaty~No.~5. No expenditure. $Treaty~No.~6.$				
	A. Macdonald	For Clothing for Chief		. 0 20	366 86	
	Sundry persons	For Freighting			31 84	
		Total Expenditure	ľ		i -	93 5

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR, Accountant.

#### J.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ c	ets.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts
		Schools.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2					11,204	1 00 9 40	12,13	3 <b>4</b> 0
		Expenditure.								
Vic., c. 2.		Treaty No. 1.								
An O.C. of 4th June, 1834	do	Salary as Teacher at North St. Peters, March, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March			60	3 00				
	do W. H. Princ?	quarter, 1884 Second prize for management of school Salary as Teacher of Protestant School at East &t. Peters. June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1834			80	00 00	  -  -  -			
	Rev. J. Allard	Salary as Teacher of Roman Catholic School at East St Peters, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884.		ļ		1 00				
	Harriet McKenzie	Salary as Teacher at South St. Peters, December quarter, 1883, and March quarter, 1881		- 1		5 00				
	D. Prince	Salary as Teacher at South St. Peters, March and June quarters, 1883.		.		3 00		1		
	Mrs. E. Bruce	Salary as Teacher of Protestant School at Fort Alexander, March quarter, 1884		-		5 00				
	W. Dennett	Salary as Teacher at Brokenhead River School, March quarter, 1831	**************			5 00				
	A. Kennedy Fanny Stevens	School material		i i		90				
		intendency	****		410	98	İ			

# J.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHOBITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
	-	Brought forward		2,316 88		12,133 40
		Treoly No. 2—Concluded.	-			
	Kennedy, Strome & Co	Books and slates Building outhousé and making blackboard		4 50 35 00		
	Frustees of South St. Peters_School	Compensation for tuition of Indian children		29 25	2,385 63	
		Treaty No. 2.				
	W. Anderson	For Salary as Teacher at Fairford, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884		<b>24</b> 0 00		
	J. Asham	Salary as Teacher at Ebb and Flow Lake, June and Sep-		150 00		
	do	For Salary as Teacher at Ebb and Flow Lake, December quarter, 1834, and March quarter, 1884		171 00 20 00		
	B. Thom	Salary as Teacher at Little Saskatchewan, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter,	1	255 00		
	F. Storr	Salary as Teacher at Lake St. Martin's, June, September, and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884. Salary as Teacher at Upper Fairford, March, June, Sep-		234 00		
	do	tember and December quarters, 1883, and march quarter, 1884		582 00 100 00		
	Louisa Lyness	Salary as Teacher at Fisher River, March and June		94 11	·	
	W. Sanderson	Salary as Teacher at Dog Creek, March, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884.		375 00		
	W. Sabiston	Salary as Teacher at Crane River, March, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884.	1	375 00 105 00		
	J. Tabouret	Salary as Teacher at Waterhen River, March quarter, 1884 Stove and pines for Riding Mountain school		18 50		
	Kennedy, Strome & Co Rev. A. W. Ross	Slates and books		4 80 <b>5</b> 0 <b>0</b> 0		

A. Kennedy	Slates	 18 00 34 40 15 50	0.840.21	
	Treaty No. 3.		2,842 31	
donnedy, Strome & Co.	For Salary as Teacher at Lac Seul, June, September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884 1 stove and pipes for Lac Seul school School books, &c	 300 00 25 00 2 16	327 16	
	Treaty No. 4.			
W. Adam		 189 00 75 00 101 79 1 00 1 57 112 71 86 25 0 30	567 62	
	Treaty No 5.			
Eliza L. Budd	For Salary as Teacher at The Pas, June quarter, 1883	 75 00 70 83 75 00 450 00 40 00		
J. C. Sinclair	and March quarter, 1884.  Salary as Teacher at Norway House, December quarter, 1882, and March quarter, 1883.  Salary as Teacher at Norway House, September and December quarters, 1883.  Completion of school house at Jack Head	 150 00 75 00 74 92 100 00 1 50		
J. Reader	Grant to aid in creeting school house at the Eddy, Pas Reserve	 100 00 100 00 100 00	1,412 25	
	Carried forward	 -	7,534 97	1 2,133 40

### J.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

Brought forward	AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Treaty No. 6.   Sceur Langlier											
Scent Langlier			Brought forward		•••••	į	•••••	7,53	4 97	12,13	3 40
March, June, September and December quarters, 1882, and March and June quarters, 1883.   105 00			Treaty No. 6.								
Salary as Teacher at Onion Lake, March quarter, 1882, and March quarter, 1883.   105 00		Sœur Langlier	March, June, September and December quarters, 1882,								
Sceur Blanchet		Rev. C. Quinny	and March and June quarters, 1883		••••••	495	00				
Columb			and March quarter, 1883		•••••	105	00			İ	
Salary as Teacher at Jack Fish Creek, March quarter, 1882, March, June and September quarters, 1883		1	quarters, 1883		• • • • • • • •	1 150	00	}			
September and December quarters, 1883   229 50		Katie G. Clink	Salary as Teacher at Jack Fish Creek, March quarter, 1882, March, June and September quarters, 1883, March				00				
Salary as Teacher at J. Smith's Reserve, March, June and September quarters, 1883   234 00		J. A. Youmans	Salary as Teacher at White Fish Lake, March, June,								
September quarters, 1883   234 00		W. Erasmus		**********	• • • • • • •	229	90				
Quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884		1	September quarters, 1883		••••••	234	00				
M. J. Paquette  Salary as Teacher at Muskeg Lake, March, June, September and December quarters, 1883			quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884			105	00	}			
M. J. Paquette		D. McVicar				150	00				
1894		M. J. Paquette	Salary as Teacher at Muskeg Lake, March, June, Septem-								
Ber and December quarters, 1883		Rev. L. Cochin	1884	*******		288	00				
September and December quarters, 1883   96 00	-		ber and December quarters, 1883		•••••	159	00				
Mrs. C. T. McKay  Salary as Teacher at Armadale Mission, March, June, September and December quarters, 1882			September and December quarters, 1883			98	00				
Mrs. C. T. McKay  Salary as Teacher at Armadale Mission, March, June, September and December quarters, 1832		J M. Lestance				30	00				
J. Nelson		Mrs. C. T. McKay	Salary as Teacher at Armadale Mission, March, June, Sep-			}					
J. Hines		I Nelson									
			Salary as Teacher as Assissippi, December quarter, 1883,			1					
quarters, 1893, and March quarter, 1884		Sœur Paquette	Salary as Teacher at St. Albert, September and December			}					

essional	
Fapers	
(No. 5.)	\frac{1}{2}
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F. Marchand	and March quarter, 1884		78 00 72 00 75 00 21 00 100 00 2 00 0 02	<b>3,356 6</b> 9	
	Treaty No. 7.				
Rev. H. Bourne	For Salary as Teacher at Lower Blood Reserve, December quarter, 1882, March, June. September and December quarters, 1883, and March quarter, 1884		450 00		
Rev. S. Trivett	Salary as Teacher at Upper Blood Reserve, December				
A. Sibbald	quarter, 1882, and March quarter, 1883		141 00		
G. W. Bettes			82 11		
Flora McDougall			1		
Rev. H. T. Bourne	quarters, 1885		99 00 100 00		
Dawson Bros	1 map		3 75		
R. D. Richardson	Soap and towelling, Blood Reserve school, supplies		55 99 66 77		
Sundry persons	Freighting on school material		22 75		
i. G. Daker & Co	2 per cent. commission on advances	*** ***** *********	0 23	1,241 74	
	Total Expenditure		.,,,,,,,,		12,133 40

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

### K.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVIUS.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		SURVEYS.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic, c 2 Further grant under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884			18,000 00 1,443 09	
		Expenditure.				19,443 09
	J. C. Nelson H. Kearns	For Salary as Surveyor, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884			2,190 00 255 00	•
	L. S. Vaughan	For Expenses incurred in marking the boundaries of the St Peters Reserve with iron posts			192 20	
		No expenditure.  Trea'y No. 3.				
	J	For Cash advanced for survey expenses			2,768 00	
	A. W. Ponton	For Expenses of surveys of Indian Reserves, to 29th February, 1881— Salary, rations and personal expenses				

				, .	
	Less-Cash advanced	2,385 00		Ì	<i>'</i>
	Cash advanced, season of 1884	2,663 12 1,200 <b>0</b> 0	3,863 12		
J. C. Nelson	For Expenses of survey of Indian Reserves, to 30th June, 1884— Wages and rations of party Transport of party Camp equipment Stationery and miscellaneous	2,790 07 771 36 487 37 85 05			
	Cash advanced, season of 1881	4,133 85 172 05	4,305 90	8,169 02	
	Treaty No. 5.			0,100 02	
W. A. Austin Department of Interior T. D. Green	For Freight on instrument from The Pas to Ottawa		220 00	1,932 00	
	Treaty No. 6.				
Mcore & McDowall	For Oats and sacks-Mr. G. A. Simpson's party, season of 1882			9 00	
	Treaty No. 7.				
J. C. Nelson	For Expenses of survey of Reserves, from 1st January to 30th October, 1843— Personal services and rations		3,748 66 1,414 14 673 70		
	LESS—Cash advanced	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7,260 80 3,332 93	3,927 87	
	Total Expenditure				19,443 09

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR,

Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

### L.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cts
		FARM WAGES.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2  Further Grant under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884				3), 64 13,159 44,023	95
6 Vic, c. 2. An O.U. of 4th		EXPENDITURE.  Farm No. 3.—Crooked Lakes.				•	
,	H. Keith	For Salary as Instructor, 1st July, to 30th November, 1883, and from 1st to 12th January, 1884  Salary as Instructor, 1st January to 30th March, 1884  do 20th March to 30th April, 1884  Labor performed		327 80 199 03 103 84 852 45 0 42 3 22	1,486 76		
	J Hankley	Farm No. 4.—Q. Appelle,		407.00			
	S. Hockley	For Salary as Instructor, 1st June, 1883, to 31st May, 1884  Labor performed		485 00 854 34 0 62 0 17 0 16	1,340 29		
		Farm No. 5File Hills,					
	J. Nicol	For Salary as Instructor, 1st June, 1883, to 30th June, 1884  Labor performed		525 00 750 82 0 33	1,276 15		
	G S McConnell	Farm No. 6.—Touchwood Hills.  For Salary as Instructor, 1st May to 31st December, 1883		450 00			

P. Hourie  D. Kennedy Sundry persons. Mowat Bros Crawford & Robertson Bank of Montreal. Hudson Bay Co	do Labor performed 1 per cent. commissi do do do	April, 1884	1883, to 19th March,	***********	271 14 50 00 1,187 43 1 65 0 50 0 75 2 20	1,963 67		
C. Prevost	For Salary as Instructor do do Labor performed	11th October, 1 on on advances.			540 00 468 45 1,976 13 1 41 13 (8	2,999 07		
J. Tomkins Sundry persons A. Macdonald	For Salary as Instructor Labor performed 1 per cent. commiss		to 30th June, 1884		730 06 316 32 0 36	1,076 74		
G. Chaffee	For Salary as Instructor Labor performed 1 per cent. commissi	, 1st July, 1883,	to 30th June, 1884		730 C6 557 67 0 25	1,287 98		
J. Payne	Labor performed 1 per cent. commissi	15th May to 3rd	April, 1884		600 00 29 23 562 85 11 92	1,204 00		
S. Ballendine	For Salary as Instructor Labor performed 1 per cent commissi	, 1st May, 1883, on on alvances.			603 00 418 44 10 19	1,028 63	44,023 9	05

### L-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts	\$	ets	\$	cts.	\$	ets
		. Brought forward	•••••	•••••			13,663	29	44,023	3 95
	D. L. Clink Sundry persons A. Macdonald	For Salary as Instructor, 1st May, 1983, to 39th April, 1884; also, Arrears from 1st Sept., 1882, to 31st March, 1883 Labor performed			22	0 00 9 41 8 10	797	51		
	P. J. Williams	Farm No. 14.—Fort Pitt.  For Salary as Instructor, 1st May to 7th September, 1883, and from 1st April to 30th June, 1884		•••••	44 55	0 00 0 00 2 09 9 56	1,441	65		
	J. Delaney	Farm No. 15, Frog Lake.  For Salary as Instructor, 1st July, 1883, to 35th June, 1884  Labor performed			43	0 06 1 07 4 47	1,165	60		
	O. Carson	For Salary as Instructor, 1st April to 31st December, 1883  Labor performed		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	29	0 00 1 25 1 33 4 78	747	36		

,		1	. 1	,	1
W. J. O'Donnell	Farm No. 17, Lac La Nonne.  For Salary as Instructor, 1st April, 1883, to 31st March, 1884  Labor performed		600 00 905 31 1 16 7 43 5 97	1,519 87	
	Farm No. 18 Peace Hills.				
S. B Lucas	For Salary as Instructor, 1st July, 1883, to 30th June, 1884  1 abor performed		729 96 2,728 67 0 35 24 24 2 23 0 70	3,486 15	
	Farm No. 19.—Morleyville.				
T. H Dunn	For Salary as Instructor, 1st March to 31st July, 1883  do 24th July, 1883, to 31st March, 1884.  Labor performed		225 00 372 11 560 00 23 14	1,180-25	
	Farm No. 20Blackfoot Crossing.				
P. McHugh	For Salary as Instructor, 1st March to 30th April, 1883		120 00 643 83 5,315 29 121 58	6,200 70	
	Farm No. 21.—Piegan Reserve.				
M. BeggSundry persons	For Salary as Instructor, 1st March, 1883, to 31st March, 1884.  Labor performed		756 91 2,305 25 61 25	3,123 41	
	Carried forward	********		33,325 79	44,023 95

# L.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Brought forward	********		33,325 79	44,023 95
	W. C. McCord Sundry persons	For Salary as Instructor, 1st March, 1883, to 31st March, 1884.  Labor performed		851 62 5,877 96 134 59	6,864 17	-
176	A. McArthur T. Howard	Farm No. 25.—Moose Mcuntain.  For Salary as Instructor, 1st March, 1883, to 31st March, 1884.  1 per cent. commission on advances		513 33 5 13	518 46	
	J. M. Scott D. Gray Sundry persons I. G. Baker & Co	Labor performed		55 77 1,631 04	2,284 69	
	A. Genaitle	Cotes and the Key's Reserve, Fort Pelly.  For Salary as Instructor		345 00 215 00 4 55	564 55	
	Sundry persons	Farm No. 24.—Fish Creek.  For expenses to the 30th June, 1883, when the farm was transferred to the Department of Interior:—  Labor performed		246 31 4 93	251 24	

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188	

	Farm No. 23.—Pincher Greek.				
Indians	For threshing grain	300001 01 000 100000	49 50 0 99	50 49	
	Long Plain and Swan Lake Treaty, 1.				
P. Kane	For Salary as Instructor, 1st July to 31st October, 1883			164 56	
	Total Expenditure		*****		44,023 95

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINOLAIR,
Accountant.

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L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs

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Sessional Papers (No. 3.)
Papers
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A. 188

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ ct	B	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts
6 Vic., c. 2. An O.C. of 4th	-	FARM MAINTENANCE.  Legislative Appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2  Further Grant under Order in Council of 4th June, 1884  Balance unexpended, 1882-83, brought forward by authority of Order in Council		.	••••••	• • • • • •		•••••	7,825 15,999 3,282 27,107	46
June, 1884. Un- expended bal- ance of 1882-83 broughtforward by O.C	1	For Supplies under contract, 1882-83  do do do do do do do do do do do do do d			3 6 30 1 42 5 1	2 50 2 62 9 06 4 8 90 15 00 15 00 1 60 1 60 1 00 2 14 2 00 2 14 0 06 0 65	. 1,00	58 55		

T. Howard Hudson Bay Co Mowat Bros A. J. Walenn R. Smith O. W. Evans C. Thompson C. R. Saffery J. Boyd Sundry persons Mowat Bros Hudson Bay Co W. H. Lyon Crawford & Robertson	do do do	181 58 4 15 44 00 8 00 27 45 1 50 7 50 3 00 27 37 0 21 0 11 0 07	387 28	
I. G. Baker & Co	do do Blacksmithing	55 25 242 12 31 25 8 00 8 00 1 00 1 00 9 20 9 20 0 09	381 50	
I. G. Baker & Co T. Howard Hudson Bay Co W. A. Heubach T. McNab Mowat Bros. R. Wishart M. McKinnon R Smith R. Hétu Grundy Bros H. Hosse J. Boyd	For Supplies	55 25; 242 12 125 00; 75 00 0 80 7 00 18 90 8 00 8 50 14 00 2 00		
	Ca sei (Corvard	583 12	1,827 33	27,107 12

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Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		Brought forward  EXPENDITURE—Continued.  Form No. 4:—Touchwood Hills—Concluded.		583 12	1,827 33	27,107 12
	D. Kennedy	For Travelling expenses  Freighting  1 per cent commission on advances  do  do  do  do  do  do		7 80 23 01 0 01 0 75 0 10	614 79	
	T. Howard	Farm No. 7.—Indian Head.  For 1 set platform scales, contract 1882-83		32 50 55 25 242 12 400 00 24 25 25 00		
	J. A. Kerr J. McDonald do P. Hume A. J. Waldrun J. Michaelson W. R. Boyd J. Smith	Oats, hay, &c		39 50 41 99 70 00 28 50 91 26 42 50 6 00		
	J. Boyd	Stabling Blacksmithing Oats Driving cattle Digging root house Freighting		135 00 25 50 16 03 51 25 12 00 18 00 2 55 4 00	·	

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Crawford & Robertson	For 1 per cent. commission on advances		3 42	1	
	LESS—Refund of overcharge on freight account		1,366 87 5 29	1,361 67	
ari an industry and fact	Farm No. 8.—Duck Lake.				
I. G. Baker & Co. Hudson Ray Co. H. Mitchell T. Tamkins. J. Elly C. Thampson E. Bruhel Sündry persons.	For Supplies under contract (182-83)  do 2 jumpers meals and horse feed Finding lost horse Blacksmithing do Freighting		55 72 143 94 8 00 29 50 4 00 29 25 6 50 229 47	506 38	
	Farm No. 10.—Carlton.				
Hudson Bay Co	Lumber and shingles	**************************************	143 94 8 24 180 00 4 50 28 50 238 47	603 65	
	Firm No. 11.—Eagle Hills.			į	
Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies under contract	4	651 20 17 44 20 23 22 50 8 00 39 75	·	
W. Latour	do 1 boar Freighting 1 per cent. commission on advances	; ******* ***** ****** ****** ******	87 55 12 50 207 63 1 70	1,068 50	
	Farm No. 12.—Battle River.				
Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies under contract	********	651 21 17 44		·
	Carried forward		668 65	5,982 32	27,107 12

## M.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST—Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	<b>\$</b>	cts.
		Brought forward  EXPENDITURE—Continued.  Farm No: 12.—Battle River- Concluded.	 ••••••	66	8 65	5,98	32	27,107	7 12
	H. Reed	For 1 buckboard		2 3 3 20	0 00 7 50 1 80 1 50 2 00 2 75 9 00 0 00 3 52 0 97	- 1,01	7 69		
	Hudson Bay Co. I. G. Baker & Co. A. Macdonald. A. R. McKenzie W. Latour H. Sayers Sundry persons' A. Macdonald	do Blacksmithing do 1 boar	 ,,,,,,,,	1 1	14 28 1 62 1 75 9 00 7 25 2 50 7 70 0 50	- 61	4 60		
	Hudson Bay Co	Farm No. 14—Fort Pitt.  For Supplies under contract	 	. 13	7 26 8 81 0 <b>0</b> 6	- 1,18	6 13		

	!		Ì	1)
	Farm No. 15 - Frog Lake.		1	il.
Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies under contract  1 horse Freighting 1 per cent. commission on advances	175 00 113 92	1.291 74	
	Farm No. 16.—Saddle Lake.			
Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies under contract'	1 00 28 40 12 60 18 00 28 75 1 25 10 00 21 00 21 00 42 47 0 55	558 59	
	Farm No. 17.—Lae la Nonne.			
### Hudson Bay Co	For Supplies under contract Beef	30 30 19 00 19 00 35 00 40 00 7 00 45 00 33 00 20 75 66 26 0 92 0 30 0 66	1.157 53	
	Carried forward		11,808 60	27,107 12

Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

1,189 28

### M.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.—Continued. AUTHORITY SERVIOR. TO WHOM PAID. FOR PAYMENT. 27,107 12 11,808 60 Brought forward..... EXPENDITURE Continued. Farm No. 18 .- Peace Hills. Hudson Bay Co...... For Supplies under contract...... 813 92 46 90 Brown & Curry ..... 17 52 Beef...... M. McCauley ...... 25 50 N. Bellerose ..... 6 30 Boards ....... J. Tims ...... 38 00 Meals ..... D. Ross ..... 1 25 Stovepipe ..... J. Ross .... 39 25 Blacksmithing ..... Sanderson & Looby ...... 2 00 Repairs..... W. Lenuy ..... 35 00 Grain cradles..... F. Oliver ..... 168 00 Bacon . ..... W. Beatty ..... 74 04 Freighting ..... Sundry persons..... 1 14 1 per cent. commission on advances..... Brown & Curry .... 0 37 Hudson Bay Uo..... 0 39 do Norris & Carey ..... 0 24 A Macdonald ..... 1,269 82 LESS-Amount deducted from I. G. Baker & Co., for difference between contract and retail prices. 12 86 Amount deducted from Mr. S. B. Lucas, salary 56 61 for board of his family ..... 69 47 1,200 35 Farm No. 19 .- Morlevville. 767 67 14 88 D. McDougali ..... 375 00 1 team horses..... N. W. Cattle Co..... 8 00 Blacksmithing ..... W. Latimer. 15 42 Freighting ...... Sundry persons . ..... 8 26 2 per cent. commission on advances.....

I. G. Baker & Co......

I. G. Baker & Co.  Bear's Paw J. Good H. George T. Dixon B. Chiniquy McDougall & Hamilton W. D. Whitney Sitting Eagle Crowfoot Bearchild Eagle Rib do Lake Raiser J. Walker W. Latour F. Johnson Mrs. Saunders R. M. Higgs C. Ryan J. Sproule Wolfboy J. R. Scott J. B. Smith & Bro G. A, Kennedy S. Horner Sundry persons I. G. Baker & Co.	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	2,142 53 405 16 341 16 30 00 90 00 34 72 24 50 12 50 1 50 26 00 4 50 16 50 3 00 1 50 16 00 4 50 7 00 21 50 10 00 5 00 10 00 5 00 10 00 76 17 21 98	3,332 72		48 Victoria. Sessional Papers (No. 3.
I. G. Baker & Co	Lumber for storebouse  Driving cattle	1,343 98 375 00 29 00 30 00 79 00 35 00 4 50 3 00 27 50 11 65	1,938 63 19,469 <b>5</b> 3	27,107 12	A. 1885

## M.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cta
		Brought forward  Expenditure—Continued.  Farm No. 22.—Blood Reserve.	 ••••	•••••••	19,469 53	27,107 12
	I. G. Baker & Co	do do 12 pair sashes Finishing dwelling house Completing storehouse Grant for good conduct.		2,862 20 750 00 10 75 12 50 37 62 63 00 38 42 190 65 15 00 135 20 315 90 180 00 150 00 27 00 225 00 150 00 8 37 48 54 5,380 15	4,947 15	
	T. Yeandle Sundry persons T. Howard	For blacksmithing	 •••••	2 00 11 70 0 12	13 82	

1.	Farm No. 26.—Servee Reserve.	Í	t	1 1	
I. G. Baker & Co	For Supplies under contract  2 team of horses  Blacksmithing  do  Sawing lumber  Meals  Lumber  do  Stabling horses  Freighting.  2 per cent. commission on advances		33 00	2,231 98	
I. G. Baker & Co H. Taylor I. G. Baker & Co	Farm No. 23.—Pincher Creek.  For Expenditure incurred before 30th June, 1883, when the farm was transferred to the Department of Interior:—  Supplies		128 25 24 25 0 49	152 99	
I. G. Baker & Co	Farm No. 24.—Fish Creek.  For expenditure incurred before 30th June, 1883, when the farm was transferred to the Department of Interior:— Supplies		212 20 31 00 29 87 7 50 1 37	281 94	
T. D	General.				
J. Brown	For Freighting farm supplies from Ellice to Birtle  Total expenditure			9 71	27,107 12

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

	1	.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORI	1	·• -	1	1
AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ ct	s. \$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cta
·		Sto <del>vx</del> .				
		Legislative Appropriation under 48 Vic., c. 2		•	 	4,000 00
		Expanditona.				
		Bird Tale Creek.				
·	J. H. Morrison	For Medical attendance  Blacksmithing  do  Repairing wagon		. 21 75 . 13 85		
	W. Currie	Freighting		3 25	105 00	
		Oak River.				•
	Dr. Moore	For medical attendance			3 25	
		Oak Lake.				
	J. S. Rattray	For I plough point and bolts	<b></b>		4 90	
		Turtle Mountain.				
	Ј. н. Натусу	For ploughing and seeding		. 28 50		
į	Cavera & Stewart	Seed grain		22 50	51 00	
		Qu' <u>App</u> elle.				
	L G. Baker & Co	For 4 sets of harness under contract		126 00 15 00		

48 Victoria

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

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Papers
- 1-3
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R. May..... |For Wages as Instructor to Standing Bufflos Band ..... 60 00 Sundry persons..... Freighting..... 44 29 Crawford & Robertson ... I per cent. commission on advances..... 0 44 245 73 Miscellaneous. L. W. Herchmer ..... For expenses in connection with prosecution of persons at Brandon for selling liquor to Sioux Indians. 49 75 Total Expenditure..... 459 63 Unexpended balance..... 3,540 37

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS. OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINGLAIR, Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

# O.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY > POR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.			SERVICE.	\$	cts	\$ cts	\$	cts.	\$	cti
		Supplemen	tary orant	under 46 Vic , c. 2 under 47 Vic., c. 1 Order in Council of 4th June, 1884						82,700 6,500 28,114	0 00
6 Vic., c. 2, Sup- plementary				Expenditure.						117,314	1 34
Grant, 47 Vic., c. 1. An O.C.	·		Salaries, V	Wages and Medical Attendance.	-						
	H. Reed	į do	Assistar	Commissioner, 12 months, to 30th June, 84 nt do do do			3,200 00 1,600 00				
	E. McColl	do .	-	or in charge of Manitoba Superintendency, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884		······	2,133 97				
	T. P. Wadsworth	do	do	North-West Superintend- ency, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884		•••••	1,800 00	١			
	W. McGirr	do		n Commissioner's Office, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884		•••••	1,400 00	•			
	J. F. Graham	do	•	tendent, Manitoba Superintendency, 2 months, to 31st Aug., 1883			261 34				
	R. J. N. Pither	do	_	at Fort Francis, 12 months, to 30th June,			1,000 00	•			
	H. Martineau	do	do	Manitoba House, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884	]	••••••	1,000 00	)		}	
	G. McPherson, sen	do	do	Assabaskasing, 12 months, to 30th June,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,000 00	•			
	A. McKay	do	do	Norway House, 12 months, to 30th June,							
	J. Reader	do do	do do	The Pas, 6 months, to 30th June, 1884. Indian Head, 12 months, to 30th June,	ì			1			
	W. Anderson	do	do	1884 Edmonton, 12 months, to 30th June, '84.			1,200 00	1			
	J. A. MacRae J. M. Rae	do do	do do	Carlton, 14 months, to 30th June, 1884. Battleford, 12 months, to 30th June, '84.		••••••	1,200 00	١		Ì	
	T. T. Quinn C. E. Denny	do do	Sub-Agt. a	at Pitt, 12 months, to 30th June, 1884			884 70				
	W. Pocklington	_	-	1884t Calgary, 14 months, to 30th April, 1884.			1,300 00			1	

M. Begg	do	đo		g, from 21st March, to			,	1
1	_			34		83 0		1
J. McIntyre	do	Agent at		hs, to 30th June, 1884		786 6		İ
L. W. Herchmer	do	do		to 30th June, 1884		1,200 0	0	
F. Ogletree	do	do	Portage la Prairi	e, 12 months, to 30th			_	
1			June, 1884			800 0		
A. M. Muckle	do	do	St. Peter's, 12 mor	nths, to 30th June, '84		900 0	7	
L. J. A. Leveque	do	Clerk, 13	2 months, to 30th J	une, 1884		1,066 6		i
J. P. Wright	do	do .	do d	0		1,100 0	0	}
W. Chastellaine	do	Interpret	ter, 12 months, d	0		250 0	0	
J. Hourigan	do	Forest B	ailiff, from 14th May	, '83, to 30th June, '84		790 2	9	
F. Norman	do		Agent Walsh, 6 mo		<b></b>	500 0	0 (	1
J. J. McHugh	do			.883		73 5	0	1
F. X. Girard	do	Medical	Sunt McLeod, 9 mor	oths, to 29th Feb., '84		900 0	o I	1
A. Jukes	do	do (	Officer at McLeod.	12 months, to 30th				}
A. JUNCS	40	40 (		***************************************		350 0	o i	1
R. Miller	do	do (		, 12 months, to 30th			1	1
n. miller	40	uo v				600 0	0	Į
C A Venneder	do	do (		Hills, 12 months, to			<b>*</b>	
G. A. Kennedy	uo uo	uo v		12 months, w		600 0	n l	1
777 (51)		Clark of				240 0		
W. Shearwood	do					46 0	- 1	
R. C. Macdonald						53 0		
L. A. Gurnett	do	do a	- Commissioner's C	ffice		740 0	-	
J. A. Mitchell	do					115 3	-	
F. H. Cornish	do	, do	do			163 8		
W. Hartley	do	Messeng			······	245 0	- 1	İ
W. Peart	do	Office bo		***************************************	***** ******	900 0		i
F. H. Paget	do	Clerk	ďo	******			-	
R. G. R. Eden	do	фo	ďο	****** *** ***** *****		720 0		1
A. R. Springett	do	do	₫ο	************************		735 0		1
A. B. McIntosh	фo	ďο	фo	*************************		900 0	- 1	İ
G. E. Simeon	фo	фo	do	••••••••••		360 0		
U. W. H. Saunders	do	фo	do		·····	350 7	- 1	J
J. A. Kildahl	do		***************************************	••• •••••		217 3		
R. W. Dyon	do	do		,		324 2	7	1
G. W. Gairdner	do	do	******* *****			720 0		
H. Keith	do	do				700 9	- 1	
J. B. Lash	do	do				<b>667</b> 9		
W. Laurie	do	do				40	- 1	
H. Storer	do	do .				40	0	1 .
A. Beauregard	do	do at	annuity payments			120 0	0	1
E. Paradis	ďo	do	đo			<b>23</b> 0	0	1
H. W. Herchmer	do	do	do			21 2	5	1
J. G. B. Fay	do	do	do			186 0	0	1
F. K. Herchmer	ďo	do	do			18 0	0	1
J. O. Armit	do	do	ďo			77 0		1
G. Pruden	do	do	do	••••••		10 5		1 .
	u.	40	uo					
<b>!</b>		Carrie	ed forward			41,313 2	4	117,314 34

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AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID			SERVICE.		\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts
			В	rought forward.	***** *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			41,313	24		•••••	117,31	4 34
			Exp	ENDITURE Cont	inued.					Ì			
		Salaries,	Wages a	ind Medical Atte	endance—Continued.								
	C. J Muckle	For solery as	Clark of	ennuity nevme	nts	l		12	50	1			
	H. Ogletree.	do do	do	do	4444444 4444444444444444444444444444444				00	l		İ	
	J. W. Jewett	do	do	do				26	00	1			
	M. T. Miller	do	do	do	***************************************				00	1		ł	
	F. F. Graffe	do	do	do					00	1		į	
	A. Taylor	do	do	do	************************				00	İ		}	
	A. Beauregard	do	do	do	******************				00	ł			
	f. Fane	do	do	đо			••••••		00	Į.			
	E. Paradis	do	do	do	***************************************		•••••		00	i			
	J. C. Auger	de	do	do		•••••	••••••		00	ł			
	J. Rowatt	Wages as tear	mster			•••••			00	Į.		(	
	F Downdney	do naid	ი <b>ნ</b>				- 1		00			!	
	P. Lapierre	For Wages as	Interpre	ter	••••••				50	1			
	P. Erasmuss	do	do	**** **** *******	***************************************	********			3 00			į	
	S. Whittord	do	do		······································		- 1		00	1			
	Indian	do	ďο		***** *************************	******		_	00	j			
	E. McColl	do	do		••••••••				50	l			
	H. Rainville	do	φo	***************************************	***************************************				00	ł		i	
	G. Bird	do	do do		***** ******* ******* *****				00	1		l	
	B. Desroche	do			***************************************				00	Į.			
	J. A. Markle	do	Storema do				- 1		00	l			
	J. Carney	do do	do		·				76			İ	
	E. Venn	do	do		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				00	l		ļ	
	A. McKay		do						00	i i			
	J. Calder	do do	do						50	1			
	R. Green	do	do		8 <b>E</b>	1			CO	1		l	
	J. Murphy	do	do		·····			46	15	l			
	R. Jefferson								00	l			
	J Lepotac	do	do		l			8	00			l	
	W. Sinclair	do	do					32	00	1		l	
	J. Lee	do	do					187	91	i		i	

O.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

193

48 Victoria.

18. Andy	do do	***************		13 48	1	· 1
Alexander	do do			17 50		
P. Hourie	do do	40000000 00000 00000 00000 0000000 000000		675 00	1	
J. Munro	do do	44000000		<b>520 0</b> 0	·	
J. Daniels	do do	400000000 \$00000000 0000000000000000000		<b>36</b> 0 0 <b>0</b>	1	
J. Sanderson.	do do	paceagons gassas escapason \ rectimes gases sees is soccesses		84 00	ļ i	
J Geddes	do do	***************************************		330 00	!	
J. Friday	do do	*************************************		135 94	i ,	
J. Pritchard	do do			287 29		
C. Lacree	do do	********************************		14 81	ļ	
E. Larkin	do Teamste			40 00	1	
O. G. Colquhoun	do do	***************************************		35 0 <b>0</b>	!	
J. Robinson	do do	********************************		6 00		
J. Dougar.	do do	******		35 00	1	
A. J. Stewart.	do do	******		17 50	1	
A. Stevenson.	do do	****** ******** ******** ******** ******		93 70	1	ļ ,
E. Beare	do do	***************************************		17 74		
Benjamin	do do	and Interpreter		16 15		
M. Elliott	do do	***************************************		84 00	1	
T. Hogg	do do	***************************************		210 00	1	]
C. Learny	do do	****** ******** ***********************		27 00	l	
J. Alexander		er		198 46		
M. Cummings	do do			26 00		
J. Ballendine	d <b>o</b> do	10 *************************		5 00		
F. Ogletree		rpreter		1 00	1	
Ben		reter		28 22	1	
Mogashahson	do do			2 00	i .	
A. Genaille	do do	******		159 52		
J. H. Morrison, M.D.				35 35	1 .	
O. C. Edwards, M.D.	do	**************************************		511 00	1	
L. Munro, M.D.	do	***************************************		154 75	Į į	
	do do			25 00		
Dr. Mackie H Dodd, M.D.	- <b>d</b> o	***************************************		25 00		
1. B. Poitevin, M.D	do			40 00		
N. B. Kerr, M.D	do			530 00		
		***************************************		91 00		
J. O. Armit		s and instructions		125 00		
J Kerr, M D	Diapanaina madiai	nes		54 <b>3</b> 3		
R. B atty	do do	1100		110 00		]
Ray. E. Lecoq	do			80 00	1	
J. Houston	do	***************************************		60 00		1
J. Flett	do	*************************************		28 00	1	1
G. Halcrow	do	[ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		15 00		}
J. McDonald	do	***************************************		70 00		!!!
A. W. Ross	do	***************************************	.,	55 00	l i	
C. Thompson		***************************************		6 40	1	
A Stalker		ne Indians and messengers		61 62	į l	
Hudson Bay Co	raid geeber of just	no morana and messenkeis		01 02		
]	C.	rried forward		50 148 PO		117.314.34
,	U	PELION TOLAMPIN TO SOME TO SOM		20,120 00	I	**********

### O.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.		cts
		Brought forward	. ******		50,14	8 80		*******	117,31	4 34
	1	Expenditure—Continued.								
		Salaries, Wages and Medical Attendance—Continued.						!	-	
	L. Vankoughnet	For Paid teamster's wages on trip to North-West				2 75				
	Indians	Wages, boatmen				6 00	1			
	A. Smith	do Overseer of Indians' fishing camp		•••••• {		0 78	!			
	P. Erasmus	do notifying Indians of payments	*********	••••••		2 50	ł			
	A McDonald	do Assistant in storehouse		••••••		0 00 7 00	l			
	S. Whitford	Travelling with Mr. Mitchell	*********	••••••		3 00	ł			
	S. Hazlett	Caretaker, Winnipeg office	******			6 00	1			
	J. Lepotac	Travelling with Mr. Mitchell				2 00	l			
	Indians	Sundry services				9 00	}			
	P. LeBrun	Wages, boatmen				4 20	1			
	B. Anderson	do travelling with Agent Anderson				3 (0	j			
	J. Hourigan					3 50	1			
	Hudson Bay Co	do of men with Agent Mackay				8 00	ł			
	F. Barton	MOVIDE Cases			_	2 00	1			
	F. Flowton	Work in storehouse				4 50	Ì			
	Mary Wolf	Cleaning office				6 00	Í			
	S. Whitford	Wages, travelling with Mr. Mackay	l			7 00	ĺ			
	P. Ballendine	Hauling wood			•	9 00	[			
	R. Hockley	Travelling with Commissioner			3	0 95	İ		Ì	
	P. Lemere					4 50	1			
	E. Coblentz	Constable at payments			1	5 00				
	IJ. B. Joyal	do			7	0 00	l			
	A. Leveque	do			4	5 00	1			
	G. Payef	Travelling with Agent McDonald			2	1 00	l			
	S. Johnston	Caring for small-pox patients		1		0 00	l			
	L. Lepotac.	Travelling with Agent				1 00	l			
	W. Latour	Blacksmithing		1		1 53	!			
	Mistatimons	Hattling and piling wood				3 63	l			
	Mrs. C. Lefond	Cleaning office				6 00	J			
	J. Turgoly	Services at Blood payments	********	••••••		B 50	)			
	Isaacs & Elwell	Hire of man moving storehouse				6 00	ì			

					\$
IJ. Garnett	Bringing in stray bull		5 00		ريا
H. Taylor	Moving stoves		12 00		
S. P. Whitford	Reinging in Wagon	******	17 00	1 1	: بــ
W. McGirr	Paid for nutting rack together		1 50	1 1	1 2
D. Watson, J. P.	Taking three declarations		1 00	í I I	Victoria
M. A. Groat	Moving stores	[	12 00 20 00	1 1	{
D. McDougall	Constable	*******	20 00	1 1 1	} \$-:
J. Beattle	40		10 00	1 1	l
D. Phillips	do		10 00	1 1	<b>{</b>
W. Findlay	do		20 00	1 1	j
R. Kearns	Erecting storehouse		150 00	1 1	Ì
W. J Osmett	Removing storehouse		18 26	{	(
A. McKay	Services in removing Indiana		22 50	1 1	ľ
W. Williams	Forming at Rattleford	********	6 00	1 1	
J. Lepotac	Travelling with Agent Anderson	1	6 90	{	CQ
C. Papen	do do		5 00	<b>,</b> , ,	Sessional
C. Munro	Moving furniture		75 00	1 1	) <u>S</u> E.
Father Lacombe	Services at Treaty negotiations, Blackfeet and Sarcees		1	1	ΙĒ
J. McIntyre	Daid for offederit				
do	do wages of crew while paying annuities		20 00	1 1	<u>e</u>
R. Lecke	Onerentine Guard		55 00	1 1 1	1 '
T. McKinistry	do		12 50	1 1	T
W. T. Theker	do		52 50	ļ ļ ļ	<u> 22</u>
J. Tierney	do		47 50	j j j	Papers
W. Shorthead	do		220 00	i i	
R. Taylor	do nurse and Interpreter	[	80 00	( (	0.
E. McBillivray	Superintendent of soup kitchen	l	150 00	1 1	
C. Asham	Cutting and hauling hay	[	24 90	i i	(No.
J. Foster	_ do _ do	ļ	34 00	1 1	0
M Muckle	Paid wages of canoe men		27 00	i i l	1
W. Ward, sen	Travelling with Agent Anderson	]	10 00	1 1	ပ္
J. Vaguire	Finding stray horse		18 00		ا ا
Laze mes	Travelling with Agent Anderson		5 00		
S. Briggs	Services in sto chouse		60 00	1 1	
W. Morris	Cutting and hauling hay		60 00	1 1 1	ĺ
L. Contors	Work with mower and rake, Muscowequaam's Reserve	}	7 50	] ]	ł
A. Carrier	Services in storehouse		67 50	1 1	ļ
D. T. Thompson	Guide	1	21 00	] ]	ļ
H. Dumont	do and Interpreter		17 00	] ]	}
O. T Robillard	Driving cattle		18 00	1 1	I
Yellow Calf	Stabling and feeding oxen		36 00	1 1 1	1 .
H. L. Loucks	Driving cattle	***************************************	8 00	•	<b>P</b>
M. Groat	Herding do		25 00	1 1	•
J. Leville	Driving do	1	10 50	1 1	<b> </b>
S. Favell	Oriving do		900 90	j }	00
G. C. Ives	eraing	1			O O
	Carried forward		53,870 80	117,314 31	) .

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	то wном раід.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Brought forward		<b>53,87</b> 0 <b>8</b> 8		117,314 34
		Expenditure—Continued.				
		Salaried, Wages and Medical Attendance—Cencluded.				
	C. Asham. B. F. H.ney Williams J. Campbell E. McCoskin J. Fitzpatrick Indians J. Laframboise A. Trochon Indians C. Sinclair J. Lemac. J. Webster G. Thwaite L. Sayers C. Munro T. Lemac J. McDonald G. McPherson Hudson Bay Co Norris & Carey.	do do do do Paid carrying mail do messenger		2 00 250 00 3 00 32 00 75 00 132 00 24 00 15 00 15 00 49 00 49 00 40 00 25 00 6 00 4 00 20 00 4 00 6 00	<b>54,7</b> 11 <b>6</b> 3	
	H. Reed	For Travelling expensesdo		616 25 1,395 72		
	T. P. Wadsworth	do (For other expenses of Mr. Wadsworth's tour of inspection, see miscellaneous section of this account)		1,861 50		
	L. Vankoughnet	do on official tour to the North-West Territories		832 90		

IL. W. Herchmer	do			1,710 95	1	' ' '	_
O. E. Denny	do	** ****** ***** ***** **** **** ****** *		229 50	1	[]	
W. Pocklington	do	****** ** ******* ******** ****** ******		470 00			•
J. J. McHugh	do	******		292 00	i	11	_
J. M. Rae	do	••••••••••••••••••••••		520 75		11	7
C. Norman	do	***************************************		248 80		il	G
W. McGirr	do	***************************************		196 65	•		8
A. G. R. Eden	do	********** **** **** **** **** ********		46 25	İ	{}	Victoria
H. Keith	do	per # 6 2		257 45		[]	<b>29</b>
J. P. Wright	do			82 60			•
J. B. Lash	do	*		126 50		11	
A. B. McIntosh	do	****** ***** ***** * ***** ***** ***** ****		74 65		11	
A. McDonald	do			1,219 40		i)	
A. M. Muckle	do	******** ******** ******* * ******* ****		192 05			
Dr. F. X. Girard	do			825 00		!!	
H. Martineau	do	***************************************		1,136 40			
G. W. Gairdner	do	******** ******** * ******** * ********		118 00			70
J. Pritchard	do	******** ******** ***** **** ***** * ****		11 40			ŏ
T. T. Quinn	do	******** * ******** ******* ******* ****		532 00			22
W. Anderson	do			793 95			Sessional
J. A. Macrae	do	***************************************		314 50		<u> </u>	H
J. A. Mitchell	do	and horse hire		264 63		11	<b>5</b> .
J. McIntyre	do			325 67			
K. Paradis	đo	****** ****** ** ***** ***** ***** * ****		13 50		[]	-
F. Ogletree	đo			297 60			Papers
P. Hourie	do			60 <b>50</b>			Ż
A. McKay	do	****** ******* * ******** ****** ******		1,963 52		11	2
L. J. A. Lévêque	do			276 25			<b>4</b>
G. McPherson	do			402 50			
R. J. N. Pither	do			228 70		11	(No.
J. Hourigan	` do	***************************************		329 72			
A. R. Springett	do		********	42 75			
M. A. Muckle	do			5 00		11	ပ၁
O. C. Edwards	do			21 60		. !!	~
R. O. McKinnon	do	***************************************		14 15		11	
R. B. Donkin	do			19 00		11	
W. B. Kerr	do	****** ***** ****** ****** ****** ******		27 10		[]	
J. V. Kildahl	do			20 00			
C. Prevost	do	***************************************		40 00		i,	i
J. D. O'Meara	do			52 00			
E. McColl	do	(For expenses of Mr. McColl's tour of				i l	
1 1		inspection, see miscellaneous section	į .			]	
		of this account)		9 30			
R. Hockley	do	***************************************		45 80			<b>•</b>
P. Douglas	d <b>o</b>	****** ***** * ***** * *** ******** ****		62 50			
J. M. Dixon	do ·			62 50	•	i ii	
A. Dixon	do	***************************************		62 50		. !	~
		e e	]		F 4 711 00	117 214 24	688
į l		Carried forward	l	18,751 96	04,711 63	117,314 34	Ü
•							

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.		SERVICE.		\$	cts.	*	cts.	*	cts.	*	cts
<del></del>			Brought forward				18,75	1 96	54,711	L <b>6</b> 3	117,3	14 3
			Expenditure—Contin	ued.								
			Travelling Expenses, Rati	ons, &c.								
	1		•				A	2 50				
	O. G. Colquhoun	For travelling	expenses		******	• • • • • • •		2 50				
	D. Gray	, αο						6 00				
	M. Begg	go		****** * ****** ***** ***** *****				4 50				
	R. H. Rochester	do						2 65	ì			
	F. H. Paget	go		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	**********			1 65	l			
	W. Peart	ġ <b>o</b>						8 00				
	D. Sinclair	do		*****				0 00	}			
	W. Winder & Co	Horse hire						2 80	ł			
	F. Watchel	Meals and	stabling					0 00	ļ			
	D. Portras	Transport	of Indians		******			4 85	'			
	C. P. Railway Co	Freighting			**********			4 00	1			
	P. Hourie	Horse hire	***************************************	*****				5.00				
*	J. Farmer							6 00	1			
	J. Fitzpatrick							4 50				
	J. Munroe							2 00	1			
	J. McIntyre		m * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					2 00	į			
	U. Sayers	do`	***************************************				1	0.00	i			
	Indian	do	************					0 00	1			
	W. R. Burton	do	***************************************					6 Ò0	1			
	Piapot	do	***************************************			- 1		6 00				
	P. Millar	do	********					0 00	1			
	W. McKay	do	***************************************		l	1		0 00		ì		
	J. Wills	do	********	*****				000	]			
	P. Ballendine	ďο		***************************************				6 00	1			
	Notris & Carey	ģo		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				9 00				
	J. Calder	do	****** ******** **** ***** ***** ***** **					0 00	1	i		
	A. Turner	ďο	***********************					5 00	l	1		
	H. Keith	ĝο				- 4		3 00	l			
	D. L. Clink	do	***** ******* ***** ****** ***					5 00 B	}			
	S. White	do	******************************	***** ***** ***** ****** *****				3 00	Į			
	P. Erasmus	do	and board of McKay's mer		l			2 50	i		1	

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L. Bomsen	<b>GO</b> ************************************	18 °0		,
S. Whitford	do	2 00		j
H. Soden	do	6 00		
F. Delarvier	do	8 00		
Indian	do	11 50		
J. Boyd	do	10 00		
B. Delorme	do	12 00		
T. J. Beatty	do	24 00		
B. Lévêque	do	8 50		
M. Bouresse	do	16 00		
Mrs. Damour	do	16 00		
Steamer " Manitoba"	Transport	27 21		
Langdon, Shepard & Co.	Oats	10 60		
J. Smith	Board	11 00		
Grundy Bros	Meals and horse feed	3 00		
J. Mannock	Horse feed	7 60		
Russel Lake	Ferrying	2 00		
N. W. Mounted Police	Keep of horses	7 (7.5		
		15 60		
Taylor & Co		10 00		
S. B. Lucas	Hire of wagon			
J. W. McLean	Transport	15 00		
J. Cameron	Wagon hire	9 00		
W. Turner	Freighting Agent's effects	2 15		
D. McLeod	Wagon hire	18 00		
B M. River Ferry Co	Ferriage	27 40		
F. Feilde	Stabling	10 50		
Levassen & Stedman	_ do	2 00		
L. Sayers	Transport	17 46		
G. Gunn	Ferriage	134 35		
H. Rielly	Transport	20 00		
G. T. Railway	Passage of Indians	73 00		
A. McDonald	Board	3 75		
C. Fraser	Hire of buckboard	6 00		
M. McAuley	do	2 00		
A. McDonald	Keep of horses	3 50		
H. Hosse	do	2 00		
J. Bear	Transport	15 00 İ		
J. Feilde	Keep of horses	25 00		
Royal Stage Line	Passages	30 00		
J. Shea	Ferrying	5 00 1		
A. McDonald.	Hay	37 00		
Isaacs & Elwell	do	33 00		
D. Wanamangher.	do	11 50		
J Rathwell	do	14 00		
D. McDougall.	do	8 00		
J. N. Cottingham		12 00		
	do	12 00		
J. Smith	do	14 00		
	Carried forward	20,688 93	54,711 63	117,314 33
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AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ c	ts \$	cts.	\$	ets.	\$	cts.
		Brought forward		20,6	<b>88</b> 93	54,71	1 <b>,6</b> 3	117,31	.8 34
		Expenditure—Continued.	!						
		Travelling Expenses, Rations, &c Continued.						•	
	I C Palear & Co	For hay and oats		4	39 58	1			
	J. B Smith & Bro	do			50 70	1			
	R. W. Higgs				23 00	1			
	T. Howard	Oata			00 00	ł			
	Mowat Bros.				11 20	1		i	
	H. Reed	do			90 00	1			
	E. Dewdney	Paid for oats and hay.		1	18 12	1			
	J. McMullen	Нау			9 00			i	
	French & Smith	do			3 00	Į.			
	H. Mitchell	do			15 00	1			
	A. McDonald	Horse feed			37 50	1		l	
	J. Macdonald	do			79 47	1			
	G. Lindsay	do			78 60				
	Hudson Bay Co	Oats		···· \	68 25	1		l	
	D. Ross	do	********	••••	56 92	1			
	G. Bavery	do			62 50	j			
	W. A. Muckle	do			32 72	1			
	Hyde & Allison	Hay			24 48	1			
	W. Winder & Co	do			17 00	1			
	A. J. Whitney	do			54 87 20 00	1			
	W. Lightfoot	do			5 55	1			
	H Read	do			42 00	1			
	J. E. Dunbar	do			48 00	į.		l	
	R. Stanton	40 ************************************		111	5 00			ł	
	J. Roadley	40 MM	•••••		5 00	1		ŀ	
	T. Taylor	Oats			16 00	1			
	J. W. McLearn	W			80 40	1			
	Sibbald & Lindsay	40			00 46	1			
	I. G. Baker & Co	234 10 40 11111	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		33 00				
	G. McPherson	40 111111111111111111111111111111111111			21 61		•		
	Hudson Bay Co Langdon, Shepard & Co.	110		1	<b>32</b> 73	{		1	

im ni 14 L. 15 .	4.					. 34
T. C. Power & Bro	1	, acassand adaga, āšakig addam dasiss naceis sandas dādnie dibaca diissassas		4 3	-	1 ()
NW. Mounted Police				33 1	-	1
Mrs. Sanders				4 0		j
J. Sanderson				32 0	- 1	1 11
Taylor & Rowe		******		6.5	- 1	! !}
F. K. Herchmer		·arra agasa		4.5	~ 1	1 11
H. Taylor		***** ***** ******** ******* ****** ****		18 5	-	1 11
H. Ogletree		owalce	•••••	31 5		1 11
M. Oummings	j do	********** ******* ****** ****** ******	•••••   ••••••	19 5	-	
J. Alexander	do			30 0		! !!
	Printing, A	Advertising, Statsonery, Telegrams and Postag	r.		<b>- 23,254</b> 58	
"Journal of Commerce"	For Advertigin	ng		22 0	0	· 11
Kingston "News"	do do	ш		33 0		] []
Prairie Printing Co	do	***************************************	*****	10 6		]
Orangeville "Gazette".	do	***************************************		9 6	- 1	1 11
St. John's "News"	do		1	17 3		i
"Le Monde"	do	***************************************		38 7		
Regina "Sun"	do	***************************************	1	50		} }
Morrisburg "Courier"	do	***************************************		17 9		
"Le Canadien"	do		••••	82 4		{
Winnipeg "Times"	do	***************************************		72 3		1 !!
St John's "Protect'nist"	go	***************************************		18 6	- ,	1
Aylmer "Times"	do	******** ******************************		10 2		1 11
Brantford "Courier"	do	****** ********************************	• •••	29 1	-	<b>,</b>
Hull "Despatch"	do				-	l ii
Manitoba "Gazette"	do	***************************************		12 0		1 11
"The Investigator"	do	***************************************		32 4		]
"Le Canada''	do	****** ******* ** ******* *************	•••••	10 8	- 1	[ [
"Orange Lily"	do	****** ****** ***** ***** ***** ****** ****	•••••	41 0	- ,	]
Port Hope "Times"	do			86		1
Bradford "Witness"		****** ******** ******* ***************		10 2	-	[
Toronto "Mail"	do	***************************************	í	10 2		}
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Ottawa "Citizen"	do	********* ******** ********************		41 0	- (	1
Belleville "Intellig'cer"	do	**** ****** ***************************	····   ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29 1	-	!!
Peterboro' "Review"	do	********* ***** ****** ****** ***** ****	••••• ••••••	29 1		
Montreal "Gazette"	do			41 0	- :	1
"Journal of Commerce"	do	***************************************		21 6	- 1	! !!
Eganville "Enterprise".	ďo	***************************************		7 5		1
Exeter "Times"	do			10 2	- 1	j ji
Guelph "Herald"	do ,	***************************************		35 1	-	
"Uentral Canadian"	( do	***************************************		10 2		
Lévis "Le Quotidien"	do	***************************************		29 1		]
Montreal "Shareholder"	do	***************************************		21 6	-	
"La Minerve"	do			41 5		1
"Canada Lumberman"	do			54	.0	] }
ļ ·	<u> </u>	Command for wand		912 6	77 966 21	117,813 34
<i>:</i>	•	· Carried for ward	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1 5190	0 1 11,000 21	1 1713010 04 1

#### O.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.		SERVICE.		₿ ci	ts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cte
			Brought forward	<b></b>	•••		912	65	77,960	3 21	117,31	3 34
			Expanditure—Continued.	1								
		$P_{2}$	rinting, Advertising, &c.—Continued.									
	Milton "Halton News". Stratford "Times" Toronto "National" Peterboro' "Times" Toronto "Canada Manufacturer" Gananoque "Journal" St. Catharine's "Visitor" Toronto "Sentinel" Windsor "Essex Review" Prescott "Messenger" Owen Sound "Times" "Canadian Mining Review".	For advertisin do do do do do do do do do do do do do	g				10 21 7 10 7 7 8 13 10 10 9	85 26 60 56 80 56 56 10 50 26 26 18				
	"Nouvelles Soirées Canadiennes"	do do do do do do do					12 29 20 5 21 29 5 7	80 50 16 00 40 60 16 94 56 40				
	"Guide News" Watford Richmond Hill "Herald" "Catholic Record" Sarnia "Canadián"				•••••	::	7 8	48 56 10 80				

Cobourg "Bentinel Star"	86	SHIP Sold Display III III I AMERICA. AC		7 03 16 20		
Montreal " Post "	<b>₫</b> 9,		) ,			1
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hatham "Planet"	do	\$2000000 \$0000000 \$00000 \$0000 \$0000 \$0000 \$0000 \$0000 \$0000 \$00000 \$00000 \$00000 \$00000 \$00000 \$00000 \$000000		11 88		1
orning "Chronicle"	do	********* ******** ****** * **** ***** ****		51 84		1
itchell " Advocate "	do	********* ********* *******************	[	5 40		l
ruprior "Chronicle"	ďo			4 32		l
eaforth "Sun"	đò			10 26		ł
ornwall "News"	đó			8 30		i
oronto "Telegram"	đỏ	***************************************	1	64 80		1
'Orignal "Advertiser'	ão	***************************************		5 40		)
S. Military Tel. Co	Messáges		l	41 98		}
G. Baker & Ob	do .			26 41		ł
N.W. Telegraph Co	7: :			254 26		J
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el. and Signal Service.				1 50		l ·
K. Gibson	-			719 14		Í
.P.R. Telegraph Co			ļ ļ	0 25		1
McIntyre				7 36		ł
Reed						I
ichardson & Macdonald						İ
Indson Bay Co				2 70		}
. A. Bruce & Co	do .	******** ******* ******* ****** *******		1 28		ł
. Dewdney	do			8 03		ł
. Clementson	ďo .			2 65		j
G. Baker & Co	Postage			12 39		1
. Ogletree	do			5 68		ł
. Macpherson	do .		l	3 73		l
. Martineau	2 *	······································	l	4 84		ĺ
. B. Wood.	77			40 50		Į
M. Muckle		***************************************	i	20 15		1
			l	7 15		i
Iowat Bros				3 20		ĺ
ostmaster, Maple Creek	do .	***** ** ***** ***** ****** ***** ***** ****		47 00		
do Battleford	do .	***** ******** ****** ******** ******* ****		5 00		l
do Carlton		,,		15 00		l
do Indian Head		******** ******* ******* ****** * *** ****				1
do Calgary		***** ****** ****** ** ****** ***** ****		11 88		1
do Winnipeg		***************************************		20 00		i
. C. Irvine	do .			400 00		1
McIntyre	do .	***************************************		2 90		į.
Henderson	do .			60 00		ł
udson Bay Co	do .	***************************************	·	13 00		1
R. Turner	do .			61 05		1
D. Osborne	do .			16 00		i
McKay	do .			25 00		1
McColl				20 00		1
		***************************************		26 20		(
Crawford				0 22		i
A. Kennedy	do .	***************************************				l
		Carried forward		3,345 97	77,966 21	117,313

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Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

1885

1885

#### O.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued. AUTHORITY FOR TO WHOM PAID. SERVICE. PAYMENT. cts cts 77.966 21 117,313 34 Brought forward..... 3,345 97 EXPENDITURE Continued. Printing, Advertising, &c .- Continued. Postmaster, McLeod ..... For postage ...... 20 60 Burland Lithograph Co. Printing Annuity Tickets..... 29 40 28 00 13 95 P. G. Laurie ..... 15 00 743 95 Queen's Printer..... 19 75 I. G. Baker & Co ......... Mowat Bros. 2 55 2 25 A. B. Wood ...... Kennedy & Strome ...... 40 85 do A. Macdonald ..... 8 05 do do 2 60 J. McIntvre..... C. H. Black ..... ďΩ 61 40 Mahaffey & Clinkskill .... do 3 50 T. W. Taylor ..... do 5 50 Brown & Curry ..... 4 50 do J. Hourigan ...... Regina "Leader"...... 56 do do 7 50 17 65 A. Kennedy ..... do 6 85 W. C. Pettingell ..... do H. S. Donaldson..... 26 13 E. Dewdney..... do 1 76 18 00 do H. J. Morgan..... 0.90 R. D. Richardson ...... Sprague & Scarlett ...... 1 50 848 64 Govt. stationery office... 5,378 31 Rente, Light and Fuel. Hudson Bay Co...... For Rent of offices and storehouses in various parts of the North-West Territories..... 743 00

	75. 4. 0. 40 7771 2		
[ do	Rent of office, Winnipeg	1,200 00	1
T. Howard	do Regina	400 00	
C. E. Denny	do	40 00	}
L. W. Herchmer	do	200 00	
A. McDonald	do	33 34	[
W. Anderson	do	150 00 (	•
R. J. W. Pither	do	300 00	Ì
A. McKay	do	163 00	Ì
D. McDonald	do	30 00	ì
A. M. Muckle	do	120 00 }	ì
F. Ogletree	do	100 00	j
G. McPherson	do	80 00	}
J. McIntyre	do	100 00	1
H Martineau	do	30 00	
A. Munro	do	60 00	-
J. Reader	do	100 00	
A. McDonald	Rent of storehouse	40 00	
T. C. Power & Bro	do	72 60	1
J. Prudeau	do	65 00	1
D. W. Marsh	Rent of ration house	32 00	1
J. Potts	Rent of storehouse and stable	58 45	-
W. Winder	do	46 00	
J. Crerar	do	165 00	1
A McKay	Rent of room for Interpreter	22 00	1
F. McKay	do storehouse	20 00	
W. Anderson	do site of storehouse	25 50	1
I. G. Baker & Co	A 1 - 11	9 65	
Mowat Bros	do for Commissioner's office, Regina	1 20	1
Smith & Ferguson		,	j
J. H. Ashdown		31 40	j
Mulholland Bros		2 75	!
		5 50	- 1
C White	Fuel for McLeod	3 00	1
J. Leroque	do do	3 00	1
M Sheran	do <u>do</u>	30 00	1
A. McKay	do Walsh	5 00	
Bell Lewis Yates & Walsh	Coal for Winnipeg and Regina offices	687 35	l
G. L Little	Fuel for Regina office	18 00	
W. Scott	do Winnipeg office	42 00	
T. Galerneau	do Indian Head office	7 00 1	
T. Lapierre	dodo	14 00	ļ
I. G. Baker & Co	do McLeod	221 71	1
Smith & Ferguson	Coal for Regina office	366 70	
J. K. McKay	Wood for Agent Martineau' office	42 00	1
W. raham	do Edmonton do	11 00	1
J. K. Oswald	Coal for Calgary do	26 25	1
J. Edmunds	Wood for Birtle do	80 00	1
J. Lossier	do Carlton do	20 00	1
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į · .	Carried forward	6,022 80 83,344 5	2 117,313 34
	The state of the s	,	,

48 Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 3.)

A. 1885

#### O.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST—Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE,	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		Brought forward	••••••••••••	•••••	6,02	2 80	83,344 52	117,313 34
٠	M. Bann	Rents, Light and Fuel—Continued.  For wood for Birtle office		·····	10 2'	0 00 0 00 7 00 4 50 2 75 0 00	6,177 05	
	National Manuf. Co  Mowat Bros	do   do			29 99 92 177 66 70 53 24 4 18 18 20 20 18 7	9 25 8 20 3 33 1 45 3 05 9 3 57 1 00 1 50 9 25 9 25 9 00 9 25 9 00 9 00		

JA. J. Osmet	Furniture, Indian Head office	53 50	1	1
W. Keith	Repairs to letter press	5 60	1	Į.
J. H. Ashdown	Sundries for Winnipeg office	14 25		j,
Richardson & Macdonald	Rent of Post Office box, Battleford,	8 00	1	l l
J. Simpson	Water	3 25	1	1
H. Reed	Entry forms	2 50	1	į.
Crawford & Robertson	Sundries for Indian Head office	7 95		Į.
T. Yeandle	Repairs to stove at Birtle	2 00	1	i
10001010	200,000.000.000.0000.0000.0000.0000.000		938 27	i
}			330 A.	1
}	Outsit and Repairs.			Į.
	Obijit und Mepaste.		ì	1
I. Steinhoff	For Sundries for Commissioner's office	32 00	ì	1
L. Vankoughnet	Equipment for trip to North-West	43 48	1	
			;	
J. Ross	2 camp stoves	9 00	}	1
O. Gunn	1 jumper	8 00	ļ j	1
A. Grant		123 85	1	į
J. M. Rae	do Carlton Agency	75 00	1	[1
H. Reed		75 00	1	fi
O. W. Evans		18 60		İ
D. A. Macdonald		4 50		İ
3. H. Horner	do to harness	11 50	i i	ì
C. Thompson		38 35	1	
W. Latimer		30 50	1	Į.
A. R. McKenzie	do	40 25	1	
F. Johnson	do	53 00		Į.
W. Whitney	do	46 87		
W. Latimer	do	30 30		1
E. Dewdney	Paid for blacksmithing	17 68	ļ ļ	
E. McCusker	Blacksmithing and repairs	77 75		
P. Whitford	do do	3 00	İ	1
W. Lenny	do do	19 00		ſ
J. Macguire	do do	24 00	ı	ì
G. Murdock	do do	9 00	i	1
McDougall & Hamilton	do do	57 25	1	1
R. W. Brownber	do do	2 75		ł
J. D. Jewett	do do	1 00	i	l
G F. Russell	do	4 75		ł
I. G. Baker & Co	Sundries	27 97	1	l)
Haslem & Co	Buckboard for Commissioner	125 00	i	j
Hudson bay Co	Sundry supplies	126 36		)
F. St. Jaques	l camp table	5 50	1	j
Newman, Finnerty & Co.	do	7 10	1	]
Mowat Bros	Sundries	26 65	j	}
E. J. Hodder	Painting waggon	18 00		ļ
P. Paynter	1 set of whiffletrees	10 00		1
. McIntyre	Sundities	8 25		ĺ
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1	Carried forward	1,211 21	90,459 84 1	117,313 34
•	CALLICA IOI WAIM	. 43414 21 1	201200 02 1	1)010 DE

#### O.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts
		Brought forward  Expenditure—Continued.	 ••••	1,2	11 21	90,40	59 <b>84</b>	117,31	3 34
	A. Macdonald H. Reed Willard Bros Brown & Curry l'ees, Costigan & Wilson. W. Williams T. T. Quinn H. McGillvray. A. H. Heney & Co J. Hounquin J. Akin	Outfit and Repairs—Concluded.  For Supplies	 		10 55 40 10 10 50 3 00 26 25 4 00 4 00 15 00 1 00 14 75 18 75	. 1,30	59 11		
	Dr. K. D. Graham P. E. Dixon J. Smith S. W. Stock Association F. Jehns in W. Black J. Conkrite A. J. Osment Langdon & Shepherd A. Campbell D. Soott & Co J. Finlayson C. Burton E. Dewdney Sprague & Scarlett T. J. Demers	Miscellaneous.  For 2 lancets  Lumber for storehouse  Burial of Indian  McHugh's membership fee  Repairs to letter press  Lime  Building storehouse, Edmonton  do office at Indian Head  Lumber for storehouse  Hay for White Bear's band  7 boxes  Expenses issuing writs against trespassers  Water barrels  Petty cash  Unloading car  3 horses for chiefs		99 99 10	1 10 44 96 9 44 10 00 4 00 9 33 98 30 00 00 08 64 20 00 17 50 92 60 6 00 53 60 53 60 53 60				

	Guardada a	1	ı 176 <b>6</b> 6 I		i (1	i
II. G. Baker & Co	SundriesSponges, &c., for vaccinating	***************************************			1	14
J. Mointyre	Sponges, &c., for vaccinating				1 1	90
J. H. Ashdewn	Brands and punches		71 71		1 1	
M. Morrison	Hay for Indian cattle	*******			l W	4
C. E. Denny	Office and buildings at Macleod	*******************************			i ii	5
N. German & Co	Putting up stoves				1 11	<b>1</b>
J. Callum	Painting warehouse	*****************			l II	Victor18.
P.M., Winnipeg	Rent of box					±
L. J. A. Leveque	Petty cash				1 1	, ,
A. Stalker	Making well at Regina office	********	8 00		1	1
D. H. Gillespie	Moving furniture					1
A. Carney	Running raft of lumbér	********	245 00		.]]	1
Crawford & Robertson	1 house for farmers at Indian Head		150 00			
Mowat Bros	1 padlock		0 60		l ii	
E. McColl	Expenses of tour of inspection, season 1883	1,695 55			l H	
	Less-Cash advanced 1882-'83	1,000 00	[		[ [	1
1 1			695 55		1	0
A. McArthur	Horses hire for reaper		19 95			Q
Bell, Lewis, Yates &	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	1 1		1	Sessional
Walsh	Bank Commission on draft		2 25		l li	2.
G. Lindsay	do do		0.80		1	B
J. C. Phipps	Advance to Indian building boat		30 00		1	20
E. Svere	Building root house		10 00		! II	
T. Yeandle	Boards		8 60		1	10
Hudson Bay Co	Rations for keepers of insane Indians		60 30	1	<b>i</b> 4	Papers
A. Taylor	Threshing grain for Indians		157 04		1 11	7
J. D. Finiayson	do barley		840			H
Hudson Bay Co	Sundries		61 78		j jj	œ i
A. Macdonald	Refitting doors, &c., at Battleford		4 00			
Westbrook & Fairchild.	1 set of bob-sleighs		35 00		l l	(No.
L. Gourneaux	Hay for oxen		1 50		l li	7
Hudson Bay Co	Supplies, small-pox quarantine, Fort Francis		124 75		í (1	٠
Rainy Lake Lumber Co	do do		78 63		l l	
C. S. Crowe			13 00		1	ော
	do do		20 00		i ii	
J. O. Armit	Changes in, and straightening telephone line		68 75		1	
G. D. Edwards	Fitting buckets for well		1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	l
J. A. Kerr	Lumber for Indian Head office					ł
A. J. Wallace	Subscription to Macleod "Grzette"					l
Wood & Saunders	Threshing grain		24 96		i ii	l
B. Boyer	Petty cash		77 13 1		l }}	l
J. P. Wright	TW-inking how		71 11 1			
Hyde & Allison	Weighing hay		1 1 1 1		1	l
Brown & Curry	100 cartridges	******			, ,	<b>-</b>
Bell Telephone Co	Rent of telephone, Regina	******	77 17		11	
A. G. Osment	Lime and sand for well		77 14		1	Ι '
W. L. Wood	Lumber for Chief Michael's house	•••••			]	1
J. Walters	1 boat and cover				I	1885
1 1	Carried forward		7,824 81	07 070 08	117,318 34	سي ا

										.
AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVI <b>CE.</b>	\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts	
		Brought forward		7,82	ı 81	91,81	8 95	117,31	3 34	
		Expenditure—Continued.		<b>'</b>		,				
		Miscellaneous—Concluded.								
	G S Hellum	For Taking affidavit			5 00					
	A. Taylor	Taking threshing machine to Poundmaker's Reserve			5 <b>0</b> 0			ĺ		
	Sibbald & Lindsay	2 sets bobsleighs			6 00			ĺ		11
	C. T. Bate & Co	Samples of Indian supplies			0 00			i		
	J. Wa'lis	Window sashes and doors for Chief Michael's house		3	3 75			i		
	J. Linklater	Burial of Indian			<b>6 0</b> 0			İ		1
	H. D. G. Gardner	Threshing grain			2 40			i		11
	C. Sie clair	Registry searches	•••••	6	1 50			l		11
	Hudson Bay Co	Expenses in arresting and conveying Indian of Beren's		١.	8 00			l		1
	M. Ouellette	River Band to Winnipeg, for violating liquor law		, 8	1 36			ĺ		Ш
	W. P. Beaupré	do			5 70			l		$\parallel$
	W. J. Patterson	50 lbs sample flour			5 00			l		1
	Richard & Demers	Threshing wheat			5 28			l		1
	F. Norman	Farenses of keep and transport of Indian council			3 65			i		11
	S H. Caswell	Burying Indian			3 00			i		1
	T. P. Wadsworth	Expenses of tour of inspection, season 1883	965 90					l		$\parallel$
	1	Less -Cash advanced, 1882-'83	200 00		1			l		11
	<b>_</b>	_ ,   <del>-</del>			5 90			ĺ		
	R. Bélanger	Hay for cattle			7 50			ĺ		
	Mullholland Bros	1 set blacksmith's tools			0 98			i		11
	A. Macdonald	l padlock			0 50   7 25			ĺ		
	H. Reed	Supplies for Indians			5 50					11
	H. Kearns	Cutting, stacking and hauling hay			0 00			i		11
	A. M. Muckle.	Petty cash			3 85			i		
	Sibbald & Lindsay	Sacks		i -	9 15			1		-
	O. W. Evans	Brands			4 00			l		11
	J. Clementson	Railway tickets for Indians			7 30			l		-
	A. J. Osment	Coffin and burial expenses			2 00			ı		- 11
	J. W. Young	Repairs to cylinder of pump			5 00			ı		11
	W. Latour	Bolts		, 2	8 50			ı		11

210

R. Sanderson	Expenses in exchanging cow		12 00 l	ĭ	ī
J. Cameron	Ploughing, sowing and harrowing on Swan Lake Reserve		49 00	l l	İ
W. McCreary	do do Long Plain do		40 00	i i	1
F. X. Girard, M.D.	Expenses from Montreal to Macleod		138 90	l	1
Frotheringham & Work-			1	I	ì
man	Samples of tools, &c		594 98	i	1
Rev G Hugonard	Expenses of burial of Indian		6 00	ľ	
F. C. Gilchrist	Ploughing, File Hills		33 75	1	
Rev R. Phair	Feed for Indian oxen, Treaty 3		95 00	ļ	
Aikens, Culver & Hamil-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
ton	Legal expenses in re Fortier		18 39	1	
J. Devier	Threshing wheat		406 20		
J. A. Macdonald	Ploughing at File Hills Reserve		69 75	i	
C. Détu	do do		90 00	ŀ	
Muscowcappo	do Muscowpetung's Reserve		24 00	i	
C. E. Wolf	Survey and sketch of Indian Dept. property at McLeod		10 00	1	
NW. Mounted Police	cost of mail service		5,676 66	1	
J. W. Young	Uleaning out well		12 50		
Rice & Eddy	Stoves for well		4 00	1	
J. Simpson	2 barrels		4 00	1	
H. Reed	To aid in erection of grist mills at Battleford, Pitt, Carle-			•	
12. 1002	ton, and Treaty 7		6,500 00	1	
Indian	Driving horses to Reserve		1 50	i	
Sundry persons	Freighting		1,224 55		
I. G Baker & Co	2 per cent, commission on advances		245 72		
Hudson Bay Co	1 do do		10 43		
T. Howard	do do		20 52		
Mowat Bros	do do		11 41		
Brown & Curry	do do		18 00		
Norris & Carey	do do		23 34	1	
Crawford & Robertson	do do		12 42	İ	
A. Macdonald	do do		51 57	1	
Stobart, Eden & Co	do do		0 42		
Bank of Montreal	do do		6 50	1	
Comme of month car	40		0 00	25,495 39	
1 1		ľ		20, 100 00	
1	Total Expenditure				117,314 34
1	TARRI TIN HOTT GITTE		••••••	••••••	TTIOLE OF
_11	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINCLAIR,
Accountant.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

#### P.-INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST-Continued.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ct	e.
		Commissioner's House and Office.  Legislative appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2	 •••••	***************************************	***************************************	12,0 <b>0</b> 0 0	ю
	Public Works Dept P. Zindord G. D. Edwards Rowan & Payne	EXPENDITURE.  Cost of erecting Indian office at Regina  Erecting vault in Indian office, Regina  Putting electric bells in office, Regina  Drawing plans and making specifications of office, Regina		1			
213		Total expenditure  Unexpended balance		j i		1,864 3	-4

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-Gen. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884. ROBERT SINCLAIR. Accountant.

#### Q.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	<b>\$</b> ct	s. <b>\$</b>	cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.
46 Vic., c. 2		INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.  Legislative appropriation under 46 Vic., c. 2	**********	· .		 ••••••	44,000	90
	Rev. T. Clarke T. Chambers do do Mrs. E. A. Nash E. A. Nash and Mrs. E. A. Nash R. Carney Mrs. Calder Susan Waychan Cameron J. Gillies W. Smart A. Macdonald A. Sufferin One Ear A. Cole Caroline Ballendine H. H. Bain, M.D. Indian Little Pine L. McIver W. Latour A. R. McKenzie D Taylor N. W. M. Police	Industrial School, Battleford.  For Salary as Principal, from 1st Aug., 1883, to 30th June, '84. Wages as Instructor. from 28th May, 1883, to 14th June, '84. Board allowance, 30 days, to 11th; Aug. Travelling expenses from Winnipeg to Battleford and return Wages as Matron, from 8th Jan. to 31st March.  Wages as Instructor and Matron, one month, to 30th June, '84 do Cook. do do do do do do do do do do do do do		763 27 110 90 94 10 10 86 80 108 75 12 88 17 5 196 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	000 148 116 168 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10			

#### Q.—INDIANS OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.—Continued.

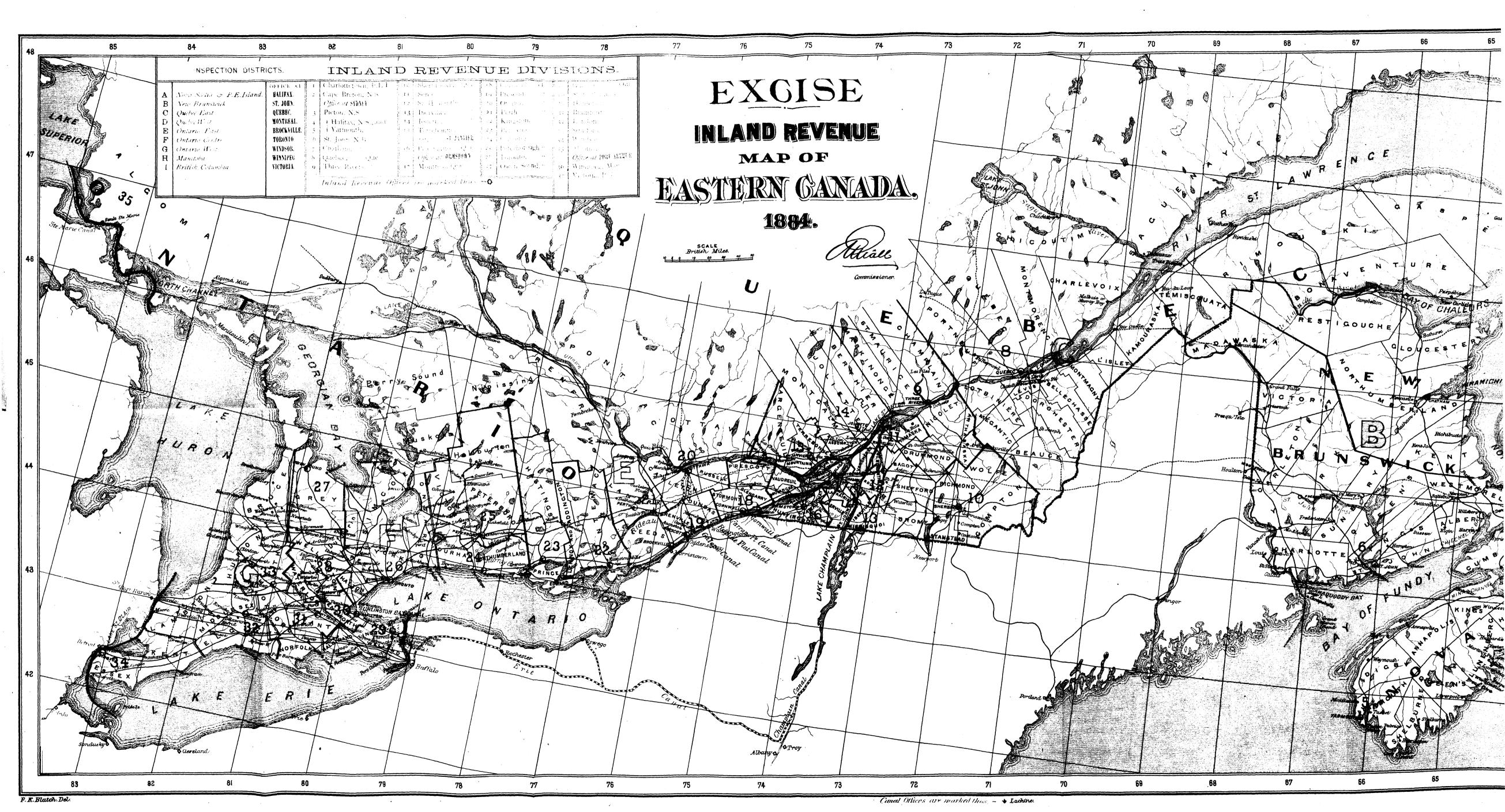
AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.	TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		Brought forward	<b></b>	3,224 31		44,000 00
		Expenditure—Continued.				
		Industrial School, Battleford—Continued.	i			
	A. Macdonald G. W. C. Reiffenstein Mossomin Rev. T. Clarke Mulholland Bros Mahaffy & Clinkskill G. Marchand Hudson Bay Co Maschumas W. Lightfoot Indians Sibbald & Lindsay Indians R. Evans & Co A. H. Sayers C. H. Black E. A. Nash J. M. Garland Fannie Stevens Mrs Calder W. J. Daniels "ichardson & Macdonald H. Richardson P. G. Laurie Bundry persons A. Macdonald	For Supplies  2 Babcock extinguishers. Freighting. Potatoes Stove furniture Supplies  1 pair bobsleighs. Supplies  do Hay. Barley Pair of bobsleighs Potatoes. Seeds Beef Marking ink. Hay. 36 hats. School books. Needles. Dressing one hide Telegrams Transport of school children. Printing forms Freighting 1 per cent. commission on advances.		114 50 20 00 15 00 13 75 56 18 45 00 452 79 5 50 50 00 36 87 33 00 21 15 57 13 1 95 34 50 31 50 12 75 0 50 3 60 0 50 18 00 0 50		

J. M. Garland		31 50 450 00 6,465 00		12,018 93 31,981 07
---------------	--	-----------------------------	--	------------------------

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy Supt.-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
OTTAWA, 30th June, 1884.
ROBERT SINGLAIR,
Accountant.





#### REPORT

### RETURNS AND STATISTICS

OF THE

# INLAND REVENUES

OF THE

## DOMINION OF CANADA

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE,

1884.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of His Excellency,

JOHN COSTIGAN,

Minister of Inland Revenue.



OTTAWA:
PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET,
1884.

To His Excellency the Most Honorable The Marquess of LANSDOWNE, Governor General of Canada.

#### MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

I have the honour to transmit to Your Excellency the RETURNS AND STATISTICS of Inland Revenues of the Dominion of Canada, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884, as prepared and laid before me by the Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

JOHN COSTIGAN,

Minister of Inland Revenue.

25th November, 1884.

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۰	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Season of Naviga- tion, 1883.	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Season of Naviga- tion, 1883.	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Season of Naviga- tion, 1883.	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Season of Naviga- tion, 1883.	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Season of Naviga- tion, 1883.	Fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884.	Season of Naviga- tion, 1883.	Comparative Statement, showing total movement of Property, Passengers and Vessels, for four years ended 30th June, 1884.	Comparative States Tonnage of Vessels four years ended 3
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Welland Canal	104	172	109	177	114	182	148	218	154	160	224	16 <b>2</b>	226	166	168
St. Lawrence Canals	118	186	122	191	127	196	148	218	154	1 <b>6</b> 0	224	162	226	166	168
Burlington Bay Canal	131			200			149	219	155	161	225	163	227	167	169
Ottawa Canals	134	204					149	219	155	161	225	163	227	167	169
Chambly Canal	138	208					148	218	154	160	224	163	227	166	168
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do accrued during the year ended 30th June, 1884	1
do of shatements authorized	1 310
do paid by each Lessee, during the year ended 30th June, 1884	1 0.0
	1
do remaining due by each Lessee on 30th June, 1884	,

COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

## COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

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#### REPORT

OF THE

### COMMISSIONER OF INLAND REVENUE.

To the Honorable

The Minister of Inland Revenue.

SIR,-Herewith I have the honour to submit statements of the Inland Revenues collected by this Department during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1884, with the usual information as to the cost of collecting, and statistics respecting the sources from whence those revenues were derived.

1. The following Summary Comparison shows the accrued revenue Comparison for the years ended 30th June, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884, of total revenue for five respectively :-

	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Excise	4,312,153	5,400,904	5,936,142	6,282,796	5,545,391
Public Works	440,814	481,066	438,060	510,969	516,349
Culling Timber	23,014	38,397	46,781	49,560	43,609
Bill Stamps	176,115	193,023	158,493	45	
Weights and Measures, Gas and Law Stamps	20,812	38,043	30,746	34,889	36,401
Total	4,972,908	6,151,483	6,610,222	6,878,250	6,141,750

Details of decrease in 1883-84.

2. It will be seen by the above statement that the revenue accrued during the year just closed was \$6,141,750, as against \$6,878,259 for the year 1882-83, being a decrease of \$736,509, or about  $10\frac{7}{10}$  percent.

This deficiency has arisen upon the following items:-	
Excise \$737,405	
Culling Timber 5,951	
Bill Stamps 45	
<del></del>	,401
Deduct increases—	
Revenue from Public Works, \$5,380	
" "Weights and	
Measures, Gas	
and Law Stamps 1,512	
6	,892~
\$736	5,509

The average revenue accrued from these sources for the fouryears preceding was \$6,153,205.

It was anticipated that the reduction of the tobacco duties from-20c. to 12c. per lb. would have diminished the revenue from that source to the extent of \$750,000 to \$800,000.

The more effective administration rendered possible by the changes in the Inland Revenue Act, as revised and consolidated in 1883, has mitigated the severity of that anticipated loss. The decrease of but \$449,998 is clearly a tribute to the more effectual supervision of tobacco manufacturing. In fact, for the first time in the history of the Department, the duty is believed to have been fully collected.

On the other hand, the duty on spirits—which it was expected would have remained stationary—has fallen off to the extent of \$292,370. So that the Excise Revenue, from all sources, exhibits, as above stated, a deficiency of \$737,405, as compared with 1882-83.

It is fair to assume that, although the falling off as compared with 1883 is serious, there would have been a considerable increase on the average of the three or four preceding years had it not been for the reduction of Excise duty upon tobacco. 3. The following Statement exhibits the details of Excise Revenue Summary statement as accrued during the past year as compared respectively with the four to excise. years ended 30th June, 1880, 1881, 1882 and 1883:—

	<del></del>				
	1.	2.	3.	4	5.
	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits	2,293,974	3,231,482	3,555,490	3,902,867	3,610,496
Malt Liquor	6,410	6,250	6,125	6,150	6,558
Malt	298,188	316,656	387,597	405,023	413,056
Tobacco	1,643,407	1,777,631	1,903,893	1,886,302	1,436,304
Petroleum	16,426	18,749	23,884	25,216	26,566
Manufactures in Bond	33,269	30,897	33,603	36,715	39,457
Seizures	13,908	6,058	11,090	5,241	2,183
Other Receipts	7,571	13,181	14,455	15,282	10,771
Total	4,312,153	5,400,904	5,936,142	6, 282, 796	5,545,391

#### SPIRITS.

4. The following Statement shows the transactions in Spirits Comparison during the year ended 30th June, 1884, and the four preceding as to quantity years:—

	1.	2.	· <b>3.</b>	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
Fiscal Year.	In Warehouse at commencement of period.	Manufactured during the year.	Taken for Con- sumption.	Exported.	Used in Bonded Factories.	Otherwise ac- counted for.	In Warehouse at end of Period.	Memo. of Revenue scrued, includ- inglicense Fees.
1879-80	Pf. galls.	Pf. galls. 2,996,987	Pf. galls.	Pt. galls. 10,266	Pf. galls. 240,463	Pf. galls.	Pf. galls	\$
1880-81 1881-82 1882-83	1,719,737 1,37 <b>0,2</b> 06 1, <b>642,57</b> 7	3,048,145 4,028,847	3,214,543 3,552,818	7,879 11,731	*175,175 190,260	79 1,667	1,370,206 1,642,577 1,841,123	3,231,482 3,555,490
Annual Average		14,355,187	12,906,515	42,198	821,043	10 285	6,573,643	12,982,813
of 4 years e n d e d 30th June, 1883 1883-84	1 400 694						1,643,411 2,201,034	

<sup>•</sup> In addition to quantities shown in column 5, in the year 1880-8 52,440 gallons, and in the year 1882-83 157,223 gallons of imported spirits were used in bonded factories.

Spirits manufactured. Comparison.

5. The spirits manufactured during the fiscal year amounted to 4,207,576 proof gallons, as against a production during the preceding year of 4,281,208 proof gallens.

Materials used in the production of **s**pirits

6. In the production of these spirits 75,095,450 lbs. of grain and 620,390 lbs. of molasses were consumed, the proportion of grain being as follows :-

Other grain	1 482 010	
Malt	3,488,284	
Rye	13,962,466	
Indian corn	<b>5</b> 6,192,681	

Spirits taken tion.

7. The quantity of spirits taken for consumption was 3,608,021 for consump. proof gallons, as against 3,848,787 proof gallons for the year 1862-83. and 3,226,629 the average of the four preceding years.

Spirits in bond.

8. The quantity of spirits in bond at the close of the fiscal year was 2,201,034 gallons, being a little over 360,000 gallons in excess of the quantity held in bond at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Spirits experted.

9. The export of spirits was merely nominal, being limited to 5.197 proof gallons.

Spirits used in bonded manufactories.

10. The quantity of Canadian spirits used in bonded factories for the production of methylated spirits and vinegar was 232,958 proof gallons.

To what the increasing consumption . is due.

11. The increasing consumption in this direction suggests the propriety of considering whether that increase is due to the greater use of methylated spirits in the mechanical arts, or whether, to any extent, it is being used in inferior groggeries as potable spirits in lieu of pure spirits. The conviction that this is being done to a limited extent calls for further legislation for the protection of the public health.

Consumption 1 of excisable goods per capita.

12. Appendices A and B show the consumption of spirits, tobacco and other goods subject to Exise, and of similar goods imported subject to Customs duty, per head of the population of the whole Dominion, and also in respect of each Province, separately.

Spirits entered for consumption not all consumed where duties are paid.

13. A large proportion of the goods entered for consumption at the chief importing centres are consumed beyond the limits of the Province in which those duties are paid, so that this fact must be considered as bearing upon the consumption within each Province. respectively.

XVIII

MALT AND MALT LIQUORS.

14. The following Statement shows the transactions in Malt during Comparison of five years the year 1883-84, and the four years preceding:as to malt.

	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
Fiscal Year.	In Warehouse at commencement of period.	Manufactured during the year.	Taken for Consumption.	Exported.	Otherwise ac- counted for.	In Warehouse at end of period.	Memo. of Revenue accrued, including Li-
1880-81	Lbs. 19,907,409 12,124,643 25,736,107 18,232,496	85,516,222	37,910,046 39,587,285	40,055,907 46,882,486	175,111 44,878 1,437,458	Lbs: 12,124,643 25,736,107 18,232,496 15,841,489	322,906 393,722 411,173
Annual average of four y'rsended 30th June, '83 1883-84.	•	70,524,053	34, 299, 441	36, <b>64</b> 0,91 <b>4</b> <b>4,96</b> 1,383	600,179	17,983,684 25,420,716	356,497

Of this quantity, 354,728 lbs. are free and 19,176 lbs. written off by authority.

15. The quantity of malt manufactured during the fiscal year Malt manufell to 55,447,616 lbs., as against 85,516,222 lbs. in 1882-83, and an average of 70,524,053 lbs. during the four years preceding.

16. A corresponding falling off is also noticeable in the quantity ex- Malt taken ported—the consumption within the Dominion having been slightly for consumption. in excess of the preceding year, viz. :-

> For 1883-84 ...... 40,533,102 1882-83 ...... 39,587,285

17. The increased consumption, as compared with the average of Comparison the four preceding years, is 6,233,661 lbs., being equivalent to 183,343 with previous bushels.

18. The duties accruing upon malt and malt liquor entered for con- Net revenue sumption, including brewers' and maltsters' license fees, amounted and malt to \$419,156, an amount approximating the average revenues liquors. derived from the same source during the year 1878 79 when the rate of duty was double that at present collected.

Malt used for brewing and distilling. 19. Of the malt entered for consumption, namely, 40,533,102 lbs. about  $3\frac{1}{2}$  million lbs. were used by distillers, and the remainder in the production of 13,098,700 gallons of malt liquor.

TOBACCO.

Recent changes in the law render it necessary to discriminate between to-bacco and cigars in detailing transactions.

20. The recent changes in the law governing the supervision of tobacco manufactories and the different method of collecting duties upon cigars, render it necessary to discriminate between tobacco and cigars in detailing the transactions therein. The statement below will be found, therefore, to differ from those of preceding years, not in form, but in quantities recorded, such difference being due to the weight of cigars having been eliminated there from.

Comparison of five years as to tobacco.

12. The following table, then, exhibits only the transactions in respect of tobacco (including snuff and cigarettes):

	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
Fiscal Year.	In Warehouse 1st July.	Manufactured during the year.	Taken for Con- sumption.	Exported.	Otherwise ac- counted for.	In Warehouse 30th June.
1879-80 1880-81 1881-82 1882-83	Lbs. 2,016,734 2,585,200 2,217,140 2,717,386 9,536,460	Lbs. 8,085,780 8,112,872 9,271,254 8,574,394 34,044,300	Lbs. 7,247,682 8,100,003 8,376,972 8,965,001 32,689 658	Lbs.  256,674 343,776 388,438 453,471  1,442,359	Lbs. 12,958 37,153 5,598 10,416 66,125	Lbs. 2,585,260 2,217,140 2,717,386 1,862,892 9,382,618
Annual average for four years ended 30th June 1883	2,384,115 1,863,862	8,511,075 10,940,469	8,172,415 10,072,681	360,585 418,574	16,531 •74,272	2.345,655 2,237,834

Of this amount, 22,262 lbs. were written off by authority and 54,010 lbs. were taken for re-working.

22. To the above quantities are to be added the quantity of leaf Leaf taken for consumptaken for consumption in a raw state during the same years, which tion. will give the following additional columns :--

	7.		8.	9.
<del></del>	Raw taken for Co		Total Tobacco taken for	Duty Collected thereon, in-
	Canadian.	Foreign.	Con- sumption.	cluding LicenseFees.
	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	\$
1879-80 1880-81 1881-82	43,744 200	111,926 1,072 229	7,403,352 8,101,275 8,377,201	1,479,034 1,567,971 1,610,185
1882-83	44,162	113,423	8,965,415 32,847,243	6,192,266
Annual average for four years ended 30th June, 1883	11,040	28,356 64	8,211,811 10,072,745	1,548,066 1,169,490

23. It will be seen by the foregoing table that as compared with the of averages. fiscal years 1882-83, 2,366,075 lbs. more were manufactured during 1883 84, and the quantity entered for consumption exceeded the previous year by 1,107,330 lbs., an expansion in the one case of 271 per cent. and in the other of  $12\frac{3}{10}$  per cent.

24. The quantity exported fell short of that exported during the ported. year 1882-83 34,897 lbs., but exceeded the average of the four years ended 30th June, 1883, by 57,989 lbs.

25. In my last year's report, I directed attention to the fact that the Production of production of manufactured tobacco had been checked for a time by Tobacco the uncertainty respecting anticipated changes in the tariff, but that uncertainty the demand became so brisk after the settlement of this que tion as to changes in the tariff. that the factories could not keep pace with it, and the stocks held in warehouses were largely reduced in consequence.

- 26. The quantity in warehouse, at the end of 1883-84, though not Tobacco in equal to the average of the four preceding years, justifies the opinion that the equilibrium of the trade has been re-established.
- 27. The following statements show, for a period of four years, the Canadian Quantity of Canadian grown tobacco which has paid duty as Canada oo paid duty

and used in factory.

Twist, together with the quantity which has been used in tebacco factories.

CANADIAN Tobacco Statement, Crop of 1883.

Divisions.	Lici	enses.	Tobacco paid Duty during	Duty.	
Divisions.	No.	Amount	year ended 30th June, 1884.		
Otława		\$	Lbs. 3,778	\$ cts. 137 94	
Iberville	3	6	485	15 70	
Joliette	184	368	224,141	4,850 83	
Montreal	14	28	1,870	65 40	
Sorel	1	2	106	4 12	
St. Byscinthe	1	2	1,975	41360	
Terrebonne	1	2	268	7 36	
Three Rivers			300	6 00	
Total	204	408	232,923	5,128 84	
Total of previous year		******	178,213	6,481 73	

Comparison for last five years.

28. The following is a statement of Canadian Tobacco taken for use during the last five years:—

Fiscal Year.	Leaf and Twist paid Duty.	Taken for use in Manufac- tories.	Total.
	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
1879-80	43,744	17,392	61,136
1880-81	378,416	19,061	397,477
1881-82	454,884	37,518	492,402
1882-83	178,432	198,765	377,197
1889-84	232,923	93,681	326,804

#### INSPECTION OF PETROLEUM:

29. The number of packages of Canadian petroleum inspected dur- Quantity of Canadian ing the year is 192,259, and the fees collected thereon, \$18,376.93.

petroleum inspected and fees collected.

30. The number of packages of imported petrolemn inspected by Number of officers of this Department is 27,980, and the fees collected thereon, packages of imported **\$**9,189.3**5**.

petroleum inspected and fees collected.

31. I am of opinion that at this point I cannot do better than quote Report of lest from my report of last year, and press strongly the recommendation to. therein contained.

"During the past year numerous complaints have been made by Complaints of Refiners as to Canadian refiners, that while they have been compelled by the De-imported oil. partment to comply strictly with the law in reference both to fire, test and gravity, foreign oil has been allowed to enter the Dominion and to compete with their productions in their own market, comparatively free from such restrictions.

"It is believed that there has been some reason for their complaint, Reason of The testing instruments are expensive, and can scarcely be placed plaints. in the hands of officers at every port open for the importation of foreign goods, and the knowledge of the fact that some of the minor ports are not supplied with the necessary instruments, has led designing men to go out of the ordinary course of traffic, in order to bring in inferior goods at points where the inspection is known to be nominal.

"The benefits arising from a thorough inspection have been clearly Benefits of proved by the decrease in the number of accidents arising from the athorough inuse of petroleum, and if these beneficial results are to continue, it is clear that some provision must be made against the importation of inferior grades, which can be produced and sold at rates with which the Canadian refiner finds it impossible to compete, so long, at least as he is compelled to comply with the provisions of the Petroleum Act.

"It is thought that the simplest way to meet the requirements of Remedy for the case would be to restrict the number of ports through which Refiners competroleum may be imported. If this were done, a thorough system of inspection might be carried out without involving an undue cost for the necessary instruments."

MANUFACTURES IN BOND.

### Comparison of five years.

32. The revenue derived from goods manufactured in bond during the rast five years, has been as follows:—

1879–80	3 <b>3,2</b> 69
1880-81	30,897
1881-82	33,602
1882-83	36,715
1883-84	39,457

Vinegar and methylated spirits produced. 33. These duties have accrued on vinegar and methylated spirits. There were manufactured during the year, 594,973 standard gallons of vinegar, containing 6 per cent. of acetic acid, and 105,112 gallons of methylated spirits. Of these quantities, 579,746 gallons of vinegar, and the whole of the methylated spirits, were entered for consumption.

### Materials used.

34. In the production of these articles, the following materials were used:—

Gallons

	danon.
Proof spirits	232,958
Beer, wine, &c	41,448
Wood naphtha	11,315

PUBLIC WORKS.

#### Increase in revenues.

35. The revenue from Public Works shows an increase as compared with 1882-83, of \$5,380.

Source of increase.

36. From the following statement it will be seen that the revenue from Canal Tolls has increased \$13,191, and that from Minor Public Works \$12,119, while there has been a decrease in the revenue from Slides and Booms amounting to \$16,401, and in that from Hydraulic and other Rents of \$3,529.

	1882–83.	1883-84.	Increase.	Decrease.
	\$	\$	per cent.	per cent.
Canal Tolls, &c	343,252	356,443	3.84	
Slides and Booms	126,901	110,500		12.92
Hydraulic and other Rents	32,806	29,277	•	10.75
Minor Public Works	8,010	20,129	151 · 29	
·	510,969	516,349		

## Canals.

37. The following Statement gives a summary of the Canal Summary of Revenue, showing the increase or decrease on each Canal:-

		,		
Canals.	1882-83.	1883-84.	Increase.	Decrease.
			<del></del>	
	\$	\$	per cent.	per cent.
Welland	155,062	179,642	15.85	
St. Lawrence	91,675	85,247		7.54
Chambly	23,524	21,387		9 99
Ottawa	62,132	60,819		2 15
Rideau	6, 174	5,291		22.35
Burlington Bay	2,827	1,662		70.09
Et. Peter's	1,229	2,193	78 · 43	 
Newcastle District	329	202		62.87
	343,252	356,443	•	•

38. It will be observed that the revenues from the Welland Canal Increase on Welland have increased 15.85 per cent.

Canal.

39. The following Statement will show the class of Freight in Per cent. of respect of which the increase has occurred:-

increase or decrease on each kind of freight. .

	1882-83.	1883–84.	Increase.	Decrease.
	\$	\$	per cent.	per cent.
Vessels	14,154	15,688	10.83	
Passengers	84	116	38.09	
Produce of Forest	20,032	22,504	12:34	
do Animals	99	135	36.36	
do Agriculture	62,417	68,137	9.16	
Manufactures and Merchan-	57,291	69,585	21 · 45	
Total Tolls	154,077	176,165		
Fines, Damages, &c.	985	3,477		
Total	155,062	179,642	15.85	

Grain transhipped at Port Colborne.

40. The usual statement as to the quantity of grain transhipped at Port Colborne will be given with the report of Canal Statistics for the season of navigation, which will be printed as a Supplementary Report.

R ffect of Orders in Council of 26 May and 3 June last.

41. In that report I shall also endeavor to show what has been the effect of the Orders in Council of 26th May and 3rd June last, which reduced by one-half, during the present season of navigation, the Welland and St. Lawrence Canal tolls on wheat, Indian corn, oats. barley and rye shipped to Montreal, or any Canadian port east of Montreal.

SLIDES AND BOOMS.

Elides and booms.

42. The accrued revenue from this source is less than that of the previous year by 12.92 per cent.

HYDRAULIC AND OTHER RENTS AND MINOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Hydraulie rents. Revenue accrued. Outstanding balances. Counter

tain lessees against Dept. of Public

Works.

- 43. The revenue accrued from these sources was \$49,405. The outstanding balances of Hydraulic Rents are still very large.
- 44. The persistent refusal of certain lessees of water lots upon the Ottawa and elsewhere, to pay arrears of rent on the ground of claims of coralleged counter claims against the Department of Public Works affords another instance of the paralyzing effect of divided responsibility.

Validity of these claims should be tested.

- 45. It is strongly recommended that the validity of the said alleged counter claims, which consist largely of consequential damages, and do not appear to the Department to have any substantial basis. be forthwith tested by some competent legal tribunal, and that the rights of the Government, so far as they are sustained, be enforced.
- 46. The Department cannot, in justice to itself, consent year after Apparent impotency and year to convict itself by its own returns and statistics, either of negligence of the Dept. impotency or of negligence.

CULLING TIMBER.

47. The fees accrued under this head were \$43,609, while the ex-Culling timber. Revenue and penditure was \$54,850. expenditure.

Weights and measures. W. & M. Gas and law

stamps.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES AND GAS.

48. As in former years, a special report in relation to these services will be submitted, containing full statistical information.

49. The revenue accrued from these services, and from Law Stamps Decrease of the Supreme Court, was \$36,401, as against \$34,570 during the previous year.

PREVENTION OF THE ADULTERATION OF FOOD.

- 50. The usual Supplementary Report in reference to this service has Supplementary report to been prepared, containing details of the work done, and the reports follow. of the Analysts.
  - 51. The expenditure under the Act during the year was \$11,780 Expenditure.

INSPECTION OF STAPLE ARTICLES.

- 52. The cost of administering this Act has been \$695, which in- Cost of adcludes the annual expenses for the selection, purchase and distribution the Act. of flour samples.
- 53. Appendices D, E, contain the usual statistics in relation to Returns in relation to.

Excise Promotion Examinations.

- 54. Appointments to the position of Excisemen of the third class Appointments are made in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Service Act Excisemen. after the candidates have passed the "qualifying" examination before the Board of Civil Service Examiners.
- 55. But before such Excisemen can be promoted to the higher promotion to classes, they are required to pass a further examination, which is also of Excisemen. conducted by the Board, but is on subjects pertinent to the Excise service, which are selected by the Department.
- 56. Examinations of this character were held during November last, Examinaat Quebec, Montreal, Belleville, Toronto and London, at which tions; where forty-three candidates presented themselves, of whom seven obtained first-class and ten second-class certificates.
- 57. The examination papers which were used on that occasion are Publishing of published in the Report of the Board for the year 1883, and it is examination papers. therefore deemed unnecessary to reproduce them here.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 25th November, 1884.

APPENDIX A.

TABLE showing the Annual Consumption per head of the undermentioned Articles paying Excise or Customs Duties in the respective Provinces and in the Dominion, since Confederation.

			Ontario					QUEBEC				New	Baunst	WICK.		•	No	VA SCO	TIA.			PBINCE	Edward	Island.		N	MAI ORTH-W	NITOBA A	ND BITORIES	в.		BRIT	вн Сол	MBIA.			D	OMINION	•	
Years.	Spirita.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum,	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Pobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirita.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.
1861			Galls.		Galls.	Galls.	{	Galls.	1		Galis.				Galls.						Galls.			Lbs.			Galls	Galls	Lbs.		Ga.	Galls	Galls.		Galls.		Galls.	Galls.	Lbs.	Galls.
1869	1.534			1 596	.094	1 278	2.319	ļ	1.804	.073	1.050	•519	· <b>2</b> 09		•480	.909	•450	-193		·480				· · · ·						·········						1.604	2.269	·174	1·738 1·755	·193
1870	1.093	2.072		1.831	1 537	1'247	1	· 351			1.074	·995 ·634		2.425	·443 ·712	·743 ·692	·825 ·859	·075	2.128	·347		,														1.434	2.163	·195	2·190 2·052	1.103
	1.539	3.002	.082	2·179	1.690		2.172	•443	2.588	.501	1.214	·613 ·751	·128	2·536 2·557	1.050	·759 ·827	1·081 •986		1.830	·581 -564								······································	********						**********	1.723	2.490	•257	2·481	1 · 302
1874	1.923	3 ·379	.103	2.079	1	1 .614	Į.	.478	2·524 3·414		1.358	·837 ·708	·151 ·201	2.181	·860 ·968	·839 ·928	·954 ·916	1	1.612	·629 ·653		················							**********							ì	3.013			1.618
1876	1.369	3.383	. 065	1.723	2.325	1.262	2.322	.387	1	·318 ·476	1.057	·639	·066	1.791	950	·689	·811 ·996	·062	1·639 2·226	·755 ·815		•932	098	1 766	662	726	1.077		2 582	·185	ĺ		•430		•598	1.394	]	.177		1.360
1878	1.019		1	1.879	1.842	1.128	2·108 1·872		i	*288	·742 ·886	·623 ·782	·064 ·056	2·609 2·461	1.092	·659 ·492	·794 ·828	·064 ·050		.660	·748 ·416	·875 ·651	·045 ·025	1.588	•717	·294 ·533	627		2·275 3·676	128	1.207	3.196		2·723 3·118	•754	•960	2.322	·096	1.976	1.103
1880	1.404	3·281 3·478	·030 ·020	}		1	1.660	-	1 939	1	·756 ·590	• <b>646</b> •486	1	2 · 251		·516 ·430	·767		1		·609 ·425	·516	·036	1 618		·814 813	1·851 2·479	]	4·051 4·270			3.349		1		ł	2·209	·104 ·077	1.954	
1882	·936	3·548 4·250	1	2·008 2·068		. 1·150 . 1·248	1	1	2.118		·763	·456 ·649	Į.	2 548	1	·527 ·539	·690				425	·381 ·269	.013	1 287		·385 ·767	1·156 2·150		1·311 2·460		1	2·699 3·211	i	2·886 3·491	ł. <b></b> 		2.293		2·035 2·150	
1884		4·508 4·519	}	2·183 2·265	1	1.380		1	2 474 3 224		·932 ·815	·790 ·	·058	2·627 1·491		•579 •573	·629 ·782	1			. 410	·174	·030	i			2·818 2·208		2·638 2·341	1	i	4.080	1			1.090	2.882		2·280 2·476	
Average	1 · 236	3 · 343	•048	1.915		1.242	2 055	303	2.398		973	•680	.091	2.336		-667	•793	.083	1.797		. 527	•507	•032	1.391		•650	1 · 759	.068	2 844		1.328	3.498	•543	3.226		1.281	2.527	•155	2.093	

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.
4—82

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

APPENDIX B.

TABLE showing the Revenue per head derived annually since Confederation from the undermentioned Articles paying Excise or Custom Duties in the respective Provinces and in the Dominion.

•		(	)ntario.					QUEBEC.				New	Brunsw	ick.			Nov	A SLOTI	A.		]	BINCE ]	Edward	Island	•	AND		[anitoba West T		ies.		BRITIS	H Colu	MBIA.			)	О <b>оміні</b> о	ī.	
Years.	Spirits.	Веег.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Peer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	7 obseco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Веег.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wine.	Tobacco.	Petroleum.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	*	\$
1861								-004			-870				•039	*894		.015			· •••••	••••		•••••••		ļ										••••				
1868	1.109	·114 ·110	.014	·163	·006	1.001	·111	·094 ·074	·218	.008	786	·030 ·049	.027	216	.068	.706	.057	.030	·200	•045		*****							*******			l i				1.028	.097	.043	.176	•014
1869	·841 ·997	•101	.019	209	105	1.016	.078	.099	.326	.020	.927	038	.035	.287	.057	.652	.055	.034	.214	013							••••••	,								.761	092	.037	193	•041
1871	1.090	.122	.021	.265	.130	1.127	•082	.106	•431	.015	1.079	.039	.048	.405	.071	.766	.066	.050	290	.045						İ			•••••••			**********	***** *****	*********		·962	·085	·049	259	·061 ·077
1872	1.182	135	.030	368	110	]	·101	•134	.510	.035	1.128	.047	.050	·416	.058	.765	.057	.054	•386	•046						l						•••••			**********	1.160	108	•070	·336	·076
1873	1.115	155	•033	.286	135	1.258	107	.122	•471	1 .019	1.533	.055	•(57	•347	.084	· 780	.060	.042	.251	•075				****								**********			•••••••	1.135	•120	.088	350	-084
1874	1.507	154	.042	•351	•154	1.349	.097	•162	•615	.032	1.255	.053	.075	•404	-101	·887	.059	.056	.237	.079		. <b>,,,,</b> ,														1.363	·119	.086	·442	·103
1875	1.150	·140	.033	·379 <sup>*</sup>	·150	1.200	·110	•134	•529	.029	1.158	.047	.044	389	104	•788	.057	•044	•333	•083																1.127	.114	.069	•428	.098
1876	1.258	·132	.031	•443	153	1.269	•081	•153	•623	.039	1.055	.046	.013	.406	.111	· 746	.049	.0 8	55ء٠	•095	.976	·046	-052	•344	-115	.776	.037	-108	•684	.033	1.545	.254	·184	1.003	•138	1.182	.098	.075	-513	·105
1877	.927	142	.021	•425	•126	1.101	.092	•110	•463	.023	.812	· <b>0</b> 39	.013	•540	·104	•750	.072	•044	.284	•066	•851	.052	·03 <b>3</b>	.319	·100	.294	.036	·014	.557	.021	1 · 289	.230	.283	-887	·109	.949	.109	-057	•416	.084
1878	.912	.202	.012	· <b>4</b> ì0	<b></b>	1.100	·119	.112	•450	 	.955	.074	633	.537	. <b></b>	· <b>5</b> 52	.079	.036	·305		•469	.047	.003	.319		•534	.096	039	·914	·	1.647	•231	•325	1.057		.927	·147	.052	•439	
1879	1.283	·186	.019	.424		1.068	.079	-118	•472	· ••••••	•830	.051	.039	•493	••••••	•587	<b>06</b> 3	.039	•351	·••••••	687	.029	•027	•325		905	•106	.051	1.043		2.163	.338	•351	1-147		1.095	-125	.057	·449 .	
1880	.720	121	.016	.422		•950	·0 <b>52</b>	·124	•304		.690	.028	.0.2	•509	<b>.</b>	· <b>5</b> 32	036	.032	.370		.525	.021	.012	•268		·864	.087	046	.989	· <b>•••</b> •••	1.331	•198	·281	•928		.772	.081	•055	·428 .	• •••••
1881	·961	·120	.021	•437		1.246	.059	·165	•463		-680	.028	•0.59	•539		·646	.039	.0.7	• <b>38</b> ∪		.623	.017	-018	.260		•400	.041	.008	275		1.342	•151	.287	.833		-990	.081	·073	•443 .	
1882	1.030	•145	.026	•460		1.355	·C69	·197	•534		1.034	•039	.044	•543		•665	•0.38	•055	.382		·547	.012	•012	•215		•810	.086	·139	• 564		1.691	•182	•443	1.017		1.084	.098	•092	•485	
1883	1 · 121	•151	-031	•444		1 513	.065	•206	•542		1.087	•051	·045	•504		.717	.041	.056	•342		•537	.010	.022	•201		•958	·1 <b>4</b> 3	·112	. 508		1.918	•023	·486	1.160		1.186	•103	•097	•473	
1884	1.008	•150	025	·324	•••••	1.381	·067	.177	•490		.949	•049	·040	-257		.716	.041	.052	·236		•445	.013	.008	•149		.715	•125	.039	•347		1.828	•299	-537	· <b>8</b> 61	·	1.074	·104	· 082	•365	
Average	1:071	·140	.024	·351		1.168	•085	•134	•450		•935	.044	.041	•408		•714	653	.014	•318		•634	.0.27	.021	•266		•695	.084	.061	•653		1.639	•211	•353	.988		1.050	·104	•065	•391	

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August, 1834.

#### APPENDIX C.

STATEMENT showing the number of Illicit Stills seized during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884, with Names of Owners, Schedule Value, &c.

Seizure, No.	Date	e.	Division.	Owners.	Sched Valu		Remarks.
	1884	4.		,	\$	cts.	
24	Var.	17	Hamilton	M. T. Evans	230	00	Fine of \$100 and 1 month's imprison- ment.
79	Apr.	1	Stratford	John Carter	44	. 00	Fine of \$250 imposed by magistrates. Conviction afterwards quashed by Judge Rose on ground that magis- trates exceeded their jurisdiction.
. 8	Jan.	26	Winnipeg	Robert Keys	170	00	Fine of \$100 and 1 month's imprison- ment, and to pay double license fees, \$500.

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE. DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

## APPENDIX D.

STATEMENT showing Inspection Districts constituted, and Names of Board of Examiners Appointed, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

District.	Territory comprising District.	Articlė.	Names of Board of Examiners.	Post Office Address.
Ottawa	County of Ottawa, includ- ing Oity of Hull.	Leather and Raw Hides.	E. B. Eddy E. D. D'Orsonens E. Leduc	
York, N.B	County of York	do	Chas. E. Graham W. F. Scott A. E. Edgecombe C. L. Estabrooke Wm. Lemont Benj. Close	do Fredericton. do do
Windsor	Township of Windsor	do	Samuel Dayton J. B. Godfrey S. F. Archibald J. W. Smith A. P. Shand James E. Graham	do Windsor. do

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 15th August, 1884.
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List of Inspectors and Deputy Inspectors of Staple Articles of Canadian Commerce who are empowered to act under the Inspection Act of 1874, 37 Vic., cap. 45, and amending Acts made up to the 30th June, 1884; also showing the District for which they are appointed, and the Territory comprised in each District.

District.	Territory Comprising District.	Date of Order in Council.	Article.	Name.	Office.	Residence.
Ontario.						
Bruce and Greydodo	Countles of Brant and Haldimand  do Bruce and Grey  do do do	do do do	Fish and Fish Oils	Wm. G. Culbard Neil McAuley John Campbell Geo. S. Miller	do Dep. Inspector	Southampton.
Carleton and Russell Essex, Kent & Lambton. do Frontenac, Leeds and Addington	do Carleton and Russell County of Essex, Kent and Lambton do do  do Frontense, Leeds & Addington	do		Richard Linton Jos. W. Barringer	Inspector Dep. Inspector	Chatham. Windsor.
Grenville, Dundas and Stormont	do Grenville, Dundas & Stormont Counties of Glengarı y and Prescott City of Hamilton	do do Aug. 29,1873	Leather and Raw Hides	James Brown	Inspector	
Lennox & Prince Edward Lincoln and Welland		Sept. 27,1873 do do	Beef and Pork  Leather and Raw Hides		do Inspector	Dalhousie. St. Catharines.
Middlesex and Elgin Northumberlandand Has- tings Ontario and Durham	do Northumberland & Hastings do Ontario and Durham	do	Leather and Raw Hides Flour, Meal, Wheat and	John Hodge Wm. Bletcher	Inspectordo	Belleville. Pert Hope.
Perth and Huron Peterborough & Victoria.	Oity of Ottawa Oouuties of Perth and Hurondo Peterborough and Victoria.	Aug. 29, 1873 Sept. 27, 1873	Leather and Raw Hides		Inspector	Ottawa.
do	City of Toronto and Counties of York and Peel	Apr. 26, 1875 do do	Wheat and other Grain Leather and Raw Hides	Wm. Greey Joseph Harris	Inspectordo	Toronto  do  do

Simcoe and Algoma Wellington and Waterloo Wentworth and Halton	Counties of Simcoe and Algoma  do Wellington and Waterloo  do Wentworth and Halton	[ QU]	Fish and Fish Oils		do	Collingwood.
Quebec.						
Drummond & Arthabaska	do Drummond and Arthabaska	Sept. 13, 1873		******		
Gaspé and Bonaventure .	do Gaspé, Bonaventure and Magdalen Islands	0-4 10 1077				
36 4 (3	Magdalen Islands City of Montreal	Ang 20 1873	Flour and Meal	Louis A. Bover	Inspector	Montreal.
Montreal	do		(16)	4. U. GINEISS	Dob. Inshaces	do
do	do	do	Wheat and other Grain	Thos. Bickerstaff	Inspector	do
	do	l dol	Beef and Pork	James Doheney	do	đo
do	do	l dol	Ashes	Dvde & Maior	do	<b>d</b> o
do	do	l do	Fish and Fish ()ils	L. B. MOTIO	( ao	go
do	do	do	Leather and Raw Hides	Thos. Hawkins	00	do
do	do	do	do	Antoine Masson	neb. Insbector	do
do	do	do		D. Sykes		do
Ottawa. County of	County of Ottawa, including City of Hull				T	Quebec.
Duebec	City of Quebec	Aug. 29, 1873	Flour and Meal	Benj Kousseau	Inspector	do
do	do	1 (0	do	Philieas Rousseau	Then seton	do
do	do		Beef and Pork	David Noian	inspector	u u
do	Oity of Quebec, Counties of Quebec,		Į		Į.	[
*	Montmorency, Charlevoise, Sague	1	Ī	i	Į.	İ
	nay and Chicoutimi, for the purpose	4 00 1070	Birl and Bigh Oile	Wilsim Granian	do	do
	of inspection of Fish and Fish Oils		do	Louis Coté	Den Inspector	do
do	do do	ا ہد ا	do	E. Grenier	do	do
<u>do</u>	do do		- <del>-</del> -	mm (1 .1 1 1 1		do
do	do do	3.	3.	J. Mathieu		do
go	do do			J. Roe		do
do	40	1 3	Leather and Raw Hides	Alderic Fortin		do
do	, <b>40</b>		do	Joseph Legare	Den. Inspector	do
do		do	Butter	Pierre Patoine	Inspector	do
_ do	do do	uo	D40001			į.
remiscousts and Kam-	Counties of Temiscousts & Kamouraska	Apr 1 1875			İ	į.
OUF88KH	Counties of Lemisconses of Framography	Apr. 1, 10.0				ŀ
New Brunswick.						ľ
Carloton	That portion of the County of St. John,	Ė				ł .
Calicing			<u>l</u>		1	l
	to the west of the river	Mar. 18, 1876	Fish and Fish Oils	S. L. Brittain	Inspector	Carleton.
Clongester	County of Gloncester	Oct. 12, 1875	00	Felde Dache.	1 <b>U</b> U	1 commentarions
			i do	P. I. Commean	Dep. Inspector	Petite Roche
	G	A 26 TOO				ŀ
Pastigoncha	County of Restigouche	May 23, 1882	Fish and Fish Oils	************		ľ
St John	That portion of the City and County of				Ì	Ì
Up. W Udi U	l Qi Taha luing to the east of the viver	<b>S</b> 1			l	Ì
	to constitue the Division of St. John	Mar. 18, 1876	Leather and Raw Hides		IInspector	1

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Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

A. 1885

LIST of Inspectors and Deputy Inspectors of Staple Articles of Canadian Commerce, &c.—Continued.

District.	Territory Comprising District.	Date of Order in Council.	Article.	Name.	Offi e.	Residence.
do York	That portion of the City and County of St John lying to the east of the river to constitute the Divison of St. John do do	Mar. 18, 1876 do	ao	Chas. Clarke George Murdock Israel Atherton	u	) uo
Annapolis	do	June 25, 1877 Oct. 16, 1873 do do do	do do	Israel Letteny Placide Crispo John J. Brow John Corbett James Kenny	do	Granville. Havre-aux- Bouches. do do do
Argyle  Barrington  Cape Breton  do  do  do  do	toils only	July 8, 1874 do do do do	Fish and Fish Oils do do do do	George Scott	Inspector Dep. Inspector do do do	Main-à-Dieu. North Sydney.
do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do	do	do do do do do do	do do do do do	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	do do do do do do	Little Lorraine. Main-à-Dieu. do Gabarouse. Mira Bay. Big Lorraine. Gabarouse. Main-à-Dieu.
dodo dododo	dodo do do	do do do do do	do do do do	Edward Jewell Timothy Kain R Kelly Edward Mullins Malcolm Munro Donald McKinnon	do do do do	Big Lorraine. Little Lorraine. Louisburg. Mira Bay. Louisburg. Cow Bay.

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do										Wm. W. Peters		
do						do		do		Patrick Phelan	do	. Big Glace Bay.
do								đo		Richard Shaw	do .	. Main-à Dieu.
do								do	1		do .	. Scatarie.
	1		••••					do				. Louisburg.
	å							do		John Townsend	do .	٠ مها
do				do		do		do		John Tuttey	do .	. Big Loraine.
do			-	7.7				do		John Verner	do .	Main-à-Dieu.
Colchester				77 -	***************************************			do		Thomas Wadden	do .	Mira Bay.
Colchester								do		John Whitman	do .	. Main-à Dieu.
do Gounty of Colchester											do .	. North Sydney.
do											Inspector	
do												
do			***************************************								1 • • •	M-11- 37:11*
County of Guysborough									I			Lower Economy
Guysborough			•••••									1 4
do   do   do   do   do   do   David Andreas   Dep. Inspector.   Millord   do   do   do   Dohn Cross.   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Cross.   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Andreas   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Andreas   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Andreas   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Andreas   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Andreas   do   Port Becker   do   do   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andreas   do   David Andrea												(A
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List of	Inspectors and I	Deputy Inspectors of	Staple A	Articles o	of Canadian	Commerce,	&c.—Continued.

_		District.	Territ	ory Compri	sing Distric	t.	Date Orde in Counc	r	Article	•	Name.	Office.	Residence.
	Nov	a Scotia—Con.					,						
xxxviii	Alifax do do do do do do do do do do do do do d		City and Codo do do do do do do do do do do do do	d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	0		Oct. 16, do do do do do do do do do do do do do		Fish and Fish do do do do do do do do do do do do do		Isaac Croucher Archibald Darrah Peter Dauphiné Peter Dougherty Thomas Doyle James Fader Jeremiah Fillis Jas. Flaherty R. J. Fleming James Fortune James Fortune	do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do	French Village. Ferguson's Oove. Ship Harbor. Upper Prospect. do Egg Island. Tangier. Upper Prospect. do Blind Bay. do Jeddore. Dover. Boutillier's Cove. French Village. Herring Cove. Hubbard's Cove. Upper Prospect. Halifax. West Dover. Chezzetcook. Ketch Harbor. do do Halifax.
	do do do do do do		do do do do do do do	0 d d d d d d	0 0 0 0 0		do do do do do do do	•••	do do do do do do do	••••	Charles Fulker	do do do	Devil's Island. Dover. do Seaforth L.Ward Peggy's Cove. Sambro. Seaforth. Halifax. Herring Cove.

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đơ	***************************************	đơ	đo		do		ďŏ	******	Jas. Hearns	đó		Upper Prospect
do		do	do		do		do		John A. Hearn	do		do d
ďσ	***************************************	do	do		do	•••	do		James Henley	do		Spry Bay.
ďő		do	do		do		do		George Hertling	do		Bay of Islands.
do	*****	do	do		do		do		Charles Holland	do		Duncan's Cove.
do		do	do		do		do		Ephraim Hubley	eb		Black Point.
do		do	do		do		do		Fred Hubley	do		Indian Harbor.
do		go	do		do		do		Isaac Hubley	do		French Village.
do		do	do		do		do		James Hubley	do		Black Point.
do	•••••	do	do		go	•••	do		D. A. Johnson	do		Bear Cove.
do	******	do	do		do	••••	do		Peter Jollimore	do		Turn's Bay.
	***************************************	do	do		do	•••)	do		John Julian.	go go		Chezzetcook.
do	***************************************	=-	do	••••••	do	•••	do		Maurice Kavanagh	do		Halifax.
do	********	do	do	*************		***	do		Geo. Lapierre	do		Chezzetcook.
ďο	***************************************	do	=-	•••••	do	•••	do			2 -	- 1	do
ďο	***************************************	ďο	do	••••••	do	•••			John Lapierre	do	••••	Spry Bay.
ďο	***************************************	do	do	•••••	do	•	do	•••••	George Leslie	do		Ketch Harbor.
ďο	***************************************	ďο	do		do	••••	do		Simon Mackay	do		
ĝο	***************************************	ďο	do		do	•••	do		George Maryatt	do	•••	Pennant.
ďο		do	ďo	*************	ďο	[	ďο	******	Francis Mason	do		Inkerman House.
₫o	••••••	ďο	ĝο	***************************************	ďο	•••	ďο	*****	Michael Mihan	go	1	Upper Prospect.
do	••••••	do	ďο	******	ďο	•••	do	*****	Isaac Melvin	ďο	•••	Halifax.
do	***************************************	do	do	*********	ďο	•••]	do	•••••	Joseph D. Merlin	do		Upper Prospect.
ďο		ďο	фo		ďο	•••	do	*****	Peter Mitchell	do		Ship Harbor.
do		do	do	•••••	фo	•••	фo	*****	John Mongovan	do		Lawrence Town.
do		do	фo		do	••••	фo	•••••	Wm. Monk	фo		Ship Harbor.
do	******	do	đo	********	do	•••	do		G. E. Morash	фo		South E. Passage
do		do	đo		do	•••	do		Jas. Morash	фo	•••	West Dover.
do		do	do		do	•••	do		Joseph Mulcahy	do	••••	Halifax.
do		do	do		do	•••	do		Thomas Mulcahy	do	•••	_do _
do		do	do		do	•••	do		Jas Mullins	фo		Upper Prospect.
do	*********	do	do		ďо		do	•••••	Charles McLean	do		Hubbard's Cove.
do		ďо	do		do		do		Wm. McLelan	do		Ferguson's Cove
do	•••••	дo	do		фo		do		Thomas Noonan	do		Upper Prospect.
do		do	do		do		do	*****	Martin O'Neil	do		Portuguese Cove
do		do	do		do	1	do		Mark Power	do		Herring Cove.
do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do	do		do		do		James Publicover	do		Ecum Secum.
do	******	do	do		do		do .		Henry Quan	do		Portuguese Cove
do		do	do		do		do		David Redmond	do		Shad Bay.
do		do	do		do	•••	do		Michael Rice	do		Lower Prospect.
do		ďο	do		do		do		Wm. Roast	do		Chezzetcook.
do		do	do		do		do		James Rodgers	do		Sambro.
do		do	do		do		do		Dennis Rvan	do		Lower Prospect
do		go	do		do		do		Wm. H. Rvan	do		do
do	***************************************	go	go		go .		do		H. A. Shaiford	do		Hubbard's Cove.
do	***************************************	do	do		do		do		John E. Shatford	do		do
	••••••	do	go		ďο	***	do		Nath. Smith	do do	***	Halifax.
do	******		do do	•••••	qo		do		Amos Slauenwhite	do		Musquodoboit.
do		do	do	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	do	•••[	do		Jas. F. Slauenwhite.	do		Turn's Bay.
do		do				•••	7.		Jas. W. Slauenwhite	do		do
do		do	do		do	••••]	do	*****	Jas. W. Diauen Willice!	uo	••••	uo '

List of Inspectors and Deputy Inspectors of Staple Articles of Canadian Commerce, &c.—Concluded.

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	District.	Territory Cor	mprising District.	Date Ord in Coun	er .	Article	ð. 	Name.	Office.	Residence.
Not	va Scotia—Con.				,					
Halifa	<b>K</b>	City and County o	of Hal fax	10-4 10	1000	772-1			!	
ďρ		do	/ USI ISA	. JUCT. 16,	1913	Fish and Fish	Oils	John P. Slawenwhite		Turn's Bay.
go	***************************************	do	do		•••	₫o ·		J. W. Smeltzer		French Village.
do		do	do		•••	đo		David Thompson		Halifax
do	****** ******* *******		do		•••	ďо		James Troop	do	Dover.
	******************************	**********		.	•••••	ďo		A. B. Skinner	do	Port Hastings.
Invern		***************************************		. [		đo		Jeremiah Twohig		Pennant.
do	****** ***** ***** *****				••••••	đo		John Langley	Den. Inspector	Pt. Hawkesbur
go	*********************					do		Thomas Murphy		Port Hood.
ďo			•••••••••••••			do		Donald McDonald		C'l Mines, Mabo
do	***************************************	***************************************	**** **********************************			, qo		Donald McKinnon		Pt. Hawkesbur
do		****** ***** ******** *****		.†		do		John McNeil		Morgan Harbor
· do	*****************************		****** ***** ***** *****			đo		Hugh McPherson		Broad Cove.
sle Ma	dame	That portion of t	he County of Rich		******	Q0	•••••	rafin met netson	ao	broad Cove.
	•	mond lying to	the south of Lennor	:	!		1		1	
	i	Channel	BORTH OF TIGHTO	11/2 20	1004	•		: CD - 1701 - 1704 - 1704		
do		do	2.		1003	фo	•••••	E. E. Binet	Inspector	
do		do	do		••••	do		Wm. Britt		do
do		do	ďo "		••••	фo		Chas. Doyle		Rocky Bay.
do	***** **********		do		••••	фo		David M. Grutchy	do	West Arichat.
		do	. do	. do	••••	do		W. J. Levesconte		D'Escousse.
. E	nr R n	County of Lunenb	urgh	. do		do		George Anderson	Inspector	Lunenburg.
do		do	***************************************	. do	•••	do		Daniel Baker	Dep. Inspector	Big Tancook Isl
do		do	****************	ďo	•••	do		Ezekiel Boutillier		Blandford.
ďο		do	*****************	ďò		ďo		James A. Boutillier .	do	Aspotogan.
ĝο		do	***************************************	ďo		do		Peter Boutillier		8. W. Cove.
do		do	****** **** ****	đo		do		Reuben Bushen		W. Dublin.
do		do		do		do		Joseph Cleveland		Coleman's Cov
do	***************************************	do	***************************************	ďò		do		George Coolin		Fox Point.
do		do		do		do do		Joseph Coolin	4.	
do	***************************************	do		do	***					do
do		do	***************************************	do	•••	đo		George Eisenhauer		Cherry Hill.
do		do	***************************************		•••	do		William Fleet		Blandford.
do		do	******************************	do	•••	ďο		Blkanish Heckman.		Petite Rivière.
do			******	do	••••	∙go		James Hiltz		Martin's Point.
do		do	*******************	do	•••	фo		Martin Larkins	do	
do	***************************************	ďο	***************************************	do	•••	фo		Joshua Mason	do	Tancook.
		do	****** ***** **** ***	do	•••	do		David Moland	do1	Lunenburg.
do	**************************	do		do		фo		David Morash		B. Chester.

	•								•			
	đo		l do		do		do		Joseph Pearl	l do	1	Tancook.
	do	***************************************	do	*******************************	do		do		J. W. Pearl	do		do
	do	**********	do		do		do		David Publicover	do		Blandford.
	do	***************************************	go		do		do		Casper Schwartz	do		Lunenburg.
	do		do	******	do		do		William Sperry	do		West Dublin.
	do		do	******	da		do		Edward Strum	do		Mahone Bay.
	do		do	***************************************	do		do		Enos Teal	do		Broad Cove.
	do	***************************************	do		do		do		John Teal	do		do
	ďò		đo		đơ		do		Wm. Thomas	do	•••	Tancook.
	do	*************	do	***************************************	do		do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Gerge Verge	do		Lunenburg.
	de	*********	do		do		do		George Young	do		Mill Cove.
	do	***************************************	go	*****	do		do		John Zine	do		Blandford.
Dia				tou						Inspector		Pictou.
			do		do		do	******	Charles Wilson	do	********	do
		*** ***** ***** ******					Leather				********	
Dia.	OBIL S		County of Que	sen's	red. Zi	p, 1991	mides	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Coun Cambour	do	********	Liverpool.
Ric	шио	1 <b>q</b>		hmond, exclusive of terri-							)	
				part as the District of Isle	A		A	011-	Manadan T Pamananh			DA DALA-JA O D
	٠.								Maurice J. Kavanagh			St. Peter's, C.B.
	ďο	****** ***** *******	do	do	de			*****	Thos. Brymer		ctor	
	ďο	************************	do	₫o∣	do				George Burke	do	••••	do
	ďο	***************************************	do	do	do				E. Malcolm	do		Cariboo Cove.
	ďο	****** ***** *******	ďο	do	do	• •••	do	•••••	Fred. Mauborquet	do		Upper L'Ardoise.
	ďο	***************************************	do	do	do		do	•••••	Colin McDonald	do		Forchu.
M	ĝο	******************************	do -	do	, do		do		John McDonald	do		St. Peter's.
X.	do	***************************************	do	do	do		do		Alex. McKay	do		Grand River.
	ďο	••••••	do	do	do		do		Angus Matheson	do		St. Esprit.
	фo	•••••••	do	do	do		do	*****	Alex. Murchison	do		Grand River.
	_do		do	do	do		do	*****	John Walker	do	••••	Riv. Inhabitant.
Spe	elbur	1 <b>0</b>	Township of E	Shelburne	Apr. 2	0, 1876	do					
Vic	ctoria		County of Vic	otoria	Oct. 10	B, 1873	do	*****	J. A. Matheson ,	Inspector.	· ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	_			·		٠,						nish.
	do		do	******** * ****** ******	do		do		George Fader	Dep. Inspe		
	φo		do	********* ******* ******	đơ		do		John McNeil	do		Ingonish.
	do		do	*******	đạ	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do	•••••	Hugh McQueen	do	•••	North Shore.
•	do		do	********* **********************	de	·	do	*****	isaac Roper	do	•••	Ingonish.
Ya	rmou	th	County of Ya	rmouth		••• •••••	do		Robert Brown			Yarmouth.
	do	*******************************	do	***************************************		•••••	do		Jesse Churchill	Dep. Inspe		
	do	**********	do	****** ***** ******* ******	******	******	do		Cæsar Doucette	do		Tusket Wedge.
	do	*******************	do)	***************************************			do	•••••	Wm. T. Lent	do		Tusket.
	do	** ******* ******	do	•• •• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••••	do		S. L. Oliver	do	•	Pubnico.
	do	*******************	do		,,,,,,,,,,		do		George Sollas	do	•••	Maitland.
Wi	ndso	·····	Township of \	Windsor, County of Hants	Apr. 3	3. 1884			•	. <b></b>		
		Edward Island.										
			1	[						l	- (	
Ch	arlot	te town	Province of P.	rince Edward Island	June 2	2,1880	Leather and Re	w Hides	Nathan Davies	Inspector.		Charlottetown.
		·					•			· -	- 1	

INTAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

E. MIALL.

## APPENDIX

STATEMENT showing Quantities of certain Staple Articles of Canadian Commerce,
June, 1884, and the Fees accrued thereon as returned to

## FLOUR.

District.	Sup. Extra.	Extra Superfine.	Fancy Superfine.	Spring Extra.			
Distille	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	⅓ Brls.		
Quebec	4,909 125,185 1,561	8,140 32,580 819	756 4,744 100	17,543 27,134 1,700	250		
	131,655	41,539	5,600	46,377	250		

## WHEAT AND

		. Wheat.										
District.			Win	ter.		Spring.				Corn.		
	No. 1. W.	No. 2. W.	No. 1. R.	No. 2. R.	No. 3.	Re- jected	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	Re- jected	No. 2.	Re- jected
Montreal				49200			C'ntls	15000			236900	C'ntls
Toronto Ontario & Durham	1080	62118 1170		2400	240	9720	30760 5000	132679 25260	40680 600			240
	1080	63288	58680	51600	240	9720	35760	17 <b>29</b> 39	41280	23400	236900	240

## BEEF AND

District.	М	ess.	Prime Mess.	Reje	cted.	Mess.		
	Brls.	Tierces.	Brls.	Brls.	Tierces.	Bris.	1 Tierces.	
Quebec	83	16	32	29	10	<b>2</b> ,249 1,410	81	
	83	16	32	29	10	3,659	81	

#### ASHES.

District.		Pot.
District.	First Sort.	Second Sort.
Montreal	Barrels. 6, 262	Barrels. 823

£.

Inspected under provisions of 37 Vic., Cap. 45, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th Department of Inland Revenue by the respective Inspectors.

Superfine.	Fine.	Fine Middlings.	Pollards.	Strong Bakers.	Sour.	Rejected.	Fees
Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Accrued.
16,287 17,420 185	12,913 10,782 355	6,334 3,908 114	271 2,209 61	548 3,347 886	7,680	1,332 5,077 3	\$ cts. 1,693 85 4,800 64 120 05
33,892	24,(50	10,356	2,541	4,781	7,680	6,412	6,614 54

#### OTHER GRAIN.

	Oats.		Ry	7 <b>e.</b>		Peas.			В	arley.		Fees Accrued.
No. 1.	No. 2.	Re- jected	No. 2.	Re- jected	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	Re- jected.	_
C'ntls 1200			38801			80040	21120		263720	C'ntls. 314280 26848		\$ cts. 572 42 2,048 13 249 25
1200	2640	1200	45441	1920	480	87540	21120	246157	349903	340128	18720	2,869 80

#### PORK.

	Pe	ork.				
Prime Mess.	Thin Mess.	Prime.	Extra Prime.	Cargo.	Rejected.	Fees Accrued.
Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	÷
55	96	25 16	131	2	264 41	\$ cts. 717 00 708 95
104	96	41	131	2	305	1,425 95

		Pearl.		Fees <b>A</b> ccrued.
Third Sort.	First Sort.	Second Sort.	Third Sort.	roes accided.
Barrels.	Barrels.	Barrels.	Barrels.	\$ cts. 4,989 03

# STATEMENT showing Quantities of certain Staple

FISH-

District.	Salmon.						Lake Frout. Mack		cerel. He		erring.		
	Tierces.	4 Tierces.	Bris.	H Bris.	Brls.	4 Brls.	Brls.	4 Bris.	Bris.	4 Brls.	Brls.	½ Brls.	Boxes.
Quebec	3	55	16 23 1 37	1	115	100		74 2,931 1,777	1,878 5,555 2,393 2,406 3,954 946 6,867	5 104 34 14 265 13 247	1,650 9,964 2,058 460 7,889	434 6,876 10 632 940 39	81 23

FISH

		Wh	ale C	il.							Se	al Oil.					
District.	No. 1.		o. 2 aw.		). 3 WD.	No	o. 1 Str Pale	eaky	No	o. 2 1	Pale.	No. Stra			. 4 wn.		. 5 rk wn.
	Tierces.	Tierces.	Bris.	Tierces.	Bris.	Pun.	Tierces.	Brls.	Pun.	Tierces.	Brls.	Tierces.	Bris.	Tierces.	Brls.	Tierces.	Brls.
Quebec	2 70 2 40	7	2	6		50	1,752	50	  1	186 76 366	1	1,300	155 84 4			1	3
Total	114	84	3	17	12	50	1,752	50	1	628	49	1,437	243	202	14	103	- 5

## Articles of Canadian Produce Inspected, &c .- Continued.

[Smok	ed He	erring.	New- foundland Herring.		ereaux nd rives.	Sh	ad.	н	ake.	Cod F	'ish.	White fish.	Othe	r Fish.	77	
Boxes.	Boxes.	Boxes.	Brls.	Brls.	½ Bris.	Brls.	½ Brls.	Brls.	h Brls.	Brls.	h Brls.	h Brls.	Brls.	½ Brls.	Fees Accrue	
								_							\$ 0	-ta
2,980				l	! !			١		13,289	186		682	483	1,469	
	182							ì		611	3	102		3	1,444	
16	39	16,192					<b> </b>			2,729	ł		119		3,928	
********						56	71						10		1,248	
850																00
*******			271					•••		380					475	
••••	l. <b></b>			122	1				. <b></b> .	529	51		91	1	299	
********				38	8						l				354	
	<b></b> .			52	1			١		İ	<b></b> .		i		752	
*******				155				•••				•••••				
******			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·				•••			<b></b>		]. <b></b>		125	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						635	95	•••							70	15
••••		·•··•		1,712						250					1,173	77
•						. <b></b> .		٠		. <b></b>		127			440	
•••••				•••••	******	······			7		<b></b>	462	2	17	212	82
								<b> </b>								
3,846	221		26,192	2,079	10	691	166	1	7	17,838	240	691	907	504	12,552	16

## OILS.

P	orpoise (	)il.	0.	od Oi	1.			rri Oil		Hake Oil.	Do	gfish	C	il.	Oth	er Fi	sh O	1.	
No. 1 Pale.	No. 2 Straw.	No. 3 Brown	A.		E	3. —	Α.		В.	A.		A.	E	3.	A	١.	В.		Fees Accrued.
Tierces.	Tierces.	Tierces.	Tierces.	Brls.	Tierces.	Brls.	Tierces.	Brls	Tierces.	Tierces.	Tierces.	Brls.	Tierces.	Brls.	Tierces	Bris.	Tierces.	Bris.	
2	12 4	1	1,376 1,673 2,193 83 1,616 381	128 <b>24</b> 1	3 28  16	3 9 		14		10 19			1	2	53 70		239		\$ cts. 718 20 879 10 599 05 1 66 330 40 79 20 118 65
2	16	2	7,337	910	55	17	23	17	4	29	8	1	1	2	123	159	239	3	2,726 26

## LEATHER AND RAW HIDES.

District	]	Leather.		]	Hides.		Ca	lf Skins	3.	
District.	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	Fees.
Quebec	99,990	139,294	39,858	43,168 18,444 5,780 6,051 8,079 9,518 7,988 1,973 4,915 830 2,703 5,895 6,329 4,249	16,435 20,195 5,345 1,171 489 3,593 1,190 1,576 308 1,617 235 2,298 450 1,577	89 419 39 72 3 3 302 26 202	858 10,032 5,327 1,111  111 623 99 558 2,201 5,102	300 3,966 2,536 2,536 21 267 9 41 578	89 42 8 32 146	\$ cts. 2,539 30 8,783 30 4,076 65 1,469 67 407 30 355 16622 20 614 90 499 10 120 39 315 47 50 40 174 00 562 70 315 95
	<b>229,58</b> 0	156,854	43,813	174,623	62,081	15,262	26,042	7,718	317	21,462 23

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

FINANCIAL RETURNS, 1883-84.

Memo. of Refunds deducted below.	Amounts deposited to the Credit of the Receiver- General.	Authorized Abatements.	Balances due 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Service.	Revenue of Previous Years not collected 1st July, 1883.	Revenue a c c r u e d , 1883-84.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets:	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.
41,316 02 8,958 80 71 24	5,501,908 50 355,013 59 100,538 59		87,502 92 4,290 92 65 813 02	359,304 51 166,351 61	Excise and Seizures per Statement No. 3 Canals, per Statement No. 5 Slides and Booms, per Statement No. 7	2,861 67 55,851 23	5,545,391 43 356,4 2 84 110,500 38	5,589,411 42 359,304 51 166,351 61
200 00	24,178 61	12 00	136,123 45	-	Hydraulic and other Rents, per Statements Nos. 5 and 8	131,037 20	29,276 86	160,314 06
••••••	18,881 08		17,858 93		Minor Public Works, per Statements Nos. 5 and 9	16,611 38 40,489 78	20,128 63 43,609 02	36,740 01 84,098 80
50 00	37,062 71 38,604 95		47.0°6 09 3,261 45	41,866 40	Weights and Measures, Gas and Law Stamps, per Statements Nos. 18, 19	,	20,000 02	02,000
	•••••		45 04	45 04	(A), 19 (B) and 20	5,465 51	36,400 89	41,866 40 45 04
				e 420 121 9K	Less.		6,141,750 05	6,438,131 85
50,626 06	6,076,188 03 50,626 06		1 .	6,438,131 85 50,626 06	Refunds, as per Statement No. 16		50,626 06	50,626 06
	6,025,561 97	12 00	361,931 82	6,387,505 79	Totals	296,381 80	6,091,123 99	6,387,505 79

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

	due to Col-	Exi	PENDITURE DEPAR	A uthorized	BY	due by Col-	Total	Service.	Amounts due by Collectors, &c, 1st July, 1883.	is disbursed the Receiver- alon requisi- t the Depart-	mounts deducted from Salaries for Superannuation.	ts due to Col- rs, 30th June,	Total
	Ameunts due to lectors, 1st 1883.	Salaries.	Con- tingencies	Seizures.	Cullers' Fees.	Amounts clectors,			Amount lectors, 1883.	Amounts by the General tion of t	Amounts from Sa Superar	Amounts lectors, 1884	
١	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	<b>5</b> 0 08	221,124 68 30,251 38	79,515 12 5.384 13	565 88		501 <b>4</b> 8 0 <b>0</b> 1	35,635 52	Excise and Seizures, per Statement No. 4	873 31	296,702 29 35,078 41	4,13 <b>2</b> 53 557 08	49 08	301,757 24 35,635 52
	•••••	17,470 64	2,709 85	<b></b>			1,	Slides and Booms, per Statement		19,851 49	329 0		20,180 49
		14,098 36	11,318 68		1 '		1	Culling Timber, per Statement	1 75 00	54,587 34	262 85		54,925 19
	•••••		******	,	. <b></b>		1	Seizures distributed, per Appen-	1	2,583 75			2,583 75
$^{\sim}$		800 00	·		•••••	l		Sundry Minor Expenditures, per Statement No. 112	50 00	17,164 56	16 04		17,230 60
١		40,968 34	, i			418 01	'	Departmental Expenditure, per Statement No 17	116 66	49,218 31	653 31		49,988 28
I	·	45,035 46	16,401 2		••••	878 <b>2</b> 6		Weights and Measures, per Statements Nos. 21 (A) and 21 (B).	299 16	61,231 16	813 78		62,344 10
		10,210.20	9,302 22			1,469 51	` '	Gas Inspection, per Statement	1 12 89	20,826 15	142 89		20,931 93
			599 90			······································	599 90	Refund of Superannuation de- duction, to Ex-Deputy Inspec- tors of Weights and Measures.		599 90			599 90
	50 08	379,959 06	150,263 63	3,178 81	29,433 15	3,342 27	566,227 00	Totals	1,427 05	557,813 39	6,907 48	49 08	566,227 00

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August 1884.

EXCISE,

No. 3.—Collection Divisions

DR.

(For details, see

Balances due 1st July, 1883.	Spirits.	Amounts	Accrued Dur	RING THE YEA	R, INCLUDING	LICENSE	Fere	
1st July, 1883.	Spirits.				<del></del>		T BES.	
\$ cts.		Malt Liquor.	Malt.	Tobacco.	Petroleum Inspection Fees.	Bonded Manu- factures	Seizu res	Other Receipts
	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts		\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts
171 66	85,427 59	150 00	3,014 03	13,322 28	90 60			170 00
682 46	33,969 77	200 00	5,249 58	38,415 (0	90 <b>6</b> 0 187 70			110 6
605 13	10,591 49	150 00	5,249 58 7,482 34	178 80				40 0
7:1 77	11,049 57	750.00	00.000.00	165 84	42.10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		60 00
7/1 77 361 95	110,166 58 81,532 48	750 00 200 00	39,983 20 16,361 18	9,848 55 160,447 47	43 10 455 00	6 407 60	200 00	213 04 1,160 00
968 79	78,245 87	150 00	4,482 18	50,673 90	455 00 442 35 13,503 94	1.231 11	2 00	530 48
215 92	123,027 84	500 00	46,783 89	87,143 03	13,503 94 1,491 60		25 00	390 00
	136,745 95	150 00	2.402 62	29,396 40	1,491 60		5 40	130 00
51 60	9.849 61	150 00	2,069 83	177 30				50 U
921 15	42,707 78 29,301 49	100 00 100 00	751 95	2,229 24				120 00
5,404 13	97,740 00	200 00	4,970 84 26,487 56	1,773 60 14,257 86	462 75			120 00 180 00
447 69	20,026 14	160 00	7,359 17	7.919 25	403 10	••••••	411 25	100 00
448 34	32,577 09	350 00	4,371 64	5,475 58	389 99		211 40	240 00
8 415 42	607,177 72	1,208 48	112,758 29	176,593 74	2,957 80	12,38764	103 13	2,691 78
4,297 28	369,610 83	50 00	8,213 47	22,842 44	409 00	851 56	30 25	250 00
23,693 29	1,894,364 84	4,608 48	292,742 37	624,338 42	20,433 83	20,87791	865 03	6,635 9
			****					
	12,869 42	100 60		78 40				40 00
4 02	9,017 76			5,605 76			11 40	40 00
5,843 16	897,237 10	425 00	71,935 85	442,943 36	4,438 75	15,187 28	466 63	
236 27 1,970 69	298,462 15 53,266 42		5,221 35	96,070 45	572 10	3,381 02		370 00
137 70	17,205 55		6,269 47	3 085 72			2 91	20 00 40 00
32 75	35,309 32	50 00	155 25	1.689 40			8 00	60 00
		50 00	1,062 38	7 36				
679 84	38,579 82			4,274 88			50 50	80 0
8,904 43	1,361,947 54		<b>84,644</b> 30		5,010 85	18,568 30	544 74	2,234 00
		••••		1,214 76				
1,335 47	75,188 65	250 00	9,945 51	83,631 96			515 98	600 6
163 48				8,316 96		•••••		20 00
5 860 50				4,911 18		••••••		40 00
7,359 45	75, 188 65	250 00	9,945 51	98,140 86			515 98	660 68
1,630 25	145,940 52	100 00	6,138 99	5,531 88 64,928 94		10 33	4 20	40 00 530 00
1,630 25	145,940 52	100 00				10 33		570 00
623 04	3,296 15	50 00						
1,494 71	103,299 86		687 45 10,009 33	16,991 82 41,464 29	217 80	•••••	202 00	90 00 350 00
314 82	26,458 71	375 00	8,888 07	21,751 29			51 00	180 00
2,432 57	133,054 72	775 00	19,584 85	80,210 40			253 00	620 00
44,019 99	3,610,496 27	6,558 48		1,436,304 31				
	<b>33,25</b> 3 <b>5</b> 1	2,632 92	2,708 51					100 00
	3,577,242 76			1,434,600 85				

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August 1884.

1883-84. in account with Revenue.

Appendix A.)

CR.

Appendix	A.)				CR.
Total Duties Accrued.	Total Debits.	Divisions.	Deposited to the Credit of the Receiver General.	Balances due 30th June, 1984.	Total Credits.
\$ cts.1 18,225 18 102,174 50 78,132 65 18,442 63 11,275 41 161,004 47 266,851 73 135,807 89 271,373 70 170,321 97 12,296 74 45,908 97 36,265 93 139,328 17 35,966 41	102,346 161 78,815 11 19,047 761 11,275 41 161,726 24 267,213 68 136,776 68 271,589 62 170,321 97 12,348 34 46,830 12 36,265 93 144,732 30 36,394 10	Algoma Belleville Brantford Cobourg Cornwall Guelph Hamilton Kingston London Ottawa Owen Sound Perth Peterborough Prescott St. Catharines	\$ cts.   18,225 18  100,580 17  78,661 81 18,524 37  11,275 41  159,919 97  265,736 32  136,679 18  270,321 42  170,321 97  12,348 34  46,290 06  36,240 25  138,013 86  36,381 20	1,806 27 1,477 36 97 50 1,268 20	\$ cts. 18,225 18 102,346 16 78,815 11 19,047 76 11,275 41 161,726 24 267,213 68 136,776 68 271,589 62 170,321 97 12,348 34 46,830 12 36,265 93 144,732 30 36,394 10
43,404 30 915,878 58 402,257 55 2,861,916 78	43,852 64 924,294 00 406,554 83 2,888,610 07	. Stratford	43,394 87 889,362 27 392,095 90	457 77 34,931 73 14,458 93 61,237 52	43,852 64 924,291 00 406,554 83
13,087 82 14,724 92 1,434,217 97 404,127 07 69,054 37 20,339 48 37,271 97 1,119 74 42,985 20	13,087 82 14,729 9 1,440,061 13 404,363 34 71,025 06 20,477 18 37,304 72	Beauharnois berviile Joliette Montreal Quebec Sherbrooke Sorel Terrebonne Three Rivers	13,087 82 14,406 14 1,429,089 88 403,605 30 70,631 76 20,251 88 37,112 42 1,119 74 43,109 35	225 30 192 30	71,025 06 20,477 18 37,304 72 1,119 74
2,036,928 54 1,214 76 170,132 78 8,336 96 5,017 18	1,214 76 171,468 25 8,500 44 5,017 18		2,032,414 29 1,214 76 169,941 82 8,500 44 5,017 18	1,526 43	1,214 76 171,468 25 8,500 44 5,017 18
184,701 68 5.576 08 217,648 78	5,576 08 219,279 03		5,355 52 218,086 25	220 56 1,192 78	5,576 08 219,279 03
223,224 86 21,992 22 155,923 28 57,704 07	22,615 26 157,417 99	New Brunswick  Prince Edward Island  Manit ba  British Columbia	223,411 77 22,526 22 156,461 38 58,018 09	89 04 956 61 0 80	22,615 26 157,417 99 58,018 89
235,619 57 5,545,391 43		Totals	237,005 69 5,501,908 50	·	
		Less Refunds, as per Statement 16			
	*************************************		l	 	<u> </u>

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

EXCISE,

# No. 4.—Collection Divisions

DR.

(For Details, see

Balances due by Collectors, 1st July, 1883.	Amounts re- ceived from Depart- ment to meet Ex- penditure.	Deductions from Salaries for Super- annuation.	Balances due to Collectors 30th June, 1884.	Total.		Balances due to Collectors 1st July, 1883.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.
43 98 0 40	730 01 4,562 89 6,397 06 2,033 03 643 30 14 406 35 14,434 82 6,683 54 14,750 53 4,039 13 1,920 40 2,661 24 1,473 99 7,612 37 5,760 50 5,160 57 24,037 75 12,391 45 8,779 19	13 04 76 38 111 80 37 96 13 04 254 72 257 18 112 89 254 97 72 67 32 56 48 00 12 00 135 90 93 71 94 57 430 20 227 53 135 00	49 08	743 05 4 683 25 6,509 26 2,070 99 656 34 14,661 07 14,692 00 6,796 43 15,605 50 4,111 87 1,952 96 2,709 24 1,485 99 7,748 21 5,854 21 5,255 14 24,467 95 12,668 06 8,917 19	Algoma Belleville Brantford Cobourg Cornwall Guelph Hamilton Kingston London Ottawa Owen Sound Perth Peterborough Prescott Stratford St. Catharines Toronto Windsor District Inspectors	49 08
44 38	138,478 12	2,417 12	49 08	140,988 70	Ontario	
3 96		5 64 11 28 19 77 552 37 178 34 23 08 6 32 13 96 6 88 27 00 6 00 48 00		505 00 956 45 2,537 44 31,432 51 10,323 62 1,606 44 1.100 81 999 34 602 01 1,616 66 300 00 5,951 52	Beauharnois  Iberville  Joliette  Montreal  Quebec  Sherbrooke  Sorel  St. Hyaciuthe  Terrebonne  Three Rivers  Magdalen Islands  District Inspectors	1 00
25 00	7,465 70 1 444 65 700 99 3,274 79	13 96 136 56 18 45 6 88 43 96 219 81		833 56 7,603 26 1,463 10 707 87 3,318 75	Cape Breton	
	1,314 35 7,123 80 2,394 18 10,832 33	135 84		1,334 31 7,259 64 2,430 18 11,021 13	Chatham	

1883-84.
in Account with Expenditure.

Appendix B.)

Cr.

	Expenditui	RE AUTHORI	ZED BY THE	: Department	r.	Balances due by	m-4-1
Salaries.	Seizure Expenses.	Special Assistance	Rent.	Travelling Expenses.	Sundries	Collectors, 30th June, 1884.	Total.
S cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· ·			φ σισ.	
650 00 3,881 84			50 00 75 00	200.05	43 05		743 05
5,684 96	 		151 81	329 25 225 53	353 18 446 96	43 98	4,683 25 6,509 26
1,900 00			85 00	24 00	61 99		2,070 99
650 00				1. /	6 34		656 34
13,148 11			7 50	791 68	713 78		14,661 07
13,115 46	45 56	480 00	279 99	325 93	445 07		14,692 00
5,979 94 12 970 56	1 00	25 00 193 43	150 00 149 90	79 70 206 90	560 79		6,796 43
3,757 45		42 00		54 84	1,483 71 257 51		15,005 50 4,111 80
1,639 00			46 30	214 80	61 86		1,952 96
2,400 00			140 00	46.85	122 39		2,709 24
1,299 96			60 00	21 15	104 88		1,485 99
7,093 76	10.77	50 00	172 00 204 03	12 26 693 55	420 25		7,749 27
4,734 11 4,729 15	18 77 12 00	180 00	204 03	196 55	203 75 137 44		5,854 21 5,255 14
22,737 67	8 43	170 00		879 00	672 85		24,467 95
11,934 83	32 56		90 00	67 45	494 14		12 668 06
6,900 00			58 32	1,659 32	299 55		8,917 19
125,197 80	119 32	1,140 43	1,719 85	5,828 75	6,889 49	43 98	140,000,70
	110 02	1,140 45			0,009 49	45 96	140,988 70
450 00			27 17	10 50	18 33		506 00
900 00			40 00	10 30	16 45		956 45
1,637 42	1 75		140 00	393 78	364 49		2,537 44
29,809 84	80 45			64 35	1,478 87		31,432 51
9,421 78	0 25			342 95	561 64	•••••	10,329 62
1,249 96	4 00		90 00 60 00	129 30	133 18 40 89	***************************************	1,606 44
999 92 700 00		58 33	100 00	61 39	79 71	•••••	1,100 81 999 34
550 00			24 00		28 01		602 01
1,350 00	•••••			157 05	109 61		1,616 66
300 00							300 00
<b>5,266</b> 63	•••			593 97	89 92		5,951 52
52,637 55	86 45	58 33	481 17	1,753 20	2,921 10		57,938 80
700.00			75 00		<b>50.50</b>		000 50
700 00 6,840 00	7 00		15 00 1	5 00 69 57	53 56 686 <b>6</b> 9	•••••	833 56 7,603 26
1,375 26	32 41			9 29	46 14		1,463 10
550 00			52 50		105 37		707 87
2,200 00		••••••		953 97	164 78		3,318 75
11,665 26	39 41		127 50	1,037 83	1,056 54		13,926 54
1,000 00	5 00	147 95	52 50	27 36	101 50		1,334 31
6,915 00				13 58	331 06		7,259 64
1,800 00				624 03	6 15		2,430 18
9,715 00	5 00	147 95	52 50	664 97	438 71		11,024 13

## EXCISE,

# No. 4.—Collection Divisions in account

DR.

(For Details, see

Balances due by Collectors, 1st July, 1883.	Amounts received from Department to meet Expenditure.	Super	Balances due to Collectors 30th June, 1884.	Total.		Balances due to Collectors 1st July, 1883.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.
150 00	2,322 29	34 60		2,506 89	Charlottetown, P.E.I.	
300 00	14,235 15	169 03		14,704 18	Manitoba	
	255 52	3 65		259 17	North-West Territories	
	6,109 57	101 88		6,211 45	British Columbia	
250 00	31,344 18	96 00		31,690 18 1,618 31	General Contingencies Legal Expenses	······
	1,618 31 11,052 22			11,052 22	Queen's Printer	
***************************************	2,870 00			2,870 00	Stationery Office	
100 00	2,684 80			2,784 80	Preventive Service	
	2,368 65			2,368 65	Commission to Customs	
	213 22	 		213 22	Officers	ļ.
	1,600 00			1,600 00	Duty Pay to Officers in charge of most important establishments	
873 34	296,702 29	4,132 53	49 08	301,757 24	Grand Totals	

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

1883-84—Concluded.

with Expenditure—Concluded.

Appendix B.)

CR.

I	Expenditur	E AUTHORIZ	ED BY THE	DEPARTMENT.		Balances due by	
Salaries	Seizure Expenses.	Special Assistance	Rent.	Travelling Expenses.	Sundries.	Collectors, 30th June, 1884.	Total
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1,984 96	11 45		75 00	52 90	282 58	• 100 00	2,506 89
9,764 94	253 25	549 00	50 00	312 55	3,491 91	282 50	14,704 18
259 17							259 17
5,100 00	51 00	320 00		200 00	465 45	75 00	6,211 45
4,800 00				2,703 41	24,186 77 1,618 31 11,052 22 2,870 00 2,784 80		31,690 18 1,618 31 11.052 22 2,870 00 2,784 80
********				•••••	2,368 65		2,368 65
••••••					213 22		213 22
*****					1,600 00		1,600 00
221,124 68	565 88	2,215 71	2,506 02	12,553 61	62,239 78	501 48	301,757 24

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

# CANALS,

No. 5.—Collection of Canal Tolls, &c.,

DR.

(For Details, see

DR.						(For L	Petails, see
Balances due 1st July, 1883.		CANAL R	EVENUE.	Total Canal Revenue accrued.	Hydraulic Rents and other Revenue from Public Works. Vide	Total.	
	Tolls.	Whartage and Storage.	Fines and Damages.	Other Receipts.		Statements 8 and 9.	
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
623 79 192 54 201 07	112.295 55 59,520 82 458 03 905 95 1,702 18					102 90 1,848 80 913 44	113,022 24 61,369 62 1,371 47 1,098 49 2,273 25
26 55 1,043 95	1,164 40 118 05 176,164 98		3,477 20			6,705 40	8,111 86 144 60 187,391 53
159 11 27 83 12 15 387 40 596 49	1,516 43 23,007 31 494 70 2,698 67 29,446 04 12,118 31 69,281 46	95 95 	37 00 606 00 	7 90 		1,411 00 555 00 484 00 13,132 00 15,582 00	3,068 28 24,327 42 1,006 53 4,141 24 56,376 29 12,505 71
289 64 38 56 328 20	7,764 b2 13,071 91 534 92 21,371 35	5 82	10 00			80 00	8,149 98 13,071 91 573 48 21,795 37
80 20 127 20 207 40	36,566 21 20,257 56 1,832 06 2,078 12 60,733 95		15 00 10 00 25 00	60 00		16 00	36,566 21 20,272 56 1,998 26 2,205 32 61,042 35
152 34	2,739 85 1,554 84 626 17 4,920 86	104 33 6 08 110 41		230 00 30 00 260 00		1,338 25 223 60 3 00 1,564 25	4,412 43 1,930 18 665 25 7,007 86
]						,	.,

# &c., 1883-84.

## in Account with Revenue.

Appen	dix	A.)

CR.

11ppenaix 11.)						
	DEPOSITED TO THE CREDIT OF THE RECEIVER-GENERAL.				Balances	
Collection Divisions.	Canal			On account of Hyd. Rents and Revenue from other P. Works.	1004.	Total.
		 \$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Welland Canal.		•		Ψ	ψ ειδ.	
Port Colborne Port Dalhousie Dunnville Port Maitland Port Robinson St. Catharines Chippawa	59 1	,098 ,893 l,641	39 68 49 46	115 92 1,848 80 913 44 370 00 3,470 26	2,223 08 282 43 37 35 9 79	113,022 24 61.369 62 1,371 47 1,098 49 2,273 25 8,111 86 144 60
Totals	178	3,120	46	6,718 42	2,552 65	187,391 53
St. Lowrence Canals.	İ					
Beauharnois. Cornwall. Lachine. Montreal. Kings:on Totals	43	1.622 3,487 444 4,131 3,244 1,984	74 22 02 29 29	1,411 00 555 00 484 0 <del>0</del> 13,132 00 15,582 00	34 89 284 68 78 31 10 22 521 42 929 52	3,68 28 24,327 42 1,006 53 4,141 24 56,376 29 12,505 71 101,425 47
Chambly Ganal.						
Chambly St. John's St. Ours	1:	7,835 3,071 503		80 00	234 18 0 01 70 16	8,149 98 13,071 91 573 48
Totals	21	1,411	02	80 00	304 35	21,795 37
Ottawa Canals.						
Ottawa Grenville Carillon St. Anne's Lock	20	6,566 0,272 1.943 <b>2</b> ,018	2 56 3 06	16 00		26,566 21 20,272 56 1,998 26 2,205 32
Totals	66	0,799	86	16 00	226 49	61,042 35
Rideau Canal.						
···· Ottawa		3,074 1,669 662		1,338 25 223 00 3 00	37 42	4,412 43 1,930 18 665 25
Totals		5,406	3 19	1,564 25	37 42	7,007 86

CANALS, &c.,

No. 5.—Collection of Canal Tolls, &c.,

DR.

(For Details,

Balances due 1st July, 1833.	Tolls.	CANAL RI	EVENUE.	Total Canal Revenue accrued.	Hydraulic Rents and other Revenue from Public Works. Vide Statements 8 and 9	Total.		
	Cons.	and Storage.	Damages.	Receipts.		8 and 9		
\$ cts.	S ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	S ets.	\$ cts.	
108 40	1,661 99			<u></u>		130 00	1,900 39	
16 55	201 18						217 73	
421 36	2,193 13						2,614 48	
100 00 150 00							100 00 150 00	
250 00							250 00	
3,124 69	336,528 89	7,642 23	4,323 20	7,948 52	356,442 84	24,077 65	383,645 18	
					8,958 80			
					347,484 C4			

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

1883-84—Concluded.

in Account with Revenue—Concluded. see Appendix A.)

CR.

,		THE CREDIT OF VER-GENERAL.	Balances due	Total.	
Collection Divisions.	On account of Canal Revenue.	On account of Hyd. Rents and Revenue from other P. Works.	30th June, 1884.		
	S cts	S cts.	S cts.	\$ cts.	
Burlington Bay Canal	1,665 26	130 00	105 13	1,900 39	
Newcastle District Works	204 73		13 00	217 73	
St. Peter's Canal	2,492 12		122 36	2,614 48	
Sundry.					
E. R. Benjamin			100 00 150 00	100 00 150 00	
Total			250 00	250 00	
Grand Totai	355,013 59	24,090 67	4,540 92	383,645 18	
Less Refunds per Statement 16					
Net Revenue					

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

CANALS,

No. 6.—Collectors of Canal Tolls, &c.,

DR.

(For Details, see

Collection Divisions.	Total.	Balances due to Collectors, &c., 30th June, 1884.	Deduction from Salaries for Superan- nuation.	nounts erived Depart- ent to Expen- iture.
Welland Canal.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Port Colborne Port Dalhousie Dunnville Port Maitland Port Robinson St. Catharines Chippawa	3,469 06 1,857 26 783 05 585 00 730 27 205 92 113 65		58 36 33 92 15 00 10 04 14 40 4 04	3,410 70 1,823 34 768 05 574 96 715 87 201 88 113 65
Totals	7,744 21		135 76	7,608 45
St. Lawrence Canals.				
Beauharnois Cornwall Montreal Lachine Cardinal Kingston	1,411 30 1,188 73 8,266 45 2,097 76 1,208 00 1,164 53		16 96 21 92 133 96 31 96 19 96 22 04	1,394 34 1,166 81 8,132 49 2,065 80 1,188 04 1,142 49
	10,000 11		240 00	10,069 91
Chambly Canal.  Chambly	1,525 00 1,294 87 620 70 3,440 57		26 28 21 00 12 00 59 28	1,498 72 1,273 87 608 70 3,381 29
Ottawa Canals.				
Grenville Carillon Ste. Anne's Lock	978 92 728 72 1,400 01		16 04 6 32 15 00	962 88 722 40 1,385 01
Totals	3,107 65		37 36	3,670 29
Rifeau CanalOttawaKingston Mills Smith's Falls	2,205 44 3e6 85 213 10		36 00 3 72 2 43	2,169 44 363 13 210 62
Totals	2,785 39		42 20	2,743 19
Burlington Bay Canal	630 00		3 72	626 28
Inspector of Canals	1,933 44 125 79 500 49 31 21		31 96	1,901 48 125 79 500 49 31 21
Grand Totals	35,635 52		557 08	35,078 44

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

1883-84. in account with Expenditure. Appendix B.

CR.

Ex	PENDITURE AUI	HORIZED BY	THE DEPARTMENT	r.	Balances due by Collectors,	Total.
Salaries.	Special Assistance.	Rent.	Travelling Expenses.	Sundries.	&c, 30th June, 1884.	A V 11-2.
\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
3,041 63	75 95	276 00		75 48		3.469 0
1,700 00			38 40	118 86		1,857 20
750 00				33 05		783 0
500 00		75 00		10 00		585 0
720 00 200 00		••••••		10 27 5 92		730 2 205 9
200 00	50 00	25 00		38 65		113 6
6,911 63	125 95	376 00	38 40	292 23		7,744 2
1,216 75				194 55		1,411 3
1,100 00				88 73		1,188 7
6,984 00	*****	<b>525</b> 00		757 45		8.266 4
1,600 00		360 60	29 70	108 06		2,097 7
1.150 00		50 00		8 00	******	1,208
1,100 00		25 00		39 53		1,164 8
13,150 75		960 00	29 70	1,19,6 32		15,336 7
1,500 00	 			24 99	0 01	1,525 (
1,200 00				91 87		1,294 8
600 00				20 70	•••••	620
3,300 00				140 56	0 01	3,440 8
800 00		50 00		128 92		978 9
500 00		200 00		28 72		728 7
1,389 00				11 01		1,400 (
2,689 00		250 00		168 65		3,107
3 000 00		210.00	10.00			
1,800 00 30 00		249 96	18 26 19 00	137 22 47 85		2,205
200 00			2 10	11 00		366 8 213
2,300 00		249 96	39 36	196 07		2,785
300 00	330 00					630 (
1,600 00			293 16	41 28		1,933
••••				125 79 500 49		125 ° 500 -
**** *** **** ****	1			31 21		31 :
30,251 38	455 95	1,835 96	399 62	2,692 60	0 01	35,635

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

CR.

## No. 7.—SLIDES AND BOOMS' REVENUE, 1883-84.

DR.

(For Details, see Appendix A.)

	Balances due 1st July, 1883.	Dues since Accrued.	Interest on Dues of former Years.	Total.		Amounts Deposited to the Credit of the Receiver General.	Balances due 30th June, 1884.	Total.
l	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	Ottawa.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
ı	37,918 56	82,123 60	2,163 94	122,206 10	Jno. Poupore, Ottawa	83,567 69	38,638 41	122,206 10
	5,209 56	12,683 39		17,892 95	H. J. Chaloner, Quebec, on account of Jno. Poupore	8,961 53	8,931 42	17,892 95
					St. Maurice.	,		
	4,596 36	13,511 36	18 09	18,125 81	A. Dubord :	8,009 37	10,116 44	18,125 81
91					Fenelon Fulls.			•
	2,276 21	·•••••		2,276 21	George Martin.	·····	2,276 21	2,276 21
	•	<u> </u>			Saguenay.			
	5,850 54			5,850 54	D. Boulanger		5,850 51	5,850 51
	55,851 23	108,318 35	2,182 03	166,351 61	Totals	100,538 59	65,813 02	166,351 61

\$110,500 38 Revenue accrued ...... 71 24 Less-Refunds per Statement 16.....

Net Revenue .... \$110,429 14

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1881.

Cr.

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

4-1	Amounts	Deductions from Salaries			А отн	·			
	Department to meet Expenditure.	for Superannua-	Total.		Salaries. Special Assistance.		Contingencies.	Total.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	Ottawa.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
ı	13,981 13	234 96	14,216 09	John Poupore, Ottawa	12,690 64.		1,525 45	14,216 09	
	4,620 41	91 56	4,7.1 97	H. J. Chaloner, Quebec	4,580 00		131 97	4,711 97	
17				Si. Maurice.					
ı	1,002 62	2 48	1,005 10	A. Dubord, Three Rivers	200 00	805 10		1,005 10	
	62 98	••••	62 98	Queen's Printer		********	62 98	62 98	
ı	184 35		184 35	Stationery Office	••••••		184 35	18 <b>4 35</b>	
	19,851 49	329 00	20,180 49	Totals	17,470 64	805 10	1,904 75	20,180 49	

# E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

OITAWA, 15th August, 1884.

#### HYDRAULIC AND OTHER RENTS.

#### No. 8.—Summary Statement of Lessees' Accounts.

DR.

(For Details, see Appendix C.)

 $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{R}}$ .

	Balances due 1st July, 1883.	Accrued during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Name of Work.	e of Work. Abatements authorized.		Paid into hands of Collectors, Vile Statement No. 5.  Paid to the credit of the Receiver General.		Total.
18	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
ı	48,967 75	2,809 26	51,777 01	Chaudiere Falls and Ottawa River		631 00		51,146 01	51,777 01
	4,674 75	1,167 20	5,841 95	Rideau Canal and River		604 25		5,237 70	5,841 95
Ĭ	6,325 00	916 00	7,241 00	Williamsburg Canal	12 00	481 00		6,745 CO	7,241 00
ı	1,632 50	720 00	2,352 50	Cornwall do		555 00	975 00	822 50	2,352 50
	1,077 50	2,171 00	3,249 50	Beaubarnois do		1,411 00	150 00	1,687 50	3,248 <b>5</b> 0
	12,546 50	14,714 60	27,200 50	Lachine do		13,106 00		14,151 50	<b>27,26</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0
	46 84	130 00	176 81	Chambly do	•••••	80 00		96 84	176 81
J-LANGER P	25,187 85	5,833 89	31,021 71	Welland do		5,792 36		25,229 38	31,021 74
	405 00	404 00	809 00	Sundry accounts		156 00	234 00	419 00	809 00
						ų,			

1			Land Sales.					
18,464 55		18,464 55	Principal accounts				18,461 55	18,464 55
11,458 96	411 51	11,870 47	Interest do				11,870 47	11,870 47
130,787 20	29,276 86	160,064 06	Totals	12 00	22,819 61	1,359 00	135,873 45	160,064 06

 Revenue accrued
 \$29,276 86

 Less—Refunds, per Statement 16
 200 00

 Net Revenue
 \$29,076 86

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

	Balances due 1st July, 1883.	Accrued during Year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Work.	Paid into hands of Collectors, vide State- ment No. 5	Deposited to the credit of the Receiver- General.	Balances due 30th June, 1884.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts 57 90 1 70 2,240 00	\$ cts.  57 90 1 70 2,240 00	Harbours.  Pert Colborne Port Dalhousie	\$ cts 57 93 1 70	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cta. 57 90 1 70 2,240 00
90	82 67 2,120 56	8,152 95 640 08	3,235 62 2,760 64	Bridges Union Suspension Bridge Dunnville  Perri:s.		3,161 52	74 10 1,907 20	3,235 62 2,760 64
	1,736 79 250 C0 15 00 50 00 460 00 40 00 140 00 20 00	250 00 30 00 100 00 230 00 100 00 100 00 1 00 15 00	500 00 45 00 150 0) 699 00 40 00 140 00 30 00 1 00	Hull (old Lessee).  do (new do ).  Rockcliffe and Gatineau.  Prescott and Ogdensburg.  New Edinburgh and Gatineau.  Restigouche  Thurso and Clarence  Papineauville and Brown's Wharf  Pembroke and Allumette Island  Montebello and St. Thomas d'Alfred	250 00 15 00 50 00 30 00	50 00	1,736 79 25) 00 50 00 100 C0 690 C0 40 00 £0 00	1,736 79 500 00 45 00 150 00 690 00 40 00 140 00 30 00 1 00 15 00
	6,750 00 4,933 24	13,400 00		SundriesDundas and Woterloo RoadOld Post Office Building, Montreol		12,150 (0	8.0(0 00 4,933 34	20,150 00 4,933 34
1	16,598 36	20,128 63	36,726 99	Totals	1,259 04	17,610 02	17,858 93	36,726 99

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

Victoria.

	Balances due lst July, 1883.	due   Culling 11m   Total.			Deposited to the credit of the Receiver- General.	Balances due 30th June, 1884.	Total.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
	971 93	1,806 27	2,778 20	Montreal and Sorel	1,052 23	1,725 97	2,778 20	
	39,517 85	41,802 75	81,320 60	QuebecQuebec	36,010 48	45,310 12	81,320 60	
7	40,489 78	43,609 02	84,098 80	Total	37,062 71	47,036 09	84,098 80	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

# No. 10½.—CULLERS' EXPENDITURE, 1883-34.

DR.

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

CR.

	Balances due by	Received from Department	Deducted from Salaries	m. 41			A UTHORIZED	Expendituri	ı.	Balances due by Collectors	Total.
	Collectors 1st July, 1883.	to meet Expendi-	for Super- annuation.	Total.		Salaries.	Special Assistance	Other Contingencies.	Cullers' Fees.	30th June, 1884.	
I	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts
		45,748 52	237 41	45,983 93	Quebec	12,598 36		5,758 69	27,626 88		45,983 93
	75 00	3,542 54	25 44	3,642 98	Montreal and Sorel	1,500 00	15 <b>0</b> 0	246 71	1,806 27	75 00	3,642 98
I		5,200 00			Superannuated Cullers			5,200 00			5,200 00
		6 01			Queen's Printer			6 01	. 49000 100100 10000		6 01
13		88 82			Stationery Office			88 32			88 32
					General			3 95			3 95
	75 00	54,587 34	262 85	54,925 19	Totals	14,098 36	15 00	11,303 68	29,433 15	75 00	54,925 19

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OITAWA, 15th August 1884.

## DR.

#### No. 11.—STATEMENT showing the amount of Revenue Accrued.

BILL STAMPS, 1888-84.

` .	Post Office Department, Ottawa.	Col. J. F. McLeod, Fort McLeod.	Total.		Post Office Department, Ottawa.	Col. J. F. McLeod, Fort McLeod.	Total.
To amount of bill stamps remaining in hands of Distributors, 1st July, 1883	\$ cts. 1,372 77 1,372 77	\$ cts 160 00 160 00	\$ cts.  1,532 77  1,532 77	By amount of bill stamps in hands of Distributors, 30th June, 1884  Totals	\$ cts. 1,372 77 1,372 77	\$ cts. 160 00 160 00	\$ cts 1,532 77 1,532 77

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

#### No. 113.—SUNDRY MINOR EXPENDITURES.

Dr.

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

CR.

	Balances due by	Amounts received from Department t meet Expenditure.		Salaries for Total.			Salaries.	Con- tingencies.	Queen's Printer.	Stationery Office.	Total.	
	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$. cts		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	
١	5	0 00	946 02	16 04	1,012 06	Minor Public Works	800 00	204 32	4 40	3 34	1,012 06	
۱	· • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	694 73		694 73	Inspection of Staples		662 23	32 50		694 73	
۱		·	11,780 36		11,780 36	Adulteration of Food		11,752 27	28 09		11,780 36	
24		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,743 45	*****	3,743 45	Liquor License Account		2,178 51	1,449 94	115 00	3,743 45	
	50	0 00	17,164 56	16 04	17,230 60	Totals	800 00	14,797 33	1,514 93	118 34	17,230 60	

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884. E. MIALL, Commissioner.

Cr.

# BILL STAMPS, 1888-84.

No. 12.—BILL STAMPS	Distributors in	account with	Inland	Revenue Department.
---------------------	-----------------	--------------	--------	---------------------

	BALA 1st Jul		Total.		BALA 30th Ju	NCES, ne, 1884.	Total.
	Stamps on hand.	Cash on hand.			Stamps on hand.	Cash on hand.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	Post Office Department	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,372 77
	160 00	11 54 33 50	11 54 33 50	Collectors of Inland Revenue, as under:—Belleville, ex-Collector E. R. BenjaminThree Rivers, ex-Collector B. Lasalle		11 54 33 50	11 54 33 50 160 00
8	1,532 77	45 04	1,577 81		1,532 77	45 04	1,577 81

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 15th, 1884.

Dr.

No. 13.-Statement showing the quantities of the several Articles subject 1882, 1883 and 1884, with

<b>V</b>		188	32.	
ARTICLES SUBJECT TO DUTY.		QUANTITIES.		
	Ex- Manufactory	Ex- Warehouse.	Total.	Duty.
Spirits	Gallons. 701,446 12,036,979	Gallons. 2,831,372	Gallons. 3,552,818 12,036,979	\$ cts. 3,552,989 57
Malt	Lbs. 6,867,798	Lbs. 31,034,348	Lbs. 37,902,146	379,021 46
Cigars	517,948	188,666	736,614	293,900 52
Tobacco, from Foreign leaf	130,426 451,884	6,991,652	7,779,248 12,414 130,426 454,884 229 8,377,201	1,555,849 27 763 50 26,085 20 18,195 37 64 05
Inspection Fees on Petroleum  Manufactures in Bond  Licenses, Spirits  do Malt Liquor.  do Malt  do Cigars  do Tobacco				23,883 95 33,002 67 2,500 00 6,125 00 8,575 00 9,037 50 600 00
Totals				5,910,593 06

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

to Excise Duty taken for Consumption, during the Years ended the 30th June, the Duty collected thereon.

		1883.			1	884.	
•	QUANTITIES				Quantifies.		
Ex- Manu- factory.	Ex- Ware- house.	Totals.	Du <b>ty.</b>	Èx- Mann- factory.	Ex- Ware- house.	Totals.	Duty.
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons	\$ cts.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	\$ cts.
756,612	3,092,175	3.848,787	3,900,241 70	607,529	3,000,492	3,608,021	3,608,246 27
12,757,444		and   57,653     12,757,444	mported spirits	13,098,700		13,098,700	358 48
Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.		Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	
5,895,283	33,692,002	<i>2</i> 9 537,28 <b>5</b>	395,872 85	6,230,946	34,302,156	40,533,102	405,331 02
				No.	No.	No.	
697,206	233,856	931,062	351,225 69	62,993,460	23,069,530	86,062,990	258,189 08
927,661 190,461 155 683 178,213	7,486,435 26,540 195 218	8,414,096 217,001 155,688 178,213 195 218	1,482,653 32 11,816 81 24,574 35 6,481 73 53 48 8 72	Lbs. 2,010,597 89,233 <u>1</u> 244,640 232,923	Lbs. 7,490,468 4,819	Lbs.  9,501,065  91,052½  244,640  232,923  64	1,140,783 82 1 881 05 19,732 00 4,720 84 14 52
1,452,033	7,513,338	8,965,411	1,525,588 41	2,577,3932	7,495,351	10,072,7441	1,167,132 23
•			25,216 09 35,515 32 2,625 00 6,150 00 9,150 00 9,487 50 1,200 00				26,566 28 38,956 54 2,250 00 6,200 00 7,725 00 8,625 00 2,358 00 500 00
•••••	·····		6,262,272 56	••••••			5,532,437 90

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 14.—Statement of Amounts deposited monthly to the credit of the Hon. the Receiver-General, on account of Inland Revenue, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

		Ontario.	Querec.	New Brunswick.	Nova Scotia.	Prince Edward Island.	Manitoba. and North-West.	British Columbia.	Total.
J	ULY:	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Excise and Seizures	180,008 41 33,685 00 1,509 09 534 86 117 42 2,591 21 90 00 1,628 53	164,065 51 21,253 37 3,958 50 304 90 3,522 61 1,139 61 23 50	18,419 42 69 69 19 00	15,282 90 60 20  178 55	1,304 38	13,845 02	3,087 99	396,013 63 54,998 57 5,467 50 534 86 422 33 3,522 61 4,035 19 132 50 1,628 53
	Totals	220,164 43	191,268 00	18,593 11	15,521 65	1,331 26	13,856 77	3,102 49	466,755 71
	Excise and Seizures  Canals Hydraulic and other Rents Minor Public Works Slides and Booms Cullers Weights and Measures Gas in pection Other Revenues	218,856 90 39,369 93 220 00 438 73 529 46 	187,736 84 22,491 09 1,919 50 100 50 3,941 41 980 37 143 50	23,911 84 	302 48	1,575 26	32 10		466,740 43 62,216 31 2,139 50 438 73 629 94 3,941 41 3,042 66 276 00
	To:als	261,013 39	216,8:4 20	24 110 97	16,031 91	1,638 02	13,683 68	6,132 86	539,425 03
j s	EPTEMBER:								
	Excise and Scizures	241,998 00 34,324 56 237 50 266 92 1,430 47	185,188 34 20,053 34 83 00 763 30	25,281 11	14 135 38 510 64		12,141 97		486,360 20 54,887 54 320 50 263 92 2,183 77

	Cullers	1,045 23 167 00	5,024 74 751 21 27 00	111 94 7 25	236 80 12 50	1 60 1 00	85 80	4 05	5,024 74   2,186 63   214 75
	Totals	279,459 68	211,689 93	25,400 30	14,895 32	1,915 73	12,177 77	5,706 32	551,445 0 <b>5</b>
	OCTOBER :-								
	Excise and Seizures	301,961 85 35,831 28 1,262 45 560 44 816 46 	215,088 73 20,421 02 1,671 00 843 75 4,044 35 1,257 52 279 75	23,382 35 451 26	16,178 51	1,878 89 	13 520 29	7,131 81	579.142 43 56,703 56 2,933 45 560 44 1,660 21 4,044 35 3,108 30 462 00 270 81
1	Totals	342,398 80	243,606 12	23.885 92	16,396 55	1,919 96	13,514 39	7 133 81	648,885 55
- 1		342,330 00	293,000 12	25,000 02	10,000 00	1,010 00			
88	NOVEMBER:—  Excise and Seizures	245,089 14 23,433 49 212 00 268 14 1,248 75 1,187 70 172 25 99 40 271,710 87	201,765 28 10,091 80 215 00 1,851 12 3,737 97 845 31 72 50	21,950 68 	18,418 83 351 71 286 06 19,056 60	2,397 69 58 31 2,456 00	22 36	3,931 10	509,250 99 33,877 0) 607 00 268 14 3,099 87 3,737 97 2,529 33 253 50 99 40 553,723 11
ı	DECEMBER :-								
	Excise and Seizures Canals Hydraulic and other Rents Minor Public Works Slides and Booms Cullers Weights and Measures Gas Inspection Other Revenues	319,389 94 1,964 23 23 00 573 99 14,382 23 825 85 234 50	194,442 74 676 55 991 00 4.595 88 6,517 35 456 60 135 50	17,455 42 123 (9 1 00	20,455 18 245 60 255 83 24 00	1,936 36	13,262 63 21 60	4,873 98	571,816 25 2,886 38 1,014 00 573 99 18,778 11 6,517 35 1,702 07 404 00
	Totals	337,393 71	207,615 62	17,579 27	20,980 84	1,961 47	13,287 23	4,873 98	603,693 15

No. 14.—Statement of Amounts deposited monthly to the credit of the Hon. the Receiver-General—Concluded.

	Ontario.	Quebec.	New Brunswick.	Nova Scotia.	Prince Edward Island.	Manitoba and North-West.	British Columbia.	Total.
JANUARY :— Excise and Seizures  Canals  Hydraulic and other Rents  Minor Public Works  Slides and Booms  Oullers  Weights and Measures  Gas Inspection  Other Revenues	\$ cts. 206,739 21 88 59 1,843 66 227 77 5,086 44 	\$ cts. 135,747 56 138 40 4,264 50 3,107 08 87 26 589 44 135 50	\$ cts 13,848 56	\$ cts. 13,022 91 70 31	\$ cts. 2 055 61	\$ cts 14,451 57	\$ cts 3,333 43	\$ cts. 389,198 85 297 30 6,108 16 227 77 8,193 52 87 26 2,585 16 351 75 199 92
Totals	216,293 48	144,069 74	13,891 88	13,125 71	2,072 68	14,462 77	3,333 43	407,249 69
FEBRUARY:—  Excise and Seizures	240,123 58 528 60 429 05 225 25 1,698 23 104 75 87 20	141,393 93 622 50 287 22 295 22 64 50	14,350 97	11,284 67 23 43 31 (9 7 75	1,750 80	9,404 69	1,870 10	423,178 74 23 43 1,151 10 429 05 225 25 287 22 1,497 72 181 25 87 20
Totals	242,593 66	145,663 37	14,379 45	11,346 94	1,761 60	9,422 44	1,887 50	427,060 96
Excise and Seizures	1,378 15 2,501 62 1,276 46 116 00 368 45	2 606 54 896 63 112 00	12,381 64 	13,577 23	11 13	23 72	7 80	7 90 1,508 15 2,501 62 2,606 54 2,308 67 231 75 369 45
Other Revenues Totals	233,448 73	132,669 69	12,435 22	13,620 43	1,550 96	12,546 12	4,090 77	410,361 92

	APRIL:— Excise and Seizures	197,409 46 180 00 689 75 247 96 11,410 10 2,041 73 131 25 100 00	137,467 05 8 28 1,288 00 904 20 1,251 30 923 80 148 50	14,896 83 	13,304 06 	1,566 71	12,942 21	5,936 89 63 00	383,523 21 188 28 1,977 75 247 96 12,314 30 1,251 30 3,188 69 304 25 100 00
	Totals	212,210 25	141,991 13	15,002 03	13,354 66	1,576 97	12,960 81	5,999 89	403,095 74
N	Excise and Seizures	222,987 77 25,514 41 56 00 361 23 21,049 46 1,489 58 112 75	182,527 16 15,704 63 621 00 	17,450 48 	17,905 83 4 93 66 41 12 50 17,939 67	1,912 22	11,523 44	4,584 80	458,891 70 41,223 97 677 00 361 23 21,067 55 1.214 37 2,502 60 198 50 
J	UNE :— Excise and Seizures Canals Hydraulic and other Rents. Minor Public Works Slides and Booms. Cullers Weights and Measures Gas Inspection. Other Revenues	222,000 24 26,921 35 270 50 12,470 37 27,281 65 1,196 05 183 75 947 61	155,574 53 20,363 21 4 00 4,682 08 4,827 59 1,014 19 240 50	20,112 71 	15,733 18 419 79 297 89	72 00	13,498 40	7,348 89	436,963 29 47,703 35 274 50 12,470 37 31,963 73 4,827 59 2,750 51 465 25 947 61
	Totals	291,271 52	186,705 10	20,294 54	16,450 86	2,767 34	13,511 95	7,354 89	538,356 20
	Grand Totals	3,179,532 75	2,244,830 11	225,147 43	188,771 14	22,883 35	156,710 41	58,312 84	6,076,188 03

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August 1884. E. MIALL, Commissioner.

EXCISE No. 15.—Comparative Monthly

From what Source.	<b>J</b> uly.	August.	September.	October.	November.
SPIRITS	\$ cts. 303.360 57 273,717 85	\$ cts. 319,020 39 315,408 07	\$ cts. 208,545 85 325,597 63	\$ cts. 412,163 10 362,620 92	\$ cts. 404,037 29 430,198 58
INCREASE in 1893-84	29,642 72	3,612 32	27,151 78	49,542 18	26,161 29
MALT LIQUOR	4,950 00 4,650 00	550 00 450 00	250 00 600 00	150 00 468 48	50 00 150 00
INCREASE in 1883-84  Decrease in 1883-84	300 00	100 00	350 00	258 48	100 00
MALT	23,333 36 23,560 10	22,179 21 24,022 42	31,598 45 30,653 12	39,762 78 46,2.6 74	45,351 15 40,579 <b>6</b> 9
Increase in 1883-84  Decrease in 1883-84	226 74	1,843 21	945 33	6,483 96	4,771 46
TOBACCO { 1882-93 1883-84	175,535 73 178,516 35	173,368 50 130,371 27	181,640 02 136,932 72	202,933 40 153,202 72	197,399 <b>82</b> 127,484 24
INCREASE in 1883-84  Decrease in 1883-84		42,997 23	44,707 30	49,730 68	69,915 58
PETROLEUM	792 68 1,208 82	1,597 08 2,157 96	3,2 <b>53 21</b> 3,220 <b>2</b> 3	3,814 96 3,853 36	3,749 <b>92</b> 3,732 16
INCREASS in 1883-84		560 88	32 98	38 40	8 76
MANUFACTURERS IN 1882-83 BOND	2,887 97 3,3±0 09	2,762 76 3,580 94	2,697 57 3,415 62	2,939 81 3,431 88	3,460 05 2,883 <b>31</b>
INCREASE in 1883-84	502 12	818 18	718 05	492 07	576 74
SEIZURES { 1882-83 1883-84	181 27 477 66	2,949 78 461 75	219 79 27 20	87 25	72 98 51 40
INCREASE in 1883-84	295 39	2,488 03	192 59	87 25	21 58
OTHER RECEIPTS { 1882-83 1883-84	5,753 50 4,070 30	1,905 25 1,786 24	1,430 75 977 00	837 57 669 00	625 <b>0</b> 0 636 40
INCREASE in 1883-84		119 01	453 75	168 57	11 40
Total INCREASE in 1883-84 Total Decrease in 1883-84	77,203 91	46,091 32	18,112 12	92,081 27	49,021 43

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August 1884.

REVEVUE.

Statement, 1882-83 and 1883-84.

December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	Мау.	June.	Total.
	\$ cts. 317,876 63 296,787 26	\$ cts 253,100 56 268,146 41	\$ cts. 270,397 88 222,446 99	\$ cts. 290,523 36 232,354 66	\$ cts. 346,071 87 280,217 65		\$ cts. 3,903,866 70 3,610,493 27
66,813 73	~ 1 AAA AH .	15,045 85	47,950 89	58,168 70	65,854 22	18,055 22	292,370 43
50 00 50 00	150 00		25 00	25 00		100 00 100 00	6,150 00 6,558 48
	150 00		25 00	25 00			408 48
30,516 44 34,533 36	34,306 56 40,935 16	37.448 15 36,699 97	39,397 92 37,850 96	36,566 81 39,992 19	36,850 43 32,609 93	27,711 59 25,372 38	405,022 85 413,056 02
4,016 92	6,628 60	748 18	1,548 96	3,425 38	4,240 50	2,339 21	8,033 17
161,863 38 102,221 67	138,895 38 87,554 <b>4</b> 0	118, <b>72</b> 3 83 90,598 57	10 <b>2,210 86</b> 10 <b>2,3</b> 07 93	65,799 17 118,266 49	238,068 23 141,035 13	129,863 28 117,812 02	1,886,301 60 1,436,303 51
59,641 71	51,340 98	28,125 26	97 07	52,467 32	97,033 10	12,051 26	449,998 09
2,374 19 2,016 69	1,781 59 1,702 31	2,554 08 2,215 50	1, <b>538</b> 79 1,732 10	963 07 2,044 20	998 56 1,333 92	1,806 96 1,349 03	25,216 09 26,566 28
357 50	79 28	338 58	193 31	1,081 13	335 36	457 93	1,350 19
3,013 85 2,256 88	2,845 04 2,690 <b>7</b> 0					3,815 42 3,722 20	
756 97	151 34	<b>749</b> 83	217 32	656 82	1,667 81	93 22	2,741 22
100 31 74 61	633 02 429 30						5,240 67 2,182 95
<b>25</b> 73	203 72	151 60	43 81	673 64	5 31	50 83	3,057 72
645 50 151 79	846 00 422 36						
493 71	423 64	1 199 88	309 35	213 71	258 28	200 07	4,511 77
124,072 43	66,512 73	3 14,964 33	49,368 31	1,450 40	165,377 62	33,146 08	737,404 95
			Total	Revenue in 18 do in 18	883-84		6,282,795 58 5,545,390 63
					E. MIA	ALL,	
						(iammic	CT CALOR

Commissioner.

7.9			EXCIS	Е.				
Articles.	To whom Paid.	Date.	Division.	Under wh	at Authority	Refunded.	Amount.	Total.
	Walker, F. H	do 21 August 29 do 29 do 29 do 29 do 29 do 30 October 2	Kingston	do do do do do do do	do 46 Vic., Cap. 1 do do do 41 Vic, Cap. do 46 Vic., Cap.	do 5, Sec. 126, s.s. 4 do do do do	\$ cts. 10,120 25 1,228 05 7,799 06 8,096 17 3,290 52 821 92 635 66 125 00 1 65 410 23 125 00	\$ cts.
	Keith, D. G. & Son	do 26   do 26   do 24   September 7   do 15   do 27   October 1   November 13   do 3   do 4   January 8	do Victoria, B.C. Halifax do Hamilton Halifax Guelph Halifax do Toronto Halifax	do do do do do do	do do do do Il Vic., Cap. 16 Vic., Cap.	15, Sec. 172	330 29 305 33 13 50 105 30 361 55 210 80 50 00 155 34 37 50 184 70 347 31 185 18 201 08 78 37	

A. 1885

-	Tennant, H		Winnipeg Halifax	do do	41 Vic., Cap. 7, do d	Sec. 74	50 00 16 67	2,632 92
Malt	Gooderham, W. G	February 6 do 6 do 25 March 1 do 1 May 22 June 16 do 23	Toronto	do do do do do do do do	48 Vic., Cap. 15, do d do d do d do d do d do d do d do	0 0 0 0 0 0	21 95 103 49 169 50 12 99 82 00 153 48 1,506 70 211 00 417 73 30 67	2,708 51
Tobacco	Virginia Tobacco Co	do 31  September 26  do 26  October 6  do 16  do 18  do 18  do 25  November 5  do 9  do 13  do 27  December 3  do 3  do 3  do 4  do 5  do 11  do 11  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17  do 17	do Montreal Toronto Quebec do Hamilton Quebec do Victoria, B.C Montreal do do do Toronto Hamilton Ouebec do do do do do do do do do do do do do	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	Sec. 74	3 06 20 00 5 25 17 08 20 58 3 22 73 57 138 72 34 30 9 60 10 54 27 06 48 00 6 58 56 25 15 71 118 66 10 36 16 23 6 75 10 34 37 50 7 80 3 60 16 82 1 44 45 16 11 42 17 26 11 28	

1885

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#### \*E X C I S E .- Continued. Under what Authority Refunded. D Division. Amount. Total. To whom paid. Articles. cts. 10... | Quebec ...... | Refunded under 46 Vic., Cap. 15. Sec. 249....... 10 79 Tobacco-Continued Lemesurier, J ...... January 31 38 Houde, B., & Co..... do ..... ďο ..... 23... Toronto ..... do dо oh 3 46 The Virginia Tobacco Co. ....... 24... Windsor..... ďο 125 58 Boutell, A. A..... ďο ....... 41 Vic., Cap. 7, Sec. 74...... ďο 8 33 Lemesurier, J..... ďο do 46 Vic., Cap. 15, Sec. 249...... 9 70 Ritchie, D......February 6... Windsor..... dο ďο 12 29 Boutell, A. A..... Joliette..... do 41 Vic., Cap. 7. Sec. 74...... 1 25 do Kittson, Z ..... do 15 48 Cloutier, Z ...... do 7... ..... . ..... ...... 4 62 ďο do đв do 7... . . . . . . . . . Martineau. 8..... \*\*\*\*\*\* Primeau, H. C ..... 7... ďο do 5 49 do ••••• ..... 39 42 Dupuis, J. E ..... ďο ďο do ...... 3 26 LeBlanc, E ..... Joliette ..... do do ....... 1 09 Desrochers, N. B..... ďο ďο do ...... 6 08 St Hyacinthe ... Bartels, F ..... do ďο 27 24 46 Vic., Cap. 15, Sec. 249, .... dο Quebec ..... do Houde, B. & Co..... 8 26 41 Vic., Cap. 7, Sec. 74...... Lemesurier, J ...... do ..... . ..... do 46 Vic., Cap. 15, Sec. 249...... 46 do 15, do 249...... 9 80 do do ďο \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 4 34 do do do 41 Vic., Cap. 7, Sec. 74 ...... 13 46 Montreal..... do Taylor, John..... do 12 45 1...Quebec..... do Dufort & Couturier ...... March 41 Vic., Cap. 7, Sec. 74 ..... 20 30 4... Halifax..... do Grant. Thomas..... do 46 Vic., Cap. 15, Sec. 249 . .... 16 20 4... Montreal. ...... do Ritchie, D..... do 10... Windsor.... 18 77 do Boutell, A. A..... do 41 Vic., Cap. 7, Sec. 74 ..... 17 00 do 10... do ..... ...... 46 Vic., Cap. 15, Sec. 249 ..... 11... Quebec ..... 11 01 Lemesurier, J ...... do do do ..... 30 24 do do Houde, B. & Co..... 3... Montreal ..... 11 02 do do do Ritchie, D..... ..... 16 80 4...Windsor..... do ďο Boutell, A. A. ..... dο ..... 13 10 5... Hamilton..... do do do Tuckett, John E. ....

37	Officers' Salaries	Houde, B. & Co.  Lemesurier, J.  McKenzie, John Ritchie, D.  Boutell, A. A.  Haaz, A.  Gilbert, Jos.  do  Doran, M.  McDougall, A. & Son.  Hart, A. S. & Co.  Vincent, J. L.  Taylor, J. C.  McBride, D.  Williams, C. I.  Farmer, W.  Young & Bros.  McMahon, J. S.  Emberson, J.  McMillan, John  Corbeil, H.  Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.  McMillan, J.  Murray, R. B. & Co.  Peverley, C.  McMillan, John	do	Montreal do Windsor do Windsor do Windsor do Hamilton Halifax Three Rivers Montreal do do do do do do do do do do do do do	Refunded undo do do do do do do do do do do do do d	46 Vic., Os do do do do do 41 Vic., Ca	p. 15, Sec. 2 do do do do do	49	10 22 11 68 257 12 325 98 30 00 11 10 66 25 5 00 66 25 22 50 62 59 12 50 6 80 0 25 3 40 6 35 4 00 8 80 2 80	1,703 46 100 00	Sessional Papers (No. 4.)
		Houde, B. & Co	do 12. May 3. do 5. do 8. do 8. do 12. do 12. June 6. do 6. do 6. do 9.	Hamilton Windsor. Quebec do do Montreal Hamilton Montreal Windsor Sorel do	do do do do do do do do do	46 Vic., Ca do do do 41 Vic., Ca do	do do do do do p. 7, Sec. 74 . ap. 16, Sec. 2 do do do p. 7, Sec. 74 p. 7, Sec. 74 .	49	36 00 11 08 5 44 21 55 13 68 37 44 11 22 7 00 11 86 32 37 19 48 32 98 25 09 8 69 15 47		48 Victoria.

				EXCISE-0	Iontinued.	<u> </u>		
	Articles.	To whom Paid.	Date.	Division.	Under what Auth	ority Refunded.	Amount.	Total.
200	Seizures—Continued	Reid, W. G Paxton, John	April 22 June 6	Hamilton Montreal	Refunded under 41 Vic., do do Total Excise	Oap. 7, Sec. 74	\$ cts. 2,000 00 40 00	\$ cts. 3,959 30 44,357 70
		Refunds f do	rom Revenue Votes	***********************		41,346 02 3,011 68		<u> </u>
		·		CANAL TOL	LS, &o.			
		Turner, A	do 12 do 13 do 13 do 13 do 13 do 13 do 18 do 18	Port Colborne St. Catharines ort Robinson do Maitland	do do do do do do	Cap. 7, Sec. 74	15 65 1,681 17 128 32 1,342 72 29 10 5 14 24 48 48 83 5 34 509 03	

Fe Mi Ar Mc Ki Mc Ki Mc Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co	do nnis, Henry mold & Co.  do do do do ntchinson, Wm notreal Transportation Co ngston and Montreal Forwarding Co. ntreal Transportation Co onlon, J. & T. do sisk, R. J. nnan, J. In crière, Capt. A. sss, & Co, W. R. Neill, J. gdensburg Coal and Towing Co. leky, G. lwardsburg Starch Co. leker & Co, J. odger & Farrell do avis & Sons, Wm ontreal Transportation Co ingston and Montreal Forwarding Co. annan, John, Manager, Ogdensburg Coal & Towing Co.	do 31 do 31 June 2 do 2 do 2 do 9 do 9 do 9 do 9 do 30 do 30 do 30  August 30 do 30 January 7  April 12 May 13 do 15 do 15 do 16 June 30 do 30 do 30	Lachine	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	182 60 26 80 8 90 28 68 16 70 14 03 22 60 214 98 52 40 48 91 273 08 0 75 5 24 27 15 52 09 4 35 31 23 1,008 80 465 10 165 00 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 11 82 12 88 13 88 14 90 14 90 14 90 15 90 16 90 17 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90 18 90	6,437 17	73 Victoria. Sessional Papers (No. 4.) A.
H	annan, John, Manager, Ogdensburg Coal & Tow-	do 30 do 30			_		760 31	A. 1885

# No. 16.—REFUNDS, 1888-84—Concluded.

To whom Paid.						
to whom raid.	Date.	Office.	Under what	Authority Refunded.	Amount.	Total.
odward, Rrk, J. & A	September 27 December 14		Refunded under 41	- 3.	100 00 1	\$ cts
rphy & Co., D rris, G. A rphy & Co., D	December 14	do	do do do	do •	29 28	114 00
do	May 13 do 13 do 13 do 16 do 16 do 16	Carillon	do do do do do do	do do do do	710 62 95 55 38 99 12 50 106 22 59 62	
Assidydo do	June 9 do 9	St Anne	do do	do do	395 98	1,602 4: 44 8'
, word with a con-		,			j j.	8,958 80
<u>'</u>		SLIDES AND E	SOOMS.			
in the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contrac	phy & Co., D	rk, J. & A	rk, J. & A	rk, J. & A	December 14	September 27

	The Upper Ottawa Improvement Co	48 Victoria
	HYDRAULIO RENTS.	•
	Costigan, J., Estate of late July 16 Refunded under 41 Vic., Cap. 7, Sec. 74	Sessional 1
4	WEIGHTS AND MEASURES SEIZURES.	T apers
	Fairall, H. S	5 (NO. ±.)
	RECAPITULATION.  Amount paid out of Votes	
	Inland Revenue Department,  Ottawa, 15th August 1884.  E. MIALL,  Commissioner.	

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

CR.

	Due by sundry persons, lst July, 1883.	Disbursed by the Receiver- General	Deduction for Superannu- ation.	Total.		Salaries.	Contingen- cies.	Due by sundry persons, 30th June, 1884.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
		7,000 00		7,000 00	Minister of Inland Revenue	7,000 00	*****	.,	7,000 00
l		33,315 03	653 31	33,969 34	Departmental officers	33,963 34	. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		33,968 34
		<b>5</b> 82 0 <b>2</b>		582 02	Subscription to newspapers		582 02		582 02
42	16 66	1,516 34	2377300 11110000	1,833 00	Extra Clerks		1,516 34	16 66	1,533 00
23		870 84	**** *** *****	870 8 <b>4</b>	Telegraph companies		870 84		870 84
		1,329 21		1,329 21	Stationery Office		1,329 21		1,329 21
		975 02		975 02	Queen's Printer		975 02		975 02
	100 60	3,438 50		3,538 50	Sundry persons		3,137 15	401 35	3,538 50
		181 35		181 35	Postage		181 35		181 35
İ	116 66	49,218 31	653 31	49,988 28	Totals	40,968 34	8,601 93	418 01	49,988 28

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

A. 1885

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

CR.

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, GAS AND LAW STAMPS, 1883-84.

Dr. No. 13.—STATEMENT showing the Amount of Revenue accrue	No. 18STATEMENT showing the Amou	ant of Revenue accrued.	
------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------	-------------------------	--

And the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second o		Weights and Measures Stamps	Gys Stamps,	Law Stamps, Supreme Court.	Total.		Weights and Measures Stamps.	Gas Stamps.	Law Stamps, Supreme Court.	Total.
317.3410418.4218978787878	To amount of Stamps destroyed or returned by Distributors To Commission allowed. To amount of Stamps	53 82	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	By amount of Stamps in hards of Distributors on 1st July, 1883 By Stamps issued by the Inland Revenue Department during the	37,632 62	\$ cts. 22,051 25	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
43	remaining in hands of Distributors, 30th June 1884	37,698 86 31,097 93	22,816 00 3,534 75	143 3 <b>5</b> 1,573 49	60,658 21 36,206 16	year	31,217 98	4,299 50	1,569 30	37,086 78
	Totals	69,850 60	26,350 75	1,799 65	97,001 00	Totals	68,850 60	26,350 75	1,799 65	97,001 00

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, 1888-84.

DR.

### No. 19 (A.)—Inspectors in account with Revenue.

Cr.

				st July, 1883. Stamps Seizures, issued Penalties		_	otal. Divisions.		aturned   to credit		Stamps   Deposited   30th		nces, ne, 1884.	
	Stamps on hand.	Cash on hand.	to In-	and other Receipts.	Total.	21.1.1.0.1.0.	or destroyed.	of Receiver General.	Stamps on hand.	Cash on hand.	Total.			
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.			
44	3,252 38 3,276 47 1,565 81 1,810 08 592 16 1,614 99 2,579 95 2,259 39	123 21 1,328 57 71 07 177 38 254 00 82 35 226 30 8 85	335 00 7,530 00 791 80 786 00 2,457 00 500 00 3,324 94	5 00 15 00 5 00	3,755 59 12,135 04 2,428 68 2,778 46 3,318 16 2,202 34 6,131 19 2,269 24	Belleville Hamilton Kingston London Orillia Ottawa Toronto Windsor	0 05 1 50	1,306 84 7,317 40 901 64 2,180 16 1,229 80 582 98 3,230 07 907 12	2,421 70 3,397 99 1,412 06 431 58 2,088 31 1,461 08 2,773 78 1,361 12	26 90 1,419 65 114 98 166 72 	3,755 59 12,135 04 2,428 68 2,778 46 3,318 16 2,202 34 6,131 19 2,268 24			
	16,951 23	2,271 73	15,724 74	70 00	35,017 70	Ontario	1 70	17,656 01	15,347 62	2,012 37	35,017 70			
	5,611 80 3,147 11 1,699 81 1,573 42 12,032 14	631 97 49 06 32 79 713 82	7,300 00 2,490 00 2,140 00 11,930 00	112 00	13,655 77 5,637 11 1,749 87 3,746 21 24,787 96		51 70	5,700 08 2,839 74 343 90 1,045 07 9,928 79	7,243 64 2,745 67 1,358 82 2,553 29 13,901 42	712 05 46 15 147 85 906 05	13,655 77 5,637 11 1,748 87 3,746 21 24,787 96			
	1,454 80 1,227 12 591 27	29 69	, 4 00 670 00		1,484 49 1,231 12 1,261 27	Fredericton	0 42	218 19 354 11 563 60	1,243 90 876 59 677 75	22 40 19 92	1,484 49 1,231 12 1,261 27			
	3,273 19	29 69	674 00		3,976 88	New Brunswick	0 42	1,135 90	2,798 24	42 32	3,976 88			
	373 34 1,526 80	37 65	607 00 176 <b>0</b> 0	7 50 5 23	987 84 1,745 68	Cape Brcton	••••••	337 03 844 81	650 81 888 52	12 35	987 84 1,745 68			

<b>73</b> 3 476			705 00		1,263 17 601 46	Pictou	•• ••• ••	397 71 407 03			1,263 17 601 46
3,110	27	37 65	1,437 50	12 73	4,598 15	Nova Scotia		1,986 58	2,599 22	12 35	4,598 15
346	61	28 63	281 90		657 14	Charlottetown, P.E.1		338 38	318 76		657 14
929	51	11 75	1,169 84		2,111 10			249 03	1,844 18	17 89	2,111 10
989	67	14 50			1,004 17	Victoria, B.C		114 75	889 42		1,004 17
37,632	62	3,107 77	31,217 98	194 73	72,153 10	Grand Totals	53 82	31,409 44	37,698 86	2,990 98	72,153 10

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

DR.

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, 1883-81.

No. 19 (B.)—Deputy Inspectors of the Old Divisions in account with Revenue.

CR.

Balances, 1st July, 1883. Cash on hand.	Total.	Divisions.	Deposited to the credit of the Receiver General.	Balances, 30th June, 1884. Cash on hand.	Total.
\$ cts. 87 10 87 10	\$ cts. 87 10 87 10	Essex	\$ cts.	S cts. 87 10 87 10	\$ cts 87 10 87 10
18 96 14 75 33 71	18 96 14 75 33 71	Champlain	18 96 9 13 ————————————————————————————————————	5 62	18 96 14 75 
120 81	120 81	Totals	28 09	92 72	120 81

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884

 $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{R}$ .

## GAS INSPECTION AND LAW STAMPS, 1883-84.

Dr.

No. 20.—STAMP Distributors in account with Inland Revenue Department.

	BALANCES, 1ST JULY, 1883.  Stamps Cas on hand. on hs		Total.	Districts.	Com- mission allowed to Dis- tributor of Law Stamps.	Deposited to credit of Receiver General.	Balan 30th Jun Stamps on hand.		Total.
47	\$ cts. \$ 487 25 1,015 00  465 00 1,012 00  1,104 00 392 75 588 75 138 25 473 00  2,574 50  8,250 50 85	100 00 125 00 15 250 00 121 50 75 00 75 150 00 150 00 86 00 125 00 1,000 00	\$ cts.  487 25 1,115 00 125 00 465 00 1,272 75 121 50 1,179 00 552 50 738 75 138 25 473 00 86 00 125 00 3,639 00	Belleville Brantford Chatham Cobourg Hamilton Ingersoll Kingston London Ottawa Peterboro' Port Hope Stratford St. Thomas Toronto		\$ cts.  36 75 35 50 24 75 15 25 113 75 200 75 83 50  74 75 1,000 25  1,810 00	\$ cts. 450 50 1,070 50 100 25 465 00 1,026 50 106 25 1,065 25 335 75 655 25 138 25 473 00 74 25 41 75 2,589 25 8,591 75	\$ cts.  9 00  21 50  16 00  11 75 8 50 49 50  116 25	\$ cts.  487 25 1,115 00 125 00 465 00 1,272 75 121 50 1,179 00 552 50 738 75 138 25 473 00 86 00 125 00 3,629 00  10,518 00
	4,917 75 1,488 00 383 50 6,789 25	50	1,511 50 383 50	MontrealQuebecThree Rivers		1,243 75 202 00 3 00 1,448 75	4,699 00 1,294 50 380 50 6,374 00	15 00	5,942 75 1,511 50 383 50 7,837 75

CR.

# GAS INSPECTION AND LAW STAMPS, 1883-84.—Concluded.

Dв	No 20.—STAMP	Distributors in	account	with Inland	Revenue	Department.—Concluded.
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Conc	hid	oЛ	
A PHACE	CHALL	rıı.	

	Balan 1st July	CES, , 1883.	Stamps issued to	Total.	Distric <b>ts.</b>	Com- mission allowed to Dis-	Deposited to credit of Receiver	Balan 30th June		Total.
	Stamps on hand.	Cash on hand.	Inspectors.			tributor of Law Stamps.	General.	Stamps on hand.	Cash on hand.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ots.	\$ c18.
	1,138 25 2,066 00	***************************************	992 00	992 00 1,138 25 2,166 00	Chatham		3 25 95 50	1,128 00 2,066 50	7 00 4 00	1,138 25 2,166 00
48	3,204 25		1,092 00	4,296 25			118 50	4,166 75	11 00	4,296 25
	2,547 50 468 25	****************		2,547 50 468 <b>25</b>	Halifax Pictou		69 50	2,442 50 468 25	35 50	2,547 50 468 25
	3,015 75			3,015 75	Nova Scotia		69 50	2,910 75	35 50	3,015 75
	791 50			791 50	Charlottetown, P.E.I		18 75			791 50
	22,051 25	108 50	4,299 50	26,459 25	Grand Total Gas Stamps		3,465 50	22,816 00	177 75	26,459 25
	230 35	2,128 43	1,569 30	3,928 08	Law Stamps	82 81	3,701 92	143 35	••••••	3,928 08

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, August 15th 1884.

1885

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, 1883-84.

# No. 21 (A).—Inspection Divisions in account with Expenditure.

DR.

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

CR.

	DR.			(10) Double, coo												
	s received Department set Expendi-	ed from Sal- for Superan- on.	Total.	Divisions.		Ехре			ORIZED BY T	<del></del> -	_		es due by Sun-	dry Persons 30th June, 1884.	Total	L
	Amounts from De to meet ture.	Deducted a sries for nustion.			Sala	ries.	Seizure Expenses.	Special Assistance	Rent.	Travelli Expens		Sundrie	Balanc	June		
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ 4	cts.	\$ c	ts. \$	cts	•	cts.
49	2,318 62 5,510 95 2,545 30 3,498 82 2,272 34 3 076 70 3,132 70 1,958 73 88 45 24,402 61	30 17 77 52 32 60 44 46 31 95 40 28 47 21 21 28	5,588 47 2,577 90 3,543 28 2,304 80 3,116 98 3,179 91 1,980 01 88 45	Belleville Hamilton Kingston London Orillia Toronto Windsor District Inspector	1,6 2,4 2,4 1,6	149 96 000 00 114 19 300 00 191 63 60 91 66 64	1 50	25 00	120 00 250 60 87 00	834 291 710 535 2+0 671 548	90 75 30 05 45	388 136 257 48 164 22 278		0 00	2,348 5,588 2,577 3,543 2,304 3,116 3,179 1,980 88	47 90 28 30 98 91 01 45
	5,557 22 5,675 51 2,625 90 2,577 41 16,436 04	93 64 60 00 35 72 32 60 221 96	5,735 51 2,661 62 2,610 01	MontrealQuebecSherbrookeThree RiversQuebec	4,2 2,2 2,0	49 96 0 <b>0</b> 00	11 75		84 00 150 00 21 00 255 00	344 1,180 211 510 2,247	45 60 95	271 50 78	41 06 06 59		5,650 5,735 2,661 2,610	51 62 01
	1,738 48 1,663 56 1,903 75 5,305 79	28 04 22 36 36 00 86 40	1,685 92 1,939 75	Fredericton	1,3	00 00			25 00 		66 <b>8</b> 0	41 73	17 26 95		1,766 1,685 1,939 5,392	92 75

1885

## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, 1883-84.—Continued.

No. 21 (4).—Inspection Divisions in account with Expenditure.—Continued.

Dr.

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

CR.

				·								
	Amounts received from Department to meet Expenditure.	Deducted from Sal- aries for Superan- nuation.	Total.	Divisions.	Expen	Seizure Expenses.	Special Assistance	RIZED BY T	Travelling Expenses.		Balance due by Sundry Persons, 30th June, 1884.	Total.
	\$ cts	\$ cts	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
50	1,076 07 2,238 67 1,612 90 1,520 26 121 53		2,269 67 1,634 66 1,536 30	Cape Breton	800 00 1,550 00 1,258 26 800 00			60 00 200 00 67 50	214 75 4:0 16 286 96 420 29 118 55	17 36 99 51 89 44 248 51 5 98		1,092 11 2,269 67 1,634 66 1,536 30 124 53
Ì	6,572 43	84 84	6,657 27	Nova Scotia	4,408 26			327 50	1,460 71	460 80		6,657 27
1	1,363 80	19 96	1,383 76	Charlottetown, P.E I	1,000 00			56 44	159 38	167 94		1,383 76
	1,993 42	31 99	2,025 41	Winnipeg, Manitoba.	1,676 61			180 00	47 60	121 20		2,025 41
ľ	450 25	3 07	453 32	Alberta, N. W. T	153 32						300 00	453 32
į	539 49	4 04	543 53	Victoria, B.C	200 00			159 00	61 25	132 28		543 53
	3,132 69 1,010 04 130 50	36 04	1,010 04	General ContingenciesQueen's Printer	1,800 10				135 80	982 83 1,010 04 130 50		3,168 73 1,010 04 130 50
	61,337 06	813 78	62,150 84	Grand Totals	45,035 46	29 18	25 00	1,690 95	9,443 86	5,241 39	685 <b>0</b> 0	62,150 84

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

#### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, 1883-84.

# No. 21 (B.)—Inspection Divisions in account with Expenditure (Old Divisions).

DR.

CR.

Balances due by sundry persons, lst July, 1883.	Total.	Divisions.	Refunds.	Balances due by sundry persons, 30th June, 1884.	Total.	
\$ ets.	\$ cts.	, .	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
50 00	50 00	Essex	10 44	39 56	50 00	
8 51	8 51	Lanark	8 51		8 51	
65 81	65 81	Waterloo	32 28	33 53	65 81	
124 32	124 33		51 23	73 09	124 32	
23 33	23 33	Drummond	23 00	0 33	23 33	
5) 00	50 00	Laval	1	41 45	50 00	
50 00	50 00	Montmorency	23 12	26 88	50 00	
27 51	27 51	Richelieu		27 51	27 51	
150 84	150 84	Quebec Quebec	54 67	96 17	150 84	
24 00	24 00	Lunenburg, Nova Scotia		24 00	24 00	
<b>2</b> 99 16	299 16		105 90	193 26	299 16	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

## No. 22.—Inspection Districts in account with Expenditure.

Dr.

(For Details, see Appendix B.)

CR.

					(2 0. 200400, 000 24)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	/					On.
es due by sun- persons, 1st 1883.		received partment expendi-	from Sal- Superan-			EXPENDITURE AUTHORIZED BY THE DEPARTMENT.					e by sun- ns, 30th	
	Balances dudry per July, 186	Amounts received from Department to meet expendi- ture.	Deduction faries for nuation.	Total.		Salaries.	Special Assistance	Rent	Travelling Expenses.	Sundries.	Balances due by s dry persons, 3 June, 1884.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts	\$ cis.	\$ cts.
29		260 58 168 24 188 32 42 00 899 59 151 24 471 86 98 04 513 18 33 05 913 61 199 76 217 03 161 14 8 95 1,191 25 30 58	3 00 1 96 2 48 	899 59	Chatham Cobourg Cornwall Hamilton Ingersoll Kingston Lindsay London Napanee Ottawa Peterborough Port Hope St Thomas Stratford Toronto	699 96 100 00 349 42 100 00 500 00 700 00 150 00 125 00 100 00		25 00 20 00 42 00 105 00 40 00 25 00 100 00 20 00 45 00 18 00	17 70 13 20 57 06 11 40 7 20 10 45 11 76	1 20 76 93 46 30 11 82 0 85 127 57 24 31 37 81 5 70		263 58 170 20 190 80 42 00 899 59 153 20 477 78 100 00 523 22 33 05 927 67 202 76 219 51 163 10 8 95 1,215 25 50 58
ı		5,548 42	72 72	5,621 14	Ontario	4,399 39		560 00	241 31	420 45		5,621 14
		2.228 99 1,451 32 207 92	28 04 19 96 2 48	1,471 28 210 40	Montreal Quebec Three Rivers	1,400 00 1,160 00 200 00		84 00		19 03 230 65 10 40	6 63	2,257 03 1,471 28 210 40
		3,888 23	3 00		Chatham	2,750 00 150 00		84 00 17 50		260 08 44 70	206 63	3,938 71

$\smile$	
Α	

	134 95	1 45	136 40	Fredericton	72 58		18 75	45 07	82 50		97 136 60	
				St. John	999 96			82 30			1,121	
	1,633 01	4 45	1,637 46	New Brunswick	1,222 54	10 0)	96 25	142 63	166 04		1,637	46
12 89			13 88	Halifax. Pictou Yarmouth					71 44			40 88 50
12 88	1,268 90		1,281 78	Nova Scoti	909 96		197 50		71 44	12 88	1,281	78
0 01	307 35	2 48	309 84	Charlottetown, P.E.I	200 00		50 00		59 84		309	81
	37 56	0 76	38 32	Winnipeg, Man	38 32						38	32
	150 00		150 00	Victoria, B.C			150 00				150	00
	50 91	12 00	429 37 50 91	General Expenses Queen's Printer Stationery Office Gas Equipment					429 37 50 91	1,250 00	1,162 429 50 6,361	37 91
12 89	20,826 15	142 89	20,981 93	Grand Totals	10,210 20	648 00	1,137 75	383 94	7,132 53	1,469 51	20,981	93

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 23.—Statement showing the Amount Voted and the Expenditure Authorized for each Service, for 1883-84.

Expenditure made by the Department.	Over- Expended.	Under- Expended.	Service.	Vote.
\$ ets.	\$ cts	<b>\$</b> cts.		\$ cts.
7,000 00			Minister's Salary	7,000 00
33,968 34		1,741 16	Departmental Salaries	35,712 50
8,903 28	492 86	·····	Departmental Contingencies	8,410 42
221,124 68	1,211 34	*****************	Excise Salaries	219,913 34
72,277 59		222 41	Excise Contingencies	72,500 00
1,600 00			Duty Pay to Officers in large Dis- tilleries and Factories	1,600 00
2,368 65		1,131 35	Commission to Customs Officers	3,500 00
2,684 80		3,815 20	Preventive Service	6,500 00
213 22		786 78	Commission on Sale of Stamps for Canada Twist Tobacco	1,000 60
54,850 19		12,616 47	Culling Timber	67,466 66
62,044 94		655 06	Inspection of Weights and Measures.	<b>62</b> ,700 <b>00</b>
691 73		2,305 27	Inspection of Staples	3,000 00
11,780 36		219 64	Adulteration of Food	12,000 00
962 06		7,037 94	Minor Revenues	8,00 00
35,635 52		681 48	Canal Salaries and Contingencies	36,320 00
20,180 49		1,029 51	Slides and Booms Expenditure	21,210 00
20,969 04		5,830 96	Inspection of Gas	26,800 00
599 90	***************************************	290 18	Refund of Superannuation Deduc- tion to Ex-Deputy Inspectors or Weights and Measures	890 08
3,611 68			Refund of Seizure Revenue	3,011 68
2,034 51		74 70	Refund of Slides and Booms Revenue	2,109 21
3,713 45		6,856 55	*Liquor License Act	10,600 00
566,647 40	1,704 20	45,300 66	Total	610,243 89

<sup>\*</sup> This balance has been brought forward by O. C, under authority of 41 Vic., chap. 7, sec. 36.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 24—STATEMENT showing Receipts and Expenditure on account of Wood Naphtha, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Receipts	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,790 36
Expenditure	5,762 27	
Balance to credit	28 09	
Total	5,790 36	5,790 36

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

APPENDIX A.

STATISTICS.

## APPENDIX A-SPIRITS.

No. 1.—RETURN of Manufactures

REVENUE DIVISIONS.	Grain used	Molasses used	Licenses.		
TEVENUE DIVISIONS.	Distillation.	Distillation.	No.	Fees.	
	Lbs.	Lbs.		\$	
Belleville	1,713,698		1	250 00	
Brantford—Rectifier			1	250 00	
Guelph	4,026,400		1	250 00	
Perth	91,957		1	250 00	
Prescott	9,421,307		1	250 00	
Toronto	35,211,000		2	500 00	
Windsor	24,587,450		1	250 00	
Montreal	43,638	620,390	1	250 00	
Totals	75,095,450	620,390	9	2,250 00	

for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Proof Spirits manufactured at \$1.00 and \$1.02 per gallon.			Duty collected Ex-Manufactory.			Duty a on Spirits V	Total Duty collected Ex-Manufac- tory includ- ing License Fees.	
Gallons.	\$	cts	Gallons.	\$ 6	cts.	Gallons.	\$ cte	\$ cts.
90,568 58	90,568	58	12,018 · 15	12,018	15	78,550 · 43	78,550 43	12,268 15
**** **** *******		•••••	•••••					. 250 00
220,108:29	220,108	29	32,023.40	32,023	40	188,084 89	188,084 89	32,273 40
4,553 54	4,641	<b>6</b> 0	1,448 · 21	1,477	17	<b>3,105</b> ·33	3,167 43	1,727 17
525, 222 · 08	525,222	08	54,703.54	54,703	54	470,518· <b>5</b> 4	470,518 54	54,953 54
1,949,614.39	1,949,614	39	326,346-15	326,346	15	1,623,268 · 24	1,623,268 24	326,846 15
1,394,459.12	1,394,459	12	179,764.95	179,764	95	1,214,694.17	1,214,694 17	180,014 95
27,049.84	23,049	84	1,224.58	1,224	58	21,825 · 26	21,825 26	1,474, 58
								-
4,207,575 84	4,207,666	90	607,528.98	607,557	94	3,600,046.86	<b>3</b> ,600,108 96	609,807 94

## APPENDIX A-Continued-SPIRITS.

No. 2—Comparative Statement of Spirits manufactured

	GRAIN, &c., USED FOR DISTILLATION.									
Provinces.	Malt. Indian Corn.		Rye.	Wheat.	Oats.	Мојавзев.	Total Grain, &c,			
1883.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs	Lbs.			
Ontario	3,752,518	57,196,383	14,142,869	50,774	1,646,207		76,788,751			
Quebec	2,448		4,895			392,476	7,313			
Totals	3,754,966	57, 196, 383	14,147,764	50,774	1,646,207	392,476	76,796,094			
1884.										
Ontario	3,477,458	56,176,681	13,945,854	52,941	1,398,878		75,051,912			
Quebec	10,826	16,000	16,612		200	620,390	43,638			
Totals	3,488,284	56,192,681	13,962,466	52,911	1,399,078	620,390	75,095,450			

during the Years ended 30th June, 1883 and 1884.

Lice	en:es.		Spirits red at \$1.00 2 per Gall.	Duty Coll Spir Ex-Manu	rits	Dury acc Spi Wareh	Total Duty Collected Ex-Manufactory including License Fees.	
No	Fees	Galls.	\$ cts	Galls.	\$ cts	Galls.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
9	2,250	4,265,357 91	4,265,603 33	755,643.58	755,711 99	3,509,715.33	3,509,891 34	757,961 99
2	375	15,849 • 77	15,849 77	969.67	969 67	14,880.10	14,880 10	1,344 67
11	2,625	4,281,207.68	4,281,453 10	756,612 · 25	756,681 66	3,524,595·43	3,524,771 44	759,303 66
8	2,000	1 ' '	4,184,617 06	606,301.40	606,333 <b>3</b> 6	<b>3,578,221 · 6</b> 0	3,578,283 70	608,333 36
1	2:0	23,049 84	23,049 84	1,224.58	1,224 58	21,825.26	21,825 26	1,474 58
9	2,250	4,207,575.84	4,207,666 90	607,528.98	607,557 94	3,600,045.86	3,600,108 96	609,807 94

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-SPIRITS.

DR.

#### No. 8.—SPIRIT WAREHOUSE RETURN

Remaining in Warehouse from last Year.	Placed in Warehouse Ex- Manufactory.	Re- Warehoused and Imported.	Received from other Divisions	Totals.	REVENCE DIVISIONS.
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	
1,056·63 22,749·20 1,561·97 1,595·34 1,496·07 62,911·71 11,070·26 9,909·37 14,251·43 7,067·04 852·67 25,433·97 2,297·63 98,307·24 5,150·22 6,773·72 708,220·48 627,591·46 1,656·06	78,550·43	257·12 257·12 1·65 276·19 60·75	18, 283 · 85 32, 739 · 15 34, 096 · 40 11, 413 · 91 11, 707 · 88 28, 435 · 09 122, 962 · 54 85, 346 · 84 121, 762 · 30 139, 651 · 81 10, 976 · 97 28, 145 · 54 18, 829 · 14 31. 987 · 65 125, 484 · 70 273 · 12 13, 033 · 08 11, 981 · 62 1, 020, 325 · 78 314, 819 · 58 49, 490 · 98 18, 510 · 83 37, 295 · 91 38, 745 · 52 148, 967 · 79 77, 539 · 72	19,340·48 134,038·78 35.678·37 13,009·26 13,203·95 286,431·69 134,289·91 295,256·21 136.013·73 146,718·83 11,829·67 31,447·77 596,971·32 23,979·36 38,781·37 2.456·976·07 1,842,834·91 11,931·62 1,143,500·09 348,477·7 61,495·59 19,045·98 41,044·89 43,347·05 166,394·00 93,545·28	Algoma Belteville Brantford Cobourg Cornwall Guelph Hamilton Kingston London Ottawa Owen Sound Perth Peterborough Prescott St. Catharines Stratford Toronto Windsor Iberville Joliette Montreal Quebec Sherbrooke Sorel St. Hyacinthe Three Rivers St. John, N. B Halifax, N. S
562·38 14,324·76 11,474·42 8,612·54		3,124.25	4,569·10 109,208·71 24,243·56	4,930 48 123,533 47 38,842 23 8,612 54	Charlottetown, P. E. I Winnipeg, Man Victoria, B. C Suspense
1,811,123 05	3,6.0,046.86	3,781 98	2,749,571 51	8,194,523:40	Totals

for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

CR.

A. 1885

Entered for Consumption at \$1.00 & \$1.02 per Gallon.		Removed to other Divisions.	Exported.	Used in Bonded Factories	Free, and Written off by authority.	Remaining in Warehouse.	Totals.
Gallens.	\$ cts.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallon 3.	Gallons.
14,617.04	14,617 04	342.27			l	4,381 · 17	19,340 48
73,159 44	73,159 44	21.148 64		1		39,730 . 70	134,038 . 78
33,719 77	33,719 77					1,938.60	35,658 37
10,591 49	10,591 49	39 94	·		l l	2,377.81	13,0(9.25
11,049.57	11,049 57	11 37				2,143.01	13,203.95
77,893 · 18	77,893 18	154,097.02				54,441.49	286,431.69
81,532 48	81,532 48					11.942.86	134,289.92
78,245.87	78,245 87	888.56		7,881 31		8,240 47	95, 256 21
123,027.84	123,027 84	1,851.16	61 12			11,073 - 61	136,018 73
136,745 95	136.745 95					9.972 88	146,718-83
9,849 61	9,849 61					1,980.01	11,829 62
40,784.24	40,980 61						58.372 67
29,301.49	29,301 49					2,146.28	31,447 77
42,786.46	42,786 46	382.922.51		1		171,078.26	596,971.32
20,026.14	26,026 14	302,032 01	1				23.979.36
32,577.09	32,577 09				994.75	5.189 53	38,761 37
280,331.57	280,331 57	1,163,031 67	4.862 87	65 014-78	001 10	943,734 · 18	2,456,975.0
189,595.88	189,595 88	979,054.37	893 29	4.812-13		668,479 27	1,842,834 9
12,869 42	12,869 43					1,819.72	14.689 14
9,017.76	9,017 76	880.92				2,032 94	11.931 6
895,762.52	895,761 52	37,415.69	95 07	92.526 16	300.23		1,143,500 (
298,462-15	298,462 15	167.28				27,904 85	348,477.7
63,266.42	53,266 42	6,301.01			139.41	1,928.16	61,495 5
17,205 55	17, 205 55	0,301 01				1,840.43	19,045 9
35,309.32	35,309 32	1 224 83				4,510.74	
38,579 82	38,579 82	1,224 03	1			4,767 23	43,347.0
145,940.52	145,940 52			105.49		20.348 02	166.394 0
75.188 65	75,188 65	130.04		100.40	54.16	15,431.06	93,545 2
3,296.15	3,:96 15	130 04			54.10		4,930 4
103,299 86	103,299 86						123,533 4
26,458.71	26,458 71						38.842 2
20,400 11	#U, ±00		3, 33				8,612.5
						0,0.2	
3.000.491.96	3,000,688 33	2,749,571.51	8,978 - 77	232,958.28	Free 139:47	2,201,034 27	8,194,523-4

## APPENDIX A-Continued-SPIRITS.

DR.

# No. 4.—Comparative Statement of Warehouse

Spirits remaining in Warehouse from last year.	Spirits placed in Warehouse Ex- Manufactory.	Spirits Re- Warehoused and Imported.	Spirits received from other Divisions.	Totals.	Provinces.
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	1883.
1,377,803.98	<b>3,5</b> 09,71 <b>5</b> ·83	138,245 ·21	885,061.80	5,910,829.32	Ontario
193,143 26	14,880 · 10	18,983 · 31	1,517,848.10	1,744,854.77	Quebec
23,525·97 12,299·74	3,524,595 43	68.56	101,341 30 27,925 13	106,319 · 40 5,408 · 10 124,935 · 83 40,244 · 87	New Brunswick
					1994.
15,943·54 562 38	21,825 · 26	62 02	1,504.163:30 148,957:79 77,539 72 4,368:10 109,208 71	1,693,532°07 166,394°00 93,545°28 4,930°48 123,533°47	Ontario Quebec New Brunswick Nova Scotia Prince Edward Island Manitoba British Columbia
1,841,123.05	3,600,046-86	3,781 · 93	2,749,571 .51	8,191,523.40	Tota's

<sup>•</sup>Written Off. †Free.

## Returns for the Years ended 30th June 1883 and 1884.

CR.

Spirits entered for Consumption at \$1.00 and \$1.02 per gallon.			Spirits removed to other Divisions.	Spirits Exported.	Footorier	Free and Spirits written off by authority.	Spirits remaining in Warehouse.	Totals.
Gallons.	\$	cts.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Galloas.
1,271,434 07	1,271,57	5 99	2,731,282.14	10,503 · 05	273,575.63	125 · 45	1,633,908.98	5,910,829.32
Imp. Spirits at 32½ cts. 1,428,829.98 Imp. Spirits	45,08 1,428,82	9 98	60,435.86	****** 1001 0000\$	93,685 77	4,420.40	157,482 · 76	1,741,854.77
at 32½ cts. 164,248·54 85,173·36 4,845·72	164,24 85,17		642.41		2,646·96 2,459·24		17,426 21 15,943 54 562 38	
110,611·07 27,032·45	110,61	11 07				1,654.14	14,324·76 11,474·42	
3,092,175 19 Imp. Spirits at 3½ cts.	3,094,32		2,972,982.38	12,396.08	372,367.60	l	1,841,123.05	
3 007 007.11	1 202 0	21. 40	700 007.51	6,109 · 38	119 500.50	004.75	. 202 200 40	2 200 745 27
1,285,835·11 1,360,472·96			2,703,387·51 45,989·73				1,963,896·42 162,201·49	1,633 532.07
145,940 ·52	145,9	10 52			105.46		20,318.02	166,394.00
75,188 65 3,296 15		88 65 96 15	130 04	1 '		54.16	15,431·06 1,631·33	
103,199 86	103,29	99 86	64.23	1			20,169 38	123,533 47
26,458 · 71	26, 1	53 71	, ,	32 95			12,350 · 57	38,842.23
3,000,491 96	3,000,6	83 32	2,749,571.51	8,978-77	232,958 · 28	*1,349·14 †139·47		8,191,523.40
							1883.	1894.

	1883.		1 <b>8</b> 9 <b>4.</b>	
Total duty collected Ex-Manufactory and Ex-Warehouse Collected on Licenses	\$3,900.241 2,625		\$3,608,246 2,250	
	\$3.902,866	70	\$3,610.496	27

No. 5.—RETURN of Malt Manufactured for the Year ended 30th June 1884.

REVENUE DIVISIONS.	No. of Maltsters.	License Fees.	Grain placed in Steep.		Malt manufactured at 1 cent per lb.		Paid Duty Ex- Manufac- tory.	Warehoused	Total Duty collected Ex-Manufac- tory and on Licenses.
Belleville	3	\$ 150	M. cubic in. 21,821	Lbs. 501,471	M. cubic in. 26,593	Lbs. 387,532	Lbs. 102,826	Lbs. 284,706	\$ cts. 1,178 26
Brantford	3	150	19,280	439,350	20,963	345,043	56,872	288,171	718 72
Cobourg	3	200	40,820	942,646	45,743	735,002	-104,106	630,896	1,241 06
Guelph	12	950	522,111	11,880,168	558,124	9,115,243	433,982	8,681,261	5,289 82
Hamilton	5	700	283,649	6,387,910	327,943	4,937,726		4,937,726	700 00
Kingston	3	150	27,759	645,557	31,331	<b>5</b> 05,685	) 	505,685	150 00
London	7	650	199,744	4,667,926	216,507	3,603,665	191,643	3,412,022	2,566 43
Ottawa	1	50	16,948	401,302	17,310	<b>2</b> 90,119		290,119	<b>5</b> 0 00
Owen Sound	2	100	10,155	227,939	10,813	177,482	2,913	174,569	129 13
Perth	2	100	9,203	215,183	11,517	168,304	27,184	141,120	371 84
Peterborough	2	100	24,461	569,021	26,691	443,713		443,713	100 00
Prescott	4	350	145,334	3,864,204	166,243	2,587,179	570,154	2,017,025	6,051 54
St. Catharines	4	200	59,619	1,369,395	65,368	1,062,973	343,111	719,862	3,631 11
Stratford	4	200	22,591	513,191	24,324	400,829	13,065	387,764	330 65
Toronto.	16	1,900	990,646	22,444,798	1,095,130	17,421,513	2,263,364	15,158,149	24,533 64
Windsor	2	<b>3</b> 00	156,695	3,734,849	177,771	2,984,141		2,981,141	300 00
Totals	73	6,250	2,550,839	58,304,910	2,822,371	45,166,149	4,109,220	41,056,929	47,342_20

Sessional
Papers
(No.
<u>£</u> )

h Montreal	9	875	381,799	9,215,735	419,615	7,028,985	1,259,684	5,764,821	18,471	54
Quebec	1	100	31,156	682,242	33,657	518,507		518,507	100	00
Sherbrooke	1	50	25,784	567,431	28,830	464,066		464,066	50	00
St. Hyacinthe	1	50	583	14,000	1,106	10,525	10,525	,	155	25
Terrebonne	1	50	6,715	152,897	7,206	120,589	*******	120,589	50	00
Totals	13	1,125	446,037	10,632,805	490,414	8,137,672	1,270,189	6,867,483	13,826	89
Halifax, N.S	2	100	35,379	798,477	88,237	612,866	487,897	124,969	4,978	97
Charlottetown, P.E.I	1	50	7,597	168,810	7,852	128,669		128,669	50 (	00
Winnipeg, Man	4	200	50,819	1,154,669	57,602	900,337	363,640	536,697	3,836	40
Tôtals	93	7,725	3,090,671	71,059,171	3,416,476	54,945,693	6,230,946	48,714,747	70,034	46
Less	1	for 1884-85								
	92									

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No 6.—Comparative Statement of Malt Manufactured for the Years ended 30th June 1883 and 1884.

	Provinces.	Number of Maltsters.	License Fees.	Grain placed in Steep.		Malt Ma ctured at		Paid Duty Ex- Manufactory	Warehoused.	Total Duty collected Ex-Manufactory and on Licenses.
	1883.		\$	M. cubic in.	Lbs.	M. cubic in.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	\$ cts.
	Ontario	84	7,475	4,196,383	91,357,453	4,680,086	73,704,279	3,742,570	69,961,709	44,900 70
8	Quebec	12	1,100	504,826	11,446,946	547,627	8,801,077	753,922	8,047,155	8,639 22
	New Branswick	1	50	7,760	173,04 <b>8</b>	8,148	131,016	91,605	36,411	996 05
	Nova Scotia	3	150	40,853	909,384	43,897	701,941	554,500	147, <del>44</del> 1	5,695 00
	Prince Edward Island	1	50	2,433	53,500	2,524	40,506		40,506	<b>5</b> 0 00
	Manitoba	6	275	58,431	1,327,398	62,915	1,014,081	749,686	<b>2</b> 64,395	7,771 86
	British Columbia	1	50	1,166	28,253	1,461	23,219		23,219	50 00
	Totals	108	9,150	4,811,852	108,295,982	5,346,658	84,416,119	5,895,283	78,520,836	68,102 83
	1884.									
	Ontario	73	6,250	2,550,839	58,304,910	2,822,371	45,166,149	4,109,220	41,056,929	47,342 20
	Quebec	13	1,125	446,037	10,632,305	490,414	8,137,672	1,270,189	6,867,483	13,826 89
	Nova Scotia,	2	100	35,319	798,477	38, 237	612,866	497,897	124,969	4,978 97

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(	÷	7	

Prince Edward Island	1	60	7,597	168,810	7,852	128,669		128,669	50 00
Manitoba	4	200	50,819	1,154,669	57,602	900,337	363,640	536,897	3,836 47
Totals	93	7,725	3,090,671	71,059,171	3,416,476	54,945,693	6,230,946	48,714,747	70,034 46
Less	1	For 1884	-'85					ļ	
	92								

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-MALT.

No. 7.-MALT WAREHOUSE RETURN,

	Remaining in Warehouse from last year.	Placed in Warehouse.	Increases.	Received from other Divisions.	Imported.	Totals.	REVENUE DIVISIONS.
I	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	
	69,020 361,380 329,668 1,895,113 917,579 309,759 3,018,182 51,612 54,389 264,402 137,052 779,191 128,863 161,778 3,637,322 199,310 2,781,900 108,340 83,689 65,244 201,045 120,774 14,033 151,849	284,706 288,171 630,896 8,681,261 4,937,726 505,685 3,412,032 290,119 174,569 141,120 443,713 2,017,025 719,862 . 387,764 15,158,149 2,984,141 5,764,321 518,507 464,066 120,589	43,225 199,895 2,598 27,219 807 5,683 1,270 214,950 6,276	21,600 50,400 42,253 3,761,032 41,194 120,000 163,800 577,587 291,695 33,280 5,102,841	27,360	375,326 649,551 960,559 10,619,599 6,065,200 818,042 6,513,447 341,731 222,958 405,522 581,572 2,844,162 849,995 4,310,574 19,078,976 3,189,727 8,666,221 626,847 711,555 125,833 778,632 554,823 142,702 724,670 894,982	Belleville

for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	Intered for Consumption at 1 cent per lb.		Removed to other Divisions.	Exported.	Free and Written off by authority.	Remaining in Warehouse.	Total.
Lbs.	\$ c	ts.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
183,577	1,835	77				101 740	275 200
453,086	4,530		50,400		******	191,749 146,065	375,326
624,128	6,241		00,400				649,551
3,469,338	34,693		3,815,744	1,101,937		336,431 2,232,580	960,559 10,619,599
1,566,118	15,661		71,194	2,540,720	24,777	1,852,391	6,055,200
433,218	4,332		122,253	2,020,120	42,	262,571	818,042
4,421,746	44,217		205,875			1,885,826	6,51 <b>3,447</b>
235,262	2,352		200,010			87,293	341,731
194,070	1,940					34,888	228.938
38,011	380			*******	329,951	37,560	405,522
487,084	4,870					94,488	581,572
2,043,602	20,436		75,864			724,686	2,844,152
372,866	3,728			139,140		337,989	849,995
404,099	4,040			46,800		3,859,675	4,310,574
8,822,465	88,224		317,080	1,333,947		8,605,483	19,078,975
791,347	7,913			725,974		1,672,406	3,189,727
5,846,421	58,464		367,398	21,060		2,431,342	8,666,221
512,135	5,131					114,712	626,847
621,947	6,219					89,608	711,555
101,238	1,012		77,033		,	7,562	185,833
613,899	6,138	99			l	164,733	778,632
496,654	4,968	54				58,169	554,823
63,745	637	45				78,957	142,702
617,293	6.172	93				107,377	724,670
888,807	8,888	07				6,175	894,982
34,302,156	343,021	56	5,102,841	5,909,578	Free354,728 W.O. 19,176	25,420,716	71,109,195

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-MALT

DR.

#### No. 8.—Comparative Statement of Malt Warehouse

Remaining in Ware- house from last year.	Placed in Warehouse.	Increases.	Received from other Divisions.	Imported.	Total.	Provinces.
Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	1883.
15,409,176	69,961,709	1,100,103	2,591,023	6,769	89,068,780	Ontario
2,319,694 258,717	8,047,155 36,411		259,200 477, <b>6</b> 93	48,000	10,674,049 772,821	Quebec New Brunswick
<b>52</b> , 532	147,441		410,870	11,254	623,097	Nova Scotia
21,064	40,506				61,570	Prince Edward Island
76,200	264,395		129,059		463,654	Manitoba
100,113	23,219			557,714	681,046	British Columbia
18,232,496	78,520,836	1,100,103	3,867,845	623,737	102,345,017	Totals
						1884,
12,314,615	41,056,929	501,923	3,916,479	32,984	57,822,930	Ontario
3,039,173	6,867,483		283,800		10,190,456	Quebec
201,045			577,587		778,632	
120,774	124,969	•••••	291,695	17,385	554,823	Nova Scotia
14,033	128,669		33,280	2,844	142,702 724,670	Prince Edward Island
151,849	536,697		33,280	894,982	894,982	British Columbia
15,841,489	48,714,747	501,923	5,102,841	948,195	71,109,195	Totals

<sup>•</sup>Free. †Written off.

# Returns, for the Years ended 30th June 1888 and 1884.

CR.

Ente for Consun 1 cent p	nption at	Removed to other Divisions.	Exported.	Free and Written off by Authority.	Remaining in Warehouse.	Total.
Lbs.	\$ cts.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
24,539,185	245,391 85	3,310,899	47,466,623	3 407 450	10 014 015	00 000 50
7,059,930	70,599 30	556,946	18,000	1,437,458	12,314,615   3,039,173	89,068,780 10,674.049
571,776	5,717 76		10,000		201,045	772,82
480,723	4,807 23		21,600		120,774	623,09
47,537	475 37				14,033	61,57
311,805	3,118 05				151,849	463,65
681,046	6,810 46					681,040
33,692,002	336,920 02	3,867,845	47,506,223	1,437,458	15,841,489	102,345,01
24,540,017	245,400 17	4,658,410	5,888,518	373,904	<b>22,36</b> 2,081	57,822,93
7,081,741	70,817 41	444,431	21,060		2,643,224	10,190,45
613,899	6,128 99				164,733	778,63
496,654	4,966 54 637 45		•••••	]	58,169	554,82
63,745 617,293	6,172 93		***************************************		78,957 107,377	142.70 724 67
888,807	8,888 07			******	6,175	894 98
34,302,156	343,021 56	5,102,841	5,909,578	*354,728 †19,176	25,420,716	71,109,19
					1883.	1884.
Tot	al Duty collect	ed Ex-Wareh	ouse and Ex-	Manufactory	\$395,872 85 9,150 00	\$405,331 0 7,725 0

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

\$405,022 85

\$413,056 02

## APPENDIX A-Continued-MALT LIQUOR.

No. 9.—RETURN of Malt Liquor Manufactured, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Revenus Divisions.	No. of Brewers.	License Fees.	Total Quantity of Malt used for Brewing.	Sugar and Glucose	Malt Liquor Manu- factured,	Malt Liquor Exported.	Duty Collected.
		\$	Lbs.	Lbs.	Galls.	Galls.	\$ cts.
Algoma Belleville Brantford Cobourg Guelph Hamilton Kingston London Ottawa Owen Sound Perth Peterborough Prescott	1 3 4 3 15 4 3 10 3 2 2	50 150 200 150 750 200 150 500 150 160 100	47,192 224,041 472,309 737,636 3,384,631 1,505,156 433,983 4,737,234 473,938 242,737 71,763 490,320 1,759,721		21,218 78,040 146,147 272,168 1,192,752 592,787 153,750 1,654,991 161,626 96,059 20,935 166,320 610,984		
St. Catharines	3 7 17 1 ———————————————————————————————	150 350 850 50 4,250	800,478 597,300 9,341,408 13,857 25,333,704	4,619	271,040 232,494 3,427,951 5,150 9,104,412		358 48 358 48
Iberville Joliette Montreal Quebec Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe Terrebonne	2 1 9 1 2 1	100 50 425 50 100 50	11,344 27,300 7,295,075 515,200 644,889 23,70 17,346		3 099 8,700 2,428,098 182,900 228,850 6,200 5,825		
Totals	17	825	8,534,854		2,863,672	***************************************	
St. John, N.B	$-\frac{2}{5}$	250	1,208,174		188,070	122,923	
Charlottetown, P.E.I	1	50	57,900		19,250	1,080	
Winnipeg, Man	7	350	970,147		288,435		
Victoria, B.C	8	375	826,113		230,422	5,454	
Totals Less	125 2	6,2 <del>0</del> 0 100	37,563,636 For 1884-85	4,619	13,098,700	* 129,457	358 48
1	123	6,100					
I			<del>'</del>			·	

<sup>\*</sup> Of the quantity exported, 114,670 galls. were used by Her Majesty's Army and Navy.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

## APPENDIX A-Continued-MALT LIQUOR.

No. 10.—Comparative Statement of Malt Liquor Manufactured, for the Years ended 30th June 1883 and 1884.

Provinces.	No. of Brewers.	License Fees.	Total Quantity of Malt used for Brewing	Sugar and Glucose.	Malt Liquor Manufactured.	Malt Liquor Exported.	Duty Collected.
1883.  Ontario	85 15 7 5 1 7 9 124 2	\$ 4,225 750 100 250 50 325 450 6,150 belonging	Lbs.  24,476,582 8,081,089 618,350 { 1,082 1,151,499 46,073 1,113,159 652,711 36,140,545 eg to 1883-84	b'ntbarley	Gallons.  8,936,949 2,681,915 186,730 381,818 15,280 367,532 187,220  12,757,444	165,217 4,500 •169,717	\$ cts.
Ontario	85 17 2 5 1 7 8 125 2	4,250 825 100 250 59 359 375 6,200 100 6,100	25,333,704 8,534,854 6 12,744 1,208,174 57,900 970,147 826,113 37,563,636 For 1884-85	4,619	9,104,412 2,863,672 188,070 404,439 19,250 288,435 230,422 13,098,700	122,923 1,080 5,454 †129,457	358 48

<sup>\*</sup>Used by H M. Army and Navy, 149,291 gallons.
† do do 114,670 do

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

## APPENDIX A-Continued-TOBACCO.

No. 11.—RETURN of Manufactures

	LEAF		ND OTHER M	ATERIALS	Lı	ICENSES.	Товасс	Tobacco Manufac		
INLAND REVENUE DIVISIONS.	Produce of Canada.	Foreign Produce.	Other Commodi- ties.	Total weight of all Materials used.	No.	Amount.	At 12 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.		
	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.		\$ cts	Lbs.	Lbs.		
Brantford Hamilton Toronto Windsor		5,512 1,479,556 95,873 82,151	31,088	6,590 1,570,704 126,961 121,731	1	75 00 75 00 75 00 76 00	1,248,908	3994 60, <b>6624</b> 25,3504 107,029		
		1,663,092	162,894	1,825,986	4	300 0	1,501,427	193,441		
Joliette	56,392 37,469 20	7,815,190 604,877 2,053	96,631		12	50 0 812 5 225 0 37 5	7,927,252 587,7:01	1,180,016 440,717 1,050		
	93,881	8,422,120	2,100,281	10,616,282	18	1,125 0	8,516 022	1,621,783		
Halifax	••••••	160,598 65,564				225 0 75 0		3,570 51,513		
		226, 262	44,790	271,052	4	300 0	197,764	55,083		
Charlottetown		169, 253	7,355	176,608	3	225 0	134,769	132,512		
Total	93,881	10,480,727	2,315,320	12,889,928	29	1,950 0	10,349,983	2,002,820		

for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

TURED.		BACCO IN		DIAN TOP		Sı	NUPP M.	ANUFACTU	RBD.	Dury
Ware- housed.	At 20 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	At 2 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	Ware- housed.	At 12 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	At 8 cents per lb.	Paid Du <b>ty</b> .	Collected including License Fees.
Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	\$ cts.
8,751 1,188,246 110,989	200 7,365	200 7,3 <b>6</b> 5					······································		•••••	122 94 7,354 50 3,157 06 14,391 46
1,307,986	7,565	7,565								25,025 96
6,747,236 147,003	212	212	46,339 58,805	58,8051		4,015	5 	112,170	112,170	658 56 154,390 73 62,085 31 163 50
6,894,239	212	212	105,145	89,2331	15,911	4,020	4,920	240,620	240,620	217,298 10
138,206 <del>1</del> 4,475										653 40 6,256 56
142,6812										6,909 96
2,257		<b></b>						·••••	,	16,126 44
8,347,1631	7,777	7,777	105,145	89,2331	15,9111	4,020	4,020	240,620	240,620	265,360 46

# APPENDIX A-Continued-TOBACCO AND CIGARS.\*

No. 12.—Comparative Statement of Manufactures for the Years ended 30th June 1883 and 1884.

	LEAF T	OBACCO AND (	OTHER MATERI	AL USED.	Lic	CENSES.	Товасс	O MANUFAC		Cur To	TES AND BACCO IN ACKAGES CTURED.		ADIAN TOBA		Cie	GARS MANUFACTUR	ED.	Canadia Manufa			Shupp Ma	NUFACTURED.		
Provinces.	Produce of Canada.	Foreign Produce.	Other Com- modities.	Total weight of all Materials used.	Number.	Amount.	At 20 and 12 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	Ware- housed.	At 20 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	At 8 and 2 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	Ware- housed.	At 40 and 30 cents per lb. and \$3 per M.	Paid Duty.	Warehoused.	At 20 and 15 cents per lb. and \$1.5) per M.	Paid Duty.	At 20 and 12 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	At 8 cents per lb.	Paid Duty.	DUTY COLLECTED, INCLUDING LICENSE FEES.
1883.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.		\$ cts.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	\$ cts.
Ontario	198,765	2,637,061 7,264,128 13,640 171,723	158,659 1,515,856 1,457 35,801	2,795,720 8,978,749 15,097 207,524	79 43 1 3	5,775 00 2,887 50 75 00 225 00	6, 241,831 · 50	704,369 19,736	1,389,504·38 5,537,462·50 158,121	1 -		217,001 · 50	190,461 50		433,474.78 506,320.50 7,555	239,412·90 435,575·50 6,187	194,061 · 88 70,745 1,368	7,915.50	7,915.50	101,565	101,5652	54,123	54,123	115,969 85 324,378 60 2,486 80 3,925 56
Prince Edward Island	***************************************	144,557 1,435 71,048	4,486 125	149,043 1,560 71,048	3 1 4	225 00 75 00 225 00	107,704	96,963	10,741						982·43 28,309·25	982·43 7,133·25	21,176		***************************************					17,900 08 453 83 2,839 45
Total	198,765	10,303,592	1,716,384	12,218,741	134	9,437 50	8,023,490.47	927,661.69	7,095,828 - 68			217,001.50	190,461 · 50	26,540	976,641 • 96	689,291 · 08	287,350.88	7,915.50	7,915 -50	101,565	101,5652	54,123	54,123	467,954 17
1884.						200 00		100 4411	1 002 000						No.	No.	No.	No.	No.					
Ontario—Tobacco Factories	\$3,881	1,663,092 1,123,848 8,422,120	162,894 13,892 2,100,281	1,825,986 1,137,740 10,616,282	18	6,000 00 1,125 00	1,501,427½ 8,516,022½	193,441½ 1,621,763½	1,307,986 6,894,239	7,565 212	7,565	105,145	89,2331	15,9111	42,651,260	29,179,910	13,474,350			4,020	4.020	240,620	240,620	25,025 96 93,537 79 217,298 10
Oigar do New Brunswick—Tobacco Factories		1,002,927	33,587	1,036,514	29	2,025 00									39,770,325	31,899,750	7,870,575							97,724 28
Cigar do Nova Scutia—Tobacco Factories Uigar do	******	17,886 226,262	1,279 44,790	19,165 271,052	4	112 50 300 00	197,764}	55,083	142,6811						778,000	738,000	40,000							2,328 50 6,909 96
Prince Edward Island—Tobacco Factories		169,253	7,355	176,608	3	225 00	134,769	132,512	2,257												*************			16,126 44
Manitoba—Tobacco Factories	······	1,346	10	1,356	1	75 00									62,850	62,850								263 55
British Columbia—Tobacco Factories		86,206		86,206	6	412 50									2,495,300	1,112,950	1,382,350							3,751 35
Total—Tobacco Factories	93,881	10,480,727	2,315,320		[ -		10,319,983 <del>1</del>	2,002,820	8,347,163	7,777	7,777	105,145	89,2331	15,9112	}					4,020	4,020	240,620	240,620	265,360 46
Total—Cigar Factories		2, 232,213	48,768	2,280,981	120	8,625 00								<u> </u>	85,760,735	62,993,460	22,767,275		·					197,605 47

\*A separate Comparative Statement of Tobacco cannot be given this year as in 1883, the figures given of Materials used in manufacturing include both Tobacco and Cigar Factories.

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August 1884.

# APPENDIX A-Continued-TOBACCO WAREHOUSE ACCOUNT.

Dr.

No. 13.—RETURN for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

CR.

REMAINING IN WAREHOUSE FROM LAST YEAR. PLACED IN WARE	PLACED IN W HOUSE FRO OTHER DIVIS	M TOTAL WEIGHT TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR.	EX-WAREHOUSED FOR EXCISE DUTY.  EX-WAREHOUSED FOR EXCISE DUTY.  OTHER DIVISION	EX-WAREHOUSED FOR EXPORTATION, &c.	WRITTEN OFF BY AUTHORITY. TAKEN FOR RE-WORKIN	REMAINING IN WAREHOUSE.	TOTAL WEIGHT ACCOUNTED FOR.
Tobacco.  Gigarottes and Cut Tobacco. bacco. Tobacco.  Tobacco Re- Warehoused.  Gigarettes and Out Tobac-	Canadian To- bacco. Tobacco.	Cigarettes and Out Tobacco.  Canadian Tobacco.  Suoisivid annaval during and Tobacco.	Cligarettes and Cut Tobacco, at 20 cents per lb.  Canadian Tobacco, at 2 cents per lb.	Exported.	Tobacco.	Tobacco.  Gigarettes and Unt Tobacco.  Canadian Tobacco.	Tobacco. Cigarettes and Gut Tobacco. Canadian To-
Lbs. Lbs. Lbs. Lbs. Lbs. Lbs.	Lbs. Lbs.	Lbs. Lbs.	Lbs Lbs. \$ cts. Lbs.	Lbs. Lbs.	Lbs. Lbs.	Lbs. Lbs. Lbs.	Lbs. Lbs Lbs.
3,143 31,637.50 32,690 828-50 1,220 889 340,120.75 43,355-50 55,129 34,499.50 2,585-50 3,267 14,034 895 3,629 214,408 7,224.18 17.50  457,169 59,609.50 4,253 1,591 21,567 123,500 6,751 203,909 1,830 14,105.50 5,452-50 19,719.50	28,2 14,7 1,176,4 26,6 		4 50       3,478 14         9       10,723 08         20,022 36       12,221         178 80       101 34         4 50       101 34         5       3,036 60         134,152 98       745,437         4 7,430 60       11,581         3       51,131 16       321         0 50       28,938 46       425         1,773 60       12,220 56       3,216 90         8 750       3,216 90       1,934 22         143,997 84       110,338       115,195 37       4,578,852         9 50       33,985 14       34,425         9 50       5,458 80       1,512 78       34,425         9 50       1,512 78       5,531 88       3,214 76       2,780         8 8       8       82,888 56       6,007       2,060 40       1,891         4 75       32       1,512 78       5,531 88       1,369         4 75       32       1,512 78       5,531 88       1,214 76       2,780         8 8       8       82,888 56       6,007       2,060 40       1,891         4 550       4,917 18       4,917       4,917       4,917       4,917       4,917 <td< td=""><td>1,128</td><td>332</td><td>14,635 23,461-50 973-50 375-50 4,700-50 419-044-50 43,377 42-969 42,217-50 1,278 1,562 11,678-50 2,366-50 1,922-50 190,383 7,337 11,092-5 87,259-50 6,421-50 9,114 7,570-50 88,746 80 155,586-50 1,607</td><td>7,340,871 25 3 22 438,220 50 51,911 50 52,769 50 53,669 50</td></td<>	1,128	332	14,635 23,461-50 973-50 375-50 4,700-50 419-044-50 43,377 42-969 42,217-50 1,278 1,562 11,678-50 2,366-50 1,922-50 190,383 7,337 11,092-5 87,259-50 6,421-50 9,114 7,570-50 88,746 80 155,586-50 1,607	7,340,871 25 3 22 438,220 50 51,911 50 52,769 50 53,669 50

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1834.

# APPENDIX A-Continued-TOBACCO WAREHOUSE ACCOUNT.

DR.

# No. 14-Comparative Statement for the Years ended 30th June 1883 and 1884.

CR.

	IN WAREH		P	ACED IN WA	AREHOUSE.		PLACED IN WA	REHOUSE FROM	Total Weigh	т то ва Ассо	UNTED FOR.		Ex-V	WAREHOUSED	FOR EXCISE D	UTY.	Ex-Waree FOR REMOVAL DIVISION	TO OTHER	Tobacco Ex-Warehouse Exportation	D FOR	WRITTEN OFF BY AUTHORITY.	Taken for Re- Working.	REMAIN	NG IN WAREH	ouse.	Total Wrigh	T Accoun	STED FOR.
Tobacco.	Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco	Canadian To- bacco.	Tobacco.	Tobacco Re- Warehoused.	Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco Re-Ware-housed.	Canadian To- bacco.	Tobacco.	Canadian To- bacco.	Tobacco.	Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco	Canadian To- bacco.	Provinces.	Tobacco at 20 cents and 12 cents per lb.	Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco at 20 cents per 1b.	Canadian To- bacco at 2 cents and 8 cents per lb.	Duty.	Ториссо.	Canadian To- bacco.	Exported.	Ship's Stores.	Tobacco.	Tobacco.	Tobacco.	Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco	Canadian To- bacco.	Tobacco.	Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco	Canadian To- bacco.
Lbs.  874,035·25 1,141,369 186,732 318,112·50 9,283 129,354·50 38,780 19,719·50	Lbs.		Lbs.  1,389,501-38 5,537,462-50  158,121 10,741		Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.  3,255 975 362,543·50 800,839 662,783·50 14,429 336,975·50 153,883·50	652	Lbs.  5,519,514-63 7,041,375 987,571 1,139,164 34,453 456,330 192,663-50 19,719-50	Lbs.		Ontario	Lbs.  3,760,247·50 1,569,822·50 834,413 799,783 27,181·50 353,068·50 141,919·50		Lbs. 4,028·50 21,859·50 652	\$ cts 667,426 :44 273,672 :21 146,052 :21 149,655 :93 4,647 :83 61,272 :34 24,046 :31	966,084°50 4,566,909°50 8,001 35,644 646	Lbs. 5,217	Lbs. 3,268: 20 372,418: 50 77,033: 50 276	Lbs.  254  108 157  102.50	Lbs. 87·50 9,502 740 86·50	Lbs.	Lbs. 789,572-93 522,722-50 145,157 226,595-50 5,452-50 103,175-50 19,719-50	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.  5,519,514 63 7,041,375 987,571 1,139,164 34,453 456,330 192,663.50 19,719.50		Lbs. 4,028-50 27,076-50 652
2,717,385.75			7,095,828-88	14'	7	26,540	5,577,429	5,217	15,390,790 · 63		31,757	Totals 1884.	7,486,435 50		26,540	1,324,773 - 29	<u> </u>	5,217	452,996.20	621.20			1,862,892.43			15,390,790 · 63	-	31,757
789,555-43 522,622-50 145,157 226,595-50 5,452-50 103,175 50,497-50 19,719-50	100		1,307,986 6,894,239 142,681·50 2,257	100	2 222 9 2 82 50	15,911.50	3,515,660 435,860·28 517,052 626,407 3,073 19,4°7 93,728		5,613,201·43 7,852,723·75 662,209 995,793 10,784·50 422,582 144,225·50 19,719·50	17·50 322 82·50	15,911 · 50	Ontario	3,898,067 18 1,806,730 75 564,523 50 759,507 50 7,236 50 342,839 50 117,142	322	4,819	467,771 5 216,248 4 67,742 8 91,140 9 868 8 41,140 7 14,073 5	4,613,278 1,369 14,740 1,475	5	4,047·50 360,079 51,522 200	2,969 102	19,540·50 100 2,005 616	44,234·50 7,776	811,221 1,034,301 50 96,316 50 157,273 50 1,155 79,742 50 27,011 50 19,719 50		11,092.50	662,209 995,793 10,784-50 422,582 144,225-50 19,719-50	322 	15,911 50
1,862,774.93	117.5	0	8,347,163.50	11	3 304 50	15,911.50	5,511,187 - 28		15,721,238 68	422	15,911.50	Totals	7,490,046 93	422	4,819	898,986 4	5,511,187.2	5	415,848.50	3,142	22, 261 · 50	<b>52</b> ,010 · <b>5</b> 0	2,226,741		11,093 50	15,721,238.68	422	<b>15,9</b> 11·50

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

APPENDIX A — Continued — TOBACCO, RAW LEAF; INCLUDING DR. No. 15.—RETURN for the Year ended 30th June 1884,

Remai in Wareh from last y	ouse	Placed in Warehous	se.	Placed Ware- house fr other Division	om	Total Weights to counted for	be ac-	Inland Revenue Di-	for being cie	Dut defic s or	y, cien- 1
Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Canadian.	visions.	Foreign.	Canadian.	Duty.
Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Pollo-:11	Lbs.	Lbs.	\$cts.
		68,487		1,666 3,213		1,666 71,700		Belleville Brantford		••••	
		370		506		876		Cornwall			
		13,576		291		13,867		Guelph			
12,938		360.803		7,978		381,719		Hamilton			
	******	12,011		2,432		14,443		Kingston		••••	
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		124,541		27,222		151,763 987		London Ottawa		••••	• • • • • • •
		3,052		301		3,052		Prescott	, ,	••••	
		11,658		537		12,205		St. Catharines			
		3,640		1,206		4,846		Stratford			
1,822		90,902		3,008		95,732	1.000	l'oronto	38		11 40
	1,002	16,136	•••••	2,938		19,074	1,002	Windsor	38	-	11 40
14,760	1,002	705,186		51,984		771,930	1,002				
23,2093	16.002	248,094		70,832		342,3253	16,002	Montreal	26		3 12
20,2004		550		53,301		53,851		Quebec			
		19,072		22,729		41,801		Sherbrooke			
,		******		292		292		Sorel	ļ	ļ	ļ
		2,991	•	14,220		17,211		St. Hyacinthe		••••	
1,591		5,99		22,741		30,331		Three Rivers.			
24,8003	16,002	276,906		184,105		485,8113	16,002		26		3 12
		15,205				15,205		Halifax			\
		101,145				101,145		Charlottet'n			
		1,414				1,414		Victoria			
$39,560\frac{3}{4}$	17,004	1,099,856		236,089		1,375,505 <del>3</del>	17,004	Total	64		14 52
					Сом	PARATIVE	E STAT	TEMENT for	r the	Fi	scal
	Ī	1	Ī	l		l .	Ī	1883.	1	Π	Ī
5,779	36,155						39,202	Ontario	142.94		
25,947	45,792	190,712.25			38,974		84,766	Quebec N. Brunswick	53		10 60
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		8,506		2,305		2,305 8,506	1	Nova Scotia			
		2,247.50				2,247.50		Manitoba		[]	1
3,703						3,703		B. Columbia.			
	81,947	1,075,832 69	2,284	87,005.50	39,737	1,198,267:19	123,968	1884.	195 · 94	218	62 20
					<del></del>		·	·{	1-00	-	-
14,760				51,934	······	771,930		Ontario	. 38		. 11 40
41,0007	16,002	276,906		184,105		485,8113	10,00	Quebec N. Brunswick			. 3 12
		15,205			1	15,205	1	Nova Scotia			
		101,145				101,145		P. E. Island.	. ]		.
			ļ					Manitoba	.		
		1,414				1,414	ļ	B. Columbia	·[		· · ····
29,560	17,004	1,099,856		236,089		1,375,5053	17,00	1	64	<b> </b>	. 14 52

## STEMS, SCRAPS, AND CUTTINGS.

and Comparative Statement for the Years 1883 and 1884.

CR

Ex- Warehouse removal other Divis	to	Ex-Ware- housed for Exportation.	of	ritten ff by thority	Taken for Horticultur'I Purposes	Ex-Wareh for Manufact	1	Remaini in Wareh		Total Weights accorder.	
Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Canadian.	Foreign.	Canadian.
Lbs. 37 30,388	Lbs.	Lbs. 34,369	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs	Lbs. 1,629 6,740	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs	Lbs. 1,666 71,700	Lbs
1,992 41,248 12 1,086	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10,998 279,363 5,577 <b>62,</b> 028				876 877 17,571 8 352 87,115		43,537 502 1,534		876 13,867 381,719 14,443 151,763	
3,052 579 1,774 19,804		11,089 1,866 67,653			987	537 1,203 8,237 10,570	••••••			987 3,052 12,205 4,846 95,732	
99,972		8,504 481,447		1,002		143,710		45,776		19,074 77;,930	1,002
126,869 207		90,783 550 2,634	l			105,751 <u>1</u> 53,301 36,187 292	16,002	2,773		342,3253 53,851 41,801	16,00
3,535 5,506						13,676 24,825				17,211 30,331	
136,117		93,967 2,220	il			234,032½ 627	16,002	12,358		485,8113 15,205	16,00
						93,065		8,080		101,145	
		1,414								1,414	
236,089		579,048					16,002	87,2111		1,375 5053	17,00
Years er	ıded	30th Ju	ne	1883	and_	1884					
19,173 65,585	37,954 1,783	96,313	170	28 4,363		3?4,109·50 92,054·50 2,303			1,002 16,002		
2,217.50		8,506				3,703				8,506 2,247·50 3,703	
87,005.50	39,757	649,163	170	4,391		422,172	67,618	39,560 75	17,00	1,198,267 19	123,9
99,972 136,117		481,447 93,967	673	1,002	987	143,710 234,032½	16,002			771,930 485,811¾	1,00 16,00
**************************************	······	2,220				93 065	•••••	12.358 8,080	**************************************	15.205 101,145	•••••
236,089		1,414								1,414	••••••

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-CANADA TWIST TOBACCO.

No. 16.—Statement of Revenue collected from Canada Twist Tobacco, manufactured by Cultivators, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

INLAND REVENUE DIVISIONS.	Lice	nses.	Canada Twist, at 4 & 2 cts.	Duty collected in-
THERE ELVERCE DIVIDIONS.	No.	Amount	per lb.	cluding Fees.
Ottawa		\$	Lbs.	\$ cts.
lberville	3	6	485	15 70
Joliette	184 14	369 28	1 224,141   1,870	4,850 82 65 40
Sorel	i	2	106	4 12
St. Hyacinthe	1	2	1,975	41 50
TerrebonneThree Rivers	1		268 300	7 36 6 00
Total	201	408	232,923	5,128 84

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for Years ended 30th June, 1883 and 1884.

Years.	Provinces.	Lice	N8 <b>B</b> 8-	Canada Twist,	conected, in-
Teuro.		No.	Amount	per lb.	cluding Fees.
1883	OntarioQuebec			Lbs. 341 178,1791	\$ cts. 1 37 6,480 36
<b> </b>	Total			178,2133	6,481 73
1884	Ontario	204	4(8	3 778 229,145	137 94 4,990 90
	Total	204	408	232,923	5,128 84

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

No. 17.—RETURN of Manufactures, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	LEAF AND	OTHER MATER	IAL USED.	L	ICENSES.	CIGARS	AT \$3 PER TI	IOUSAND.	Duty collecte
INLAND REVENUE DIVISIONS.	Foreign Produce.	Scrap: and Cuttings.	Total weight of Material used.	No.	Amount.	Produced.	Paid Duty.	Warehoused.	including License Fees
	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.		\$ cts.	No.	No	No.	\$ cts
Belleville	20,245	392	20,637	i 2	150 00	930,970	691,050	239,850	2,223 1
Brantford	152,658	1,988	154,646	14	1,012 50	5,819,400	4,577,550	1,241,850	14,745
Cornwall	230	67	297	1	37 50	9,000	9,000		64
Guelph	53,723	1,437	55,160	8	600 00	2,338,350	1,259,050	1,079,300	4,377
Hamilton	158,425	1,860	160.225	12	862 50	6,090,825	5,454,675	636,150	17,224
Kingston	30,398	375	30,773	2	150 00	1,163,150	929,400	233,750	2,938
London	305,220	2,549	307,769	14	1,012 50	11,365,750	8,275,800	3,089,950	25,839
Owen Sound	607	27	634	j 1	75 00	34,100	34,100		177
Prescott	14 863	102	14,965	1	*150 00	632,900	336,300	296,600	1,158
St. Catharines	39,531		39,531	4	262 50	1,412,550	1,412,550		
Stratford	29,240	1,169	30,409	6	412 50	1,101,300	708,550	392,750	2,538
Toronto	277,841	3,986	281,827	15	1,125 00	10,242,535	4,674,085	5,568,450	15,147
Windsor	40,867	·····	40,867	2	150 00	1,513,500	817,800	695,700	2,603
	1,123,848	13,892	1,137,740	82	6,000 00	42,654,260	29,179,9.0	13,474,350	93,537
Montreal	901,486	29,361	930,847	2'	1,462 50	35,914,800	28,518,050	7,396,750	87,016
Sherbrooke	30,281	50	30,331	2	150 00	1,299,925	1,141,500	158,425	3,574
Sorel	24,020		24,020	1	75 00	1,002,200	1,002,200		3.081
St. Hyacinthe	13,619	1,978	15,597	3	187 50	486,800	486,800		1,647
Three Rivers	33,521	2,198	35,719	2	150 00	1,066,600	751,200	315,400	2,403
	1,002,927	33,587	1,036,514	<b>2</b> 9	2,025 00	39,770,325	31,899,750	7,870,575	97,724 2
St. John, N B	17,886	1,279	19,165	2	112 50	778,000	738,000	40,000	2,328
Winnipeg	1,346	10	1,356	1	75 00	62,850	62,850		263
Victoria	86,206		86,206	-6	412 50	2,495,300	1,112,950	1,382,350	3,751
Total	2,232,213	48,768	2 280,981	120	8,625 00	85,760,735	62,993,460	22,767,275	197,605

<sup>\* 1</sup> Fee of 1884-85.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

# APPENDIX A-Continued-CIGAR WAREHOUSE ACCOUNT.

DR.

#### No. 18.—RETURN for the Year

Remaining in Warehouse from last year.	Placed in Warehouse.	Re- Warehoused	Placed in Warehouse from other Divisions.	Total Number to be Accounted for.	INLAND REVENUE DIVISIONS.
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
	239,850		l I	239,850	Belleville
400,850	1,241,850			1,642,700	Brantford
171,250	1,079,300			1,250,550	Guelph
352,900	636,150			989,050	Hamilton
30,000	233,750			263,750	Kingston
997,500	3,089,950	2,580	20,000	4,110,030	London
100,000				100,000	Ottawa
27,300	296,600			323,900	Prescott
67,400				67,400	St. Catharines
109,050	892,757			501,800	Stratford
980,600	5,563,450			6.549,050	Toronto
270,200	695,700			965,900	Windsor
185,300				185,300	Iberville
3,680,425	7,396,750			11 077,175	Montreal
	158,425			158,425	Sherbrooke
00.500	315,400			315,400 130,500	Three Rivers
90,500	40,000			30,000	St. John
30,000 20,000				20,000	
294, <b>5</b> 50	1,382,350	****************		1,676,990	Winnipeg
7,807,825	22,767,275	2,580	20,000	30,597,680	Total

ended 30th June 1884.

CR.

Ex-Warehouser Duty			Ex-Ware- housed for Removal	Ex- Warehoused for	Written off by	Remaining in	Total Number
At \$3 p. M.	Duty.		to other Divisions.	Exportation.	Authority.	Warehouse.	for.
No.	\$	cts.	No.	No.	No	No.	No.
125,350	376	05	<u> </u>	l I		114,500	239,850
1,174,850	3,524			40,100		427,750	1,642,700
811,600	2,434		***************************************	,		438,950	1,250,550
571,150	1,713			•		417,900	989,050
101,700	305	10				162,050	263 750
3,390,655	10,171					719,375	4,110,030
100,000	<b>300</b>	00					100,000
292,80 /	878					31,100	323,900
67,400	202						67,400
334,400	1,003					167,400	501,800
4,760,050	14,280					1,789,000	6,549,050
887,300	2,661			••••••		78,600	955,900
20,900	62		00.000	110.000		164,400	185,300
8,757,350	26,272		20,000	110,000	287,475	1,902,350	11,077,178
121,725	365			********		36,700	158,42
63,000	189			***************************************		252,400	315,400 130,500
130,500	391			l			30,000
30,000	90 60						20,000
20,000 1,308,800	3,926			***************************************		368,100	1,676,90
							<del></del>
23,069,530	69,208	61	20,000	150,100	287,475	7,070,575	30,597,680

# APPENDIX A .- Continued -CIGAR WAREHOUSE ACCOUNT.

Dr. No. 19.—Comparative Statement for the

Remaining in Warehouse from last Year.	Placed in Warehouse.	Re- Warehoused.	Placed in Warehouse from other Divisions.	Total Number to be Accounted for.	Provinces.
Lbs. 31,969·26	Lbs. 194,061.88	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs. 229,077 14	1883.
12,092 75	70,745		1,285	84,121.75	Quebec
	1,368		•	1,368	New Brunswick
165	······		1,113	1,278	Nova Scotia
			1,515	1,515	Manitoba
849-25	21,176			22,025.25	British Columbia
45,076-26	287,350.88		6,959	339,386·14	Totals
No.	No.	No.	No.	No	1884.
3,507,050	13,474,350	2,550	20,000	17,003,980	Ontario
3,865,725	7,870,575			11,736,300	Quebec
90,500	40,000			130,500	New Brunswick
30,000			••••••	30,000	Nova Scotia
20,000			•••••	20,000	Manitoba
294,550	1,382,359		-00000 000000	1,676,900	British Columbia
7,807,825	22,767,275	2,580	20,000	30,597,680	To als

Years ended 30th June, 1883 and 1884.

CR.

Ex-Warrhoused for Excise Duty.			Ex- Warehoused for Removal to	Ex- Warehoused	Written off by	Remaining	Total Number
At 40 & 30 cts. per lb.	Duty.		other Divisions.	for Exportation	Authority.	Warehouse.	Accounted for.
Lbs.	\$	cts	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
186,125 39	70,000	99	158	496.36	1,221 45	41,075.94	229,077-14
28,213·75	9,655	20	6,801	207		48,901	84,122.75
313	93	90		••••	*****	1,055	1,368
126	37	80		748		404	1,278
1,186	355	80			······································	329	1,515
17,892.50	6,886	52				4,132 75	<b>22,</b> 025 <b>25</b>
233,856 64	87,030	21	6,959	1,451 36	1,221.45	95,897.69	339,386·14
At \$3 per M.							-
No.	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
12,617,255	37,851	77		40,100		4,346,625	17,003,980
8,962,975	26,888	91	20,000	110,000	287,475	2,355,850	11,736,300
130,500	391	50					130,500
30,000	90	00					30,000
20,000	60	00					20,000
1,308,800	3,926	40		*******	••• ••••	368 <sub>,</sub> 10 <b>9</b>	1,676,900
23,069,530	69,208	61	20,000	150,100	287,475	7,070,575	30,597,680

Total Excise duty collected on Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, including Canada Twist:—

1883—Ex-Manufactory and Ex-Warehouse, including Licenses... \$1,886,301 60

1884— do do ... 1,436,304 31

# APPENDIX A-Continued-INSPECTION OF PETROLEUM.

No. 20—Return of Fees for Inspection of Petroleum for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	Packages.						
	At 30 ct. At 10 cts.			At 5 cts.		At 21 cis	1
INLAND REVENUE DIVISIONS	Imported,	Canadian.	Imported.	Canadian.	Imported.	Canadian.	Fees Collected
Belleville Brantford Guelph Hamilton Kingstou London Ottawa Prescott Stratford Toronto Windsor	302 234 115 569 1,474 121 3,583 1,542 	1,174 86 2,843 133,148 4,120 2,598 13,996	27 1 5	2	3 40 1 4 48	6,113	\$ cts. 90 60 187 70 43 10 455 00 442 35 13,503 94 1,491 60 1,491 60 462 75 389 99 2,957 80 409 00
Montreal Quebec	7.772 1,883 9,654	20,495	574 75 649		5 5		4,438 75 572 10 5,010 85
Charlottetown	2,821		275				873 80
Winnipeg		2,478					247 80
Total	26,970	180,938	957	2	53	11,319	26,566 28

# APPENDIX A- Continued-INSPECTION OF PETROLEUM.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the Years ending 30th June 1883 and 1884.

Years.	Basanian	1	Fees '			
	Provinces.	At 30 cts.	At 10 cts.	At 5 cts.	At 2½ cts	Collected.
1883	Ontario	16,888 9,769 1,607 28,264	140,645 22,324 119 2,174 165,262	76 2 209 287	7,852	\$ cts 19,331 04 5,163 20 504 45 217 40 25,216 09
Qu Pri	Ontario	2 821	157,998 21,144 275 2,478		11,319	20,423 83 5,010 83 873 86 247 86
	1	26,970	181,895	55	11,319	26,566 2

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

# APPENDIX A-Continued-MANUFACTURES IN BOND.

#### No. 21.—RETURN of Manufactures

			MATER	ALS USE	o.	PRODUCTS OF MANUFACTURES.					
Revenue Divisions	Number of Licenses.	License Fees.	Proof Spirits.	Beer, Wine, Vinegar &c.	Wood Naptha.	Vinegar at 4 cents per Gallon.	Methylated Spirits at 15 cents per Gallon.	Duty Accruing.			
		\$	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	\$ cts.			
Hamilton	2	100		•	_	120, 202.66		•			
Kingston	1	50	,	,		,		1,388 21			
Toronto	3		,	,	1		<b>l</b>	<b>'</b>			
Windsor	1	50			423	4,986.54	4,014.02	'			
Montreal	2	100	92,526 16	12,456	7,832	109,608-37	72,282 95	15,226 77			
Quebec	1	50	21,803.96		497	66,526 16	4,466-35	3,331 00			
*St. John, N.B			. 105.46	77		258-44		10 33			
	_				<b> </b>						
Totals	10	500	232,958 · 28	44,448	11,315	594,972.79	105,112-05	39,565 62			

<sup>•</sup> No license issued this year, the factory just being worked long enough to wind up last years operations.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Du collect Vine Ex-Manu	ted on egar	Vinegar for War	entered chouse.	Duty coll Methylate Ex-Mann	d Spirits	Methylat ent for Wa	Total Duties collected ex-Manu- factory, including License Fee.	
Galls.	<b>\$</b> cts.	Galls.	\$ cts.	Galls.	\$ cts.	Galls.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.
109,871.48	4,394 84	10,331.18	413 25	14·06	2 11	11,732 55	1,759 89	4,496 95
11,723.54	468 93	22,931.90	919 28		•••••			518 93
256,158 48	10,246 21	2,526 70	101 08		••••••	12,602 12	1,890 27	10,396 31
4,986.54	199 46			4,014.02	602 10			851 56
104,166.82	4,166 66	<b>5,441 5</b> 5	217 66	72,282.95	10,842 45			15,109 11
59,916 08	2,396 67	6,610 08	264 38		********	4,466.35	669 95	2,446 67
258 44	10 <b>3</b> 3		•••••		·····			10 33
547,081.38	21,883 20	47,891-41	1,915 65	76,311.03	11,446 66	28,801 02	4,320 11	33,829 86

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

# APPENDIX A-Continued-MANUFACTURES IN BOND.

#### No. 22.—Comparative Statement of Manufactures

			MATERI	ALS USE	D.	Pro	DUCTS OF A	IANUFACTUR	ES.
Provinces.	Number of Licenses.	License Fees.	Proof Spirits.	Beer, Wine, Vine- gar, &c.	Wood Naph- tha.	Vinegar at 4 cts. per Gallon.	Methy- lated Spirits at 15 cts. per Gallon.	Varnish at \$1.90 per Gallon.	Duties Accruing.
	-								
1883.			Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	\$ cts.
Ontaria	8 4 1 1	650 450 50 50		12,819 556	5,248	142,540·91 5,799·65	48,953.42	9,988.97	221,531 63 32,023 67 231 99 409 52
Totals	14	1,200	372,367.60	37,552	11,096	500,845.44	102,768.76	115,130-39	254,196 81
1884. Ontario Quebec New Brunswick	7 3			12,456			76,749.30		20,997 52 18.557 77 10 33
Totals	10	50.	232,958.28	44,448	11,315	591,972-79	105,112.05		39,565 62

<sup>\*</sup> No license issued this year; the factory just being worked long enough to wind up last year's operations.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

for the Years ended 30th June 1883 and 1884.

Du Collect Vine Ex-Manu	ied on   gar	Vine entered Wareho	for	Du Collec Methy Spir Ex-Manu	ted on lated its	Methy!ate ente for War	ered	Varnish entered for Ware- house.	Total Duties Collected, Ex-Manu- factory, including License Fees.
Galls. 328,498.56 135,903.79 3,536:20 1,675.21 469,603.76 382,740.04 164,082.90 258.44 547,081.38	5,436 14 141 40 67 01 18,784 04 15,309 54 6,563 33 10 33	Galls.  13,778·28 6,637·12 2,263·45 8,562·83 31,241·68 35,839·78 12,051·63	265 49 90 59 342 51 1,249 77 1,433 61 482 04	79,032·25 4,028·08 72,282·95	11,854 83 604 21 10,842 45	23,736·51 24,334·67 4,466 35	3,560 44 3,650 16 669 95	Galls. 105,141 42 9,988 97 115,130 39	13,229 14 191 40 117 01

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

# APPENDIX A—Continued—MANUFACTURES IN BOND.

# No. 23.-Warehouse Return for

REMAINING IN WARRHOUSE FROM LAST YEAR.	PLACED IN	WAREHOUSE.	То	TAL.	REVENUE DIVISIONS.
Vinegar.	Vinegar.	Methylated Spirits.	Vinegar.	Methylated Spirits.	
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	
	10,331 18	11,732 55	10,331.18	11,732.55	Hamilton
4,162 47	<b>22</b> ,981·90		27,144.37		Kingston
	2,526.70	12,602-12	2,526 70	12,602.12	Toronto
	5,441.55		5,441.55		  Montreal
	6,610 08	4,466 35	6,610.08	4,466.35	Quebec
4,162 47	47,891-41	28,801.02	52,053 88	28,801.02	Totals

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

the Year ended 30th June 1884.

Enter	RED FOR CONSUMPTIO	ж	REMAINING IN WARE MOUSE:	Totals.				
Vinegar.	Methylated Spirits.	Duty.	Vinegar.	Vinegar.	Methylated Spirits.			
Gallons.	Gallons.	\$ cts.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.			
3,769 49	11,732.55	1,910 65	6,561.69	10,331·18	11,732.5			
17,803 86		712 18	9,340.51	27,144.37				
2,526.70	12,602-12	1,991 33		2,526.70	12,602.1			
1,954-47		78 17	3,487.08	5,441 55				
6,610.08	4,466 35	934 35		6,610.08	4,466			
32,664.60	28,801.02	5,626 69	19,389 28	52,053 88	28,801			

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-MANUFACTURES IN BOND.

# No. 24-COMPARATIVE Warehouse Return,

Vinegar remaining in	PLACE	D IN WARE	Hous <b>e.</b>		Total.		
Warehouse from last year.	Vinegar.	Methylat- ed Spirts.	Varnish.	Vinegar.	Methylat- ed Spirits.	Varnish.	Provinces.
Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	1883.
5,8:2:42	13,778 28	23,736-51	10 <b>5,141•4</b> 2	19,600.70	23,736.51	   10 <b>5</b> ,141-42	Ontario
	6,637.12		9,988-97	6,637.12		9,988 97	Quebec
	<b>2,263</b> ·45			2,263.45			New Brunswick.
	<b>8,562</b> ·83	*******		8,562·83		······································	Nova Scotia
5,822·42	31,241.68	23,736.51	115,130 39	37,064 10	23,736.51	115,130·39	Totals
							1884.
4,162 47	35,839.78	24,334.67	 	40,002-25	24,331 67	.,	Ontario
	12,051-63	4,466 35		12,051-63	4,466.35		Quebec
4,162.47	47,891.41	28,801 02		52,053 88	28,801.02		Totals

Inland Revenue Department, Oltawa, 15th August 1884.

for the Years ended 30th June, 1883 and 1884.

Enterer	o for Consus	MPTION.		Vinegar		Totals.	
Vinegar.	Methylat- ed Spirits.	Duty.	Varnish Exported.	remaining in Warehouse.	Vinegar.	Methylated Spirits.	Varnish.
Galls.	Galls.	\$ cts.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.
15,438.23	23,736.51	4,177 98	105,141.42	4,162-47	19,600-70	23,736 51	105,141-42
6,637.12		265 47	9,988.97		6,637·12		9,988· <b>97</b>
2,263.45		90 52			2,263.45		
8,562-83		<b>3</b> 42 <b>4</b> 8			8,562.83		
<b>32,</b> 901 · <b>6</b> 3	23,736 51	4,876 45	115,130·39	4,162.47	37,064·10	23,736.51	115,130·39
<b>24,</b> 100·05	24,334.67	4,614 16	3	15,902.20	40,002 25	24,334.67	
8,564·55	4,466.35	1,012 52	2	3,487.05	12,051-63	4,466.35	
32,664.60	28,801.02	5,626 68		19,389·28	52,053.88	28,801.02	
-						1881.	1882.
	Total Duty	collected.	Ex-Manufacto	ory and Ex-W	arehouse	¥35,515 32	\$38,956 54

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

CANALS.

No. 25—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

ARTICLES.	Cana Car	rom dian to aadian orts.	Cana Unite	rom dian to d States orts.	United 8	States	Fr United S Cans Pos	dian	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Uр.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
•												\$ cts
Ashes, Pot and Pearl		6 340						21		30 34:)	30 340	5 85 9 72
Apples Agricultural Products, not enu-		340					••••			-	0.10	
merated, Vegetable		••••	2	1,196				2	2	1,198	1,200	48 71
Agricultural Products, not enu-					. <b></b>			6		6	6	1 20
merated, Animal	••••	8								8	8	1 60
		52	9,138	240		735			9,138	1,027	10,165	1,546 10
Bricks	60								60		60	9 00
Bones							<b></b> .					
Brimstone				············								58 02
Cement and Water Lime	305		142	··	25		58		530 126	1,985	530 2,111	202 18
Clay, Lime and Sand	126	1,985	••••			5,937	26,439	81,081	224,168	87,008	311,176	60,553 57
Coal	2,183 84	1.027	•••••				20,433	99,618	84	163,523	163,607	32,714 51
Corn		1,046	1			02,010		33,010	1	100,020	1	0 15
Cotton, Raw			, –		t						l	
Crockery and Earthenware	31					1	17		48	1	49	6 62
					71	l			71		71	10 65
Fish					865	1			865	1	863	129 95
Flax and Hemp												
Flour	271	10,444				1,413		1,932	271	13,789	14 060	943 39
Furniture	5		4		36	26	!. <b></b>	22	45	48	93	16 28
Gypsum		728		260				9	94	988 10	9º8 34	12 3 t 2 48
Glass, all kinds	24					1			24 26		26	3 90
Hay, Pressed	26						•••••				20	3 30
Hogs	12				4	3		2	16	5	21	3 40
Horses Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs		10				42		41	10	93	93	18 60

Iron, Railway	i Ice	,	r	ı	ı	,	1						
do Pig	Iron Railway	20				1 007							
do All other   531   299	do Pig			1		,		1			139		
Front   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Process   Proces	do All other											22	0 43
Stroit   Schemical Ore and other	Ison One		1				67	24	15		82		790 23
Section   Control   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Sect	Z	•••••	<u> </u>	9,708		18,213		. <b></b>		27,951		27,951	1.397 55
Lard and Lard Oil						i		•					,
Mail skinds	Ore, except fron		9								9	9	0.45
Meats, other than Pork	Lard and Lard Uil					25	5		6	25	11	38	
Meats, other than Pork	Meal, all kinds	9		3			8.981	. <b></b>	1.320		10.301		
Marble         6         2,561         2,561         2,870         2,870         42,870         430 50           Manilla         20         84         1         9         28         4         2,270         430 50           Mollasses         84         1         9         28         4         10         94         11         73         25         55         55         55         50         00         12         11         32         99         223         33         25         55         50         00         13         11         32         99         223         33         25         55         50         00         13         1789         1,769         135         25         50         00         10         279         296         435         691         120         33         33         45         120         37         20         435         691         120         37         20         435         691         120         37         20         435         691         120         37         20         20         20         20         20         20         20         20         20         20         20 <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>.<b></b></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			2			. <b></b>							
Manilia	Marble	6				2,864	l	1		2.870	10 1		
Mollasses		20					4				4		
Nails	Mollasses	84	<b></b>			1			9		1 1		
Oats         491         1,278         1,278         2         1,769         1,769         353 50           Oil, in barrels         65         12         119         206         10         279         206         435         691         120 97           Pease         —         4.99         —         —         439         4.99         87 80           Pork         3         —         0.115         1.50         33 334         337         67 25           Pork         3         —         0.115         1.50         33 334         337         67 25           Paint         12         90         1.50         1.60         33 334         337         67 25           Paint         12         90         1.36         69         1.16         69         2.05         0.30           Rags         1,605         58         1.605         518         2,123         241 35           Stone, intended for cutting         1,600         135         58         1,661         40         2,699         2,661         2,864         5,525         868 53           do wrought         6,830         2,589         6,667         —         16,136	Nails	113					-		1			1	
Oil, in barrels       65       12       119       206       10       279       206       485       691       120 97       206       10       279       206       485       691       120 97       120 97       120 97       206       435       691       120 97       120 97       120 97       120 97       120 97       120 97       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       115       94       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       111       11	Oats		491										
Oil Cake   Pease   A.19	Oil, in harrels				1				270				
Pease	Oil Cake		1	1	1	1	400			206	455	691	120 97
Potatoes	Pease			l .		1	l					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Paint	Potatoes			1	1						439	439	8 <b>7 8</b> 0
Paint						1	1.45						
Pitch and Tar	Paint	1 19		i			145		189				
Rags	Pitch and Tar					90	1	9		111	1	112	15 94
Rysin										2		2	0 30
Rosin	Dags					136	69		1	136	69	205	34 20
Salt	Dania	1 . '	*******						518	1,605	518	2,123	341 35
Stone   intended for cutting   1,600   135   1,061   40   2,639   2,661   2,864   5,525   888 53	NOSIN		1									,	!
Store   Internet for cutting   1,600   135   1,061   40   2,689   2,661   2,864   5,525   868 53	Sait			58					. <b></b>	54		58	8 70
do not suitable for cutting, unwrought.         6,830         2,589         6,667         1,077         1,140         1,140         1,140         216 73           Seeds. all kinds         58eep.         657         87         16,136         1,230 09         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         144 148 80         148 148 80         144 148 80         144 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 80         148 148 148 80         148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	Stone, intended for cutting	1,600	135			1,061	40		2,639	2.661	2.864		
Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia   Columbia		. <i> </i>					63	l	1.077	, ,	-,		
Seeds   31 kinds			1		1	1	i		_,		2,	1,147	210 13
Seeds all kinds	wrought	6,830		2,589		6.667	1	l		16 136		16 136	1 220 00
Sheep	Seeds, all kinds							l .		, ,			
Solda \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Sheep				1				1	:	114	144	
Steel         12         20         32         32         32         4 80           Sugar         Spirits, Beer, &c         8         26         2,199         2 2,392         2 2,392         2 2 394         332 93           Tobacco, Raw         1         36         48         65         56         127         183         31 95           Tallow         1         1         2         135         2         135         2         137         20 65           Tin         1         135         2         135         2         137         20 65           Turpentine         1         10         10         11         150,128         156,579         29.867 95           White Lead         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         0.80           Wool         90         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91 <t< td=""><td>Soda ish</td><td>18</td><td>  ,</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td> </td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>220</td><td></td></t<>	Soda ish	18	,		1							220	
Sugar         202         8         26         2,19)         36         48         65         56         127         183         31 95           Tobacco, Raw         1         36         48         65         56         127         183         31 95           Tallow         1         155         2         135         2         137         20 65           Tin         1         10         10         11         11         11         152           Wheat         6,285         7,908         52,569         166         89,651         6,451         150,128         156,579         29 867 95           Whiting         4         4         4         4         4         0 80           Wool         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         2,599         93           Bark         1,179         61         291         42         15,272         649         80         185         15,825         937         17,762         2,599         93	Steel	12			1				I .				
Spirits, Beer, &c   8   26	Sugar		1		1								
Tollow 1 1 2 3 0 55 Tallow 1 1 2 135 2 137 20 65 Tin 1 1 1 1 1 52 Turpentine Wheat 6,285 7,908 52,569 166 89,651 6,451 150,128 156,579 29.867 95 White Lead Whiting 4 4 4 0 80 Wool Mool Mool Merchandise not caumerated 1,179 61 294 42 15,272 649 80 185 15,825 937 17,762 2,599 93	Spirits, Beer, &c				1	,					1 - (		
Tailow         1         135         2         135         2         137         20 65           Turpentine         1         10         10         11         11         152           Wheat         6,285         7,908         52,569         166         89,651         6,451         150,128         156,579         29,867         95           Whiting         4         4         4         4         4         0,80           Wool         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         91         92         93         93         17,762         2,599         93         93         17,762         2,599         93         93         93         93 <td< td=""><td>Tobacco, Raw.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>i</td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>56</td><td>127</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Tobacco, Raw.				i			1		56	127		
Tingentine 1 1 1 10 10 11 11 11 152 152 Wheat Wheat 6,285 7,908 52,569 166 89,651 6,451 150,128 156,579 29,867 95 White Lead 4 4 4 0,80 Whiting Whiting 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Tallow						:	l .	2	105	2		
Turpentine	Tin			1			1		2		2		
Wheat	Turnentine	-			·····	""		i		11	[	11	1 52
White Lead       4       4       4       4       4       0 80         Whiting       Wool       91       91       91       91       91       91       18 20         All other Goods and Merchandise not enumerated       1,179       61       291       42       15,272       649       80       185       15,825       937       17,762       2,599       93	Wheet				1								
Whiting	White Lead			ľ				1	89,651	6,451	150,128	156,579	29,867 95
Wool	Whiting		l				4				4	4	0 80
All other Goods and Merchandise not enumerated	Wool	1											
not enumerated	All other Charles and Man ?						91				91	91	18 20
Bark			i .	l	l	[	1	Ì	1 .				<b>-</b> /
Bark	not enumerated	1,179	61	291	42	15,272	649	80	185	16,825	937	17,763	2,599 93
	Bark							l <b></b> .				,	-, 00
Barrels, Empty	Barrels, Empty	10			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				4	10	5	15	1 20
			i	1	l		_ i		-		"	10	1 40

No. 25.—General STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES.	Cana Can	From dian to nadian forts,	Cana Unite	rom adian to d States orts.	United United	om States to States orts.	United Car	rom States to adian orts	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount Gof Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	D .wn.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Boat Knees			I .	ļ		······	į			25	25	4 38
Floats	5,988	29,127 6		672		26			9,939	29,949 6 26	39,888 6 26	1,714 29 0 19 6 50
Hop Poles	5,241 17	2,937 22				32,372		4,436	5,241 17	39,967 22	45,208 39	7,351 51 3 46
in Vessels  Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts Railway Ties, in Vessels	261 267	21	94	20			,		264 361	21 86	285 447	39 88 54 90
do Rafts Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel	680	99 3,890		2,800 105			2,750	2	3,430	99 6,690 107	99 10,120 107	. 15 67 252 76 7 69
do do Pipe						25 37		1,461		2,246 1,461 25 44	2,246 1,461 25 44	420 26 272 81 4 00 27 20
Split Posts and Feuce Rails, in Vessels		2						1		3	3	0 59
Rafts Timber, Square, in Vessels do do Rafts Traverses.	38	16,474 7,104						55,181	38	71,655 7,104	71,655 7,142	10,734 48 1,594 02
Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured	84	288			250	27	2	128	336	413	779	2?7 95
Total Freight paying Tolls	34,401	83,732	26,307	5,557	249,407	168,565	29,702	342,449	339,817	600,303	940,120	160,361 15

Free Articles having paid Full Tolls on the St. Lawrence Canals.												
Agricultural Products not enumer- ated, Vegetable	7			•••••					7		7	
ated, Animal	18								18		18	
Bricks	58	•••••	74						132		132	
Cement and Water Lime	285		258		•••••	•			543		543	
Clay, Lime and Sand	50		56			•••••••			56		56	
Coal	41		17	•••••			••••		50 58		50 58	
Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs	41	••••	11						2		98	
Flour		*******	21						21		21	
Furniture	3		1						4		1	
Glass, all kinds	100		96						196		196	
Iron, Railway	7,603								7,603		7,603	
do Pig	830		1,195						2,025		2,025	
do All other	422	l	93						515		515	
Meal, all kinds	5			,					5		5	
Manilla	6		4						10		10	
Nails	533		270						803		803	
Oil, in Barrels	62		38						100		100	
Pork			45						45		45	
Paint	91		28						119		119	
Pitch and Tar			1			,			1		1	[
Salt	288	•••••	3,469			•••••		······	3,757		3,757	
Stone, Wrought	2 51	••••••						· · · · · · ·	2		2	
Soda Ash			1,575						1,626		1,626	
Steel	434	•••••••	36			•••••			$\frac{1}{470}$	•••••	470	
Spirits, Beer, &c	141	••••••	<b>54</b> 3	• •••••					684	.,.,.	684	
Tin	184	•••••••	1,559			•••••		······································	1,743	······	1,743	
All other Goods and Merchandise	101	******	1,000						1,170		1,145	
not enumerated	1,182		1,260			 	l	l	2,442		2,442	l
Barrels, Empty	95		73						168		168	
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels	223		95				1		318		318	
Woodenware and Wood, partly	l !									1		
manufactured			3						3		3	Í
				,	l			ŀ		,		
Free Articles having paid Tolls on Rideau Canal.												
Iron Ore		•••• ••••••	454	•••••	••••••			••••••	454		454	·····

No. 25—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

ARTICLES.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana Unite	rom dian to d States orts.	From United Street	States to States	United	om States to Idian rts.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
	<b></b>											\$ cts.
Timber passed free from Welland to Port Robinson		1,729								1,729	1,729	
Grand Total		85,461	37,574	5,557	249,407	168,565	29,702	342,449	363,798	602,032	965,830	
		Т	otal Tolli do	on Vesse	ls				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			15,687 55 116 28
		F	do	Free Damages	Goods	•••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••		\$3,611 72	3,477 20
				1	rotal Rev	enue, exc	clusive of	Hydrauli	c Rents.			\$179,642 18

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

# APPENDIX A-Continued-CANALS.

No. 26—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Tolls collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

	Articles.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	From Canad United S	ian to States	United S United	om States to States rts.	United Car	rom   States to nadian orts.	To	ons	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls, Up.	Amount of Tolls, Down.	Total Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down				
													\$ ct	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
١	Ashes, Pot and Pearl							ļ	24		24	24		4 80	4 80
-	Apples Products, not		1												
_	enumerated, Vegetable			2					2	2	2	4	0 30	0 40	0 70
Ş۱	Agricultural Products, not enumerated, Animal						1	1	6		6	6		1 20	1 20
٦	Agricultural Implements		8								8	8			1 60
1	Barley		52	9,138			735			9,138		9,925	1,370 70	157 40	1 528 10
1	Bricks Bones											60	9 00		9 00
i	Brimstone									1					
ı	Cement and Water Lime	70		27		25						122			18 30
1	Clay, Lime and Sand		l l										l		
1	Coal	1,965			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,		17,753						16,776 80	
1	Corn		1,027		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						163,514	163,514		32,702 87	
١	Cattle Cotton, Raw			1	••••••			1		1		1	0 15		0 15
ı	Urockery and Earthenware.	25	l				1	17		1		43	6 30	0 20	6 50
ı	Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		71						71		1	10 65
ı	Fish					865	-			865	1	866	129 75	0 20	129 95
ı	Flax and Hemp		40								0.005				
١	Furniture		42			36			1,930	45		3,385 92			677 00 16 15
١	Gypsum	, ,												5 40	10 15
۱	Glass, all kinds						1		9		10				2 00
1	Hay, Pressed	26			<b>.</b>					26		26	3 9)		3 9)
1	Hogs														
1	1101000 ,	12				4	3		* 2	16	5	21	2 40	1 00	3 40
١		14	1			4	3		- 2	16	٥	21	440	1 00	č

Seeds, all kinds

No. 26. - General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported, &c. - Continued. From From From From Canadian to Canadian to United States to United States to Tons Canadian United States United States Canadian Amount | Amount of Total. Total ARTICLES Ports. Ports. Ports. Ports. Tolls. Tous. Tolls Tolls, Up Down. Up. Up. Down Un. Down Down. Up. Down. Up. Down. Hides and Skins, Horns and 18 60 Hoofs. 10|..... ..... 421 ..... Ice . ..... ..... . . . . . . . . . . 28 ..... 139 1,234 164 25 192 05 Iron, Railway..... 1,067 139 1,095 do Pig ..... l . . **. .** . . . . . -----... ........ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ........ . . **. .** . . do All other. 299 ..... 4,492 5,132 5.214 769 80 786 20 ...... 27,951 1,397 55 ..... 1,397 55 Iron Ore...... 9.708 18.243 27,951 ..... Krvolite or Chemical Ore, and other Ore, except Iron ....... 0 45 Lard and Lard Oil. 11 3 75 2 20 5 95 91..... 8,981 ...... 1.320 10.301 10,313 1.80 2,060 20 2,063 00 Meals, all kinds. ..... 3 ...... Meats, other than Pork ...... 3 00 Marble ..... 2.870 2.870 430 50 ..... 430 50 2,864 Vanilla ..... 1 20 0 80 2 00 10 9 30 2 00 Molasses. ..... 11 30 110 32 5 80 22 90 Nails..... 111 17 10 1,278 1,769 1.769 353 80 353 80 491 . . . . . . . . . **. . . . .** . . . . . . Oil, in Barrels..... 461 25 80 92 80 118 60 119 ..... Oil Cake. ..... ...... ..... ....... ...... . . . . . . . . . . Pease..... 439 ..... 87 80 Potatoes ..... ...... .**....** . ..... | ...**...** ...... ...... Pork ...... 145 0 45 67 25 . . . . . . . . . Paint ..... 90 104 105 15 60 0 20 15 80 0 301..... Pitch and Tar..... 0 30 ..... | . . **. . . . . .** . . . | 136 136 Rags ..... 20 40 13 80 34 20 518 1.605 2 123 240 75 103 60 344 35 Rye..... 1.605 Rosin ..... ...... ....... ...... . . . . . . . . . . . Salt ..... 8 70 3,790 Stone intended for cutting .. 1,061 40 2,689 1,061 2,729 159 15 545 80 704 95 ...... ..... 63|..... 626 do wrought ..... 689 137 80 137 80 . . . . . . . . . ..... ............. do not suitable for cut-6,667 ...... 6,667 666 75 ..... ting, unwrought ..... 6.667 666 75

....

744

744

148 80

148 80

Sheep					911			••••••	211		211	31 65		31 65
Soda AshSteel						••••••			32		32			4 80
Sugar					2 190			9	2,191	2	2,193		0 40	329 05
		26			2,100			65		127	159		25 40	30 20
				*******				2	l	2	3		0 40	0.55
								2	135	2	137	20 25	0 40	20 65
								l			10	1 50		1 50
Turpentine														
Wheat		5,854	******			52,569		80,181		138,607	138,607		27,731 40	27,721 40
White Lead							<b></b>		l	4		. <b></b>	0 80	0 80
Whiting						••••								
Wool	. <b></b> .					91				91	91		18 20	18 20
All other Goods and Mer-	'			· '			]							ľ
chandise not enumerated.	569							184	15,933	860	16,793	2,389 95	172 00	<b>2,561</b> 95
Bark														
Barrels Empty						1				_				0 58
Boat Knees							1	l						
Floats											1.000			
Firewood, in Vessels														
do Rafts										26	26			
Hoops											1		6 50	
Hop Poles		1.000				00.070			117			21 00		6 900 40
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels								, ,	117			1		.,
do do Raits Masts, Spars and Telegraph		•••••												······
Poles, in vessels	i	ł	, <b></b> .		ļ	<b></b>				ł			1	
Masts, Spars and Telegraph	******		·····	**********							***************************************			*******
Poles, in rafts				İ	1			l		. <b></b> . <b></b>	. <b></b>		<b>.</b>	
Railway Ties, in Vessels	161		94						1		255			40 75
do Rafts								1				1		10 10
Saw Logs								ł .						
Staves and Headings, Barrel										2	2		0 19	0 19
								2,246		2,246	2,246		420 26	420 26
do do W.Ind										1,461	1,461		272 81	272 81
do Salt Barrel						25				<b>2</b> 5			4 00	4 00
Shingles						37		7		4÷	44		27 20	27 20
Split Posts and Fence Rails,				!				_		_	_			
in vessels						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1		1	1		0 09	0 09
Split Posts and Fence Rails.					1				i				}	1
in rafts								£ 101		71 550	71 550	• •••••	10 700 00	10 700 00
Timber, Square, in Vessels			•••••					,		71,553	71,553		10,726 83	
do Rafts							¦- ······			7,074	1,074		1,090 39	1,590 39
Traverses		••••••		•••••										
Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured	84	40			250	27	9	123	336	204	540	134 40	81 60	216 00
partry manufactured	04	49			250	41				204		134 40		210 00
Total Freight paying Tolls	5,183	33,061	20,498	209	249,407	169,565	17 974	3.9,373	293,061	531,208	824,272	51.594 45	101,930 16	153,574 61
Total Freight pajing Tons	0,100	00,001	20,300	. 200	220,201	10.,000	- • , • • •	1 3.0,5.0	=00,001	302,200	,	3.,557. 10	} = 32,0 30 10	3,0.1 31
		1			,			•						

No. 26.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported, &c.—Concluded. From From From From United States to United Statesto Canadian to Canadian Tons. Canadian Amount Amount of Canadian to United States United States Total Total Tolts. ARTICLES. Ports. of Ports. Ports. Ports. Tolls. Tons Tolls, Up. Down. Up. Up. Down Up. Up. Down. Down. Up. Down Down. \$ cts S cts. \$ cts. Free Articles, hiving paid full Toll on the St. Lawrence Canals Agricultural Products not enumerated, Vegetable .... ......... Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . Bricks ..... 58 . **. . . .** . . . . . . . Cement and Water Lime .... 2851..... 258 ..... 543 Clay, Lime and Sand ...... .... ..... Coal ..... 50 ....... Crockery and Earthenware. 411......... 17 Dye Woo is and Dye Stuffs. .... .... ..... ..... Flour ...... Furniture..... . . . . . . . . . . . . Glass, all kinds ...... 100 Iron, Railway ..... 7.603 7.6031 7.603]..... 2,625 ...... do Pig ..... 2.025 830 . . . . . . . . . . . . . do All other ...... 515 4 22 ..... ..... ..... Meals, all kinds..... -----Manilla..... 803 Nails ..... 533 ... ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . Oil, in Barrels .... 62 ..... ..... 45 Pork ..... · • • • • • · · · · · 119 119 Paint ..... · • • • • · · · · • · · Pitch and Tar. . . . . . . . . . . . . . Salt ..... ........ Stone, Wrought ..... ....... ... . **. . . . . . . . . . .** . . . 1,626 Soda Ash ..... ...... ... Steel ..... ............ 470 ..... Sugar ..... Spirits, Beer, &c ....

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Victoria.	

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

A.
1888

Tin		<b> </b>	1,559	ļ	Į				1,743	···· ···	1,743			ı
All other Goods and Mer- chandise not enumerated	1,182		1,260							. <b></b>	2,442			
Barrels, Empty Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels	95 223													
Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured	İ						l	1			_		ľ	
Free Articles, having paid Toll on the Rideau Canal.														
Iron Ore			454						454		454			ļ
Grand Total	17,899	33,061	31,765	209	249,407	168,565	17,974	329,373	317,045	531,208	848,253		,. <b></b>	
	<u></u>	<u></u>	Total T	hrough do do	Tolls o		gers					<b>6,</b> 685 03 35 05		14,040 40 104 05
						•	Total	al Throng	h Talls			\$58,314 53	109 404 53	167.719.06

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 27.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Tolls collected on the same, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Articles.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana Unite	rom dian to d States orts.	United 8	States	Cana	States to	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.	
	Up.	Dowa.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
									<del></del>			\$ c1	ts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl		6 340	(				l			310	6 340	1 (	
Agricultural Products, not enumerated, Vegetable	·••••	•••••		1,196		*****				1,196	1,196	48 (	01
merated, Animal						,							••••
Agricultural Implements							1			210	240	18 (	
				210				ł					••••
Bones													••••
Brimstone										•	400	39	
Cement and Water Lime			115		1		58		408 126	1,985	408 2.111	203	
Clay, Lime and Sand	126						0 626	3,124	8,904	3,124	12,028	723	
Coal								3,124	81	3,124	93	l ii i	
Corn								<b></b>					
Cotton, Raw				1									
Crockery and Earthenware	£								6		6	0	
Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs													••••
Fish													•••
Flax and Hemp													••••
Flour	271	10,403				l. <b></b>		2	271	10,404	10,675	265	
Furniture						[ <b></b>		1		1	1	0	
Gypsum				260						988	988	12 3	
Glass, all kinds	24								24		24	0 4	~ -
Hay Pressed			l <b></b>										••••
Hogs				******									••••
Horses										· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	••••
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs.			i	l	I	l	l		1			l	

A. 1885

	1 . <b></b>	1	1		l			[**********				
									22		23	, ,
do Pig					l				214		214	4 (
										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••	
ron Ore	0.						1	[ ]				
Cryolite, Chemical Ore and ot	61											
Ore, except Iron		1	1									
ard and Lard Oil				·•·•••	1		1					
leal, all kinds				******			}					
feats, other than Pork			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			••••••						
(arble	. <b></b>			*******	••• ••••••			i ••••••	20		20	0 3
fanilla	[ 20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••						22		22	0 4
folasses	22			••••••				···········	113		113	2 1
ails	113					••••••						l
)ats				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•••					55	2 3
oll. in Barrels							10	21	34	21		
il Cake		l							•••••			
11 Uako												
ease		1										
otatoes								1				
ork			i .		1				7		7	0
aint	7	1		l .	1					İ		
itch and Tar		}			1							
ags	····	1			1		1					
VA					1				1			
osin						***************************************		•••••				
alt					·					125	1,735	163
tone intended for cutting	1,600	135		I				J	1,600	135		78
do wrought								451		451	451	
do not suitable for cutting,	n	İ	ı	1	1	1	ļ	1		1	0.400	563
wrought	6,880		2,589						9,169		9,469	500
					l			J				
eds, all kinds		1			1			1				
heep	1								18		18	0
oda Ash		1	í					1	l . <b></b>			
tecl									201		201	3
ıgar	201	*******		······································		•••			24		24	1
pirits, Beer, &c	. 8			••••••			ì	•				1
bacco, Raw				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1	[······	1			
allow								1			1	0
n				{			1		1	••••••	1	
urpentine			ļ	{ ······						11 501	17,972	2,146
heat		2,054					166	9,467	6,451	11,521	,	, ,
hite Lead								{			. <b></b>	
hiting				<b></b>			[		,		······	
ool		1			}	·					······ ··· ···	1
11 Alas Canda and Marchan	iac.		1		1	İ	1	1	l	1		
ll other Goods and Merchand	610	34	240	42	<b></b>	<b></b>	42	1	892	77	969	37
not enumerated				1			l					
ark			ľ		1		1		10		10	0
arrels, Emp!y	10					ì	1	1		25	25	4
oat Knees		25							1	1	1	· -

No. 27.—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana United	rom dian to l States orts.	Fro United S United Por	tates to States	United to Cana	om States to adian rts.	To	eac	Total Tons.	Amount of Tons.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Floats Firewood, in Vessels do Rafts		28,557 6	2,865	672					8,853	29,229	38,082 6	1,593 89 0 19
Hoops  Hop Poles  Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels  do Rafts  Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles,				13					5,124 17	1,941 22	7,065 39	491 05 3 46
in Vessels	264 106			20					264 106	21 86 99 6,690	285 192 99 10,120	39 88 14 15 15 67 252 76
Saw Logs				105		·····				105	105	7 50
Shingles										2	2	0 50
Raftsdo Rafts	38	102 30	¦						38	102 30	102 €8	7 65 3 63
Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured		239						<u> </u>		239	239	11 95
Total Freight paying Tolls	29,216	50,671	5,809	5,348			11,728	13,076	46,753	69,095	115,848	6,786 54

Timber passed Free from Welland to Port Robinson			,809 5,34	 	11,728	13,076	46,753	70,824	1,729	
		olls on Ves	selssengers	 	******				\$82 29	1,647 15 12 23 \$8,445 92
						-		E. MIA	ALL,	
Inland Revenue Di Ottawa	EPARTMEI A, 15th Au	nt, igust 188	34.					•	Commissi	oner.

Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

# APPENDIX A-Continued-CANALS.

No. 28.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Articles.	Can Can	From adian to nadian forts.	Cans Unite	rom adian to ed States orts.	United United	om States to I States rts.	United Can	om States to adian orts.	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
,	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ashes, Pot and Pearl Apples	350 22	446 1,769			10			15	360 22	461 1,769	821 1,791	\$ cts. 106 35 244 23
merated, Vegetable	4,536 127	1,225						2	4,536	1,227	5,763	289 14
merated, Animal	405 198	800 63 2,828		142				327	127 405 198	1,269 63 2,981	1,396 468 3,179	179 49 43 97 284 25
Bricks Bones Brimstone	2,181 2	2 · 3 93	74	256			139 68	5	2,391 70	243 354	2,637 424	224 80 57 10
Cement and Water Lime	1,586 4,120 50	3,660 42,800	258 56	414 22		522	2,912	305 106,8.5	1,814 7,088 50	4,379 150,219	1,849 11,467 150,269	260 92 467 17 21,142 58
Corn	287 65 12	20,173 788			1	60	 		287 66 12	20, 233 788	20,520 854 12	1,622 82 56 85 0 90
Crockery and Earthenware Dey Wood and Dye Stuffs	821 117 5_3	23 3 47	17 2				216		838 3 5 523	23 3 47	861 338 570	152 54 30 90 69 52
Flax and HempFlourFurniture	1,262 450	9,152 812			1	83		5 1	1,263 450	9,240 813	10,503 1,263	1,447 78 172 11
Gypsum Glass, all kinds Hay, Pressed Hay	3,239 752 1,071	301 192 187	114 68		385			16	3,239 866 1,524	301 192 203	3,540 1,058 1,727	73 69 206 06 116 55
Horses	75	149 259 54		** 10*****	1				76	203 149 259 54	157 335 55	12 60 23 92 7 29
Ice	23,130	320			***********				23, 130	320	23,450	3,484 26

											40	COEE	996 91
đo	Pig	5,617	43	1,195		•••••				6,812	43	6,855	716 47
l de	All other	5,328	511	92			•••••		2	5,420	513	5,933	1
Iro	n Ore								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			*************	******
Kr	volite, Chemical Ore and other			İ						ŀ		9 220	** **
•	Ore, except Iron		1,550			100.7		•••••			1,550	1,550	77 50
	d and Lard Oil	31	5 <b>5</b>							31	55	86	5 55
	al, all kinds	٤3	1,430							83	1,430	1,513	66 41
	ts, other than Pork	38	130				5			33	135	173	14 05
	rble	47	1	1						47	1	48	8 92
	nilla	38		3					) <i></i> ]	41		41	8 19
	8.8868	589	94	i				1,278	[	1,867	94	1,961	147 18
	ls	3,260	308	281			<i></i>	l		3,541	308	3,849	690 54
	8	1,423	4.973					1		1,423	4,973	6,396	340 95
	in barrels.	1,300	236	26		11	55	584	l	1,921	291	2,212	255 51
		1,300								, 2		· 2	0 20
	Cake	655	27,418							655	27,418	28,073	2,561 38
	.se	8	272							8	272	280	16 09
	atoes	130	190	45		i				175	190	365	29 10
	k			17	******			00		533	139	672	100 30
	nt	427	139	1 1				1 100		1.282	135	1.417	87 54
	ch and Tar	145	135	1 1			ļ •••••• •••	1 00		829	139	968	110 40
	gs	791	139			18			338		3,945	3,945	341 70
	8		3,607				·····	1 004		1.320	3,513	1.388	75 98
Ro	si <b>n</b>	56	68								14	7,898	1,024 67
	t	4,849	3	2,999		1	11	36		7,884		2,499	147 83
Sto	ne intended for Cutting	314	1,360				113	132	580	446	2,053	2,499	16 64
đ	o wrought	288	2						******	288	2	290	10 04
· d	o not suitable for Cutting, un-	1		1	)	ł		1	1		10.000	11.000	226 80
i i	wrought	450	10,640				242			450	10,882	11,332	
800	ds, all kinds	39	204							39	204	243	16 65
	eep	14	488							14	488	502	37 31
	la Ash	914	5	1,575						2,489	5	2,494	498 80
	el	50	1	1						51	1	52	10 10
	zar	4,575	51	30				5,383		9,988	51	10,039	1,124 91
	rits, Beer, &c	1,255	185	539						1,794.	185	1,979	316 56
	bacco, Raw		1 29					····			9	9	0 90
	llow	8	l 30					21		29	30	59	5 59
		1,023	90	1,559				l		2,582	90	2,672	518 06
	L	63	18	1 '		**********		651		714	18	732	42 98
	rpentine	450	22,313		1		18			450	22,331	22,781	2,565 38
	eat									133		133	25 24
	ite Lead	133	3					11		171	3	174	32 20
	iting	160			1	2	••••••	1		112	Š	120	16 78
Wo	ol	110	8		' · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	••••						'-
	other Goods and Merchandise	1		1		050	784	Í.	i i	14.987	4,795	19,782	2,733 87
	ot enumerated	12,899	4,011	1,132	*************************	956	104			'	, ,	10,102	2,100 01
	'k									222	60	282	41 90
Bar	rels, Empty	129	60	73		20	*****		*****				f
		ı		1									
	it Knees		*********				******		1	0.0	4 040	4 220	75 71
Bos	ats	80	4,246		******					83	4,246	4,326	75 71

No 28.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Cana Car	rom dian to adian orts.	Cans Unite	rom dian to d States orts	Fro United S United Po	States to	Can	om States to adian rts.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Űp.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Fire Wood, in Vesselsdo Rafts		24,366 399	1,371						7,605	21,366 399	31,971 399	\$ cts. 856 22 8 32
Hoops		12,077	534 431		••••	62	4	7	31 5 '4 16,172	21,624	38 534 37,796	4 85 26 00 2,327 01
Masts. Spars, and Telegraph Poles in Vessels Masts, Spars, and Telegraph Poles in Rafts		13,356								13,356	13,356	333 90
Railway Ties, in Vessels do Rafts Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel				••••••					458	20,519 194	20,519 652	29 34 468 92 32 50
	155	194	•••					1	35 155	112 194 15	112 191 35 170	11 90 28 08 0 70 35 45
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ì	1								0 07
Timber, Square, in Vessels	1,878 30 20	1,476 11,254 9,954	40						1,918 30 20	1,496 11,254 9,954	3,414 11,284 9,974	164 42 321 80 25 98
Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured	201	290	3						204	290	494	187 57
Totol Freight paying Tolls  Free Articles having pail full Toll on the Wellant Canal.	118,032	265,625	12.536	10,472	1,959	1,955	13,944	108,498	146,471	386,550	533,021	51,770 57
Ashes		18 <b>89,7</b> 93								18 90,033	18 90,033	********

1	Flour		7,408						235		7,643	7,643	
- 1	Furniture		8								8	8	
ŀ	Glass, all kinds		1				••••				1	1	
	Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs		77 [								77	77	
Ш	Iron, Railway								•••••				
	do Pig								·••••••				
П	do All other		3								3	3	
H	Lard and Lard Oil		5			ļ			*********		5	5	
	Meals, all kinds		<b>6</b> 39						549		1,188	1,188	
Ш	Molasses		9								9	9	
H	Oats		491						<b></b> .		491	491	
- 11	Oil		3		•••••		· ····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3	3	
	Pease		439			••••••					439	439	
ш	Pork		176				••••				176	176	
	Rye		518						••••••		518	518	
	Seeds, all kinds		2				•••••		. <b></b>		2	2	
	Stone, wrought		317		ļ. <b></b>					ļ	317	317	
П	Sugar		2							ļ	2	2	
H	Wheat		81,284				•••••				81,284	81,284	
Ш	Whiskey, Beer, and all other			!	ļ		!	ļ	1	1	ļ	ļ	
- 11	Spirits		35								35	35	
Ш	Merchandise, not enumerated		55								55	55	
- 11	Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels		4,839	**********	l						4,839	4,839	
اا_	Staves, Pipe		1,459				•••••				1,459	1,459	
୬	do West India		541						1 . <b></b>	I	541	541	
-11	Timber, Square, in Rafts		3,924			1						3,924	
п	Woodenware		169								169	169	l
	Coal, Free, per Order in Council	46,498	·••••	269	•••••			51,205		97,972		97,972	, . <b></b>
H	Kryolite, Free, having paid full			l	i	1				1		·	
H	toll on the Rideau Canal		254								254	254	
П													1
Ш	Grand Total, Freight	164,530	458,094	12,805	10,472	1,959	1,955	65,149	109,522	244,413	560,043	824,486	
- []		<u> </u>	l	J	<u></u>	<u> </u>		l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	
- 1													
			T	otal Tolls	on Vessels	3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14,760 34
				do									2,750 55
				do	Free G	oods					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$32,726 41	
													811 00
П			W	harfage :	and Storage	B	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				••••		7,526 00
ı			W	interage,	, Basin Due	s, and ot	aer Recei	pts	****	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7,628 52
ı	•												<del></del>
	_			Tota	I Kevenue,	exclusive	of Hydra	aulic Ren	ts				\$85,246 98
1													
- 1													

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
O1TAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-CANALS.

No. 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected thereon, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

	Articles.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana United	rom dian to l States orts.	United United	om States to I States orts.	United Can	om States to adian orts.	T	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls, Up.	Amount of Tolls, Down.	Total Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl. Apples		310 1,529								310 1,529		\$ cts.	\$ cts 62 00 229 35	\$ cts. 62 00 229 35
3	not enumerated, Vegetables Agricultural Products	334	45	······			······································	ļ. <b></b>		324	45	369	48 60	6 75	55 35
	not enumerated, Animal	23	569	·•••••						23	569	592		<b>85</b> 35	88 80
	ments		813	74	***************************************					863	48 843 73	48 843 863 73		9 60 126 <b>4</b> 5 10 95	9 60 126 45 129 45 10 95
	Cement and Water Lime Clay, Lime and Sand. Coal Corn Cattle Ootton, Raw	1,402 38 50	41,852 7,300 17	56					91,015			1,661 94 132,917 7,300 22		19,930 05 1,095 00	14 10 19,940 05
	Crockery and Earth- enware	6.9	23	17						666	23	689		4 60	137 80
	Stuffs	88 340		2				••••			32	93 <b>372</b>	18 00 51 00	0 60 4 80	18 60 55 80
	Flour	48 105	534						1	48 105	8,969 535	9,017 640	7 20 21 00	1,345 35 107 00	128 00

	ll kinds	729	163							843	163	1,006	168 60	32 60	20] 2
			16		1				••••••						
nogs	•								••••••		16	1		2 40	2 4
		15	43		•••••		•••••	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		15	43	57	2 25	6 30	8 5
	and Skins,	1	41							] 1	41	42	0 15	6 15	6 3
	and Hoofs				l	l	ļ			1					
		••••	•••••											<b>]</b>	
Iron, Rai	ilway	22,700								22,700	320	23,020	3,405 00	48 00	3,453 0
do Pig	g	5,158		1,195						6,353		6,353			952 9
do all	other	3,772	232	92		1	l. <b></b> .	l. <b></b>		3,864	232				
Iron Ore	······································	l			l	1							1	01 00	
Kryolite,	Chemical Ore	1			1	1									
	ther Ore, ex-					1					ĺ			1	
	ron	l	1,549	\ . <b></b>		·	[			ĺ	1,549	1 5/0		77 45	77 4
	d Lard Oil		3		1						1,040	1,043		0 45	
	l kinds	6	43					l	••••••		1 43	49	***************************************		0 4
	other than	1	10			1				٥	43	49	0 90	6 45	7 3
		1	44	l	İ	ł	ļ	į.	i	1	١.,	١	<b>,</b>	1	١
	••••••••• • •••••••••	35	***					•••••			44	44		6 60	
Marillo	•••••	37	1						ļ	35	· I	36			
	••••• •••• •••••		•••••••••					1		40		40	8 00		8 (
	·	213								243		243			48 6
	•• •••••	<b>2,86</b> 3	12							3,144	12			2 40	631 2
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	358					[		1	358	359	0 15	53 70	53 8
Oil, in B	arrels	692	146	26			1			718	146	861	143 60	29 20	172 8
Oil Cake	e								. <b></b> .				i		l
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		12,483								12,483	12,483		1,872 45	1,872 4
Potatoes	3 <i></i>	1	16			ļ		l	. <b></b>	1	16	17	0 15		
Pork	•••••••		· 23	45		ļ	l			45	23	68			10 2
Paint		393	23	17	ł. <b></b>	1				410	23	433			86 6
Pitch an	d Tar	109		1	l	1			l	110		110			22 0
	*******	68	123	<i></i>						68	123	191	13 60	24 60	38 2
	•••••		1,384						338		1,722	1.722			
		40	_,			1			000	40	_,	40		200 30	8 0
		2,563		2,999						5,562		5,562	924 30		
Stone	intended for			2,000						3,502		0,502	034 30	!	834 3
	ig		<b>:</b>		i	ĺ	ĺ		580	i			l	07.00	
	rought	11							1 200		580	580		87 00	
			4							11	} 2	13	2 20	0 40	2 6
	ot suitable for		l i		ł	ł	l	!	}	1			ì	1	}
	ig unwrought														·••••••••
	ll kinds						l .		·····	31	22	53		3 30	7 9
oneep		2	,				•••••••			, 2	47	49			7 3
Soda Asi	h	914		1,575		************				2,489	5	2,491			498 8
Steel	•••••	44		1						45	!	45	9 00		9 0
Sugar		3,892								3,922	11	3,933	784 40		786 6
					ſ	I	l			1,220	147	1,367			273 4
	Beer, &c	681	147	639											
Spirits, E			147								5	5	;		
Spirits, E	Beer, &c , Raw										5	5		0 75	. 07
Spirits, E Tobacco, Tallow	Beer, &c		5 30								5 30	5		0 75 4 50	

No. 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Continued.

A rticles.	Canac Canac	om lian to adian rts.	Canad United	om lian to l States rts.	United United	rom States to I States irts.	United Can	rom States to adian orts.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls, Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Tota Amoui Toll	nt of
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.					{ }
Turpentine	36						/		36		36	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	•	cts.
Wheat White Lead	169	15,139							109	15,139	15,139 109	21 80	2,270 85	2,270 21	85 80
Whiting	98	8							147 98	8	147 1(6	14 70	1 20		40 90
enumerated	6,322	2,221									9,675	,		1,935	00
Barrels, Empty	99		73			•••••			172	4	176		0 70	_	28
Floats														99	40
do in Rafts Hoops													••••		
Hop Poles Lumber, Sawn, in Ves-			•	<u>'</u>	ļ.	}			1						
Lumber, Sawn, in	234	636		,		}				.,	<i>'</i>	}	1,421 90	1,460	60
Masts, Spars and Tele- graph Poles, in Ves- sels		Ì										······		•••••	
Masts, Spars and Tele- graph Poles, in Rafts														······································	
Railway Ties, in Ves														•••••••	
Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel			••••••••		•••••				1					15	

Staves and Headings,		<b>i</b> i	1	1		l	ı	t	!			l		ı	
Pipe		96			·••••••		l			96	96		11 40	11 4	40
Staves and Headings.		1							•••	30	00	********	11 40	11.4	40
West India		178				. <b></b>	1		i i	178	170		<b>05</b> 40		
Staves, Salt Barrel			1111111111111111111111111111111111111						**********		110			27	48
Shingles	1												****		
Split Posts and Fence	•				***********	······			1		1	0 30		0:	30
							ŀ						1		H
Split Posts and Fence		·•••••			••••••	•••••								l	
				1			İ								
Rails, in Rafts							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								H
Timber, Square, in						ļ.	1	l			i		1	1	
_ Vessels	1,738	1,414			<b></b>		l		1,738	1,414	3,152	86 90	70 61	157 8	54
Timber, Square, in		1 1	i		ļ.	ļ		1		*, 111	0,102	00 00	10 63	121.	U4
Rafts		l			l	1		ł	1	1					
I TENVERSES										*****	•••••				
Woodenware and									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		************	•••••			
Wood, partly manu-		]		l	1	1	1	1	1					1	- {
factured	110	289	١ ،	1	i	<b>!</b>	1	1						Į.	- 1
I actured	110	289	3						113	289	402	45 20	115 60	160	80
Total Through Freight							I <del></del>	ļ							
		1		1	ĺ	!	!		l .				į	l	
paying Tolls	58,735	101,104	10,291	9,106				91,939	69,026	202,149	271.175	11.416 68	30,107 72	41.524	40
Hi		i				i	Į	1	1 '		,	,	00,101 12	11,021	10
<b>  -</b>	i	l	[	1			ĺ	ļ	ŀ	1					
Free Articles, having	1			1		i	1			ĺ				,	
paid Full Toll on the	i	l	i	I	1	1		1	i						
Welland Canal.			ĺ		ĺ	į			! 						
Welland Canal.		19								•	-				
Welland Canal. Ashes	 	18			···· ·····		*****			18	18	••• •• •••••			
Wellund Canal.  Ashes  Corn		89,793	i		l			240		90,033	90,033		li		
Ashes		7,408						240 235			90,033		li		
Ashes		89, 793 7,408 8						240 235		90,033	90,033 7,643				
Ashes		89, 793 7,408 8						240 235		90,033	90,033 7,643				
Ashes		7,408 8 1						240 235		90,033	90,033 7,643				
Ashes		89,793 7,408 8 1						240 235		90,033	90,033 7,643 8 1				
Ashes		89,793 7,408 8 1 77						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1	90,033 7,643 8 1	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Ashes		7,408 8 1 77						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1	90,033 7,643 8 1	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Ashes		7,408 8 1 77						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1	90,033 7,643 8 1	***************************************			
Ashes		7,408 8 1 77						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1	90,033 7,643 8 1 77				
Ashes		89, 193 7,408 8 1 77						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes Corn		89, 793 7, 408 8 1 77 						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes		7,408 8 1 77 3 639 9						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 3 1,188	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes		89, 793 7, 408 8 1 77 3 55 639 9						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 1,188 9 491				
Ashes Corn		7,408 8 1 77 3 5 639 9 491						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 49i	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes Corn		7,408 8 1 777 3 5 639 9 491 3 439						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes		7,408 8 8 1 77 3 5 639 491 439 176						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 49i	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes Corn		89, 793 7, 408 8 1 77 						240 235		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 31 439	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes Corn		89,793 7,408 8 1 77 						240 235 		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 3 439 176	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 				
Ashes Corn		89,793 7,408 8 1 77 						240 235 		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 176 518 2	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 3 439 176 518				
Ashes Corn		89, 793 7, 408 8 1 77 3 5 639 9 491 3 439 176 518 2						240 235 549		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 31 439 176 518	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 3 439 176 518				
Ashes Corn		89, 793 7, 408 8 1 77 3 5 639 9 491 3 439 176 518 2						240 235 		90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 176 518 2	90,033 7,643 8 1 77 3 5 1,188 9 491 3 439 176 518				

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No. 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

	ARTICLES.	Fro Canad Cana Por	ian to dian	Fro Canad United Por	ian to States	United S	om States to States rts.	Fr United S Cans Pos	dian	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls, Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Augunt of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down,	Up.	Down.				
126	Merchandise, not enu- merated Lumber, Sawn, in Ves- sels	3,027	35 55 4,839 1,459 541 3,924 169	10						3,037	81,284 35 55 4,839 1,459 541 3,924 169	35 55 4,839 1,459 541 3,924 169 3,037	\$ cts.		
	Grand Total Freight														
				Total Th do do	d	lo Pa lo Fr	ssengers ee Goods	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······		\$28	3,9 <b>58</b> 68	4,857 85 289 55  \$16,564 08	1,421 20	

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 30.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals and the Amount of Tolls Collected, during the Fiscal Year ended the 30th June 1884.

1													
	Articles.	Cana Can P	rom dian to adian orts.	to Unit	rom adian ed States orts.	United Pos	States to States rts.	United S Cans Po	om States to adian orts.	 	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
. 1	_	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl	350 22 4,212	136 240 1,180			10			15	360 22 4,212	151 240 1,182	511 262 5,394	\$ cts. 44 35 14 88 233 79
127	Agricultural Products not enu- merated, Animal	104 405 198 1,392	231 15 1,985 243 25		142 153				327	104 405 198 1,531 70	700 15 2,138 243 281	804 420 2,336 1,774	90 69 34 37 157 80 95 35 46 15
	Brimstone	184 4,082 287 60 12	3,660 948 12,873 771		414 22	1	522 60	2,912	305 15,8 <b>6</b> 0	184 6,994 287 61 12	4,379 17,352 12,933 771	188 11,373 17,352 13,220 832 12	11 77 453 07 1,202 53 527 82 53 55 0 90
	Crockery and Earthenware.  Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs  Fish  Flax and Hemp  Flour  Furniture	1,214	15 183 278			1	83	216	5	172 245 183 1,215 345	15 271 278	172 245 198 1,486 623	95 23 44 11
	Gypsum Glass, all kinds Hay, Pressed Hogs Horses	3,239	301 29 187 133 217	68		385			16	3,239 23 1,524 8 61	301 29 203 133 217	3,540 52 1,727 141 278	73 69 4 86 116 55 10 20 15 37

No. 30.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Continued.

Articlas.		Cana Car	rom dian to nadian orts.	Car to Unit	rom ladian ed States orts.	Fr United S United Por	states to States	Fre United S Uana Por	tates to	To	ons	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
													\$ ct
Hides and Skins, Hor	ns and Hoofs.		13							,	13	13	0 99
Ice		400								430		430	31 26
Iron, Railway		430 459	43							459	43	502	43 96
do Pig		1.656	279						2	1,556	281	1,837	102 07
do All other		.,	213		••••••								
Kryolite, Chemical (					******	••••							
			. 1					l			1	1	0 05
Ore, except Iron Lard and Lard Oil		31	52							31	52	8.3	5 10
Meal, all kinds		77	1,387							77	1,387	1,464	59 06
Meats, other than Por		38	86				5			38	91	129	7 45
Marble		12	l							12		12	1 72
Manilla		1								1		1	0 19
Molasses		346	94					1,278		1,624	91	1,718	98 58
Nails		397	296					]		397	296	693	59 34
Oats		1,422	4,615							1,422	4,615	6,037	287 10
Oil, in Barrels		608	99	1		11	55	584	]	1,203	145	1,348	82 71
		2					<b></b>			2	·····	2	0 20
Oil Cake		655	14 935							655	14,935	15,590	688 93
Pease		035	256							7	256	263	13 54
Potatoes		130	167							130	167	297	18 90
Pork		34	116			1		89		123	116	239	13 70
Paint		36	135					1,136		1,172	135	1,307	65 54
Pitch and Tar		723	16			18		20		761	16	777	72 20
Rags			2 223								2,2:3	2,223	83 40
Rye		16	68			ı		1,264		1,280	68	1,348	67 98
Rosin		2,286	3	1			11	36		2,332	14	2 336	190 3
Salt		314	1.360			•	113	132		446	1,473	1,919	60 83
Stone intended for cu		277	1,550			l				277		277	14 0
do wrought		2.,	1					1		1	ł		
do not suitable fo		450	10,640	1		l	242			450	10,882	11,332	226 80
Seeds, all kinds										8	182	190	8 70

453 |

12

441

1885

¥.	Sheep	12	441				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			12	441	453	29 96
							:						
	Steel	6	1							6	1	7	1 10
	Sugar	683	40					5,383		6,066	40	6,106	338 31
	Spirits, Beer, &c	574	38					}		574	38	612	43 16
	Tobacco, Raw		4								4	4	0 15
	Tallow	8						21		29	. <b></b>	29	1 09
	Tin	44	90						i	44	90	134	10 46
	Turpentine	27	18					651		678	18	696	35 78
	Wheat	450	7,174				18	<b> </b>		450	7,192	7,642	291 53
H	White Lead	24	.,						<b></b>	24		24	3 44
1	White mead	13	3					11	l	24	3	27	2 80
	Whiting	12				2				14		14	0 88
l	Wool	•				_							
I		6.577	1,790	l		956	784			7,533	2.574	10,107	798 87
1	not enumerated	, ,	,		1								
	Bark	30	56			20				50	56	106	7 62
I	Barrels, Empty	1	i								*****		
ě,	Boat Knees	•••••	4,246			••••	1			80	4,246	4.326	75 71
Н	Floats	80		1,371		45				7,603	22,875	30,480	756 82
ij.	Firewood, in Vessels	6,189	22,875 399			l .		1			299	399	8 33
Ħ	do Raits								7	31	7	38	4 85
	Hoops				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	31			1	534	·	534	26 00
	Hop Poles			534	070	ļ		4	***************************************	15,739	11,882	27,621	866 41
	Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels		11,441	232	379		62			10,100	11,002	2.,021	
11	do do Rafts					ļ. <b></b>				i · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••••	••••••	
	Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles,			i	1	1	l	!	i	Ĭ	13,356	13 356	333 90
ij.	in Vessels		13,356							•••••	13,330	13,330	333 30
1	Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles,	<b>i</b> .			!		ł	l		]			
Ш	in Rafts					••••••			i	646		616	29 31
I!	Railway Ties, in Vessels	646		ļ. <b></b>	ļ					646		010	
l	do Rafts					•••••••					00 510	20,519	468 92
ш	Saw Logs		20,519								20,519		16 80
Ш	Staves and Headings, Barrel	15				443		ļ	•••	458		453	0 50
II.	do Pipe		16								16	16	0 60
K	do West India.		16							••••••	16	16	0 70
П	Staves, Salt Barrel					35				35		35	
	Shingles		14							155	14	169	35 15
H	Split Posts and Fence Rails,				1								
	in Vessels											· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1	Split Posts and Fence Rails,				!						_	_	0.0-
11	in Rafts		1								1	1	0 07
H	Timber, Square, in Vessels	140	62	40	************				20	180	82	262	6 88
Ш	do Rafts	30	11,254	 						30	11,254	11,284	321 80
	Traverses	1 2 1	9,954		*****					20	9,954	9,974	25 98
Íi -	Woodenware and Wood, partly		,,,,,,					i				_	
1	manufactured	91	1						j	91	1	92	26 77
ı	manuactureu												
I	Total Freight paying Tolls	59,298	164,520	2,245	1,366	1,959	1,955	13,944	16,559	77,446	184,400	<b>261,84</b> 6	10,246 17
11	TOTAL LEISTIF PARTIES TOTA	1 55,256	102,020	2,-20	2,000	-,000	-,	1,	1 -, -	l '	,		14

No. 30.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

		i	orts.		States rts.	Cana Por		То	ons.	Total Tons	Amount of Tolls.
Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
5,650 4,948	164,520	259 2,504	1,366	42,087	1,955	13,944	16,559	77,996 155,442	184,400	77,996 339,842	\$ cts.
	· Total V	Way Toll do do	s on Vessels Passen Free G	s igers						\$3,767 73	5,709 87 1,039 80 \$16,925 84
	5,650	5,650 1,948 164,520	5,650	5,650	Total Way Tolls on Vessels	Total Way Tolls on Vessels	7,650	5,650	5,650 259 42,087 77,996 77,996 1,948	5,650	5,650

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

A. 1885

No. 31.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported through the Burlington Bay Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	Articles	Cana Can Po	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana United Po	rom vian to 1 States orts.	From United Substituted Pos	States to States rts.		States to dian rts.		Tons.		Amount of Tolls.
Į.		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.		
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl Apples		33 97 8		240					8	273 97 8	273 97 16	
1	Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal	10 28	468 6 110		662			1		10	468 6 662 110	478 6 662 138	
191	Bones	125	150					773 38,119		1.5 773 38.119	150	125 923 38,119	
	Corn	10 141	16							10 144	16	10 160	***************************************
	Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	4 34  1	6 3 30 6		······································		***************************************			4 34 1	6 3 30 6	4 40 3 30 7	
	Gypsum		53 10		······································				******	60 60	53 10	113 10	
	Horses.  Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs. Ice  Iron, Railway do Pig	863 801				•••••			100000 00000 100000 00000 100000 00000 100000 00000	863 801	125	988	••••••

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Articles.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana United	rom dian to States orts.	Fro United S United Po	States to States	Cana	om States to Idian rts.	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	D.wn.	Up.	Down.		\$ cts.
Iron, All other	762	199		•••••	<b> </b>		ļ		762	199	961	
Iron Ore Kryolite, Chemical Ore and other				••••••							<b> </b>	
Ore, except IronLard and Lard Oil	3	5							3	5	8	
Meal, all kinds		5				***** *****		******		5		
Meats, other than Pork		5				*****				5 5	5	
Manilla Molasses									7		7	
Nails	337	108				••••			337	108	445	
Oil, in Barrels	26					•••••			26		26	
Oil Cake												
Potatoes	2	9							2	9	11	
Paint	35	Ď		******* *****					35	Ď	40	
							43		43		43	
Rye							76		76		76	
Salt Stone intended for Cutting	100	11					010		100 318	11	111	
do wrought							2 18		248		248	
do not suitable for Cutting, un- wrought			<b></b>				233		233		233	
Seeds, all kinds Sheep									•••••			
Sods Ath	10								10	*****	10	
Steel Sugar	228	20		·····					228	20	248	
Spirits, Beer, &c	39	21 5							39	21 5	60 5	
Tallow						•••			89		89	
Turpentine			1 1						2		2	

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		0 220						1	1	2,559	2,559	
				····					16		16	
White Lead		***,.*******				1	•••••		55		55	
Whiting	<b>5</b> 5						1		-			
Wool									•••••			•••••
All other Goods and Merchandise			į į					ļ		1 150	0.050	
net ennmerated	5,064	1,256					733		5,797	1,156	6,953	
Bark		,			1							
						l					·····	¶
							ì	l				·····
Boat Knees		•••••						1				
		******	!									. <b> </b>
		i e	1 1			1					}	
20 202020000000000000000000000000000000	**********											
	•••••			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l							. <b></b>
Hop Poles					l	······	······		1,428	1,425	2,853	
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels	1,428	706		619		•••••			1 '	1,500	1,500	
do Raf s		1,500								1,500	1,500	
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles,			1		1	ļ	1					
in Vessels		55								55	55	
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles,			i	ļ			į	1	1			ļ
in Rafts		1,600	1		1					1,600	1,600	••••••
Railway fies, in Vessels				i			i					
				1			l .					
do Rafts			1	1	i	1		1				
Saw Logs	•••	450					1			476	476	
Staves and Headings, Barrel				ſ	1			1		1		<b></b>
do Pipe						1			1	32	32	
do West India.		32								-		
Staves, Salt Barrel				*******						2	9	
Shingles		2								-	-	
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in		1	1	Ì	i	İ	i		}			
Vessels		l					[			*******	· · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	********
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in			1		<b>i</b> .	f	1	i				
Rafts												******
Timber, Square, in Vessels	•••••	4.5.5					l	Í		4,565	4,565	
do Rafts	•• ••• •••	4,000			ľ							
				1	1				l			
Traverses			*** *****			•••••						
Woodenware and Wood, partly		٠.,	!	ļ			i			13	13	
manufac:ured		13		•••••								
Total Freight, Free, per Order							40 542		50,840	15,803	66,643	
in Council	10,297	14,282		1,521			40,543	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	30,040	10,000	00,040	
•												1,661 9
Total Tolls on Vessels	l	<b> </b>	[				[ <b></b> .	. <b></b>	•••••			1,001 98

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 32.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Ottawa Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884

ARTICLES.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cans Unite	rom adian to d States orts.		States to States	United S	om States <b>to</b> adian rts.	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	<b>Ū</b> p.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl		20 6								20 6	20 6	3 75 0 28
Agricultural Products not enu- merated, Vegetable		. 57				•••••			······································	57	57	4 19
Agricultural Products not enu- merated, Animal	2	891 11 335					1	***********	2	891 11 335	891 13 335	59 42 1 60 18 88
		23				•••••				23	23	1 44
Brimstone	1,000	711 7,868						•••••	1,000	71I 7,868	718 8,868	28 35 183 98
Coal Corn	1 15	620					••••••		1 15	2 620	3 <b>63</b> 5	0 16 33 53
Crockery and Earthenware  Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	1								1	***********	1	<b>0</b> 05
		1								1	1	0 10
Flour Furniture	8 8	9 31							8 8	9 31	17 39	0 42 3 70
Gypsum				······································					•••••••		:	0 06
Hay, Pressed		95 220							49	95 220	95 269	5 29 11 12
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs.		14								14	14	1 39

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lee <b>p.</b> 11		,		l	·				l <b></b>	·		
do Pig			*********		1				24	45	69	2 70
do All other	24	45	·····									
Iron Ore			**********									
Kryolite, Chemical Ore and other	1				1		1		ŀ	5,302	5,302	265 10
Ore, except Iron		5,302								] -, -	! '	
Lard and Lard Oil											8	0 79
Meal. all kinds		8 )						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8	1	
						••••••••						
Marble											••••	
Manilla							. <b></b>					
Molasses	1					· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1		1	0 05
Nafls							1					
Oats	120	630	*********						120	630	750	40 81
	1 1								1		1	0 05
Oil, in Barrels	- 1							*****				
012 0440 1111111111111111111111111111111		4,795				1				4,795	4,795	378 10
Pease		191	1	1						194	191	11 78
Potatoes	2	10	··············	••••••					2	10	12	0 68
Pork	- 1				1				1 -			
Paint	****									48	48	9 12
Pitch and Tar	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	48	• •••••		************			•••••		19	19	3 02
Rags		19		••••••						994	934	96 43
Rye		994	••••••		*****	••••••				1	1 334	
Rosin.		/***********								·····	3	0 06
Salt	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				• · · · · • • · · · • • • • • • • • • •	*********		3		, ,	0 00
Stone intended for cutting		1		ļ						1	1	0 02
do wrought									· · · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
do not suitable for cutting un-			1	ŀ	Į,			ļ		1	!	
wrought								********	••••			
Seeds, all kinds		7							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7	7	0 46
Sheep	•••••	357	l							357	357	19 29
Soda Ash		. <b></b>			l			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i			••••
Steel					·		ì					
Sugar	2								2	] <b>.</b>	) 2	0 10
Spirits, Beer, &c.	8	1							8	1	9	0 59
Tobacco, Raw												
	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7					1			7	7	0 69
Tallow	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	•••••			*********	1				l <b></b>	l
<u>Tin</u>		*******		••••••		***********						
Turpentine		75		*******			1		28	75	103	4 15
Wheat	28	i		****								
WLite Lead	***********	i		·•····· ,••··		' . •••••••• ••• I		•••••	]		1	
Whiting					·········				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	0 10
Wool		1				********	; ··············	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••	1	1	0 10
All other Goods and Merchandise			1	1	ł		}	1	240	800	1 014	74 34
not enumerated	348	566							348	566	914	
Bark		92	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	**** ******						92	9.1	9 00
Sarrels, Empty	8	131							8	131	139	10 56
Boat Knees												
DONA TEMOOR . '111 Hills territorian					i .		i	1	1	1	į	

Articles.	Can Ca	From adian to nadian Ports.	Can, Unite	rom adian to d States orts.	United United Po	om States to I States rts.	United Can	om States to adian orts.	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Floats	42	8,365 16 285,685 . 9,427		247,584					42	898 99,596 8,365 16 533,269 9,427	898 99,596 8,365 16 	\$ cts. 10 83 3,451 72 84 52 1 34 47,870 01 174 02
in Vessels  Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts  Railway Ties, in Vessels do Rafts  Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel do Pipe do West India Staves, Salt Barrel Shingles		316 2,438 45,047		*************						45,047	316 2,438 45,047	38 38 140 01 1,047 18
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels		4		*************					8	523 4	531	209 65 0 14
Timber, Square, in Vessels									25	26,634 390	26,634 396	297 52 1 70 1 67
Total Freight paying Tolls	1,711	502,805	•••••	248,316	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		**** *** **		1,711	751,121	752,832	54,614 69

Total Tolls on Vessels	289	93 33
Wharfage and Storage Fines and Damages Uther Receipts	1 25	00 00
Total Revenue, exclusive of Hydraulic Rents	60,818	95

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

No. 33.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Chambly Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	Articles.	Cana Car	rom a iian to nadian orts.	Cans Unite	rem dian to d States orts.	Fr United S United Po	States to States	United Cana	om States to adian rts.	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Uр.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down		•
ľ													\$ cts.
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl		451	1		,			63	135	514	135 514	13 50 46 54
	Agricultural Products, not enu- merated, Vegetable	6	114							6	114	120	4 00
8	merated, Animal	6 6	55 9 153	2,061						6 6 2,061	55 9 153	61 15 <b>2,</b> 214	2 04 1 11 179 31
	Bricks	227	193	100			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		205	227 100	205	4 <b>32</b> 100	37 31 10 00
	Brimstone								3,967	790	3,967	4,757	489 37
	Clay, Lime and Sand Coal Corn								81,091		81,091	81,094	8,223 25
	Cattle Cotton, Raw	6	164						15	6	164	170	5 70 3 20
	Crockery and Earthenware  Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs  Fish			ļ					174		174	174	17 40
	Flax and HempFlour	692								692 19	15	707 21	23 61 0 87
	GypsumGlass, all kinds	19 103							1	103	1	103 1	3 44 0 10
	Hay, Pressed	806	502			•••••				806	503	1,309	97 41 0 86
	Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs.	7						l	l				

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Iron, Railway	8				<b></b> .		•••••		8	ļ	8	0	
do Pig						,		292		292	292	29	
do All other		2				••••••		300		302	302	31	27
Iron Ore	************												
Kryolite, Chemical Ore and other					l			•		1			
Öre, except Iron									<b></b>				
Lard and Lard Oil													
Meal, all kinds			•••••	***************************************						1			••••
Meats, other than Pork	***********	••••••		***************************************									••••
													••••
Marble	•••••••									1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		••••
Manilla				•••••			•						
Molasses			1					1,509	6	1,509	1,515	151	
Nails	17					**** ******		3	17	3	20	1	
Oats	5	2,062	• **** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						5	<b>2</b> ,062	2,067	84	
Oil, in Barrels								594		594	594	[ 59	17
Oil Cake													
Pease						l		l		971	971	46	89
Potatoes					1		•						<b></b> .
Pork					1							1	
Paint					1			51		51	51	5	10
Pitch and Tar.					1			1,090			1.090	109	
							1	1,030		1 /	1,035		10
Rags								11	¦		t -	1 -	
Rye		1		1									
Rosin								1,555		1,555	1,555	155	
Salt	1,131						<b></b>	34	1,131	34	1,165	99	
Stone intended for cutting								338		3:8	338	33	
do wrought								135		135	135	13	50
do not suitable for cutting,	i		ł		ì					ļ		1	
unwrought	l	l	l		l. <b></b>			·					
Seeds, all kinds								l					
Sheep		209								209	209	6	97
Soda Ash								135		135	135	9	
Steel													
							••••••	4.798	••••••	4,798	4 798	479	
Sugar						••••••	***********	-,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		4,100		
Spirits, Beer, &c	3								1		3	0	
Tobacco, Raw				··········				4		4	4	0	21
Tallow			******										
Tin						••••••		90		90	90	9	
Turpentine								651		651	651	64	54
Wheat	i			<b></b>						 			•••
White Lead	l												
Whiting										b .			
Wool	1												
All other Goods and Merchandise	1	i	******		l	•••••••	l	l					
		560	,,	i			l	1,509	825	2,069	2,894	190	16
not enumerated			11					, ,	1	, ,	'		_
Bark				••••••					•••••		••••••		••••
Barrels, Empty					1								••••
Boat Knees											·••••		••••
	l	J	l	l	1	' '		l _ '		l	l	l 	

Sessional
Papers
(No.
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18
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Articles.	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		Cana Unite	From Canadian to United States Ports.		From United States to United States Ports.		From United States to Canadian Ports.		Tons.		Amount of Tolls.
,	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Floats Firewood, in Vessels	1,978 330	315						312	1,978 330	627	1,978 957	\$ cts. 118 80 19 38
Hoops	2,800 117		85,075					36	87,875 117	36	87,911 117	4,917 99 14 00
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels	9,420	·····	7,799	·····				4	17,219	4	17,223	1,376 04
do Rafts												
Staves, Salt Barrel	79		8						87		87	15 34
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts	218								1,478 85		1,478 85	144 65 1 70
Traverses					******			2	1	2	3	0 59
Total Freight paying Tolls Coal, Free, per Order in Council	19,598 1,477	5,618	96,534					101,973	116,132 1,477	107,591	223,723 1,477	17,379 14
Grand Total Freight	21,075	5,618	96,534					101,973	117,609	107,591	225,200	

Sessional
<b>Papers</b>
(No.
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Total Tolls on Vessels	3,910 3: 81 8:	2
10th 10th 0t vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels vessels v		
do Free Goods	5 8: 10 00	2
Wharfage and StorageFines and Damages	10 0	o
Files and Damages	01 007 1	-1
Total Revenue, exclusive of Hydraulic Rents	21,387 1	'

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 34.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Rideau Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

	Articles.	Cana Can	rom dian to adian orts.	Cana United	From Canadian to United States Ports		From United States to United States Ports.		From United States to Canadian Ports.		Fons.		Amount of Tolls.
		Ūp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
													\$ cts.
	shes, Pot and Pearlpples	2	. 50 . 11							2	50 11	52 11	10 93 0 40
Α	gricultural Products, not enu- merated, Vegetable	5	23	300			}			305	23	328	16 32
41	gricultural Products, not enu- merated, Animal	150	913							150 43	913 120	1,063 163	76 G7 15 46
Be	gricultural Implements	43 3 75	120					,	<b> </b>	3 75		3 75	0 08 2 03
Bo	ricks onesrimstone	1	*****		*****				ļ <b></b> .	ì		1	0 03
C	ement and Water Lime	50	116							50 448	116	166 448	9 98 10 54
O	oni	10	2,463 14							10	2,463	2,463	92 71 0 72 0 25
C	attleotton, Rawrockery and Earthenware	8 28	1							28	25		- 6 80
D	ye Wood and Dye Stuffsish.	28 28	25 1							28	1	4 29	0 61 1 29
F	lax and Hemplour		239							24	239	263	7 41 6 85
G	urnitureypsum	15 36	51 2							15 36 11	51 2 4	66 38 15	0 91 1 41
H	lass, all kindsay, Pressed	11	•••••								2		0 16
II B	ogs orsesides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs		1				<b></b>				Ī	1	0 03
Īc	6					1	l	1	1		1	·	1

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Iron, Railway	.1 2	1 10	1	j	1	1	İ	1	1 2	! 10	1 12	0 34
do Pig	327	2				1		1	327	1 2	329	13 30
do All other	288	33							288	33	321	11 42
Iron Ore	454				1							
Kryolite, Chemical Ore and other									451		451	22 70
Ore, except-Iron	211	2,179		1	1	Ì	ł	1				
Tand and Land Oil	211		******						211	2,179	2,390	119 50
		13	•••••			•••••				13	13	0 50
Meal, all kinds	19	30	••••••			••• ••••			19	30	49	1 96
Meats, other than Pork	7	9							6	7	13	0 47
Marble	3								3	. <b></b> , <b></b>	3	0 36
Manilla	1					l. <b></b>	- <b></b> .	l	1		i i	0 09
Molasses	9	4	l	l					9	4	13	1 79
Nails	106	1 1							106	ĺí	107	10 97
Oats	167	1							167	ĺ	168	3 99
Oil, in Barrels	20	155				•••••			20	155	175	
Oil Cake		1 7					••••••			100	110	18 67
Pease	12	38								2	7	0 17
Potatoes	10	30				•••••••		••••••	12	38	50	4 58
Don't	6	1 -	······	•••••					10	1	! 11	0 50
Pork	6	10							6	10	16	0 53
Paint				[								
Pitch and Tar	2	38							2	38	40	3 49
Rage	1	4							1	4	5	0 79
Rye	852	501				l		l	852	501	1,353	92 90
Rosin	2								2		1,000	0 18
Salt	512	156							512	156	668	21 22
Stone, intended for cutting	6					***************************************			6	1	000	0 27
do wrought		1				**********		••••	U		, ,	
do not suitable for cutting, un-			************			***********	***********			¦ •	,	0 09
wrought		1					` `					
Seeds, all kinds		******			•••••	•••••	******	*****			•••••	
Ober	3	1	***********			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	····	3	1	4	0 11
Sheep	5		******						5		5	0 15
Soda Ash	•••••											
Steel	1					*****		·····	1		1	0 09
Sugar	115	77	*****						115	77	192	21 00
Spirits, Beer, &c	7	44							7	41	51	6 75
Tobacco, Raw												J 10
Tallow		6								6	6	0 36
<u>T</u> in	10	3							10	3	13	2 24
Turpentine	7								7	•		
Wheat	101	19	******					·····		7.0	7	0 63
White Lead	7	13	•••••••••••			•••••••		•••••	101	19	120	2 99
Whiting	17	_	******	•••••			•••••	••••	.7	3	10	0 88
Whiting	1		*****						17		17	1 48
Wool	******											
All other Goods and Merchandise						i						
not enumerated	452	450							453	450	902	104 31
Bark	90								90		90	2 12
Barrels, Empty	26								26		26	2 35
Boat Knees		. <b></b>									"	4 30
				1						••••••		
			!								'	

No. 34.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Can Ca	From adian to nadian 'orts.	Can Unite	From adian to d States orts.	United United	rom States to I States orts.	United Can	rom States to adian orts.	7	Cons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Floats	5,860 33,112	5,484							5,860 33,112	5,484	5,860 38,596	\$ cts 103 60 682 03
Hop Poles	216 11,348 17 85	583 10	888						333 12,236 17 85	583 10	333 12,819 27	33 50 697 87 0 87
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts Railway Ties, in Vessels		1,597	***************************************						7,181 568 1,546	1,597	7,190 568 3,143	708 58 59 48 71 84
do Pipe		20							24 41	20	20 35 41	2 00 6 43 6 12
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts	3 540 1,733	10 1,280							3 540 1,733	10 1,280	3 10 1,820 1,733	0 39 0 28 57 89 11 29
Total Freight paying Tolls		16,836	2,431						68,383	16,836	85,219	3,187 65

	Sessional
,	Papers
٠	(No.
	4

I	Coal, Free, per Order in Council  Grand Total Freight		16,836			-	-		 <del></del>	16,836	86,887	
	Giant Iotal Preigns	To W	tal Tolls on do do harfage and	Vessels. Passeng Free Co Storage	ersal						\$44 63	1,658 09 75 12 110 41 260 00 5,291 27

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 35.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the St. Peter's Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	1 _		- 1	Tons.			Tolls.
		1	P	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
2,434							10 310 1,157 411 1,769 181	1,4 <sup>0</sup> 2 85 6,9:8 963 2,424 280 12,092	1,412 395 8,095 1,374 4,193 461	\$ cts.  14 12 3 95 80 95 13 74 41 93 4 61
1	ls on Vess	sels								2,033 82
•	2,434 280 12,032 Total Tol	2,424 280	2 2,434	7 2,424	7 2,424	2,424	7 2,424 280 280 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	2,424	2,434	0     2,424

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

No. 36.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Newcastle District Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884

	Articles.	Fro Canad Cana Por	ian to dian rts.	Fro Canad United Por	ian to States rts.	United S United Po		United i	rts.	To		Total Tons.	Amour of Tolls	
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
ï													\$	cts.
1/17	Bricks	5,289 1,332 411 2,350 	57 80 350						- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5,289 1,332 411 2,350 180 700	57 80 350	5.346 1,412 411 2,350 1,050	9 14 47	9 10 9 78 4 30 7 00 8 00
I	Iron Ore													
I	Total Freight paying Tolls	10,262	487							10,262	487	10,749	184	18
Tolls on Vessels  Total Revenue, exclusive of Hydraulic Rents												00		

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August 1884. E. MIALL, Commissioner.

APPENDIX A-

No. 37.—Statement of Traffic on the undermentioned Canals, and the

No. 31.—STATEMEN	OI IIai	ne on the	e undern	ientioned	Canais,	and the		
Articles.	Welland	l Canal.	St. Lawren	ce Canals.	Chambly Canal.			
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.		
Class No. 1.		\$ ets.		<b>\$</b> cts.		\$ cts.		
Canalian Vessels, steam United States Vessels, steam Canadian Vessels, sail United States Vessels, sail	179,630 135,558 309,391 226,772	2,638 41 2,039 61 5,932 81 5,076 72	817,599 22,382 824,640 77,650	5,032 90 127 75 8,848 54 751 15	63,280 363 110,688 121,370	215 94 4 07 1,966 17 1,724 14		
Total, Class No. 1	851,351	15,687 55	1,742,271	14,760 34	295,701	3,910 33		
Class No. 2	No.		No.	0 750 55	No.			
Passengers	2,007	116 28	50,753	2,750 55	4,980	81 8		
Class No. 3.	Tons.	9 00	Tons. 2,637	224 80	Tons. 432	37 31		
Cement and Water Lime Clay, Lime and Sand	530 2,111	58 02 202 18	1,849 11,467	260 92 467 17	4,757	489 37		
Fish	866 988 1,234	129 95 12 34 192 05	570 3,540 23,450	69 52 73 69 3,484 26	103	3 44 0 27		
do Pigdo Allother	22	0 42 790 23	6,855	996 91 716 47	292 302	29 20 31 27		
Salt	58	8 70	5,933 7,898	1,024 67	1,165	99 78		
Stone, for cutting	5,525 340	868 53 9 72	2,499 1,791	147 83 244 23	338 514	33 80 46 54		
Barley	10,165	1,546 10	3,179	284 25	2,214	179 31		
Corn		32,714 51	20,520	1,622 82 0 90				
Flax and Hemp	14,060	942 39	10,503	1,447 78	707	23 61		
Hay. Pressed	26	3 90	1,727	116 55 66 41	1,309			
Meal, all kinds		2,062 00	. 2	0 20				
Oats Pease		353 80 87 80		340 95 2,561 38	2,067	84 63 46 89		
Potatoes.		01 00	280	16 09				
Rye Seeds, all kinds	2,123 744	344 35 148 80		341 70 16 65				
Tobacco, Raw	3	0 55	9	0 90	4	0 27		
Wheat	156,579	29,867 95	22,781	2,565 38				
ducts, Vegetable	. 1,200	48 71		289 14	120	4 00 10 00		
BonesCattle			424	57 10 56 85	100	5 70		
Hogs			157	12 60				
Hides and Skins, Horns an Hoofs	. 93	18 60	55	7 29				
Horses	. 21	3 40	335	23 92	25	0 86		
Lard and Lard Oil Meats, other than Pork	36	3 60						
Pork		67 2	5 365	29 10	209	6 97		
Sheep	137	20 6	502	5 59				
Wool	91	18 2				·		
All other Agricultural Products, Animal		1 2	0 1,396	179 49	61	2 04		
Total, Class No. 3.	378,927	70,540 4	0 177,961	17,827 20	15,868	1,232 67		

Continued—CANALS.

Amount of Tolls collected, during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

Burlingt Can		Ottawa (	Canals.	Rideau (	Janal.	St. Peter's Can		Newcastle District Cana	
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
113,863	1,138 77	196,669	€77 67	53,566	560 59 8 25	70,036	1,400 72	1,490	10 00
528 51,604 190	5 28 516 04 1 90	233 895 77,293	3,320 42 1,831 84	85,059 7,375	1,012 93 76 32	31,655	633 10	1,207	7 00
166,185	1,661 99	597,857	5,829 93	146,227	1,658 09	101,691	2,033 82	2,697	17 00
No.		No.		No.		No.		No.	
4,622		17,240	289 33	2,353	75 12		 		<u>.:</u>
Tons.	ļ	Tons.		Tons.		Tons.	}	Tons.	
138 125		718	28 35	75 166	2 03 9 98				
923		8,868	183 98	448	10 54				
40		1	0 10	29	1 29	1,412	14 12		
2	•••••			38 12	0 91 0 <b>34</b>				
988   801				329	13 30				
961		69	2 70	321	11 42				
111		3	0 06	668	21 22				
318		1	0 02	6	0 27				
97		6	0 28	11	0 40				
€62		335	18 88	3	0 08		·		
*************		3	0 16	24	0 72			•	
10								•	
. 30	******	17	0 42	263	7 41	395	3 95		
10		l i	0.06						
10		8	0 79	49	1 96				
270000000000000000000000000000000000000				7	0 17				
**********		750	40 31	168	3 99				
*************************		4,795	378 10	50	4 58			•   •••••	
********		194	11 78	1 1252	0 50		•	··   ······ •····	
********		994	96 43 0 46	1,353	92 90				
***************************************		7			V 11				1
2,559		103	4 15	120	2 99				
2,000		1	l		ļ.				}
16		57	4 19	328	16 32		41 93	i [	
** ** *******		23	1 44	1	0 03				·
******		635	33 53	9	0 25		•		
******		95	5 29	2	0 10		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	1	14	1 39		<b>!</b>	. 1	-	1	1
Ω	***************************************	269	11 12	1	0 03		1		
8	1	1		. 13	0 50				
5				. 13	0 47	·			
11		12	0 68		0 53				
*****		357	19 29		0 15		• •••••		
**********		. 7	0 69		0 36		·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••	·   · · · · · ·
*********		. 1	0 10			••	•   • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••	,
478		. 891	59 42	1,063	76 67				
8,309		19,234	904 67	5,612	282 58	6,000	60 00	)	
		., .v,.ut	, 502 01	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, 202 00	, ,,,,,,,	, 50 0		

No. 37.—STATEMENT of Traffic on the undermentioned

Articles.	Wella	nd Canal.	St. Law	rence Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 4.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	8 49 771 93 34 2,870 32 94 225 691 1112 2 205	5 85 1 60 6 62 10 65 16 28 2 48 430 50 2 38 11 74 25 09 120 97 15 94 0 30 34 20 32 93 216 73 1 52 0 80	821 468 861 338 1,263 1,058 48 41 1,961 3,849 2,212 672 1,417 968 1,388 2,494 52 10,039 2,672 732 133 174 1,979	106 35 43 97 152 54 30 90 172 11 206 06 8 92 8 19 147 18 690 54 100 30 87 54 110 40 75 98 498 80 10 10 1,124 91 16 64 518 06 42 98 25 24 32 20 316 56	135 15 34 174 21 1 1,515 20 594 51 1,090 11 1,555 135 90 651	13 50 1 11 3 20 17 40 0 87 0 10 151 10 1 18 59 17 5 10 109 00 1 10 155 50 9 00 479 80 13 50 9 00 64 54
Total, Class No. 4	26,301	3,905 26	55,712	7,515 85	13,922	1,284 73
Class No. 5.  Bark Barrels, Empty	15 25 39,888 6 45,208 39 26 447 99	1 29 4 38 1,714 29 0 19 7,351 51 3 46 6 50 54 90 15 67	282 4,326 31,971 399 37,796 38 646	41 90 75 71 856 22 8 32 2,327 01 4 85 29 34	1,978 957 87,911 117 17,223	118 80 19 38 4,947 99 14 00 1,376 04
Masts, Spars, and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts Square Timber, in Vessels. do Rafts Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured Shingles Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels	285 71,655 <b>7,142</b> 779 <b>44</b>	39 88 10,734 48 1,594 02 227 95 27 20 0 59	13,356 3,414 11,284 494 170	333 90 164 42 321 80 187 57 35 45	1,478 3 87	164 65 0 59 15 34
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts Saw Logs	10,120	252 76	20,519	0 07 468 92	***************************************	

# Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected, &c.—Continued.

Burlingto Cans	n Bay	Ottawa	Canals.	Rideau	Canal.	St. Peter's Cana		Newcastle District Canal	
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
273 .		20	3 75	52	10 93	( [	 	<b>}</b> }	
6 .		13	1 60	163	15 46				
160 .		1	0 05	53	6 80			}	
4   . 7   .	•••••	39	3 70	66	0 61 6 85				······································
113		39		15	1 41		*****		• • • • • • • •
5 .				3	0 36				
7 ].				1	0 09				
	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	0 05	!3	1 79				
445	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	0 05	107	10 97		<b></b> .		
26	•••••	1	0 05	175	18 67			•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
43		48	9 12	40	3 49				*******
		19	3 02	5	0 79				
76				2	0 18				
10									
248	••••••		10	192	0 09				
248			10	1 1	21 00 0 09				
89				13	2 24				
2				7	0 63			1	
16	••••••			10	0.88				
55 .				17	1 48				
60		9	0 59	51	6 75			ļ	
6,953		914	74 34	902	104 31	461	4 61		
8,886		1,067	96 37	1,893	215 87	461	4 61		
•••••		92	9 00	90	2 12				
······		139	10 86	26	2 35	*********			
******************		898	10 83	5,860	103 60				
***************************************		99,596	3,451 72	38,596	682 03		1	5,346	89 10
•••••		8,365	84 52						
2,853		533,311	47,870 01	12,819	697 87	1,374	13 74	1,412	9 78
1,500	·····	9,427	174 02	27	0 87				
********		16 316	1 34 38 38	7,190	708 58	******		411	14 30
***************************************		2,438	140 01	568	59 48				12 30
55				. 85	6 25				
1,600				. ]					
4,565				10 1,820	0 28 57 89				
********		26,634	297 52	1,820	57 89			1,050	21 00
13		25	1 67	8	1 40				
2	•••••	531	209 65	35	6 43			· [	
•••••••	***********	4	0 14	41	6 12		ļ		ļ
		i	1		0 39 71 84	1	l	. 180	3 00
**************	****** *** ****	******	1,047 18	.] 3	1 0 229			.   1341)	3 (8)

No. 37.-STATEMENT of Traffic on the undermentioned

Articles.	Wellar	nd Canal.	St. Lawre	ence Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 5-Concluded.		\$ cts.	:	\$ cts.	ı	\$ ets.
Staves and Headings, Barrel do do Pipe. do do West	107 2,246	7 69 420 <b>2</b> 6	652 112	32 50 11 90	••••••	
IndiaStaves, Salt Barrel TraversesHop Poles	1,461 25	273 81 4 00	194 35 9,974 534	28 08 0 70 25 98 26 00	85	1 70
Total, Class No. 5	179,620	22,733 83	136,197	4,980 64	109,839	6,638 49
Special Class.						•
Coal	311,176 9 27,951	60,553 57 0 45 1,397 55	150,269 1,550	21,142 58 77 50	84,094	8,223 25
Stone, unwrought, not suit- able for cutting Ice	16,136	1,230 09	11,332	226 80	***************************************	*******************************
Total, Special Class	355,272	63,181 66	163,151	21,446 88	84,094	8,223 25
Total Freight on Tolls Timber and other Wood,	940,120	176,164 98	533,021	69,281 46	223,723	21,371 35
Free	1,729	160 82	10,932	1,121 98		
Salt, Coal, &c., &c., Free.	23,981	3,480 90	280,533	31,604 43	1,477	147 70
Grand Totals, Passengers and Tonnage of Vessels not included	965,830	179,806 70	824,486	102,007 87	225,200	21,519 05

48 Victoria.

Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected, &c. - Concluded.

Burling Car	ton Bay	Ottawa	Canals.	Rideau	Canal.	St. Peter's Canal		Newcastle District Canals.	
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts
476	•••••			***** *****					
11,096		390	1 70	20 1,733 333 72,407	2 00 11 29 33 50 2,454 29	1,374	13 74	10,749	181 18
38,119	*************	5,302	265 10	2,463 2,390 454	92 71 119 50 22 70	8,095	80 95	••••••••	*********
233				••••••					
38,352		5,302	265 10	5,307	234 91	8,095	80 95	<del></del>	
66,643	1,661 99	752,832	60,733 95	85,219	4,920 86	15,930	2,193 12	10,749	201 18
•••••				********	••••••				
*********				1,668	44 63		<u></u>		
66,643	1,661 99	752,832	60,733 95	86,887	4,965 49	15,930	2,193 12	10,749	201 18

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

### APPENDIX A-

No. 38.—Summary Statement of Traffic on the undermentioned Canals of each description of Property passing through

Vessels of all kinds.   S51,351   15,687 55   1,742,271   14,760 34   295,701   3,910 32		01 04	on deserr	001011 01	Froperty	Passing	miough
Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable   Sectable	Articles.	Wellan	d Canal.	St. Lawre	nce Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
Vessels of all kinds		Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
No.   No.   No.   No.   No.   No.   Passengers   2,007   116 28   50,753   2,750 55   4,980   81 86			\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Passengers	Vessels of all kinds	851,351	15,687 55	1,742,271	14,760 34	295,701	3,910 32
Bark		No.	,	No.		No.	
Bark	Passengers	2,007	116 28	50,753	2,750 55	4,980	81 89
Boat Knees		Tons.		Tons.		Tons.	
Floats	Bark	25				********	*****
Firewood	Floats	20	4 00	4.326	75 71	1,978	118 80
Lumber, Sawn	Firewood	39,894	1,714 48				19 38
Masts, Spars, &c   285   39 88   13,356   333 90							
Railway Ties						88,028	4,961 99
Saw Logs						17 000	1 276 04
Stares, all kinds						11,243	1,510 04
Shringles	Staves, all kinds						
Split Posts and Rails						87	15 34
Traverses	Split Posts and Rails						
Total		78,797	12,328 50				
Cattle	Traverses	••••••		9,974	25 98	85	170
Cattle       1       0 15       854       56 85       170       5 70         Hogs       157       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       12 60       13 60       13 60       13 60       13 60       13 60       13 60       13 60       13 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60       14 60	Total	178,826	22,504 59	135,421	4,751 17	109,836	6,637 99
Horses	Farm Stock.	•					
Horses	Cattle	1	0 15			170	5 70
Produce of Animals.   22   3 55   1,848   130 68   404   13 53	Hogs						
Produce of Animals.			3 40				0 86
Produce of Animals.         Bones       424       57 10       100       10 00         Horn and Hoofs, Hides and Skins, Raw       93       18 60       55       7 29       100       10 00         Lard and Lard Oil       36       5 95       86       5 55       5 55       14 05       15 300       173 14 05       14 05       14 05       15 300       173 14 05       15 300       173 14 05       15 300       173 14 05       15 300       173 14 05       15 300       173 14 05       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30       10 30			3 55	l			
Rones							
Horn and Hoofs, Hides and Skins, Raw   93   18 60   55   7 29	Produce of Animals.						
Lard and Lard Oil	Horn and Hoofs, Hides and			Ì		100	10 00
Meats, other than Pork   15   3 00   173   14 05	Lard and Lord Oil	93				***************************************	
Pork       337       67 25       365       29 10	Ments, other than Pork	15					
Tallow							
Wool     91     18 20     120     16 78	Tallow						
enumerated, Animal 6 1 20 1,396 179 49 61 2 0	Wool	91					************
Total	Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal	6	1 20	1,396	179 49	61	2 04
	Total	715	134 85	2,678	314 95	161	12 04

# Continued—CANALS.

during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884, showing the Total Quantity and the Amount of Tolls collected thereon.

Burling Car	ton Bay	Ottawa	Canals.	Rideau	Canal.	St. P Ca.	eter's nal.	Newo District	astle Canals.
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
•	\$ cts.		\$ cts		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ .cts.
166,185	1,661 99	507,857	5,829 93	146,227	1,658 09	101,691	2,033-82	2,697	17 00
No.		No.		No.	ţ	No.		No.	·
4,622		17,240	289 33	2,353	75 12				
Tons.		Tons.	_	Tons.		Tons.		Tons	
••••••	•••••	92	9 00	90	2 12				
•••••	••••••	898 107,961	10 83 3,536 24	5,860 38 <sub>i</sub> 596	103 60 682 03			5,346	89 10
4,353		16 542,738	1 34 48,044 03	333 12,846	33 50 698 74	1,374	13 74	1,412	9 78
1,655	••••••••	2,754	178 39	85 7,-7 <b>5</b> 8	6 25 768 06			411	14 30
508	***************************************	45,047	1,047 18	3,143 20	71 84 2 00			2,350	47 00
2	*************	531 4	209 65 0 14	35	6 43	**********			
4,565		26,634	297 52	1,830	6 51 58 17			180 1,0 <b>5</b> 0	3 00 21 00
		390	1 70	1,733					
11,083		727,065	53,336 02	72,373	2,450 54	1,374	13 74	10,749	184 18
8		935 95 269 367 1,356	33 53 5 29 11 12 19 29 69 23	9 2 1 5 5	0 25 0 16 0 03 0 15 0 59				
8 5		23 14	1 44 1 39	1	0 <del>0</del> 3	•••••		****** ****** <sup>1</sup>	
5 11		12	0 68	13 16	0 47 0 53		• ••••••••		,,,,,,,,
	4	7	0 69 0 10	6	0 36		•••••		
478		891	59 42	1,063	76 <b>67</b>	************	••••••		
502	<del></del>	ا حجب سجب		<del></del>					
004	•••••••	948	63 72	1,112	78 56		·············		

# No. 38.—Summary Statement of Traffic on

				I CIAIEM		
Articles.	Wellan	nd Canal.	St. Lawre	nce Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Agricultural Products.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Agricultural Products not enumerated, Vegetable Apples	1,200 340 10,165	48 71 9 72 1,546 10	5,763 1,791 3,179 12	289 14 244 23 284 25 0 90	120 514 2.214	4 00 46 54 179 31
Flax and HempFlour		32,714 51 942 39 3 90	20,520 10,503 1,727	1,622 82 1,447 78 116 55	707 1,309	23 61 97 41
Meals, all kinds  Manilla  Oats  Pease	10,313 32 1,769 439	2,062 00 2 38 353 80 87 80	1,513 41 6,396 28,073	66 41 8 19 340 95 2,561 38	2,067 971	84 63 46 89
Rye	2,1 <b>2</b> 3	344 35 148 80 0 55	280 3,945 243 9	16 09 341 76 16 65 0 90	4	0 27
Wheat	156,579 361,400	29,867 95 68,132 96	22,781 106,776	2,565 38 9,923 32	7,906	482 66
<b>Man</b> ufactures.		•				
Ashes, Pot and Pearl Agricultural Implements		5 85 1 60	821 468	106 35 43 97	135 15	13 <b>50</b> 1 11
Barrels, Empty  Bricks  Cement and Water Lime  Orockery and Earthenware	15 60 530 49	1 29 9 00 58 02 6 62	282 2,637 1,849 861	41 90 224 80 260 92 152 54	432 34	37 31 3 20
Furniture	22	16 28 2 48 192 05 0 42 790 23	1,263 1,058 23,450 6,855 5,933	172 11 206 06 3,484 26 996 91 716 47	21 1 8 292 302	0 87 0 10 0 27 29 20 31 27
Molasses	94 255 691	11 74 25 09 120 97	1,961 3,849 2,212 2	147 18 690 54 255 51 0 20	1,515 20 594	151 10 1 18 59 17
Paint	229	15 94 0 30 32 00	1,417 1,388 2,494	100 30 87 54 75 98 498 80	1,090 1,555 135	5 10 109 00 155 50 9 00
Spirits, Whiskey, &c Steel Sugar Tin Turpentine	183 32 2,394 11	31 95 4 80 332 93 1 52	1,979 52 10,039 2,672 732	316 56 10 10 1,124 91 518 06 42 98	4,798 90 651	479 80 9 00 64 54
White Lead	779	0 80 227 95	133 174 <b>494</b>	25 24 32 20 187 57	3	0 59
Total	12,289	1,889 83	75,747	10,519 96	11,745	1,160 91

the undermentioned Canals, &c .-- Continued.

	gton Bay nal.	Ottaws	Canals.	Rideau	Canal.	St. P Ca	eter's n <b>al</b> .	New o	castle t Canal.
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ ets.		\$ cts		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
16 97 662 10	***************************************	57 6 335	4 19 0 28 18 88	328 11 3	16 32 0 40 0 08	4,193	41 93		
3 30		3	0 16 0 42	24 263	6 72 7 41	395	3 95		
10 7	******	750	0 06 0 79 40 81	49 1 168	1 96 0 09 3 99				
**************	••••••••••••	4,795 194 994	\$78 10 11 78 96 43	50 11 1,353	4 58 0 50 92 90				
5 2,559	***************************************	103	0 46 4 15	120	2 99		•••••••		
3,399		7,270	556 51	2,385	132 05	4,588	45 88		
				, ,					÷
273 6 138	**************************************	20 13 139	3 75 1 60 10 86	52 163 26 75	10 93 15 46 2 35 2 03	************************	••••••••	***************************************	
125 160 7 113		718 1 39	28 35 0 05 3 70	166 53 66 15	9 98 6 80 6 85 1 41	••••••••	•••••		
988 801 961	*************	69 1	2 70 0 05	12 329 321 13	0 34 13 30 11 42 1 79	•••••••••			
445 26 40		1	0 05	107 175 7	10 97 18 67 0 17				******
43 76 10 60		48 9	9 12	40 2 51	3 49 0 18 6 75				••••••
248 89 2	***************************************	2	0 10	1 192 13 7	0 09 21 00 2 24 0 63				•••••
16 55 13	**************************************	25	1 67	10 17 8	0 88 1 48 1 40		******	•••••	•••••
4,695	******	1,085	62 59	1,921	150 61				

No. 38.—Summary Statement of Traffic on

Articles.	Wellan	d Canal.	St. Lawre	nce Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Merchandise.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Brimstone	2,111 311,176 71 866 988 27,960 2,870	202 18 60,553 57 10 -65 129 95 12 24 1,398 00 430 50 34 20	11,467 150,269 328 570 3,540 1,559 48 968 7,898	467 17 21,142 58 30 90 69 52 73 69 \$7 50 8 92 110 40 1,024 67	4,757 84,094 174 103	489 37 8,223 25 17 40 3 44 1 10 99 78
Stone, all kinds	22,801	2,315 85 2,599 93	14,121	891 27 2,798 87	473 2,894	47 30 190 46
Total	386,868	67,695 37	210,551	26,130 49	93,671	9,072 10
Grand Totals, Passengers and Tonnage of Vessels not included		176,164 <del>98</del>	588, <del>02</del> 1	69, <del>26</del> 1 46	228,723	21,371 <b>95</b>

the undermentioned Canals, &c.-Concluded.

Burling Car	ton Bay nal.	Ottawa	Canals.	Rideau	Canal.	St. Peter	's Canal.	Newc District	astle Canals.
Tons.	Tolis.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
923 38,119 4 40 2 5 111 799 6,953 46,956		8,868 1 5,302 19 3 1 914 15,108	183 98  0 10  265 10  3 02 0 05 0 02  74 34  526 62	448 2,463 4 29 38 2,844 3 5 668 7 902	10 54 92 71 0 61 1 29 0 91 142 20 0 36 0 79 21 22 0 36 104 31	8,095 1,412 461 9,968	80 95 14 12  4 61 99 68		
66,643	1,661 99	752,832	60,733 95	85,219	4,920 86	15,930	2,193 12	10,749	201 18

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

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APPENDIX A-Continued-CANALS.

No. 39.—Statement showing the Amount of Tolls accrued each month during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

									=====		
			18	83.				188	84.	,	ĺ
CANALS AND OFFICES.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November,	December.	January.	April.	Мау.	June.	Total.
Welland Canal.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Chippawa	30 72 20,086 54 8,491 27 119 44 127 64 298 80 272 93	19 00 20,699 66 10,095 12 78 57 121 18 200 63 197 47	21 34 19,500 99 8,157 58 20 41 97 52 284 76 93 20	5 78 17,812 00 7,215 82 75 05 113 40 144 15 172 04	8 50 11,295 34 6,575 53 37 81 121 16 187 25 83 39	7 03 251 48 244 60 7 86 72 24		180 00 1,620 72 1 72 0 37 167 21 84 74	15 27 10,272 73 9,839 15 64 35 210 67 201 74 148 58	10 46 12,196 81 7,281 03 60 68 106 15 145 37 112 05	118 05 112,295 55 59,520 82 458 03 905 95 1,702 18 1,164 40
Total, Welland Canal	29,427 34	31,411 63	28,175 80	25,538 19	18,308 98	583 21		2,054 79	20,752 49	19,912 55	176,164 98
St. Lawrence Canal.  Beauharnois	216 95 66 55 3,763 52 1,857 36 298 49 5,264 21 11,467 0d	268 04 71 76 3,926 82 1,436 61 356 98 5,745 97	199 31 64 39 3,140 04 1,307 71 425 42 5,242 71 10,379 58	302 88 92 73 3,495 56 2,660 11 648 13 4,148 01 11,317 42	265 60 48 75 1,725 22 585 60 406 04 2,226 82 5,258 03	48 80 1 76			145 53 23 41 3,735 14 2,880 53 226 61 3,347 23 10,358 45	118 12 78 31 3,219 25 1,390 39 337 00 3,471 09 8,614 16	1,516 43 494 70 23,007 31 12,118 31 2,698 67 29,446 04 69,281 46
Chambly Canal.  Chambly St. John's St. Our's	1,684 44 2,825 74 94 58	1,424 14 2,585 97 71 32	1,242 78 1,789 94 60 56	1,180 46 1,979 49 76 98	706 41 532 82 84 17			18 98	664 19 2,172 56 58 17	862 10 1,185 29 70 16	7,764 52 13,071 91 534 92
Total, Chambly Canal	4,604 76	4,081 43	3,093 28	3,236 93	1,323 40			18 98	2,894 92	2,117 65	21,371 35

Sessional	
Papers	
(No.	
4.)	

1	1	1	1				1				1
Burlington Bay Canal.			·								•
Hamilton	270 34	285 95	219 02	332 30	130 91	18 70	•••••	72 32	144 39	188 06	1,661 99
Ottawa Canals.											
Ottawa	5,818 35 1,015 60 3,746 91 270 04	4,770 94 97 06 2,965 45 341 15	6,040 55 39 93 3,399 41 356 42	4,582 58 49 08 3,135 80 401 49	1,454 00 15 39 1,721 68 172 02			2 56 11 99 135 78 9 49	7,554 14 252 61 2,312 75 234 65	6,343 09 350 40 2,839 78 294 86	36,566 21 1,832 06 20,257 56 2,078 12
Total, Ottawa Canals	10,850 90	8,174 60	9,836 31	8,168 95	3,363 09			159 82	10,354 15	9,826 13	60,733 95
Rideau Canal.											
Kingston Mills	328 50 643 13 94 49	250 69 560 31 102 69	282 67 390 07 101 72	234 00 231 26 121 42	121 49 92 97 69 07				154 72 378 62 102 12	182 77 443 49 36 66	1,554 84 2,739 85 626 17
Total, Rideau Canal	1,064 12	913 69	774 46	586 68	283 53				635 46	662 92	4,920 86
St. Peter's Canal.											
St. Peter's	317 03	360 84	294 20	353 73	246 64	76 12	3 43	4 93	181 69	360 51	2,193 12
Newcastle District Canals.											
Bobcaygeon Peterborough Hastings	32 25 6 50	29 50 6 15	20 00 3 50 4 00	15 00 1 43 5 10				2 25	20 00 2 C0 0 50	17 25 12 50	159 50 6 93 <b>3</b> 4 75
Total, Newcastle Dis. Canals	38 75	35 65	27 50	21 53	23 25			2 25	22 50	29 75	201 18
Grand total	58,040 32	57,069 97	52,800 15	49,585 73	28,937 83	722 59	3 43	2,313 09	45,344 05	41,711 73	336,528 89
	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	·						·	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 40.—Statement showing the Number, Tonnage and Nationality of Vessels passed through all the Canals, during the Fiscal Year ended the 30th June, 1884, and the Tolls collected thereon.

Væssels.	Total Number	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		From Canadian to United States Ports.		From United States to United States Ports.		From United States to Canadian Ports.		Tons		Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Ũр.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Welland Canal.													\$ cts.
Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	555 1,575	50,110 74,171	39,670 47,025	22,348 77,171	780 1,820	376		5,088 7,783	61,258 101,421	77,922 159,125	101,708 150,266	179,630 309,391	2,638 41 5,932 81
Total Canadian	2,130	124,281	86,695	99,519	2,600	376		12,871	162,679	237,047	251,974	489,021	8,571 22
United States Vessels, steam	295	13	145	343	503	64,303	66,241	1,386	2,624	66,045	69,513	135,558	2,039 61
sail	760		546	2,340	399	107,997	53,803	4,590	59,097	112,927	113,845	226,772	5,076 72
Total United States	1,055	13	691	2,683	902	170,300	120,044	5,976	61,721	178,972	183,358	362,330	7,116 33
Grand Total, Welland Canal	3,185	124,294	87,386	102,202	3,502	170,676	120,044	18,847	224,400	416,019	435,332	851,351	15,687 55
St. Lawrence Canals.													
Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	3,293 5,108	414,898 440,166	351,109 282,860	17,678 46,576	284 3,763		45	393	3,585 50,883	462,576 487,135	355,023 337,50 <b>5</b>	817,599 824,640	5,032 90 8,848 54
Total Canadian	8,401	885,061	633,969	64,254	4,047		45	393	54,467	949,711	693,528	1,642,239	13,881 44
United States Vessels, steam United States Vessels,	499	218	155	1,911	32	9,016	8,887	173	1,930	11,378	11,004	22,382	127 75
Bail	794	967	5,610	5,926	4,021	670	610	52,858	6,988	60,421	17,229	77,650	751 15

Total United States	1,293	1,245	5,765	7,837	4,053	9,686	9,497	53,031	8,918	71,799	28,233	100,032	878 <b>90</b>
Grand Total, St. Law- rence Canals	9,694	886,309	639,734	72,091	8,100	9,686	9,542	53,424	63,385	1,021,510	720,761	1,742,271	14,760 34
Chambly Canal.													
Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	382 1,193	30,324 16,009	29,865 14,560	315 16,163	•••••		••••••		2,77 <b>6</b> 63,956	30,639 32,172	32,641 78,516	63,280 110,688	215 <b>94</b> 1,966 17
Total Canadian	1,575	46,333	44,425	16,478					66,732	62,811	111,157	173,968	2,182 11
United States Vessels, steam	7	13		49	•••••				301	62	301	363	4 07
sail	1,244	180	798	30,645					89,747	30,825	90,545	121,370	1,724 14
Total United States	1,251	193	798	30,694		<u> </u>			90,048	30,887	90,846	121,733	1,728 21
Grand Total, Chambly Canal	2,826	46,526	45,223	47,172					156,780	93,698	202,003	295,701	3,910 32
Burlington Bay Canal.													
Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	261 236	55,625 6,410	56,234 10,782	229	929 14,643			1,075 19,540		56,700 26,179	57,163 25,425	113,863 51,604	1,138 77 516 04
Total Canadian	497	62,035	67,016	229	15,572			20,615		82,879	82,588	165,467	1,654 81
United States Vessels, steam	4				264			264		264	264	528	5 28
sail	2				95			95		95	95	190	1 90
Total United States	6				359			359		359	359	718	7 18
Grand Total, Burling- ton Bay Canal	503	62,035	67,016	229	15,931			20,974		83,238	82,947	166,185	1,661 99
Ottawa Canals.													
Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	1,158 2,178	72,680 23,063	122,586 169,882		1,403 40,950	***********		1		72,680 23,063	123,989 210,832	196,669 233,895	677 67 3,320 42
Total Canadian	<b>3,3</b> 36	95,743	292,468		42,353					95,743	334,821	430,564	3,998 09

No. 40.—STATEMENT showing the Number, Tonnage and Nationality of Vessels, &c.—Concluded.

Vessels.	Total Number	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		From Canadian to United States Ports.		From United States to United States Ports.		From United States to Canadian Ports.		Tons.		Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ottawa Canals—Con. United States Vessels													\$ cts.
steam	782	10,647	4,059		62,195			392		11,039	66,254	77,293	1,831 84
Total United States	782	10,647	4,059		62,195			392		11,039	66, 254	77,293	1,831 84
Grand Total, Ottawa Canals	4,118	106,390	296,527		104,548			392		106,783	401,075	507,857	5,829 93
Rideau Canal. Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	915 1,284	24,489 36, <b>新</b> 0	28,93 <b>3</b> 46,655	144 1,534						<b>2</b> 4,633 <b>3</b> 8,404	28,933 46,655	53,566 85,059	560 59 1,012 93
Total Canadian	2,199	61,359	75,588	1,678						63,037	75,588	138,625	1,573 52
United States Vessels, steam United States Vessels, sail	33 72	96 597	5,919	859						1,456	5,919	7,375	8 25 76 32
Total United States	105	693	6,050	859	•••••					1,552	6,050	7,602	84 57
Grand Total, Rideau Canal	2,304	62,052	81,638	2,537						64,589	81,638	146,227	1,658 09

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' Št. Peler's Canal. Canadian Vessels, steam do sail	533 780	31,827 15,861	35,209 15,79 t							34,827 15,861	35,209 15,794	70,036 31,655	1,400 72 633 10
Total St. Peter's Canal	1,313	50,688	51,003							50,638	51,003	101,691	2,033 83
Newcastle District Canals. CanadianVessels, steam do sail	20	430 100	1,060							430 100	1,060 1.107	1,490 1,207	10 00 7 00
Total Newcastle Dis- trict Canals	31	53)	2,167							530	2,167	2,697	17 00
				R	ECAP	I TUL.	ATION	₹.		·			
Canadian Vessels.													
Steam ani Sail.  Welland	2,130 8,401 1,575 497 3,336 2,199 1,313 34 19,485	121,281 885.064 46, 133 62,035 95,743 61,359 50,688 530 1,326,033	86,695 633,909 44,425 67,016 292,468 73,588 51,003 2,167 1,253,331	99,519 61,254 16,478 229 1,678 182,158	2 600 4,047 15,572 42,353 	376	45	12,871 393 20,615 33,879	16 <b>2</b> ,679 54,467 63,732	237,047 949,711 62,811 82,879 95,743 63,037 50,688 530 1,512,446	251,974 692,528 111,157 82,588 334,821 75,588 51,003 2,167 1,601,826	489 021 1,642,239 173,968 165,467 430,564 138,625 101,691 2,697 3,144,272	8,571 22 13,881 44 2,182 11 1,654 81 3,999 09 1,573 52 2,033 82 17 00 33,912 01
Steom and Sail. Welland St. Lawrence Chambly Burlington Bay Ottawa Rideau	1,055 1,293 1,251 6 782 105	13 1,245 193  10,647 693	691 5,765 798 4,059 6,050	2,683 7,837 30,694 859	902 4,053 359 62,195	170,300 9,686	120,044 9,497	5,976 53,031 359 392	61,721 8,918 90,048	178,972 71,799 30,887 359 11,039 1,552	183,358 28,233 90,846 359 66,254 6,050	362,330 100,032 121,733 718 77,293 7,602	7,116 33 878 90 1,728 21 7 18 1,831 84 81 57
St. Peter's Newcastle District													
Total United States	4,492	12,791	17,363	42,073	67,509	179,986	1 9,541	59,758	160,637	294,603	375,100	669,708	11,647 03
Grand Total, Canadian and United States	23,977	1,338,824	1,270,694	224,231	132,081	180,362	129,586	93,637	444,565	1,837,054	1,976,926	3,813,930	45,559 04
INLAND REVENUE DE	PARTMUNI	OTTAWA,	15th Augu	ıst, 1884.							E. MI	ALL, Comn	is ioner.

No. 41.—Comparative Statement of the Total Movement of Property, Passengers and Vessels on the undermentioned Canals, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884, and the three preceding Years.

	Goods, Wares and Merchandise.		Wellan	d Canal.			Chambly Canal.						
	MEECHANDISE.	1881.	1881. 1882.		1884.	1881	1882.	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
	Farm Stock	1 173,700 13,391 154,875 418,511	13 177,905 12,851 188,842 229,318	8 158,555 12,982 317,812 337,839	22 178,826 12,289 386,868 362,115	2,679 154,848 90,334 140,614 270,650	2,379 160,103 95,720 170,416 248,632	2,338 174,026 96,438 186,979 163,055	1,848 135,421 75,747 210,551	87 74,123 11,321 94,669 20,772	443 101,970 9,394 110,156 23,344	408 122,730 9,079 104,813 10,108	404 109,836 11,745 93,671 8,067
100	Total Tons	760,478	608,929	827,196	940,120	659,125	677,450	622,836	533,021	200,972	245,307	247,138	223, 723
٥	Passengers	4,950	1,741	1,719	2,007	77,754	75,221	63,632	50,753	3,091	3,061	3,080	4,980
	Number of Vessels of all kinds	4,081	2,931	3,330	3,185	10,793	10,604	10,963	9,694	3,213	3,256	3,125	2,826
	Total Tonnage of Vessels of all kinds	<b>863,</b> 096	679,040	748,196	851,351	1,997,432	1,986,896	1,936,145	1,742,271	321,851	338,300	327,698	295,701
			Welland	Canal.			Chambly Canal.						
		Percentage of Increase of 1884 compared with 1883 is  Percentage of Increase of 1884 compared with 1881 is				Percer of Decreas compare 1883	e of 1884 d with	Percen of Decrease compare 1881	e of 1881 d with	Percentage of Decrease of 1884 compared with 1883 is		Percent Increase compare 1881	of 1884 d with
		12.0	1	19·1		14·42			19.13		9·47		17

	Goods, Wares and		Burlington	Bay Canal.			Ottawa	Canals.			Rideau	Canal.	
	Merchandise.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
167	Farm Stock	15 23,921 24,911 43,618 26,399 117,864 12,133 1,039	19 29,713 22,442 57,295 30,036 139,505 7,239 905	24 14,451 14,443 59,965 11,327 100,110 4,091 780	8 11,083 4,695 46,956 3,901 66,643 4,622 503	1,150 639,418 1,186 22,339 19,619 683,712 20,129 5,216 552,876	1,304 703,634 1,703 17,505 20,047 744,198 16,381 4,992	1,413 742,002 1,331 11,234 11,805 767,785 20,128 4,437 536,654	1,356 727,065 1,085 15,108 8,218 752,832 17,240 4,118 507,857	88,818 1,936 16,417 5,965 113,145 3,784 2,781 163,303	32 78,451 11,754 13,842 5,458 99,527 5,669 2,826 180,174	43 81,390 2,596 13,655 4,821 102,505 4,971 2,702 172,930	17 72,373 1,921 7,411 3,497 85,219 2,253 2,304
7			e of 1884 ed with	Percei of Decrea compare 1883	se of 1884 d with	Percen of Decreas compare 1883	d with is	Canals.  Percen of Increase comparee 1881	e of 1884 d with is	Percent Decrease comparc 1883	of 1884 ed with	Percent Decrease compare 1881	of 1884 d with is

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 42.—Comparative Statement of the Tonnage of Vessels and Goods passed through the Canals during the Fiscal Years ended the 30th June 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884.

		WELLANI	CANAL.			St. Lawre	nge Canali	5.		CHAMBLY	CANAL.	
PROPERTY AND VESSELS.	1881.	1882	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1893.	1884.
Tonnage of Property, Up	163,202	185,164	285,406	339,817	169,931	195,667	208,711	146,471	90,621	121,872	131,320	116,132
do Down	597,276	423,765	541,790	600,303	489,194	481,783	414,125	386,550	110,351	123,935	115,818	107,591
Total Tonnage of Property, Up and Down	760,478	608,929	827,196	940,120	659,125	677,450	622,836	533,021	200,972	245,307	247,139	223,723
Tonnage of Vessels, Up	419,222	324,628	362,680	416,019	1,184,041	1,146,163	1,128,271	1,021,510	93,357	107,975	102,319	93,698
do Down	443,874	354,412	385,516	435,332	813,391	790,733	807,874	720,761	228,494	230,325	225,379	202,003
Total Tonnage of Vessels, Up and Down	863,096	679,040	748,196	851,351	1,997,432	1,936,896	1,936,145	1,742,271	321,851	338,300	327,698	295,701
Grand Total Tonnage of Property and Vessels, Up and Down		1,287,969	1,575,392	1,791,471	2,636,557	2,614,346	2,558,981	2,275,292	522,823	583,607	574,836	519,424

	Ві	JBLINGTON I	BAY CANAL			OTTAWA	CANALS.			RIDEAU	CANAL.	
PROPERTY AND VES-ELS.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Tonnage of Property, Up	63,593	67,762	70,637	50,840	8,417	9,074	3,884	1,711	91,285	81,992	8 <b>2,</b> 304	68,383
do Down	52,271	62,743	29,473	15,803	675,265	735,124	763,901	751,121	21,860	17,535	20,201	16,836
Total Tonnage of Property, Up and Down	117,864	130,505	100,110	66,643	693,712	744,198	767,785	752,832	113,145	90,527	102,505	85,219
Tonnage of Vessels, Up	183,618	169,466	140,196	83,238	124,701	124,276	113,991	106,782	74,134	81,740	78,335	61,589
do Down	184,694	168,054	142,416	83,947	428,175	422,395	422,663	401,075	89,169	98,434	94,595	81,638
Total Tonnage of Vessels, Up and Down	368,312	336,520	282,612	166,185	552,876	546,671	536,654	507,857	163,303	180,174	172,930	146,227
Grand Total Tonnage of Property and Vessels, Up and Down	486,176	476,025	382,722	232,828	1,236,588	1,290,869	1,304,439	1,260,689	276,448	279,701	275,435	231,446

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OITAWA, 15th August 1834.

No. 43.—Comparative Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Canals, during the Fiscal Years ending 30th June, 1883 and 1884, and the Tolls collected thereon.

Atricles.	188	3.		94. 
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
		\$ ets.		\$ ets.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	1,678	146 81	1,331	140 38
	5,097	567 41	2,759	301 17
table	5,085	291 20	11,677	404 29
	7,084	349 21	3,895	318 82
Agricultural Implements	1,005 29,220	83 03 3,688 60 288 08	673 16,558 3 342	63 74 2,028 62
Brimstone.	5,226 1,572 5	114 26 0 28	548	273 14 68 57
Cement and Water Lime Clav, Lime and Sand Uoal	4,074 27,994	366 02 1,461 56 77,036 20	3,388 28,574	357 27 1,353 24
Cattle	529.567 97,115 1,662	18,638 27 104 78	594,216 184,154 1,669	90,093 06 34,338 21 96 48
Cotton, Raw Crockery and Earthenware  Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs	56 1,878 1,129	6 83 264 17 102 78	1,158 591	0 90 169 21 59 56
FishFlax and Hemp	<b>2,69</b> 3	144 <b>26</b> 0 07	<b>2,918</b> 3	214 98
Flour Furniture Gypsum	30,934	2,732 19	25,975	2,425 56
	1,644	228 38	1,489	199 81
	7,552	309 15	4,671	90 38
Glass, all kinds	1,963	284 03	1,221	210 05
	<b>2</b> ,125	129 57	3,073	217 92
Horses	415	29 55	254	18 05
	867	52 25	659	39 33
	147	15 78	162	27 28
Iron, Railway do Pig	37,624	4,958 77	<b>25,692</b>	3,676 92
	15,043	1,600 59	8 <b>,2</b> 99	1,039 83
Iron Ore	15,678	1,630 51	13,014	1,552 09
	28,937	1,419 25	28,405	1,420 25
Lard and Lard Oil	8,792	439 60	9,251	462 55
	3.11	41 53	143	12 00
Meal, all kinds  Meats, other than Pork  Marble	2,810	205 47	11,883	2,131 16
	130	6 89	206	17 52
	1,139	179 19	2,926	439 78
Manilla Molasses Nails	122	21 54	81	10 66
	4,564	383 44	3,584	311 86
Oil, in Barrels	5,610	878 00	4,676	727 78
	12,863	863 9 <b>2</b>	11,150	824 18
	6,997	867 81	3,699	454 37
Pease Potatoes	5	0 36	9	0 37
	38,∈61	3,285 49	34,328	3,078 75
Pork	577	41 48	485	28 37
	1,067	104 00	741	97 56
	1,319	199 85	875	121 34
Pitch and Tar	4,453	366 60	2,640	209 45
	1,452	177 01	1,208	149 51
	11,694	1,314 52	8,415	875 33
Rosin	4,244	335 57	3,021	231 66
	14,135	1,423 (40	9,903	1,154 43
do wroughtdo not suitable for cutting, unwrought	8,049	1,095 34	8,687	1,050 45
	1,976	234 80	1,814	246 96
	30,340	1,410 <b>3</b> 9	27,701	1,456 89
Sheep	708	32 16	993	166 03
	1,290	80 +1	1,073	63 72
Soda Ash	2,392	356 79	2,868	539 60

No. 43.—Comparative Statement showing the Quantity, &c.—Concluded

	18	83.	18	84.
Artiolys.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
		\$ cts.		\$ c
Steel	184	22 07	85	1 14
Sugar	11,629	1,570 86	17,673	1,958
Spirits Beer &c.	3,166	440 26	2,285	355
Tobacco, Raw	13	1 47	21	1
Tallow	102	9 52	209	27
Tin	2,078 1,502	340 03 114 68	2,875 1,392	530 kg
Wheat	295,221	49,795 49	182,142	32,440
White Lead	304	41 14	163	26
Whiting	412	68 46	246	33 (
Wool	309	35 09	212	85
rated	39,369	3,974 27	49,668	5,707
Rark	104	2 56	182	111
Rarrels emnty	806	104 43	462	56
Bost Knees	38	0 75 442 36	25	4
FloatsFire Wood, in Vessels	15,213 195,389	5,791 57	13,062 216,354	308 6,812
do Rafts	8,1:0	120 06	8,770	93
Hoons	37	3 52	80	12
Hon Pales	142	12 62	867	59
tumber. Sawn, in Vessels	761.764	65,778 77	722,684	63,217
do Rette	2,851	88 84	11,110	192
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vess-ls	11 972	0 30 284 20	140	6
Railway Ties, in Vessels	11,273 60,939	4,815 56	15,241 26,233	373 2,221
do Rafta	2,419	204 50	3,105	215
Saw Loos	124,187	3,079 63	81,179	1.887
Staves and Headings, Barrel	2,330	28 42	1,235	40
do Pipe	5,811	961 56	.2,358	432
do West India	4,763	719 36	1,687	300
Staves, Salt Barrel	442 769	11 83 239 56	80 869	6 294
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels	84	12 27	48	6
do do Kaita	390	11 13	184	3
Simber, Square, in Vessels	67,337	8,778 96	79,641	10,899
do Raits	27,057	<b>540 01</b>	49,408	2,436
Traverses	18,257	107 61	12,182	40 (
Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured	1,391	379 46	1,322	419
Totals, Passengers and Tonnage of Vessels	0.000 810	400 000 55	0.000.007	997 CKA
not included	2,696,513	280,333 57	2,628,237 81,955	287,656 6 3,313 1
Passengers, Total Number	101.999 4,062,763	3,957 53 44,601 40	3,813,980	45,559
Total Tolls collected		330,891 50		336,528 8
Total Tolls collected		42,133 88		36,560 4
·		373,025 38		373,089 3

E. MLALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

### APPENDIX A.

No. A 25.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

<b>A</b> rticles.	Car Car	'rom nadian to nadian orts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amo of Tol	f
	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.	Ψp.	Down.			
	<u>-</u> -												cts.
Ashes, Pot an l Pearl Apples								1		11 <b>34</b> 0	11 340		2 05 9 72
Agricultural Products not enumerated, Vegetable			2	1,196	71	3	. <b></b> .		73	1,199	1,272		59 56
Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley		3	9,461	240		735			9,461	6 4 975	6 4 10,436		1 20 0 28 84 15
Bricks					· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Brimstone	75 726 759 126	2,520	70		191,69	5,372 66,123	16 912	92,885 114,988	149 726 208,761 126	2,520 98,257 182,143	149 3,246 307,018	60,02	21 11 86 58 26 91
Cattle	40				158 887	1			40 158 887	<u>.</u>		2	5 42 23 70 33 25
Flax and HempFlour	215 4	8,592	4	462	56	2,041 25		2,623 15	215 64 16	40 1,150 10	104 1,150 26	2	58 86 17 53 23 74 2 32 3 90
Hay, Pressed Hogs	26							2			26 26		4 30
Hides and Skins, Horns and						60		. 41		111	111		22 20

1 Ice	l				1,067				1,095		1,237	192 65
Iron, Railway	28				1,001	1		1 :	22		22	0 42
" Pig	656	4	299		6,811			40	7,766	131	7,900	1,163 63
THE OWNER WHITE WASHINGTON									31,331		31,331	1,566 55
Kryolite Chemical Ore and			,		,				1			
other Ore, except Iron		*****										2 40
Lard and Lard Oil							******	7		12	12	1,982 80
Meal, all kinds	9	8	3						12	9,905 14	9,917 14	1,562 60 2 80
Meats, other than Pork		2							0 008		2,885	432 75
Marble			••••••	•••••	2,881				2,680		2,003	3 80
Manilla				••••••	20		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	47	110	48	158	23 89
Molasses				••••••	35	7.	•••••		91	51	142	13 41
Nails			11	********* ** **		731			•	731	731	146 20
02100 ::: 111111111111111111111111111111				••••••	59		14		130	526	656	120 03
Oil (in barrels)		······			1	1				l	1	0 20
Oil Cake			••••••	••••••		1 . *		h		726	726	145 20
Pease		726	ı									
Potatoes						100		1		388	391	<b>78</b> 05
Pork					408			1	417	6	423	<b>63 2</b> 3
Paint						_		l .				
Pitch and Tar					153				153	271	424	77 15
Teago treatment of the second					l				1,124	518	1,642	<b>272 2</b> 0
Rye						1			ļ			
Rosin									58		66	10 30
Stone intended for cutting		438			1.185	38		2,584	3,361			946 15
" Wrought					, ,	l ∧⊨		1,073		1,160	1,160	<b>22</b> 0 73
Not suitable for cut-								1			01 100	1 488 03
ting, unwrought	9.082	*************	7.413		4,644						21,139	1,455 82 132 80
Seeds, all kinds			, ,			662		] 2		664	664	
Sheep						************				•••••	264	38 8 2
Soda Ash					258	*******			264		38	5 75
Steel.	12				25			1	37	1	4,942	725 46
Sugar	126				4,814	***********	•••••	1 , 2	4,940	289	300	<b>58</b> 40
Spirits, Beer, &c	9	26			2	156	••••••	107	11	409 K	300	1 15
Tobacco, Raw			1	1			•••••••	, °	178	5	180	27 10
Tallow								2	10		100	1 50
Tin									10			
Turpentine	l		••••••			*******	166			146,741	152,794	29,027 64
Wheat	5,887					<b>54,28</b> 2		1 ,	9000	5	5	1 60
White Lead		······		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••••					***************************************
Whiting		}·····		••••••		95				95	95	19 00
Wool				*******	*****	83	************			1		
All other Goods and Mer-		40	307	49	17,729	665	61	154	19,268	903	20,171	2,984 37
chandise not enumerated.	1,171			44	11,148	*************************						
Bark								4	10	4	14	1 27
Barrels, empty	10							ļ	l	'		
	<u></u>	·	•		<u> </u>	'						

No. (A) 25 —GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c. - Continued.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom ed States to d States orts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	То	ns.	Total Tons	Amount of Tolls.
	Ūp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Boat Knees			,									
Floats										28,204		1,631 76
Fire Wood, in Vessels	5,451	27,337	4,353								,	
77		l		1	1	1 26	1		I	26	26	<b>6 5</b> 0
Hop Poles								5.578	5,094	43,492	48,586	7,994 85
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels .	5,094 14	3,109		555		34,103					41	1 74
Masta Spare and Telegraph				i	1	1		Į.				
poles, in Vessels										********	********	
Masts, Spars and Telegraph poles, in Rafts	14	21		Ì			<b> </b>		14		35	2 38
Railway Ties, in Vessels		728	94	20			488		849		1,597 131	168 41 20 72
Rafts						}			2,873	131 9,608	12,481	396 83
Saw-logs	669			/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	•••••			31	2,010	161	161	13 33
Staves and Headings, barrel	************									4,762	4,762	890 08
" " W.India	l	1 1		l						2,397	2,397	447 62 4 00
Stoves se't barrel			»							25 9	25 9	6 00
Shingles		•••••		••••••		i s		Í			Ĭ	
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels Split Posts and Fence Rails,		_			1 .		1			3	3	59
Rafta									·	73,529	73,529	11,015 10
Timber square, in Vessels		14.644	1					95,559	********	3,504	3,542	789 33
Traverses	30	3,004										••••••
Woodenware and wood part- ly manufactured					257				(	457	798	251 65
Total Freight paying Tolls.	34,164	81,685	28,528	7,519	257,699	174,912	19,845	370,041	340,236	633,552	973,788	165,412 37

1885

Free Articles having paid full	1 .	1	1 1	'		1						
Tolls on the St. Lawrence											i	
		į									1	
Agricultural Products, not			: I					·			10	
enumerated, Animal	18			******************				••••	18	*******	18	
Agricultural Products, not	_	j							_		_	
enumerated, Vegetable	7			*****					7		_71	
Bricks	48		30						78		78	
Cement and Water Lime	347		161								508	
Clay, Lime and Sand			56	************					56		56	
Coal	40								40		40	
Creckery and Earthenware.	43		94						137		137	
Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs.	2			**** ****					2		2	
Flour	: <b>****</b>		21						21		21	
Furniture	4								4		4	
Glass, all kinds	121	************	35			1			156		156	
Iron, Railway	8,613		112								8,725	
do Pig	932		1.528		1						2,460	
do all other	384		141			1					528	
Manilla	~1		1								5	
Meals, all kinds	Ŕ	*************							1 6		ň	
Molasses	3					1	1		1 3		3	
Nails	746		339			1			1.095	*******	1.085	
	128	••••••	136								264	
Oats	1				•••••••			1	102		122	
Oil (in barrels)	84	•••••••	38			1			1 102		103	
Paint	73	•••••	30	••••••		1					50	
Pitch and Tar	37	******	13									
Rosin	21			**********				***************************************			21	
Salt	445				*************		¦		5,324		5,324	
Soda Ash	163		1,638								1,801	
Spirits, Beer, &c	137		651		•••••				791		791	
Sugar	281		94						375		375	
Steal	2		1						3		3	
Stone, wrought	2								2		2	
Tin	231		1,438						1,669	[	1,669	
Turpentine			1						1		1	
Whiting	19	********			l				19		19	
All other Goods and Mer-			Į.			1			1		!	
chandise not enumerated.	1,171		1,437	l	l	1	l	l	2,608		2,608	
Barrels, Empty	95		84			1			179		179	
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels			95				1			***************************************	318	
Free Articles, having paid			!	1						1		
Toll on Rideau Canal.		İ	1	ŀ		ŀ	1	i	l	1		
Iron Ore			454				l		454		454	
Timber passed free from			1 201	***************************************			1		1 202		-01	
Welland to Port Robinson		3 426		*************					l	3,426	3,426	
Metrand to Lote Moningon		3, 1.0							***************************************	, 480	3, 720	
Grand Total	48,590	84,506	42,044	7,519	257,699	171,912	19,845	370,041	368,178	636,978	1,005,156	
ALPTIC TAIST	20,000	0 =,500	- Taj 0 2 2	1,018	201,000	1.1,012	10,010	0.0,041	30.,110	000,010	2,000,200	
·				بغلبونونا		,	4		!			

No. (A) 25.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

		\$ c
Total Tolls on Vessels		16,533 114
" Passengers " Free Goods Fines and Damages	\$4,316 93	3,810
Total Revenue	•	185,870
	E MIALL,	
	Commiss	ioner.
INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884		
	ı	

No. (A) 26.—General Statement shewing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Tolls Collected thereon during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Article.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	From Canad to United S	ian States	United	o States	Unite Can	rom d States to adian orts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Toll Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
												\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl			<b></b>		<b></b>					5			1 00	1 00
Apples														
Agricultural Products not							į.	ł		1		10 9	0 60	11 55
enumerated, Vegetable			2		71	3		••••	73	j 3	10	10 8	, 000	11 33
Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal				ł		ĺ	1	6		6	6		1 20	1 20
Agricultural Implements .	70.00.000	•••••				1		l		ĭ	i		0 20	
Rorley			9.46			735			9,461	735		1,419 18		1,566 15
n 1-1					l.	1						•••••		
D				,	i .								•••••	
Brimstone	********									**********		*****		
Coment and Water Lime!	70		27		1 4			*******	101	******	101	10 10		
Clay, Lime and Sand					101 000	5 979	0 068	89,344	201 817	94.716	296.533	40.363 40	18,943 20	59,306 60
Coal Corn	109	1 027			191,000	66 128	0,000	114.979		182,134	182,134		36,426 80	36,426 80
() () 4410			ı	ł		1			l	. <b></b>				
Cotton, Raw.				,			,,,,,,,,,,	******						
Crockery and Earthenware	34			<b></b>		1			54	1	30	0 10	7 0 20	1 00
Dve Wood and Dve Stuffs				. <b></b> .	158				158		158 888		0 20	
Fish	••••••			•••••	887					1				
Flax and Hemp			•••••			9 0 11		2611		4,704				940 80
Flour								1 2,031		36				
Furniture Gypsum	4	· <b>····</b>	*			20						*** ***** /* /**		
Glass, all kinds		l	l					10		10	10			
Hey Pressed	26					l <i>.</i>			26		26	3 %	)	1
Hogs										······				4 30
Horses					6	6		2	18	8	26	2 70	1 60	# 30

No. (A) 26.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight, &c.—Continued.

Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	Fro Canad to United S	lian States	Fre United to United Por	States States	United	rom l States to adian orts.	То	ng.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolis Down.	Total Amount of Tolis.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs		10				60		41		111	111	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	<b>∌</b> co
Ice													*** ****	
Iron, Railway					1,067	142			1,095		1,237	164 25	28 40	192 6
Pig					, ,							101 20		
" All other		4			6,811	90		40	7,552	134	7,686		26 80	1,159 €
Iron Ore											31,331	1,566 55		1,566 5
Kryolite, Chemical Oreand			-,						,		,	.,		′
other Ore, except iron								l						·
Lard and Lard Oil					*** *******	5				12	12		2 40	
Meal, all kinds	9					8,579		1,318	12	9,905	9.917	1 80	1,981 00	1,982 8
Meats, other than Pork		2				12		,		14	14		2 80	
Marble									2,885		2,885			432 7
Manilla					20	4			20	4	24		0 80	3 8
Molasses					35	i	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	47	93	48	141			23 8
Nails						51			l ii	51	62		10 20	
Oats					1	73				731	731		146 20	146 2
Oil, in Barrels			12		59	206		300	112	506	618		101 20	118 (
Oil Cake						1				1	1		0 20	0 2
Pease										726	723		145 20	145 2
Potatoes											******			
Pork						163		225		388	391	0 45	77 60	78 (
Paint					403	6			413	6	419	61 95		
Pitch and Tar												l		
Rags					153		Į.		153	-271	424	22 95	54 20	77
Rye								518	1,124	518	1,642	168 60		
Rosin									, ,		. <b></b>			
Salt			58						1	8	66	1		
Stone intended for Cutting								2,581		2,623	<b>3</b> ,807			
4 Wrought						87		622		70.	709		141 80	
" not suitable for Cut-		]				١ ٠.		1	1	1				(
ting, unwrought		1	1		4.614	1	l		4.641	] 	4,64 i	464 25		464 2
Seeds, all kinds									2,027			404 25		

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Soda Ash	1	/	. <i> </i>	· / · · · · · · · ·	258			1	1	1				38 70
Steel	12				25			1	.  37		38			
Sugar			ł		4,8:4			2	4,8i8	3 2	4,820	722 70	0 40	723 10
Spirits, Beer, &c		26			2	156		107	' 3	289	292	0 45	57 80	58 25
Tobacco, Raw			1 1					5	il i	5		0 15		
Tallow									178		180			
Tin									1		100			
Turpentine						•••••		1		1	1	1 50		1 50
Wheat		7 000			***********				••••••		1000000	*******************************		
											134,496			
White Lead			•••											<b>1 0</b> 0
Whiting					*********									
Wool						95				95	95		19 00	19 00
All other Goods and Mer-			!						1	i		1	1	
chandise not enumerated	791	7	67		17,729	665	19	154	18,606	826	19,432	2,790 90	165 20	2,956 10
Bark											,	, ,		2,930 10
Barrels, Empty						l		·······				•••••		
Boat Knees								4		4	4		0 56	0 56
					·····									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Floats														
Fire Wood, in Vessels			1,086											
" Rafts							ļ. <b></b> .			1	1	l	1	
Hoops		·				26					26		6 50	
Hop Poles		. <b></b>	1		1	l				1	1		1	1
Lumber, sawn, in Vessels		1,525		543		34 189		5,578	409					
Rafts								0,516		,				
Masts, Spars and Telegraph		**********			! · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
masts, opars and refegraph				i		i	1	ł	1	ŀ	1	j		
Poles, in Vessels			••••	*******	**********	•••••	·····		•••					
Masts, Spars and Telegraph			į i	i l		!	1	!	l	1 :		ĺ		
Poles, in Rafts											•••			***************************************
Railway Ties, in Vessels	161		94						255		255	40 75		40 75
Rafts				l	*********									***************************************
Sawlogs														
Staves & Headings, Barrel.										31	21	************		
" Pine		1			*************	••••					31		4 83	4 83
" " W. India	********	1		********	***********					4,762			892 08	890 08
M. 111/11/0		1			•••••		•••••	2,396	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				447 62	<b>447</b> 62
Staves, Salt Barrels						25				25	25		4 00	4 00
Shingles	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·					9	•••••		••••	9	9		6 00	6 (0
Split Posts and Fence Rails,						1			i					
in Vessels								1		11	1		0 09	0 09
Split Posts and Fence Rails,	1			l				-		•	•		ا ده د	0 03
in Rafts				ll	. <b></b>	l								
Timber, Square, in Vessels		14 542								70 407	70.40			***************************************
" Rafta		3,804		********	***********			00,000		73,427	73,427			11,007 45
		3,004			*****					3,504	3,504		788 24	788 24
Traverses				********							••••			
Woolenware and Wood,													ĺ	
partly manufactured	84	59		•••••	257	30		175	341	264	605	136 40	105 60	242 00
Total Freight paying Tolls	4,081	30,193	17,565	543	257,699	174,912	9,987	357,222	289,332	562,870	852,202	50.131 60	107,978 68	158,113 28
	·	' '		i	′	,	,	,		,	002,202	00,101 00	101,010 00	100,113 20
												. 1		

APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 26.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	From Canad to United S Port	ian States	From United to United Por	States States	United Can	om l States co adian orts.	T	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	A mount of Tolls
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down	Up	Down.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.				
	- F.													
Free Articles having paid Full Tolls on the St. Lawrence Canals.														
Agricultural Products not									18		18			
Agricultural Products not	18	•••••		*******	*****			••••••	10					
enumerated, Vegetable	7								7		7 78			
Bricks	48		30						78 <b>508</b>		508			
Cement and Water Lime				•••••				•••••	56		56			
Clay, Lime and Sand		30.200							40		40			
Coal	40	••••••							137		137			
Crockery and Earthenware			1						2		2			
Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs			21						21		21			
Flour Forniture	4			Į.			/		-		4			
Glass, all kinds			35								156			
Iron, Railway			112							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,725			
" Pig	932		1,528							·······	2,469 528		i	
" all other	381		144						528 5	······ ······	5			
Manilla	1		4			•••••		••••	5 5		5		;	
Meals, all kinds	5			••••••			•••••	•••	3		3		-	
Molasses	3			•••••			•••••		1.085		1,085		ı	
Nails	746		339						264		264			
Oats	128		136 38						122		122			
Oil, in barrels	84		30						103		103			
Paint	73 37	*********							50		50			
Pitch	21		10						21		21			
Rosin											5,824			
			1.638								1,801			1
Spirits, Beer, &c					,,,,,,,,,,		l		791		791			

						Tot	tal Thr	ough <b>T</b> oll	8	••••••		57,036 20	115,984 73	173,020 93
				T	otal Thre	ough Toll	Pa	ssengers	•••••	<b>S</b>		35 90	7,937 45 68 60	14,803 15 104 50
Grand Total, Freight	18,507	30,193	31,081	543	257,699	174,912	9,987	357,222	317,274	562,870	880,144			
Free Articles having paid Toll on Rideau Canul.  Iron Ore			451	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•••	<b>4</b> 54		454			
ehandise, not enumerated Basicis, empty Lumber, sawn, in vessels	95 223		84						179	••••••••	2,608 179 318			
Whiting											19			
Stone, Wrought	2 231		1,438				·······	•••	1,669	•••••••	1,669			
Sigar			1 2 1								375 <b>3</b>			

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 1st April, 1884.

No. (A) 27—General Statement, showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight Transported on the Welland Canal and the Amount of Tolls collected thereon during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	Can t United	rom ladian lo d States orts.	United United	rom I Stater to I States orts.	United Can	rom d States to adian orts.	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
· ·						]	ì					\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl		1							•••••	6 340	6 340	1 05 9 72
Agricultural Products not enu- merated, Vegetable		· 1		ì .	1	)		1		1,196	1,196	<b>48</b> 0 i
Agricultural Products not enu- merated, Animal		31						[	******	ا ا	3 240	0 08 18 00
Barley Bricks									*****			
Brimstone Cement and Water Lime	5		43								4.0	9 90
Clay, Lime and Sand Coal							6,944	3,541	1 177	3,541	10,485 135	
Cattle												0 12
Crockery and Earthenware Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs Fish	6											•••••
Flax and Hemp	215	8,550						2	215	8,552	**********	218 06
FurnitureGypsum		688		462				1				
Glass, all kinds Hay, Pressed Hogs												••••••
Horses			············						**********			

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Tag.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.1	I	I
Ice										*************	***************************************	
					•	1	1	1				
" Pig	22					**** *** ******	1	1	1 03		214	
OIT AMAT *********************************	214			***************************************	******	***************************************	1	1		k	1	
Iron Ore		*****************		***************************************		************				************	**** * * ******	***************
Kryolite Chemical Ore and other				1	i	1	Į.	i	ŧ	1		ļ
Ore, except Iron												
Lard and Lard Oil										*************		
Meal, all kinds										*******		
Meats, other than Pork												
Marble		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b> </b>		l	<b> </b>						
Manilla	l		l	1		1						
Molasses									17		17	03
Nails					1				80		80	15
Oats								1				
Oil (in barrels)				1		1	14					
Oil Oake							1		1		1	l
Peage					1				1			
Potatoes					1	]			1	1		
			1			1	1	1	1		1	
Pork			1	1			t		1	.1	1	0 0
Paint		<u> </u>		1	1		į.	1	1 -	1	1 -	,
Pitch and Tar							·····		ľ			
Rags					1		1				I .	
<b>Rye</b>								1				
Rosin												
Salt												
												*********
Stone intended for Cutting	2,176	438						1	0.150	438	2,614	244 0
Stone intended for Outting " wrought	2,176	438							0.150	438		
Stone intended for Cutting	2,176	438							2,176	438 451	2,614 451	244 0 78 9
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	2,176 9,082	438	7,413	***************************************				451	2,176	438	2,614	244 0
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	2,176 9,082	438	7,413	***************************************				451	2,176 16,495	438 451	2,614 451 16,495	244 0 78 9
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	9,082	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495	438 451	2,614 451 16,495	244 0 78 9
Stone intended for Outting " wrought " not suitable for Outting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep	2,176 9,082	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495	438 451	2,614 451 16,495	244 0 78 9
Stone intended for Outting " wrought " not suitable for Outting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash	9,082	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495	438 451	2,614 451 16,495	244 0 78 9 991 5
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Stota Ash Steel	9,082	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495	438 451	2,614 451 16,495	244 0 78 9 991 5
Stone intended for Outting " wrought " not suitable for Outting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash Steel Sugar	9,082 6	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495 6	438 451	2,614 451 16,495	244 0 78 9 991 5
Stone intended for Outting " wrought" " not suitable for Outting, unwrought	9,082 6 8	438	7,413					451	2,176 6 6	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1
Stone intended for Outting " wrought " not suitable for Outting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash Steel Sugar Sugar Tobacco, Raw	9,082 6 122 8	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495 6 122 8	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash Steel Sugar Spirits, Beer, &c Tallow	9,082 	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495 6 122 8	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 1222 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought" " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	9,082 	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495 6 122 8	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Stone intended for Outting " wrought" not suitable for Outting, unwrought	9,082 8,082 122 8	438	7,413					451	2,176 16,495 6 1222 8	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 1
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash Steel	9,082 9,082 122 8	3,450	7,413				166	8,795	2,176 16,495 6 122 8	438 451	2,814 451 16,495 	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash Steel Sugar Spirits, Beer, &c Tallow Tallow Tin Turpentine What	9,082 9,082 6 122 8	3,450	7,413				166	8,793	2,176 	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 1
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep Soda Ash Steel Sugar Spirits, Beer, &c Tobacco, Raw Tallow Tin Turpentine Wheat White Lead Whiting	9,082 8 122 8 5,887	3,450	7,413				166	8,793	2,176 16,495 6 122 8	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 30 0 1 2 2,128 4
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought" not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	9,082 8 122 8 5,887	3,450	7,413				166	8,793	2,176 16,495 6 122 8	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 30 0 1 2 2,128 4
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought Seeds, all kinds Sheep	9,082 9,082 122 8	3,450	7,413				166	8,795	2,176 16,495 6 122 8 6,053	438 451	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 33 0 1 2 2,128 4
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought" " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	9,082 	3,450	7,413	42			166	8,795	2,176 16,495 6 122 8 6,053	12,245	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8 18,298	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 2 2,128 4 2 28 2 2 2 3 2 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5
Stone intended for Outting.  " wrought. " not suitable for Outting, unwrought. Seeds, all kinds. Sheep. Soda Ash. Steel. Sugar Spirits, Beer, &c Tobacco, Raw Tallow Tin. Turpentine White Lead White Lead Whool All other Goods and Merchandise not enumerated	9,082 8 122 8 5,887	3,450	7,413	42			166	8,795	2,176 16,495 6 122 8 6,053	12,245	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8 18,298	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 9 9 1 5 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 9 9 9 1 5 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Stone intended for Cutting " wrought" " not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	9,082 8 122 8 5,887	3,450	7,413	42			166	8,795	2,176 16,495 6 122 8 6,053	12,245	2,614 451 16,495 6 122 8 18,298	244 0 78 9 991 5 0 1 2 3 0 1 1 2 2,128 4 2 28 2 2 2 3 2 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5

No. (A) 27.—General Statement, showing the Quantity of each Article of way Freight Transported, &c.—Con.

Articles.	Cana	dian	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	United United	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite	rom l States to nadian orts.	Tp.	Cons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
			Ор.	20114.		DOWA.	ор.	D0WII.	op.	DOWIL.		
Boat KneesFloatsFirewood, in Vessels	5,451	26,557	3,267	717					8,718	27,274	85,992	-,,
Bans Hop Poles				************				••••••	•••••			
Lumber, sawn, in Vessels  Rafts Basts Spars and Telegraph Poles	14	27				•••••••			4,685 14	1,657 27	6,342 41	396 61 1 74
in Vessels	14 106	21 728		20			488		14 594	21 748 131	35 1,342 131	2 38 127 66 20 72
Staves and Headings, barrel	669	5,452		4,156 130		**************	2,204	************	2,873	9,608 130	12,481 130	896 83 8 50
Staves, salt barrel										•		***************************************
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels	1	1		1						2	2	0 50
Rafts		102				••••••				102	102 38	7 65 1 09
Traverses		! 								193	193	9 65
Total Freight paying Tolls	80,083		10,963						50,904	70,682	121,586	7,299 09

Timber passed Free from Welland to Port Robinson	20,083							 	3,426 74,108		·
		Total W do do	do	Passen Free G	oods	***********		 		,\$164 31	10 31

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 1st April, 1884.

No. (A) 28.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl Apples	356 27								875 27	498 1,750	873 1,777	115 75 242 04
Agricultural Products, not enumerated, Vegetable	4,898			1	l		(	i .	4,898	1.918		842 68
Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal	156			}	1		1		166	1,683	1	235 31
Agricultural Implements Barley	484 198	76		158					484 198	76 <b>3,</b> 956		50 65 420 40
Bones	2,070 <b>5</b> 0	414 735	30	304	·········		<b>23</b> 1 68	5	2,331 118	414 1,044	2,745 1,162	235 15 88 67
Cement and Water Lime	1,495	5							1,656	5	1,661	232 00
Clay, Lime and Sand	4,631 40			253				105,128	40	133,596		18,688 07
Corn	287 61	820	**********		•••••				287 61	21,888 <b>82</b> 0	<b>22,</b> 175 881	57 63
Orockery and Earthenware Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	1,036	21				*************			1,110	21	1,131 <b>43</b> 6	190 07 38 <b>6</b> 1
FishFlax and Hemp	517	43		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					547	43	<b>59</b> 0	70 03
FlourFurniture	1,149 566	13,275	•••					1	1,149 566	13,350 757	14,499 1,323	2,061 71 170 43
Gypsum	2,8*8 1,058	301 221	53	*********					2,858 1,111	801 221	3,159 1,332	68 71 <b>257</b> 83
Hay, Preseed Hogs	1,074 8	80 <b>206</b>		•••••	288		********	16	1,389 8	96 <b>2</b> 06	1,485 214	10 1 42 16 51
Horses	88	i		•••••	8				91	278	869	27 09
Hoofs	5	88	*****	********	8	,,,,,,	l	1	i gl	88	46	5 46

1885

ice			l				1	l		l. <b></b>	l <b></b>	
Iron, Railway		548							24,885	548	25,433	
" Pig		59						****	8,758		8,817	1,239 47
" All other	5,847	709	-,	********				2	5,990		6,701	792 29
Iron Ore	0,011							I			, ,	
Kryolite Chemical Ore and		******				***************************************						
	,	1 073		************				<b> </b>	,	1,973	1,974	98 70
other Ore, except Iron	35								28	93	128	8 73
Lard and Lard Oil	62					*******		<b>!</b>	62	1,371	1,433	
Meal, all kinds	34								24	142	176	14 20
Meats, other than Pork	43								43	95	138	27 38
Marble				*************					62	,	62	12 39
Manilla	59			*****					2.161	94	2,255	167 90
Molasses	736	94			······		, ,		2,101		4.627	833 71
Nails	3,985								4,324	300		368 16
Oats	2,213	3,671							2,349	3,671	6 020	272 62
Oil (in barrels)	1,438		28		11	55	603		2,080	322	2,402	
Oil Cake	6	***************************************							0	•••••	00.00	0 36
Pease	555								555	26,104	<b>26,6</b> 59	
Potatoes	22				15				37	255	292	16 06
Pork	148								148	305	453	29 17
Paint	517	132		·			62		600	132	732	114 50
Pitch and Tar	192	246					1,505		1,710	246	1,956	137 59
Rags	1,226	87					65		1,291	87	1,378	144 85
Rye		4,855								4,855	4,855	568 46
Rosin	100	່ 3∪					1,343		1,443	30	1,473	86 68
Salt	5,378	9	4,378			' 21	36		9,792	30	9,823	1,273 06
Stone intended for Cutting.	687	1,360			<b> </b>		132	928	719	2,288	3,007	223 14
" wrought	591				I		ł .	2	591	4	595	34 40
" not suitable for Cut-								1				
ting, unwrought	900	9.380			l				900	9,380	10,280	205 80
Seeds, all kinds	63								63	255	318	19 81
Sheep	13								13	531	544	40 60
Soda Ash	934								0 270		2,572	506 90
	85								86	53	139	17 29
Steel	5,281	21							6.168	21	6,189	1.021 99
Sugar		180							2,150	180	2,330	359 57
Spirits, Beer, &c	,	100								1 7	-,557	0 60
Tobacco, Raw		92		••••••			1 100		80	23	103	6 46
Tallow	1,120	72		*** *** *** *** ***					2,558		2,630	513 52
Tin			-,						7,717		735	41 83
Turpentine	66 442								442	60,679	61,121	7,821 89
Wheat			l .	••••••					224		224	38 05
White Lead	224								314	10	2	60 03
Whiting	303					ļ			161	101	168	23 98
Wool	159	7			1 2				101	• •	100	20 30
All other Goods and Mer-	i	٠	١	!		٠	1	f	1 20 400	4 010	01 401	0.046.06
chandise not enumerated	14,204	4,169	1,311		974	743	•••••			4,912	21,401	2,846 96
Bark										***************************************	***************************************	44 70
Barrels, Empty	137	59	Į 78		83				248	59	307	44 76
	į	ł	i	1 11 7		} * * ·	t ·	1	1			<u> </u>

No. (A) 28.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Continued.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Can	rom d States to adian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tens.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Post Vacon												\$ cts.
Boat Knees	80 6,570	3,906 24 477 345	678							3,906 24,477 345	3,986 31,770 345	840 89 7 19
Hop Poles	<b>15,47</b> 3		534 <b>3</b> 64	9,757	25	71	4		33 534 15,866	22,542 772	40 534 38,408 772	
Poles, in Vessels		י 11,12								11,120	11,120	278 00
Railway Ties, in Vessels Rafts Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel.		18 342						1		18,342 187	18,342	62 09 419 18
" Pipe " W. India Staves, Salt Barrel	4	264 340							4	<b>264 34</b> 0		27 53 30 90 50 52 1 28
Shingles									132	18	150	29 45
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts Timber, Square, in Vessels. Rafts	1,708 20	836 11,144	20					20	1,728 <b>2</b> 0	856 11,144	2,594 11,164	12# 17 287 10
Traverses	220	9,378		••••••	•••••		••••••••	•••••	<b>22</b> 8	9,378 <b>29</b> 2	9,378	24 35 194 00
Total Freight paying Tolls.	130,344	290,973	13 746	11,253	1,876	1,556	10,017	106,758	155,983	410,540	566,523	57,454 45

Asbes   108,951   240   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   109,191   10	Free Articles having paid full	7	Ι .	1	1	1	1	I	l	1	1		
Corn	Tells on the Welland Canal.								1				
Corn	Ashes		3			********				•••••••	8	3	
Flour.			108,951						240		109.191	109, 191	
Furniture									235				
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs			´ 6								6	<b>6</b>	********
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs			1		********				l		1	1	*******
Hoofs								[			_		
Iron, Pig			77								77	77	
" alf other													
Lard and Lard Oil			5								5	5	
Meals, all kinds	Lard and Lard Oil		6								1 6	6	***************************************
Molasses	Meals, all kinds		639						549		1,188	1,188	
Pork	Molasses		43										***************************************
Pork	Pease		726								726	726	
Seeds, all kinds			212								212	<b>2</b> 12	
Seeds, all kinds			518					·····			518	518	******
Steel	Seeds, all kinds		2								2	2	
Stone, Wrought			1					ļ	l		1	1	
Sugar       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371       76,371	Stone. Wrought		269		<b> </b>						269	<b>26</b> 9	l
Wheat       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,371       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379       76,379	Sugar		2								1 2	2	
Whiskey, Beer and all other Spirits       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       35       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       31       3			76,379								76,379	76,379	. <b></b>
Spirits	Whiskey, Beer and all other			1	<b>;</b>	ļ	į	Į	l	J	1		
Merchandise not enumerated Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels.       52       6,311       6,311       6,311       6,311       6,311       6,311       1       6,311       1       6,311       1       1       1       6,311       6,311       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1			35		i					l	85	35	
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels. 6,311 2,024 2,024 2,024 451 451 451 451 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 5											52	52	
Staves, Pipe	Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels		6,311				ļ	l	l		6.311	6.311	*****
" West India     451       Timber, Square, in Vessels     290       " Rafts     290       Coal, Fr, per Order in Council     40,356       Kryolite, Free, having paid full Toll on the Rideau Canal     40,356       962     962													
Timber, Square, in Vessels. 290 290 290 290 290 290 290 290 290 290					1	l	1	1	1		451		
" Rafts. 2,314 199 2,314 199 199	Timber, Square, in Vessels.		290			l		J	l	l	290	290	*****
Woodenware       199         Coal, Fre, per Order in Council       40,356         Kryolite, Free, having paid full Toll on the Rideau Canal       962             962       962			2,314					<b> </b>			2,314	2,314	***************************************
Coal, Fr., per Order in Council.   40,356   269   43,282   83,907   83,907   83,907	Woodenware										199		
Council	Coal, Fre, per Order in	. '				l		I					
Kryolite, Free, having paid full Toll on the Rideau Canal 962 962 962 962	Council	40,356		269				43,282		83,907		83,907	*****************
full Toll on the Rideau Canal         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         962         96	Kryolite, Free, having paid	'	1		i '			ļ <sup>*</sup>		<b>'</b>	1	′	
		1			ļ			ł					
	Canal		962								<b>96</b> 2	962	
Grand Total Freight 170,700 496,305 14,015 11,253 1,876 1,556 53,299 107,782 289,890 616.896 856,766						<del></del>							
	Grand Total Freight	170,700	496,305	14,015	11,253	1,876	1,556	53,299	107,782	239,890	616,89€	856,786	

No. (A 28-GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.-Concluded.

	}	
	\$	ct
Total Tolls on Vessels Passengers Free Goods	15,699 2,715	2
Passengers	2,715	4
Fines and Damages	899	2
Wharfage and Storage	899 7,593	4
	1	
Total Revenue, exclusive of Hydraulic Rents	\$90,442	•
	Į.	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884.

APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 29—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the amount of Tolls collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Fro Cana to Cana Por	dian dian	Fro Cana to United Po	dian O States	United	rom 1 States to 1 States orts.	United Can	rom l States to adian ort.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				!
Ashes, Pot or Pearl	6 4	, i	•••••						6 4	346 1,510	i i	Į.		
Agricultural products not enumerated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley	372 34 756	1,669	30						34 786	680 62 1,669	411 714 62 1,669 786 64		5 85 102 00 12 40 250 35	107 10 12 40
Brimstone	1,319 41 40	11,341 18	56					89, 299		1 1 116,257 11,341 18		222 00 14 55 8 00		14 70 17,446 55 1,701 15
Crockery and Earthenware Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs. Fish	756 107 <b>337</b>	21 34	74 2						830 109 337	21 34	851 109 371	166 00 21 80 50 55		21 80
Flour		13,104 479						1	45 125	480	13,149 605	25 00	96 00	121 00
Glass, all kinds Bay, Pressed	1,018	184						***********	1,071	184	1,255	214 20	36 80	251 00
Horses	17								17	11	11	*************************	1 65	1 65
and Hoofs	1	26		**********	•••••	••••••••			1	26	27	0 15	8 90	4 05

APPENDIX A—Continued.
No. (A) 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, &c.—Continued.

Articles.	Can	om adian o adian rts.	Free Cans t United Pos	idian o States	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	United Can	rom d States to adian orts.	То:	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down	Total Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	υp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
								\$ .				\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Ice		i i				****	*****				i			***** *** ** *
Iron, Railways	24,457	233	112		*****				24,569	233	24,802	3,685 35	34 95	3,720 30
" Pig	6,750		1,528						8,278		8,278	1,241 70		1,241 70
" all other	4,006	354	143						4,149	354	4,503	622 35	53 10	675 45
Iron Ore		]												
Kryolite, Chemical Ore and		l 1					1							
other Ore, except Iron		1,972						********		1,972	1,972		98 69	<b>98 6</b> 0
										14	14	l	2 10	2 10
Meal, all kinds	6								6		6	0 90		0 90
Meats, other than Pork		47						••••		47	47			7 05
Marble	116										116		l	23 20
Manilla	58								l 6i		61			12 20
Molasses	288								288		288			57 60
Nails	3,476										3,828			765 60
Oats	200								'000	177	513			76 95
Oil, in Barrels	731	159							1 557	159	918	151 80		
Oil Cake	.51								1			101.00	31 00	200 00
Pease	*********		•••	··· / ····					1	10,885	10,885		1,632 75	1,632 75
Potatoes	7	10,000							~	10,000	1 10,000	1 05		
	1	24	1		********				'	34	34	1 00	5 16	<b>5</b> 10
Pork	462	29	91		••••••	************	l		483	29	512	96 60		
Paint Pitch and Tar	153						••••••		100	98				
	103 85					•••••			100	62		17 00		29 40
Rags					•••••	******		************	1 80	3,423			513 45	513 45
Rye			,					••••••	83		3,423			16 60
Rosin	83								0.00					1,042 35
Salt	2,571									000	6,949 929	1,012 30		
Stone intended for Cutting	1							928		928				
wrought	10	2			••••••			. 2	10	. 4	14	2 00	1 0 80	4 00
i morativante tot Out-	1	1	]	1		1	l	ľ	1		i.	ļ	1	
ting un wrought											······			***********************
Scods, all kinds	31	1 21					i	1	31	21	52	i 4.65	3 15	7 80

A. 1885

Sheep	i o	l kn		,	,	,	1								
Sola Ash	884	1 80	1 620						1 2	50	52	0 30	7 50	7	80
	62		1,030					**********	2,522		2,522	<b>504 4</b> 0		504	40
Steel			1 2						63		63	12 60		12	
Sugar	4,474		87							[ 7	4,568	912 20	1 40	913	
Spirita, Beer, &c	910		<b>4</b> 93						1,403	130	1,533	280 60		306	
Tohacco, Raw									l	3	2,000				45
Tallow		23								23	23		3 45		
Tin	1,086		1,438						1		2,524		3 40		45
Turpentine	32									(	32	004 00	•••••	<b>5</b> 04	
Wheat									1			6 40			40
White Lead	156							**************		49,059			7,358 85	<b>7,3</b> 58	
Whiting	289	,					********	************	156		156	31 20		31	20
Wool	147							•••••••	289		289	<b>57</b> 80	••••••	57	80
All other Goods and Mer-	14/	' '		····· ··· ··	•••••				147	7	154	<b>2</b> 2 05	1 05	23	10
	٠				İ		l .	l	1	, i			-		
_ chandise not enumerated	6,400								7,711	2,243	9,954	1,542 20	448 60	1,990	80
Bark										2,220	-,		440 00	2,000	-
Barrels, Empty	105	4	1 78		1			l	182	A	107	0F F0	A 180	36	26
Roat Knees				1	1	1	1		1	, -			1		
Floats				1				l				*************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		••••
Firewood, in Vessels		1.296						·······		1.296	1 000		***************************************		
14 Refte		1 ,,,,,,,,	i					•••••••		1,290	1,296	*********	86 40	86	40
Hoone Rafts	******	•••••					*********	ļ					ļ	· · · · · ·	
Hoops,	******	•••••		]	********									,	
Hop Poles	************		*****************		*******							[. <b></b>	·		
Duniber, Bawn, In vessels	301	מוס ו	132	9,518	********			1	1 383	9.997	10.380	34 20	1 480 00	1,495	
Rafts	·····							l	l	ł					
Masts, Spars and Telegraph	: :		4	1	ſ			ł	i	ł	)				
Poles, in Vessels					l		1	<b>.</b>	İ				ļ*		
MREAS CODELS WILL THE LEGISLED W	1		1				1	1		1				'	
Poles, in Rafts	l			1				!		]			'		
Railway Ties, in Vessels						•••••		***********		• •••••••	•••••••	****** *******	******		••••
Rofte	1			ł		••••••		••••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			************	********	••••
Saw Lone			*********	••••		******		******	**********	*********	********	*************			
Saw Logs			••••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••			•••••••••					
Suaves and neadings, bri		144			l			l		144	144		11 70	11	
" Pibe.	·····	248								248	248		80 40	80	40
	4	1 324	1	1					1 4.	824	328		49 38	49	
Staves, Salt Barrel										l					
Shingles	1			·							1	0.80	•••••		30
Split Posts and Fence		1	l				1		1	1	-		1		
Rails, in Vessels	I			[			1	(	1				}		
Split Posts and Fence	1	1		,						*********	********* * ***	***********		*******	••••
Rails, in Rafts				ı					1	1			1		
Timber, Square, in Vessels.	1,568	704	************		*******	••••••		********						••••	
Rafts	1,000	194			*******			******	1,568					118	04
		ļi													• • • •
Traverses						•••••								****	
Woodenware and Wood,		1	[	[											•••
partly manufactured	116	289							116	289	405	46 40	115 <b>6</b> 0	162	ሰሰ
· ·												E0 30	110 00	104	50
Total Freight paying Tolls	64,956	129,357	12,255	9,378				90,235	77,211	228,970	306,181	12,804 20	94 170 50	40.074	70
	,	,	,	","			*******	OU, 230	11,411	440,010	200,101	13,004 20	84,170 52	40,014	(2
		·					' ·		<u></u>						

No. (A) 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, &c.—Concluded.

<b>≜</b> rticles.	Can:	om adian co adian rts.	Cana t United	om adian o States rts.	Unite	rom ed States to ed States orts.	Unit	rom od States to nadian orts.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				;
Free Articles having paid full Toll on the Welland Canal.												\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cti
Ashes	•••••	108,951 4,854 6			•••••			235		3 109,191 5,089 6 1	3 109,191 5,089 6 1			
and Hoofs										77	77 			
Lard and Lard Oil		639								6 1,188 43	6 1,188 43			
Pease	••••	726 212 518			••••••					726 212 518	726 212 518			
SteelStone, Wrought		269 2	••••••••							269 269	269 269			
WheatWhiskey, Beer and all other Spirits		'		••••••				···········		76,379 35	<b>7</b> 6,379 <b>3</b> 5			
ratedLumber, sawn, in Vessels		I 6.311I								52 6,311 2,024	52 6,311 2,024			

Woodenware Coal, Free, per Order in Council Kryolite, Free, having paid full Toll on Rideau Uanal	2,932	290 2,314 199  962		 			 2,942	451 290 2,314 199	2,314 199 2,942 962			
Grand Total, Thro' Freight	67,888	334,689	<u> </u>	 "	on Vesse Passe Free	ls ngers Goods.	 	435,326 \$30	),662 49	5,170 55 282 85 18,257 60	1,355 30	1,638 15

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884

No. (A) 30.—General Statement, showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported on the St.

Lawrence Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Car Car	rom ladian to ladian orts.	Unite	rom nadian to d States.	United United Po	om l States to l States orts.	Unite Ca F	rom d States to nadian orts.		ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	l ob.	Down.	Op.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1	1
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	350 23				19			15	3 <u>69</u> 23	152 240		
Agricultural Products not enumer-	4,526		ŀ	1				2	4,526	1,879	6,405	281 03
ated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley Bricks Bones	122 484 198 1,314 50	14 <b>2,</b> 134 <b>4</b> 14		153			231		132 484 198 1,545 118	1,003 14 2,287 414 980	498 2,485 1,959	33 25 170 05 117 25
Brimstone Cement and Water Lime Clay, Lime and Sand Coal Corn	176 4,590	2,881		414		515		305 15,829	176	3,600 17,339 10,547	180 10,935 17,339	9 85 436 45 1,241 52
Cattle		802	•••••						61	802	863	54 93
Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs Fish Flax and Hemp	63 210	9		•••••			264		280 327 210	9	280 327 219	19 87 16 81 14 38
Tions division	1,104 441 2,858	171 277		••••••	••••••	75			1,104 441 2,858	246 277 301	1,350 718 3,159	89 36 <b>4</b> 9 4 <b>3</b> <b>6</b> 8 71
Hap, Presed	1,074 8	37 80	27		288			16	40 1,389	37 <b>9</b> 6 195	77 1,485 203	6 85 104 42 14 86
Harrisa	71	<b>2</b> 29].			3 8				74 7	229 12	303 19	17 19 1 41

4-13

Iron, Railway	316		/	<b> </b>	<i> </i>		1	. <b></b>	316	315	<b>6</b> 31	23 7
" Pig	480	[ 59]							480	59	539	46 7
" all other	1,841	355						2	1,841	357	2,198	116 8
Iron Ore												
Kryolite Chemical Ore and other Ore,												
except Iron	1	1				*******			1	1	9	0.1
Lard and Lard Oil.	35	79			**********				35	79	114	6 6
Meal, all kinds	56						1		56	1.37		56 5
	34	1 -,~,-			**********		••••••	*******	•		1,427	
Meats, other than Pork	$\frac{34}{22}$	88	••••••	4		5	••••••	•••••	34	97	129	7 1
Marble	22				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·····	••••••	······	22		2.2	4 1
Manilla	1			············		•••••			1		1	0 1
Molasses	449	94				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,435		1,873	9.1	1,967	110 3
Nails	509	290						··········	5(9)	290	799	68 1
Dats	2,013	3,494					l. <b></b>		2 013	3,494	5.507	291 2
Oll, in barrels	707	108		١	11	55	603		1,321	163	1,484	89 0
Oil Cake	6								-,526		-, 10 6	0 3
Pease	555	15.219			1				<b>5</b> 55	15, 219	15.774	72 <b>6</b> 9
Potatoes	15								30	253	283	14 7
	148				1	1	1		148	203 271	283 419	24 0
Pork				1								
Paint	55						62		117	103	220	12 1
Pitch and Tar	39						1,505		1,544	149	1,692	81 7
Rags	1,141						65		1,206	25	1,231	115 4
Rye	. <b></b>	1,432								1,432	1,432	55 0
Rosin	17	30					1,343		1.3/20	l '30	1,390	70 0
Salt	2,847	9			l	21	36		2,843	30	2,873	230 7
Stone intended for Cutting					1	l	132		718		2,078	83 7
" wrought	581						1		581	-,	581	31 6
" not suitable for Cutting, un-	001		1						1	••••	301	0, 0
not suitable for Cutting, un-	900	0.200		1	i	!	1	1	900	9,380	10.000	205 8
wrought	32			1	1	******		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		10,280	
Seeds, all kinds						· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			32	234	266	12 0
Sheep	11			************					11	481	492	32 8
Soda Ash	50				··········				50		50	2 5
Steel	23								23	53	76	4 6
Bugar	807						800		1,607	14	1,621	<b>1</b> ∩8 3
Spirits, Beer, &c	747	50							747	50	797	52 9
Tobacco, Raw		l 4			l					4	4	0 1
Tallow	8	[				l	72		80	<b>.</b>	80	3 0
Tin	34	72							34	72	1(6	1 87
	34				1				695		703	35 4
Turpentine	412				1				442		• • •	463 0
Wheat		,	1		•••••			1		,	12,062	
White Lead	68			•••••		!			68		68	6 8
Whiting	14						11	•••••	25		35	2 2
Wool	12			!	2		•••••		14		14	0.8
All other Goods and Merchandise not			ſ	l	l	l		1				
enumerated	7,804	1,926		<b>.</b>	974	743			8,778	2,669	11,447	856 1
Bark			<b></b>	1		1						l
Barrels, Empty	32	55							65	55	120	8.5
Boat Knees				1			ľ	!	1			l
AABA TTTAB	******		•••••	l		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••••		1	•••••	*********	ļ ·····

No (A) 30.—General Statement, showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, &c.—Concluded.

	ſ				<del></del>		<u> </u>	<b>—</b> ——	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orta	Can United	rom adian to l States orts.	United	States	From United & to Canad Por	States dian	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
<b>1</b>	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Fire Wood, in Vessels	6,570	23, 181 345	678		45				8 ) 7,293	3,906 23,181 345	3.986 30,474 345	69 76 754 49 7 19
Hoops			534					7	33 534 15,483	7 12,545	40 534 28.028	5 05 26 00 907 43
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles	ļ	772							10,100	7772	772	20 38
in Vessels  Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles in Rafts		11,120				ļ				11,120		278 00
Railway Ties, in Vessels	ļ										1,492 18,342	62 09 419 18
Staves and Headings, Barrel	24	43 16			343				367	43 16	1 1.5.5	15 83 0 50 0 60
Staves, Salt Barrel	132	l			64	! :		1	64 132		64	1 28 29 15
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels	1						 					······
RaftsTimber, Square, in Vessels	140	42	20					· 20	160	62	222	6 13 287 10
Traverses		9,378							••••	9,378	9,387	24 35
manufactured	<b>!</b>			1 075			10.017	10.500	112	<u> </u>	260,312	32 00 10,479 73
Total Freight paying Tolls	. 1 .00,444	161,520	1,491	1,875	1,876	1,556	10,017	16,523	78,868	181,474	1 200,312	10,419 19

Coal, Free, per Order in Council	37,424	[	259	l	ļ		43,282		80,965		80,965	
Grand Total, Freight							53, 299	16,523	159,833	181,474	341,307	
			-	и р	assengers ree Goods				*** ********* * ***		\$3,862 73	1,011 20
					Total	Way Tolls		.,				\$17,453 53

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st April, 1824.

No. (A) 31.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the In lington Bay Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can t United	om adian o l States rts.	United United	om I States o I States rts.	Unite Car	rom ed States to nadian orts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount o Toils
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	 	49	 	]   240	j I		<u> </u>	 		289	0001	\$ cts.
Apples		102								102	299 102	
Agricultural Products, not enu-		1		1						102	102	
merated, Vegetable	10	8							10	8	18	
Agricultural Products, not enu- merated, Animal	18	474			Ì		ļ					
Agricultural Implements					******	************	**********		18	217	492	
Barley				662						20 662	20 662	
Bricks	4	290		l				l . <b></b>	1 4	240	294	
Bones							l			200	201	
brimstone	*********					l	l					
Clay, Lime and Sand						••••••			38	••••	38	
Coal			******				10 10		510	150	660	
Corn			***********		***********	•••••••	48,164				48,164	
Cattle			**********								•••••	
Cotton, Kaw	10	3							10		13	
Crockery and Earthenware	131	32							131		163	
Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	22				•••••				22	••••	22	
Fish	34							•••••	34	6	40	
Flax and Hemp			·····	•••••	•••••••	•••••		••••••		3	3	
Furniture	6	91								291	291	
Gypsum	2		******			************		*************	6	9	15	
Glass, all kinds	137	78						1	137	78	215	
Hay, Pressed		10								10	1.0	
Hogs		******		*********	**********			•••••				
Hides and Skins, Horns and	9	5	••••••			•••••			9	5	14	
Hoofa												

1885

Ice	1	1	1	1	1	1.4	f		1	1.4	,
Iron, Railway	813				1				019		
" Pig	l 1.∩33	50							1 013		813
" All other	810	415					160	•••••		1	-,
Iron Ore						••••	100	*****	978		-,
Kryolite Chemical Ore and other							••• •••••	•••••		***************************************	••••••
Ore except Iron	<b>!</b>		ì		İ	1	1	1		1	
Öre, except Iron			************								
Mael all binds	3		***********						3	5	8
Meal, all kinds			*** >00000 ***					************			
acare, omer man i div		1 40			<b>†</b>	1	1			28	28
larble								. <b>.</b>			
lanılla	7		1	1 5			1		7	κ.	7.
folasses	12		l	l	l				12		i
Tails	I 350	l		1		I	i		980	1	
ats					1	1			300		<b>3</b> 50
oil, in barrels	43						***************************************	***********		***************************************	
ll Cake	10	i		1							43
2000	i · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***************************************						*******************			
Pease	•••••		***************************************								
otatoes									l		
ork	1 2	26				·	1		1 2	26	2
aint	42				. I	1	. 1		49		4
itch and Tar		l			l		43				4
lags	l	20							3"	20	2
ye				242							-
osin							70	***************************************		242	21:
alt	198								76		70
tone intended for Cutting	100	, **	***************************************		·····				198		209
stone, intended for Cutting	***********		••••••				205		205	••••	203
wrought			***************************************				234		233		23
not suitable for Cutting,		1	1		ł		i	l			
unwreught						!	233	l	233	]. <b></b>	233
eeds, all kinds					l		1				
Sheep			l	l					]	***************************************	••••••
oda Ash	25							i · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
teel	2	1		1					1 40	•••••	45
lugar	411	26							2		
pirits, Beer, &c	72	50						••••••	411		44'
			***************************************		•••••			•••••	72	23	9:
obacco, Raw		ן ש								9	1
allow							1			l	
'In	121			l	<sup>1</sup>				121		12
urpentine	3				l	İ. <b></b>		İ			-
7 heat	1	4,337		932						5,269	5.26
Vhite Lead	24						1		0.4	0,200	0,20
Vhiting			1		1	1					<b>4</b>
Vool	l	1		i	l		i	******	74		7
All other Goods and Merchandise	I	J		l			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·····			
				l	l	[				1	!
not enumerated		2,364		12			855		6,107	2,376	8,483
Bark									l		
Sarrels, Empty	1								1		1
Barrels, Empty	1							***********	1		*********

No. (A) 31.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Burlington Bay Canal, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can United	om adian to States. orts.	United	Com I States to I States orts.	Unite	rom ed States to nadian orts.	<b>T</b> c	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ ct
Boat Knees?		*************										
Fire Wood, in Vessels						l					1 1	
" Kaits			l		l	l		l	1			
1 <b>0</b> 0p8			l			l		l			1	
Hop Poles Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels	284	400		008		·····		l	284	1.008	1.292	
" Rafts							•••••					
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles in Vessels				1				1				
uaria. Spara and Telegrann Polesi			L		•	1	3		4 1	,		
in Rafts	•••••	1,600		••••••						1,600	1,600	
Railway Ties, in Vessels										***************************************		
88W Liog8												
staves and Headings, barrel	••••	1,076								1,076	1,076	
" W. India.		32	******	•••••						288	288	
staves, salt barrel			*** ********					. <b></b> .			32	
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in	·····¦	4		••••••	******					4	4	
Vessels	- 1					1						
Rafts Cimber, Square, in Vessels		2,770								2,770		
" in Rafts		2.800}						·		2 800	2 800	

Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured  Total Freight Free, per Order in Council	 	[		<u> </u>	 	 60,490	 	
	 <u> </u>	tal Tolls	on Vessel	s	 	 	 	1,966 9

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884.

No. (A) 82—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Ottawa Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	United United	om States O States rts.	United t Cans	om States o idian rts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ashes, Pot and PearlApplesAgricultural Products not enumerated, Vegetable	•••••	24 6	************							24 6	24 6	4 51 28
Agricultural Products not enu- merated, Animal	5	12 351							5	937 12 351	63 937 17 351	65 10 1 76 19 96
BonesBrimstone		22								22	22	1 46
Cement and Water Lime  Clay, Lime and Sand  Coal	1,000	7,84.							1,000	.,	8,841	
Cattle	17	620								620	637	
Crockery and Rarthenware Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs Fish	1								1		1	0 09
Flax and Hemp	5	30					•			30		
Furniture	15	<b>3</b> 3			······				15	33	48	
Glass, all kinds		3								3 123		
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs	1									19		

1885

<b>8</b> 1 <b>.</b>						_							
Ice						ļ	(		·	l	l	1	
Iron, Railway				•••••						l	l	l	
" Pig					I	l							
" all other						l		1	22	58			57
Iron Ore					1		**********			1	l	_	
Kryolite Chemical Ore and other	i						}	1					••••
Ore, except Iron		4.168				ļ	į	İ		4, 168	4.100	000	40
Lard and Lard Oil		2,200								-,	_,		
Meal, all kinds		10			••••••								
Meats, other than Pork		1 10		*******					•••••	19	19	1	87
										ļ			
Marble													
Manilla				·····									
Molasses										l			
Nails								<b></b>	1		1	0	05
Oats	1,967			l		i			1,967	301	2,26×	105	
Oil (in barrels)		1	l						-,501	J 30;	,,,,,		24
Oil Cake		l	l				1		l	1 *			
Pease											0.141		
Potatoes		220									1 7	497	
Pork		1 13					1		1 3	220		13	-
		'i	'		1	1	1		1 -	13		į <b>0</b>	84
Paint				***************************************									••••
Pitch and Tar		D4									53	10	07
Rags							ļ		18		18	1 2	52
Rye		747	' . <b></b>						<b></b>		747	72	
Rosin					l	l	1					l	
Salt	] .3		1	·	l	l			13		13		26
Stone, intended for Cutting	1	1								1	l *;		02
" wrought							1		1	1	•	_	
" not suitable for Cutting,			1		i			i **********			•••••	••••••	••••
unwrought	1		1		ł	l		1		]			
Seeds, all kinds	ļ	10											
		271						1		19		_	
Sheep		311		******					•••••	371			
Soda Ash					******								
Steel													
Sugar	] 3								3		3		15
Spirits, Beer, &c	15	1						<b></b>	15		16		94
Tohacco, Raw							l	<b></b>		l			
Tallow							•			R	6		
Tin										١ ،			
Turpentine													
Wheat						•							
		91			•••••				••••••••	91	, .,	5	
White Lead											********		••••
Whiting	••••••									•••••	*******	·••••••	
Wool	•••••••	1			•••••					1	1	0	10
All other Goods and Merchan-						l i							
dise, not enumerated		579							398	579	977	81	58
Bark		20								20	20	i	
		l I									<b>~</b> `	•	73
					<u>`</u>					······	!		

No. (A) 32-GENERAL STATEMENT, showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Ottawa Canals, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Ca: Unite	rom nadian to d States. orts.	United	om States o States rts.	United t Cana	om States o idian irts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
				:								\$ cts.
Barrels, Empty	8	178							8	178	186	12 69
Floats Fire Wood, in Vessels in Rafts Hoops Hop Poles		678 92,490 5,592 17		687						678 93,177 5,592	678 93,177 5,592	8 98 3,138 92 55 92 1 46
Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels in Rafts Masts, Spars and Telegraph	194	277,318 1,480		214,314					194 5	521,662	521,856	46,916 02 30 15
Poles, in Vessels			i i			1	í	I				
Railway Ties, in Yessels		2,250					l			316 2,250		
Staves and Headings, Barrel										, i	77,557	
" West India Staves, Salt Barrel.						t		l			1	
Spin Posts and Fence Rails, in	' L	490			•••••					490	490	196 20
Vessels						I .				3	3	0 10
Rafts Timber, Square, in Vessels		*				P		[	<b></b>	7	7	1 19
" Rafts	340	11,678				J			240	11,678	11,918	133 13

Traverses		350	1	1	l	ļ				350	350	1 40
Woodenware and Wood, partly			ì	Ì	1	Ι΄		1	1		25	1 67
Total Freight Paying Tolls									4,033	739,241	743,274	53,845 08
Total Freight 1 kying 1011s	4,000	407,210										
		Tota	al Tolls o	n Vessels		·····		•••••		••••		5,790 77 300 73
		"	Wherf	a ora							******	10 00
		. "	Wines :	and Damage	S P				*****		*****	175 00 32 00
		Oth	er necer									\$60,153 58
				Total I	tevenue,	exclusive	oi nyura	JIO ILON				•

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st, April 1884.

No. (A) 33—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Chambly Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Car Car P	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	United	rom d States to nadian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down,	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down,	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ashes, Pot and Pearl			125								135	\$ cts.
Apples Agricultural products not	******	451		***************************************				63		514	514	46 54
enumerated, Vegetable Agricultural products not	9		······					•••••	9	114	123	4 10
enumerated, Animal		9				·····				9	9	0 30
Agricultural implements Barley	•••••	201	2 061		•••••	••••••		********	9 001	364	0 405	100 05
Bricks.				**************								186 35 64 94
Bones												
Brimstone			l									
Clay Lime and Sand	1 080			***************************************		•••••		6		6	6	0 60
Clay, Lime and Sand Coal	1,200	977				•••••	***********	3,943	1,250			
Corn	***********							92, 220		82,002	92,002	9,010 63
Uattle	3	195							3	195	198	6 60 1
Cotton, Raw												
Crockery and Earthenware.	***************************************	22			·····			15		37	37	
Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	******	******						209		209	<b>2</b> 09	20 90
FishFlax and Hemp	•••••			•••••••							************	
Flour	684	18							684	18	702	23 40
Furniture									004		102	25 40
Gypsum	100						l		1001		100	3 34
Glass, all kinds									*** . *****	*******		
nay, Pressed	581	430						1	587	496	1,083	75 27
Horses								•••••				
Hides and Skins, Horns and			1				l i		i i	21	24	
Hoofs			اا				ll					

# Ice	1	I	1	l	I	1	l	1	l	I	l	l
Iron, Railway						2						
Pig										292		29 20
" All other		2									252	26 27
Iron Ore												
Kryolite Chemical Ore or												
Lard and Lard Oil							************	32	*****************	52	52	5 20
Meal, all kinds		20										
Meats, other than Pork	******											
Marble												
Manilla												***************************************
Molasses								1,687	•••••••	1 007	1 007	167 04
										1,637	1,687	0 60
Nails					1	1		1		3	0 049	89 29
Oats		2,212		1	1		•••••	604		2,242	<b>2,24</b> 2	60 17
Oil, in Barrels									••••••	601	60 i	
Oil Cake									••••••		1 204	70 00
Pease									••••	1,304	1,304	78 00
Potatoes								***************************************	••••••			••••••
Pork												
Paint				••••••				51		51	51	4 57
Pitch and Tar				•••••••	•					1,520		
Rags				***************************************				1		111	11	1 10
Rye		1			1		ļ					
Rosin											1,631	162 10
Salt							ļ. <b></b> .	31			993	79 42
Stone intended for Cutting.								<b>3</b> 38		338	338	33 80
" wrought										•••••		
" not suitable for Cut-			1	ì	ì	ł				l .		
ting, unwrought							••••••	45		45	45	0 75
Seeds, all kinds					ļ	ļ		.,	********			
Sheep	6								6	258	264	8 80
Soda Ash							l	135		135	135	9 00
Steel												
Sugar								321		321	321	32 10
Spirits, Beer, &c												
Tobacco, Raw								4		4	4	0 27
Tallow												
Tin										90		9 00
Turpentine					1			690		690	630	68 44
Wheat												
White Lead												
Whiting												
Wool												
All other Goods and Mer-					1							
chandise not enumerated.		372		I	J			1,944	739	2,316	3,055	224 90
Bark			1				i			2,010		
Barrels, Empty									*************			
I					1				************			
•	-	1						-	i .			

No. (A) 33.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Chambly Canal, &c.—Concluded.

Artioles	Can Can	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can United	rom adian to 1 States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Can P	rom d States to nadian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amour of Toll.	
'	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
										<del></del>		\$	cts.
Boat Knees	1,978 46 <b>5</b>	315						312	1,978	627	1,978 1,092	118 23	80 88
Hops Hop Poles Lumber, sawn, in Vessels Rafts	2,647 117	************	79,302					36	81,949			4,617	•••••
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels	*****						1						
Railway Ties, in Vessels	9,479		14,856	•••••			[	4	24,335		24,339		
Saw Logs	********												
Staves and Headings, Barrel.		·								*********			
" W. India			****							*****************		**********	
Staves, salt barrel Shingles Split Posts and Fence Rails,	83										91	*************	88
in Vessels							l						•••••
Timber, Square, in Vessels.													
Traverses	218		1,260						1,478	**************	1,478	144	

Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured	<b> </b>		<b> </b>	ļ	<b> </b>	<b> </b>		3		.3	3	0 75
Total Freight paying Tolls Coal, Free, per Order in Council	19,887					1		106,729	117,594	113,208	230,802	18,125 32
Council	1,477		************				•••••••		1,477		1,477	
Grand Total Freight	21,364	6,479	97,707					106,729	119,071	113,208	232,279	
	Wharfag	e and Stora	ge	······································	**************		••••••••	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	4,010 93 63 14 5 82 10 00 \$22,215 21

E. MIALL, Commissioner

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884

No. (A) 34.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Rideau Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1883

Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	Can United	rom adian to I States orts.	Unite t Unite	rom d States o d States orts.	Unite Can	rom d States to eadian orts.	To:	ns.	Total Tous.	Amount of Tolis.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ashes, Pot and Pearl  Apples	2	62 11							2	62	64 11	\$ cts. 13 51 0 40
enumerated, Vegetable Agricultural products not	11	23	<b>30</b> 0	· ••••••					311	23	334	16 54
enumerated, Animal	116 42	908 120	•••••						116 42	908 120	1,024 162	74 05 15 75
BarleyBricks	7 66	76							7 66	76	7 142	0 17 3 61
Bones Brimstone		8   4					·············			8	8 4	0 79 0 20
Cement and Water Lime Clay, Lime and Sand	15 457	115							15 457	115	130 458	8 35 10 80
Coal	4	2,033 14							4	2,033 14	<b>2,</b> 033	89 56 0 55
Cattle Cotton, Raw	10	2							10	2	12	0 32
Crockery and Earthenware	27	21							27	21	48	6 45 0 79
Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	4 28	i						•••••	23	1	5 29	1 29
Flax and Hemp	20 19	231 37						••••••	20 19	231 37	251 56	7 0 <b>2</b> 7 13
Gypsum	36 14	2	**********					*************	36	2 5	38	0 91 1 94
Hay, Pressed		6		***************************************				 	,14 	6	6	0 15 0 16
Horses	3	3	••••••			••••••			3	3	6	0 26
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs		2	•••••••							2	2	0 05

213

48

Victoria.

Iron, Railway	1 2	1 10	I	I	<i>I</i>	I	I	I	i 2	1 10	1 12	0 34
' Pig	<b>3</b> 53	İ			l		l		358		358	14 12
" All other	469	36							469	36	505	15 56
Iron Ore	454				[. <b></b>				454		454	22 70
Kryolite Chemical Ore and		i							]		101	
other Ore, except Iron	1,010	2,136				*****			1.010	2,136	3,146	157 30
Lard and Lard Oil	-, 6	7,11						***************************************	1,01%	2,130	3,140	0 84
Meal, all kinds	ير 2	54							22	54	76	
Meats, other than Pork	6	10				******		*********	6	10	16	2 72 0 62
Marble	9							*****************	"		10	
Manilla	ĭ								, ,		9	0 89
Molasses	18	3			•••••			•••••	1 18	••••••	1	0 09
Nails	118	2	•••••	**************	••••••					3	21	2 78
Uats	333	12	••••••		••••				118	2	120	12 35
Oil, in Barrels	23	144		********		•••••			333	12	315	8 24
Oil Caba	23		********						23	144	167	17 97
Oil Cake		6	•••••					••••••		6	6	0 14
Pease	19	30							19	30	49	3 30
Potatoes	9	9				·····			9	l 9	18	0 54
Pork	6	6							6	1 6	12	0 50
Paint	2	1	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						2	1	3	0 27
Pitch and Tar		46								46	46	4 01
Rags											l	
Rye	987	626					. <b></b>		987	626	1,613	114 51
Rosin	2								2		2	0 18
Salt	680	75			l	l	1	l	680	75	755	26 96
Stone intended for Cutting	11				1	l			1 11		11	0 43
" wrought	l	2		l					1	2	1 2	0 27
" not suitable for Cut-	1	ı	1	]			1			_	-	! "
ting, unwrought					l			İ		l	l	
Seeds, all kinds	1	2							1	9	3	0 15
Sheep	10	1 2							10	2	12	0 36
Soda Ash									10			0 36
Steel	1								1		I	0 09
Sugar	115	76					***************************************		115	76		
Spirits, Beer, &c	8	46					***************************************		113		191	19 38
Tobacco, Raw		40				••••••	i		;	46	54	7 82
		4		*************	••••••	******************						
Tin	9	1 2				************************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1 4		0 10
	5	_		•••••					9	l 2	11	1 88
Turpentine	95	32				••••••	*******	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5		5	0 45
Wheat	95 13	-		••••••					95	32	127	3 05
White Lead					•••••••		••••••		13		13	1 15
Whiting						•••••						***************************************
Weol	•••••	9		·			•••••			9	9	0 22
All other goods and Merchan-	<b>.</b>	455								1	ł	1
dise not enumerated	523	499							j 523	499	1,022	121 09
Back	80								80		80	1 88
Barrels, Empty	26	1				· · · · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			26	1	27	1 97
Boat Knees	•••••••											I
					,	_	ı	1	1	1	i	1
										·	·	

APPENDIX A .- Continued.

No. (A) 34-GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Rideau Canal, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite	rom d States to adian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons	Amount of Tolis.
	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.	<b>Ū</b> p.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Floats Firewood, in Vessels	6,589 31,525					<b></b>			6,589 31,525	580 5,865	7, 169 37,390	\$ cts 136 !5 630 18
Hov Poles Lumber, sawn, in Vessels Kafts	223 10,701	4 3 10	117 1,376						340 12,077	423 10	340 12,500 10	34 50 683 90 0 23
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40		40	4 00
Poles, in Rafts Railway Ties, in Vessels Rafts	7,075 85		2,024	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					9,699 85 1,940		9,099 85 2,503	917 72 9 01 68 78
Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel "Pipe				••••••			••••••					
Staves, Salt Barrel	22	20 2		······					22	20 2	20 24	2 00 4 80
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels	22		36						<b>5</b> 8		58	9 27
in Rafts	 80	10 1,140			••••••				80	10 1,140	10 1,22) 6,628	1 02 0 28 44 08 68 05
Traverses	2,568 10	4,060 1							2,568	4,060 1	11	2 10
Total Freight paying Tolls	67,200	20,254	3,853						71,053	20,254	91,307	3,414 04

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	1,773 96	81
Total Toils on Vessels	100	73
Damages	58 361	00
Total Revenue, exclusive of Hydraulic Rents	\$5,834	34

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884

No. (A) 35.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the St. Peter's Canaland the amount of Tolls collected thereon, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Canadian Car to Canadian Unite		Cana to United	From Canadian to United States Ports.		From United States to United States Ports.		From United States to Canadian Ports.		s.	Total Tous.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Flour	283 84 447 1,6:0 666	55 7,537 859 2,717 75							283 84 417 1,620 666 3,100	1,352 55 7,537 859 2,717 73	1,352 338 7,621 1,306 4,337 741 ——————————————————————————————————	\$ cts. 13 52 3 38 76 21 13 06 43 37 7 41
Total	Total Tolls on Vessels										2,033 16	
											2,190 11	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884

1885

No. (A) 36.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported through the Newcastle District Canals, and the amount of Revenue collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

Articles.	Canadian Cana to t Canadian United		From Canadian to nited States Ports.  From United State to Unifed State Ports.		States States	Fro United t Cans Po	States o	T	ors.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.	
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Bricks				••••••								
Bark	4,044								4,044	57	4,101	68 35
Lumber, Sawn	1,153 321 <b>2,30</b> 0	<b>8</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0						1	1,153	80	1,233 321	9 38 12 80 47 00
Shingles Split Posts, &c Timber, Square Traverses	180 <b>725</b>			***************************************					180 725		180 975	3 00 19 50
Iron Ore				***************************************					750		750	5 00
Total Freight Paying Tolls	9,473	437			•••••				9,473	437	9,910	165 03
	To Otl	tal Tolls on her Receipt	n Vessels	***************************************		••••••••		*** **** ****				13 00
<b></b>											<b>\$</b> 178 03	

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

## APPENDIX .

No. (A) 37.-STATEMENT of Traffic on the undermentioned Canals, and

Articles.	Wellar	d Canal.	St. Lawre	nce Canals.	Chambly Canal.		
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	
Class No. 1.		\$ cts.		\$ cts		\$ cts.	
Canadian Vessels, steam	161,503	2,499 04	875.781	5,402 06	61,234	211 14	
United States Vessels.steam	137,702	2,067 89	22,394	122 83		3 49	
Canadian Vessels, sail	337,069	6,494 68	871,120	9,377 47	117,270		
United States Vessels, sail.	244,683	5,471 87	78,570	796 93	123,009	1,735 93	
Total, Class No. 1	880,957	16,533 48	1,847,865	15,699 29	301,827	4,010 93	
Class No. 2.	No		No		No		
Passengers	No. 1,865	114 87	No. 51,148	2,715 44	No. 3,970	63 14	
Class No. 3.	Tons.		Tona		Tona		
Brimstone			Tons.		Tons.		
Bricks			2,745	235 15	801	64 94	
Cement and Water Lime	149	21 11	1,661	232 00		0 60	
Clay, Lime and Sand	3,246	286 58	11,033	451 15		530 21	
Fish	883		590				
Gypsum	1,150	23 74 192 65	3,159	68 71		3 34	
do Pig	1,237 22		25,433 8,817	3,744 00 1,288 47		29 20	
do All other	7,950		6,701	792 29			
Salt	66		9,822		992		
Stone, for cutting	6,421	946 15	3,007	223 14	338		
Apples	340		1,777	242 04			
Barley	10,436		4,154	420 40	2,425	186 35	
Cotton, Raw	182,269	36,440 08	22,175	2,139 00	•••••		
Flax and Hemp			***************************************				
Flour	13,471	1,158 86	14,499	2, 61 71	702	23 40	
Hay, Pressed	26	3 90	1,485	104 44			
Meals, all kinds	9,917		<b>1,4</b> 3 ł	57 44		·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Oil Cake	1		6	0 36			
Oats	731		6,020	368 16	2,242	<b>89</b> 29 78 00	
Pease	726	145 20	26,659 292	2,359 73	1,304	78 00	
Rye	1,642		4,855	568 46			
Seeds, all kinds	664		318				
Tobacco, Raw	6		7	0 60		,	
Wheat	152,794	29,027 64	61,121	7,821 89	***************************************		
All other Agricultural Products, Vegetable	1,272	59 56	6,816	2.19 .60	123	4 10	
Bones	1,412	00 00	1,163		123	4 10	
Uattle			881	57 63		6 60	
Hogs			214	16 51			
Hides and Skins, Horns							
and Hoofs	111		46	5 46		0 90	
Lard and Lard Oil	26 12	4 30 2 40	369 128	27 (9 8 73	24 52	5 20	
Meats, other than Pork	14	2 80	176	14 20			
Pork	391	78 05	453	29 17			
Sheep			544	40 60	264	8 80	
Tallow	180	27 10	103	6 46		*******	
Wool	95	19 00	168	23 98		********	
A 11 male on A month of the 1 200						•	
All other Agricultural Products, Animal	6	1 20	1,849	235 31	9	0 30	

A—Continued the Amount of Tolls collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1883

Tons.	Tolls. \$ cts. 2,405 94 5 28 555 76 1,966 98	Tons.  211,523  231,744 74,456  517,723  No. 18,173  Tons.	Tolls. \$ cts 7:0 00 3,287 24 1,793 53 5,790 77		Tolls.  \$ cts 660 14 7 00 1,028 37 78 25 1,773 76	Tons.  69,233 32,425 101,658 No 4,691	648 50	1,360 707 2,067 No.	Tolls. \$ cts. 8 50 4 50
528 55,576 	1,405 94 5 28 555 76 1,966 98	231,744 74,456 517,723 No. 18,173	7:0 00 3,287 24 1,793 53 5,790 77	182 87,564 7,114 158,247 No. 3,067	660 14 7 00 1,028 37 78 25 1,773 76	32,425 101,658 No	1,381 66 648 50	2,067	8 50 4 50
528 55,576 	1,966 98	231,744 74,456 517,723 No. 18,173	3,287 24 1,793 53 5,790 77	182 87,564 7,114 158,247 No. 3,067	7 00 1,028 37 78 25 1,773 76	32,425 101,658 No	648 50	2,067	4 50
No. 4,814  Tons.	1,966 98	74,456 517,723 No. 18,173	1,793 53 5,790 77	87,564 7,114 158,247 No. 3,067	1,028 37 78 25 1,773 76	101,658 No		2,067	
No. 4,814 Tons.		No. 18,173	5,790 77	No. 3,067	1,773 76	No			13 00
No. 4,814 Tons.		No. 18,173		No. 3,067		No	2,033 16		13 00
Tons.	•••••	18,173	300 73	3,067	96 81			No.	
Tons.	•••••		300 73		96 81	4,693			PI PI
294		Tons.	ļ	1					
294				Tons.	,	Tons.		Tons.	
				142	0 20 3 61				
		699	25 47	130					********
		8,841	185 76	458					
		1	0 10	29 33		1,352			
813				1 12					,
				358					
		80		505					
,-		13							
			0 02 0 28						
		6 351	19 96						
662		331	10 00	18			l		
13									
3 .								l	
		35	2 41	251					
	••••	3						1	••••••
	••••••	19	1 01	6					
		2,268	105 54	1 .					
		6,141	497 72						
	•••••	227	13 55	18					,
242		747	72 35						
	,	19	1 60	'  8	0 10				
		91	5 14	127	3 0				
0,409		91	1 0 14	141	3.00	' ······			
18	********	63	4 74	334	16 54	4,337	43 37		
	************	22	1 46	8	0 79				,,,,,,,
		637	33 07						
		123	6 81	4	0 10	3			ļ
ļ			1 61		2 00	5			1
14	**************	20 281			6 02	1			
, 14 R	***********	201		1					
28		J		. ] 10					.]
28	*****	16	0 84	1 1:	2 05				
******		371							
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******		.  1	0 10	1	9 02	4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	`	
492	*******	937	65 1	1,02	4 74 0	δ			
11,925	************	22,019	1,081 9	6,43	0 318 3	6,02	7 60 2	7	
		,	1	5,20	1	1		J	

APPENDIX

No. (A) 37-STATEMENT of the Traffic on the undermentioned

110. (A)					- underm	
Andrel	Wellan	d Canal.	St. Lawrer	ice Canals.	Chambl	y Canal.
Articles.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolis.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 4.		\$ cts		\$ cts	.	\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	11	2 05	873	115 75	135	13 50
Agricultural Implements Crockery and Earthenware	41 41	0 28 5 42	1,131	50 65 190 07	37	3 70
Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs.	158	23 70	436	38 61	209	20 90
Furniture	104 26	17 53 <b>2</b> 32	1,323 1,332			•••••••
Marble	2,885	432 75	138	27 38		
Manilla Molasses	24 158	3 80 23 89	2,255	12 39 167 90	1,687	167 04
Nails	142	13 41	4,627	833 71	3	0 60
Oil, in barrels	656	120 03		272 62	604	60 17 4 57
Paint Pitch and Tar	423	<b>63 2</b> 3	732 1,956	114 50 137 59	1,520	152 00
Rage		77 15	1,378	144 85	11	1 10
Rosin Sod Ash		20 02	1,473	86 68 506 90	-,	162 10 9 00
Steel	264 3≺	38 82 5 75	2,572 139	17 29	135	
Sugar	4,912	725 46	6,189	1,021 99	321	32 10
Stone, Wrought	1,160 10	220 73 1 50		34 46 513 52		9 00
Turpentine		1 00	2,63 / 735	41 83		68 4
White Lead		1 00		38 05		
Whiting		 	324	60 03		********
spirits	300	58 40	2,330	359 57		*******
Merchandise, not enumer-		9 004 27	91 401	2,846 96	2 055	234 9
ated	20,171	2,984 37				
Total Class No. 4	31,916	4,821 59	57,817	8,061 52	10,169	929 ·12
Class No. 5.						
Bark						
Barrels, empty	14	1 27	307	44 76		
Boat Knees			3,986	69 76	1,978	118 8
Fire Wood, in Vessel	38,008	1,631 76	31,770	840 89	1,092	23 8
'' in Rafts Lumber Sawn, in Vessels		7.994 88	345 38,408	7 19 2,402 53	81,985	4,617 0
in Rafts						
Hoons	1 26			1		1,949 2
Railway Ties, in Vessels	1,597			62 09	24,339	
Masts, Spars and Telegraph		1				ļ
Poles, in Vessels				 		
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts	35	2 3	11,120	278 00		
Square Timber, in Vessei	73,529	11.015 10	2,584	124 17		144 6
Woodenware and Wood		789 3	11,161	287 10	1,478	į.
partly manufactured		251 6				0 7
Shingles	.  8				91	15 8
Split Posts and Fence Rails in Vess 18		0.5	9			
	٠,	1	1	1	i	1

A—Continued.

Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected, &c.—Continued

188		gton Bay	Ottaw	a Canals.	Ridea	u Canal.	St. Pete	er's Canal.	Newcas C	etle District
789         24         4 51         64         13 51 <td>Tons.</td> <td>Tolls.</td> <td>Tons.</td> <td>Tolls.</td> <td>Tons.</td> <td>Tolls.</td> <td>Tons.</td> <td>Tolls.</td> <td>Tons</td> <td>Tolls.</td>	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons	Tolls.
1	!	\$ ets.		\$ cts		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
16										
12										********
15			1	0 03						•••••
19			48	4 41						
12	215				19					
1	************									
1				*********			•••••			********
1		****************	1	0 05						******
423       53       10 07       46       4 01										
2   18		************								******
76         2         18		······			46	4 01		,		
1	_	*********		2 52		10			······	************************
427         3         0 15         191         19 38         227         111         1 88         2 0 27         111         1 88         3         5 0 45         5 0 45         3 1 1 15         11 1 1 88         3 3         5 0 45         3 1 1 15         3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		************				10	************		******	*********
234   121   18	2	**************			1	0 09				*********
121       3       11       1 88       0 45       13       1 15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15       15			3	0 15						
3 24 74			••••••							
24 74       13       1 15       16       0 94       54       7 82					_		••••••			
74         95       16       0 94       54       7 82							***********	************		
8,463       977       81 58       1,022       121 09       741       7 41           1,160       106 32       2,022       236 24       741       7 41 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>										
10,830 1,160 106 32 2,022 236 24 741 7 41	95	********	16	0 94	54	7 82		•••••••		
20 1 95 80 1 88	8,483		977	81 58	1,022	121 09	741	7 41		
1     1     186     12 69     27     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 97     1 98     2 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 90     1 9	10,830		1,160	106 32	2,022	236 24	741	7 41		
1										
	***************************************									*******
1,292										
1,292 521,856 46,916 02 12,5 <sup>0</sup> 0 683 90 1,306 13 06 1,233 9 3 15 10 0 23 1,306 13 06 1,233 9 3 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 10 0 23 1,233 15 12 80 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10										
1,292     521,856     46,916 02     12,5^0     683 90     1,306     13 06     1,233     9 3       17     17     1 46     17     1 46     1,233     9 3       18     316     38 38     9,099     917 72     10     321     12 80       1,600     2,770     10     0 28     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10     10					37,390	6.0 18			A 101	20 oz
1,485 30 15 10 0 23					12.500	683 90				90 36
1,600 2,770 2,800 2,100 11,918 2,250 120 01 100 1,600 2,770 2,800 11,918 133 13 1,220 100 11,918 133 13 1,220 100 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 12,800 13,200 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000				30 15						9 36
1,600       2,770       2,800       11,918       20       20       25       1 67       11       21       22       24       25       1 67       11       210       220       4       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40       40					****					
1,600 2,770 2,800 11,918 133 13 1,220 44 08 975 19 50 4 490 196 20 24 4 80									201	19 0/
1,600 2,770 2,800 2,800 20 4 20 4 400 11,918 133 13 1,220 44 08 44 08 975 19 50 19 50 19 60 19 60 20 20 4 408	********		2,200	120 01	-					12 80
2,770					40	4 00		******	•••••	******
2,800     11,918     133 13     1,220     44 08     975     19 50       20     25     1 67     11     2 10     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210     210					10					
4 490 196 20 24 4 80			11,918	133 13					975	19 50
				1 67						
	4		490	196 20	24	4 80		******** ****	•••••	
	***************************************		3	0 10	58	9 27		******************		

APPENDIX

No. (A) 38.—STATEMENT of Traffic in the undermentioned

Antiolog	Wellar	d Canal.	St. Lawre	nce Canals.	Chamb	ly Canals.
Articles.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 5—Concluded.  Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts Saw Logs Staves and Headings, Barrel "" "West India " Salt Barrel Traverses Hop Poles Total Class No. 5	12,481 161 4,76° 2,397° 25	.3 33 890 08 447 62 4 00	18,342 554 264 344 64 9,378 534 132.138	419 18 27 53 30 90 50 52 1 28 24 35 26 00 4,945 13	85	6,886 02
Special Class.  Coal	307,018 31,331 21,139	1,566 55	133,636 1,974 10,280	18,688 07 98 70 205 80	•••••	
Total Special Class	359,488	63,049 28	145,890	18,992 57	92,547	9,017 38
Total Freight and Tools Timber and other Wood, free Wheat. Corn, Flour, Iren,	973,788 3,744	182,060 72 208 56	566,523 11,589	75,869 18 1,081 74	230,802	22,199 39
Coal, &c., &c., free  Grand Totals, Passengers and Tonnage of Vessels not included	1,005,156	186,377 65	278,674 856,786	33,443 48 110,394 40		

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884.

A-Continued.

## Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected, &c.—Continued.

	gton Bay.	Ottawa	. Canals.	Ridear	ı Canal.	St. Pete	er's Canal.	Newcas Ca	tle District
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
1,076 288 32		77,557 350 350 715,927	1 40	20 6,62¢ 340	1 02 68 78 2 00 68 05 34 50 2,619 93	1,306		180 2,350  9,160	
		4,168	208 40	2,033 3,146 454	* 89 56 157 30 22 70	7,621	76 21	······ ••••·	•••••••••••
233					••••••		·•••••	750	5 00
48,397		4,168	208 40	5,633	269 56	7,621	76 21	750	5 00
81,035	1,966 98	743,274	59,936 58	91,307	5,314 61	15,695	2,190 11	9,910	178 03
•••••									
				1,129	30 32				
81,035	1,966 98	713,274	59,936 58	92,436	<b>5,344</b> 93	15,693	2,190 11	<b>9,9</b> 10	178 03

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

1885

## APPENDIX A—Continued.

No (A) 39—STATEMENT showing the amount of Tolls accrued each month during the Season of Navigation ended 31st December, 1853.

Canals and Offices.	January.	April.	May.	June.	Jnly.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
WELLAND CANAL.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Chippawa		3 55	11 99 13,917 85 9,402 64 30 28 76 78 439 74 408 30	26 55 15,258 58 8,020 16 103 47 192 54 411 31 280 88	30 74 20,086 54 8,491 27 119 44 127 64 298 80 272 93	20,699 66 10,095 12 78 57	19.500 99 8,157 58 20 41 97 52 294 76	17,812 00 7,215 82 75 05 113 40	11,295 34 6,575 53 37 81 121 16 187 25	251 48 214 60 7 86 72 24	118,822 44
Total, Welland Canal		4 50	24,287 58	24,323 49	29,427 31	31,411 63	28,175 80	25,538 19	18,308 98	583 21	182,060 72
St. Lawrence Canals.  Beauharnois  Cardinal  Cornwall	********		247 86 82 14 4.057 47	231 90 32 15 3,583 69	216 95 66 55 3,763 52	268 01 71 76 3.926 82	199 31 64 39 3,140 04	303 88 93 73 3,495 56	265 60 48 75 1,725 22		1,735 54 507 27 23,704 13
KingstonLachine			5,709 80 205 91 3,738 09	2,515 55 260 45 4,882 24	1,857 36 298 49 5,264 21	1,436 61 356 98 5,745 97	1,307 71 425 42 5,242 71	2,660 11 648 13 4,148 01	585 60 406 04		16,072 74 2,601 45 31,248 05
Total, St. Lawrence Canals		10 05	14,041 30	11,508 98	11,467 08	11,806 18	10,379 58	11,347 43	5, 258 03	50 56	75,869 18
CHAMBLY CANAL.		, 									
ChamblySt. JohnsSt. Ours		5 56	561 02 1,196 95 61 22	1,259 04 2,712 27 63 53	1,684 44 2,825 74 91 58	1,421 14 2,585 97 71 32	1,242 78 1,749 94 60 66	1,180 46 1,979 49 76 98	532 8:		8,058 29 13,623 18 517 92
Total, Chambly Canal		5 56	1,819 19	4,034 84	4,604 76	4,081 43	3,093 28	3,236 93	1,323 40		22,199 39

OTTAWA CANALS.	1 1		' 1	1		' 1	1	1	ı	1	11
Ottawa Carillon Grenville		1 50	5,442 41 216 69 3,111 02	5,512 45 866 58 3,792 07	5,818 35 1,015 60 3,746 91	4,770 94 97 06 2,985 45	6,040 55 39 93 3,399 41	4,582 5° 49 08 3,135 8°	15 39 1,721 68		33,621 28 2,300 33 21,873 84
St. Anne's		6 40	278 02	315 59	270 04	341 15	356 42	401 49			2,141 13
Total, Ottawa Canals		7 90	9,048 14	10,486 69	10,850 90	8,174 60	9,836 31	8,168 95	3,363 09		59,936 58
BURLINGTON BAY CANAL.								ļ			
Hamilton		8 06	271 98	429 72	270 34	285 95	219 02	332 30	130 91	18 70	1,966 58
RIDEAU CANAL.											· • •
Kingston Mills Ottawa Smith's Falls			223 26 389 58 101 54	264 48 623 70 90 57	328 50 643 13 92 49	250 69 560 31 102 69	282 67 390 07 101 72	234 00 231 26 121 42	92 97		1,704 09 ; 2,931 03 ; 679 50 ;
Total, Rideau Canal			713 33	978 75	1,064 12	913 69	774 46	586 68	283 53		5,314 31
St. Peter's Canal.	!   										ė.
St. Peter's	0 68	25 26	160 00	361 61	317 03	360 84	291 20	353 73	246 64	70 12	2,199 11
Newcastle District Canals.											
Bobcaygeon Peterborough	·!			12 50 1 00 2 85		29 50 6 15	3 50	15 00 1 43 5 10			147 50 5 93
Hastings								5 10			24 00
Total, Newcastle District			15 00	16 35	38 75	35 65	27 50	21 53	23 25	••••••	178-02
Grand Total	0 68	61 33	50,356 57	52,140 43	58,040 32	57,069 97	52,800 15	49,585 73	28,937 83	722 59	349,715 60

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884.

APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 40.—General Statement showing the Number, Tonnage and Nationality of Vessels passed through the Canals, during the Season of Navigation ended 31st December, 1883; and the Tolls collected thereon.

Ve:sels.	Total Number.	Fro Cana to Cana Por	dian dian	Cana United	om adian to States rts.	United t United	om   States   States   States	United t Cana	rom l States co adian rts.	Ton	s.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
WELLAND CANAL.		**************************************											
Canadian Vessels, steam	533 1,603	42,712 80,267	36,822 49,472	20,999 87,214	11 1, <b>6</b> 86	376	330	1,305 6,813		65,392 174,291	26,111 163,775	161,503 337,069	2,499 04 6,491 <b>6</b> 8
Total Canadian	2,136	122,979	86,294	108,213	1,697	376	<b>3</b> 30	8,118	170,565	239,686	258,856	498,572	8,993 72
United States Vessels, steam.	314 817	23 104	132 700	1,190 3,231	692 527	64,145 111,122	66,360 56,627	1,567 3,869	3,593 68,503	66,925 118,326	70,777 126,357	137,702 241,683	2,067 89 5,471 87
Total United States	1,131	127	832	4,421	1,219	175,267	122,987	5,436	72,096	185,251	197,134	382,395	7,539 76
Grand Total Welland Canal	3,267	123,106	87,126	112,634	2,916	175,643	123,317	13,554	242,661	424,937	456,020	880,957	16,533 48
St. Lawrence Canals.						-							
Canadian Vessels, steam	3,519 5,471	478,996 465,578	372,011 310,077	21,221 41,713	290 3,744			6 294	3,257 <b>4</b> 9,714	500,223 507,585	375,558 363,535	875,781 871,120	5,402 06 9,377 47
Total Canadian	8,990	944,574	682,088	62,934	4,031			300	52,971	1,007,808	739,093	1,746,901	14,779 53
United States Vessels, steam.	482 796	278 1,282	187 5,635	1,665 5,878	32 3,918	9,158 700	9,0≈0 <b>5</b> 10	96 53,733	1,89° 6,914	11,197 61,593	11,197 16,977	22,394 78, <b>5</b> 70	122 83 796 93
Total United States	1,278	1,560	5,822	7,543	3,950	9,858	9,590	53,829	8,812	72,790	28,174	100,964	919 76
Grand Total St. Lawrence. Canals	10,268	916,134	687,910	70,477	7,984	9,858	9,590	54,129	61,783	1,080,598	767,267	1,847,865	15,699 29

CHAMBLY CANAL.  Canadian Vessels, steam  " " sail  Total Canadian	393 1,173 1,566 5 1,263 1 268	43,606	1,639	21,196 21,392 28,305					2,897 68,011 70,908 301 92,885 93,186	35,490 64,998 13 28,485	113,506	117,270 178,504 314 123,009	2,271 51
Grand Total Chambly Canal									164,094	93,496	208,331	301,827	4,010 93
Burlington Bay Canal.  Canadian Vessels, steam  " sail	317 283	68,419				8		944 24,467		69,363 27,969			
Total Canadian	600	71,921	85,463		13,311			25,411		97,332	93,774	196,106	1,961 70
United States Vessels, steam.	4				264			261		264	264	528	5. 28
Total United States	4				264			264		264	264	528	5 28
Grand Total, Burlington Bay Canal	604	71,921	85,463		13,575	······		25,675		97,596	99,038	196,634	1,966 98
OTTAWA CANALS.	'	1						'	! !				
Canadian Vessels, steam sail	1,206 2,173									79.496 24,509		211,523 231,744	710 07 3,287 24
Total Canadian	3,379	104,005	295,773		43,489				•••••	101,005	<b>3</b> 39, 2 <b>6</b> 2	443,267	3,997 24
United States Vessels, steam	755	8,185	3,176		62,714			381		8,566	65,890	74,456	1,793 53
Total United States	755	8, 185	3,176		62,714			381		8,566	65,890	74,456	1,793 53
Grand Total, Ottawa Canals	4,134	112,190	298,919		106,203			381		112,571	405,152	517,723	5,790 77

No. (A) 40.—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Number, Tonnage and Nationality of Vessels, &c.—Continued.

Vessels.	Total Number.	Fro Canac to Canac Por	lian lian	Can		United t Uuited	om States o States rts.	United	om States o Idian rts.	Ton	s.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.	
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
RIDBAU CANAL.				:									\$ cts.	
Canadian Vessels, steam	1,006 1,345	28,290 36,580		366 2,155						28,656 38,735	34,731 48,829	63,387 87,564	66014 1,028 37	
Total Canadian	2,331	64,870	<b>83,56</b> 0	2,521						67,391	83,560	150,951	1,688 51	
United States Vessels, steam sail	28 €8	87 406	95 <b>5,3</b> 80	1,328						87 1,734	95 5,380	182 7,114	7 00 78 25	
Total United States	96	493	5,475	1,328						1,821	5,475	7,296	85 25	
Grand Total, Rideau Canal	2,427	65,363	89,035	3,849						69 212	89,035	158,247	1,773 76	
St. PRTER'S CANAL.														
Canadian Vessels, steam sail	522 808	34,904 17,289								34,904 17,289	34,329 15,136	69,233 32,425	1,384 66 648 50	
Total St. Peter's Canal	1,330	52,193	49,465							52,193	49,465	101,658	2,033 10	
NEWCASTLE DISTRICT CANALS				,										
Canadian Vessels, steam	17 9	<b>43</b> 0 100		•••••						430 100	930 607	1,360 707	8 50 4 50	
Total Newcastle Dis- trict Canals	26	<b>5</b> 30	1,537							530	1,537	2,067	13 00	

1885

ŘECÁPIŤULATION.

Vessels.	Total Number.	Fro Canad to Canad Port	lian lian	Free Cana to United Por	dian States	) to	States States	to Cana	States	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	**;	υp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
CANADIAN VESSELS. Steam and Sail.	0.100	100 050	00.00	100.010	1.00					000 600	<b>ar</b> 0 coo	400 KP0	\$ cts
Welland St. Lawrence Chambly Burlington Bay Ottawa Rideau St. Peter's Newcastle District	2,136 8,990 1,566 600 3,379 2,331 1,330 26	122,979 944,574 43,606 71,921 104,005 64,870 52,193 530	86,294 682,088 42,598 85,463 295,773 83,560 49,465 1,537	2,521	4,034 13,311 43,489			25,411	<b>52,971</b> <b>70,90</b> 3	239,686 1,007,808 64,998 97,332 104,005 67,391 52,193 530		1,746,901	14,779 53 2,271 51 1,961 70 3,997 24 1,688 51
Total Canadian	20,358	1,404,678	1,326,778	195,060	62,531	376	330	33,829	294,444	1,633,943	1,684,083	<b>3</b> ,318,026	35,738 37
United States Vessels.  Steam and Sail.													
Welland	1,131 1,278 1,268	127 1,560 193	832 5.822 1,639	4,421 7,543 28,305	1,219 3,950 264	9,858	12 <b>2</b> ,987 9,590	<b>53</b> ,829	72,096 8,812 93,186	185, 251 72, 790 28, 498 264	197,134 28,174 94,825 264	382,385 100,964 123,323 528	7,539 76 919 76 1,739 42 5 28
Burlingten Bay	755 96	8,185 493	3,176 5,475		62,714			381		8,566 1,821	65,890 5,475	74,406 7,296	
Total United States	4,532	10,558	16,944	41,597	68,147	185,125	132,577	59,910	174,094	297,190	391,762	688,952	12,083 00
Grand Total, Canadian and United States	24,890	1,415,236	1,343,722	236,657	130,678	185,501	132,907	93,739	468,538	1,931,133	2,075,845	4,006,978	47,821 37

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884.

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

No. (A) 401,—Comparative Statement of Grand Total Freight passed through the undermentioned Canals during the Seasons of Navigation, 1882 and 1883, with the amounts of Tolls collected on the same, including Tolls on Vessels and Passengers.

	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF TH										<u> </u>		
	Canals.	Caña t	dian	From Canadian to United States Ports.		Fr United t United Pos	States o States	United t Cans	om States o dian rts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
Ì		Űp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
239	St. Lawrence Canals	20,489 2,181 19,783 48,590 170,700 21,364	81,028 483,134 7,329 19,869 554,614 36,128 6,178 84,506 496,305 6,479 20,254 494,210 17,894 12,595 437	42,044	233,412 1,976 7,519 11,253		174,912 1,556	19,845 53,299	370,041 107,782 106,729	2,374 69,225 2,181 19,783 368,178 239,890 119,071 71,053 4,033	508,351 583,003 119,441 19,663 788,026 38,104 6,178 636,978 616,896 113,208 20,254 739,241 20,545 12,595 437	790,643 911,050 263,711 108,425 790,400 107,229 8,359 19,783 1,005,156 856,786 232,279 91,307 743,274 81,035 18,695 9,910	\$ cts. 140,177 84 76,957 97 25,190 79 6,544 64 63,179 78 3,200 42 833 83 441 34  182,060 72 75,869 18 22,199 39 5,314 61 59,936 58 1,966 98 2,190 11 178 03

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 1st April, 1884 E. MIALL. Commissioner.

No. 44.—STATEMENT of the Number and Tonnage of all kinds of Vessels passed through the Canals, during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

#### WELLAND AND ST. LAWRENCE CANALS.

		Canadian.				United	Status.	
Ste	eam Vessel	в.	Sáiling	Vessels.	Steam V	essels.	Sailing '	Vessels.
Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.
8 10	27 15	216 150	30 8	<b>24</b> 0 80	7 2	56 20	1 2	8 <b>2</b> 0
12	8	96	,		1 1	12		••••••
· 15 20	16	240	17	30	3	45	1	15
20 25	19 23	380 575	4	340 300	1 6	20 150	1	25
30	23	690	8	240	1 2 1	60	1	20
35	15	525	3	105	2 1	35		
40	18	720	15	600	] 3 1	120		*****
45	7	315	. 5	425	1	45		
50 55	9	450	11	550	J	*************	1	50
60	3 8	165 480	9	495 540	1	60	3 9	165 540
65	6	390	R	520	1 i	65	7	455
70	10	700	8	560	i	70	3	210
75	5	375	14	1,050	4	300	4	300
80	2 3 7	160	20	1,600		<b></b>	6	480
85	3	255	21 29	1,701		•••••	8	680
90 95	7	<b>63</b> 0	40	2,680 3,800	1	95	25 59	2,250 5,605
100	2 8 4 6	190 800	52	5,200	i i	100	65	6,500
105	4	420	48	5,040	i	105	49	5,145
110	6	660	18	1,980			33	3,630
115	3	345	20	2,300			13	1,495
120	3	360	11	1,320	••••••		6	720
125 130	2	250	11 13	1,375	1	130	1 1	500 130
135	*********		12	1,620	3	405	1 .	130
140	1	140	12	1,680	l	400		
145	.! 1	145	14	2,030				
150	3	450	20	3,000				
155	3	465	26	<b>4</b> ,030	***************************************		1	155
160 165	3 2	480 330	16	2,560 2,970	•••••	•••••••	2 2	320 350
170	l 2	530	l K	850	1	170	1	340
175	1	175	7	1,225		1.0	l	
180	ī	180	7 6	1,080				
185			. 8	1,480		ļ		
190	ļ		687552526234423	1,140			1	190
195 200	3 3	585 600		1,560 1,400	i			
205	i	205	, K	1,025			2	410
210			. 5	1,050	1	210	2	420
215	1	215	2	430			1 3	215
220	2	440	1 8	1,200	1	220	3	660
225 230	1	225	1 3	450	•••••	•••••••••••	2 8	450 690
230 235	1	235		1,380 470			3	705
240	1		3	720	2	480	1	
245	3	735	1 4	960	ļ	l	. 1	245
250	3	750	2	500			i	250
256			. 3	765				
260	1	260	3	780	1	260	2	520
265	1	265	1 1	265			.] 4	1,060

No. 44.—STATEMENT of the Number and Tonnage of all kinds of Vessels passed through the Canals, &c.—Continued.

WELLAND AND ST. LAWRENCE CANALS-Continued.

		Canadian.				United 8	STATES.	
S	team Vessel	s.	Sailing	Vessels.	Steam '	Vessels.	Sailing	Vessels.
Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.
<b>27</b> 0			5	1,350			4	1,080
275	3	825	2	550	1	275	3	825
280			1	280			4	1,120
285			7	1,915	1	285	2	570
290	1	290	3	870			1	290
295			4	1,180			4	1,180
300	3	900	8	2,400	2	600	8	2,400
305	3	915	7	2,135	1	305	5	1,525
310			3	930	·····		4.	1,240
315		200	2	630			4	1,260
320 325	1	320	5 5	1,600			7 3	2,240
330	******		6	1,625 1,980	1	330	9	975
335	2	670	6	2,010	1 1	220	5	2,970 1,675
340	•	0.0	5	1,700			3	1,020
345	2	690	ĭ	345			5	1,725
350			5	1,750	1	350	4	1,400
355			6	2,130				-,
360	3	1,080	5	1,800			1	360
365	1	365	6	2,190				
370			3	1,110				
375	3	1,125 760	8	3,000			1	375
380 385	2 1	760						
390	2	385 780	2	780			•••••	****** *** ***
395	4	1,580	4	1,580				
400	ī	400	*	1,000				***********
405	î	405					2	810
410	2	820						
413	2	826			1	413		
415								
420	•••••		••••					
425	1	425	2	850		······		
430 435		405					••••••	••••••
430 440	1 3	435 1,320	2	870		880		•••••
454	1	454	1	454	2 1	454	***************************************	***********
460	i	460	i	460	l	454		***************************************
469	î	469		200				
472	ī	472		******			1	472
476							ī	476
487	•••••••		1	487			1	487
495	1	495						
497					1	497	· 1	497
500 505	1	500	***************************************	••••••		I	••••••	
510	1	510	1	7000	·····		1	510
516	i	510 516		510	·····		1	010
520	ì	5 <b>2</b> 0		********	***************************************		1	520
541	i	541	1	541				
550	î	550	i	550		l	1	550
555	ī	555	î	555	********			
562	*********				1	562		
575	1	575			•	i	l :	i

No. 44—Statement of the Number and Tonnage of all kinds of Vessels passed through the Canals, &c.—Continued.

WELLAND AND ST. LAWRENCE CANALS-Continued.

		CANADIAN.				United	States.	
St	eam Vessel	8.	Sailing	Vessels.	Steam \	Vessels.	Sailing	Vessels.
Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage
580	1	580						
585	î	585					***************************************	
595	2	1,190		******		•••••	1	595
600					1	600		
615	1	615						<b></b>
628	ī	628	1	628			******	<b> </b>
651			1	<b>6</b> 51		*********		l
678	1	678						
690	î	690						
693	2	1,386						. <b></b>
716	1	716						
800	1	800			*****			
875	1	875						
917							1	917
929	1	929			•••••		······	***************************************
957		A			2	1,914		
1,013					1	1,013	Ì	
1,038	1	1,038			1	1,038		
1,144	1	1,144						
1,203			ļ		2	2,406		
					I			
Total	358	53,204	764	113,597	67	15,185	421	65,947
	1	RIDEA	U, OTTAV	VA AND C	HAMBLY (	CANAL.	1	
8	35	RIDEA	U, OTTAV	VA AND C	HAMBLY (	CANAL.	26	208
8 10	35	RIDE A	U, OTTAV	VA AND C	HAMBLY (	64 20	1	208
8 10 12	35 10 3	280 100 36	U, OTTAV	264 160 60	HAMBLY (	64 20 24	26	208
8 10 12 15	35 10 3 12	280 100 36 180	U, OTTAV	264 160 60 105	HAMBLY (	64 20 24 45	26 8	208
8 10 12 15 20	35 10 3 12	280 100 36 180 220	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27	264 160 60 105 540	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26	208
8 10 12 15 20 25	35 10 3 12 11	280 100 36 180 220 175	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3	264 160 60 105 540 75	HAMBLY (	64 20 24 45	26 8	208
8 10 12 15 20 25 30	35 10 3 12 11 7	280 100 36 180 220 175 180	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4	264 160 60 105 540 75 120	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26 8	208
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35	35 10 3 12 11 7 6	280 100 36 180 220 175 189	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26 8	208
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40	35 10 3 12 11 7 6	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 620	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26 8	208
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45	35 10 3 12 11 7 6	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26 8	208
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4	280 100 36 180 220 175 189 175 160 135	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26 8 4 2 3	208 80 80 60
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4	280 100 36 180 220 175 189 175 160 135 350 220	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 620 245 550 496	8 2 2 3	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 4 3 3	208 80 80 60
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 6245 550 496 780	8 2 2 3	CANAL.  64 20 24 45 20	26 8 2 2 3 2 21 15	208 80 80 120 110 1,260
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 495 780	HAMBLY (	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 	208 80 80 60 120 110 1,260 975 560
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240	U, OTTAV  33 16 55 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 6245 550 496 780	HAMBLY (	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 4 2 3 3 2 21 15 8 6	208 80 80 60 120 110 1,260 975 560 450
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 60 65 70	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 495 780 325 280 1,725 1,040	HAMBLY (	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 	208 80 
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 60 65 70 75 80	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 4 4 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 6245 550 496 780 326 280 1,725 1,040 1,530	8 2 2 3 1 2	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 2 2 3 2 21 15 8 6 9	208 80 
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 620 245 550 496 780 326 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 	208 80 80 60 120 11,260 975 560 450 720 1,360 3,240
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 495 780 325 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690 4,275	8 2 2 3 1 2	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 	208 80 
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 60 65 70 75 80 85 90	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41 45 34	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 6245 550 496 780 326 280 1,725 1,040 1,530	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 	208 80 
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41 45 34 35	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 620 245 550 496 780 325 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690 4,275 3,490 3,675	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 	208 80 60 120 110 1, 266 975 566 456 72' 1,366 3,240 6,933 9,700 6,403
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 4 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41 45 34 35 31	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 496 780 326 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690 4,275 3,490	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 8 2 2 21 15 8 6 9 16 36 73 97 61 54	208 80 80 60 120 11,260 975 560 450 726 1,360 6,933 9,700 6,405 5,940
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 66 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 3 7 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41 45 34 35 31	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 495 780 325 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690 4,275 3,490 3,675 3,410 1,265	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50 	26 8 8 	208 80 
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 4 4 4 3 2	280 100 36 180 220 175 180 175 160 135 350 220 240 195 140 170 360 190 200	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41 45 34 35 31 11 7	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 496 780 325 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690 4,275 3,400 1,265 840	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50	26 8 8 2 2 3 21 15 8 6 9 16 36 73 97 61 54 17	208 80 
8 10 12 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 65 70 85 80 85 90 95 100 105	35 10 3 12 11 7 6 5 4 4 3 2 2	RIDE A  280 100 36 180 270 175 180 175 180 175 350 220 240 195 140  80 170 360 190 200	U, OTTAV  33 16 5 7 27 27 3 4 8 17 7 11 9 13 5 4 23 13 18 41 45 34 35 31	264 160 60 105 540 75 120 280 680 245 550 495 780 325 280 1,725 1,040 1,530 3,690 4,275 3,490 3,675 3,410 1,265	######################################	64 20 24 45 20 50 	26 8 8 	208 80 

No. 44.—Statement of the Number and Tonnage of all kinds of Vessels passed through the Canals, &c.—Continued.

RIDEAU, OTTAWA AND CHAMBLY CANALS-Concluded.

		CANADIAN.			United States.						
St	team Vessel	s.	Sailing	Vessels.	Steam V	Vessels.	Sailing	Vessels.			
Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.	Number.	Total Tonnage.			
135	1		.6	810	1	140	1	135			
140 145 150	1	1	11 10 23	1,540 1,450 3,450		140	*************				
155 160	1	160	21 8 8	3,255 1,280			i	155			
165 170 175			8 4	1,320 680 175			ī	165 170			
180 183	1	180	i	183		******	1	180			
186 190	1		2	372			2	380			
195 200 <b>24</b> 5	2 1	400 245	2	400	***************************************		2	390			
317 332		317 382		······································		***************************************					
341 Total	1 146	7,104	550	48,159	23	728	487	44,178			

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 15th August 1884.

## APPENDIX A Continued CANALS.

No. 45.—Statement showing the Number and Classified Tonnage of all kinds of Vessels passed through the Canals during the Season of Navigation in 1883.

			CANA	DIA	n.						United	Sta	.TES.		
Class.	Steam Vessels.	No.	Tonnage.	Chass.	Sailing Vessels.	No.	Tonnage.	Class.	Steam Vessels.	No.	Tonnage.	Class.	Sailing Vessels.	No.	Tonnage
1 2 3 4 5	250 to 1,144 tons 200 to 249 tons 150 to 199 " 100 to 149 " 50 to 99 " Under 50 "	76 12 16 28 55 171	36,062 2,655 2,665 3,120 3,795 3,907	1 2 3 4 5 6	280 to 651 tons 200 to 249 " 150 to 199 " 100 to 149 " 50 to 99 " Under 50 "	131 41 120 211 169 92	44,706 9,105 19,895 24,235 13,496 2,160	3 4 5	250 to 1,203 tons. 200 to 249 tons 150 to 199 '' 100 to 149 '' 50 to 99 '' Under 50 ''	21 4 1 6 8 27	12,182 910 170 740 590 563	3 4 5	250 to 917 tons 200 to 249 '' 150 to 199 '' 100 to 149 '' 50 to 99 '' Under 50 ''	95 17 8 171 125 5	32,363 3,798 860 18,120 10,738
	Total	358	52, 204		Total	764	113,597		Total	67	15,155		Total	421	65,94
		<del></del>			KIDEAU	, ott	AWA ANI	. · ·	HAMBLY CANA	LS.			<del> </del>		·
1 2 3 4 5 6	250 to 344 tons 200 to 249 " 150 to 199 " 100 to 149 " 50 to 99 " Under 50 "	13 29	993 645 340 1,540 1,945 1,641	1 2 3 4 5 6	250 to 344 tons 200 to 249 " 150 to 199 " 100 to 149 " 50 to 99 " Under 50 "	2 68 171 182 127	400 10,715 19,825 14,690 2,529	<b>4</b> 5 <b>6</b>	100 to 140 tons 50 to 99 " Under 50 "	2 3 18	260 245 223	3 4 5 6	150 to 199 tons 100 to 149 '' 50 to 99 '' Under 50 ''	8 250 186 43	1,440 26,580 15,610 548
	Total	146	7,104		Total	550	48,159		Total	23	728		Total	487	44,178

No. 46.—The Canals of the Dominion of Canada, 1884. RATES OF TOLL.

	KA	res of	TOL	۵.				
The Rates of Tolls are divided into Five Classes, as under, and are per ton, unless other- wise specified.	Welland Canal, westward only.	Welland Canal, eastward only.	Lake Erie to Montreal.	St. Lawrence Canals, each way.	Chambly Canal and St. Ours Lock, each way	way.  Rideau Canal, each way.	Ottawa Canals and St. Ann's Lock, each way	Ottawa to St. John's, each way.
Class No. 1.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts. \$	cts. \$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Vessels, Steam per ton. do Sail and other do	0 01 0 02	0 01 <del>1</del> 0 02 <del>1</del>	0 02 <del>1</del> 0 03 <del>2</del>	0 00 <del>3</del> 0 01		01 0 013 01 0 02		0 01 <del>1</del> 0 02 <del>8</del>
Class No. 2.							l	
Passengers, 21 years of age and up- wards, each	0 10 0 <b>0</b> 5	0 10 0 0 <b>5</b>	0 20 0 10	0 10 0 05	0 05 0 02	0 08 0 04	0 02 <del>1</del> 0 01	
Class No. 3.								
Bricks, Cement and Water Lime  Clay, Lime and Sand Brimstone  Corn Flour Iron, Railway do Pig do All other Plaster, Gypsum Salt Salt Meats or Fish, in barrels or otherwise Agricultural Products, Vegetable, not enumerated Agricultural Products, Animal, not enumerated Stone, for cutting Wheat  Class No. 4.	} 15	0 20	0 20	0 15	0 10	0 07	0 08	0 19 <del>3</del>
All other Articles, not enumerated	0 15	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 10	0 26	0 14	0 29
Class No. 5.								
Bark	0 20 0 02 0 05 1 40 0 20 0 25 0 25	0 20 0 02 0 05 1 40 0 20 0 25 0 25	0 20 0 02 0 05 1 40 0 20 0 25 0 25	0 15 0 02 0 02 1 40 0 20 0 25 0 20	0 10 0 02 0 02 1 20 0 10 0 15 0 15	0 07 0 02 0 02 1 05 0 15 0 19 0 15	0 06 0 01 0 01 0 50 0 08 0 09 0 10	0 191 0 031 0 032 2 05 0 23 0 301 0 30
per ton of 40 cubic feet, in Vessels.  Masts and Spars, Telegraph Poles.	0 15	0 15	0 15	0 05	0 05	0 08	0 07	0 131
per ton of 40 cubic feet, in Rafts  Railway Ties, in Vessels, each  do Rafts do  Sawed Stuff, Boards, Plank, Scant-	0 20 0 01 0 02	0 20 0 01 0 02	0 20 0 01 0 02	0 10 0 00 <del>1</del> 0 01	0 10 0 00½ 0 01	0 15 0 00 <del>3</del> 0 02		0 22½ 0 01∯ 0 02½
feet, board measure, in Vessels  Sawed Stuff, Boards, Plank, Scant-	0 30	0 30	0 30	0 15	0 10	0 114	0 063	0 20
ling and Sawed Timber, per M. feet, board measure, in Rafts.	0 60	0 60	0 60	0 30	0 20	0 19	0 09	0 36 <u>3</u>
Square Timber, per M. cubic feet, in Vessels	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 00	1 00	0 56	0 44	1 69
Square Timber, per M. cubic feet, in Rafts	4 50	4 50	4 50	2 00	2 00	1 12	0 63	3 13

# No. 46—Continued. RATES OF TOLL—Continued.

The Rates of Tolls are divided into Five Classes, as under, and are per ton, unless other- wise specified.	Welland Canal, westward.	Welland Canal, eastward.	Lake Erie to Montreal.	St. Lawrence Canals, each way.	Chambly Canal and St. Ours Look, each way.	Burlington Bay Canal, each way.	Rideau Canal, each way.	Can An	Ottawa to St. John's each way.
Class No. 5—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts						
Waggon Stuff, Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured, per ton of 40 cubic feet	0 40 0 06 0 40 0 80 0 08 0 40 1 50 0 75 0 08 0 50 2 00	0 40 0 06 0 40 0 80 0 08 0 40 1 50 0 75 0 08 0 50 2 00	0 40 0 06 0 40 0 80 0 08 0 40 1 50 0 75 0 08 0 50 2 00	0 40 0 06 0 40 0 80 0 80 0 20 1 00 0 60 0 C4 0 50 2 00	0 25 0 04 0 20 0 40 0 05 0 15 1 00 0 25 0 03 0 40 1 50	Free, under O. C. of 1st April, 1873.	0 30 0 04½ 0 23 0 38 0 06 0 15 0 75 0 45 0 03 0 38 1 50	0 20 0 02½ 0 12 0 17 0 06 0 10 0 50 0 25 0 02 0 15 0 65	0 55 0 08 0 42 0 77 0 13 0 30 1 75 0 65 0 06 0 67 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 2 65
Gypsum, crude (per O. C., 28th Oct., 1882)	0 15	0 05 0 20 0 75 0 05 0 05	0 20 0 75 0 05 0 05	0 05 0 15 0 60 0 05	Westw 0 10 0 37½ 0 05		0 08 0 28 0 05	0 05 0 24 0 05	0 17½ 0 77½ 0 05

Note.—Coal to pass up all Canals, except the Welland Canall, free of Toll, as per Order in Council, June 7th, 1869.

Logs, Lumber or other produce shall pass free of Toll down the Chippawa Creek, between the Aqueduct and Port Robinson, as per O. C., 18th May, 1863.

Iron Ore, Kryolite or Chemical Ore, through one section, or all the Canals, per ton, 5 cents.

All goods having paid full Toll through the whole line of the St. Lawrence Canals, or through the Lachine Canal, St. Ann's Lock, or Ottawa and Rideau Canals, shall be allowed to pass free through the Welland Canal; and if Tolls have been raid at the Chambly Canal, such Tolls shall be refunded at Montreal or Kingston Mills; and having paid full Tolls through the Welland Caral, they shall be allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, or through the Ottawa and Rideau Canals, St. Ann's Lock, the Lachine Canal and the Chambly Canal; Provided always:—That the articles to be entitled to the above exemptions shall go downwards through the whole length of the Canal to Montreal, or pass upward from Montreal through the whole length of the St. Lawrence Canals, or the Ottawa and Rideau Canals, to Lake Ontario.

All articles, goods or merchandise not enumerated above, to be charged to Class No. 4.

No Let Passes to be issued to Steam Tugs or other small vessels for less than 25 cents, as a minimum charge; but such vessels, not carrying freight or passengers, can obtain, on payment of \$\xi\_0\$, a season "Let Pass," which will pass them up and down the Canal as often as desired.

Goods shipped to any port west of the St. Lawrence Canals, Tolls upon which have already been paid for passage through such Canals, may be re-shipped from such ports and be passed through the Welland Canal free of Tolls, in the same way as if they had been shipped through direct in the first instance; and goods going eastward, having paid Welland Canal Tolls, may be transhipped at any port on Lake Ontario, and thereafter pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, as if they had been shipped through direct in the first instance.

## No. 46—Continued. BATES OF TOLL—Concluded.

- O. C., 28th May, 1884.—On a Beport, dated the 26th May, 1884, from the Acting Minister of Railways and Canals, stating that strong representations have been made by the principal shippers and forwarders in Montreal and elsewhere, having for object the abolition of Tolls on the Canadian Canals, in order to meet a similar policy as respects the Eric Canal.
  - The Minister observes, that assurances have also been given to the effect that a considerable reduction would be made in the harbour dues of Montreal and in the shipping rates on the Lakes and River St. Lawrence, in order to afford inducements to attract cast-bound freight.
  - The Minister is of opinion that while it would not be expedient or proper for the Government simply to adopt a new policy of the total abolition of Canal Toils without the authority of Parliament, it is desirable to meet as far as possible the representations of the shippers and forwarders, and as they are of the opinion, although he (the Minister) does not fully share in it, that a large measure of relief would be afforded by the reduction, he (the Minister) recommends that the Canal Toils on Wheat, Indian Corn, Oats. Barley and Rye, shipped for Montreal or any other Canadian port east of Montreal, be reduced from twenty cents to ten cents per ton, such reduction to be continued for the present season of navigation only.

The Committee concur in the above recommendation, and they submit the same for your Excellency's approval.

O. C., 3rd June, 1894.—On a Memorandum, dated 3rd June, 1884, from the Acting Minister of Railways and Canala, representing, in connection with the Order in Council dated 28th May last, reducing by one-half the Canal Tolls payable on Wheat, &c., shipped from Montreal, that the existing Tolls on the St. Lawrence Canals are (15) fifteen cents a ton, and that, as under the aforesaid Order, Wheatmay now come down from Port Colborne to Montreal ata (10) ten cent Toll, an injurious discrimination would be made against shipments of grain from Canadian Lake Ontario ports; the Minister accordingly recommends that the existing Tolls, (15) fifteen cents a ton, upon grainsshipped for Montreal, or any Canadian port east of Montreal, passing through the St. Lawrence Ganals, be reduced by one-half during the present season of navigation only, such grain comprising Wheat, Indian Corn, Oats, Barley and Rye.

The Committee submit the foregoing recommendation for your Excellency's approval.

### No. 46—Continued. STANDARD FOR ESTIMATING WEIGHTS.

	Tons.
2,000 lbs. avoirdupois	1
Per M. is per thousand pieces. Green Fruit, 9 barrels are  Ashes, 3 do  Bark, 4 cords Beef, 7 barrels Biscuit and Crackers, 9 barrels Bricks, common, 1,000 Butter, 22 kegs or 7 barrels Cattle, 8 Coment and Water Lime, 7 barrels Fire Bricks, 1,000 Fish, 7 barrels Gypsum and Manganese, 6 barrels Gypsum and Manganese, 6 barrels Horses, 2 Lard and Tallow, 7 barrels or 22 kegs Liquors and Spirits, 215 gallons Liquors, all others, 215 gallons Nuts, 9 barrels Oysters, 6 barrels Pork, 7 barrels Sait, 7 barrels Sait, 7 barrels Sait, 7 barrels Sait, 7 barrels Shee, 20 Stone, 12 cubic feet do 1 cord Whiskey, 4 barrels or 215 gallons Sheep, 20 Stone, 12 rubic feet Sheep, 20 Farrel Hoops, 10 Mille Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet board measure Board and other sawed Lumber, 600 feet feet Triewood, 1 cord Hille  do do West India, 1 Mille Staves and Headings, Pipe, 1 Mille is do do Sait Barrel, 1 Mille Saw Logs, Standard, 1 Square Timber, 50 cubic feet Telegraph Poles, 10, or 40 cubic feet Masts and Spars, 40 cubic feet Masts and Spars, 40 cubic feet	
All other Woodenware, or partly manufactured Wood, 40 cubic feet, as per Tariff	1 1 1

NOTE.—By the Weights and Measures Act of 1873, the following articles are to be estimated by the cental of 100 lbs., viz.:—Barley, Beans, Charcoal, Corn, Oats, Peas, Potatoes, Rye, Salt, Seeds and Wheat.

# No. 46—Continued. NOTICE.

NOTICE.	
	Cents.
St. Peter's Canal.  On each and every vessel passing through the said Canal, two cents per ton on the vessel, and one cent per ton on the freight, each way.  Bobcaygeon, Peterboro' and Hastings Locks.  Bobcaygeon Lock.  For every lockage of saw log or other cribs	50 1 25 1 5
The following Way Rates to be levied on Vessels and Property passing the several Sub-Divisions of the Canals.	
1. From Port Maitland, Dunnville and Port Colborne to Port Robinson or Allanburg, not passing the Lock, each way	- Andready one exemple to the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the tentes of the
CHAMBLY CANAL.  Vessels and Property passing from Sorel to Chambly to pay  do do Chambly to St. John's to pay	- Income

# No. 46,—Concluded.

The following Way Rates to be levied on Vessels ond Preperty passing the several Sub-Divisions of the Canals.

#### OTTAWA CANALS.

The Navigation to be divided into three sections, viz.: Grenville, Carillon and St. Ann's. Tolls to be levied on all vessels and property in proportion to the number of sections passed through.

#### RIDEAU CANAL.

The Navigation of this Canal is divided into three sections: "Ottawa," "Smith's Falls," and "Kingston Mills." Vessels and Freight passing one section to be charged one-third; two sections, two-thirds.

#### GENERAL.

- Any fraction of a ton freight to be charged one ton, and portions of sections to be charged as a whole section on all the above Canals.
- The passing of Saw-Logs or other Lumber through any of the Canals or sections thereof, is to be at all times governed by the Regulations for their management.

#### HARBOR DUES.

Vessels receiving or discharging Freight at the premises of the Welland Railway, at Ports Colborne or Dalhousie, are to be free from Harbor Dues; but all other Vessels discharging or receiving cargo at Port Dalhousie, Port Colborne or Port Maitland, shall pay on every ton of Freight so received or discharged—Two cents.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-SLIDES AND BOOMS.

No. 47.—Statement showing the Revenue accrued on the undermentioned works for Slides and Booms, during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

NAME OF RIVER.	Amount of S Dues accrued Saw	Total.	
NAME OF ISIVES.	On River to Junction with the Ottawa.	Further through Ottawa Works.	1001.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Madawaska	24,438 72	3,048 96	
Petewawa	17,057 61	3,181 60	
Coulonge	5,183 02	1,701 85	
Black River	4,820 66	3,172 75	
Gatineau	9,339 54		
Dumoine	82 28		
Main Ottawa and tributaries without Govern- ment improvements		22,780 00	
	60,921 83	33,885 16	94,806 99

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August, 1884.

#### APPENDIX A-Continued-SLIDES AND BOOMS.

No. 48.—STATEMENT of the Number of Pieces of Timber and Saw Logs that passed through the Government Slides on the River Ottawa and its tributaries during the undermentioned Years.

<b>Ував.</b>			Square and Flatted Timber.	Saw Logs.	Revenue Accrued.		
Pieces. Pieces. 399,841 599,404 July 1873, to June 1874							
	No. of Pieces.		No. of Pieces.				
White Pine	1,213 457 41	Basswood Butternu Birch Hemlock Oak Whitewood R. P. Sp	36 18 1 8 3				
Carried forward	201,197		Total Pieces	3,	217,54		

113 cribs shingle wood.

3 do sawn lumber.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

<sup>• 8</sup> Railway ties are charged as equal to 1 piece of flat timber.

### APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. 49.—Statement of Lumber. &c., Measured, Culled and Counted, at the Port of Quebec, during the Year ended 30th June 1884.

Di.		DESCRIPTION OF TIMBER.	Measured, Culled	Tons		RATE.		Office	Cullers'	Total Amount
11	eces.	DESCRIPTION OF TIMBER.	or Counted.	Standard.	Office Fees.	Cullers' Fees.	Total.	Fees.	Fees.	Accrued.
	66,250 8,355 2 105 14 47 18 90 3 3,541 750 343 177 33	Waney White Pine	Stringed	Tons. Pts. 91,525 10 7,095 34 1 24 136 08 12 38 36 14 16 13 77 07 119 38 1 35 2,433 00 344 26 495 33 100 38 35 16 5 00 5 24	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	8	Oak Elm Birch	Culled do	102,438 59 5 02 20 08 513 17	3 <del>10</del>	4	7,5	3,585 54	4,097 76	7,683 30
1	150,495 17	White PineBasswood	Measured	538 27 190,045 26 18 06 3 22			12 <del>2</del>	44 17	21 55	65 72
	•			190,066 54	1	4	5	1,900 67	7,602 69	9,503 36

ssional
Papers
(No.
4.)

1885

	28,781 9,744 1,241 1,482 9,918 5 8 26 237	Red Pine. Oak	Measured  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do	12,046 07 45,004 05 11,267 05 772 35 952 08 3,857 08 3 18 4 38 12 07 291 20 1 34 3 01	<b>2</b> ,5	4	6,6	1,929 63	2,968 66	4,898 29
	3	Hemlock	Mea≈ured	2 17		3,5	3,5		0 09	0 09
%45 :	2,844,669 716,313 56,465 38,640 48,221 39,055 1,001,280 36,047 15,000 5,537 284 140 31 549,104 839,399	Pine Deals Spruce Deals Pine Deals Spruce Deals Pine Planks Spruce Planks Spruce Planks Pine Planks Spruce Planks Spruce Planks Ode Pine Boards Oak Plank Sleepers Lathwood Red Pine Spars Standard Staves West India Staves Barrel Staves	Counteddo Culleddo Counteddo do do do Culleddo Counteddo Counteddo Counteddo	747,860 48	10 10 15 15 5 5 5 5 10 13 10 100 50 33 10	35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 28,1 28,1 250 250 112 80	60 60 1175 50 50 5 5 5 5 40 40 40 40 461 350 162 1134	7 50 2 76 0 69 1,245 77 1,499 24 373 98 84 70 57 96 2 76 0 69 14 00 4 29 411 74 223 84 21 97	2,862 30 6,228 85 2,008 97 501 14 197 63 135 24 24 11 19 53 360 49 18 03 52 50 19 38 4 83 7 30 39 76 10 69 1,646 97 909 35 84 51	3,434 76 7,474 62 3,508 21 875 12 282 33 193 20 24 11 19 53 360 49 18 03 60 00 22 14 5 52 7 30 53 76 14 98 2,058 71 1,133 19 106 48
	·	Deduct for factions				•••••	********	11,980 91 0 49 11,980 42	29,822 33	41,803 24 0 49 41,802 75
		Add to Office and deduct from Cullers						11,982 26	29,820 49	41,802 75

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

### APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. 50.—Statement of Lumber Measured, Culled and Counted at the Ports of Montreal, Lachine and Sorel, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Pieces.	Description of Timber.	Measured, Culled or Counted.	Tons Standard.	Rate.	Office Fees.	Cullers' Fees.	Total Amount Accrued.
4,921 2,521 80 45 147	Square Pinc	Measured do do do	Tons. Pts. 5,143 33 1,730 26 59 37 39 08 49 13 7,022 37	Cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
3,592 3,271 925	Square Hemlock	Measured do do	4,140 17 3,108 15 767 20 8,016 12	3,5			280 56
583 37 8 7	Waney Pine  do Hemlock	Stringed	474 06 20 33 4 36 4 16 504 10	7 <sub>1</sub> 5 <sub>0</sub>		-	37 82
1;497 129 18 8 7 4	Waney Pine	do	1,714 04 123 19 15 07 7 10 5 23 4 01 1 38				

48,251 658,204 596 822 361 138 124 51 16 50 4	do Tamarac	***************************************	1 06 1,872 28 M 40·2·0·11 402 05 444 18 279 23 148 37 118 03 44 03 12 04 20 38 3 10 1,473 21	6½ 162 5	pr. 100 pcs.	 116 11 65 13 329 10
10,044 2,896 1,881 1,783 577 192 33 61 61 3 4 4 2 1 1,363 1,260 29 134	Cedars	Measured	7,235 35 2,314 05 1,977 01 1,436 22 476 20 161 32 27 22 54 06 2 10 2 27 1 23 0 31 215 11 2,529 01 23 34 81 38	80		 529 17 1,906 27

Inland Revenue Department,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

AWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner. A. 1885

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

APPENDIX B.

DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE.

### APPENDIX B.

No. 1.—Details of Excise Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amount Paid.	Total for each Division.
	Algoma.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Ironside, G. A	Salary as Collector for the year	13 04	636 96 93 05	730 01
	Belleville.			
McAllister, A	Salary as Collector for the year do Exciseman do do do lst July to 31st	24 00 24 00	1,176 00 1,176 00	
Pole, Chas. W	do do for the year	6 00 12 00	294 00 588 <b>2</b> 0	
Howie, A	do do 1st Jan. to 30th	6 30	308 70	
Dumbrille, R. W	do do 1st Jan. to 29th February do do 1st March to 30th	2 00	98 00	
McCoy, Wm	do do 1st March to 30th June	2 08	164 56	
	SalariesContingencies	76 38	3,805 46 757 43	
	Brantford.			4,562 89
Spence, John	Salary as Collector for the year	28 04 24 00	1,371 96 1,176 00	
Hart, P. D. Henwood, Geo	do do do	14 64 12 00	720 36	
Lynes, K	do do do	12 00	588 00 588 00	
Webster, T		10 56	564 42 564 42	
	Salaries	111 80	5,573 16 824 30	
	Cobourg.		<u> </u>	6,397 46
Graveley, Wm	Salary as Collector for the year	24 00 13 96	1,176 00 686 04	
	Salaries		1,862 04 170 99	2,033 03
	Cornwall.	1		_,,,,,,
Mulhern, M. M	Salary as Collector for the year	13 04	636 96 6 34	019.20
	Guelph.			643 30
McLean, DGreey, S		1	1,421 04	
Earle, R. H	do do do	10 00 24 00 24 00 24 00	490 00 1,176 00 1,176 00 1,176 00	
	1 20 40	41 00	1 -,7	

APPENDIX B-No. 1.—Details of Excise Expenditure, 1883-84—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.
	$\mathit{Guelph}$ —Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Powell, J. B. Kennedy, J. D. Browne, G. W. Broadfoot, S. Barrett, T. J. Nicholls, J. T. Bruce, G. A. Robson, Jas. Hicks. W. H. Bish, Philip. Erb, A. A. Hobbs, G. N. Brougham, M. E. Banting, C	Salary as Pep'y Collector, for the year.  do Exciseman do	21 45 16 72 14 64 11 64 2 44 10 89 12 60 12 45 2 00 9 00 11 46 7 00 8 47	1,053 48 818 28 720 36 720 36 120 05 536 58 617 40 610 05 222 98 565 98 608 52 313 00 417 34 99 96  12,893 39 1,512 96	
Ross, S. F  Dingman, N. J  Blair, J. B  Conway, B. J  Gosnell, T. S  Crawford, W. P	Hamilton.  Salary as Collector for the year do Dep'y Collector do do Exciseman do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do	30 00 24 00 24 00 24 00 24 00 16 80 16 7 1 14 64	1,470 09 1,176 00 1,176 00 1,176 00 1,176 00 823 20 818 28 720 36	11,406 35
McHugh, F. J. J	do do from 1st Dec. to 30th June	14 00 12 60 12 46 12 20	686 00 617 40 610 54 600 30	
Amor, Wm	do do lst to 31st July do do lst July to 31st August	2 00	480 24 565 98 565 98 98 00 98 00 12,858 28	
Rowland, F	Salaries	28 96	1,576 54	14,434 82
Gill, Wm	do Dep'y Collector, 1st Aug. to 30th June	22 07 12 60 12 60 9 00	1,078 00 617 40 617 40 565 93 490 00	

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amount Paid.	Total for each Division.
	Kingston-Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Howie, A	Salary as Exciseman, 1st July to 31st December	6 30	309 70	
Miller, J. E	do Exciseman, 1st Jan. to 30th	3 12	246 84	
Fahey, E O'Donnell, J	do Exciseman for the yeardo Messenger do	4 59 3 72	225 41 296 28	
	Salaries Contingencies	112 89	5,867 05 816 49	6,683 54
	$oldsymbol{London}.$			
Alexander, T Davis, T. G	Salary as Collector for the year do Deputy Collector, 1st August	28 04	1,371 96	
Power, T. A	to 30th June	2 00 22 33	98 00 1,094 33	
Gill, Wm Smith, H. A	do do 1st to 31st July do Accountant do	19 96 19 96	980 04 980 04	
Coles, F. H	do Asst. Accountant do	17 16	841 59	
McSween, James Moore, Wm	do Exciseman for the year do do do	16 80 16 72	833 20 818 28	i l
Elwood, G V	do do do	16 72	818 28	(
Taylor, J. F	do do do	14 64 14 64	720 36 720 36	
Adams, J. S	do do do	1 25 22	617 40	1
Lee, E.	do do do	12 00	588 00	
Stewart, James	do do do	10 56	564 42	
Christie, W. J	do do 1st July to 30th Oct.	5 86	287 47	) }
Fraser, John Heney, J. J.	do do lst July to 31st Dec do do lst Nov. to 31st Jan.		294 00 244 00	1
Ryott, E. C	do do 1st July to 20th Oct.		151 87	
Lett, F. P. A	do do 1st Feb. to 30th June	3 00	147 00	
	Salaries Contingencies		12,715 59 2,034 94	14,750 53
	Ottawa.			13,,00
Battle, M	Salary as Collector for the year		1,371 96	
Bédard, W. G	do Deputy Collector for the year do Exciseman do		1,077 96	
Lett, F. P. A	do do 1st July to 31st Jan	4 00	320 98	
Heney, J. J	do do lst Feb. to 30th June	5 00	245 00	
	Salaries	72 67	3,684 78	
	Contragencies	1	354 35	4,039 13
	Owen Sound.			
Graham, W JLang, Victor	Salary as Collector for the year do Exciseman do	19 96 12 60	980 04 617 40	
	Salaries	32 56	1,597 44 322 96	
				1,920 40

APPENDIX B--No. 1.—Details of Excise Expenditure, 1883-84—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.
Kellock. D Mason, F	Perth.  Salary as Collector for the year  do Exciseman do  Salaries  Contingencies	24 00 24 00 48 00	\$ cts.  1,176 00 1,176 00  2,352 00 309 24	\$ cts.
Hall, J. J Knowlson, J. B	Peterborough.  Salary as Collector for the year  do Exciseman do		699 <b>96</b> 588 00	2,661 24
Know ison, J. B	Salaries		1,287 96 186 03	1,473 99
Longley, G. C  Dickson, C. T  Keilty, Thos  Ferguson, John  Marshall, F  Johnston, G. E	Salary as Collector for the year	28 96 24 00 16 04 12 60 12 60 9 00	1,421 04 1,176 00 783 96 617 40 617 40 565 98	
Spereman, J	do do from 1st July to 31st  Dec., and from 1st  Mar. to 30th June.  do do 1st Dec. to 30th June  do do 1st Jan. to 30th June  do do 14th April to 30th  June	9 00 14 00 4 00 1 33	565 98 686 00 196 00	
Miller, J. E Gerald, W	do do 12th to 31st Dec do Preventive Officer for the year Salaries Contingencies	0 33 4 04 135 90	26 55 195 96 6,957 86 654 51	7,612 <b>3</b> 7
Caven, A	Stratford.  Salary as Collector for the year  do Exciseman do	28 04 16 80	1,371 96 823 20	
Craig, Jos	do	15 00 10 56 9 68	735 00 564 42 476 96	
Nichols, J. T Hobbs, G. N	June	7 00	343 00 178 86 147 00	
	Salaries	93 71	4,640 40 1,120 10	5,760 50

To whom Paid.	Serv	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.	
Seymour, Jas	do Excisemar	for the year	\$ cts.  28 04 22 04 16 80 14 64 7 00 6 05	\$ cts.  1,371 96 1,077 96 823 20 720 36 343 00 298 10	\$ cts.
Stratton, W. C	Contingenc Toron		94 57	4,634 58 525 99	5,160 57
Bennett, Jas	do Deputy Co do Excisema do Accounta do Excisema do Assist. Co	ollector for the year n do nt do n do ollector do countant do	25 96 24 00 24 00 24 00 20 97 19 96 18 00	1,274 04 1,176 00 1,176 00 1,176 00 1,176 00 1,028 97 980 04 882 00	
Dudley, W. H. Barber, J. S. Murray, A. E. Weyms, C. Mulligan, J. Wilson, R. Cosgrove, J. J.	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	do do do do	16 80 14 64 14 64 14 64 12 60 12 60 12 45	823 20 720 36 720 36 720 36 617 40 610 05	
Evans, G. T. Hamilton, C. M. Dodds, E. W. Carver, G. W. Helliwell, H. N. Dick, J. W. O'Leary, T. J.	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	do do do do do	12 00 12 00 12 00 9 00 9 00 10 56	588 00 588 00 588 00 565 98 565 98 564 42	
Macdonald, J. A. Henderson, W. Lindsay, W. Neelands, H. Coyle, Jas.	do do do do do do do do do	do do lst Sept. to 30th June lst Oct. to 30th		564 42 564 42 564 42 499 92 482 66	
Toupin, F. X. J. A		June	5 25	441 00 355 46	
Caven, W	1	June	5 00	310 74 245 00	
Striker, E. H	do Messenge	October	4 00	240 12 196 00 47 79	
	Salaries	cies		22,307 47 1,730 28	24,037 75

To whom Paid.	Service.			Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.	
	<b>!</b>	Win	lsor.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Gow, James	Solony	es Collector	for the		25.04	1 010 00	
Ramon, Pierre	do	Dep'y Col	lector do	еа.г	37 04 25 96	1,812 96 1,274 04	
I Miller, W. J.	do	Exciseman	~0		24 00	1,176 00	
Dunlon C	do do	do Dep'y Col	do lector do	••••••	24 00	1,176 00	
Donaghy, W Dunlop, C Crowe, W	do	Exciseman	do do		i	1,053 48 823 20	
I atcs, J. M	do	do	do		14 64	720 36	1
Beasley, R	do do	do d <b>o</b>	go	•••••	14 64	720 36	
Falconer, J.	do	do	<b>do</b> d <b>o</b>		14 64 12 60	720 <b>36</b> <b>617 4</b> 0	
II Till, T. M	do	ďο	do			499 92	
Standish, J. G	do	ქი ძ <b>ი</b>	do		10 56	564 42	
Brown, J. J	do	ao		to 30th	9 80	480 20	<b>,</b>
Dixon, R. B	do	do	1st July	to 31st	3 60	400 20	1
			July.	••• ••••	1 40	68 60	
	İ	Salaries	••••		227 53	11,707 30	
		Contingenci	ев	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		684 15	ĺ
							12,391 45
		Beauha	rnois.				
McEachern, A	Salary	as Collector in Contingenci	or the yea	r	5 64	444 36	
i i	i	Contingent	CB	••••	l	56 00	500 36
	İ	71					1 200 30
	i	Iberv					
Regnier, P	Salary	as Collector	for the y	ear	6 32	493 68	
Perkius, L. A	do	Dep'y Col	lector do	••••	4 96	395 04	
il		Salaries			11 28	898 72	
		Contingenci			11 20	<b>56</b> 45	
1	ļ	_					945 17
1		Jolie	ette.				
Leprohon, R. M	Salary	as Collector	for the yea	r	16 04	783 96	
Cornellier, H Lafontaine, A	do do	Exciseman do	do do		3 73	499 92 333 77	
	"						
		Salaries			19 77	1,617 65	
	1	Contingenci	es	****		900 02	2,517 67
	1						-,-2.
	<b>!</b>	Mont	real.				l i
Vincent, J. L	Salary	as Collector	for the y	ea.r	37 04	1,812 96	
Podd	do	Deb'a Con	ector do		25 96	1,274 04	
Lawlor, H	do do	Exciseman Accountan			24 00	1,176 00	
Macdonald, D	do	Exciseman			24 00 24 00	1,176 00 1,176 00	
I Cameron, D. M	do	do	do		24 00	1,176 00	
II 44 UQOD. A	do	, do	do	••••••	19 96	980 04	
St. Louis, A. Richard, R.	do do	Assist. Ac Exciseman		••••••	19 96	980 04	
Hastie, W	do	do	do do	••••••	19 04 18 00	930 <b>96</b> 882 00	
						504 00	l

<b>}</b>							
To whom Paid.	Service.			Deducted for Superanguation.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.	
		Montreal-Con	cluded.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Fox, T	Salary	as Exciseman for	the ve	аг	18 00	882 00	
Lecours, H. T	do	Asst. Account	ant do		18 00	882 00	
Barker, C	do	Exciseman	do	•••	16 72	818 28	
Villeneuve, J Bulmer, W	do do	do do	do	••••••	16 04	783 96	
Malo, T	do	do	do do	•••••	16 04 14 64	783 96 720 36	
Camyré, J. N	do	do	do		14 64	720 36	
Tansey, J. P. F	do	do	do	••••••	14 64	720 36	
Garon, D Beauchamp, J. P	do do	do	do			720 36	
St. Marie, L. C. A	do	do do	do do	•••••	14 64 14 56	720 36 715 44	!
St. Marie, L. C. A Manning, J	do	do	do		14 56	715 44	1
St. Marie, J. B. E	do	фo	фo	*******	13 96	686 04	
Millier, E Harwood, R. U	do	do	do	•••••	13 96	686 04	
Baby, J	do	do do	do do	•••••	12 00 12 00	588 00 588 00	
Dumouchel, L	do	do	do		12 00	588 90	
Scull on, J. W	do	do	do	•••••	12 00	588 00	
Panneton, G. E	do	do	do		12 00	588 0	
Pinsonnault, A	do do	do do	do do	•••••	2 00	699 96   514 60	
Watkins, J. A	do	do	do	********	12 00	588 00	
Caven, W	do	Exciseman, 1					
Iler, B	do	June Exciseman, 1			7 00	343 00	
Outram, Jos	do	September. Exciseman, 1:	2th Nov	. to 30th	6 00	<b>294</b> 0 <b>0</b>	
Quinn, J. D	do	June Exciseman, 1	st Jan.	to 30th	4 71	326 83	
Norris, G	đo	June Messenger, 1	st July	to 31st	3 12	246 84	
Cullen, P	do	August Messenger, 25	th Aug	. to 30th	1 04	82 28	
Durnford, Mrs. Widow	Salary	June due her late hu	sband,	P. Durn-	5 50	435 29	
		ford, forme: July to 30t				666 67	
		Salaries Contingencies				29,256 47 1,623 67	00 000 14
		Quebec,					30,880 14
LaRue, G	Salary	as Collector for	the ye	ar	28 96	1,421 04	
Camin, J. H	do	Dep'y Collect	or do	•••••	24 00	1,176 00	
Rouleau, J	do do	Exciseman do	do	••••••	15 66 14 56	769 20 715 41	
McNamara, M	do	do do	do do	•••••	14 56 14 56	715 44 715 44	İ
Courtney, J. J	do	do	do		12 60	6.7 40	
Neilan, G	do	March		to 31st	9 00	441 00	
Bélanger, C	do	Exciseman, 1 November	st July	to 30th	<b>5 0</b> 0	245 00	
LeMoine, Jules	do	Exciseman fo	r the ye		9 00	565 98	
Bourget, O	do	do	do	•••••	9 00	565 98	į
Lépine, L	do do	do do ls	do t Oct	to 30th	9 00	565 98	1
,	"	June			18 00	882 00	
l <u></u>	1						

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.
	$\it Quebec-$ Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Langlois, F. X., dit Tra- versy	Salary as Exciseman for the year	9 00	565 98	
	Salaries Contingencies	178 34	9,246 44 904 84	
	Sherbrooke.			10,151 28
Griffith, John	Salary as Collector for the year do Exciseman, 1st Jan. to 30th	1 <b>9</b> 96	980 04	
	July	3 12 23 08	1,226 88	
	Contingencies		356 48	1,583 36
	Sorel.			1,005 30
Roy, A Duguay, J	Salary as Collector for the year do Exciseman do	6 32	493 68 499 92	
	Salaries	6 32	993 60 100 89	
	St. Hyacinthe.			1,094 49
Boivin, C. A	Salary as Collector for the year Contingencies	13 96	686 04 299 34	
	Terrebonne.			985 38
Desroches, D	Salary as Collector for the year Contingencies	6 88	543 12 52 01	
	Three Rivers.			595 13
Hébert, C. D Duplessis, C. Z	Salary as Collector for the yeardo Exciseman do	15 00 12 00	735 00 588 00	
	Salaries	27 00	1,323 00 266 66	1 500 00
	• Magdulen Islands			1,589 66
Painchaud, J. B. F	Salary as Preventive Officer for the year.	6 00	294 00	294 00
	Chatham.			
Lawlor, R. A	Salary as Collector for the year	19 96	980 04 334 31	1 214 05
	St John.			1,314 35
Travis, G.	Salary as Collector for the year do Book-keeper do do Exciseman do	28 96 19 96 18 00	1,421 04 980 04 882 00	
Ganong, J. E.	do do do	16 04	783 96	

APPENDIX B-No. 1.—Details of Excise Expenditure, 1883-84—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.
	St. John-Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Atherton, R	Salary as Deputy Collector for the year do Exciseman do do do do do Deputy Collector do do do do	14 64 14 56 12 00 7 96 3 72	720 36 715 44 588 00 392 04 296 28	
	Salaries		6,779 16 344 64	7,123 80
	Cape Breton.			
McDonald, M. A	Salary as Collector for the year Contingencies		686 04 133 56	819 60
	Halifax.			
Grant, H. H.  Dustan, W. M.  Hagerty, P.  Carroll, D.  James, T. C.  Wainwright, T. G.  Tompkins, P.  Munro, H. D.	Salary as Collector for the year	14 64 14 64 14 56 14 56 13 20	1,421 04 1,176 00 720 36 720 36 715 44 715 44 646 80 588 00	
	Salaries Contingencies	136 56	6,7)3 44 763 26	7,466 70
	Pictou.			,,
Jack, Wm	Salary as Collector for the year do Exciseman do	12 13 6 32	863 13 493 68	
	Salaries Contingencies		1,356 81 87 84	1,441 65
Bingay, T. V. B	Yarmouth. Salary as Collector for the year	6 88	543 12	
	Contingencies	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	157 87	700 99
Nash, S. C Moore, T Campbell, J	Salary as Collector for the year	19 96 14 64	980 04 720 36 249 96	
	Salaries	34 60	1,950 36 421 93	2,372 29

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Superannuation	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.
	<b>M</b> an <b>i</b> toba.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Dixon, R B	Salary as Co'lector for the year	31 96 17 26	1,568 04	
Bouteiller, G. A  Baby, W. A. D  Girdlestone, R. J. M  Christie, W	do Exciseman for the yeardo do do do do do do do do do do do do d	24 00 14 64 12 60	1,176 00 720 36 617 40	
Laporte, G	June	13 28 9 00	653 36 591 00 600 00	
Neelands, H	Octoberdo do lst July to 31st		200 00	
Davis, T. G	Augustdo do lst July to 31st		83 32	
	July  Salaries  Contingencies	125 07	7,439 87 3,936 91	11 070 01
	Alberta, N. W. T.			11,376 81
Huggard, R. T	Salary as Preventive Officer, from 22nd April to 30th June, 1884	1 15	56 35	56 35
	Calgary, N.W.T.			
Bannerman, Wm	Salary as Preventive Officer, from 28th June, 1883, to 30th June, 1884	2 50	199 17	199 17
	British Columbia.			
Good, H. B Lindsay, D	Salary as Collector for the year do Deputy Collector for the yea	31 96 25 96	1,568 04 1,274 04	
	Salaries Contingencies		2,842 08 797 18	3,639 26
	DISTRICT INSPECTORS.			
	Ontario.			
Morrow, John	Salary for the year	48 00	2,352 00 695 68	
Davis, John	Salary for the year	49 96	2,450 04 255 25	3,047 68
Hamilton, W. L		40 04	1,959 96 1,066 26	3,026 22
		<u> </u>		0,020 22

To whom Paid.	Service.		Amount Paid.	Total for each Division.
	District Inspectors—Concluded.	\$ cts.	<b>\$</b> cts.	\$ cts.
	Quebec.		'	
Bellemare, R do (Arrears).	Salary for the yeardo 1st July to 30th November, 1868.	48 00	2,352 00 666 67	
	SalariesContingencies		3,018 67 458 97	
LeMoine, J. M	Salary for the year		2,199 96 224 92	3,477 64 2,424 88
	Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island			·
Borradaile, R	Salary for the year Contingencies		2,156 04 1,118 75	3,274 79
	New Brunswick.			,
Hanford, Thomas	Salary for the year Contingencies	36 00	1,764 00 630 18	2,394 18
	Manitoba.			2,002 10
Gouin, W. F	Salary for the year		2,156 04 719 80	2,875 84
	British Columbia.			,,,,,,
Dupont, C. T	Salary for the year		2,156 04 239 27	2,395 31
	INSPECTOR OF TOBACCO FACTORIES.	i		3,000 02
Gerald, W. J	Salary for the year Contingencies	40 04	1,959 96 1,207 98	3,167 91
	CHIEF INSPECTOR.			ĺ
Godson, H	Salary for the year		2,744 04 385 72	3,129 76
	General Contingencies.			
do	25 Bate's saccharometers	606 37 306 23		
	Freight and charges on goods from Eng elsewhere	95 73		
V	1st July, 1883, to 30th June, 1884, fo	or official		

APPEN DIX B-No. 1.—Details of Excise Expenditure, 1883-84—Continued.

A. 1885

To whom Paid.	Service. Amount Paid.		Total.
	Grand Grade		
	General Contingencies—Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Pritchard & Mingard	Rubber dating stamps, autograph franking	461 55	
Desberats & Co., G. E	Printing tobacco stamp labels and bonded re-		
Frechette, E	moval permits	552 71	
British American Bank	ing to cultivators of tobacco	1 50	
Note Co	Printing tobacco stamp labels, check-books, &c	19,924 93	
Dring & Fage	Stills, measuring tapes, beakers and pipettes	283 li 269 l9	
Blyth & Kerr	Repairs to copper still	1 50	
	Expenses in connection with visit to the West in	89 00	
Mortimer, A	Lithographing and printing removal permits, license forms, Inland Revenue maps, check-		
	books, labels, &c	894 50	
Caven, Wm.	Travelling and other expenses from Charlotte- town, P. E I., to Toronto, and board in		
Kenyon, Fingley &	Toronto	387 50	
Stewart	37 warehouse date stamps Translating and proof-reading Excise examina-	74 00	
Canada Atlantic Rail-	tion papers	<b>24</b> 00	
road Co	Freight on padlocks from England.	15 16	
Burrows, Stewart &	Repairing broken scales and one set of weights	!	
	and poise for tobacco scales	6 50	
Potter Chas	40 steel tobacco cancelling stamps 6 pyrometer thermometers and 1 cup	50 00 153 50	
Atherton, R	Travelling and other expenses to Montreal, and board in Montreal.		
D. K. Miller Lock Co	25 doz. master-keyed padlocks and 50 extra keys	81 00 347 10	
Butterworth & Co	Repairing still	4 89	
Edwards, J. B	Analysing samples of acetic acid	10 00	
Davis, John	Travelling and incidental expenses as Inspector of Distilleries	1,310 55	
	Total	26 104 42	
,	Description of Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and Court and C		
	DEDUCT—Received from sale of hydrometers, thermometers, petroleometers, Excise locks, &c.	859 54	
	Total General Contingencies		25,244 88

To Whom Paid.		Amounts Paid.	Total.	
	L	aw Costs.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
do  do Murphy, N	Drafting and engros the Crown for pi Law costs in re Regi do Regi Professional services Evans for illicit Personal and officer Hawkins Law costs in re Regi Procuring writ of ass of W. J. Gerald, tories Legal services in re I do do do do To pay disbursement vs. Keys & Wilso To pay disbursement vs. John Carter. To pay disbursement vs. H. Rayner	in re Regina vs. Gaston zuay sing bond from Sullivan to ayment of penalty	12 50 5 00 124 27 35 53 83 50 13 50 11 50 20 00 51 60 9 50 318 81 619 41 246 00 38 00 31 00 44 79 5 00	1,669 91
Phillips, E. D	Napanee, Ont.	Commissions to Customs Officers.  From 1st April 1883, to 7th	190 00	
Wilson, Jos	Sault Ste. Marie do   F	Feb. 1884	127 57	
Carman, H	Morrisburg do Collingwood do Picton do Wiarton do Kincardine do	June 1884	200 00 150 00 129 65 200 00 13 03 94 94 4 46	

To whom Paid.	Place of Residence and Division.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total.
		Commissions to Custom Officers—Continued.	<b>\$</b> cts.	<b>\$</b> cts.
Robitaille, J	New Carlisle do Paspébiac do New Carlisle do St. Andrews, N.B. do do Campobello do Moncton do Sussex do St. Stephen do Sackville do Dorchester do Lunenburg, N.S. Windsor do Annapolis, N.S Ft. McLeod. N.W.T	40 40	250 00 99 30 150 00 64 46 146 00 82 35 5 00 13 99 34 13 75 00 13 67 35 03 75 00	
Dupuis, J. E  Cloutier, Z  Martineau, S  Desrocher, U. B  Primeau, H. C  Kittson, Miss Zoé  Leblanc, R.	St. Jacques	l do do	85 47 71 55 15 42 3 00 17 30 1 00 19 48	2,368 65 213 22

APPENDIX B-No. 1.—Details of Excise Expenditure, 1883-84—Concluded.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total for each Division.
Woodward, G. W Reddan, W Gerald, C	do   do	200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00	
	Total Duty-Pay		1,600 00
	Add—Printing	11,052 22	280,366 13
	Authorized Disbursements (less Superannuation)		297,073 15
Add—Balances due to C do by	ollectors, &c., 1st July, 1883do 30th June, 1884	50 08 501 48	551 5 <del>6</del>
Less—Balances due by ( do to	Collectors, &c., 1st July, 1883	873 34 49 08	297,624 71 922 42
Actual Disbursements a	greeing with Statement 4, page 9		296,702 29

Inland Revenue Department, OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

### APPENDIX B.

No. 2—DETAILS of Canal Expenditure, for Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Canals.	Names of Employés.	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
Welland Canal.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
do do	McFarland, D. E., Collector for the year Leggett, J. E., Clerk for the year Scholfield, J. S. do do Haun, J. R. do lst Nov. to	28 04 16 04 10 04	1,371 96 783 96 489 96 263 32		
do	Wilson, G., Clerk, 1st July to 30th September	0 93	74 01		
	Salaries Contingencies	58 36	2,983 27 427 43	3,410 70	
Port Dalhousie	Clark, W. B., Collector for the year. Pirritte, J., Acting do do	19 96 13 96	980 04 686 04	3,410 10	
	Salaries Contingencies	33 93	1,666 08 157 26	1,823 34	
Dunnville	Tipton, T. L. M., Collector for the year	15 00	735 00 33 05		
Port Maitland	Galbraith, T. J., Collector for the year Contingencies.	10 01	489 96 85 00	768 05	
Port Robinson	Coulter, R., Collector for the year Contingencies	14 40	705 40 10 27	574 96	
St. Catharines	Collier, H. H., Collector for the year Contingencies	4 04	195 96 5 92	715 87	
Chippawa	Contingencies			201 88 113 65	
St. Lawrence Canals.	Total, Welland Canal		! !		7,608 45
Beauharnoisdo	Danis, A. D., Collector for the year Lefebvre, H., Clerk do	16 96	833 04 363 75		
	Salaries Contingencies		1,199 79 194 55	1,394 34	
Cornwalldo	Phelan, J. A., Collector for the year Mulhern, M. M., Clerk do	19 96 1 96	980 04 98 04		
	Salaries Contingencies	21 92	1,078 08 88 73	1,166 81	
Montrealdo	O'Neil, J., Collector for the year McNally, T., Clerk do Pominville, L. do do	18 00	1,764 00 1,176 00 882 00 783 96		
go	Bussière-, F. do do St. Louis, J. do do Corbeille, F. do do Arahill, J. do do	16 01 13 96 13 96 12 00	686 04 686 04 588 00		
	Forest, E. do (Temporary)	133 96	284 00 6,850 01		
	Contingencies		1,282 45	8,133 49	

## APPENDIX B--No. 2.—Details of Canal Expenditure, 1883-84—Continued.

<u> </u>	نــ . ا			
Canals. Names of Employés.	Deduction for Superannuation	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
St. Lawrence Ganals- Concluded.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Lachine Paré. L., Collector for the year do Deschamp?, J. B., Clerk for the year	19 96 ar 12 00	980 04 588 00		
Salaries Contingencies	31 96	1,568 04 497 76	2.005.00	
Cardinal McMillan, R. P., Collector for the year	15 00 4 96	735 00 395 04	2,065 80	
Salaries Contingencies		1,130 04 58 00	1,188 04	
Kingston Burrows, Wm., Collector for the ye do Fahey, E., Assist. do	12 00 10 04	588 00 489 96	1,100 01	
Salaries Contingencies		1,077 96 64 53	1,142 49	
Total, St. Lawrence Canals.				15,089 97
Chambly Canal.		1	l	
Chambly	19 96 6 32	980 04 493 68		
Salaries Contingencies	•-	1,473 72 24 99	1,498 71	
St. John's	16 04 4 96	783 96 395 04	1,400 11	
Salaries Contingencies		1,179 00 94 87	1,273 87	
St. Ours Lock Lebœuf, J., Collector for the year. Contingencies	12 00	588 00 20 70	<b>608</b> 70	
Total, Chambly Canal			<del></del> -	9 901 00
Rideau Canal.				3,381 28
	10.55	000		
do Battle, T., Clerk for the year	16 04	980 04 783 96		
Salaries Contingencies	36 00	1,764 00 405 44	0.100 44	
Kingston Mills Deane, J., Collector for the year	3 72	296 28 66 85	2,169 44	
Smith's Falls Richey, W. M., Collector for the year Contingencies	r 2 48	197 52 13 10	363 13	
Total, Rideau Canal			210 62	2,743 19

APPENDIX B-No. 2.—Details of Canal Expenditure, 1883-84—Concluded.

Canals.	Names of Employés	Deducted for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
Ottawa Canals.		\$cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Grenville	Pridham, A., Collector for the year. Contingencies	16 04	783 96 178 92	000 00	
Carillon	Murphy, D., Collector for the year Contingencies	6 32	493 68 228 72	962 88	
St. Ann's Lock do	Barrett, J., Collector for the year Crevier, W., Asst	15 00	885 0 <del>0</del> 489 00	722 40	
	Salaries Contingencies		1,374 00 11 01	1,385 01	
	Total, Ottawa Canals		•••••		3,070 29
Burlington Bay Canal	Campbell, T., Ferryman for the year Contingencies	3 72	296 28 330 00		626 28
Inspector of Canals.	Witton, H. B., for the year	31 96	1,568 04 333 44		1,901 48
	Total				34,420 94
To whom Paid.	Service.			Amount.	
	General Canal Conting	encies.		\$ cts.	
Pritchard & Mingard Macdonnell, J. A	Rubber dating stamps Professional services in connection Hydraulic Rents from R. Lowry	with c	ollection of	24 00 7 21	
					31 21
	Add—Printing Stationery.			500 49	34,452 15
					626 28
	Authorized Disbursements (less Sup- Add-Balances due by Collectors, Is	t July 188	55		35,078 43 0 01
	Actual Disbursements, agreeing wi	th Stater	nent 6, page		35,078 44
INLAND REV	ENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August 1884		E. MIAI	LL, ommissio	ner.

### APPENDIX B-Continued.

No. 3.—SLIDES AND BOOMS' SERVICE—Details of Expenditure for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1881.

	Offices.	Names.	Nature of Service.	Deducted for Super- annuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total
01	TAWA	Poupore, J Macnutt. C. T.	Salaries.  Collector for the year	\$ cts. 48 00 40 04	\$ ets. 2,352 00 1,959 96	\$ cts	\$ ets.
		Ritchie, Jas	Accountant   do     Draughtsman   do     Clerk   do   do   do   do   do     do     do   do	31 96 24 00 24 00 16 96 16 04	1,568 04 1,176 00 1,176 00 833 04 783 96		
		Slater, Jas	Boatman do	16 04 5 80 5 80 6 32	783 96 664 52 664 52 498 68		
			Total Salaries	234 96		12,455 68	
		Russell, A. J Post Office	Services as Extra Clerk	••••••	94 00 450 00 215 77 170 07		
		Thompson, T. W City Corporation Butterworth & Co	City taxes		82 29 30 00 55 25 49 00		1
		Sam, John	Charwoman Office boat Coal oil stove, tin boxes, &c		45 00 42 24 64 50		
		Easton, Hiram St. George, R	Blankets, curtains, &c		17 38 12 00 10 00 6 19 6 54		

"Grip" Printing Co Langlois, O. F "Cifizen" Co Woodburn, A. S Wkoodburn, A. S Skinner & Co Wortimer, A. Christin, J., & Co Wager, W Mercer, John Dalglish, Jas Poupore, John Macnutt, C. T.	"Quebec Gazette" do Ottawa "Citizen'			1,525 45	13,981 13
McKay, John	Clerk for the year  Total Salaries	43 96 5 00 18 60 24 00 91 56	2,156 04 245 00 911 40 1,176 00	4,488 44	
Telegraph Co. Miller, P. Foley, Mary. Miller & Son Foote, John J. Langlois, C. F. Cherrier & Co. Post Office Postage stamps Miller, H. J.	Contingencies.  Travelling expenses Telegraph service For guardian, calèche hire Charwoman Stationery, account books "Morning Chronicle" "Quebec Official Gazette'' "Quebec Directory'' Post-box For office use Cove inspection Petty expenses.  Total Contingencies		12 65 15 05 20 00 25 80 6 00 5 00 4 00 6 25 7 25 9 68	131 97	
	Total Quebec Office			•••••	4,620 41

APPENDIX B.—No. 3.—SLIDES AND BOOMS' SERVICE—Details of Expenditure for the Fiscal Year, ended 30th June, 1884—Concluded.

	Offices.	Names.	Nature of Service.	Deducted for Super- annuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
ST	. Maurice	Dubord, A	Salaries.  Collector of Slide Dues for the year	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ots.	\$ cts
		,	Contingencies.				
	i į	Lymburner, C Normand, Phil Lymburner, Nar Normand, J. B	Timber Counter	·····	116 35 96 25 192 50 400 00		
			Total Contingencies			805 10	1 000 00
			Total St. Maurice Office  Total  Add—Printing  Stationery				1,002 62
			Actual Disbursements (less Superannuation) agreeing with Statement 72, page 17				247 33 19,851 49

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 15th August, 1884. E. MIALL, Commissioner.

### APPENDIX B-Continued.

No. 4.—Details of Fees paid to Cullers, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

Office.	Departments.	Names of Cullers.	Amount.	Total.	Grand Total.
QUEBRC	Square Timber	Duggan, Edward Dorval, George French, W. J. Frederick, Antoine Gauvreau, Olivier Gilchen, Thomas Kelly, Michael Kelly, Edward Larose, Joseph Lockquell, A. H. Miller, George Miller, A. Mclnenly, Thomas McKendry, D. McPeak, William Noël, Elie O'Brien, M.	\$ cts.  700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 00 700 553 96 447 05 460 64 755 11	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Spars, &c	Munro, William	1,289 20 1,282 08 1,247 98 617 24 817 02 890 57	2,640 78 10 69	

APPENDIX B-No. 4.—DETAILS of Fees paid to Cullers, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.—Concluded.

Office.	Department.	Names of Cullers.	Amount.	Total.	Grand Total.
			\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
QUEBEC		Morency, Denis Lynch, John Power, Richard Laflamme, Joseph Myler, Jas Malone, Jeffery Cauchy, Chas Frenette, Jos Patry, Thos Murphy, Thomas Gilchrist, J	672 33 1,203 57 484 76 116 47 608 52 609 44 476 73 617 36 610 00 701 36 130 78	12,375 41	
Montreal, Lachine and Sorel	General Cullers	Barsalo, Edward	903 14 903 13		27,626 88
,		Cueson, François  Total Montreal, Lachine and Sorel			1,806 27
		Total Fees paid to Cullers			29,433 15

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

### APPENDIX B-Continued.

No. 5.—Details of Cullers' Expenditure, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Office.	Names.	Nature of Service.	Deducted for Super- annuation	Amount Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
Quebro	do Lane, John Walsh, T. J do  Gowen, Edward Lecompte, S Lambert, P Whelan, W. F de Martigny, C. P. L Belland, J. E Levasseur, Z Poliquin, F Grogan, S. E Belle-Rive, C Barney, Thomas	Deputy Supervisor, while acting as such during 10 months	\$ cts. 40 01 3 33 7 99 28 04 22 04 13 96 12 00 20 00 14 00 14 00 12 00 6 88 6 88 4 96 1 00 6 00 8 33 3 96	\$ cts. 1,959 96 163 33 392 00 1,371 96 166 60 1,077 96 686 04 588 00 980 00 686 00 588 00 588 00 588 00 588 00 588 00 588 00 588 00 49 00 49 00 49 40 49 40 49 40 49 43	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Quebec Corporation Lainé, Léon Corbin, Joseph	Contingencies.   Rent of office, 12 months   Contingencies		1,200 00 365 71 264 00 79 37 63 00		

Offices.	Names.	Nature of Service.	Deducted for Super- annuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
	McNaughton, John O'Neil, John Donahue, George, Grant, A Arnold, Thos Demers et Frère Foote, J. J. Carrol, James do Gingras et Cie Mercier et Cie Coté et Cie Power, Mary Foley, Mary Duggan & Rogers Bell Telephone Co Rancour, Noël Quebec Post Office Huot, Philippe. Thomas J. F	do do "Budget" do do "Nouvelliste" do do "Quotidien" do do "Journal" Charwoman		\$ cts.  60 11 19 08 68 00 25 00 19 44 14 00 70 35 46 50 56 57 5 40 38 00 40 18 6 00 50 00 19 50 40 00 15 00 12 00 5 50 4 55 106 96	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Miller, J., and others	of		66 00 : 0 00 202 42 3 10	3,058 69	

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Sessional Papers (No.

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Duggan, Wm	l do	***************************************	l	150 00	1 1	11
Dorval, Geo	do			150 00	1	1
French, W. J	do	****** ***** ******* ****** ****** *****		150 00	i i	11
Frederick, A	do	***************************************		150 00		
Gauvreau, Ol	do	***************************************		150 00		H
Gilchen, Thos	do	***************************************		150 0 <b>0</b>		
	do	***************************************		150 00		1
Kelly, Michael	do	***************************************		150 00		- 1
Kelly, Edward	do	***************************************		150 00	į į	1
Larose, Jos				150 00		
Locquell, A. H	do			150 00	i i	
Miller, George	do do	***************************************			i i	•
Miller, Alfred	do	***************************************		150 00	1	
McInenly, T	do	***************************************	1	150 00	1 1	
McKendry, D	do	***************************************	•••••	150 00		1
McPeak, W	do	*********		150 00	[	
Noël, Elie	do	***************************************		150 00	l [	
O'Brien, M				150 00	!!!	i
-110-1, -111111111111111111111111111111			1		l l	1
1	1	Total Gratuity for Cullers			2,700 00	
	ł		ļ	<b>{</b>		
;	i	Total Quebec Expenditure				18,119 64
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	1			l		
	1	Paid to Retired Cullers.	1		1	
	1	1 asa to her sieu Caners.	Į.	[	1	'
Table Tanner	Superannue	tion	l	200 00	1 1	l
Jobin, Jacques	Superannua	tion		200 <b>0</b> 0		
Jeunest, P	do	***************************************		200 00		
Jeunest, P Morrisette, J	do do	***************************************		200 00 200 00		
Jeunest, P Morrisette, J Lockquell, O	do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00		
Jeunest, P Morrisette, J Lockquell, O Miller, John	do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00		
Jeunest, P	do do do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00		
Jeunest, P	do do do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00		
Jeunest, P	do do do do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00		
Jeunest, P	do do do do do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00		12. dia 2
Jeunest, P. Morrisette, J. Lockquell, O. Miller, John. Demers, L. Verrault, Ed. Murphy, M. Feore, J. F. Dorval, Philippe	do do do do do do do do			200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00		
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48 Victoria.

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

1885

Offices.	Names.	Nature of Service.	Deducted for Super- annuation	Amounts Paid.	Total.	Grand Total.
	·	Paid to Retired Cullers—Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
QUEBEO	Clark, Thomas Donaghue, G Lockquell, L	Superannuationdo do		200 00 200 00 200 00		
		Total paid to Retired Cullers				5,200 00
	Daveluy George	Deputy Supervisor of Cullers for the year  Book-keeper for the year  Clerk do	18 00 4 96 2 48 25 44	882 00 395 04 197 52	1,474 56	
		Total Salaries  Contingencies	20 11		3,212	
	Fauteux, L	Rent of office		99 96 30 00 62 50 36 00 4 00 2 50 10 00 13 25		
	Sundries.	Ink, mucilage and freight  Total Contingencies  Total Montreal, Lachine and Sorel			261 71	1,736 27

Sessional Papers (No. 4.)

Pritchard & Mingard	General Contingencies.  Rubber dating stamps		••••		3 95
	Total		••••••		25,059 86
	ADD-Printing Stationery	***************************************	6 01 88 32		
	ADD—Balances due by Supervisor, 20th June,			<b></b>	94 33 75 00
				••••••	25,229 19
	LESS—Balances due by Supervisor, 1st July,		······		75 00
	Actual Disbursements, agreeing with State- ment No. 10½, page 22				25,154 19

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,. OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 6.—Distribution of Seizures, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

								=.
Division.	To who	m Paid.	86	ervice.		Amounts Paid.	Totals	
			Oi	ntario.		\$ cts.	\$ cts	s.
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Ottawa	Officer R S	. Daine Throm	l do	ion of seizure No do	), 52 10		16 397 (	
De Camarines.	Collector J	Spence	Penalty impose	ed upon A. Von 1	Poh-		351	
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Toronto			For his proport	ion of seizure No.			}	1
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No. 6.—DISTRIBUTION of Seizures—Continued.

Windsor Officer J. J. Brown For his proportion of seizure No. 23		No. 0.—D		TION OF BEI				
Windsor Officer J. J. Brown For his proportion of seizure No. 33	Di <b>v</b> ision.	To whom	Paid.	- S	ervice.		Paid.	Totals.
do				Ontario-	-Concluded.		\$ cts	\$ cts.
do	Windsor	Officer J. J. Br	wr	For his proporti	ion of seizure N	o. 33	0 12	
do	Williagor	do		do	do	34	0 12	
do								
do								
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do		Officer A. Drot	illard	do	do	24	0 10	3 30
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## No. 6.—DISTRIBUTION of Seizures—Continued.

Division.	To whom Paid.	Se	rvice.		Amounts Paid.	Totals.
		Quebec-	-Continued.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Montreal	Officer J. Villeneuve	For his proportic	on of seizure No. 3	37	2 70	
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### No. 6.—DISTRIBUTION of Seizures—Concluded.

Division.	To whom Paid.	Servi	ce.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
		Quebec-0	oncluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Montreal	Officer J. Outram, jun	For his proportion	of seizure No.4	47 1 50	Į.
	do	do	do 4	49  008	
	go	do		50 0 58	
	do	do	do 4	151 47 62	40.50
		•			49 78
	Officer Thos. Fox	do		14 00	)
	do	do	do 4	60 5 55	10 55
	OM 77 M T		a		19 55
01	Officer H. T. Lecours	do		61	3 1
Quebec	Officer O. Bourget	do		138 0 59	
	do Officer F. X. Langlois dit	do	do 1	139 0 33	0.00
		do	do 1	38 0 59	0 92
	Traversy	do		139 0 33	\$1
	do …	αo	uo i	139 0 33	0 92
Sorel	Officer A. Lafontaine	do	đo	6	1 89
DOI 01 1. 000	Officer E. Beaubien	do	do	8 1 82	1 00
	do	do	do	9 3 78	
	1 40	uo	uo	1	5 60
St Hyacinthe	Collector C. A. Boivin	do	оb	23	5 68
Terrehonne	Collector D Desroches	do	do	9	3 48
201100000000000000000000000000000000000	Officer C. A. Bradford	do	do	9	3 49
Three Rivers	Collector C. D. Hébert	do	do	52 18 75	3 40
11100 1111015	do	do	do	53 35 75	
	do	do	do	54 2 56	
		uo	40		57 96
	Į.				0. 00
		Nova	Scotia.		
	1			1 1	
Halifax	Collector H. H. Grant	For his proportion	of seizure No.	44	250 03
	Officer W. M. Dustan	do *	do	44	250 02
	Officer P. Tomkins	do	do	45 47 00	
	do	do	do	47 49 00	
	1	[		\	96 00
1	Officer P. Hagarty	do	do	45	47 00
1		į .		[	
}	1	l _		1	
l	1	Mani	itoba.	1	[
		77 1		_]	
Winnipeg	Officer W. A. D. Baby	For his proportion	ı ot seizure No	. 7	50 00
	Officer J. Bowman	do	фo	7	50 00
l	1	n n	-4n1		2 592 75
1	j	drama re	otal		2,583 75
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>
	RI	CAPITULATION	•		
				\$ cts.	
N .	Ontario			762 08	
ll .	Quebec		*******	1,078 62	
H	Nova Scotia			643 05	
H	Manitoba		**** ***********	100 00	
H	Mat-1			0 500 75	
<b>B</b>	1001	**   ******   *******   *******	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,003 10	
l					
	T) T)		178	BETATT	

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. 7.—Details of Departmental Expenditure for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	مالمدن وسنورد المالات بسالوان					
To whom Paid.		Service.		Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Total.
	[ 	Salaries.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Costigan, Hon. John	From 1st July to	30th Jun	e		7,000 00	
Miall, E	do	do	********** ******	64 00	3,136 00	
Robins, P. M	do do	do do		42 50 34 00	2,082 50 1,666 00	
Himsworth, Wm	do	do	***************************************	32 50	1,593 50	
Heron, W. L		do		32 50	1,592 50	
Campeau, F. R. E Valin, J. E		do do	***************************************	31 50 28 00	1,543 50 1,372 00	
LaMothe, H. G		do	***************************************	27 00	1,323 00	
Carter, Wm		фo	*******	25 75	1,261 75	
Blatch, F. K		do do	***************************************	24 50 24 00	1,200 50 1,176 00	
Teakles, B. H		go		24 00	1,176 00	
Walsh, M. F	do	do	**********	23 00	1,127 00	
do		retary, fr	om 1st July to		<b>500.00</b>	
Hall, C. R		30th Jnn	A	22 71	500 00 1,112 77	
Lusignan, A.	l do	do	•••••••	22 00	1,078 00	
Stewart, Neil	do	фo	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20 24	991 58	
Devlin, R Shaw, J. F	do do	do do		19 75 16 50	967 75 808 50	
do	Difference between		ary and that of	10 50	808 50	
	F. Measam,	while per	forming the lat-			
Chubbuck, C. E. D	From let July to	during his	absence	16 50	247 90 808 <b>5</b> 0	
Doyon, J. A.		do	••••••••	16 50	808 50	
Brown, J. F.	į <b>d</b> o	do	***************************************	16 00	784 00	
B unel, Geo		do	************	15 00	720 72	
Stan lards Branch.	Q0	do	***************************************	5 78	456 72	
Stan laras Branck.						
Johnstone, W. J Brunel, Jno	do do		ruary e	23 46 16 50	1,151 46 808 50	
Labo <del>r</del> atory.						
Fowler, Jno	do	đo	************	16 00	784 00	
Me <b>ss</b> engers.						
Fowler, Geo	do	do		6 25	493 75	
Archambault, R	do	do	***************************************	6 25	493 75	
Courtman, John	lst May	do	•••••	0 62	49 38	
	İ			653 31		40,315 03
	i	Conting	rencies.	JAD 51		
Chateauvert, E	g	-				
Coughlin, Mrs.	do 13t	h May to 1	tti December 12th June	•••	410 42 46 50	·
Pennock, Geo. E	do 17t	h Sept. to	31st Dec., 1882,	and 1st	10 00	
	J	an. to 301	h June, 1883, 18	31 days;		
Ęi Si	1	a 19th No	July, 14 days; 1 v., 62 days; 14t	h to 31 st	-	i
	J	an., 18 da;	ys≔275 days, at	\$2 p. d	723 22	
Launière, E. R	do 27t	h June, 18	83, to 16th Sept.	, 1884	121 50 18 50	1
Tobin, Mrs. L. A	do copying		turns		56 20	
	, 40	***********				

## APPENDIX B-No. 7.—Details of Departmental Expenditure—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total.
	Continuanciae Continuad	G ata	
	Contingencies—Continued.	\$ cts.	
Courtman, John	Services as Messenger, from 1st Nov., 1883, to 30th April, 1884	350 <b>00</b>	
	Telegrams	799 96	
Stationery Office	doStationery	70 88 1,329 21	
Queen's Printer	Printing	975 02	
The Bell Telephone Co.	Postage	181 35 97 65	
Bystander	Subscription	4 00	
Journal des Trois Rivières Le Canada	do	2 00 8 00	
Le Protectionniste	do	3 00	
The Digby Courier	do	3 00 6 00	
Gazette	do	6 00	
Legal News	dodo	4 00 6 00	
Daily Sun	do	38 00	
Le Sorelois Victoria Standard		2 00	
Daily Witness		6 00 3 00	
Daily Telegraph	do	12 00	
Budget The Montreal Herald	do	6 00 3 00	
Le Progrès de Valleyfield	do	3 00	
Guelph Herald Sentinel	dodo	4 00 2 00	
Winnibeg Times	do	20 00	
Scientific American	do do	7 00 3 00	
Moncton Times	do	4 00	
Plaindealer & Colonial Standard	do	2 75	
Almonte Times	do	1 00	
The Daily Examiner The Canadian Gazette,	do	5 00	
London, Eng	do	8 87	
Investigator	dodo	3 00	
Glengarry Times American Gas Light		2 00	
Journal	do	3 00	
American Water, Gas Journal	do	2 00	
Cherrier, A. B	Quebec City Directory for 1884-85	4 00	
Carroll, Martin	Indexed Atlas of the World, books, &c	120 40 98 50	
Holland Bros	3 copies of Senate Debates for 1883	155 00	
Davis, T. G	Life of Sir J. A. Macdonald, History of the War in Egypt, Almanac, &c., &c	21 50	
Duggan, H	Delivering mail, August	30 00	
Lancefield, Geo. R	1 copy Life and Times of Sir J. A. Macdonald Travelling expenses	19 00 1 100 50	
Miall, E	do	298 65	
Walsh, M. F	do	220 00 550 36	
Robins, P. M	do	90 35	
Fowler, John	Stamping papers and envelopes for the Minister	77 85	
	Drambing babers sud enterobes for the minister	151 50	

## APPENDIX B.—No. 7.—Details of Departmental Expenditure — Continued.

·						
To whom Paid.	-	Service.	Amoun Paid		Ťota	.1.
		Contingencies — Continued.	\$ (	cts.	\$	cts.
		a Britannica, vols. 15 and 16	105	- 1		
		r dating stamps id maps	64 15			
Leslie, J	Repairing cl	ock	2			
Ricard, G	Cab hire for	Commissioner	7			
McPhillips Bros	2 maps, City	of Winnipeg	12			
Christin J & Co	Ice for 7 mor	nths, to 31, 10, 83	3			
		or Department	10			
	4 copies of 8	ir Charles Tupper's biography, at 75c				
	each	****	3			
Hutton, James		Minister	7			
Woodburn, A. S		o Pacific Railway maps on linen nion of Canada, 3 maps Dominion of	13	00		
Tunchard, O		and 1 of the United States	15	00		
Appleton, D., & Co	General Ind	lex American Encpclopedia, \$7, and 7		1		
		nual Cyclopedia, \$7 each	56			
Costigan, Hon. J	Uab hire and	telegraphing	65			
North Western Lumber-	Subscription	1	30	00		
man	đo	***************************************	4	00		
L'Album des Familles	do	***************************************		00		
Fort MacLeod Gazette.	do	***************************************	2	25		
Barrie Advance	do	***************************************		00		
The Victoria Colonist	do do	****** ***** ***** ***** ***** ***** ****		00		
Western Dispatch	do	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		00		
Evangelical Churchman	40	****** ***** * ************************	-	١ ۳		
Publishing Co	do		6	00		
The Sanitary Engineer.	do	***************************************	4	€0		
Irish Canadian				50		
Le Monde	do do	***************************************	1	00		
The Casket	do	**************************************	11	00		
The New Era	do	***************************************		50		
The Can. Sportsman	do	***************************************		00		
L Rvènement	do	**************************************	• .	00		
Le Canadien	do	***************************************	12			
Le Nouvelliste Daily Intelligencer	do do			00		
Catholic Record				00		
The Shareholder	do		1 -	00		
Le Moniteur Acadien	do	***************************************	5	50		
Semi-Weekly World	do	***************************************	4	00		
Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Co	do		1	00		
La Patrie	do			00		
Daily News	do	***************************************		00		
Orange Lily	do	***************************************		00		
Le Courrier du Canada	do	•••••	1 -	00		
Daily Telegram	do	***************************************	1 -	00		
Le Petit Journal	do		6	00		•
nadian Times	do	<b></b>	1 4	00		
The National	do	***************************************	2	00		
Muskoka Herald	do	***************************************	.  1	25		
Les Nouvelles Soirées			م	00		
Canadiennes	do	***************************************	1	۱ ۳۰		
P' .	1	_	<u> </u>			

## APPENDIX B.—No. 7.—Details of Departmental Expenditure—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total.
	Contingencies—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
The Essay Parism	Subscription	1 50	
Brantford Courier	do	6 00	
London Daily Herald	do	5 00	1
Toronto Globe	do	21 00	
Journal de Québec	do	6 00	
Quebec Morning Chro-			
Toronto Mail	dodo	12 00 21 00	
Montreal Post	do	6 45	Ī
Courrier de St. Hya-		0 30	
cinthe	do	3 00	
Durham Chronicle	do	1 00	Î
Le Constitutionnel des			
Trois Rivières The Tribune		3 00 2 00	į
Inter-Ocean, Chicago		12 00	
Peterborough Review	do	4 00	
Scientific Canadian and		1	
Patent Office Record.	do	2 50	Ì
Brantford Daily Tele-	do		
gram Union Standard	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5 00	1
The Morning Herald,	do	2 00	ı
Halifax	do	6 00	}
The Richmond Guardian	do	2 00	
L'Union des Cantons de			i
l'Est	60	1 50	
La Vérité	ω	1 50	
The Quebec Daily Mer- cury	do	4 00	
York Herald	do	1 50	į
Lomer, G., Jun	One chronometer stamp	20 00	1
Miller, Pierre	One copy Ready Reckoner	3 00	}
Cardinal, J	Cab hire for the Minister	9 00	l
Graves Bros	Rubber packing, &c	9 45	i
The Free Press	do	3 00 24 00	
Le Messager de Nicolet.	do	1 00	
Ridgway, W., London,	_	- "	
Eng	do	33 95	1
The Winnipeg Directory			]
Publishing Co	Stamping and lithographing paper and envelopes	2 50	
A. MUTHIMET & CO.,	for Department	226 50	İ
The Week	Subscription	12 00	
Dawson Bros	Six Tables of Measures; three volumes Parlia-		
	mentary Procedure	16 50	
Oil, Paint and Drug	Defeat and Dans Bosneyer		
Publishing Co	Paint and Drug Resporter	6 00	
Johnston J	Charges on type writer, &c	9 16 8 00	
Forget. D.	Four copies du Tableau Analytique du Code Muni-	۰ س	
	cipal de Quèbec	1 00	
Canadian Express Co	Freight	163 81	
Mrs. J. Keegan	Washing towels	53 74	ļ
	To pay cartage and cab hire	51 34	ł
do	Sundry petty expenses	110 80	1
	I		

## APPENDIX B-No. 7.—Details of Departmental Expenditure—Concluded.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total.
MacLean, Roger & Co. Robidoux, F	Contingencies—Continued.  Three copies of Hansard for 1883	22 00	8,601 93
	Authorized disbursements (less superannuation) Add—Balances due 30th June, 1884		48,916 96 418 01 49,334 97
	Less—Balance due 1st July, 1883	************	49,218 31

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND, REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 8.—Detail of Sundry Minor Expenditures, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June 1884.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
	Minor Public Works.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
R. Quain	Salary as Collector of Suspension Bridge tolls, from 1st July 1883, to 30th June 1884	16 04	783 96	
<b>1</b> 1	Advertising tenders in re Prescott & Ogdens- burg Ferry		4 30	
Hull Despatch	& Montebello Ferry		6 66	
Le Canada	do do do do		14 80 5 92	
The Citizen Printing and Publishing Co	do do	** **** *****	14 80	
The Canadian Mining Review	do do		3 70	
L'Original Advertiser The Investigator	, 40	·····	4 44 3 70 146 00	
Cuarteons, J. A	r rolessional scivices in re bonner a property			988 28
	Inspection of Staples.			
Wallace, J	Expenses in connection with meeting of Boa aminers of Raw Hides and Leather, for Co Lincoln and Welland	unties of limand amples d return.	5 61 27 58 588 00	
Bellemare, R The Maritime Farmer	to improve his knowledge of inspection du Freight, &c., for distribution of flour samples Advertising meeting of Board of Exami Leather Inspectors for Co of York, N.B	ners, for	8 80 53 25 3 60	
The Capital Hull Despatch	do do do	9. One	10 00 5 18	
1 10020, 21 0 1111	spector of Hides		0 60	
	Less—Sale of old flour sam	ples	702 <b>6</b> 2 40 39	<b>662 2</b> 3
	Adulteration of Food.			
Saunders, Wm., London do do	Fees for analysis		1,366 00 200 00 100 00	
Valade, F X., Ottawa	do do retaining fee		20 90 10 45	
do	Fees for analysis		1,919 00 200 00	
do	do do rent	·····	100 00 1,709 00 200 00	
do Fiset, M., Quebec	do do rent		100 00 1,456 00 200 00	ļ
do	do do rent		100 00	

### APPENDIX B.-No. 8.—Details of Sundry Minor Expenditures—Concluded.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
	Adulteration of Food-Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Bowman M., Halifax	Tees for analysis	1,468 00	
do	Allowance under the Act for retaining fee		
do	do do rent	. 100 00	
do	Fees for analysis	.   1,549 00	, }
do	do do rent		,
Wright, J. E., Winnipeg	do do retaining fee		
1 do!	do ' do rent	26 94	
Alexander, Thos	Purchase of samples for analysis	30 93	
Stratton, W. C Vincent, J. L	do do	83 64	
LaRue, Geo	do dodo	1 10 104	
Perkins, D. C	do d <b>o</b>	30 32	
Grant. H. H.	do do	46 93	
Fréchette, A	Translating Dr. Fiset's Report of Food Analysis	3 20	
	Liquor License Act.		11,752 27
ļ i	Expenses of stones and seals for liquor licenses, an engraving and printing same	1.193 98	
1	License Act	22 00	ĺ
Daigle, Dennis	do do do	130 00	ļ.
Leyden, Miss M Grant, Miss J		45 53	
McCormac, M. C	3. 3.	118 00 204 00	
Doyon, J. A.	Siguing licenses, by authority, for Min. of In. Rev	65 00	
Himsworth, Wm		100 00	
La Mothe, H. G		100 00	
Chubbuck, C. E. D		50 00	1
Byrnes, Jno Fowler, Geo	do do do Extra services packing, mailing, &c., licenses as	50 00	1
	other documents	75 00	<b>[</b>
Archambault, R	d <b>o</b> do do	25 00	l
	Total		15,681 29
	Add—Printing Stationery		1,633 27
	Authorized disbursements, less superannuation LESS—Balance due on 1st July 188		17,214 56 50 00
	Actual disbursements agreeing with Statement 11		17,161 56

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 9.—Details of Weights and Measures Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	00th 5the, 1004.			
To whom Paid.	Service.	Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
	Belleville.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Johnson, Wm Cahill, Thos Slattery, Thos	Salary as Inspector for the year  do Assistant Inspector for the year do Mechanical Assistant to Inspec-	19 96 10 04	980 04 489 96	
	tor	30 17	1,483 71	
	Contingencies		834 91	2,318 62
	Hamilton.			
McKenzie, T. H McDonnell, W. G McDonald, J	Salary as Inspector for the yeardo  Assistant Inspector for the year.  do  do  do	24 00 16 04 16 04	7,176 00 783 96 783 96	
Beattie, Thos Black, C. E. S	do do do Probationary Assistant Inspec-	12 00	588 00	
Parks, Jas. D	do do from 1st July, 1884.	6 32 3 12		
	Salaries Contingencies	77 52	4,072 44 1,388 51	5,460 95
	Kingston.			3,130 00
Crysler, C. B Giffin, Wm Whitteker, Wm	Salary as Inspector for the yeardo Assistant Inspector for the year. do do	19 96 6 32 6 32	493 68	
	Salaries Contingencies		1,967 40 577 90	9 545 20
	London.			2,545 30
Egan, Jas Hayward, W. J	Salary as Inspector for the year	24 <b>0</b> 0	1 '	
Boggs, G. W Marentette, A	do Assistant Inspector for the year. do do from lst July,	6 64 6 32		
Henderson, Tho	do Mechanical Assistant, from 9th	4 00 3 50	1	
	December, 1883	44 46	2,469 73	
	Contingencies		969 09	3,438 82
Poloton C. I	Orillia. Salary as Inspector for the year	19 90	980 04	
Bolster, G. I Lyons, John	do Assistant Inspector for the year.	12 00	588 00	
	Salaries Contingencies	31 9	6 1,568 04 704 30	2,272 34
1_	l	1		-,2.2.51

APPENDIX B-No. 9-Details of Weights and Measures' Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884-Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
	Ottawa.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Code, A	Salary as Inspector for the year	6 32 6 32 2 08	493 69 493 68 164 56	
	Salaries		2,451 35 625 35	0.084 80
	Toronto.	}		3,076 70
Kinnee, D Wright, R	Salary as Inspector for the year	12 00 12 00	588 00	
Flynn, Danl	do Probationary Inspector, from 24th December, 1883	3 25	257 66	
	Salaries		2,413 70 694 00	3,107 70
Hayward, W. J	Windsor.  Salary as inspector, from let Nov., 1883 do Assistant inspector do		653 36 393 00	
	Salaries		1,045 36 913 37	
	Montreal.			1,958 73
Chalut, J. O	Salary as Inspector for the year	15 00 13 96 16 04 12 00 6 32	1,176 00 735 00 636 04 783 96 588 00 493 68 493 68	
,	Salaries		4,956 36	1
	Contingencies		600 86	5,557 22
Côté, L. A	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	6 32 6 32 6 32 6 32 4 40	1,176 00 493 68 493 68 493 68 493 68 493 63 345 60 50 00 75 00 25 00	
	Salaries	60 00	4,140 00 1,535 51	5,675 51

APPENDIX B-No. 9.—Details of Weights and Measures' Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Supersonne for Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bulletin Bullet		Totals.
Clark, E Pennoyer, H. J Smith, Peter	Sherbrooke.  Salary as Inspector for the year  do Assistant Inspector, to 31st December, 1883  do Assistant Inspector for the year	\$ cts. 19 96 3 12 6 32	\$ cts. 980 04 246 84 493 68	\$ cts.
Richard, J. U	do do do  Salaries  Contingencies  Three Rivers.	6 32 35 72	493 68 2,214 24 411 66	2,625 90
Rocheleau, F Kittson, R Provost, J. J	Salary as Inspector for the year	19 96 6 32 6 32 32 60	980 04 493 68 493 68 1,967 40 610 01	2,577 41
Freeze, E. C	Fredericton.  Salary as Inspector for the year  do Assistant Inspector for the year.  Salaries		783 96 588 00 1,371 96	2,011 41
Scovil, W. B	Contingencies	16 04 6 32	783 96 493 68	1,738 48
Michaid, D	Salaries Contingencies  St. John.	22 36	1,277 64 385 92	1,663 56
Wilmot, J. B Cowan, E	Salary as Inspector for the year do Assistant Inspector for the year Salaries Contingencies	24 00 12 00 36 00	1,176 00 588 00 1,764 00 139 75	1,903 75
Tremaine, L. E	Cape Breton.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Salaries	16 04		
	Contingencies		292 11	1,076 07

APPENDIX B-No. 9.—Details of Weights and Measures' Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Continued.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deducted for Amounts Paid.		Totals.
	Halifax.	S cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Vian D W	• ,	' '	-	<b>Q</b> 003.
Neal, H. S, K	do Probationary Asst. Inspector to 31st January, 1884	24 00 7 00	1,176 00 343 00	
	Salaries	31 00	1,519 00	,
	Contingencies		719 67	2,238 67
	Pictou.			-
McKay, J	Salary as Inspector for the year do Asst. Inspector to 31st May, 1884.	16 04 5 72	783 9 <b>6</b> 452 <b>5</b> 4	
	Salaries Contingencies	21 76	1,236 50 376 40	
	Yarmouth.			1,612 90
Allison, Chas	Salary as Inspector for the year	16 04	783 96	
	Salaries Contingencies	16 04	783 96 736 30	
	Charlottetown.	1		1,520 26
Reddin, Jas	Salary as Inspector for the year	19 96	980 04	
	Salaries Contingencies	19 96	980 04 383 76	
	Winnipeg.			1,363 80
Bowman, Jas	Salary as Inspector to 22nd April, 1884 do Assistant Inspector for the year.	12 90 12 00	633 71 588 00	
Park, R. S	November, 1883	2 49	197 51	
Costigan, H. A	do 1nspector from 22nd April, 1884.	4 60	225 40	
	Salaries Contingencies		1,644 62 348 80	1 000 40
	Alberta.			1,993 42
Huggard, R. T	Salary as Inspector from 22nd April, 1884.	3 07	150 25	
	Salaries	3 07	150 25	150 <b>25</b>
	Victoria, B. C.			
Good, H. B	Salary as Inspector for the year	4 04	195 96	
	Salaries			<b>700.40</b>
District Inspectors	Contingencies—Ontariodo Nova Scotia			539 49 88 45 124 53
	Total		******	56 628 83

## APPENDIX B—No. 9.—Details of Weights and Measures' Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Concluded.

	1 ear ended 50th June, 1884—C						
To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total.				
	General Contingencies.	S cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.			
Miall, E	Difference between his salary and that of Commissioner of Standards, from 1st July to 31st December, during which	φ οισ.	ap ∪us.	ф сыв.			
do	time he has performed the duties per- tailing to such office	8 00	392 00				
Johnstone, W. G	from 1st July, 1883, to 30th June, 1884   Salary as Chief Inspector of Weights and	16 00	784 02				
	Measures. From 1st March, 1884, to 30th	12 04	588 04				
do Brit. Am. Bank Note Co.	Travelling and incidental expenses as Chie tor of Standards	••• ••••••	137 20 66 00				
Pritchard & Mingard	Steel figures, punches, brands and whit	e metal	351 70				
King, R. M	Nickel plating one scale	••••••	5 00 15 00				
May. eorge	from 1—24		69 00 32 98				
	Repairs to portable kit, leather handles, and straps Lithographing and printing 102 maps of	Waighte	14 65				
	and Measures and Gas, and 500 diagra	ms salt	27 50				
Fowler, John	Making and repairing portable kits	ards office at	234 00 2 50				
Church, L. R	Charlottetown  Law costs in re Ferguson vs. Kennelly  Professional services in re Desautels vs. Ch	alut'	5 08 104 77 11 50				
Lemieux, Mdme. L	Settlement in full for sums disbursed, &c. late husband Sundry petty expenses	, by her	50 00				
Towier, deorge	Total		2,899 01				
	LESS -Sale of standard measures Total, General Contingencies		16 32	'a ooa oo			
	Total, General Contingencie			59,511 52			
	Address due by Inspectors, 30th Jun		1,010 04 130 50	, , == = <b>=</b>			
			878 26	2,018 80			
	Authorized Disbursements (less Superannu LESS—Balances due by Inspectors, 1st July	ation) , 1883		61,530 32 299 16			
	Actual Disbursements agreeing with State (a) and 21 (b), pages 50 and 51	ments 21	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	61,231 16			
F MIALI							

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

No. 10.—DETAILS of Gas Inspection Expenditure, for the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
Johnson, Wm	Belleville.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	\$ cts.	\$ cts 147 00 113 58	\$ cts.
Williams, John	Chatham.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	1 96	98 04 70 20	168 24
Cabill, Thos	Cobourg.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	2 48	122 52 65 80	188 32
******	Contingencies	*****:	********	42 00
McPhie, D	Hamilton. Salary as Inspector for the year Contingencies		699 96 199 63	899 59
Williams, John	Ingersoll.  Salary as Inspector for the year	1 96	98 04 53 20	151 24
Burrows, Wm	Kingston.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies		343 50 128 36	471 86
Cahill, Thos	Lindscy. Salary as Inspector for the year	1 96	98 04	98 04
Williams, John	London. Salary as Inspector for the year	10 04	489 96 23 22	
	Napince. Contingencies			33 05

## APPENDIX B-No. 10.—Details of Gas Inspection Expenditure, 1883-84—Con.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.		
Hubertus, H. J	Salary as Inspector for the year 13 96 686 04		Salary as Inspector for the year		\$ cts. 686 04 227 57	\$ cts.
Cahill, Thos	Peterborough. Salary as Inspector for the year Contingencies	3 0 <b>0</b>	147 00 52 76			
Cahill, Thos	Port Hope. Salary as Inspector for the year	2 48	122 52	199 76		
	Contingencies	;	94 51	217 03		
	Salary as Inspector for the year Contingencies		98 04 63 10	161 14		
	Contingencies	•••••••		8 95		
Sutherland, Geo	Salary as Inspector for the year Contingencies	24 00	1,176 00 15 25	1,191 25		
Aubin, N	Montreal.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	28 04	1,371 96 657 03	2,028 99		
LeVasseur, N Lemieux, T Begin, A	do do from 1st Nov., 1883					
Moreau, A	do do from 1st May, 1884 Contingencies			1,444 69		
Marchand, N	Three Rivers.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	2 48	197 52 10 40	207 92		
Lawlor, R. A	Chatham, N.B.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	3 00	147 00 72 20	910.60		
		<u> </u>		219 20		

## APPENDIX B-No. 10.—Details of Gas Inspection Expenditure, 1883-84—Con.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Deduction for Superannuation.	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
Atherton, R	Fredericton. Contingencies	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 97 76
Lawlor, R. A	Moncton, N.B.  Salary as Inspector from 7th Jan., 1884  Contingencies	1 45	71 13 63 82	134 95
	Newcastle. Contingencies			60 00
Rowan, A	St. John. Salary as Inspector for the year Contingencies		999 96 121 14	1,121 10
Miller, A	Halifaz. Salary as Inspector for the year Contingencies		999 96 231 44	1, <b>2</b> 31 40
	Yarmouth. Contingencies		***************************************	37 50
Knight, Jas	Charlottetown, P.E.I.  Salary as Inspector for the year  Contingencies	2 48	197 52 109 84	307 36
Costigan, H. A	Winnipeg. Salary as Inspector from 22nd April, 1884. Contingencies	0 76	37 56	37 56
	Victoria. Contingencies	s.•••••		150 00
Aubin, N	Salary as Consulting Gas Inspector for the year	12 00	588 00	
District Inspector	Ontario Contingencies			l 30 50

## APPENDIX B-No. 10.—Details of Gas Inspection Expenditure—Continued.

				Amounta	
To whom Paid.		Servic	<b>e.</b>	Amounts Paid.	Totals.
	i				
<b> </b>					
		General Conti	-	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Wright, A., & Co	48 glass amme dozen 4-o	onia saturato z glass flask	rs, with stop cocks; s, and standard speri	4	
Can. Atlantic R.R. Co.	candles ar	ıd litmus		166 20	
Brit. Am. Bank Note Co.	Engraving pl	ate and pri	nting Gas Inspectio	ni l	
Pritchard & Mingard	Brass gas mete	r seals, ear di	es for meter scals, &c.	. 91 90	;
Power & Dawson Mortimer, A	I gas seal com Engraving and	plete	g 3,750 forms of photo	. 10 00 H	
	meters and Gas	l maps of Wei	ghts and Measures an	d . 38 50	
Lemieux, Mad. L	Settlement in	full for sums	disbursed by her lat	e	
	nusband	******* ****** *****	*** ***********************************	50 00	
		Total, Gen	eral Contingencies		562 50
		Gas Equip	ment.		
Borradaile, R	For Equipment	t of Charlotte	etown Gas In-		
do	do do	n Umce Yarmout			
Lawlor, R. A	do de	Chathan	, N.B. do	- 358 65 134 45	
Aubin, N	l do do	Ingersel	do 44 (	5	
do	1				
do	do do	Stratford	l <b>do</b> 198	oj	
do	do do				
do	do de				
do	do de		, Ont., do 25 5 , Ont., do 26 6		
do			, N.B., do 41		,
do	do de		do 13		
do	do de	o Newcast	le do 8 !		
do	Travelling and	d other exp r	ses in connec-	1	1
	tion with eq	uipment of al	ove offices 916 40	1,158 70	
Green, J M	For Equipment	t of St Thoma	s Gas Inspection Offic	9,	1
Nash, Jas	do	do	Carpenters' work		i .
Kingston, F. S		do	do Plumbing and g	18	
Stacey, Thes , & Son	do	do	fitting do Tinemiths'work	51 59 7 85	
Christ'e, Jno	1 5	do	do Removing fixtu:	-8	1
	1	_	from London offic	e. <b>25 38</b>	
Rogers, E., & Co	do	Ingersoll	do Plumbers' wer		
Clark, Geo. F		do	do Furniture		
Bell, W. C	1 .	do do	do dodo Curtains	4 18 5 42	
Smith, J. S., & Co	i	do do	do Stove	5 50	
Mills & Buchanan Turner, Jas	1	do	do Tinsmiths' worl		
Leflar, W. D.	1 .	go	do Cupboard, &c.		
Buchanan, T., & Son	do	do	do Ga. fitting, &c.		1
Tinney, Jno	do	_ do	do Painting	22 25	1
Mulhern, M. M.	do	Cornwall	do 118	16	1
do	le reignt on pho	otometer appa	ratus from Eng-	85	
N	10014			144 11	
§1				1	<u> </u>

## APPENDIX B-No. 10.—Details of Gas Inspection Expenditure—Concluded.

To whom Paid.	Service.	Amounts Paid.	Total.			
	Gas Equipment—Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.			
	Equipment of Napanee Gas Office	156 53				
Williams, J		176 76				
dodo	do   Ingersoll   do		Ì			
do	do Stratford do 121 86 do Windsor do	464 35				
Miller, A	do Pictou do 163 61 Travelling expenses to and from Yarmouth. 22 00					
1	Freight charges on standards for Windsor Office	185 61				
1	Freight charges on standards for Chatham Office					
	Freight charges on photometrical appara- tus for Windsor Office					
Caven, A	Freight on standards for Stratford Office	62 14 53 51				
McLean, D	do do Winnipeg	84 72	Ì			
G. C. R. Co British Amer. Note Co.	do standards to Napanee	60 00				
Canada Kubber Co	Removing gas instruments from New castle to Monc-	136 36				
Sanders, B. T	ton, and fixing Moncton Office	174 00				
Mitchell, D., & Co	photometers, and packing same	346 00 75 00				
Wallace, J., & Son	Gas meters, &c	248 20 500 00				
Atherton, R	Expenses in connection with gas equipment	69 50				
	Clerk, during his absence, from 1st Nov. to 17th Dec., at \$2 per day	94 00	5,111 90			
	Total		18,889 25			
	ADD Printing		480 28			
	Authorized disbursements (less superannuation)		19,369 53			
	ADD—Balance due by Inspectors, 30th June, 1883		1,469 51 20,839 04			
	LESS—Balance due by Inspectors, 1st July, 1883 Actual disbursements, agreeing with Statement 22		12 89			
	page 53		20,826 15			
Inland Revenue Department, E. MIALL, Ottawa, 15th August, 1884. Commissioner.						

No. 11.—List of Persons employed by the Inland Revenue Department on Salary, during the Year ended 30th June 1884.

				Spo	VICES.	<del></del>		
					*1055.			
Name.	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.	Slides.	Culler's Office.	Minor Revenue.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.
							,	
Battle, T Beasley, R Beattle, Thos Beauchamp, J. P Bédard, W. G Belland, J. E Bellemare, R Bellemiet, Jus Bennett, Jus Benger, N Bingay, T. V. B	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1				1	1 1
Black, C. É. S		1					1	
tlatch, F. K. Boggs, G. W Bois, G. A. Boivir, C. A. Bolster, G. I. Boomer, J. B. Borradaile, R. Bourassa, G. Bourassa, P. E. Bourget, O. Bouteiller, G. A. Broadfoot, S. Brownsham, M. E. Bowman, J. Brown, J. J. Brown, J. J. Browne, G. W. Bruce, G. A. Brunel, G. Brunel, G. Brunel, J. Bulmer, Wm.		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						

## APPENDIX B-No. 11.—List of Persons employed by the Inland Revenue Department, &c.—Continued.

				Servi	CES.			-
Name.	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.	Slides.	Culler's Office.	Minor Revenue.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.
Burrows, Wm	·		1					1
Byrn, Jno Cabill, J. H Cabill, T	1						1	1
Campbell, G. J		1 1 1						
Campbell, Thos Campeau, F. R. E. Camyré, J. N. Carroll, D.	1	1						
Carter, Wm. H. Carver, G. W.	1	 1			:: 1			
Caven, A		1					1	
Chaloner, H. J Chalut, J. O Christie, W. J Chuish nek C. F. D							1	
Chubb uck, C. E. D. Clark, A. F. Clark, B. Ulark W. B.	:						1	
Code, A		1	1					
Conway, B. J. Corbeille, F. Coegrove, J. J. Cornellier, H.		1	1					
Coté, I. A		1	1				1	
Coyle, Jas		1					1	
Crawford, W. P		1					1	
Daoust, J. A Darby, John Daveluy, George				1	1		1	
Davis, John Davis, T. G Deane, Joseph		1	1					
deMartigny, C. R. Deschamps, J. B. DeSerres, G. Des Rivières, F. L.			1		1		1	
Destoches, David	1	11						
Dick, J. W Dickson, C. T		. 1						

APPENDIX B-No. 11-List of Persons employed by the Inland Revenue Department, &c.-Continued.

				Serv	ices.			
NAME.	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.	Slides.	Culler's Office.	Minor Revenue.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.
Dillon, S  Dingman, N. J  Dixon, R. B  Dodd, John  Dodds, E. W  Donaghy, Wm  Dorion, G. T  Doyon, J. A  Dubord, A  Dubler, W. H  Duguay, J. seph  Dumbrille, R. N  Dumouchel, Léandre  Dunlop, C  Duplessis, C. Z  Dupont, C. T  Dustan, Wm. M  Earle, R. H  Egan, James  Egener, A  Elwood, G. V  Erb, A. A  Evans, G. T  Fahey, Ed  Falconer, James  Farley, J. F  Ferguson, J  Fortier, C. G  Fournier, J. A  Fowler, George  Fowler, George  Fowler, George  Freeze, E. C  Galbraith, T. J  Ganong, J  Freeze, E. C  Galbraith, T. J  Ganong, J  Gerald, Wm. W  Girll, Wm. W  Girll, Wm. W  Girllestone, R. J. M  Godson, H  Godson, H  Godson, H  Godson, H  Godson, H  Godson, H  Godson, M			1				1	
Goron, D. Gosnell, T. S. Gouin, W. F. Gow, James Gowen, Edmund. Graham, W. J. Grant, H. H. Graveley, Wm.		1 1 1			1			
Greey, S			******					

APPENDIX B-No 11,—List of Persons Employed by the Inland Revenue Department, &c.—Continued.

	1			SERV	ices.			
Name,	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.	Slides.	Cullers' Cffice.	Minor Revenues.	Weights and Measures.	Gая.
Grogan, S. E				 	1			
Hagerty, P. Hall, C. R.		1						
Hall, C. R	1	1						
Hamilton, C. M.	.	1						
Hamilton, W. L.	•	1 1						•••••
Hamilton, W. L Hanford, Thos.		1			••••			
Hanley, A	•	1	·······		ı		·····	••••••
Harney, Thos		1					*******	
Hartley, R. A		1		}·				
Harwood, R. W		1						
Hawkins, W L		i						
Hayward, W. J	•						1	
Hébert, C. D								
Henderson, W		1						
Heney, J. J								
Henry, J. M B		li						
Hepburn, Geo								1
Heron, W. L	1	1					······	
Hesson, C. A		ì						
Hill, A. M		1						
Himsworth, Wm	. 1	1						
Howie, A		i						
Hurertus, H. J.								1
Huden, A				¦			1	
Iler, B		1						
Ironside, G. A		1						
Jack, WmJackson, John	··¦····			i				
James, T. C.		1		ļ <u>.</u>				
Jodoin, A. P			1					
Johnston, Wm		1		 			1	1
Keilty, Thos	.	1					<b>:</b>	
Kello k, D		1		,				[
Kelly, M. J		1 1					1	
Kenning, J. H. Keogh, P. M.		i		1				
Keogh, P. M.		1						
King, T. D							1	
Kinnee, Daniel							1	
Kittson, R. H	•	·····					1	1
Knight, Joseph			Ì					
Lafontaine, A		1						
Lambert, P					1			
				[			l	
Lang. V		1 1	1					
Lang. V		1						

# APPENDIX B-No. 11.—LIST of Persons Employed by the Inland Revenue Department, &c.—Continued.

				Serv	ices.			
Name.	Inside.	Kacise.	Canals.	Slides.	Cullers' Office.	Minor Revenue.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.
LaRose, S. C	l . <b></b>	1 1			•••••			
Lawlor R. A. Lebœuf, Jules Lecompte, S. Lecours, H. T.	••••••	1	1		1			
Leggett, J. E.		••••••	1	·····			i	1
LeMoine, Jules LeMoine, J. M. Lépine, Louis Leprohon, R. M.		1					 	
Lett, F. P. ALeVasseur, NLeVasseur, ZLindsay D	••••••	······································			1			1
Lindsey, Wm	1	1 1 1						
Lynes, K		1						
MacKay, G. W. Macnutt, C. S. Malo, T. Manning, J.	**********	1						
Marchand, N Marentette, Alex Marshall, F Martin, Jas		i					1	1
Mason, F. Mason, Jas Measam, F Meall, E	1	1					1	
Miller, A. Miller, P. Miller, W. F. Millier, E.		1		1				1
Milliken, E		1						
Morrow, John	/		1					
Murphy, D. Murphy, F. Murray, A. E. McAllister, A.		1	1					
McDonald, J. A. McDonald, M. A.		·····i				*****	1	
McDonnell, W. J				<u>                                     </u>	*******		1	

# APPENDIX B-No. 11.--List of Persons Employed in the Inland Revenue Department, &c.---Continued.

	Services.												
NAME.	Inside. Excise.		Canals.	Slides.	Cullers' Office.	Minor Revenue.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.					
			1	- 1				l					
McKachern, A McFarland, D. E McBugh, F. J. J McKay, John			1	•••••			1						
McKenzie, T. H		1		•••••	••••••	••••••	1						
McPherson, A. F		1			•••••	••••••	•••.	1					
McSween, Jas Nash, S. C Neelands, H Nettle, R Nichols, J. T.	1	1	••••••		••••••	•••••	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••						
O'Brien, J. F. U'Donnell, J. O'Donnell, J. O'Donnell, Jno. O'Leary, T. J.		1 1 1			********	•••••	••••						
O'Neili, John		1 1	1				•••••						
Park R. S Pation, James Perkins, D. C. Perkins, L. A.		1 1			1								
Perry, G. L. Petri, J. B. Phelan, J. A. Pinsonnault, Alfred C.		1	1			•••••	1						
Piper, H. Pirritte, John. Pole, C. W. Poliquin. F. Pomyaville, L.		1	1		1								
Poupore, Jno	l	l		1									
Provost, J. J						1	1						
Reddan, Wm Reddin, James Redmond John Regnier, P	•••••	1		1	ļ. <b></b>								
Reid, John. Richard, D. Richard, J. U. Richard, J. U.		1			,,,,,,,,,		1						
Richey, W. M			1	1	••••••								

APPENDIX B-No. 11.—List of Persons employed by the Inland Revenue Department, &c.—Continued.

				Servi	ces.			
Name.	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.	Slides.	Cullers' Office.	Minor Revenue.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.
Robson, James		 1 1					•••••	•••••
Rowland, E Rowland, F Roy, A Russell, A. J., Jr Scholfield, J. S.		1 1 1	1	1				
Scovil, W. B. Scullion, J. W. Scymour, James. Shaw, J. F. Simard, H.	1	1		1			1	
Slattery, R. Slattery, R. Smith, E. T. Smith, H. A. Smith, Peter. Spereman, J. Spence, F. H. Spence, John		1 1 1		1			1	
Standish, J. D	1	1						1
St. Louis, Jos Ste. Marie, J. B. E. L Ste. Marie, L. C. A Tansey, J. P. F Taylor, J. F Trakles, B. H	1	1 1						
Tipton, T. L. M	1	1 . 1	1			ļ	1 1	
Vincent, J. L.  Wainwright, F. G.  Walsh, M. F.  Walsh, T. J.  Wakins, J. A.  Webster Thos	1	1 1 1			1			
Weyms, C					1		1	1

APPENDIX B-No. 11-List of Persons Employed by the Inland Revenue Department, &c.—Concluded.

				Serv	ices.			
Name.	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.	Slides.	Cullers' Office.	Minor Revenues.	Weights and Measures.	Gas.
Wilson, R		1	1		••••••		1	
Total	26	243	39	14	16	1	59	16

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 15th August, 1884.

APPENDIX B—No. 12.—List of Persons employed by the Inland Revenue Department on Salary, during a portion of the Year ended 30th June 1884.

Bélanger, C Campbell, Jas Costigan, H. A		Period.	Inside.	Excise.	Canals.		ers.	Weights & Measures.	
Bégin, A		reriod.	Inside.	cise.	als.	gg	ere.	# #	
Bélanger, C Campbell, Jas Costigan, H. A			gu		a l	골	_≝!	198	70
Bélanger, C Campbell, Jas Costigan, H. A				Ex	Ca	Slides	Cullers	X &	Gas
Bélanger, C Campbell, Jas Costigan, H. A									
Campbell, Jas Costigan, H. A		1st November to 30th April		 1				1	1
Costigan, H. A	do	lst do 31st December	l	1					•••••
_	do	22nd April to 30th June	<b></b>					1	1
Crévier, Wm		1st November do 1st July to 30th November, and	1				······i		••••
		1st April to 30th June			1		<b></b> .		•••••
Cullen, P		14th August do	i	1		•••••	••••	•••••	•••••
Dawson, W DeBlois, G. H	do	1st July to 31st July.	•••••		•••••		ï		•••••
Detlor, S. H	do	1st July to 29th February	l	1 1	l l	٠			
Dubé, C		21st September to 30th June							•••••
Flynn, DFoley, Jas	do	24th December do 1st July to 31st October		•••••	•••••		1		•••••
Forest, E		1st do 30th November			1		1	•••••	
Gallagher, F	. do	12th December to 30th June	<b> </b>				1		
Gerald, W. H		14th April do							••••
Haun, S. R Henderson, T	do	9th December do						ï	
Huggard, R. T		22nd April do	l	1	1	1			
Johnstone, W. J	do	1st July to 29th February	1 1						
do		1st March to 30th June					;	1	ļ
Lane, John Lefebvre, H.		1st July to 30th November, and			••••		1		ļ
	١.	1st April to 30th June	l		1				
Lemieux, T		1st July to 31st October 1st April to 30th June	•••••		•••••	•••••		1	1
Lynch, P Mackay, J		1st July to 31st August				1		1	•••••
Miller, H J	. do	22nd September to 30th June				1 1			l
Miller, J. E	. do	12th December do		1			••		
McCoy, Wm								1	1
McKay, A	. do	1st July to 31st May	<b> </b>		1	1		1	
Neal, H. S. K	· ao	1st do 31st January	i	i	ļ			1	,
Neelan, Geo	do do	1st do 31st March		1					
Norris, Geo Outram, J		12th November to 30th June	1	1				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\·····
Parks, J. D	. do	1st January do		i .				1	
Pennoyer, H. J	. do	1st July to 31st December	. 1	1 1	1				
do	. do	1st January to 30th June				ļ		1	
Quinn, J. D		1st July to 20th October		l ī	1	l			
Slattery, Thos	do	21st June to 30th June		1				1	
Striker, E. H	. do	1st July to 30th November.	1	. 1			`		
Toupin, F. X. J. A							····	·····	
Westman, T Willson, G			1		i			l	
	1								-
		Total	2	18	5	1 2	5	13	4
	_!						<del></del>	<del></del>	<u>'</u>

### APPENDIX B-No. 12.—Concluded.

		RECAPITULATION.	
Employed du do	ring the y a por	ear, per Statement 11tion of the year, per Statement 12	414 49
Deduct emplo do do do do do	oyed in bo do do do do do	Total	463
			15
		Net Total	448

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

APPENDIX C.

HYDRAULIC AND OTHER RENTS.

## APPENDIX

Dr.

## HYDRAULIC and other Rents, &c.-

			_			
Balance due on 1st July, 1883.	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Number.	Name of Work.	Present Occupant.	Original Lessee.
\$ cts.	Ø ota	\$ cts.				
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	φ cus.				
0.200.22	207 22	9,779 66	1 2	Chaudière Falls.	Perley & Pattee	
9,382 33   1,600 00	397 33 80 00	1,680 00	3	do	do	Thompson & Perkins
6,892 00	376 00	7,238 00	4		J. R. Booth	Lyman Perkins
6,343 42	294 93 80 00	6,633 35 2,040 00	5 6	do	Thomas McKay Mrs. Petrie	John McKay & Co
1,960 <b>00</b> 2,000 <b>00</b>	80 00	2,040 00 2,080 00	7	do	Blaisdell & Co	P. H. & L. R. Church.
5,880 00	240 00	6,120 00		Victoria Island	Levi Young	
			9	do	Philip Thompson	Perley & Pattee
				_	1	[
1,960 00	80 00	2,040 00	10	do	N. S. Blaisdell	J. M. Currier
11,520 00	480 00 <b>2</b> 00 00	12,000 00 200 00	112	do do	Bronson & Weston Levi Young	riarris, bronson & Co
	180 00	180 00	13	Chaudière Island	J. R. Booth	J. R. O'Connor
	10 00	10 00	14	do	Bronson & Weston	·····
ļ. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100 00	100 90	15	do	Bronson, Weston &	
	96 00	96 00	16	<b>d</b> o	Perley & Pattee	
	8 00	8 00	17	Ottawa River	Mary Conroy	L. M. Coutlee
260 00		260 00	118	l do	ID. Carmichael	
24 00 380 00	16 00	40 00 380 00	19 20	do	Heirs John Morrisen John Rankin	John Morrison
200 90	************	200 00	21		Hon. J. Skead	
96 00	••••••	96 00	22	do		***************************************
450 00	50 00	500 00	23	do	John Rochester	
20 00	20 00	40 00	24	do	Heirs G. Sterling	G. Sterling.
	1 00	1 00	25	do	Hector Pruneau	
	10 00	10 00	26		Henry E. Mason	
	10 00	10 00	27	do	John Brophy	***************************************
48,967 75	2,809 26	51,777 01				
Ĩ			١.	 		ļ
	3 00	3 00	1	Rideau Canal & River	Benjamin Tett	
	3 00	3 00	2		Thomas May	
2 00	2 00	4 00	3	do	Henry James	}
8 25	8 25	16 50	4	do	Philip Kennedy	
78 75	11 25	90 00	5	i	Thomas Paget	1
			l	1		1
29 25	9 75	39 00	6	l .	George Morris	1
4 50	2 25	6 75	7	1	D. Cameron	1
32 25	3 75	3 75	8		George Rickey	
32 20	······	32 25	9	do	1	1
24 75	8 25	33 00	10	do	William Powell	
	10 00	10 00	11	do	Stafford Merrifield	
<b>y</b>	25 00	25 00	12	do	Canada Pacific Railway	St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway
	1	ļ		1	1	ICELIWBY
li .	}	1	1	}	1	1
1	·	·	_			

C.

Lessees' Accounts, 1883-84.

Cr.

Lot A.—Chaudière St.—Service Ground	Lessees Accounts, 1005-04.							OR.
Lot A.—Chaudière St.—Service Ground Lot B and C.— do Lot D.— do Lot D.— do Lot D.— do Lot D.— do Lot D.— do Lot D.— do Lot D.— do Lot S.— Fand G.—South Head Street. Lot M.— Service Ground Head Street. Lot L.—Service Ground, Morth Middle Street. Lot S.— N, N C and P.—Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— N, N C and P.—Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Middle Street. Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot S.— Service Ground, North Lot Calumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galumet. Lot Galu	Description of Property.	Number.	Date to which the Account is made	up.	Abatement Authorized.		due 884.	Total.
Reserve in front of South ½ Lot No. 23, Rideau front	Lots B and C.— do do Lot D.— do do Lots E, F and G.—South Head Street Lots H, I and J.—Grist Mill, South Head St. Lot K.—Fanning Mill, South Head Street Lot Lot L.—Service Ground do Lots Q, R and T.—Service Ground, North Middle Street Lots M, N, O and P.—Service Ground, no water used. Lot S.—Service Ground. Lots U, V, W, X, Y and Z.—Service Ground Two strips of land Lumber Yard. head of Slides Bridge over Slides Strip of Land Strip of Land Reserve, head of Island Small Island, Duchêne Rapids Water Lot Calumet Part of Lot 9, 1st Range, Chatham East portion of Hawley's Island Water Lots, opposite Lot 30, Con. A, Nepean. Three small Islands, opposite Lot 30, Con. A, Nepean Portion of Lot 39, Con. A. Water Lot foot of Majors' Hill, Ottawa do Cathaart Street, Ottawa Lot for pasture. Carillon Canal.	2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	do do do April 1, do do do Jan. 1, Sept. 1, June 30, Nov. 1, June 30, Dec. 1, May 1, Sept. 1, Jan. 1, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31, June 31,	 1884  1884  1885 1884 1885  1881 1881 1881 1883 1881 1883 1883		200 00 180 00 10 00 96 00 8 00 16 00	9, 779 66 1,680 00 7,268 00 6,383 32 2,040 00 2,080 00 6,120 00 2,040 00 12,000 00  2,040 00 24 00 380 00 240 00 500 00 500 00 20 00	\$ cts.  9,779 66 1,680 60 7,263 00 6,638 35 2,040 00 2,080 00 6,120 90  2,040 00 12,000 00 12,000 00 180 00 10 00 96 00 8 00 200 00 40 00 380 00 500 00 40 00 1 00 1 00 51,777 01
Reserve in front of Let No. 4, Con. 1, Oxford 11 July 1, 1884 10 00 10 Right of way of Canal, Lots 8 and 9, Dow's	Reserve in front of South ½ Lot No. 23, Rideau front	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Jan. 1, 1 do Jan. 1, Jan. 1, do do do Dec. 1, July 1,	1885.  1885.   1883. 1884.		3 00 2 00	16 50 90 00 39 00 6 75 32 25 33 00	3 00 3 00 4 00 16 50 . 90 00 39 00 6 75 3 75 32 25 33 00 10 00

Dr.

# APPENDIX C.—Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.—

			_		_		
Balance due on 1st July, 1833.	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Number.	Name of Work.		Present Occupant.	Original Lessee.
\$ cts.	\$ cts. 7 <b>5</b> 0	\$ cts. 7 50	13	Rideau Canal & River		John Blair	
5 00	80 00 5 00	80 00 10 00	14 15	do	:-	J. McLaren & Co Alfred Chester	J. McKay
	10 00	10 00	16	do		Jessie Miner	••••••
	12 00 1 00	12 90 1 00	17 18	do . do .		Hiram Easton John Graham	
	1 00 13 50	1 00 13 50	19 20	do		John Heney	• •••••• ••••••
	1 00 2 00	1 00 2 00	21 22	do .		R. W. Baxter George May	
8 00	4 00	12 00	23	do .		Widow A. Howlett	
6 00 6 00 2 00	3 00 2 00 10 00	6 00 9 00 4 00 10 00	24 25 26 27	ao .		William Rowland Francis Abbott Thomas Kingston Temporal Committee,	
1 00	2 00 1 00 1 00 4 50 2 00 25 00 5 90	2 00 1 00 2 00 4 50 2 00 100 00 5 00	28 29 30 31 32 33 34	do . do . do . do . do . do .		Andrew Hickey L. Duhamel W. J. Webster George Shepherd J. G White William Little A. U. White	
6 00	2 00	8 00	35			John Neville	
120 00		120 00	36	do .	•••	J. W. McRae & Co	
4 00	2 00	6 00	37	do .	•••	Robert McCloy	
	1 00	1 00	38		•••		***************************************
90 00 78 00	22 50	112 50 78 <b>0</b> 0	39 <b>4</b> 0		•••	R. E. Hardy	***************************************
	8 00	8 00	41	1	•••	T. & P. Collins	}
	9 00	9 00 1 00			•••	James Marks Henry Hartney	
67 50	11 25	78 75	44	do .		Charles McCaffrey	
52 50 105 00	105 00 105 00	157 50 210 00	45 46			J. S. Foster Wm. Anglin	
4 00	2 00	6 00	47	do .	•••	Wm. Anglin	Tashna Pater
3,780 00	120 00 2 00	3,900 00	48 49	do .	•••	Russell Ward William Lavender	
	5 60	5 00	50 51	do . do .	•••	Henry Merrick	**********

#### Lessees' Accounts 1888-84—Continued.

Description of Property.	Number.	Date to which the Account is made	dn.	Abatement Author-ized.	Paid during Fiscal Year.	Balance due 30th June, 1884.	Total.
				S cts.	\$ cts.		
Description of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Co				\$ cts.	ф съ.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Reserve in front of North 1 Lot No. 9, Con. 2, Nichol's Island	13	Jan. 1	. 1885		7 50		7 50
Green Island at Ottawa	14	Jan. 1,	1884.		80 00	****	80 00
Reserve of portion of Lot No. 3, Con. B, Wolford	15	July 1,	1884.	·····	5 00	5 00	10 00
Reserve of portion of Lot No. 2, Con. B,	['						
Lot above old Locks, Merrickville	17	Dec. 31	, 1883	•••••••••••	10 00 12 00		10 00 12 00
Reserve in front of North ½ Lot G, Con. C,	1				1 00		
Reserve at Deep Cut, Ottawa		Sep. 1,			1 00 1 00		1 00 1 00
Reserve in front of South 2 Lot C, Con. C,	1	Jan. 1,		İ	12.50		
Reserve in front of Lot G, Con. C, Nepean	21	do	1000.		13 50 1 00		13 50 1 00
Wharf privileges on Sub-Lots 29 and 30, on Lot K, Con. B, Nepean	22	do			2 00		
Reserve in front of Lot No. 40, Con. 1,			••		200	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	2 00
Nepean	23	July 1,	1884.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 00	12 00	12 00
do on Lot 40, Con. 1, Nepean	25	Nov. 1,	1884.			9 00	6 00 9 00
do Lot F, Con. C, do	26	do	••	••••••		4 00	4 00
Nepean	27	Jan. 1,	1885.		10 00	 	10 00
do Lot (1, Con. C, Nepean	28	Dec. 1,	1884		2 00 1 00		2 00
do No. 1, Con. 5 do	30	May 1,	1885.		2 00		1 00 2 00
do No. 4, 1 do do K O do	31	June 1,	, 1885 . 1884		4 50 2 00		4 50 2 00
Reserve on East side of Canal, Ottawa	83	April 1	, 1884			100 00	100 00
Reserve on West ½ Lot No. 27, Con. 1, Marlboro'	34	Jan. 1	, 1885		5 00		5 00
Reserve in front of his property at Deep Cut,			•				
Ottawa	35	do	•••			8 00	8 00
Ottawa		April 1	, 1882			120 00	120 00
Reserve on Sub-Lots 34, 35 and 36, Lot K, Con. C, Kingston		Nov. 1	, 1884	<b></b>		6 00	6 00
	l	do			1 00		
Reserve on Lot No. 1, Con. 4, Elmsly Reserve in front of Lot No. 3, Con. 2, Nepean	38 39	Jan. 1				112 50	1 00 112 50
Reserve in front of Lots Nos. 22 and 23, Con. A, Nepean	40	Ion 1	1884		}	78 00	78 00
Reserve in front of Lot No. 9, Con. 1, Glou-	1	Jan. 1	, 1001		i .	"0"	10 00
Reserve on Lot I, Con. B, Nepean					9 00	4 00	8 00
Reserve in front of Sub-Lots Nos. 64 and 65,	ł	Į		1		*******	9 00
Reserve in front of South & Lot No. 4, Con.	43	June 1	, 1885		1 00		1 00
2, Nepean	44	Jan. 1	, 1885		105 00	78 75	78 75
Water Power at Brewer's Lower Mills do Upper Mills	46	June 30 I do			105 00	52 50 210 00	157 50 210 00
Reserve on Lot No. 40, Con. 1, Nepean	47	do	•••	ļ		6 00	6 00
Reserve on part Lot No. 2, Con. 4, Smith's	48	May 1	, 1884	*****		3,900 00	3,900 00
Falls	49			ļ	2 00		2 00
Water Lot at Hog's Back Station	51	Jan. 1				5 00	5 00
	1	<u> </u>		1	1		

DR.

# APPENDIX C.—Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.—

Balance due on 1st July, 1883.	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1881.	Total.	Number.	Name of V	Work.	Present Occupant.	Original Lessee.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.					
16 50	8 25	24 75	52	Rideau Ca			
6 00	3 00	9 00	53	River do		M. Kilroe	
52 50	105 00	157 50	54	do		Francis Abbott Thomas H. Hughes	John Rourk
10 00	10 00	20 00	55	do	•••	John Branigan	
	50 00	50 00	56	do	•	London and Canadian Loan Co	
	1 00	1 00	57	do		Henry Jackson	
	0 20 13 00		59	do do	•••	A. Wood	
	120 00	130 (0	€0	do	•••	Michael Keily G. W. McCullough	
	19 00	19 00	61	do	•••	Patrick O'Donnell	
	2 00	2 00	62	<b>d</b> o	•••	Corporation of Ottawa.	
	1 00	1 00	63		•••	do do	
	80 00	80 00	64	do		J. G. Butterworth & Co	l
	80 00	<b>8</b> 0 00	65	do	•••	Dey Bros	***************************************
4,674 75	1,167 20	5,841 95					
123 00	246 00	<b>3</b> 69 00	1	Williams Canal		William Gibson	B. Chaffey
105 00	140 00	245 00	2	do	••	Cameron & McInnis	
140 00 3,680 00	140 00 160 00	<b>28</b> 0 00	3	do do	•••	Cameron & McInnis	J. Molsen, jun
2,180 00	140 00	<b>3,8</b> 10 00 <b>2,32</b> 0 00	5	do		W. T. Benson P. O'Keef	
15 00	5 00	20 00	6	do		J. C. irvine	
12 00		1., 00	7	do		K. McPherson	W. McLaughlin
12 00	12 00	24 00	8	do	•••	W. T. Benson	***** D. 11
20 00	20 00 24 00	40 00 24 00	10	do do	•••	W. M. Doran	
5 00	1 00	6 00	lii	do		Trustees School	
10 00	5 40	15 00	12	do		Wm. Clegg	
5 00 8 00	5 00 8 00	10 00 16 00	13 14	do		John Reid	
1)					- 1	G. P. Anderson	1
6,325 00	916 00	7,241 00	15	do	•••	Sidney Shaver	********
1			-	G 11 (	, , <u>}</u>	Andrew W. 3	
120 00 675 00	240 00 150 00	360 00 8°5 00	2	Cornwall (	janal.	Andrew Hodge	***************************************
270 00	150 00	270 00	3			W. D. & G. C. Wood	
	135 00	135 00	4		- 1		
300 00	120 00	420 00	5	do do	•••	George Stephen Stormont Cotton Co	
20 00	20 00	40 00	6	do	•••	Henry Harrison	
247 50		247 50	7	do	•••	J. & C. H. Wood	
	30 00	30 00	8	do		Toronto Paper Manufac- turing Co	
}	25 00	25 00	9	do	•••	Flack Bros	(40500 2000000000000000000000000000000000
1.632 50	730 00	2,352 50					_

## Lessees' Accounts, 1883-84—Continued.

Cr.

	_						
Description of Property.	Number.	Date to which the Account is made up.	4	Abatement Author-ized.	Paid during Fiscal Year.	Balance due, 30th June, 1884.	Total.
				\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Reserve in front of N. ½ Lot 8, Con. 1, Nepean Reserve on part of Lot No. 40 do Water Lot on Lot No. 38, Con. 4, Kingston Reserve on Lots Nos. 35 and 36, Con. 1, Kingston	53 54	Nov. 1, 1 July 1, 1	1884 1884	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	105 00	24 75 9 00 52 50 10 00	24 75 9 00 157 50 20 00
Surplus Water at Bulk Head, Rong Island Reserve in front of Lot B, Con. C, Nepean Reserve on part Lot 1, Con. 4, Nepean Lot near head of Deep Cut, Ottawa Lot for Coal Shed on Basin, Ottawa Reserve on Lot E, Con. D, Rideau Front Lot for Weigh-house, Canal Basin, Ottawa Small strip of Reserve for enlargement of 1	56 57 58 59 60 61 62	July 1, 1 Jan. 1, 1 July 1, 1 May 1, 1 June 1, 1 May 1, 2 do	1884 1885 1884 1885 1884 1885		13 00 19 00 2 00	1 00 0 20 120 00	50 00 1 03 0 20 13 00 120 00 19 00 2 00
mile track at Show GroundsLots 1 and 2, for Coal Shed, on S.E. side of Basin, Ottawa	63 64	June 30,	1885			80 00	1 00
Ottawa	65	May 1,	1885		80 00 604 25	5,237 70	5,841 95
Grist Mill, Mill Street, Williamsburg	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	do do do April 3, Mar. 1, Aug 30, Dec. 7, May 1, Aug. 1, do	 1883 1885 1884 1884 1884	12 60	10 00	123 00 245 00 180 00 3,840 00 2,250 00 20 00 12 00 24 00 6 00 15 00	369 00 245 00 280 00 3,840 00 2,320 00 12 00 24 00 40 00 24 00 6 00 15 00 10 00
Edwardsburg	114	Jan. 1, May 1,	1884 1884	12 00	16 00 10 00 484 00	10 00 6,745 00	16 00 20 00 7,241 00
Flour and Grist Mill, Lots 3 and 4	2	do	•••			120 00 75 00	360 00 825 00
No. 20	5 6	June 30, Jan. 1, June 30, May 1, June 30,	1884 1884 1885		135 00 360 00 20 00	60 00 20 00 247 50	270 00 135 00 420 00 40 00 247 50
Surplus water for Paper Mill, at Lock No. 18 Lot on south side of Water Street for a Coal Shed	9		•••		25 00	30 00	30 00 25 00
_					1,530 00	822 50	2,352 50

Dr.

# APPENDIX C.—Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.—

			7		<del>,                                     </del>	
lst	ccrued, year ended 20th June, 1884.					
по	enc 384					
9	8r				1	
Balance due July, 1883.	уе пе,	Total.	1	Name of Work.	Present Occupant.	Original Lagges
, 16	Ju,	Iotal.	Li	Mame of Work.	Fresent Occupant.	Original Lessee.
lly c	rue th		امّا		1	
lag'r	308		Number			
<u> </u>	¥		Z			
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.				
100 00	' !	100 00	,	Beauharnois	!	
100 00		100 00	*	Canal	N. Papineau D.	. B. Pease
20 00	20 00	40 00	2		H. Larocque	
60 00	20 60	80 00	3	1	E. Dion St	
20 00 358 50	20 00 717 00	40 00 1,075 50	5	do <b>do .</b> .		Demers & Co
60 00	120 00	180 00	6	do		tephen May
60 00	120 00	180 00	7	do	A. Anderson F.	. X. Poitras
60 00	120 00	180 00	8	do	Anderson & Wattie P.	. Poulin
240 00	120 00	360 00	9	do	J. Meloche	
	400 00	400 00	10	do	Montreal Cotton Co	
35 00	<b>35</b> 00	70 00	11	do	Lake St. Francis Navi-	
1	23 00	23 00	12	do	R. N. Walsh.	
	23 00	23 00	13	do .	James Anderson.	
20 00	20 00	40 00	14	do .	C. E. Wilson	******* ******* ******* *****
	20 00 20 <b>0</b> 0	20 00 20 00	15 16	do	Todd & Nicholson	
	20 00	20 00	17	do	Alex. McPhee & Co O. P. Dennie	
	10 CO	10 00	18		O. Longtin	
	15 00	15 00	119	do .	Est. A. Hodge (	
	14 00 10 00	14 00 10 00	20 21	do .	Alex. Cockburn	······································
4 00	4 00	8 00	22	do .	Wm. Hood.	******
	40 00	40 00	23	do .	Robert Steel	
	20 00 20 00	20 00 20 00	24 25	do	James Wattie	
	20 00	20 00	26	do .	Montreal Cotton Co	******* 2000** ******** *******
					1 40	***************************************
40.00	20 00	20 00	27	do	James McDonald	
40 00	20 00	40 00 20 00	28 29	do .	E. Bergin	••••
1			-"			**** ******** ******** *******
	20 00	20 00	30	do .	A. McFee & Co	
II.	20 00	20 00	31	đo .	. Auguste Lesperance	
	30 00	30 00	32	do .	Louis Leduc	
	20 00	20 00	33		Lake St. Francis Tow	
1		1			Boat Co	
1	20 00	20 00	34	đo.	. Eusibe French	
	)	j	)			******* ****** ******** ***************
	10 00	10 00	35	do .	. Moïse Lalande	
	40 00	40 00	36	do .	John H. Wilson	
	1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1			******************************
1.077.55	0.753.00	00:00	$\cdot$		]	
1,077 50	2,171 00	3,248 50		}	}	
			1		. 1	
215 00	430 00	645 00	1	Lachine Canal.	. Pillow, Hersey & Co	
215 00 215 00	430 00	645 00	3	í do.	.  do	
430 00	430 00 860 00	645 00 1,290 00	1 4		. Lymans, Sons & Co W Montreal Warehousing	v. гушан
11 -55 55	l	} '			Co	rant, Hall & Co
1	430 00	430 00	5	do .	James Macdougall	
	! 	<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	

Lessees' Accounts, 1883-84. - Continued.

 $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{R}}$ .

		Date to which the Account is made		-10	[ <del>8</del> ]	30th	
		n a		Author-	Fiscal	ĕ	
		ick 8		Ψn		g.	
Don't dies of December		wh ti		Abatement ized.	Paid during Year.	e due 1884.	
Description of Property.	ن	an		ien	n .	13	Total.
	pe	c t		d.	d ar.	ne,	
	Number	Ac	dn	bat ize	nid Yes.	Balance June, 1	
	Ź	Q		A	Pe	Ba	
	_						
j	-			\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
ļ				•			
Wheel I at Dr. Dimethe	,	Ton 1	1004			100.00	100 00
Wharf Lot, St. Timothy do Valleyfield	2	Jan. 1, May 1,	1884	**********	20 00	100 00 20 00	100 00   40 00
do St. Céicle	3	do				80 00	80 00
do do	4	do			20 00	20 00	40 00
Paper Mill on Lots 1, 2 and 3, Valleyfield Grist Mill on Lot 5, Valleyfield	6	June 30, do		•••••	717 00 120 00	358 50 60 00	1,075 50 180 00
Saw Mill, Head of Canal, Valleyfield	7	do	•••		120 00	60 00	1:0 00
Woolen Mill on Lot No. 2, and Building Lot,		_					
Valleyfield	8	do	•••		120 00	<b>60 0</b> 0	180 00
Lot at Lock No. 7 Lots at Head of Canal	10	do do	•••			360 00 400 00	360 00 400 00
			•••			100 00	100 00
Wharf and Shed above Guard Lock, Valleyfi'd	11	May 1,	1885		35 00	<b>35</b> 00	70 00
Wharf and Storehouse do do	12	Aug. 1,	1884		23 00	•••••	23 00
do do do do do do	14	Nov. 1.	1884		23 00 40 00		23 00 40 00
do do do	15	Oct. 1,	1884		20 00		20 00
do do ao	16	l do			20 00		20 00
	18	do do			20 00 10 00		20 00 10 00
do do do			•••		15 00		15 00
do do	20	do	•••		14 00		14 00
do Head of Canal	21	Sept. 1,	1884		10 00		10 00
Lot at Grande Isle, East end of Dam Lot above Guard Lock, Valleyfield	23	May 1.	1885	•••	4 00	4 00	8 00 40 00
Lot of Land in rear of Lots 1 and 2, Vailevield	124	July 1.	1884		20 00	40 00	20 00
Cadastral Lot 486. Grande Isle	25	May 1,	1885			20 00	20 00
do 845 for a Public Park, Valley- field	26	Jan. 1	1885		20 00		20 00
do 830. Valleyfield	27	July 1.	1884		20 00		20 00
Lot near St Timothy Bridge	28	Sept. 30,	1880			40 00	40 00
Lot for Wharf and Storehouse above St.	20	Mar 1	1008		10.00	10.00	90.00
Timothy Bridge, Valleyfield	23	Bray 1,	1000	••• ••••	10 00	10 00	20 00
Timothy Bridge, Valleyfield	30	do	•••		10 00	10 00	20 00
do do 00 ob	31	do	•••		10 00	10 00	20 00
Lot for Shops and Ship Yard above Guard	32	Sant 1	1004		20.00	İ	20.00
Lock, ValleyfieldLot for Wharf, north of Guard Lock, Valley-	32	Бери. 1,	1004	•••	30 00		30 00
field	33	July 1,	1884		20 00		20 00
Part of Lot 1, for Piling Ground, above Guard				Į			
Lock, Valleyfield	34	Sept. 1,	1884	·····	20 00	••••••	20 00
Lock, Vallayfield	35	do	•••	l	10 00		10 00
Part of Lot 1 for Coal Yard, above Guard	ļ	l .					
Lock, Valleyfield	36	July 1,	1884	•••••	40 00		40 00
				/ <del></del>	1,561 00	1,687 50	3,248 50
		1			1,501 00	1,001 00	
<u> </u>	١.,			1	ļ		
Spike and Nail Factory, Lot 15	1 2	June 30,	1884		430 00	215 00	645 00
Paint Mill, Lot 17	3	do do	•••		430 00 430 00	215 00 215 00	645 00 645 00
	آ ا	]	•••		00	1	
Grist and Flour Mill, Lot 18 and 19	4	do		••••••	860 00	430 00	1,290 00
do do 11	5	April 1,	1884	****	430 00		430 00
	1	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	

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# APPENDIX C.—Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.—

DK.				II MINDIA (	O	-iiyalaane ana oi	Mor Mondo, Co.
Balance due on 1st July, 1883.	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Number.	Name of Wor	rk.	Present Occupant.	Original Lessee.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.					
840 00	650 00 1,680 00 40 00 75 00 10 00 30 00	650 00 2,520 00 40 00 75 00 10 00 30 00	6 7 8 9 10	Lachine Cans do do do do do		Peck, Benny & Co Ira Gould & Son Richelieu Navigation Co do E. V. Mosely & Co Beauharnois Steam Nav-	Mosely & Rickers
	60 00 1 00 1,296 00	60 00 1 00 1,296 00	12 13 14	do do do	•••	Augustin Cantin Ira Gould & Son	Ira Gould
2,330 50 6,000 00	1,601 00	3,931 50	15 16	do do	•••	Corporation of Montreal	W. Parkyn
196 00	1,000 00 392 00	7,000 00 588 00	17 18	do do	•••	George Tait Frothingham & Work- man	G. & W. 181t
132 00	264 00 430 00	396 00 430 00	19 20	do do		H. McLennan Peck, Benny & Co	man
	100 00 700 00	100 00 700 00	21 22	do do	•••	Montreal Transportation	
1,328 00	1 00 1,328 00	1 00 2,656 00	23 24	do		CoS. DelisleW. L. Maltby	1
<b>645</b> 00	645 00 645 00	1,290 00 645 00	25 26	do		James McDougall Peck, Benny & Co	do
	30 00 100 00	30 00 100 00	27 28	do	•••	Richelieu and Ontario	
	300 00	300 00	29			fining Co	
	1 00 150 00	1 00	30			ing Co	1
	25 00	25 00	32	do do		David a Alama G	
	180 00 400 00	180 00 400 00	33 34		•••	Vital ParadisAcer & Kennedy	
12,546 50	14,714 00	27,260 50	-   -			   	
5 00 2 50 19 34	50 00 60 00	50 00 5 00 2 50 19 34 60 00	1 2 3 4 5	do do do	•••	M. S. Willett J. A. Maurice do J. C. Pierce & Sons South Eastern Railway Co	
20 00	20 00	40 00 176 84	6	do	•••	Catelli Bros	

## Lessees' Accounts 1883-84—Continued.

Cr.

					~		
Description of Property.	Number.	Date to which the Account is made	-dn	Abatement Author-	Paid during Fiscal Year.	Balance due 30th June, 1884.	Total.
				\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Elevator and Store, Lots 9 and 10	8	May 1,	1884 18 <b>85</b>		40 00 75 00	840 00	650 00 2,520 00 40 00 75 00 10 00
Freight Shed, Basin No. 1	13 14	do April 1, do	1884		60 00 1 00 1296 00	2,330 50	30 00 60 00 1 00 1,296 00 3,931 50
Dry Dock, Shipyard and Mill, Basin No. 2	17	July 1, June 30,	1884 1884	•••	1000 00	6,000 00	7,000 00
Warehouse and Coal Yard, Lot No. 1, Basin	18	do			392 0 <del>0</del>	196 00	588 00
Grain Elevator on ½ Lot No. 2	29 20	do May 22,	 1884	•••••	264 00 430 00	132 00	396 00 430 00
Island No. 5, Shipyard, &c	ı			ł	100 00		100 00
Land at Basin No. 4	23	do	•••		700 00 1 00		700 00 1 00
No. 2 Flour Mill on Lot 5 and ½ of 6, Basin No. 2	24 25 26	do	1884	······································	967 50 322 50	2,656 00 322 50 322 50	2,656 00 1,290 00 645 00
Freight Shed on Basin No. 1	27	Мау 1,	1885		30 00		30 00
Water Supply through 10-inch pipe, Basin No. 1	28 29	July 1, do	1 <b>8</b> 84 	***********	100 00 200 00	100 00	100 00 300 00
Public Park Part of Cadastral Lot No. 323, Point St.	{				1 00		1 00
water supply through a 6 inch pipe to their				******	150 00		150 00
Establishment, St. Henry	33	Jan. 1,	1885	•••••		180 00	25 00 180 00
St. Charles	34	Oct. 1,	1884			14 154 50	400 00
					13,106 00	14,154 50	27,260 50
Wharf Lot and Store at Lock No. 4, Chambly Lot near upper entrance to Lock No. 7 do . Lock on West side of Canal at do . Lot for Store House, St. Johns	2 3	July 1, Old bals do Nov. 19,	ince.	****** ********************************		50 00 5 00 2 50 19 34	50 00 5 00 2 50 19 34
Wharf Lot at St. Joseph, near Lock No. 4 Lot of Land opposite Lock No. 7, Chambly.	5	july 1, May 1,	1884	****	60 00 20 00	20 00	60 00 40 00
					80 00	96 84	176 84

DR.

# APPENDIX C .- Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.-

,							
Balance due on 1st July, 1883.	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Number.	Name of Work.		Present Occupant.	Original Lessee.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.				ľ	
1,217 45	187 30	1,404 75	1	Welland Canal .	. IF	R. & J. Laurie	R. Laurie
120 00	240 00	360 00	2	do	$\cdot \hat{\mathbf{s}}$	Reelan	R. & J. Laurie
10 00	20 00	30 00	3	do		do	
1 050 00	176 00	176 00	4 5	do de		A. Muir	Danaldson, Andrews &
1,050 00		1,050 00	١	ue	1	andrews or bons	Ross
1,270 50		1,270 50	6	do	· [I	Conaldson, Andrews &	
50 00	100 00	150 00	7	do	۱	William Hutchison	
4,285 00	260 00	4,545 00	8	do	٠٠١٪	Futtle, Date & Rodden.	John L. Ranney
300 00	150 00	450 00	9	do	.	S. Neelan	C. Phelps
80 00	40 00	120 00	10			Norris & Neelan	
167 66	10 00 167 66	10 00 335 32	$\frac{11}{12}$	do	•	M. Kerins	R. Collier
280 00	140 00	420 00	13	do		I. B. Smith	Thomas Towers
250 00	500 00	750 00	14			St. Catharines Water	r(
	20 60	20 00	15	do .		Power Co St. Catharines and Wel- land Canal Gas Ligh	- t
225 00 15 00	75 00 10 00°	300 00 25 00	16 17	do . do .		J. C. & J. Gillespie St. 'atharines Stree	t
100 50		100 50	18	do .		•	
	75 00	75 00	19	,	- 1		
		ł	1	Į	ļ		J
	12 00	12 00	20				
432 00	216 00	648 00	21	do .	·•• }	Gillespie & McLean	197 D = 44==
120 00	600 00	720 00	22	do .	•••	Gordon & McKay	W. Beatty
960 00	240 00	1,200 00	23	do .		John Riordan	
900 00	200 00	1,100 00	24	do .		do	
400 00	400 00	800 CO	25	do .			
li .	120 00	120 00	26	. 40	- 1	Inmaa Wilson	
63 60		127 20		do do	•••	McPherson & Wair	Wm. Beatty
250 00		300 00		do d		J. McDonagh	W. H. Ward
1,308 00	146 00	1,454 (0	29	e do	•••	do	do
75 00	25 00	100 00	30	do .	•••	John Battle	
280 00		360 00			•••		
444 00		666 00		do	•••	P. Howland	
65 00		195 00		do do	•••	James Norris	Brown & Ross
120 00 55 00		200 00 165 00			••	W R Robinson	Welland Canal LoanCo
10 00							d
180 00				71 do		John Battle	
5,007 46		. 5,007 46	3	8) đo		Wright & Duncan	
				ob le		P. H. Musson	
940 00				0 do	•••	J. & J. Abbey	McFarland & Lemon
325 70 280 00				l do 2 do	•••	S Neelan	R. Band
156 00	1	1	1	4		l .	Dock Co
40 00		. 40 00		do do	•••	F. O. White	
P	·			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

Lessees' Accounts, 1883-84—Continued.

Cr.

							,
Description of Property.	Number.	Date to which the Account is made up.		Abatement Author- ized.	Paid during Fiscal Year.	Balance due 30th June, 1884.	Total.
				\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Grist Mill, Waste Weir No. 1, Port Dalhousie.  Mill Lot do do  Lot near do do  Docks near Lock No. 1 do	1 2 3 4	June 30, 18 do do do	84		1,311 10 240 00 20 00 176 00	93 65 120 00 10 00	1,404 75 360 00 30 00 176 00
Dry Dock, part do do	5	do				1,050 00	1,050 00
Lot at Lock No. 2 do Saw Mill at Lock No. 5 do	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	do do do do do do do			100 00 375 00 100 00 5 00 167 66 350 00	1,270 50 50 00 4,545 00 75 00 20 00 5 00 167 66 70 00	1,270 50 150 00 4,545 00 450 00 120 00 10 00 335 32 420 00
Water from Locks 3 to 11 do	14	do	•••		500 00	250 00	<b>75</b> 0 <b>0</b> 0
Lot near Lock No. 5 do	15 16	Jan. 1, 18 Oct. 1, 18	884 884		20 00	300 00	20 00 300 00
Privilege of placing Bridge over Waterway, St Catharines	4	do Mar. 1, 18	 885	*******		25 00 100 50	25 00 100 <b>5</b> 0
Part of Lock No. 16, Con. 4, Grantham  Saw Mill at Lock No. 21, Merritton  Cotton Factory, at Locks 12, 13 and 14,	19 20 21	July 1, 18 June 30, 18	884 883	   	12 00 432 00	216 00	75 00 12 00 648 00
Merritton	23 24	do	884			720 00 1,200 00 1,100 00	720 00 1,200 00 1,100 00
No 15, Merritton	26 27 28 29	do do	•••		60 00 63 60 275 00 225 00	800 00 60 00 63 60 25 00 1,229 00	800 00 120 00 127 20 300 00 1,454 00
Lock No. 25, Thorold	31 32 33 34	do do do do			555 00 130 00	100 00 360 00 111 00 65 (0 200 00	100 00 360 00 666 00 195 00 200 00
do do 23 do	36   37   38   38   40	Oct. 1, 1 June 30, 1 Jan. 1, 1 April 1, 1 Feb. 7, 1	*84 882 884 876		110 00 15 00 20 00	300 00	165 00 15 00 300 00 5,007 46 20 00 940 00 394 38
Water to float vessels, Port Robinson Saw Mill, Welland Lot of four acres for pasturage, Welland	.  43	do do	884	. ]	350 00	70 00 208 00 40 00	420 00 208 00 40 00

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APPENDIX C.—Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.—

18t	ded					
Ö g	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1884.					
Balance due c July, 1883.	yea ine,	Total.		Name of Work.	Present Occupant	Original Lessee.
се У, 1	16d,		er.	1.4410 01 11 0141	riosent Woodpant.	Oliginal Dessee.
Jul	30th		Number			
	<del> </del>	 	ž			
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts				
141 15		141 15		Welland Canal.	Hendershot Bros	
151 30 300 00		151 30 300 00	46	do		A Sherwood
25 00	25 00	50 00	48		L. G. Carter	A K. Scholfield
12 50	20 00 25 00	20 00 37 50	49 50		Welland Railway Co	
79 94	53 32	133 26	51	do	J. & F. Conlin Edward Lee	
20 00	10 00	30 00	52		Alex. Lattimore	
715 00 30 00	47 66 60 00	762 66	53		A. McDonald	William Melamby
173 34	28 90	90 00 20 <b>2</b> 24	54 55		R. Chambers S. & J. Haney	S. Darling
<b>35 6</b> 0	17 78	53 38	56	do	S. Walthe & Co	L. J. Weatherly
357 75 549 43	37 66 51 11	395 41 600 54	57 58	do	S. & J. Haney W. Scholfield	Brown & Merritt
623 97	46 22	670 19	59		M. A. Smith	
70 00		70 00	60	do	John Taylor	·····
30 00 40 00	120 00 20 00	150 <b>90</b> 60 00	61 62		John W. Holmes George Wallace	
25,187 85	5,833 89	31,021 74	,  			
			•			
····	40 00	40 00	1	Trent R'r Works	Estate J. Cummings	Jas. Cummings
	1 00	1 00	2	St. Anne's Locks		Canada Mutual Tele
	1 00	1 00	3	do		graph Co Dominion Telegrap
2 00	1 00	<b>3</b> 00	4	St.Lawrence Riv	****** ******** * ***** *****	CoQuebec Harbour Con
3 00	1 00	4 00	5	do	***************************************	missioners L. T. Pinze
	25 00	25 00	6	do	****** ******* * ****** ******	Richelieu and Ontar
100 00	100 00	200 00	7	Burlington Bay Canal	Sarah K. Birely	Navigation Co
	20 00	20 00	8	do	***************	B. Perry
·····	10 00 180 00	10 00 180 00	10	do British Columbia		J. C. McKeand Henry Holbrooke
1 <b>6</b> 5 00		165 00	11	do	******	A. Peel
90 00	30.00	90 00	12	do	***************************************	Jonathan Maury
40 00	20 00	60 00			***************************************	S. H. Fowler
5 00	5 00	10 00	14		***************************************	B. Heyd
<b>4</b> 0 <b>5 0</b> 0	404 00	809 00	1			

Lessees' Accounts, 1883-84.—Continued.

Cr.

Description of Property.	Number.	Date to which the Account is made up.	Abatement Author-ized.	Paid during Fiscal Year.	Balance due, 30th June, 1884.	Total.
Wheel I at Walland	18	Dag 21 190	\$ cts	1	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Wharf Lot, Welland	46  47  48	do June 30, 187 June 30, 188	8		141 15 151 30 300 00 50 00	141 15 151 30 300 00 50 00 29 00
Lot for Elevator. Port Colborne	.  51	do .		25 00	12 50 133 26	37 50 133 26
Marshville	.  53 .  54 .  55	do . do . do .		60 00	30 00 762 66 30 00 202 24	30 00 762 66 90 00 202 24
Carding Mill         do	. 57 . 58 . 59	do . do .			53 38 395 41 600 54 670 19	53 38 395 41 600 54 670 19
Wharf Lot do	61	July 1, 188	4		70 00 150 <b>60</b> 60 00	70 00 150 00 60 00
Takan 2 Yank Harra (Ikishalmia Danida		Toma 90 100		5,792 36	25,229 38	31,021 74
Lot and Lock House, Chisholm's Rapids  Permission to place a Pole on Government	ıt		1		1.00	40 00
Reserve	3	do May 1, 188 Sept. 1, 188	1	i	3 00	1 00 1 00
do for Office at River du Lou Roadway, from Pier at Coteau Landing	p 5	June 30,188	4	4 00 25 00	3 00	3 00 4 00 25 00
do	8	Jan. 1, 188		. 100 00 . 20 00	100 00	200 00 20 00 10 00
Camp Reserve, with Wharf and Building New Westminster  Portion of Assay Office, New Westminster do do	8, 10 11	June 30, 188	34	180 00	165 00 90 00	180 00 165 00 90 00
Lot near Town of Alberton, for piling lumber Permission to use the Post Office draftn	er   13	May 1, 188 Aug. 1, 188	35	. 10 00	60 00	60 00 10 00
				. 390 00	419 00	809 00

DR.

#### APPENDIX C .- Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.,-

Balance due on Pur- chase, 1st July, 1883.	Accrued, year ended 30th June, 1884.	Total.	Name of Work.	Name of Proprietor.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		LAND SALES-PRINCIPAL ACCOUNT.
		2,536 87 433 34 333 34 300 00 147 80 248 40 154 80 600 00 333 33 63 00 533 33 54 38 50 59 15 13 06 14 21 4 00 33 59 0 35 96 66 4 90 23 29 12,092 83	Bonner's Rent, Quebec  Intercolonial Railway	John Bailev, now Alexander Powell. Abraham Thompson John Boomer John Garbatz, now J. C. Nolan  N. H. Bowen Estate Robert Reed Jean Chevalier Thomas McAdam Daniel Holden George Creeley John and William Sproule John Ferguson Joseph Graham Paul Foster Donald McArthur Cornelius Dyer John Foster William and John T. Ives Christie Family A. W. Tanner William and Alexander Scott.
18,464 55		18,464 55		Land Sales-Interest Account.
2,546 55 558 00 80 00 198 (0 102 00 186 36	20 00 18 00 8 87 14 91	2,850 99 558 00 100 00 216 00 110 87 201 27	Lachine Canal Bonner's Rents, Quebec.	Timothy Sullivan, now M. Murphy
153 21 612 00 190 00 298 68 25 91 100 00 100 00 6,298 25	9 29 36 00	162 50 648 00 190 00 298 68 35 91 100 00 100 00 6,293 25	Hamilton and Port Dover	Daniel Holden
11,458 96	411 51	11,870 47		

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 15th August 1884.

Lessees' Account 1883-84—Continued.

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Description of Property.	Date to which the Account is made up	Abatement Author-ized.	Paid during Fiscal Year.	Balance due 30th June, 1884.	Total.
		\$ cts.	\$ ets	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Farm. Côte St. Paul				2,536 87 434 34 303 04 303 00 147 80 248 40 154 80 600 60 333 33 63 00 505 83 533 33 54 38 50 59 13 06 14 21 4 00 33 59 0 35 96 66 4 90	2,536 87 433 34 333 34 30 00 147 80 248 40 164 80 600 00 333 33 63 00 503 13 335 54 28 50 59 15 13 06 14 21 4 00 33 59 0 35 96 66 4 90
130 do do  Hamilton and Port Dover Road and Caledonia Bridge	1000000			23 29 12,092 83	23 29 12,092 83
				18,464 55	18, 161 55
Farm, at Côte St. Paul  Lot No. 1, Wolfe Street	do 1880 do 1983 do do do Nov. 1, 1863 do do do			2,850 99 658 0J 100 0J 2 6 00 1:0 87  201 27 162 50 648 00 190 00 298 68 35 91 100 00	2,850 99 558 00 150 00 216 00 110 87 201 27 162 50 648 00 190 00 298 68 35 91 100 00 100 00
donia Bridge	June 30, 1874			6,298 25	6,298 25
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E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

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## SUPPLEMENT No. 1

TO THE

# INLAND REVENUE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1884.

## CANAL STATISTICS

FOR

SEASON OF NAVIGATION.

1884.



OTTAWA: PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET. 1885.

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#### SUPPLEMENT No. 1.

TO THE

#### REPORT

OF THE

## COMMISSIONER OF INLAND REVENUE.

To the Honorable

The Minister of Inland Revenue.

SIR,-I have the honor to submit my Report on the Canal Statistics for the season of navigation of 1884.

1. The statistics of the season of 1883 are printed with the Annual Decrease of Report of the Department, and comparing them with those row 1884. submitted, it will be seen that the aggregate revenue has decreased in 1884 by \$52,850.47.

The decrease is as follows:-

		Increase.	
On the	Welland Canal	********	<b>\$</b> 33,632 11
do	St. Lawrence Canals	•••••	9,827 02
do	Burlington Bay Canal	<b>\$</b> 8 64	**********
do	Chambly Canal	•••••	3,309 00
do	Rideau Canal	*******	1,425 15
do	Ottawa Canals		5,374 59
do	St. Peter's Canal	664 34	******
do	Newcastle District Canals	44 42	••••••
		\$717 40	<b>959</b> 567 <b>9</b> 7

**\$717 40 \$53,567 87** 

Showing a decrease of...... \$52,850 47

Or a little more than 14 per cent.

2. This decrease was, however, swelled to \$66,174.73 by refunds Further remade under Order in Council, the explanation of which is as fol-Revenue by lows:--

reduction of tolls on grain.

Early in the season, shippers and forwarders in Montreal and elsewhere urged upon the Government the opinion that abolition of tolls on the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals would result in attracting a largely increased volume of east-bound freight, especially grain, to these canals and the St. Lawrence route to the seaboard.

To test the soundness of the conclusion, His Excellency the Governor in Council authorized the reduction by one-half, for the season of 1884 only, of the tolls on grain passing through these canals bound to Montreal or any Canadian port east of that point.

That the reduction might not be taken advantage of by persons passing grain through the canals for delivery to any other than the ports mentioned, the full amount of tolls was collected, and a refund of the authorized reduction was made upon proof of the delivery of the grain at Montreal.

I may as well state at this point that the expectation of the shippers has not been justified by the result, and I am confirmed in the opinion expressed in my last year's report, that to abandon the tolls "would be simply a loss of so much revenue, to be imposed elsewhere, while no material increase of traffic would necessarily accrue."

Comparison of quantity of grain passed down Welland Canal to V. S. Ports Ind to Monreal.

3. The following figures show that while there has been a steady increase in the quantity of grain passed through the Welland Canal, bound for United States ports, during a period of five years, the quantity passed through the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals, bound to Montreal, was less in 1884 than during any previous year of the five.

The quantity of tarley, corn, oats, pease, rye and wheat, passed down the Welland Canal from United States ports to United States ports for a period of five years is as follows:—

	Tons.
1880	47,029
1881	64,351
1882	63,881
1883	121,876
1884	104.537

The quantity of these articles passed down the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals from ports west of Port Colborne to Montreal, for the same period, is as follows:—

	Tons.
1880	332,806
1881	146,127
1882	180,694
1883	186,814
1884	142,194

Decrease of freight from Montreal to 4. The quantity of freight passed westward through the canals, from Montreal to ports west of Port Colborne, has decreased from 37,190 tons, in 1881, to 9,425 tons in 1884.

The principal decrease has been in iron and salt, which has ports west of Port Coldecreased from 30,682 tons, in 1881, to 3,242 tons in 1884. borne.

There has also been a slight decrease in general merchandise, although the tolls were decreased on this class of goods from 60 cents to 20 cents per ton in 1881.

- 5. The statistical comparisons heretofore given in respect of the Comparison quantities of the principal articles carried through the Welland York Canals. Canal and those carried over routes in the United States, in competition with that work, have been continued to date.
- 6. The quantity of grain transhipped at Port Colborne in 1884 and three previous years is given below. The total number of grain-ment of grain-laden vessels lightened at that port in 1884 was 64, against 65 in the at Port Colborne. previous year. The number unladen without entering the canal was 1 against 5 in 1883. The quantity of grain lightered was as follows:

	1881. Centals.	1882. Centals.	1883. Centals.	1884. Centals.
$\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{heat}, \dots}$	154,13	18,380	46,601	86,652
Corn	132,921	32,053	315,410	297,025
Barley		••••••	*******	Nil

The quantity of grain discharged in the port from vessels which did not enter the canal, was as follows:

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
	Centals.	Centals.	Centals.	Centals.
Wheat	113,890	13,200	69,919	2,091
Corn	179,660	••••••	•••••	Nil
Barley			*******	Nil

7. On reference to the returns made by the railways to the State Proportion of authorities of New York, and to the canal statistics submitted to freight carthe State Legislature, I find that the total tonnage of freight carried York Canals and competby the canals and railways, the State canals carried :-

ing Railways.

In	1859	68.9	per cent.
	1869	47.0	do
	1870	38.9	do
	1871	$38 \cdot 9$	do
	1872	40.1	do
	1873	$34 \cdot 9$	do
	1874	31.7	do
	1875	28.4	do
	1876	24.6	do
	1877	28.3	do
	1878	27.1	do
	wii		

In	1879	23.7	per cent.
	1880	25.1	do
	1881	18.5	do
	1882	19.0	do
	1883	18.7	do
	1884	19.0	do

The quantity of freight carried by the canals and railways was less in 1884, by 3,873,275 tons, than the quantity carried in 1883.

The proportion carried by canals shows an increase as compared with the previous year. The quantities carried are as follows:—

		Total Tonnage.	Proportion by Canals.
In	1859	5,485,076	·6890
	1869	12,453,174	4705
	1870	15,148,274	·389 <b>5</b>
	1871	15,844,152	·3896
	1872	16,631,609	·4012
	1873	18,200,208	.3497
	1874	18,283,547	.3174
	1875	17,101,758	·2841
	1876	16,948,627	·2462
	1877	17,489,770	·2833
	1878	. 19,017,301	.2719
	1879	22,590,766	·2373
	1880	25,706,586	.2512
	1881	27,857,394	·1859
	1882	<b>. 2</b> 8,693,0 <b>5</b> 4	·1905
	1883	30,167,119	·1877
	1884	. 26,293,844	·190 <b>5</b>

By reference to statement H, as to the quantity of vegetable food carried to tide water, it will be observed that the quantity carried by canal was 1,236,986 tons, as against 1,379,000 in 1883, 1,118,776 in 1882, 2,371,090 in 1880, and 1,302,613 in 1869.

The quantities carried by New York Central and Erie Railways being:—

		Tons.
In	1884	3,639,805
	1883	4,422,461
	1882	3,885,557
	1880	4,732,385
	1869	1,087,809
	viii	

8. The following figures are an abstract of the quantities of Proportion of Vegetable Food carried to tide-water by the canals and railways of food carried the State of New York during sixteen years :-

by New York Canals and competing Railway.

	Canals.	Railways.	Total.	Proportion by Canals.
1869	1,302,613	1,087,809	2,390,422	•545
1870	1,295,010	1,766,457	3,061,467	· <b>4</b> 23
1871	1,850,198	2,205,589	4,055,787	•456
1872	1,674,320	1,870,614	3,544,934	·472
1873	1,745,171	2,036,992	3,782,163	•461
1874	1,767,598	2,791,517	4,559,115	-387
1875,	1 <b>,3</b> 05,550	2,343,241	3,648,791	•357
1876	1,064,293	2,875,803	3,940,096	•270
1877	1,498,984	2,493,683	3,992,667	•375
1878	1,912,734	3,695,764	5,608,498	•341
1879	1,833,399	4,353,617	6,187,016	•296
1880	2,371,090	4,732,385	7,103,475	•333
1881	1,116,561	<b>4,983,7</b> 22	6,100,283	•183
1882	1,118,776	3,885,557	5,004,333	•223
1883	1,379,000	4, 422, 461	5,801,461	•237
1884	1,236,986	3,639,805	4,876,791	·253
			·	<u> </u>

From which it appears that the proportion of the total volume of freight, of the description mentioned, carried by railways, has increased from .455, in 1869, to .747, in 1884.

Statements similar to those published in relation to the season of navigation of 1883 are hereto appended.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. MIALL.

Commmissioner Inland Revenue.

OTTAWA, 8th April, 1885.

C.—TABLE showing the Tonnage o the undermentioned Articles, moved on

	1869. Tons.	1870. Tons.	1871. — Tons.	1872. Tons.	1873. — Tons.	1874. — Tons.	1875. Tons.
VEGETABLE FOOD.							
Flour	71,051 670,534 256,475 99,012 92,309 13,489 99,743 1,302,613	54,978 658,524 193,129 123,191 117,941 19,520 127,727 1,295,010	41,211 748,549 672,057 113,992 129,891 34,563 109,935 1,850,198	20,534 403,903 902,753 120,061 92,959 13,357 120,753 1,674,320	19,307 803,064 637,296 70,586 70,023 30,160 114,735 1,745,171	29,134 772,163 519,203 98,654 59,408 8,215 280,821 1,767,598	17,635 744,293 282,031 104,475 62,717 8,309 86,090 1,305,550
HEAVY GOODS.  Railway Iron Other Iron Salt Coal Ores Total	137,677 79,652 263,333 1,324,408 183,992 1,989,062	135,930 89,708 266,740 1,558,185 238,802 2,289,365	178,269 100,310 248,709 1,194,037 289,952 2,011,277	161,667 96,996 248,558 1,462,590 377,592 2,347,403	53,363 62,581 216,706 1,625,859 415,968 2,374,477	24,511 82,955 173,590 1,413,162 232,544 1,926,762	36,603 95,305 186,785 1,217,091 283,219 1,819,003

Note.—In 1872 there was a change made in the rate of tolls, by which the tariff on flour, wheat, railway iron, domestic salt and bituminous coal,

all the Canals in the State of New York during a series of Sixteen Years.

1876. Tons.	1877. Tons.	1878. Tons.	1879. — Tons.	1850. Tons.	1881. Tons.	1882. —— Tons.	1883. — Tons.	1884. Tons.
9,290 416,376 365,254 96,491 52,147 19,949 104,783	8,923 448,043 723,458 139,453 66,045 35,948 77,114 1,498,984	5,904 844,555 734,993 89,534 85,029 64,613 88,106 1,912,734	7,164 949,466 621,180 96,144 23,164 59,210 77,071 1,833,399	8,266 966,052 1,156,619 106,247 20,893 26,340 86,673 2,371,090	6,926 444,832 475,823 81,587 30,321 15,484 61,588	9,372 647,216 251,687 96,650 22,180 43,372 53,300 1,118,776	9,047 573,740 522,978 58,787 51,607 95,246 67,695 1,379,000	7,251 790,409 198,216 65,008 52,696 71,462 51,944 1,236,986
11,691 69,450 114,070 1,036,698 173,530 1,405,439	10,341 58,828 156,918 1,286,881 250,573 1,763,541	8,385 65,642 139,927 889 873 210 078 1,313,905	27,634 99,568 136,021 971,074 314,411 1,548,708	94,613 139,993 144,487 959,342 370,884 1,709,319	78,650 205,005 113,756 1,092,003 337,873 1,827,287	58,921 122,786 108,040 1,228,435 364,361 1,882,543	46,553 47,412 190,392 1,152,849 293,892 1,731,098	28,513 54,471 161,788 954,288 201,610 1,400,670

barley, rye, anthracite coal and iron ore was reduced one-half; on corn and oats, two fifths; and on one-third,—and in 1883 the tolls were abolished.

D.—Table showing the Tonnage of the undermentioned Articles moved through the Welland Canal during a series of Fourteen Years, ended 31st December, 1884.

	Fiscal Year, 1869. Tons.	1872. Tons.	1873. Tons.	1874. — Tons.	1875. Tons.	1876. Tons.	1877. — Tons.	1878. — Tons.	1879. — Tons.	1880. Tons.	1881. — Tons.	1882. Tons.	1883. Tons.	1884. — Tons.
VEGETABLE FOOD.  Flour	45,674 313,825 120,569 20,951 904 1,937 503,860	26, 651 239, 998 254, 902 6, 035 7, 752 64 2, 745 538, 147	30,665 355,847 180,169 8,225 1,194 3,777 579,850	24,019 413,212 181,151 13,871 5,954 513 8,677	13,964 253,835 103,749 35,751 3,383 917 6,337	15,778 201,906 144,501 18,455 24,496 1,454 3,198 409,788	13,558 253,953 169,196 19,870 2,810 2,439 2,355 464,181	9,121 191,982 185,931 10,979 3,088 2,302 403,403	10,710 274,570 144,506 4,655 1,239 440 2,444 438,564	12,679 245,020 163,738 17,772 477 1,016 1,480 442,182	9,959 127,832 103,075 24,599 	12,261 215,056 54,799 20,126 611 3,226 403 206,482	13,471 152,794 182,269 10,436 731 1,642 10,983 372,326	13,683 144,851 118,811 7,155 10,746 1,320 9,168
Railway Iron	68,064 16,924 91,575 37,153 103,126 58,781 275,623	26,217 17,141 50,540 44,243 186,932 98,605 423,678	6,923 20,754 40,850 17,159 339,016 118,685 543,387	6,032 12,068 23,309 9,579 323,503 56,825 431,316	1,517 7,588 13,509 9,962 321,306 43,683 397,565	51 7,997 30,300 20,327 288,211 31,654 378,540	9,630 9,696 9,173 3,983 323,869 42,758 399,109	10 11,518 3,980 12,686 295,318 15,229 338,741	2,782 5,797 7,174 17,796 192,957 19,164 245,670	5,360 4,812 413 22,273 109,986 34,139 176,983	4,585 7,013 10 30,682 128,113 18,785	5,348 50 17,327 237,559 23,700 283,984	1,237 7,922 66 17,037 307,058 31,785 365,105	698 652 461 3,242 274,471 53,205 332,729

E.—Table showing the Tonnage of the undermentioned Articles cleared at Buffalo and Tonawanda for transit through the Erie Canal for a series of Sixteen Years.

_	1869. — Tons.	1870. Tjons.	1871. — Tons.	1872. — Tons.	1873. — Tons.	1874. — Tons.	1875. — Tons.	1876. Tons.
VEGETABLE FOOD.								
Flour	63,728 2,150 2,193	502,158 165,577 19,944 89,156 10,593 6,906	579,709 19,810 106,391 27,622	330,032 866,169 41,515 73,572 5,900 88	611,675 8,636 51,615 22,441 634	650,161 459,728 3,192 44,079 112 237	273,006 1,156 36,609 2,242 3,372	6,335 26,488 12,205 4,691
*Increase *Decrease		2.05	67.29	67 · 50	82.10	47.18	29.38	0.39

E.—Table showing the Tonnage of the undermentioned Articles cleared at Buffalo and Tonawanda for transit through the Erie Canal, &c.—Concluded.

-	1877. Tons.	1878. Tons.	1879. Tons.	1880. Tons.	1881. Tons.	1882. Tons.	1883. Tons.	1884. Tons.
Vegetable Food.								
Flour	1,710 398,416 709,723 26,351 54,559 27,365 4,976	987 775,953 718,714 21,665 69,256 51,064 6,662	14,537 40,471	2,743 897,603 1,131,857 434 16,154 12,137 4,256 2,065,184	7,484	241,406 1,858 9,046 19,158 6,216	6,816 47,190 79,010 6,051	194,368 4,910 49,060 57,856 4,411
*Increase *Decrease	55 · 52	109.08	99.07	162.06	11.75	9.96	51.06	37.18

<sup>\*</sup> Per cent. as compared with 1869.

	SUPPL	EMENT 1	to Tabl	e E, she	owing t	he Shi	ments	at Os	wego d	uring	the sa	me peri	<b>o</b> d.			
	1869. Tons.	1870. Tons.	1871. Tons.	1872. Tons.	1873. — Tons.	1874. Tons.	1875. Tons.	1876. Tons.	1877. Tons.	1878. — Tons.	1879. Tons.	1880. Tons.	1881. — Tons.	1882. Tons.	1883. Tons	1884. Tons.
												:				İ
Flour,	7,361	11,440	10,043	4,773	4,061	j	1,728	967	855	1,394	734	951	758	813	432	404
Wheat	141,360	115,732	123,173	57,865	53,361	108, 288	32,690	21,890	<b>28,95</b> 5	24,171	25,740	17,466	25,3 <b>5</b> 2	20,274	22,632	5,932
Corn	28,585	10,120	70,218	27,148	10,578	46, 127	3,034	1,324	3,308	1,383	9,268	15,656	8,064	4,401	535	413
Barley	66,794	77,906	72,675	62,172	46,337	77,007	75,083	63,336	80,306	50,381	71,693	82,743	62,793	70,862	3 <b>2</b> ,5 <b>5</b> 7	48,391
Oats	1,113	3,953	1,806	684	670	<b>1,10</b> 3	3,309	117	316				200	416		
Rye	8,569	7,402	6,250	6,751	6,019	7,053	4,989	<b>5,7</b> 03	6,603	10,598	16,623	12,598	14,444	22, 265	14,384	12,173
Other Articles	14,033	11,628	13,259	10,425	10,739	3,747	5,931	6,638	6,556	5,222	3,110	5,996	4,027	7,773	1,967	2,819
Total	267,815	238,181	297,424	169,818	131,765	243,325	126,763	99,975	126,899	93,149	127,168	135,410	115,638	126,804	72,507	70,132
Increase Pp. c. as compared with 1869			11.05	36 <b>5</b> 9	50 <b>8</b> 0	9.14	52 67	62 67	<b>52</b> 61	65 21	<b>52</b> ·51	49 · 43	56 82	52.65	73.00	73·43

F.—TABLE showing the Tonnage of the undermentioned Articles cleared downwards on Welland Canal during a series of Fourteen Years, ended 31st December, 1884.

	Fiscal Year 1869 — Tons.	1872. Tons.	1873. Tons.	1874. Tons.	1875. Tons.	1876. Tons.	1877. Tons.	1878. Tons.	1879. Tons.	1880. Tons.	1881. Tons.	1882. Tons.	1883. Tons.	1884. Tons.
VEGETABLE FOOD.							i							
Flour	44,110	26, <b>6</b> 48	30,660	24,017	13,930	15,735	13,588	8,854	10,598	12,467	9 <b>,65</b> 5	12,205	13,256	13,626
Wheat	310,090	231,056	345,720	406,157	248,555	194,559	248,894	188,106	271,545	240,601	1 <b>21,3</b> 93	205,876	146,741	135,804
Corn	119,541	254,534	180,042	181,128	103,477	144,501	169,185	185,931	144,276	162,890	103,075	54,797	182,143	118,811
Barley	3,920	2,693	2,643	377	813	1,110	10,216	1,217	803		252	537	975	270
d.Oats		7,594	1,188	5,953	<b>3,38</b> 3	24,496	2,810	3,088	1,196	477			731	10,746
Rye	680	64	3		500	1,454	2,405			, <b>,,,,</b> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6	1,954	518	477
Other Articles	• 1,541	2,300	3,557	3,301	4,304	2,949	1,833	2,100	2,387	1,418	1,371	225	10,971	9,018
Total	479,882	524,889	563,813	620,933	374,962	384,807	448,931	389,296	430,795	417,853	235,752	275,594	355,335	288,752

G. TABLE showing the Tonnage of the undermentioned Articles passed through the Welland Canal in transit between Ports in the United States during a series of Fourteen Years, ended 31st December, 1884.

	Fiscal	1882.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
	Year 1869. Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
VEGETABLE FOOD.														
Flour		1,391 7,400	127,729 101,329 1,920	229,053 125,627	1,881 113,832 54,188 2,641 2,946 500 1,920	5,187 96,247 58,138 	3,342 107,396 65,260 1,603 2,314 258 413	65,542 60,026 859	53,791	30,611 16,122 1,551 296	34,320 30,031 924	684	2,041 54,282 66,128 735 731	1,715 40,956 53,707 9,874
Hotel Articles	337,530	234,337	243,366	374,226	177,908	163,405	180,586	128,361	87,826		<b>65,2</b> 83	64,002	132,496	114,422
HEAVY GOODS.														
Railway Iron Other Iron Salt Coal Ore	68,064 14,334 89,086 28,566 35,912	24,040 13,239 49,843 95,741 59,401	4,659 13,826 40,507 170,242 62,942	5,742 8,941 22,888 203,673 19,651	14 4,123 12,931 192,767 34,616	5,531 29,395 167,110 25,808	8,976 8,688 8,336 172,868 41,107	10,713 3,892 150,583 13,535	2,405 3,618 6,318 118,573 17,797	4,743 3,515 371 65,915 18,380	1,313 <b>5,570</b> 83,858 6,464	4,076 158,552 14,533	1,209 6,901 8 196,462 24,891	698 599 210,790 15,100
Total	235,962	242,264	292,176	260,895	244,451	227,814	239,975	178,723	148,741	92,954	97,205	177,161	229,471	227,187

H.—Table showing the Tonnage of Vegetable Food carried on each of the Lines of Canals, and the two principal railways, competing for the Carrying Trade between Lake Eric and Tidewater, for a series of Fourteen Years, ended 31st Dec., 1834.

		• 0												
	Fiscal Year 1869 Tons.	1872. Tons.	1873. Tons.	1874. Tons.	1875. Tons.	1876. Tons	1877. Tons.	1878. Tons	1879. Tons.	1880. Tons.	1881. Tons	1832. Tons.	1883. Tons.	1884. Tons.
Total on New York Canals	1,302,613	1,674,320	1,745,171	1,767,598	1,305,550	1,064,293	1,408,984	1,912,734	1,833,399	2,371,090	1,116,561	1,118,776	1, <b>379,0</b> 00	1,236,98
Total on Welland	503,860	538,147	<b>579,88</b> 0	617,397	417,936	409,788	464,181	403,403	438,564	442,182	<b>2</b> 69,395	306,482	372,326	305,73
Total on New York Central and Erie Railways		1,870,614	2,036,992	2,791,517	<b>2,343,24</b> 1	<b>2,875,80</b> 3	2,493,683	3,695,764	<b>4,35</b> 3,617	4,732,385	• 4,983,722	3,885,557	4,422,461	3 <b>,63</b> 9,80
Quantity cleared at Suffalo and Ton- awanda by Erie Canal		1,317,276	1,432,174	1,157, <b>5</b> 09	1,017,559	783,331	1,223,100	1,614,301	1,5 <b>65</b> ,543	2,065,184	878,842	<b>864,8</b> 26	1,192,974	1,078,90
Quantity cleared at Oswega by Canal	267,815	169,818	131,765	243,325	126,763	99,975	126,899	93,149	127,168	135,410	115,638	126,804	72,507	70,13
Quantity cleared through the Wel- land Canal in transit between ports in the United States		234,337	243,3 <b>6</b> 6	374,226	177,908	162,405	180,586	128,361	87,826	48,580	65,285	64,002	132,496	114,42

I.—Statement showing the Quantity of Freight passed down the Welland Canal in Canadian and United States Vessels entering the Canal at Port Colborne during the Seasons of Navigation, in 1882, 1883 and 1884.

		Canadian	v <b>V</b> es	sels.		Unite <b>d Sta</b>	tes V	essels.		Total.
Articles.		Steam.		Sail.		Steam.		Sail.	Steam	n and Sail.
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
	174	62,665	432	121,150	41	17,482	329	97,257	976	298,554
		Tons.	 	Tons.		Tons.		Tons.		Tons.
1882.	1	60 K25		40 001		r 000		07.010		100 150
Wheat Corn		60,535 7,431		46,201 6,075		5,203 3,468		87,213 38,360 1,954		199,152 55,334 1,954
Coal		1,673		51,127		112		27,968		80,880
dise		2,939 1,021,957 125,960 59,600	Ì.	3,744 1,943,568 2,874,066 1,065,233		1,5 <b>53</b> 3,969,790	1	2,605 7,327,483 13,500 104,000	i :	10,841 4,262,798 3,013,526 1,228,833
	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
	180	68,850	468	130,844	111	68,609	417		1176	
1883.		Tons.		Tons.		Tons.		Tons.	-	Tons.
Wheat		32,761 25,651		29,385 21,073		5,928 36,146		76,715 99,272 735		144,789 182,142 735
Rye Oats Coal Miscellaneous merchan-		8,398		48,329	·····	731 835		518 40,388		518 731 97,9 <b>50</b>
Lumber Ft. B.M. Timber Cub. Ft. Staves No.		5,238 2,102,292 83,700 32,876		3,590 3,455,590 3,514,944 1,038,349		13,195 5,287,386	1	2,299 5,143,274 70,500 90,000	1	24,3 <b>22</b> 5,988,5 <b>42</b> 3,669,1 <b>44</b> 1,161, <b>25</b> 5
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
	173		285	73,057	99	67,637	364	97,794	921	306, 738
1884.		Tons.	<u> </u>	Tons.		Tons.		Tons.		Tons.
Wheat Corn Barley		38,859 10,841 90		11,618 13,609		5,461 26,452		75,47 <b>4</b> 67,909		131,41 <b>2</b> 118,811 90
Rye		477 872 497		28,275		7,96 <b>3</b> 301		1,911 10,154		47 <b>7</b> 10,7 <b>46</b> 39,22 <b>7</b>
woodenware Miscellaneous merchan-		548		2,538		49		30		3,165
dise		2,073 3,393,351 437,356		3,804 1,680,976 2,107,780 75,000		11,793 8,987,558 33,741	1	428 18,126,215 159,647 301,267	а	18,103 2,188,100 2,704,783 410,098

J.—Statement of Large Class of Vessels Lightened at Welland Railway Elevator at Port Colborne; showing their Tonnage, Dimensions, Depth of Water and Cargoes, passed through the Enlarged Welland Canal during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

#### CANADIAN STEAM VESSELS.

		ge.	r	imension	s.	of Wa	pth ter on	Ori	ginal Car	rgo to Ca	nal.	Lig	hterage o	ver Well	and
Date of Arrival.	Vessels.	Registered Tonnage	Length over all.	Width of Beam.	Depth of Hold.	Forward.	Aft.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rolling Freight.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rolling Freight.
June 24 July 19 do 24 Sept. 11 Oct. 13 do 13 do 29	Myles	929 929 929 769 769 769 541 929 541	feet. 179 179 179 178 178 178 178 178 178 179 180	ft. in. 33 6 33 6 33 6 35 35 35 35 38 38 39	ft. in. 15 15 15 14 9 14 9 14 9 14 15 14 15 14	ft. in.  14 14 13 14 13 10 12 13 8 12	ft. in.  14  14  14  14  14  14  3  14  3  14  3  14  3  17  18  19  19  10  10  10  11  11  11  11  12	bush. 40,000 40,000 40,246 39,892 21,300 41,250 28,000 41,000 28,000	20,133		3	bush. 12,785 11,590 11,363 9,711 6,041 12,696 5,182 15,579 5,201	4,183	bush.	tons

		Grain Cargo through Welland Canal, and Rolling Freight.  Grain Cargo through Welland Canal, and Rolling Freight.  Grain Cargo through Water thro' Canal.									nation.	rage per	Lightering.		
Date of Arrival.	Vessels.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oa⁺s.	RJling Freight.	Total Cargo through	Forward.	Aft.	From	То	Cost of Lighten Bushel.	Time occupied Li
1884.		bush.	bush.	bush.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	ft. in	ft. in.			١.	h. r
June 24 July 19 do 24 Sept. 11 Oct. 13 do 13 do 29	Myles	27,215 28,410 28,883 30,181 15,259 28,554 22,818 25,421 22,799	/	921	817 853 868 906 458 857 685 763 684	447	23	3	817 853 894 906 905 857 685 763 684	12 11 11 11 11	1	Duluth do do Chicago  Duluth do do	do do Montreal	13434 1134 1134 1134 2 2 2 2	5

23

818

3

447

765

921

15,950

Average..... 25,504

<sup>\*</sup> Corn. † Wheat.

## J.—STATEMENT of Large Class of Vessels Lightened at Welland Railway Elevator at Port Colborne, &c.—Continued. UNITED STATES SAIL VESSELS.

							JO CHIII	V BIOSE.					_		- 1
		.ge.	t	imension	8.	De of Wa Arr		Ori	ginal Car	rgo to Ca	nal.	Lig	hterage o Rail	ver Well way.	and
Date of Arrival.	Vessels.	Registered Tonnage	Length over all.	Width of Beam.	Depth of Hold.	Forward.	Aft.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rolling Stock.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rolling Freight.
July 31 Aug. 1 M do 22 K do 28 do 28 do 28 do 4 do 4 do 4 do 50 Nov. 13	Crossthwaite Golden West A. B. Norris C. B. Jones Manitowac Sam Flint Manitowac St. Lawrence C. B. Benson	470 472 470 518 386 640 434 597 479 474 479 267 281	feet. 168 171 168 172 151 197 158 189 168 207 167 207 133	ft. in. 32 33 5 32 33 4 4 8 33 33 32 30 34 30 25 26	ft. in. 12 12 13 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 18	ft. in. 12 6 11 11 11 10 13 12 9 14 12 9 12 7 12 13 6 11 2 11 4 12 6	ft. in.  13 13 13 13 12 6 13 14 2 13 4 13 12 12 13 9 12 13 14 15 13 6	35,078 31,667 33,600 20,000	bush. 34,000 33 037 37,368 27,1050 47,659 30,746 40,660 33,317 33,187	bush.	tons.	3,110 10,551	bush. 4,870 1,712 4,083 4,065 13,883 4,983 5,371 1,093 2,843	bush.	tons.
	Average	<b>46</b> 0	171	3l 4	12 6	12 10	12 9	29,936	34,014			5,161	4,969		

#### J.—Statement of Large Class of Vessels Lightened at Welland Railway Elevator at Port Colborne, &c.—Continued. UNITED STATES SAIL VESSELS.

				Grain C	argo thro	ough Wel	land Canght.	al, and		through Canal	thro	th of iter ough nal.	Desti	nation.	ering per	Lightering.
of Arriv	al.	Vessels.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rolling Freight	Total Cargo thi in Tons.	Forward.	Aft.	From	То	Cost of Lighterin Bushel.	Time occupied
188 May July Aug. do do do Oct. do do Nov. do	16 31 1 22 23 28 28 28 4 4 15 30 13	C. B. Jones	28,557 22,448 18,560	33, 285 23, 035 33, 776 25, 763 35, 289 32, 224 30, 344			tons. 816 878 932 645 946 722 989 903 850			816 886 878 932 645 946 722 989 857 903 674 850 557	ft	ft.  1(1/2) 6 6 10 10 71 5 3 1	do do do do do do do do do	Ogdensburg Kingston Ogdensburg do Kingston do Ogdensburg do Kingston Ugdensburg do Kingston Ogdensburg do do	cts. 2 14 2 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	h. m. 8 3 30 9 4 8 8 2 30 8 30 6 45 2 2
		Average	24,774	29,045		743	813			794					14	5 44

## J.—Statement of Large Class of Vessels Lightened at Welland Railway Elevator at Port Colborne, &e,—C $n \circ n = t$ UNITED STATES STEAM VESSELS.

		186.	D	imensi	ons.		of Wa	pth ter on ival.	Ori	ginal Car	rgo to Ca	nal.	Lightera	ge ov r	Welland	ltailway
Date of Arrival.	Vessels. ·~	Registered Tonnage	Length over all.	Width of Beam.		Deput of Bold.	Forward.	Aft.	Wheat.	C rts.	Oats.	Rolling Freight.	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Roll n.s freig ht.
1884.			feet.	ft. i	n. ft.	jn.	ft. in.	ft. in.	bush.	bush.	bush.	tons.	bush.	bush.	bush.	to 28.
do 24 do 31 June 2 M. do 7 do 12 do 30 	D M. Wilson	1,441 1,203 1,441 1,425 1,203 1,441 1,435 592 1,033 1,203 1,441 7,435 1,035 1,441 1,035 1,441 1,441	265 250 265 265 265 265 265 265 27 237 265 265 267 237 237 237	37 36 33 35 37 37 34 36 37 35 37	7 10 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	6 5 5 8 6 5	13 6 13 6 13 6 13 6 13 10 13 10 12 11 12 3 13 10 14 2 14 5 13 6 13 4	14 8 14 8 14 13 3 13 8 14 2 14 12 11 13 3 14 10 14 5 13 5 13 8 13 9 14 15 13 6 13 8 13 9	46,000	53,013 47,465 53,320 34,250 34,250 45,904 44,401 44,505 39,125 33,133 31,125 33,533 33,533 33,533 33,533 33,661 34,661 34,664 38,644	70,626	138 153 92 143 236 474 229 357 66 430	13,753	20,287 15.278 20.389 10,517 13,613 14,990 18,760 17,715 5,846  9.428 12,630  20.591 9,033 20.014 10.56 7.483 16.876	14,802	30
do 11 do 18	W. L. Frost	1,203 1,441 1,035	260 265 237	37 37 ?5	10	6	12 8 13 6 14 11	13 4 13 9 14 3		43,062 37,636 51,553		280 447		14 807 15 744 20,511	*****	
do 27 do 28 Sept. 1 do 2	W. J. Averill	1,425 762 692 1,203 1,441	265 2+5 179 259 265	36 '	7   16 6   18 1 19	b	13 10 14 13 6 13 2 13 1	14 7 14 13 9 13 3 14 6	15,142	4 3 230 31,674 31,583 22,204 24 12 3	20,000	590 431 531	5,852	23,261 7,149 7,698 11,193 17,925		66

do         24 M. M. Drake	1,203 250 37 762 215 34 6 1,441 265 37 59 179 32 929 200 31 7 1,335 237 35 1,425 265 36 7 1,203 2 0 37 929 200 31 7 929 200 31 7 1,203 2 0 37 1,425 265 36 7 1,425 265 36 7 1,425 265 36 7 1,425 265 36 7 1,426 37 1,427 365 37 1,441 265 37 1,441 265 37	16 6 13 7 12 12 9 12 12 8 13 4 15 12 12 10 15 12 1 16 5 12 1 16 6 13 2 16 5 12 1 16 5 12 1 16 5 12 1 16 5 12 1 16 5 12 1 16 5 12 1 17 16 5 12 1 18 14 3 19 8 14 3 16 6 14 4	13 6	15,559 1,032	6,689
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J.—Statement of Large Class of Vessels Lightened at Welland Railway Elevator at Port Colborne, &c.—Continued. UNITED STATES STEAM VESSELS.

-								MILED	CALLA	SIDAM	A WOORL	3.						
					Grain	Cargo th	rough W	elland Ca	anal, and	Rolling l	Freight.	Total Cargo through Canal in Tons.	of V	pth Vater ough	Des	lination	ng per	occupied Lightering
Da	te	1		ı	i	i		ŀ	1	1	1 12	5	Ca	nal.	i		Lightering	🛱
0	f	1	Vessels.	1		l			İ	]	Freight.	₹			!		Ę,	79
Arri	val.	i		i			1		}	İ	٤	& <u>.</u>	1	i	ŀ		13	ig.
		1			ند			ند ا	1	1	80	S G	힏	1	From	To	e l.	5
		l		1	Wheat.	Ė	, mg	Wheat.	d	<b>1 6</b>	Rollin	1 2 5	orward.					1 0
		Ì		- 1	E P	Corn.	Oate	₹ 4	Con	Oats	23	1 to	, is	A ft			Sus	Ti Bi
		·								<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<del></del> -	<u>F4</u>				13	E
188		]		1 -	ush.	bush.	bush.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.		j	fe <b>et</b> .			cts	b. <b>m</b>
May		S W. A	. Haskill	·		35,706			1,002			1,002			Chicago	. Dgdensburg	2	8
do	24	W. L	. Frost		•••••	31,987			896		138	1,034			do ,		2	6
# June	2	р. м.	Wilson			32,931 23,733			923 665		153	1,076 665			do		2	8
June do	7	IW. J	. Averill			32,291		************			92	997		•••••	do	Kingeton Ogdensburg	2 2	5
40	12	IW. L	. Frost			33,421					143	1,079	********	••••••	4.	1 40	2	5
фo	23	W. A	Haskill		••••	25,745			721		236	957			do	ـ د ا	2	6
. <b>d</b> o	30	M. 7	Averill	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	21,410			600		474	1,074		•••••	do	ـ د ا	2	6
•••••	•••••	Mont	Wilson Eagle		••••••	27,547	55,824		1	894		772		•••••	do		2	9
July	2	W. L	Frost			32,101	00,024		899	094	229	894 1,128		•••••	do	ملما	11	14
do	10	HW. A	. Haskill			14,236	15.874		399	254	357	1,120			do	_ د	2 2	5 15
do	17	M. M.	. Drake	32	2,247			968				968			მი	do	13	6
do	21	W. J	. Averill			35,315			989		66	1,055			do	1	2	5
do do	22	W. L	Frost		•••••	24,500		•••••	687		430	1,117			dο		2	5
do	25	W. A	Haskill		•••••	32,472 16,155	11,795	•••••••••	910 453	189	394	910 1,036			do	1	2 2	7
Aug	. 1	11 D. M.	. Wilson			26,579			745			745			do	۱ ۵۰	2	5
po	•	SIW. J	. Averill			21,748			609		403	1,012	11	11	do	ا د ا	2	7
ďο	11	IIW. L	. Frost			28,255	ļ		792		280	1,072	ii	10	do		2	5
do do	18	W. A	. Haskill			21,893			613		427	1,040	11	11	do		2	6
do	21	W. J	. Kagle			31,043 19,969			870 560	•••••	524	870	11 11	10 11	do		2	7 9
ďo	28	M. M	. Drake	9	.290	24,534		279	687			1,084 966	ii	ii l	do	17:	13	3 30
Sept	1	ID. M	. Wilson			26,885			753			753	ii	ii	do	1	24	4 30
do	2	W. L	. Frost			11,012	20,000		309	320	431	1,060	11	10	<b>d</b> ↔	ا در ا	2 [	5
do	9	W. A	Haskill	· ·····   · · · · ·	·· ·····	6, 198	19,415	•••••	174	311	<b>5</b> 31	1,016	11	9	₫.,		2	5
do	19	W I	Eagle			19,603	58,417 7.976		547	935 128	397	935 1.072	11	7	d		2	4 45
u.u	-0	,	THE TOLLUL	,,,,,		19,003	1,710		0.51	140	391	1.072	111	11 1	d	l do!	1 2 /	7 30

d.	94	IW f. Tracet		1 17 10F										_			
ų0	27	W. L. Frost	•••••	17,120			480		<b>6</b> 69	1,149	, 11	10	do	do	1 2	14	1
do	24	M. M. Drake	32,378			972				972	111	11	Milwaukee .	Kingston	1.1	5 15	į
Oct.	4	W. A. Haskill		3,823	15,559		108	249	705	1,062	12		Ohicago	Ordenshure	52	21	i
do	4	D. M. Wilson			43,036			68a		689	lii	9			1 4		١
do		Onedia	*************	13,538		(		000				-	do	do	2	4 30	j
	10	Mont Paula	•••••	13,330			380	***	231	601	11	10_	do	do	2	5	1
do	10	Mont. Eagle	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	23,628	18,009		6.14	289		923	11	101	do	do	2	5 30	1
do	13	W. J. Averill		13,726			<b>38</b> 5		681	1,066	11	11	do	do	١ ،	7	Ü
do	16	W. L. Frost		10,452	32,763		293	517	313	1,123	11	ii	do	do		4 15	1
do	28	Onedia		6 396	15.802		180	233	160	593	ii	1 7	4.				U
do	30	D. M. Wilson			34,707			556				1,7	do	do	2	3 30	H
40	21	W. A. Haskill	•••••	7 800	04.101	] ·········				556	.0	10	do	ao	2	7 30	ľ
N	21	W. A. HABAIII		7,526	25,130	*********	211	403	369	923	11	6	do	ao	2	117	11
Nov.	D	W. J. Averill	*********	1,260	36,696		36	558	391	1,015	1 12	7	do	do	2	9	l
do	10	W. L. Frost		l 919	27,700		26	411	582	1,052	11	6	do	da	5	10	H
do	11	Mont. Eagle		23,863	13,406		669	2.5		884	ii		do				I
ďο	29	W. A. Haskill		10,483	1	1	294		400			, ,		d,	Z .	9 30	ï
			**********	10,403			474	•••	498	792	10	11	do	do	2	[41]	i
		A	04.000								ł					I	I
		Average	24,638	20,760	26,565	739	582	+25	365	950					1.95	7 40	1
_		1	l	1	į .	i	į.	1	]						1 00	• • •	I
							<del>'</del>		·	<del>`</del>	<u>'                                    </u>	•		·		<u> </u>	П
																	u

K-Statement showing the Quantity of Freight passed Eastward, from Lake Erie, through the whole length of the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals, to Montreal, during the seasons of Navigation in 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884.

	1881.	1882.	1683.	1884.
Articles				
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Classs 3.	•			
on, Pig	858	459 9	5	
tone for cutting	233	2		
pples		1		
arley	69,066	259 17,474	109 191	38 <b>5</b> 5,552
ornlour.	4,476	5,9.0	5,089	9,659
[eal, all kinds			1,188	
ats				872
ease		1,269	726 518	433 477
yeeeds, all kind		37	2	411
		1		
Theat	77,061	161,692	76,379	84,822
Il other agricultural products, vegetable		1	77	
ides and skins, horns and hoofs		1		
ard and lard oil	361	206	6	
ork	5,141	278	. 212	318
Total, Class 3	157,196	187,609	193,393	152,171
Class 4.				
Ashes	13	10	3	36
urniture	.4	12	6	10
lass, all kindsfolasses	47	6	1 43	******
Ails				1
)il		425		78
Paint		4		
Pitch and tar		1	2	
SugarStone, Wrought	291	484	269	317
Curpentine		2		1
Whiskey, beer, and all other spirits		25	35 53	
derchardise not enumerated	60	105		37
Total, Class 4	415	1,092	412	480
Class 5.				
Barrels, Empty	1	3		37
Sawed lumber in vessels	2,819	3 6 9	6,311	7,531
Staves, Pipedo West India	1,001	2,359 1,130	2,024 451	863
do West India	3,227	1,574	290	
do rafts	3,250	1,149	2,314	7,365
Woodenware	76	205	199	68
Total, Class 5	11,602	10,059	11,589	16,06
Special Class.				
Coal	1	. 75		
Grand Total	169,213	198,835	205,394	168,718
		, 400,000		. 100.414

L—Statement showing the Quantity of Freight passed Westward from Montreal, through the whole length of the St. Lawrence and Welland Canal to Lake Erie, during the Seasons of Navigation in 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884.

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Articles.				
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Class 3.				
cricks	81 38	96 533	78 508	200 219
lav. lime and sand	121	56	56	
ron, Railway	18 16,476	406 11,246	8,725	2,031
do Pig	8,131	3,575	2,460	43
do all other	900 5,175	686 1,820	528 5,324	366 802
Stone for cutting	5,1,5	1,020		
lour		•••••••	21	
)ata	******		5 264	
Potetoes	359	23		
Seeds, all kinds	65 2	14	25	
HOTSES		2		
Pork	***************************************	3	•••••	45
				***************************************
Total Class 3	31, <b>3</b> 71	18,460	17,994	3,707
Class 4.	24	110	107	.,,
Crockery and earthenware  Dye woods, &c	24	116	137	47
Engnituge		4	4	1
Glass, all kinds	97	359 5	156 5	160
Mologgog	14	58	3	
NailsOil in barrels	258   54	<b>57</b> 6 119	1,085 1 <b>22</b>	160
Paint	47	124	103	80 161
Pitch and tar	1		50	1
Sode esh	3.177	11 1,040	21 1,801	1,427
Rtoo)	29		3	144
Stone, wrought	5	465	2 375	290
Tin	1 959	641	1,669	1,83
Turpentine			] 1	
Whiting	10	14	19	
Whiskey, bear, &c	1 91	564	791	36
Merchandise not enumerated		1,992	2,608	1,00
Total Class 4	5,753	6,093	8,957	5,68
Class 5.	1	1	1	i
Barrels, empty Lumber, sawn, in vessels	40	130 175	179 318	
Woodenware	26	23	510	
Total Class 5	66	328	497	<u> </u>
Special Class.			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Coal		·····	40	28
Grand Total	87,190	24,881	27,488	9 42

M—Statement showing the Quantity of Freight passed Eastward through the Welland Canal, from United States Ports to United States Ports, during the Seasons of Navigation in 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884.

Seasons of Navigation in 1800, 1881	, 1002, 1	1000 and	1001.		
A violog	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Articles.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Class 3.	;				
Bricks			3 2		
Iron, Railwaydo all other		79	114	1 142 90	40
Stone, for cutting	258	1	8	8 38	15
Barley	16,122	30,031	537 <b>32,433</b>	735 66,128	53,707
Flour			107	2,041 8,579	1,715 13 8,170
Oil cake	296		1	731	9,874
Rye		16	684	662	511
Agricultural products, vegetable			30,227 5	54,282 3 60	40,956 73
Lard and lard oil			1	6 5 12	6 7 4
Pork Sheep Wool			1	163 95	1
Total, Class 3		64,447	64,129	133,782	115,092
Class 4.					
Agricultural implements.  Crockery and earthenware.  Furniture.  Glass, all kinds.  Nails.  Oil, in barrels.		. <b></b>	1 15 66 7 995	1 1 25 51 206	16 1 26 255
Paint			3 7 1 33	6	7
Stone, wrought		29 2 49	6 12 91	87 5 156 941	26 481
Total, Class 4	207	189	1,237	1,479	812
Clase 5.					
Lumber, sawn, in vessels	<b>33,</b> 555	30,462	34,18 <b>2</b>	34,189 26 9 25	43,713 76
Total, Class 5	33,565	30,466	34,234	34,279	43,800
Towns Otosa D					=0,000

M.—Statement showing the Quantity of Freight passed Eastward through the Welland Canal, from the United States Ports to United States Ports, during the Seasons of Navigation in 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884—Concluded.

				1	
Autislee	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Articles.		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Special Class.				`	
Coal	871	1,164	10,686	5,372	4, 293
Grand Total	81,952	96,266	110,286	174,912	163,997

CANAL COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for years

<del></del>		Сом	PARATIVE S	STATEMENT	for years	
<del></del>	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	
Walland Court 1999	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	
Welland Canal, 1883 do 1884			25 00	2,054 79	24,301 38 20,752 49	
Increase Decrease			25 50	2,050 29	3,548 89	
St. Lawrence Canals, 1883 do 1884	1 25 100 00	4 90	2 00 8 28	45 05	15,114 84 11,483 55	
Increase Decrease	98 75	4 90	6 28	45 05	3,631 29	
Chambly Canal, 1883 do 1884				5 56 18 98	1,819 19 2,894 92	
Increase Decrease				13 42	1,075 73	
Rideau Oanal, 1883do 1884				50 00	995 72 877 84	
Increase Decrease				50 00	117 88	
Ottawa Canals, 1883do 1884				17 90 159 82	9,218 14 10,406 15	
Increase				141 92	1,188 01	
Burlington Bay Canal, 1883 do 1884				8 06 72 32	271 98 144 39	
Increase				64 26	127 59	
St. Peter's Canal, 1883	0 68 3 43			25 26 4 93	160 06 181 69	
Increase Decrease	2 75			20 33	21 69	
Newcastle District Canal, 1883 do 1884				2 25	15 (o 22 50	
Increase				2 25	7 50	
Total Increase	101 50	4 90	18 72	2,156 76	5,132 72	

Amount refunded on account of reduction of tolls on grain through Welland and St. Lawrence Canals, per Order in Council, 26th May and 3rd June, 1884, \$13,324.26; actual revenue, 1884, \$302,676.84,

REVENUE. ended 31st December, 1883 and 1884.

	<u> </u>	<u></u>	i	1	1		<del></del>	
June.	July.	∆ugust.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	
\$ cts. 24,750 49 20,045 55	\$ cts. 29,471 84 24,004 48	\$ cts. 31,411 63 28,322 74	\$ cts. 28,175 80 23,159 40	\$ cts. 28,538 19 21,001 42	\$ cts. 18,608 68 12,870 44	\$ cts. 583 21 27 30	\$ cts 185,870 72 152,238 61	
4,704 94	5,467 36	3,088 89	5,016 40	7,536 77	5,738 24	555 91	33,632 11	
12,697 82 11,068 61	14,371 29 11,203 44	15,037 11 16,232 84	11,983 <b>5</b> 3 11,331 19	14,090 51 11,043 67	6,882 95 7,774 32	216 25 364 78	90,442 60 80,615 58	
1,629 21	3,167 85	1,195 73	652 34	3,046 84	891 37	48 53	9,827 02	
4,034 84 2,117 65	4,616 26 3,785 12	4,084 75 3,773 32	3,094 28 2,904 37	3,236 93 2,389 94	1,323 40 1,021 91		22,215 21 18,906 21	
1,917 19	831 14	311 43	189 91	846 99	301 49		3,309 00	
1,061 59 686 40	1,080 76 571 87	923 93 634 74	778 01 741 06	601 30 571 03	340 03 320 35	3 00 5 90	5,834 34 4,409 19	
375 19	508 89	289 19	36 95	30 27	19 68	2 90	1,425 15	
10,490 69 9,826 13	10,850 90 8,220 85	8,174 60 7,301 03	9,846 31 7,089 88	8,168 95 8,239 61	3,386 09 3,535 52	••••••	60,153 58 54,778 99	
664 56	2,630 05	873 57	2,756 43	70 66	149 43		5,374 59	
429 72 188 06	270 34 467 02	285 95 201 64	219 0 <b>2</b> 187 11	332 30 226 18	130 91 444 60	18 70 44 30	1,966 98 1,975 62	
241 66	196 68	84 31	31 91	108 12	313 69	25 60	8 64	
361 61 360 51	317 03 389 34	360 84 462 99	294 20 386 63	353 73 445 81	246 64 524 65	70 12 94 47	2,190 11 2,854 45	
1 10	72 31	102 15	92 43	92 08	278 01	24 35	664 34	
16 35 29 75	38 75 41 50	35 65 30 80	27 50 20 75	21 53 59 35	23 25 15 55		178 03 222 45	
13 40	2 75	4 85	6 75	37 82	7 70		44 42	
9,520 45	12,333 55	3,354 36	8,598 26	11,366 43	4,434 61	354 53	52,860 47	

Total for the year 1883...... \$368,851 57 do 1884..... 316,001 10

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the Quantities of Vegetable Food and Lumber passed through the Canals during the Years ended 31st December, 1883 and 1884.

		Vegetable Food.						Lumber.	Total.	
		Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	All other.		
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
<b>W</b> ella:	ad Canal	13,492 13,683	152,794 144,851	182,269 118,811	10,436 7,155	995 10,746	1,642 1,320	10,988 9,168	48,945 <b>6</b> 0,207	421,561 365,941
×	Increase, 1884	191	7,943	63,458	3,281	9,751	322	1,820	11,262	55,620
ă. St. La	Increase, 1884	19,588 14,976	137,500 116,330	131,366 64,977	4,154 4,057	6,020 7,066	5 373 3,03 <b>2</b>	32,075 40,763	45,491 43,055	381,567 294,196
	Increase, 1884	4,612	21,170	66,389	97	986	2,341	8,688	2,436	87,371
Chamb	oly Canal	702 206			2,425 2,428	2,242 1,443		1,818 2,800	82,102 79,324	89,289 86,201
	Increase, 1884 Decrease, 1884	496			3	799		982	2,778	3,088
Ridea	ı Canal { 1883	251 367	127 75	18 27	7 108	345 31	1,613 847	154 68	12,510 16,117	15,025 17,640
	Increase, 1884 Decrease, 1884	116	52	9	101	314	766	86	3,607	2,615
Ottaw	a Canals	35 21	91 43	4	351 465	2,268 989	717 294	6,393 7,005	523,341 516,916	533,226 525,737
Ħ	Increase, 1884 Decrease, 1884	14	48	4	114	1,279	453	612	6,425	7,489

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Ħ			Tots Tots	al for 1883 al for 1884	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	************	•••••••	•••••	1,451,403 1, <b>3</b> 0 <b>6,2</b> 45
Total Inc Total Dec	reaserease	4,774	29,521	129,834	601	8,345	4,124	8,507	6,844	145,158
Increase, 1884 Decrease, 1884	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								971	971
Newcastle District Canals				••••••••••					1,233 2,204	1, <b>2</b> ?3 2, <b>2</b> 04
Increase, 1884 Decrease, 1884	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	289					1		475	764
St. Peter's Canal	{ 1883 1884	338 627	*************		1				1,306 1,781	1,644 2,408
Increase, 1884 Decrease, 1884	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	248	308		2,559	••••••	242	131	2,168	4,060
Burlington Bay Canal		291 <b>4</b> 3	4 001		662 3, <b>2</b> 21		242	10 <b>2</b> 233	1, <b>292</b> 3, <b>4</b> 6)	7,858 11,918

# CANAL STATISTICS

FOR

SEASON OF NAVIGATION

1884.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A.

No. (A) 22.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

<b>A</b> rticles.	Cat	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Ca: Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	From ed States to ed States orts.	Unite Ca	From d States to nadian orts.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amou of Toll	
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	up.	Down.			
Ashes, Pot and Pearl Apples	146	410						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	146	55 410			cts 1 00 3 00
enumerated, Vegetable Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley	·····	8						2			7 2 9		1 40 0 40 1 80
Bricks  Bones  Brimstone  Cement and Water Lime	60							••••	60	•••••	7,155 60 650		
Clay, Lime and Sand Coal Corn Cattle	219 1,427	1,665	1		206,497	4,293 53,707	20 27,292	34,934 65,104	239 235,216	1,665 39,227 118,811	1,904 274,443 118,811	18- 53,586 23,76	4 81 6 86
Cotton, Raw	3	13			35		17		20 35		20 38 13		2 74 5 25 2 60
Flour Furniture	12	11,077 6 1,078	400			1,715 16 1 1	1	834 21 10	57 2 400 12	13,626 43 1,078 11 13	13,683 45 1,478 23	788 24	8 00 8 90 4 73 2 44 2 60
Hogs Horses Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs	•••••	•••••	2		2	6		2	4	8	12 73		2 20 4 60

,	Ice											698	104 70
- (	Iron, Railway												102 10
	" all other					559	40	24	8	604	48	652	99 60
. 1	Iron Ore	••••••		37 695	*****							52,795	2,639 75
.	Kryolite Chemical Ore and		•••••	31,000		10,100				02,100		52,133	-1
. 1			9				. <b></b>		1	*******	10	10	0 50
: ]	Lard and Lard Oil					25			2		9	34	5 54
٠	Meal, all kinds								5	4	8,175		1,635 45
	Meats, other than Pork								28	,,,,,,	82	32	6 40
1	Marble						]			2,358	)	2,359	353 90
	Manilla					36						56	5 78
- 1	Molasses	19				135						154	21 15
1	Nails	102					26			201		227	22 03
1	Oats						9,874				10,746		2,149 20
	Oil (in Barrels)						225	153	433	415	688	1	171 51
1	Oil Cake	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••									00 00
- 1	Pease		433								433	533	86 60
ı	Potatoes	···········		•	[						000	292	58 40
- 1	Pork											,	
- 1	Paint											14	0 30
- 1	Pitch and Tar											_	0.30
l	Rags											1,320	221 85
- 1	Rye Rosin								}		1		231 00
ယ		17	444							17	444	461	82 43
- 1	Salt	54								1,238	,		614 35
- 1	Stone intended for Cutting. " wrought										704	704	136 0 <b>5</b>
- 1	" not suitable for Cut-	******	••••••	1	***************************************		'		30.				
- 1	ting, unwrought	547	434	300		6.198				7,045	434	7,479	685 91
- 1	Seeds, all kinds										632	622	124 40
- 1	Sheep										1	1	0 20
1	Soda Ash	22										22	0 43
1	Steel	2				773				775		775	115 99
- 1	Sugar	284				4,090				4,374		4,374	618 93
1	Spirits Beer &c		l		1		26	48	11	48	37	85	13 80
1	Tobacco, Raw												6 75
	Tallow											20	0 39
	Tin											20	0 20
1	Turpentine								01.200	0.047	135,804	144,851	27,002 29
- 1	Wheat	9,002	13,437			. <b></b>			/			144,001	0 06
- 1	White Lead	3										14	0 28
- 1	Whiting												20
ı	Wool						******************	i . <b></b>			1	l	
- 1	All other Goods and Mer-		00	- 770		5,126	480	30	114	6,436	623	7.059	967 29
- 1	chandise not enumerated Bark	501	29	770							1	.,	
									40		64	64	8 38
1	Barrels, Empty				23		1		- T				
	*		l			ا	1	,	<u></u>		<u> </u>	·	

No. (A) 22 —GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Continued.

Articles.	Can Can	om adian to adian orts.	Can United	rom adian to l States orts.	United United	rom d States to d States orts.	United Can	rom 1 States to adian orts.	Tor	15.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Boat Knees										25	25	4 38
Floats Firewood, in Vessels '' Rafts	3,195	26, 249 6	1,107	420					4,302	26,669 6	30,971 6	1,397 84 0 19
Hoops  Hop Poles  Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels  " " Rafts		1,146	67	1 526		43,713		7,£32	6,269		60,186	9,904 45 2 70
Masts, Spars, and Telegraph poles, in Vessels							1					
Masts, Spars, and Telegraph poles in, Rafts	250	35	88	27					83	62 97	250 150 97	37 50 8 36 15 42
Saw Logs Staves and Headings, barrel	16	3,328		1,414			1,840	22		4,742 22	6,598 22 687	176 71 3 43 128 21
" " pipe " W India Staves, Salt Barrel										1,269	1,269	237 00
Shingles	4			·····		76		7 	4	83	87	55 02 0 15
in Vessels									!			
Timber, square, in Vessels Kafts		10,262 3,600						43,917	<i></i>	<b>54,209</b> <b>3,600</b>		
Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured					20		ł	50	ŀ	250		50 00
Total Freight paying Tolls.	23,615		47,408		243,081	163,998	29,680	240,150	343,784	482,943	826,727	138,490 00

Fines and Damages. 559 61  Total Revenue exclusive of Hydraulic Rents. 51,513 03  f152,238 61													
Total Tolls on Vessels													
Grand Total	27,671	76,415	53,177	3,609	243,081	163,998	29,680	240,150	353,609	484,202	837,811		
Timber passed free from Welland to Port Robinson		1,259								1,259	1,259		
Free Articles, having paid Toll on Rideau Canal. Iron Ore				***************************************		••••••			400		400		0.4)
chandise not enumerated. Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured	483								1,001		1,001		(No.
Turpentine White Lead All other Goods and Mer	3					*************			1 3	•••••	3		Papers
Spirits, Beer, &c	69 201		295 1,648						364 1,832		364 1,832		$\mathbf{P}_{21}$
Steel	50 <b>276</b>		92 14						142 290		142 290		
Soda Ash	91 41		711 1,386						802 1,427		802 1,427		essional
Paint. L Pitch and Tar	68 1		<b>9</b> 3	************					161 1		161 1		SS
Oil (in barrels) Pork	59		21 45						80 45		80 45		77.7
Manilla	14 13?		3 <b>2</b> 8		••••				17 160		17 160		
" Pig "" " all other	21 289		22 77						43 366		43 <b>366</b>		
Glass (all kinds)Iron, Railway	54 2,031		106			•••••	·····		160 2,031		160 2,031		_
Crockery and Earthenware Furniture	31		16 1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		47 1		47 1		ria,
Coment and Water Lime	59 <b>2</b> 8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						219 28		219 28		etoria
enumerated, Vegetable	51 51		149	••••••			···········		200		200		اسم ا
Canals. Agricultural Products, not	,												. Ki

No. (A) 23.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Tolls Collected thereon during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

	Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	From Canado to United S	lian States	Fro United to United Por	States States	From United to Cans	States o adian	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Amount of Tolls.	of
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.					_
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl		19						27		46	46	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 9 20	\$ et	20
6	Agricultural Products not enumerated, Vege- table	·•••							7	••••	7	7		1 40	1 4	40
}	not enumerated, Ani- mal			6,705			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 23	6,705 60	2 9 90	2 9 6,7 <b>95</b> 60			1.8	30 75
	Brimstone	2		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		25		20 19,964		20		27 20			3 (	00
	CoalCornCotton, Raw			1		206,497	53,707			7		118,811 8	1 05	23,762 20 0 20	23,762 2	20 25
	Crockery and Earthen- ware Dye Wood and Dye Stuff- Fish		13							35	13		5 25		•	25 60
Ì	Flax and Hemp Flour Furniture	1	6				1,715 16	1	834 21	2	2, <b>54</b> 9 43	2,549 45	0 30	509 <b>8</b> 0 <b>8</b> 60	509 8	80 90
	Gypsum						13		10		11 13	11 13		2 20 2 60	2 2	20 60

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Horses			2		2	в		2	4	8	12	0 60	1 60	2 2	20
and Hoofs						73		*********		73	73	·•••••••	14 60	14 6	60
IceIron, Railway	•••••			•••••	ena										
" Pig								**********							
" all other					559	40	24	8			644	89 40	9 60		
		1											2 00		
Kryolite, Chemical Ore,			-		,				,		02,.00	2,000 10		2,000	
and other Ore, except							1							l	- 11
Iron						····· <u>·</u>				10			0 50		
					25				25		34	, ,,,			
					······		ļ			8,175 32			1,635 00		
Marble			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,356	1		40	2,358		2,359	353 70	6 40 0 20		
Manilla					36				2,330		36		0 20		
Molasses					135						139			20 8	
Nails						26	99		99		125	14 85			
Oats						9,874							2,149 20		
Oil (in barrels)											858	25 65	137 40	163 (	05
Pease Potatoes											433				- · II
Pork													58 40		
Paint								.,			9		00 40	1 3	
Pitch and Tar	2	*****							2		2			0 3	
Rags														1	
Rye	843							477			1,320	126 45	95 40	221 8	85
Rosin															
Salt Stone intended for Cut-		364				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			ļ <u>.</u>	364	364	l	72 80	72 8	80 H
ting					1,184	15		2,059	1.184	2,074	3,258	177 60	414 80	592 4	40
								507		514	514		102 80		11
" not suitable for	,,				<b>!</b> .	İ				1	011		102 00	102 0	30
Cutting, unwrought					6,198				6,198	]	6,198			619 9	95
Seeds, all kinds						511		111		622	622		124 40		
Sheep						1				1	1		1	, , ,	20
Soda Ash														115.0	
Sugar								'	4 000			613 80		115 9 613 5	
Spirits, Beer, &c					2,000	26	32	11	32		4,030				
Tobacco, Raw															
Tallow					45				45					6 7	
Tin									ļ						
Turpentine	•••••	1				••••			[	1	1		0 20		
Wheat														25,669 2	20
Whiting				1							•••••	••••••			••••
**************************************		l		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••	••••••						*********		••••
<u></u>		<u> </u>					<u> </u>	اـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1	1		l		<u> </u>	

No. (A) 23.—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Continued.

	Articles.	Car	rom adian to adian orts.	Fro Canac to United Por	dian States	United t	om States o States rts.	United Can	om States to adian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Amount Tolls	tof
		Up.	⊃o <b>w</b> n.	Up.	Down	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.					
I,	Wool												\$ (ts.	\$ cts.	\$ 0	cts.
	All other Goods and Mer- chandise not enume-	•	•••••	*****	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••			•••••	••••••	•••••••••••		
1,	rated	40					480				621		788 25		912	
Į i	Bark Barrels, Empty		******				1		40	************		41		7 94	7	94
1	Boat Knees	••••••	······		······				******	<b></b>						
i	FloatsFirewood, in Vessels		930						•		930	930		62 00	62	00
1	Hoops											******			************	
	Hop Polesumber, sawn, in Vessels		84		1,526		43,713		7,532		52,855	52,855		9,506 51	9,508	51
1	Rafts Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessele	1								!	Į į		Į.			
1	Masts, Spars and Tele-	- 1								1	1	1	}	•	l	1
1	graph Poles, in Rafts Railway Ties, in Vessels.														} ••••••••	
ı	Rafts			••••	*****					ļ. <b></b> .						
	Saw Logs		·····					***** *****			20	99		3 43		43
П,	" pipe.								687							
1	" W. India					,,,,,,,,			1,269		1,269	1,269		237 00	237	00
	Staves, Salt Barrel Shingles													54 74		
I	Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels Split Posts and Fence															
	Rails, in Rafts															
	Cimber, square, in Vessels Rafts	·•••••	3,570					*****	43,947		3,570	3,570		8,162 37 802 15		37 15

1885

Woodenware and								•••••		************	*********	***********			
partly manufact			21			20	11	2	50	22	82	104	8 80	32 80	41 €0
parary manutace	4101														
Total Freight paying	gTolls	2,161	21,637	44,466	1,515	243,081	163,998	20,207	235,651	309,915	425,831	735,746	52,286 85	81,412 25	133,699 10
Free Articles havin	a naid														
Full Tolls on t															1 1
Lawrence Canals				1							·				,
Agricultural Pr	oducts														
not enumerated,		_		ĺ			ĺ	1					į		
table		1				*****				200		200		I .	
Bricks	T :	51	•••••	149		••••••		••••••							
Coal		59		160								28			
Crockery and Es	arthen-	20				•••••				-~					
ware		31		16						47	ˈ <b> </b>	47	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Furniture				. 1						1		1			
Glass, all kinds		54	•••••	106						160		160			
Iron, Railway						******		~~~ ****				2,031 43	. 1	•••••	
" Pig	•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	21 289	•••••	22 77		**********		t .		366		366			
" all other Manilla	*******	14		3						17		17			
Nails		132		28						160		160			
Oil (in barrels)		59		21			1			80		80			
Pork				45								45	1	. <b>.</b>	
Paint		68		93	·•••••	•••••				161		161	1.000		
Pitch and Tar	•••••••	91	••••	711	*******	******				802		802			
Salt Soda Ash	•••••	41										1,427			
Steel		50										142			
Bugar		276		14		•••••	1			290		200			
Spirits, Beer, &c	{	69		295		••••						361		·	
Tin	<b>I</b>	204		1,628		*******		•••••	<b>-</b> -	1,832		1,832	1		
Turpentine		1		•••••		••••••	1			1 2		1 2		1	
White Lead		3			••••••	*****			~	'		"	1		,
chandise not			Ì				1				1			1	
rated		482		519		. <b>.</b>				1,001		1,001			
Woodenware and							İ		İ	1	ļ	١ .		1	
partly manufact	tured			3						3		3			
Free Articles havin	a naid									1			İ	1	
Tolls on Rideau O								l	[	]	İ				
11			1	į						}	1		1	1	1
Iron Ore				400						400	******	400			
11	1			FO 000	1 7/2	040.00:	100.000	00 007	0.25 021	210.740	405 921	748 871			
Grand Total Fre	eight	6,217	24,637	50,235	1,545	243,081	163,998	20,207	235,651	319,740	425,831	745,571	<b>'</b> [		
J'			1				l	l	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>

No. (A) 23.—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.-Concluded.

	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Total Through Tolls on Vessels	36 85	5,953 17 76 30	11,647 87 113 15
Total Through Tolls	\$58,018 40	87,441 72	145,460 12

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. (A) 24.—General Statement, showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight Transported on the Welland Canal, and the Amount of Tolls collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

Articles.	Can Can	com adian to adian orts.	Can Unite	rom adian to d States orts.	United United	rom l States to d States orts.	United Can	rom 1 States to adian orts.	T	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Toll.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
	146	9 410						<b>j</b>	146	9 410		\$ cts. 1 80 13 00
Agricultural Products not enumerated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley Bricks Bones			180	180					180	180	<b>36</b> 0	27 00
Brimstone Cement and Water Lime Clay, Lime and Sand Coal Corn Cattle	452 219 221	1,665	72				7,328		615 219 7,549	1,665 2,336	623 1,881 9,885	1
Cotton, Raw	2			•••••				••••••	2		2	0 04
Flax and Hemp	57	11,077					•••••		57	11,077	11,134	
Gypsum Glass, all kinds Hay, pressed Hogs Horses	12			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					12		12	0 24
Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs					1	1					-44444 107484841	

No (A) 24.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported, &c.—Con.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian prts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	T Up.	ons.	Total Tons.	Amo of Tol	f
	Op.	DOWII.	υр.	Down.	op.	DOWII.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
				<del></del>				l———					
Ice												\$	cts.
Iron, Railway					i .		,					•••••	
" Pig													
" all other			8						8		8		0 60
[ron Ore													
Kryolite Chemical Ore and other						1		l					
Ore, except iron													• • • • • • •
Lard and Lard Oil													
Meal, all kinds Meats, other than Pork				***************************************					4		4		0 45
Marble									·••••	••••••	••••••		
Manilla	20						1		20		20		0 38
Molasses	15								15		15		0 30
Nails	102								102		102		1 98
Oats						l							
Oil (in barrels)							153	1	244	1	245	{	8 46
Oil Cake								1				•••••	•••••
Pease				!	•••••								••••••
Pork				•••••						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*****		•••••
Pork			••••••		******		1			••••••			0 06
Pitch and Tar					,				1				
Rags													
Rye	******												
Rosin		i											
Salt	17	80							17	80	97		9 93
Stone intended for Cutting	54	225							54		279		1 95
" wrought					•••••			190		190	190	33	3 25
" not suitable for Cutting, unwrought	547	434	200					1	847	434	1 001	01	K 0.0
Seeds, all kind			500			·····					1,281	0.	5 96

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Total Freight paying Tolls	21,454	50,549	2,942	2,064			9,473	4,499	33,869	57,112	90,931	4,790 90
Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured	1	168								168	168	8 40
Timber, Square, in Vessels	. <b></b> ]	30]								30	30	2 54
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts			·····					••••		••••		
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels		1	•••••						•••••	1	1	0 15
Shingles	4							******	4		4	0 <b>2</b> 8
Staves, Salt Barrel											*******	
Staves and Headings, Barrel			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						•••••••			
Saw Logs	16	3,328		1,414			1,840	. <b></b>	1,856	97 <b>4,74</b> 2	6,598	15 42 176 71
poles, in Rafts		35	88	27			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		88	62	150	37 50 8 36
poles, in Vessels	í					********		••••••	250		250	27 50
Masta Spars, and Telegraph			ĺ				1					
Lumber, sawn, in Vessels	6,202	1,062	67		•••••				6, <b>26</b> 9	1,062	7,331 21	397 94 2 70
Hoops	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:		***********						1 :		
Firewood, in Vessels					[		1		4,302	25,739 6	30,041 6	1,335 <b>8</b> 4 0 19
Boat Knees	. <b></b>								***************************************		25	
Barrels, Empty			•	23						23	23	0 44
dise not enumerated	461	1						1	1,181	, –	-,	ľ
Whiting Wool All other Goods and Merchan-							1				,	
White Lead	3		·					*******	3		3	
Turpentine Wheat	9,002	5.487					45	1.971		7,458		1,333 09
Tallow		·····									20	0 39
Spirits, Beer, &c Tobacco, Raw												
Sugar	284	••••••							284 16		284 16	5 43 1 60
Soda, Ash	-2	********				1			2		2	0 4

No. (A) 24.—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight, &c.—Concluded.

Can Can	nadian to nadian	Can Unite	adian to d States	Unite Unite	d States to d States	Unite Can	d States to adian	T	ons.	Total Tons.	Amoun of Tolls.
Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		\$ ct
						9,473			1,259 58,371	1,259 92,240	
	Total Waj	Tolls o	n Vessels.				** ***** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				1,383 8 44 1
	Car P Up.	Up. Down.  1,259 21,454 51,808	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian Unite Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.           1,259	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian United States Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.           21,454         51,808         2,942         2,064	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian United States Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.           21,454         51,808         2,942         2,064	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian United States Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.           1,259         1,259	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian United States Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Ports.         Canadian Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.           21,454         51,808         2,942         2,064         9,473	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian United States to Canadian Ports.         United States to Canadian Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Canadian Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Up.         Up.         Up.         Up.	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian Lounted States to Canadian Ports.         United States to Canadian Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Canadian Ports.         To Canadian Ports.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.	Canadian to Canadian Ports.         Canadian Ports.         United States to Canadian Ports.         United States Ports.         United States Canadian Ports.         Tons.           Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         Up.         Down.         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259         1,259	Canadian to Canadian Ports.     Canadian Ports.     United States to United States Ports.     United States Ports.     United States Ports.     United States Canadian Ports.     Total Tons.       Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     Up.     Down.     1,259     1,259

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885. E. MIALL, Commissioner.

No. (A) 25.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

	Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	Car Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	United Car	rom l States to adian orts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
ı		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
15	Ashes, Pot and Pearl	16 3,896 28 263 197 2,708	306 4,191 434 190 56 3,335 836	459	487	50	8	102	11	21 3,896 78 263 197 3,269 43	306 4,194 434 191 56 3,822 855 360	306 4,215 4,330 269 319 4,019 4,124 403	\$ cts. 52 20 612 09 205 91 22 72 29 75 321 01 264 21 50 48
	Bones	1,603 2,524 28 75 12 568 114 303	92 15 2,591 71,318 9,215 584 4 28 7 66	156 127	137	3 1 1	122 5 1,706 31	2,025	178 111,146 178	1,759 4,676 31 1 76 12 583 276 303	20 2,769 184,170 9,424 584 4 28 7 66	1,779 7,445 184,201 9,425 660 16 611 283 369	254 65 311 14 26,120 80 462 93 43 49 1 20 117 07 27 60 29 51
	Flax and Hemp	1,446 245 3,633 639 587 9 77	3,764 900 443 67 217 102 235	96 41	11	107	235		5	1,453 245 3,633 735 735 9 77	3,864 900 678 67 217 102 235	5,317 1,145 4,311 802 952 111 312	656 99 186 04 100 05 159 40 67 14 10 03 24 90

No. (A) 25.—GENERAL STATEMENT showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c - Continued.

Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	Can Unite	rom nadian to ed States orts.	Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Can	rom d States to sadian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	σр.	Down.	ĺ	
									i			
												\$ cts.
IceIron, Railway	5,603	1,693	•••••		1				5,603	1.693	7, 296	1,053 12
" Pig	1,255	1,000	22						1,277	2,508	1,285	176 40
" all other	3,700	586	61					•••••	3,761	586	4,347	469 43
Iron Ore	•••••	•••••			}	·····						
Kryolite, Chemical Ore and other Ore, except Iron		1 917								1,217	1,217	60 85
Lard and Lard Oil	<b>2</b> 9								29	49	78	5 22
Meal, all kinds	55	2,026							55	2 026	2,081	90 14
Meats, other than Pork	19	77						•••••	19	77	96	7 41
Marble	33	1	•••••				•••••		33	1]	31	6 13
Manilla	28 556	429	•••••				445		28 701	429	28 1,130	5 60 117 08
Molasses	2,460	335	37		1	2	110		2,497	337	2,834	501 <b>02</b>
Oats	338						i .		338	5,796	6,134	340 81
Oil (in barrels)	1,024	201	10			19	296		1,330	220	1,550	224 44
Oil Cake				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····						
Pease	631 2	'a a a si					•••••	••••••	631	33,099 302	33, <b>7</b> 30	2,849 55 39 82
Potatoes Pork	123	177	45		1				168	177	345	26 00
Paint	384	60							494	60	554	84 91
Pitch and Tar	40						1,091	. <b></b>	1,131	198	1,329	72 23
Rags	499	267	**** ******		1				537	267	804	106 90
Rye	10	2,217 81			1	1		338	1,391	2,555 81	2,555	247 39 74 50
Rosi n	3.141	50	723		2	53	: '	***********	3,867	163	1,472 3,970	451 58
Stone intended for Cutting.	177	30			 	113			371	143	514	20 95
" wrought	222				1				222		222	13 79
" not suitable for Cut-			٠,		ļ			-				
Seeds, all kinds	391 4,321			**************	1	,			391 4,324	3,182 247	3,573 4,551	71 48 174 20

No. (A) 25.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Car Car	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Car Unite	rom adian to d States orts.	United United	rom 1 States to 1 States orts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian oris.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls
	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Barley. Corn. Flour. Flour. Furniture. Nails. Oats. Oil (in b rrels) Pease. Pork Rye. Stone, Wrought Turpentine. Wheat Merchandise not enumerated Barrels, Empty. Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels. Staves, Pipe.		306 38 55,552 9,659 10 1 872 78 433 318 477 317 317 37 7,531 200 863 7,365 68								306 38 55.552 9,859 10 1 87. 78 433 318 477 317 1 8,822 37 7,531 200 0863 7,365 68	55,552 9,659 10 872 78 433 318 477 317 1 84,822 37 7,531 20 863	
Council Kryolite, Free, having paid full Toll on the Rideau	30,732	•••••	<b>28</b> 0	••••••	•••••		37,343		68,355		68,355	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Canal		261			····· ····					261	26)	
Grand Total Freight	124,657	423,715	8,315	5,473	1,258	3,44.	48,319	111,865	182,549	544,49	727,018	

Total Tolls on Vessels	13,652 2,629	
" Fines and Damages " Wharfage and Storage	371 6,940 <b>9,23</b> 1	79
Total Revenue, exclusive of Hydraulic Rents	\$80,615	58

E. MIAL.

Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

#### ERRATUM.

For No.	A 22	read h	Vo. A	25.
"	23		1.6	26
"	24		"	27
44	25		"	30

No (A) 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Through Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the amount of Tolls collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

1													gation i		
	Articles.	Cana Cana Po	om adian so adian rts.	United Po	1	Unite Unite Po	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Car P	rom d States to nadian orts.	 	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Down.	Total Amount of Tolls.
i	1	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
													\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl Apples								•••••		246 4,009	246 4,009		49 20 601 35	49 20 601 35
	enumerated, Vegetable Agricultural Products, not	228			·•• •••••	· <b></b>			·•• ••• •••	228	29	257	34 20	4 35	38 55
Š	enumerated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley		74 35 499		••••••	•••••					74 35 <b>4</b> 99		······	11 10 7 00	11 10 7 00
ı	Bricks. Bones. Brimstone.	<b>29</b> 0	67	149		•••••				439	67	439 67		41 33 10 05	41 33 65 85 10 05
۱	Clay, Lime and Sand	1,459 71	1	156						1,615 71	1	1,615 72	242 25 10 65	0 15	242 25 10 80
	Coal	6	70,565 1,78 1 22		*************				96,334	28 6	166,899 1,783 22	166,927 1,783 28	5 60 	25,034 85 175 <b>5</b> 9 3 30	
	Cotton, Raw	48s 75	25	15				••••••		50 i	25	529	100 80	5 00	105 80
	Fish	45	47						••••••••	45	47	82 92	15 00 6 75	1 40 7 03	16 40 13 80
	Flour Furniture Gypsum	5 89	3,678 714	**********	*************				•••••	89	3,678 714	3,683 803	0 75 17 80	551 70 142 80	552 45 160 60
	Glass, all kinds	643	65 25				•••••			719	65	784	143 80	13 00	156 80
	Horses Hides and Skins Horns and	32	53			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				2 32	25 53	27 85	0 30 4 80	3 75 7 95	4 05 12 75
	Hoofs		64			ا . <b></b> ا		······· ··		l <b></b>	64	64		9 60	9 60

	Ice		1			1	l	1		1	1	-		1	:
١	Iron, Railway	5,062	1,693							5,062	1,693	6,755	759 30	253 95	1,013 25
Į	" Pig	973						••••••		995		995	149 25		149 25
ı	" all other	2,088	294				*************	******		2,149	294	2,443		41 10	366 45
ı	Iron Ore	2,000					**********	******		2,140		,			_
ı	Kryolite Chemical Ore and		***************************************				*****	••••••				•••••		•••••	
ı	other Ore, except Iron		1 217								1 017	1,217	[	00 OF	60 85
ı	Lard and Lard Oil		, ,			1					1,217	1,01		69 85	0 60
I								• •••••	·····		40	4		0 60	
ı	Meal, all kinds						*****	•••••			43	43		6 45	6 45
ı	Meats, other than Pork	2			•••••			********	······	2	23	25		3 45	3 75
ı	Marble	22	-					*******		22	1	23	4 40	0 20	4 60
ı	Manilla	28				~~~~		******		28		2 -	5 60	*****	5 60
ı	Molasses	274				•••••			*****	274		274	54 80		54 80
ı	Nails	2,140		37			******			2,177	3	2,180	435 40	0 60	436 00
ı	Oats	1	533							1	533	534	0 15	66 83	66 98
ı	Oil(in barrels)	665	161	10						675	161	836	135 00	32 20	167 20
ł	Oil Cake							******							
ı	Pesse		12,558								12,558	12,558		1,883 70	1,883 70
I	Potatoes	2	14				******			2	14	16	0 30	2 10	2 40
i	Pork	45	18				. <b></b>			45	18	63	6 75	2 70	9 45
ı	Paint	336	13	4						340	13	353	68 00	2 60	70 60
ì	Pitch and Tar	35				1 1				35		35			7 00
ı	Rags	24	262						*****	24	262	286	4 80		57 20
ı	Rve		1,009						338		1,347	1,347			202 05
ı	Rosin											1,01.	0.80		0 80
1	Salt	1.157		723						1,880		1,880	282 00		282 00
ı	Stone intended for Cutting						******			1,000		1,000	0 45		0 45
ı	" wrought	7						******		7		7	1 40	••••	1 40
ı	" not suitable for Cut-	•	*** *** *** ***		*****	******	******	••••••		•		•	1 40	•••••	1 40
ı	ting, unwrought					1				i					
ı		7					******************	•••••	******			19	3 05		1 95
1	Seeds, all kinds	•	. =		************		****		**********	, ,	100	13		0 90	
ı	Sheep		47					•••••	***********		47	47		7 05	7 05
ı	Soda Ash	1,129	6	1,144		·····	•••••	••••••	•••••	2,273	6	2,279		1 20	455 80
ı	Steel	13			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	••••••	•••••	13	•••••	13	2 60		2 60
I	Sugar	3,271	4	94						3,365	4	3,369	673 00	0 80	673 80
Ī	Spirits, Beer, &c	476	189		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					753		942	150 60		188 40
ı	Tobacco, Raw	2	10							2	10	12	0 30	1 50	1 80
ı	Tallow		30								30	30		4 50	4 50
1	Tin	565		1.622				<b></b>		2,187	i	2,187	437 40	l <b></b>	437 40
1	Turpentine	17					•••••	100007		17	11	18		0 20	3 60
I	Wheat		15,582								15,582	15,582		1,592 10	1,592 10
ŀ	White Lead	72		******					******	72		73	14 40		14 40
۱	Whiting	273	9							273	9	282	54 60	1 80	56 40
ı	Wool	88	2	•••••						88	2	90	13 20		13 50
ŀ	All other Goods and Mer-									1	<b>-</b> 1				
ı	chandise not enumerated	5,077	2,294	438			*****		. <b></b>	5,515	2, 29 1	7,809	1,103 00	458 80	1,561 80
ľ	Bark	٠,٠٠٠	-,						******	,,,,,	-, -0 !	•,000	1,100 00	200 00	1,001 00
I	Barrel, Empty	3	2							2	9	K	24	25	0 49
ı	Portor, Tambal	٦	-	*********			**********		******	ľ	•	0	24	_ AU	0 40
	Darrer, Ampty	3	4			•••••	*****	1000000		3	2		24	20	

No. (A) 29.—General Statement showing the Quantity of Each Article transported &c—Continued.

Articles.	Cana		Cana		Unite Unite	rom d States to d States orts.	Unite Car	From d States to adian orts.	To	ns	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Up.	Amount of Tolls Dowa.	Total Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.				
					_							\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Boat Knees		. <b></b> . <b></b>			ļ								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Floats Firewood, in Vessels	279	954							279	951	1,233		63 60	82 20
" Rafts			·•••••••••••••					· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			·••••			
Ноора			•••••			•••••								
Hop Poles Lumber, sawn, in Vessels	24	6 <b>2</b> 3	1,298	4,491				•••••	1,322	5,114	6,436	118 80	155 95	874 75
Masts, Spars and Telegraph											******	************		
poles, in Vessels												. <b></b> !		
Mests, Spars and Telegraph poles, in Rafts				·····				. <b></b>		. <b></b>				······
Railway Ties, in Vessels								•••••						
do Rafts	·····													
Bievesand Headings, barrel		63								63	63		5 00	5 0)
do pipe												·••••		
do West India														
Staves, salt barrel	7					******			7		7	4 50		4 50
Split Posts and Fence Rails,	į į													
in Vessels		·····		••••		••••	·••••••			·••••				
in Rafts Timber Square, in Vessels.	386	 620							386	620	1,003	19 30	31 00	50 30
do Rafts		020												
Traverses					•••••		•••••					•••••	······	•••••
Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured	45	214	3						48	214	263	19 20	85 60	104 80
Total Freight paying Tolls	28,044	120,510	6,149	4,491				96,672	34,193	221,673	255,866	5,976 29	32,343 65	39,319 24

					To	tal Thro	ugh To	lls		**** ***		\$10,801 75	37,928 2	9 48	730 04
			Tota	Through	h Tolls	Pass	engers.		······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,532 86 292 60	4,164 7 1,419 8		697 68 71 <b>2 4</b> 5
Grand Total Freight	31,674	289,486	6,247	4,491				96,672	37,921	390,649	428,570				
Kryolite, Free, having paid full Toll on Rideau Canal		261								261	261	Ì			
Coal, Free, per Order in	3,630		98			·····			3,728		3,728				
Timber, square, in Rafts Woodenware		1,368	•••••	••••	•••••					68	68				
" West India		863 7,365	•••••							863 7,365	863 7,365				
		7,531 200				 				7,531	7,531 200				
rated Barrels, Empty		37 37		 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 			37 37	37 37				
Wheat		84,832								84,822	84,822				
Stone, wrought		317			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					317	317 1				
Rye		477			••••••					477	477				
Pease Pork		433 318								433 318	433 319				
Oats Oil		872 78			•••••					872  78	872 78				
Nails		1						•••••		i	1				
FlourFurniture					•••••					9,659	9,659 10				
Barley Corn		55,552						••••		38 55,552	38 55,55°				
Ashes		36								26	36				
Canal.					i				!	t				1	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

No. (A) 30.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

Articles.	Can Can	rom adian to adian. orts.	Ca: Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	United	rom l States to l States orts.	United Cana	om States to adian orts	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	16	<b>6</b> 0 182	3		<u></u> 2	3	 	 	21	€0 185	60 206	3 00 10 74
Agricultural Products not enume- rated, Vegetable	3,668	405					· <b></b>	·····	3,668	405	4,073	167 36
Agricultural Products not enume- rated, Animal	28 263 197 <b>2,</b> 418 43	116 21 2,836 836 25	310	137		8 122		11 9	78 263 197 2,830 43	117 21 3,323 855 293	195 284 3,520 3,685 336	11 62 32 75 279 68 198 36 40 43
Brimstone	144 2,453 69 12 79	15 2,590 753 7,432 563 4 3	127		3 1 1	5	2,025	178 14,812 178	144 4,605 3 1 70 12 79 201 268	20 2,768 17,271 7,641 562 4 3	164 7,373 17,274 7,642 632 16 82 201	12 40 300 34 1,080 35 287 34 39 29 1 20 11 27 11 20 15 71
Fish. Flax and Hemp Flour. Furniture. Gypsum. Glass, all kinds Hay, Pressed Hogs. Horses Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs	256 1,441 156 3,633 16 587 7	19 86 186 443 2 317 77 182 2	41		107	95		5	1,448 156 3,633 16 735 7	186 186 186 678 2 217 77 182 13	1,634 342 4,311 18 952 84 227	10 4 54 25 44 100 05 2 60 67 14 5 98 12 15 1 74

	Iron, Railway	5411					l <b></b>	<b></b>		541		541	39 87
I	" Pig	282								282	8	290	27 15
I	" all other	1,612	292			**********				1,612	292	1,904	102 98
H	Iron Ore				*********					, ,		2,001	
I					*********		••••••	*** **** ***	**********	********	**********	*******	
H	Kryolite Chemical Ore and other								1	1			
II.	Ore, except Iron			******	**********		*****	•••••••			*****		
И	Lard and Lard Oil	29	45		·····				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	29	45	74	4 62
I	Meal, all kinds	55	1,983					· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		55	1,983	<b>2,</b> 038	83 69
I	Meats, other than Pork	17	54							17	54	71	3 66
I	Marble	11			1					111		11	1 53
I	Manilla					l							
H	Molasses	282	429					145		427	429	856	62 28
I	Naila	320	332			1				320		654	65 02
Ħ	Nails				·····		1 2						
Ħ	Oats	337	5,263			}				337	5,263	5,600	273 83
I	Oil (in barrels)	359	40				19	296	*** *****	655	59	714	57 24
П	Oil Cake											••••	**** ***** *****
I	Pease	631	20,541					<b></b>		631	20,541	21,172	965 85
ľ	Potatoes		28₺	l			l		1	1	i 288	288	37 42
I	Pork	123	159		i	l				123	159	282	16 55
П	Paint	48	47					106		154	47	201	14 31
I	Pitch and Tar	5	198		1		1	1,091		1,096		1,294	65 23
I		475	100			18		1,001	1		130		49 70
П	Rags	413			······		1	1 40	·····	513	1	518	
I	Куе		1,208								1,208	1,208	45 34
I	Rosin	6	81					1,381		1,387	[ 81	1,468	73 70
1	Salt	1,984	<b>5</b> 0			3				1,987	103	2,090	169 58
П	Stone intended for Cutting	174	30		<b> </b>		113	194		368	143	511	20 50
11	" wrought	215			ł			<b></b>	l	215		215	12 39
H	" not suitable for Cutting, un-			ł			1	1	1				
I)	wrought	391	2 746		l		436			391	3,182	3,573	71 48
		4,31+	221							4.317	221	4,538	172 25
U	Seeds, all kinds					••••••	i	1	ı				
H	Sheep	8				'			•••••	16	306	321	20 90
11	Soda Ash	65	16							65	16	81	7 30
]]	Steel	3								] 3		3	0 39
IJ	Sugar	453	48					4,923		5,376	48	5,424	314 99
H	Spirits, Beer, &c	168	17	, ,			}			168	17	185	19 94
H	Tobacco, Raw		2					<b>.</b>		1 4	2	6	0 23
11	Tallow					1 1				l î		ĭ	0 08
П		52	151			1 -	1		}	52		203	14 41
H	Tin	6						515	,	521	101	523	26 99
П	Turpentine					••••			1		11 071		
II	Wheat	4,555	11,366				5			4,555		15,926	618 34
H	White Lead	5	8					1 7		12		20	1 70
IJ	Whiting	75	********	*****		. <i></i>				75		75	7 95
1	Wool	5					l			5		5	0 50
I	All other Goods and Merchandise				[	l	1	1	1	ł	1		
1	not enumerated	4,240	1 <b>.3</b> 01	11	. <b></b>	673	574	2		4,926	1,875	6,801	663 43
	Bark		1,001						<b>?</b>	2,020	2,5.0	0,001	
ľ	Danala Frants	122	42			30				152	67	219	23 41
	Barrels, Empty	122	42			}	20			102		219	#3 4t
ł	Boat Knees	••••••	********	*******							***********		·•••••
ı		] {			1	i	i	1	1	l	_	!	l

No. (A) 30.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article of Way Freight transported on the St. Lawrence Canals, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Can Can	rom tadian to adian orts.	Unite	rom nadian to d States orts.	United t United	om States O States I States I ts.	United t Cans	om l States o adian rts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Floats Pirewood, in Vessels	104 7,287	3,21 15,813	1.323						104 8,700		3.316 24,513	58 31 548 63
Hoops									4	5.	51	1 13
Hop Poles Lumber, sawn, in Vessels	18,273		•••••	. <b></b>	75						00.005	015 47
" " Rafts	21	10, <b>36</b> 1	•••••	346		10			18,348 21	10,717 2	29,065 23	915 47 0 91
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels			•••••							,		
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts		12.238								1 ',238	12,238	205 95
Railway Ties, in Vessels	2,221	3.8							2,221	338	2,559	51 15
Saw Logs		, ,								12,180	12,180	278 32
" Pipe	9	24			175				175	24	175 33	3 50 1 03
" West India	20								20	3:	52	1 95
Staves, Salt Barrel Shingles	241		······	•••••	••••	•••••			241	143 3	1 43 244	2 85 52 29
sels									1		1	0 40
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts. Timber, Fquare, in Vessels	20	20							40	20	60	0 07
Rafts	168								168	7,732	7 900	243 20
Traverses	20	7,474	••••••						20	7,474	7,494	19 58
factured	12	2	5			1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17	3	20	5 32
Total Freight paying Tolls	65,936	133,962	1,841	982	1,248	3,443	10,976	15,193	80,001	153,580	233,581	9,470 00

Coal, Free, per Order in Council	27,102		182			<b>!</b>	37,343		64,617		64,627	1		
Grand Total, Freight	93,038	133,962	3,033	983	1,218	3,443	48,319	<b>15,19</b> 3	144,628	153,580	298,203			
						l!				<u> </u>				
Total Way Tolls on Vessels														
"														
Total Way Tolls														

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 19th March, 1885.

No. (A) 31.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Burlington Bay Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

			P		Fro		p.	om				•
Articles	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	From Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal Canal C	dian States	United to United Por	States States	United Can	l States to adian orts.	<b>T</b> o	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Toll.
	Űp.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
										. 15	15	\$ cts.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl						•	1			233	233	
Agricultural Products, not enu- merated, Vegetable	1	6	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						1	6	7	
Agricultural Products, not enu-		4		323						327	327	
Agricultural Implements.		452		2,769						3,221	3,221	
Bricks			]. <b></b>							•• •••••	-	
Brimstone				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	******			*******	163		163	
Clay, Lime and Sand							I		50,413		466 50,413	1
Corn										······································		
Crockery and Earthenware	51	i						·····	51	1	52	ļ
Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs		4		1						4	` 4	
Flax and Hemp										43	43	
Furniture	5	4							5	4		
Glass, all kinds	101	73							101	73	174	
Hogs										2	2	
Hides and Skins, Horns and						<u> </u>		 				

Iron, Railway	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>6</b> 0	125					<b>4</b> 06		<b>46</b> 6	125	591
" Pig	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	89	226					······································	.,	89		315
	nical Ore and other	1		Ì	Ì							
	Iron			·••••			••••					*******
	d Oil,											
	ds than Pork										2	2
	mau i vik										5	đ
	****** ***** ***** *****				i .							*** *******
	,	1								10		10
			108							202	108	310
Oats										23	15	38
	s)							•••••		1	1	1
Oil Cake					······	1						
Pease							/*****				1	
	••••										3	3
	•••••	6				1		ļ		6	5	11
		1				1						l
	C	1										
		1	1									
	**********************			1	1							
												31
	d for Cutting	3						453	1		· • · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	456
do wrough	table for Cutting,					ļ. <b></b> .		107		107		107
	ight		l			1	l					
	ds		l						***************************************			
	************************											
		1 1/0								1	·····	148
		1										485
						1	ļ					400
	&c										2	1 2
	Y		2								***********	, -
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•••••									29
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							i	1			l
		300						l	1	<b>3</b> 60		4,961
	••••••		3,041			l				11		
												25
	·· ································											
All other Goo	ds and Merchandise		1	1		i				l i <b>3</b> ,677	1,417	5,(91
	ated		1,41,					İ		1 ',		
										1		1

No. (A) 31.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Can Can	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can t United	om adian o States orts.	United	om States o States rts.	United Can	rom d States to adian orts.	To	ons.	Total Tons.	Amo of Tol	ſ
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
												\$	cts.
							ł	******					
Firewood in Vessels													
_ '' Rafts													
		······					1	********	·····	••••••			
Hop Poles Lumber, sawn, in Vessels	1,167	95.0				••••••••			1.167	793	1,960		
ll	1,101			401					1,101	1,500			
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels Masts, Spars and Telegraph		55			•••			•••		55	55		
Poles, in Rafts		······											
Railway Ties, in Vessels					********	····	••••••				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Rafts						•••••••	•••••••	• •••••		•••••	······································		
Sawlogs	•••••					*** ******		********					
" W. India													
Staves, Salt Barrel													
			••••••	••• •••••	••••••••		•••••	*******	***************************************	. <b></b>			
Vessels						·····		*********					
Rafts Timber, Square, in Vesse's		, ,					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		********	4,565	4,565		
Traverses Rafts	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••••				*******		****				

Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured							··			*****		
Total Freight, Free, per Order in Council	6,614	13,062		4,349			51,870		58,48	17,411	75,895	
			<u>                                       </u>		J	Total	Tolls on	Vessels				<b>\$</b> 1,975 62

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

No. (A) 32.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Ottawa Canals and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

	<b>A</b> rticles	Can Can	rom adian to adian orts.	Fro Cana to United Por	dian States	Fro United to United Por	States States	United Can	rom l States to adian orts.	То	18.	Total Tons	Amount of Toll.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
													\$ cts.
	Ashes, Pot and Pearl		3 96								3 96	3 96	0 48 5 79
	Agricultural Products, not enu- merated, Vegetable	1	22							1	23	<b>2</b> 3	1 83
<u>ن</u> د	Agricultural Products, not enu merated, Animal	27 1	793 7						· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	27 1	793 7	820 8	48 46 1 20
	Barley Bricks							1			465	465	29 17
	Brimstone Cement and Water Lime.	<b></b>									175	38	2 39 15 93
	Clay, Lime and Sand	1								1	2,197 50	2,198 50	44 39 3 52
	Corn	1 7	633						***************************************	1 7	<b>6</b> 33	4 640	0 22 34 94
İ	Orockery and Earthenware Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs	1								1		1	0 05
	FishFlax and Hemp												
	Flour	8 8	13 30	*****						8 8	13 <b>3</b> 0	21 38	0 42 3 64
	Gypsum										20		1 99
	Hogs		<b>5</b> 6							22	56 194	56 216	3 38
	Hides and Skins, Horns and Hoofs		22							ļ	22	22	2 15

٧.	8		ı !	ı		1		l	l			l	
11 11	on, Railway			•••••									
1	T 18									12	6	18	
II .										1			***************************************
一元	on Ore			*******					••••••		***************		***************************************
	yolite, Chemical Ore and other		F 000		! !					l l	7,203	7,203	360 15
	Ore, except Iron						•••••	•••••			•		
	ard and Lard Oil											29	1 85
	al, all kinds										<b>4</b> ∂	45	0 12
	eats, other than Pork		_				*********					4	
l M	arble	<b> </b> .											*****
M	anilla				1							<u>.</u>	
M	olasses	1								1		1	0 05
	ails			1									
	ats										989	989	68 04
	il (in barrels)		. 1			[	l	1		[ 1	1	] 2	0 24
	il Cake					1							
	88.5 <b>6</b>						1			14		6,769	520 76
	otatoes						j .	)			111	1111	6 57
	ork					1		1			4	4	0 24
							•	1		1		1	
	Bint				1	l	1				16		
	itch and Tar		1 77	1	1	1	1		1		16		2 49
	ags		1			ļ·····	į.				294		28 68
	уё <sub></sub>						. •••••	i					
	osin						******					***************************************	0 14
II B	llt	7				******				1 -		50	
1 8	one, intended for Cutting	50								50	***********	••∪	1 00
1	" wrought		********										
ll .	" not suitable for Cutting,	Į.	ļ	ł		i	1	!	1				
11	unwrought	Į											
II S	eds, all kinds	] 1	23	ł						] 1	23	,	1 39
	leep		417			**********					417	417	22 77
	oda Ash				l								
	eel												
	198r						l						
1 8	pirits, Beer, &c	1		l	I	1	l					ļ	<b></b>
	obacco, Raw									1			
			1						************		1	1	0 10
	in		·				1	l			[		
	urpentine												
		28	15							1 00	15		2 06
	heat		1				1	1					
11 70	hite Lead	**** *****	l	l	I				l .	1			
	hiting											I	
	001		·······			······	••••••	••••••					************
II A	ll other Goods and Merchan-			!	J	ì	l	1		000	622	845	78 82
1	dise, not enumerated		1				,			1		1	
	ark					**********			1		90		8 81
B	arrels, Empty		89								89	89	10 38
1)		I	1	j .	1	J	1	i .	•	1	1	·	<u> </u>

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No. (A) 32.—General Statement, showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Ottawa Canals, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Ca:	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can United	rom adian to 1 States orts.	United	rom l States to l States orts.	Unite Car	rom ed States to nadian orts.	To	ons,	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.	t
·	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.			
				<del></del>								\$ c1	ts.
Boat Knees			j					1		* 270		68 1	
Floats Fire Wood, in Vessels			 გნმ						720				
" Rafts		8,260								8,260	8,260	83 4	17
Hoops										26			
Lumber, sawn, in Vessels		296,281		208.557					35	504,838			
Rafts													
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels Masts, Spars and Telegraph				 			•••••••	 		<b></b> .	 	······ ····	
Poles, in Rafts Railway Ties, in Vessels		201		]			••••••		•••••	201	201		8
Saw Logs	•••	10,626								188 10, <b>62</b> 6		20 0 251 8	
Staves and Headings, Barrel			•••••	·····	••••••••		•••••••						
" Pipe West India													
Staves, Salt Barrel									8	321		120 9	
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels		1				•••••		······································		1	1	0 04	4
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts		20								20	20	1 14	4
Timber, Square, in Vessels		19 682	***********	•••••						19,682	19,682	217 72	
Traverses						•••••••			-00000 00000	233	233	2 33	
manufactured										·••••			
Total Freight Paying Tolls	817	462,319	360	210,114	4,,,,				1,177	672 433	673,610	49,337 57	71

Coal, Fre per Order in Council.	150								150		150	1
Grand Total, Freight	967	462,319	360	210,114					1,327	672,433	673,760	(
		-		1	"	"	Passeng Free Go	ers ods	••••••••••••••••••	Hydraulic R	\$3 00	5,113 69 260 73 67 00 \$54,778 99

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

# SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Continued

No. (A) 33.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Chambly Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

Articles.	From Uanadian to Canadian Ports.  Up. Down.		Uanadian to Canadian to United States Ports. Ports.		United t United	om States O States rts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	T Up.	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Toll.
Ashes, Pot and Pearl		1,435						1		· ·	-,	121 31
merated, Vegetable Agricultural products not enumerated, Animal Agricultural Implements. Barley Bricks Bones Brimstone	6 6 481	68 20	2,428					215	6 6 2,428 484 239	68 20 215	74 26 2,428 699 239	2 82 2 21 210 30 32 89
Cement and Water Lime	21 45	151 60						277 2,316 83,374	21 45	277 2,467 83,434	298 2,512 83,434	8,079 63
Cotton, Raw	3	12				••••		127	3	12 127	15 127	1 30 12 70
Flax and Hemp Flour Furniture Gypsum Glass, all kinds Hay, Pressed	191 19 3 1,916	15 3  735	95					1	191 19 3 2,011	15 3 1 735	206 22 3 1 2,746	6 91 0 97 0 10 0 10 188 15
Hogs	7	9					•••••	•••••	7	9	16	0 56

1885

1)	_		_			_						
[ce												
Iron, Railway									8		8	0 27
" Pig							**********					
" All other	l							286		286	286	27 10
Iron Ore					l	l						
Kryolite Chemical Ore and other												1
Ore, except Iron				1		l			1			
Lard and Lard Oil	·····	*************************************						1				
Meal, all kinds		••••••						1				
Monte other than Dank			******									
Meats, other than Pork												
Marble					1			1				
Manilla							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					••••••
Molasses					J			618	) 6	618	624	62 00
Nails	26						i	**********	26		26	0 88
Oats	5	1.438	1			i			5	1,438	1,443	49 63
Oil (in Barrels)		′ 2		l				291		296	296	29 54
Oil Cake							1	1				
Pease	J	1 358	1			<b></b>				1,358	1,358	
Potatoes		1,300					1			1,,,,,,	1,000	0 20
											_	
Pork		••••••				¦						5 40
Paint		••••••			·····	***********	*************	54		54	54	
Pitch and Tar								1,093		1,093	1,093	109 30
Rags											·····	
Rye		************	********									
Rosin	.,,.,							1,540	<b></b>	1,510	1,540	154 00
Salt	605								605		605	53 24
Stone intended for Cutting								-		. 65	65	6 50
" wrought								1 250		270	270	27 00
" not suitable for Cutting,	••••••									1	2.0	2
									[	[		
unwrought												i i
Seeds, all kinds			*****		••••	••••		•••••				0 47
Sheep										14	14	1
Soda Ash											•••••	
Steel												
Sugar								4,750		4,750		
Spirits, Beer, &c									3		3	0 10
Tobacco (Raw)								5		5	5	0 50
Tallow										l <b></b>		l
Tin												
Turpentine											513	
								1		1		
Wheat							1					0 70
White Lead						l .			••••••	1 3	5	
Whiting								5		5	1 -	1
Wool						!						•••••
All other goods and merchan-	'	1		1	l	1	1	1	l	1		
dise not enumerated	1,099	814	56					1,681	1,155	2,525	3,680	<b>2</b> 36 2 <b>6</b>
Bark								l			l	
				1	ľ		1	1	1	1	l	1
,		•	'	-		•		_			•	

# SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 38.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Chambly Canal, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	Cai Cai	rom nadian to nadian orts.	Can United	om adian to States rts.	United t United	om l States o l States rts.	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Toll.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	υp.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
												\$ cts.
Barrels, empty Boat Knees									5		5	0 98
Floats									565		565	
Firewood, in Vessels	300	120		•••••	•••••		•••••		300		420	4 68
Hoons		********						******				
Hop Poles.				***********				*****	79,322	9	79,324	4.475 47
Lumber, sawn, in Vessels	4,008		10,314	•••••								
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Vessels									•••••			•••••
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts	100			**** (*** ***				*******	100	·••••	100	3 34
Railway Ties, in Vessels	6,578							***************************************				
Sawloge								***************************************				•••••
										******		***************************************
" W. India								*******		******	***************************************	
Staves, salt barrel											K	1 39
Shingles	1	_				•••••			9		2	0 14
Vessels		******		i		l			_			
Rafts Timber, square, in Vessels									****** ***		*********	*******
Traverses	*****	•••••	1,003		******				1,003		1,000	100 20

Woodenware and Wood, partly manufactured	11							1	1	1	2	0 19	
Total Freight paying Tolls.	15,456	6,323	79,870					97,497	95,326	103,820	199,146	15,470 84	
Total Tolls on Vessels													
								•••••••				\$18,906 21	

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

# SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 34.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Rideau Canal, and the Amount of Revenue collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

Articles.	Car Car	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		om adian o States rts.	Fro United t United Por	States O States	United Can	rom d States to adian orts.	То	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Uр.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Ashes, Pot and Pearl				1						58 15	58 15	\$ cts. 12 35 0 71
merated, Vegetable Agricultural products not enu-	53					············		*******	<b>5</b> 3		53	1 25
merated, Animal Agricultural Implements Barley Bricks Bones Brimstone	67 39 108 1,324 1	107							1		1,411 146 108 1,324	112 94 13 57 2 56 30 95 0 03
Cement and Water Lime	149 7 6 5	1 6 3,141 21 1					••••		6 5	1 6 3,141 21 1	150 13 3,141 27 6	8 30 0 37 93 41 0 86 0 17
Cotton, Raw	26 1 18	17							26 1 18	17	43 1 22	4 72 0 09 0 94
FlourFurniture	50 17	31 <b>7</b> 50							17		1	10 73 7 03
Glass, all kinds Hay, Pressed	5 10		*****						5 10		5 10	0 45 0 24
Horses Hides and Skins, Horns and		1						***************************************		1	1	0 03
Hoofs									••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			

	Iron, Railway		100 mm t			7.4.5			[	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1	'' Pig	189	2							189		192	8 60 1
	if all other	267	11	•••••	•••••				•••••	267	11	278	10 97
1									·••••				
ı	Iron Ore	500				•••••			******	500		500	25 00
ı	Kryolite Chemical Ore and other						ŀ		ļ				H
ı	Ore, except Iron	468	254	150						618	254	872	43 60
	Lard and Lard Uil		5								5	5	0 12
H	Meal, all kinds	1								1	18	19	0 95
Ш	Meats, other than Pork	ī								ī	5	6	0 16
H	Marble	2								3	ı ı	3	C 36
ı	Maruis	, ,	•••••					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ا		٥	0.30
ı	Manilla		••••										
۱	Molasses	21	3			[ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				21	3	24	3 22
H	Nails	131								131		113	13 89
ı	Oats	29								29	2	31	0 78
ı	Oil (in barrels)	25	88							25	88	131	13 <b>5</b> 1
1	Oil Cake		1								1	1	0 03
1	Pease.	12	13		1		l	1		12	13	25	2 14
H	Potatoes	9								9		9	0 40
H	Pork	6		,						امّ ا	18	24	0.89
H		10		j.		l. <b></b>		·		10		10	0 89
H	Paint	10								100	11	13	1 14
H	Pitch and Tar	2						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	. 4	11	13	
Ш	Rags	3					• ,• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			3	4	7	0 97
ı	Rye	555	<b>2</b> 92	*****						555	292	847	55 11
ı	Rosin												
Ш	Salt	548	488					1		548	483	1,036	31 93
H	Stone intended for Cutting	2							. <b></b>	1 2		. 2	0 06
Н	" wrought												
П	" not sutiable for Cutting.								1			***************************************	
Ш	not battacto for Cattling,				i .				ļ				į.
П	unwrought									9	9	12	0 33
П	Seeds, all kinds	3								1 3	9	12	0 03
П	Sheep	1					******		*******	1		1	0 03
ı	Soda Ash					. <b></b>						*******	
1	Steel			•••••		<i>.</i>							
H	Sugar	117	74							117	74	191	22 96
П	Spirits, Beer, &c	9						<b> </b>		9	43	51	6 16
П	Tobacco, Raw	l			İ					l	********		
Н	Tallow									l	3	3	0 29
П	Tin	23								23	1	24	3 75
П	Tunnantina	20						1		2		2	0 i8
H	Turpentine	38	et 500000				1	1	*****	38	37	75	2 12
	Wheat	38			1	•••••	1	•••••		38	31	l ii	0 97
ı	White Lead	8	3		•••••					8	3		
ı	Whiting	28					******			28	*****	28	2 45
H	Wool	4								4	•••••	4	0 10
П	All other Goods and Merchandise				I	1	!	l	1	i	_		
ľ	not enumerated	458	320						I	458	<b>32</b> 0		84 38
ı	Bark	115								115		115	2 76
ı	Barrels, Empty	23							1	23	2	25	2 43
ľ		"	1	l .	l .				1				
ı	Boat Knees				•••••	1	1	1	1	1	·······		
H		ı	•	I	1 _		1	J		!		1	

# SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Concluded.

No. (A) 34.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the Rideau Canal, &c.—Concluded.

Articles.	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		Canadian to United States Ports. Ports.			States O States rts.	Unite Can	rom d States to adian orts.	To	<b>18.</b>	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
FloatsFire Wood, in Vessels	30,312	5,307							30,312	5,307	3,068 3 <b>5</b> ,619 141	\$ cts. 53 90 652 60 2 98
Hop Poles Lumber, Sawn, in Vessels	63 13,771		1,804	**************************************					63 15,575 27	515	63 16,090 27	9 00 981 83 1 02
Masts, Spars, and Telegraph poles in Vessels  Railway Ties, in Vessels  Rafts  Saw Logs		9	105						5 1,549	9	97 5 1,558 483 1,614	0 25 102 62 50 47
Staves and Headings, Barrel " "Pipe " West India Staves, Salt Barrel									165	20		52 40
Shingles Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Vessels Split Posts and Fence Rails, in Rafts	20								20		20	1 77 0 77
Timber, Square, in Vessels  " "Rafts  Traverses  Woodenware and Wood partly	584 1,780	1,240					************		584 1,780	1,240		57 53 11 29
manufactured  Total Freight paying Tolls									59,597	15,470	<u> </u>	

Coal, Free, per Order in Council	1,322			 	1,322		1,322	1
Grand Total, Freight 5	58,860 15,470	2,059		 	60,919	15,470	76,389	
		do do Wharfage	lls on Vessels Passengers Free Coal e and Storage	 •••••••	***************************************	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	\$36.88	1,331 48 26 41 111 10 272 00 \$4,409 19

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTEMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

# APPENDIX A-Centinued.

No. (A) 35.—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported on the St. Peter's Canaland the Amount of Revenue Collected thereon, during the Season Navigation in 1884.

	Articles.	Cana Cana	.0	Can t United	om adian o States rts.	From United United Pos	o States	Unite Car	rom d States to nadian orts.	To	ns.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls Down.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	υp.	Down.	<b>U</b> p.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
I	Fish	1,007 164 6,830 1,418 2,834 80	463 3,808 363 1,657 290							1,007 164 6,830 1,418 2,834 80	201 463 3,808 363 1,657 290 6,782	1,208 627 10,638 1,781 4,491 370	
					Total								<b>2,6</b> 63 30
								Total R	evenue, exc	lusi <b>v</b> e of H	y <b>drau</b> lic Re	nts	\$2,854 45

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

# SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 36—General Statement showing the Quantity of each Article transported through the Newcastle District Canals, and the amount of Revenue collected, during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

<b>A</b> rticles.	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		Can United	adian lo 1 States	United to United	States States	United at Cans	States o dian	Т	ons.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up	Down.		
Olay, Lime and Sand Bark Firewood Floats Lumber, Sawn Railway Ties Saw Logs Shingles Split Posts, &c Fimber, Square Fraverses Fron Ore	7,446 2,204 250 2,635	24							7,446 2,204 250 2,625	375	7,470 2,204 250 2,625	14 80 5 55 52 50
Total Freight Paying Tolls	12,650							***************************************	12,650	399	13,049	202 45
Total Tolls on Vessels												
	Bricks Dlay, Lime and Sand Bark Firewood Floats Jumber, Sawn Bailway Ties Baw Logs Bhingles Floats Floats Climber, Square Fraverses Fraverses Flone, unwrought	Articles.  Can Po  Up.  Bricks  Clay, Lime and Sand  Sark  Firewood 7,446  Floats  Aumber, Sawn 2,204  Railway Ties 250  Saw Logs 2,625  Shingles  Shingles  Fraverses  Fon Ore  Stone, unwrought	Canadian to Canadian Ports.   Up.   Down.	Articles.  Canadian to Canadian Ports.  Up. Down. Up.  Bricks  Dlay, Lime and Sand  Bark  Fire wood 7,446 24  Floats  Lumber, Sawn 2,204  Railway Ties 250  Baw Logs 2,635  Bhingles  Split Posts, &c  Fimber, Square 125 375  Fraverses  Fraverses  Fron Ore  Stone, unwrought  Total Freight Paying Tolls 12,650 399  Total Tolls on Vess	Canadian to United States   Ports.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.	Canadian to United States Ports.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   U	Canadian to United States to United States Ports.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.	Canadian to United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United S	Canadian to United States to United States to United States to United States Ports.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Down.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up.   Up	Canadian to Canadian United States to United States Ports.   United States United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States Ports.   United States United States Ports.   United States United States Ports.   United States United States Ports.   United States United States Ports.   United States United States United States Ports.   United States United States United States Ports.   United States United States United States Ports.   United States United States Ports.   United States United States United States Ports.   United States United States United States Ports.   United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United States United State	Canadian to Canadian Ports.	Canadian to Canadian Ports.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885. E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

### SUPPI EMENTARY

No. (A) 37.—STATEMENT of Traffic on the undermentioned Canals, and

( <del></del>						
Articles.	Wellan	d Canal.	St. Lawre	nce Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 1.	ı	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Canadian Vessels, steam	181,518	2,604 75	681,316	4,282 91	67,362	215 69
United States Vessels, steam	136,643	2,052 67	20,801	130 55	402	5 69 1,462 79
United States Vessels, sail	222,037 201,131	3,862 76 4,511 57	758,529 70,931	8,595 92 642 96	83,846 116,378	1,632 97
Total, Class No. 1	741,329	13,031 75	1,531,577	13,652 34	267,988	3,317 14
Class No. 2.						
Passengers	No. 4,676	157 25	No. 49,117	<b>2,6</b> 29 71	No. 6,502	110 73
Class No. 3.	Tons.		Tons.		Tons.	
Bricks	60	9 00	4,134	264 21	699	32 89
Cement and Water Lime	650	62 85	1,779	254 65		28 40
Clay, Lime and Sand Fish	1,904 13	184 81 2 60	7,445 369	311 14 29 51		245 19
Gypsum	1,478	24 73	4,311	100 05	3	0 10
Iron, Railway	698			1,058 12		0 27
" Pig	652	99 60	1,285 4,347			27 10
Salt	461	82 43	3,970	451 58	605	53 24
Stone, for cutting	3,537 556	614 35 13 00	514 4,215			6 50 121 31
Barley	7,155	1,050 75	4,019			
Corn	118,811	23,762 20	9,425	462 93		
Cotton, RawFlax and Hemp			16	1 20		
Flour		788 00	5,317	656 99	206	6 91
Hay, Pressed	13	2 60	952	67 14		
Meals, all kinds Oil Cake		1,635 45	2,081	90 14	******	
Oats		2,149 20	6,134	340 81	1,443	49 63
Pease	433		<b>33,7</b> 30			
Rye			304 2,555	39 82 247 39		0 20
Seeds, all kinds	622		4,551	174 20		
Tobacco, Raw	144 951	97 003 90	18	2 03 2,210 44		0 50
Wheat		27,002 29	31,508	2,210 44		
ducts, Vegetable	7		4,330			
Bones	8	1 25	403 660	50 48 43 49		
Hogs			111			
Hides and Skins, Horns and		34.00		,, ,,		
Hoofs	73 12	14 60 2 20	78 312	11 34 24 90		0 56
Lard and Lard Oil	34	5 55	78	5 22		
Meats, other than Pork	32 292	6 40				
Sheep	292 1	58 40 0 20	345 368	26 00 27 05		0 47
Tallow	45	6 75	-31	4 58		······
Wool All other Agricultural Pro-			95	14 00		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
ducts, Animal	2	0 40	269	22 72	74	2 82
Total, Class No 3	316,328	58,118 56	147,441	11,659 91	14,486	1,061 79
<i> </i>						<u> </u>

APPENDIX A-Continued.

the Amount of Tolls collected during the Season of Navigation in 1884.

	Burlington Bay Ottaw		Canals.	Rideau	Canal.	St Peter	r's Canal.		le District nals.
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
76,114	1,350 80	183,508	618 37	38,446	371 82	97, 184	1,943 68	1,120	12 00
60,870 1,612	608 70 16 12	207,964 62,540	3,046 19 1,449 13	208 78,809 <b>7,358</b>	6 75 878 64 74 27	35,981	719 62	1,320	8 00
138,596	1,975 62	454,012	5,113 69	124,821	1,331 48	133,165	2,663 30	2,440	20 00
No. 232		No. 16,439	260 73	No. 1,015	2 <b>6 4</b> 1	No. 6,449		No.	
Tons.		Tons.		Tons.	20.62	Tons.		Tons.	
28 163		175	15 <b>9</b> 3	1,324 150	30 95 8 30				
466		2,198	44 39	13	0 37				
4				22	0 94	1,208	12 08		
591									
		18	0 68	192				<b> </b>	
315 31		1 7	0 14	278 1,036					
456		50	1 00	2	0 06				
233		96 <b>46</b> 5	5 79 29 17	15					
3,221		403	0 22	108	2 56 0 86				
•••••			••••••						
43		21	0 42	367	10 73	627	6 27		
40		20	1 99						
••••		29	1 85	19	0 95	i			
•••••		989	68 04	31					
******		6,769							
•••••		111	6 57						
•••••		294							
2					0 3.	1			
4,961		43	2 06	76	2 1	2			
7		23	1 83	53	1 2	4,49	44 9		1
.,		38	2 39		0 0:				
		640			0 1	7			
•		56	3 38		·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·   ······	
•••••		.] 22	2 1		.	.	.		
2	3	216	9 40	- 1	0 0	3			
2	i		0 1		5 0 1: 6 0 1:			.j	
3		4	0 2	1 2	4 08	9			
*****		417			0 0				
•••••		1	0 1	1	3 0 2 4 0 1				
******	1			1	1	ł		1	`
327	7	820	48 4	1,41	1 112 9	4			
10,85	5	13,555	854 9	6,07	8 284 1	9 6,32	63 2	6	
	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	l	1	 	1

# SUPPLEMENTARY

No. (A) 37—STATEMENT of the Traffic on the undermentioned

					<u></u>	
Articles.	Wellan	d Canal.	St. Lawre	ence Canals.	Chamb	ly Canai.
Articles.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 4.		\$ cts		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Ashen Bot and Boarl	==	11.0			,,,	11 00
Ashes, Pot and Pearl	55 9	11 0			110 26	11 00 2 21
Crockery and Earthenware	20	2 7	611	117 07	15	1 30
Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs	35	5 2			127	12 70
Farniture	45 23	8 9 2 4			22 1	0 97 0 10
Marble	2,359	353 9	34	6 13		
Manilla	56	5 7				
Nails	154 227	21 1 22 0			624	62 00 0 88
Oil (in barrels)	1,103	171 5		224 44	296	29 54
Paint Pitch and Tar	12	14			1 003	5 40
Rags	2	0 3	1,3 <b>2</b> 9		1,093	109 30
Resin			1,472			151 00
Soda Ash	22					
Steel	775 4,374					475 00
Stone, wrought	704					
Tin	20	. 03				
Turpentine	1 3	0 2			513 7	51 30 0 70
Whiting	14	ŏž				0 50
Whiskey and all other spirits	85	13 8				
Merchandise, not enumerated	7,059	967 2	14,610	2,225 23	3,680	236 26
Total Class No. 4	17,157	2,461 6	43,709	6,239 96	13,162	1,180 26
Class No. 5.						
Bark.						
Barrels, empty Boat Knees	64 25			23 93	5	0 98
Floats			3,316	58 31	565	33 90
Fire Wood, in Vessels	30,971		4 25,746	<b>63</b> 0 83	420	
Lumber Sawn, in Vessels	60,186					4,475 47
" in Rafts	21			0 91	ļ	-, 210 -11
Hoops	150		. 9 850			F04 F0
Railway Ties, in Vesselsin Rafts.	150 97	8 3 15 4	-,	51 15	6,578	524 58
Masts, Spars and Telegraph	"	""				
Poles, in Vessels						
Masts, Spars and Telegraph Poles, in Rafts	250	37 5	12,238	305 95	100	3 34
Square Timber, in Vessels	54,209	8,162 3	7 1,066	51 30		
Wandenware and Wood north	3,600	804 6	9 7,900	<b>24</b> 3 20	1,003	100 29
Woodenware and Wood partly manufactured	272	50 0	0 282	110 12	1 2	0 19
Shingles	87	55 0				
Split Posts and Fence Rails, in		ĺ		į.		
Vessels	1	0 1	1	0 40	2	0 14
Rafts			. 1	9 07		
Saw Logs	<b>6,</b> 598	176 7	1 12,180	278 32		
Ţ!		L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

# APPENDIX A-Continued.

Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected, &c.—Continued.

Burling Ca	ton Bay nal.	Ottawa	. Canals.	Ridear	ı Canal.	St. Pete	r's Canal.		tle District nals.
Торв.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
52 9 174 5 10 310 38 11 		38 1 38 1 2 1 16 16 16 845	0 48 1 20 0 65 3 64 0 05 0 24 3 04 2 49	588 146 43 1 67 5 3	12 35 13 57 4 72 0 09 7 03 0 45 6 36		3 70		
1,960		90 89 5,370 89,834 8,260 504,873 12,043 201 188	8 81 10 38 68 14 3,189 14 83 47 43,567 59 468 54 2 16 08 20 00 217 72 120 91 0 04	141 16,090 27 1,558 483 97 5	52 40	1,781	17 81	250	14 80
*****	•••••••	20 10 <b>,62</b> 6	1 14 251 80	6 1,614	0 77 36 88			2,625	52 50

### SUPPLEMENTARY

No. (A) 37.—STATEMENT of the Traffic on the undermentioned

Articles.	Wellan	d Canal.	St. Lawre	once Canals.	Chamb	ly Canal.
	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
Class No. 5-Concluded.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
Staves and Headings, Barrel  """" West India.  "Salt Barrel.  Traverses		20,996 80 23,586 86 0 50 2,639 75	184,201 1,217	3,636 94 26,120 80 60 85	88,064	1 20 5,146 16
Total Special Class	334,727	56,913 02	188,991	26,253 13	83,434	8,079 63
Total Freight and Tolls Timber and other Wood, free Wheat, Corn, Flour, Iron, Salt, Coal, &c., &c., free	826,727 1,262 9,822	78 <b>3</b> 3	489,447 16,064 221,537	•	························	18,898 71
Grand Totals, Passengers and Tonnage of Vessels not in- cluded	837,811	153,192 03	727,048	84,481 15	199,146	18,898 71

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

APPENDIX A-Continued.

Canals, and the Amount of Tolls collected, &c.—Continued.

	ton Bay	Ottawa	Canals.	Ridea	ı Canal.	St. Pete	er's Canal.		tle Datrict nalsi
Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.	Tons.	Tolls.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
		233 10	2 33 0 10	1,780	11 29 9 00				
8,081		651,875	48,028 97	62,770	2,028 96	1,781	17 81	13,049	202 45
50,413		50 7,203	3 52 360 15	3,141 872 500	93 41 43 60 25 00		106 38		······· · ····························
				······································					
50,413		7,253	<b>36</b> 3 67	4,513	162 01	10,638	106 38	******	******
75,895	1,975 62	<b>673,6</b> 10	54,711 99	75,067	4,026 09	19,115	2,854 45	13,049	225 45
••••••		150	3 00	1,322	36 88			•••••	******
75,895	1,975 62	673,760	54,714 99	76, <b>38</b> 9	4,062 97	19,115	2,854 45	13,049	225 45

E. MIALL,
Commissioner.

# SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 39.—Statement showing the amount of Tolls accrued each month during the Season of Navigation ended 31st December, 1884.

	Canals and Offices.	January.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
I	WELLAND CANAL.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Chippawa Colborne Dalhousie Dunnville Maitland Robinson St. Catharines		180 00 1,620 72 1 72 0 37 167 24 84 74	15 27 10,272 73 9,839 15 64 35 210 67 201 74 148 58	10 46 12,196 81 7,281 03 60 68 106 15 145 37 112 05	14,958 45 8,634 73 131 23 179 59	12 77 17,721 72 10,222 59 93 11 0 90 146 28 125 37	7 74 12,667 78 9,766 75 84 37 68 82 139 32 98 01	5 65 12,998 26 7,373 12 207 27 96 89 217 18 103 05	7,784 76 4,451 99 158 44 71 87	14 30	83 67 88,780 51 59,200 33 684 24 686 90 1,405 06 838 29
52	Total, Welland Canal		2,054 79	20,752 49	19,912 55	24,004 48	28,322 74	22,832 79	21,001 42	12,770 44	27 30	151,679 00
	Montreal  Total, St. Lawrence			145 53 23 41 3,735 14 2,880 53 226 61 3,347 23	118 12 78 31 3,219 25 1,390 39 337 00 3,471 09	93 94 2,495 36 1,839 40 240 23 3,985 81	142 52 60 03 3,930 55 2,815 86 351 53 4,609 34	1,867 07 377 72 3,110 75	456 21 71 33 2,404 51 2,480 53 466 52 2,981 33	58 25 2,512 30 1,730 45 233 37	18 96	1,493 69 445 08 21,411 87 15,004 23 2,232 98 23,484 16
	Chambly Canal.  Chambly			10,358 45 	862 10 1,185 39 70 16	1,225 89 2,448 70	1,175 58 2,527 59 69 15	795 55 2,040 22	982 11 1,313 89 93 94	488 89 423 45 108 07		6,194 31 12,111 80 592 60
	Total, Chambly Canal		18 98	2,894 92	2,117 65	3,785 12	3,772 32	2,899 37	2,389 94	1,020 41		18,898 71

OTTAWA CANALS.		1	l	Ì							1
Ottawa Carillon Grenville St. Anne's		2 56 11 99 135 78 9 49	7,554 14 252 61 2,312 75 234 65	6,343 09 350 40 2,839 78 292 86	5,480 71 145 03 2,294 30 300 81	41 80	4,774 94 36 62 2,031 38 246 94	5,465 03 31 51 2,377 37 365 70	20 88 1,227 42		36,760 38 890 84 15,159 48 1,901 29
Total, Ottawa Canals		159 82	10,354 15	9,826 13	8,220 85	7,301 03	7,089 88	8,239 61	3,520 52		54,711 99
Burlington Bay Canal. Hamilton		72 32	144 39	188 06	467 02	201 64	187 11	226 18	444 60	44 30	1,975 62
RIDBAU CANAL Kingston Mills Ottawa Smith's Falls			154 72 378 62 102 12	182 77 443 49 36 66	147 61 328 34 69 26	426 44	213 83 459 11 65 72	308 81	139 53		1,133 59 2,484 34 408 16
Total, Rideau Canal			635 46	662 92	545 21	624 22	738 66	559 91	259 71		4,026 09
St. Peter's Canal.	3 43	4 93	181 69	360 51	389 34	462 99	386 63	445 81	524 65	94 47	2,854 45
NEWCASTLE DISTRICT CANALS.			-								101 77
Bobcaygeon Peterborough Hastings			20 00 2 00 50	17 25	32 00 2 50 7 00		18 00	8 00			161 55 14 30 46 60
Total, Newcastle District Canals		2 25	22 50	29 75	41 50	30 80	20 75	59 35	15 55		222 45
Grand Total	3 43	2,313 09	45,344 05	41,711 73	46,250 29	52,625 57	42,843 63	41,782 66	25,362 19	203 66	298,440 30

Norms—Amount of 50 per cent. of Tolls on grain through Welland Canal, refunded, as per Order in Council 26th May, 1884, \$13,027.50. do do do St. Lawrence Canals, \$296.76.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885. E. MIALL, Commissioner.

### SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A—Continued.

No. (A) 40.—General Statement showing the Number, Tonnage and Nationality of Vessels passed through the Canals, during the Season of Navigation ended 31st December, 1884; and the amount of Tolls collected thereon.

Vessels.	Total Number	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		Frem Canadian to United States Ports.		United United	om l States o l States rts.	United t Cans	om States o idian rts.	Ton	s.	Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	υp.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
Welland Canal.													\$ cts.
Canadian Vessels, steam	530 1,689	45,428 55,1 <b>4</b> 3		24,637 51,336	2,029 1,535			13,134 6,937	52,706 59,367	83, 199 113,778	98, <b>3</b> 19 108,259	181,518 2 <b>2</b> 2,037	2,604 75 3,862 76
Total Canadian	2,219	100,571	90,941	75,973	3,564	362		20,071	112,073	196,977	206,578	403,555	6,467 51
United States Vessels, steam. sail	252 667	107 13	155	450 4,431	296 453	67,486 97,301	63,529 52,078	317 849	<b>4,3</b> 03 <b>46,</b> 006	68,360 102,594	68,283 98,537	136,643 201,131	2,052 67 4,511 57
Total United States	919	120	155	4,881	749	164,787	115,607	1,166	50,309	170,954	166,820	337,774	6,564 24
Grand Total, Welland Canal.	3,138	100,691	91,096	80,854	4,313	165,149	115,607	21,237	162,382	367,931	373,398	741,329	13,031 75
St. Lawrence Canals.													
Canadian Vessels, steam	2,733 4,593	357,861 399,160	311,168 248,586	10,399 52,896	78 1,760		45	7 216	1,758 55,911	368,267 452,272	313,049 306, <b>25</b> 7	681,316 758, <b>52</b> 9	4,282 91 8,595 92
Total Canadian	7,326	75 <b>7,</b> 021	559,754	63,295	1,838		45	223	57,669	820,539	619,306	1,439,845	12,878 83
United States Vessels, steam.	515 727	115 949	38 3,873	2,025 5,042	6,951	8,423 1,884	8,395 1,872	109 45,244	1,696 5,116	10,672 53,119	10,129 17,812	20,801 70,931	130 55 642 96
Total United States	1,242	1,064	3,911	7,067	6,951	10,307	10, 267	45,353	6,812	63, 791	27,941	91,732	773 51
Grand Total, St. Lawrence Canals	8,568	758,085	563,665	70,362	8,789	10,307	10,312	45,576	64,481	884,330	647,247	1,531,577	13,652 34

CHAMBLY CANAL.												1
Canadian Vessels, steam	351 941	33,004 16,513	31,953 14,341	<b>20</b> 6 8,004		 		2,199 44,988	33,210 24,517	34,152 59,329	67,362 83,846	215 <b>69</b> 1,462 <b>79</b>
Total Canadian	1,292	49,517	46,291	8,210		 		47,187	57,727	93,481	151,208	1,678 48
United States Vessels, steam. "sail			1,450	49 <b>2</b> 9, 222		 		352 85,706	29,222	353 87,156	402 116,378	5 69 1,632 97
Total United States	1,186		1,451	29,271		 		86,058	29,271	87,509	116,780	1,638 66
Grand Total, Chambly Canal	2,478	49,517	47,745	37,481		 		133,245	86,998	180,990	267,988	3,317 14
BURLINGTON BAY CANAL.	101	20.070	<b>07</b> 000						00.104			
Canadian Vessels, steam	181 275	36,672 6,164	37,920 14,484	229	15,469	 	1,522 <b>24,</b> 524		38,194 30,917	37,920 29,953	76,114 60,870	1,350 80 608 70
Total Canadian	456	42,836	52,404	<b>22</b> 9	15,469	 	26,046		69,111	67,873	136,984	1,959 50
United States Vessels, steam.	12		398		408	 	806		806	806	1,612	16 12
Total United States	12		398		408	 	806		806	806	1,612	16 12
Grand Total, Burlington Bay	468	43,836	53,811	229	15,877	 	26,852		69,917	68,679	138,596	1,975 62
OTTAWA CANALS.												
Canadian Vessels, steam	1,052 1,884	67,070 15,308				 			67,070 15,308	116,438 192,656	183,508 <b>2</b> 07,964	618 37 3,046 19
Total Canadian	2,936	82,378	273,296		35,798	 	· <b></b> .		82,378	309,094	391,472	3,664 56
United States Vessels, steam.	622	9,897	3, 289		48,667	 	687		10,584	51,956	62,540	1,449 13
Total United States	622	9,897	3,289		48,667	 	687		10,584	51,956	62,540	1,449 13
Grand Total, Ottawa Canals.	3,558	92,275	276,585		84,465	 	687	***********	92,962	361,050	454,012	5,113 69

### SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Continued.

No. (A) 40.—General Statement showing the Number, Tonnage and Nationality of Vessels, &c.—Continued.

Vessels.	Total Number	From Canad to Canad Ports	ian ian	Can United	om adian to i States orts.	United t United	om States States orts.		States o dian	Tons.		Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up	Down.	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
RIDEAU CANAL.  Canadian Vessels, steam	689	18,875								18,875		38,446	
Total Canadian	1,190	35,366 	43,259 62,830			I				35,550 54,425		78,809 117,255	
United States Vessels, steam " sail	27 72	105 595	103 5,898							105 1,460	103	208 7, <b>35</b> 8	6 75 74 27
Total United States	99	700	6,001	865						1,565	6,001	7,566	81 02
Grand Total, Rideau Canal	1,978	54,941	68,831	1,049	· <del></del>					55,990	68,831	124,821	1,331 48
St. Peter's Canal.  Canadian Vessels, steam  " sail  Total St. Peter's Canal		46,781 18,429 65,210	17,552							46,781 18,429 65,210	50,403 17,552 67,955	97,184 35,981 133,165	719 62
Newcastle District Canals.  Canadian Vessels, steam  14 sail	24 16	100 112								100 112	1,0 <b>2</b> 0 1,208	1,1.0 1,320	12 00 8 00
Total Newcastle District Canals	40	212	2,228		••••••	••••••••				212	2,228	2,440	20 00

1885

									•					
2	E	O	A	P	I	T	U	L	A	T	I	0	N	

	Vessels.	Total Number.	Fro Cana to Cana Por	dian di <b>a</b> n	Cana		United t United	om States O States rts.	United t Can	om States O adian rts.	Tons.		Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
$\mathbb{I}_{-}$			<b>U</b> p.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		
	CAMADIAN VESSELS. Steam and Sail.													\$ cts.
HOH	Welland  th. Lawrence	2,219 7,326 1,292 456 2,936 1,879 1,494 40	100,571 757,021 49,517 42,836 82,378 54,241 65,210	90,941 559,754 46,291 52,404 273,296 62,830 67,955 2,228	8,210 229 184	1,838 15,469 35,798			223 26,046	57,669 47,187	196,977 820,539 57,727 69,111 82,378 64,425 65,210	93,481 67,873	403,556 1,439 945 161,208 136,984 391,472 117,255 133,165 2,440	
	Tetal Canadian	17,642	1,151,986		147,891	56,669	362		46,340	216,929	1,346,579	<u>—</u> —	2,775,924	30,582 64
	UNITED STATES VESSELS.  Steam and Sail.													
1	Welland St. Lawrence Chambly Burlington Bay Ottawa St. Peter's	919 1,242 1,186 12 622 99	120 1,064 9,897 700	155 3,911 1,451 398 3,289 6,001	4,881 7,067 29,271	749 6,951 408 48,667			1,166 45,353 806 687	6,812 86,058	170,954 63,791 29,271 806 10,584 1,565	166,820 27,941 87,509 806 51,956 6,001	337,774 91,732 116,780 1,612 62,540 7,566	6,564 24 773 51 1,638 66 16 12 1,449 13 81 02
	Newcastle District  Total United States	4,080	11,781	15,205	42,084	56,775	175,094	125,874	48,012	143,179	276,971	341,033	618,004	10,522 68
,	Frand Total, Canadian; and United States	21,722	1,163,767				<u> </u>		94,352	360,108	1,623,550	1,770,378	3,393,928	41,105 32

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

E. MIALL, Commissioner.

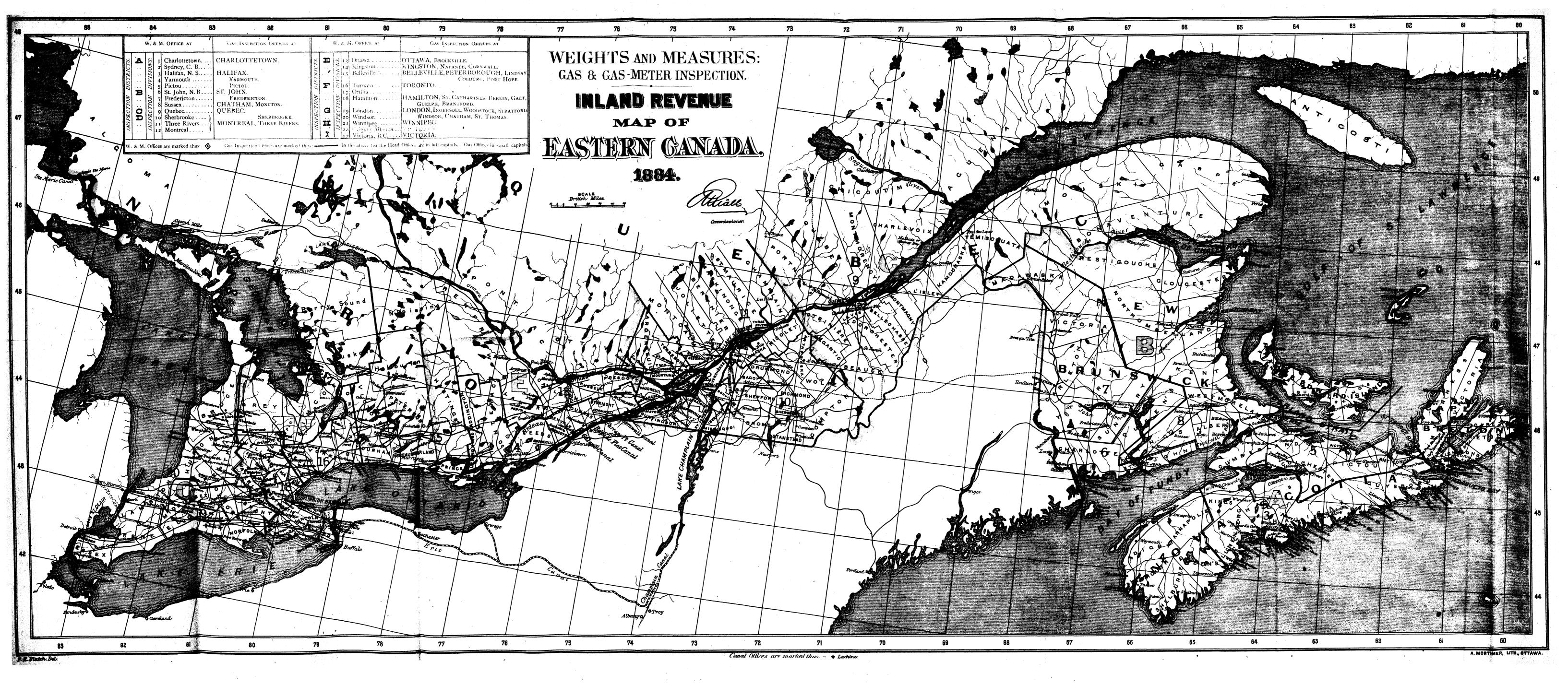
1885

### SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX A-Concluded.

No. (A) 40½.—Comparative Statement of Grand Total Freight passed through the undermentioned Canals, during the Seasons of Navigation, 1883 and 1884, with the Amounts of Tolls collected on the same, including Tolls on Vessels and Passengers.

	Canals.	to	idian ) idian	Cana		United	o States	Fro United to Cana Por	States o dian	Tons.		Total Tons.	Amount of Tolls.
		Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Ūp.	Down.		
ភិន	Welland Canal St. Lawrence Canals Chambly Canal Ridean Canal Ottawa Canals Burlington Bay Canal St. Peter's Canal Newcastle District Canals	48,590 170,770 21,364 67,200 4,033 10,002 3,100 9,473	17,894	14,015 97,707 3,853	11,253 245,031 2,651	1,876	1,556	53,299	107,782 106,729	368,178 239,890 119,071 71,053 4,033 60,490 3,100 9,473	636,978 616,896 113,208 20,254 739,241 20,515 12,595 437	1,005,156 856,786 232,79 91,307 743,274 81,035 15,695 9,910	22,199 39 5,314 61 59,936 58 1,966 98 2,190 11
	Welland Canal St. Lawrence Canals Chambly Canal Rideau Uanal Ottawa Canal Burlington Bay Canal St. Peter's Canal Newcastle District Canals	27,671 124,657 15,456 58,860 967 6,614 12,33	76,445 423,718 6.3?3 15,470 462,319 13,962 6,782 399		210,114 4,349					353,609 182,549 95,326 60,919 1,327 58,484 12,333 12,650	484,202 544,499 103,820 15,470 €72,433 17.411 6.782 399		4,026 09 54,711 99 1,975 62

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885. E. MIALL. Commissioner.



### ELEVENTH REPORT

ON

# INSPECTION

OF

# WEIGHTS. MEASURES AND GAS

BEING

### SUPPLEMENT No. II

TO THE REPORT

OF THE

# DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE 1884

Frinted by Order of Farliament.



OTTAWA:
PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET.
1885.

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### REPORT

OF THE

# COMMISSIONER OF INLAND REVENUE

ON THE

### INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES AND GAS.

To the Honourable

The Minister of Inland Revenue.

Sir,—Herewith I have honor to submit my Report on the Inspection of Weights and Measures and Gas, with the usual statistical statements in relation thereto, for the year ended 30th June, 1884.

1. The total revenue collected during the year for the Inspection of Weights and Measures was thirty-one thousand four hundred and nine dollars and forty-four cents (\$31,409.44), as compared with twenty-eight thousand six hundred and one dollars and forty-three cents (\$28,601.43), collected during the year 1882-83.

The total expenses were sixty-one thousand four hundred and sixty-five dollars and eighty-four cents (\$61,465.84), as against fifty-six thousand three hundred and fifteen dollars and ninety-two cents (\$56,315.92), during 1882-83.

- 2. As the benefits which accrue from this Service are equally divided between traders and the community at large, it is only just and proper that the latter should be chargeable with a fair proportion of the cost. It is to be hoped, however, that the organization of this Service, proposed in my last year's Report, may ere long be adopted, when, through the annual saving thereby effected, the cost of inspection to traders might be considerably lessened and a still nearer approach to equality between revenue and expenditure attained.
- 3. Since the date of my last report the Weights and Measures Service in Manitoba has been reorganized. A commodious and comfortable office has been leased in Winnipeg and fitted up with all necessary conveniences, in which the standard balances, after having been cleaned and carefully regulated, were set up. The brass standard weights were carefully compared with the official standards in the care of District Inspector Gouin, and the iron standard weights verified, adjusted and stamped by Mr. Johnstone, of the Standards Branch, and then handed over to the care of Mr. H. A. Costigan, who was appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures for Manitoba, in the place of Mr. Inspector Huggard, removed to Calgary.
- 4. A Weights and Measures office was leased in Calgary, which was handed over to Mr. Huggard, Inspector of Weights and Measures for the district of Alberta.

5. The Weights and Measures offices at Toronto, Hamilton, London and Windsor were visited by Mr. Johnstone in June and August, when on his way to and from the North-West. During the month of November the offices in Montreal, Three Rivers, Quebec and Sherbrooke were also visited.

I am pleased to be able to report a decided improvement in the work in the London division. Hamilton and Windsor divisions still hold their places in the front rank. There is soom for improvement, however, in the Toronto division.

In the Province of Quebec, Montreal, as usual, holds the foremost place; Sherbrooke is fairly managed, but I regret to say that in the Quebec and Three Rivers divisions there is much need of improvement.

- 6. Appendix A gives a summary statement of the expenditure and receipts in each inspection division. Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal are the only divisions in which the receipts exceed the cost of collecting the same. In Belleville, London and Orillia divisions the receipts exceed 50 per cent. of the cost of collection. In Kingston, Windsor, Quebec, Three Rivers, St. John, Cape Breton, Halifax and Yarmouth divisions the receipts exceed 25 per cent. of the cost of collection, and in the remainder of the divisions the receipts vary from 24 to 12 per cent. of the cost of collection.
- 7. In appendices B, C and D will be found a detailed statement of weights, measures and weighing machines presented for verification, verified, and rejected during the year. The number of all descriptions may be summarily stated as follows:—

	Presented.	Verified.	Rejected.	Per- centage of Rejection.
Weights, Dominion  Measures do do of length  Balance, equal arms do steelyards do platform scales  Irregular weights  do measures  Troy weights	79,781 5,346 12,045 2,554 17,319 6,796	74,652 79,670 5,231 11,939 2,534 17,084 6,739 72 233	331 111 115 106 20 235 57	0.44 0.13 2.14 0.88 0.78 1.35 0.83 1.36

By comparing this table with the parallel one of my last Report, it will be seen

- 1. That more work has been accomplished, and
- 2. That the percentage of rejection has materially decreased, thus indicating that the administration of the Act is accomplishing its object.

### INSPECTION OF GAS.

8. The details of the inspection of gas meters will be found in Appendix F. The general result, as compared with the previous year, may be stated as follows:—

•	Presented for verification.	Finally rejected.
1882-83	4,276	276
1883-84,	5,49	185

Illuminating Power.

9. A statement of the illuminating power and purity of gas inspected during the year will be found in Appendix G.

The illuminating power, where inspection has been made, has been as follows:-

Place.	Number of tests made.	Number below Standard.
Belleville	42	2
Brantford	••	•••
Chatham	•• •••	•••
Cobourg	5	1
Cornwall	•••	•••
Hamilton	46	7
Ingersoll	•• •••	•••
Kingston	53	•••
Lindsay	••	•••
London	39	•••
Napanee		•••
Ottawa	96	•••
Peterborough	44	•••
Port Hope		•••
Stratford		•••
St. Thomas		4
Toronto		6
Montreal	48	•••
Quebec		12
Three Rivers		13
Chatham, N.B		•••
Fredericton	41	•••
Moncton	•••	•••
St. John	90	5
Halifax	37	•••
Charlottetown	53	•••
Yarmouth		•••
Winnipeg	••	•••
Victoria		•••

Purity.

In Montreal, the total number of tests made was:-

<sup>10.</sup> Gas has only been tested regularly for purity at Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec, St. John and Halifax.

<sup>11.</sup> For sulphur, 27 tests. In excess of quantity allowed by law, 18 times. For ammonia, 48 tests. Never in excess of quantity allowed by law. For sulphuretted hydrogen, 48 tests. None found on any occasion.

### In Toronto:-

12. For sulphur, 39 tests. Never in excess of quantity allowed by law.

For ammonia, 39 tests. Not on any occasion in excess.

For sulphuretted hydrogen, 70 tests. No trace found on any occasion.

### In Ottawa:-

13. For sulphur, 48 tests. In excess of quantity allowed by law, 17 times. For ammonia, 48 tests. In excess of quantity allowed, 12 times. For sulphuretted hydrogen, 96 tests. None found on any occasion.

### In Quebec:---

14. For sulphur, 36 tests. In excess, 22 times.

For ammonia, 36 tests. In excess, 5 times.

For sulphuretted hydrogen, 62 tests. Found present, 37 times.

### In St. John:-

15. For sulphur, 42 tests. In excess, 8 times.

For ammonia, 42 tests. In excess, 30 times.

For sulphuretted hydrogen, 90 tests. None found on any occasion.

### In Halifax :-

16. For sulphur, 36 tests. In excess, 32 times.

For ammonia, 36 tests. In excess, 2 times.

For sulphuretted hydrogen, 37 tests. None present on any occasion.

17. The test for sulphuretted hydrogen has been made at each of the following places where illuminating power has been tested, and in addition to what is stated above, with the following results:—

No of tests. Present

N.	o. of tests.	Present.
Belleville	43	•••
Cobourg	5	1
Hamilton	46	
Kingston	53	19
London	. 39	•••
Ottawa	96	•••
Peterboro'	44	•••
Port Hope	. 7	•••
Stratford	2	•••
St. Thomas	14	1
Toronto	. 70	•••
Montreal	48	•••
Quebec	62	37
Three Rivers	. 52	•••
Chatham, N.B	. 11	•••
Fredericton		8
St. John, N.B	. 90	•••
Halifax, N.S	. 37	•••
Charlottetown		•••
viii		

18. The receipts for inspection of gas in 1883-84, as shown in Appendix E, were \$3,465.50, while the expenses were \$19,494.72.

In the above expenses are included amount paid on account of gas equipment for new offices fitted, and at present being fitted up, aggregating in all some \$5,111.90.

- 19. Since the date of my last report, Mr. Aubin, Dominion Gas Engineer, has, under my instructions, fitted up and opened new offices at Cornwall, Napanee, Lindsay, Windsor, Stratford, Winnipeg and Victoria, British Columbia.
- 20. The Department has had constructed, by Messrs. Wallace & Son, Hamilton, five gas meter testers of a superior quality, and at a much lower rate than any here-tofore imported, and there are now being constructed in Montreal, under Mr. Aubin's supervision, ten sets of photometrical apparatus on a more convenient and much less expensive principle than any hitherto in use.

It is hoped that in my next report I shall be in a position to state that gas inspection offices have been fitted up at Woodstock, Guelph, Sarnia, St. Catharines, Barrie, Brockville and Sherbrooke.

E. MIALL,

Commissioner.

### APPENDIX A.

STATEMENT of Expenditure and Receipts for Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	Ingrestors	Expenditure.									p <b>ts.</b>
Inspection Divisions.	Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors.	Office Rents.		Travelling Expenses and other Con- tingencies				Total.		Fees Collected.	
Province	of Ontario.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Bellevile	Wm Johnson Thos. Cahill	} 50	00	784	91	1,513	88	<b>2,34</b> 9	79	1,306	84
Hamilton	T. H. McKenzie	140	01	1,248	50	4,149	96	5,538	47	7,317	40
Kingston	C. B. Crysler W. W. Giffin Wm. Whitteker,		00	527	90	2,000	00	2,577	90	901	64
London	Jas. Eagan G. W. Boggs T. Henderson	}	•••••	969	09	2,514	19	3,483	28	2,180	16
Orillia	G. I. Bolster John Lyons	} 120	00	584	30	1,600	00	2,304	30	1,229	80
Ottawa,	A. Code	250	00	375	35	2,491	63	3,116	98	582	98
Toronto	H. Piper R. J. Wright D. Kinnee D. Flynn	}	•••••	694	00	2,460	91	2,154	91	3,230	07
Windsor	W. J. Hayward A. Marentette District Inspector	} 87	00	826 88	- 1	1,066	64	1,980	01	907	12
		697	01	6,098	87	17,79	7 21	24,593	09	17,656	01
Province	of Quebec.										
Montreal	J. O. Chalut. J. R. Urquhart. J. T. Dorion. S. Dillon. J. A. Daoust'. S. L. Desrivieres. T. D. King.	i	•••••	<b>6</b> 00	86	5,050	00	5,650	86	5,700	08
Quebec	L. A. Coté	İ	00	1,451	51	4,200	00	5,735	51	2,839	74
4—1**	M. J. Kelly	J	Į		i						

### APPENDIX A-Continued.

STATEMENT of Expenditure and Receipts for Year ended 30th June, 1884-Continued.

			Receipts.			
Inspection Divisions.	Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors.	Office Rents.	Travelling Expenses and other Con- tingencies	Salaries.	Total.	Fees Collected
Province of Que	Sec - Concluded.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
Sherbrooke	E. Clarke	} 150 00	261 <b>6</b> 6	2,249 96	2,661 62	343 90
Three Rivers	F. Rocheleau R. Kittson	} 21 00	589 01	2,000 00	2,610 01	1,045 07
		255 00	2,903 04	13,499 96	16,658 00	9,928 79
Province of 1	lew Brunswick.					
Fredericton	E. C. Freeze	}	366 52	1,400 00	1,766 52	218 19
Kings	W. B. Scovil D. Richard	} 25 0)	360 92	1,300 00	1,685 93	351 11
St. John	J. B. Wilmot E. Cowan	}	139 75	1,800 00	1,939 75	563 60
		25 00	867 19	4,500 00	5,392 19	1,135 90
Province o	Nova Scotia.					
Cape Breton	L. E Tremaine	60 00	232 11	800 00	1,092 11	337 0
Halifar	R. M. King H. S. K. Neal	} 200 00	519 67	1,550 00	2,269 67	844 8
Pictou	J. McKay A. McKay	}	376 40	1,258 26	1,634 66	397 7
Yarmouth	Chas. Allison District Inspector	67 50	668 80 124 53	800 00	1,536 30	407 0
		327 50	1,921 51	4,408 26	6,657 27	1,986 5
Province of Prin	sce Edward Island.					
Charlottetown	l	56 44	327 32	1,000 00	1,383 76	338 3

### APPENDIX A-Continued.

STATEMENT of Expenditure and Receipts for Year ended 30th June, 1884-Continued.

	•		Receipts.			
Inspection Divisions.	Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors.	Office Rents.	Travelling Expenses and other Con- tingencies	Salaries.	Total.	Fees Collected.
Province o	f Manilobs.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Winnipeg	R. T. Huggard	180 00	168 80	1,676 61	2,025 41	249 03
Province	of Alberta.					
Calgary	R. T. Huggard		••••••	153 32	153 32	
Province of B	ritish Columbia.					
Victoria	H. B. Good	150 00	193 53	200 00	543 53	114 75

### RECAPITULATION.

		Expend	diture.		Receipts.
Provinces.	Office Rents.	Travelling   Expenses and other Contingencies.	Salaries.	Total.	Fees Collected.
Ontario	327 50 56 44 180 00	\$ cts 6,098 87 2,903 04 867 19 1,921 51 327 32 168 80 193 53 12,480 26	\$ cts. 17,797 21 13,499 96 4,590 00 4,408 26 1,000 00 1,676 61 153 32 200 00 43,235 36	\$ cts. 24,593 09 16,658 00 5,392 19 6,657 27 1,383 76 2,025 41 153 32 543 53	\$ cts. 17,656 01: 9,928 79 1,135 90 1,986 58: 338 36: 249 03: 114 75:
ADD—General Contingencies Queen's Printer Stationery Office		1,118 63 1,010 04 130 50	1,800 10	2,918 73 1,010 04 130 50	
Grand Total	1,690 95	14,739 43	45,035 46	61,465 84	31,409 44

### APPENDIX

RETURN of the Weights and Measures Inspected during the Fiscal Year ended and Rejected, for each Division, for each

		w	<b>E</b> IGH?	rs.					MEASURES OF			
	Do	mi <b>n</b> ion.		Troy.		IRREGULAR WEIGHTS.			Dominion.			
Name of Inspection Office.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	
Ontario.					·							
Belleville	2127 16407 1139 3795 1893 1257 6240 1839 31697	2126 16349 1136 3784 1893 1247 6240 1832 34607	1 58 3 11  10  7 90			252 538 142 328 267 137 395 182 2211	252 530 141 327 267 133 395 179	8 1 1 	2870 8832 8169 7440 2631 1752 7264 1049	2869 8788 8169 7439 2631 1747 7264 1038	1 44 1 5 11 62	
Quebec.											<u>.</u>	
Montreal	16207 1 <b>202</b> 6 455 4071	16207 11851 446 4067	175 9 4	233	<b>2</b> 33	855 2118 53 445	855 2100 53 443	18 2	16197 6828 1140 3 <b>53</b> 6	16197 6824 1134 3533	 4 6 3	
Total	32759	32571	188	233	233	3471	3451	20	27701	27688	13	
New Brunswick.  Fredericton Kings St. John	543 790 1287	543 790 1287				64 166 .193	64 166 192	1	300 656 3609	300 656 3607	 2	
Total  Nova Scotia.	2620	<b>26</b> 20				423	422	1	4565	4563	2	
Cape Breton	379 1852 653 776	336 1842 653 776 3607	43 10  53			230 172 126 98 	213 172 124 98	17  19	802 2537 1072 961 	785 2587 1072 944 5388	17 17 34	
Prince Edward Island.	3000	3007	- 53			026	607		0422	0368		
Charlottetown	718	718			<u></u>			<u></u>	555	555		

B.
30th June, 1884, showing the Total Number brought for Verification, Verified Province, and for the whole Dominion.

CAPAC	ITY.	Tees	<b>E</b> GUL <i>a</i>		MEA	SUR <b>es</b> (	o F	Balances, &c.								
Toler	ated.		SURE			ENGTH.		Equa	l-arme	d.	Steel	yard	s.	. 7	rm Sca Veigh ges, &c	
Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.
**************************************		1   1	1  1		168 676 12 242 268 83 786 60 ——————————————————————————————————	168 626 11 242 268 83 786 60 ——————————————————————————————————	50 1	348 2783 161 584 313 190 1014 354	344 2773 157 583 313 187 1014 347	4 10 4 1 3 7 	31 559 51 97 65 38 464 37 ———————————————————————————————————	31 559 50 97 65 38 464 87	1  1	880 4888 337 1207 713 432 1822 561	859 4814 326 1191 711 424 1822 544	21 74 11 16 2 8 17
********		29	29		1580 792 25 206 2603	1580 759 25 205 2569	33 1 34	2302 1921 83 675 4981	2302 1876 82 675 4935	45 1  46	866 39 24 18 	865 32 24 18 939	1 7 8	271 422	2786 585 265 422 4058	2 7 6  15
********		3 7	i		20 32 53	1 20 31 52		97 157 214 468	97 157 213 467	i	8 11 33 ————	8 11 33 ———		176 293 284 	176 293 284 753	
**************************************		30	29	1  1	93 111 58 101 363	64 111 58 101 334		111 295 151 128 685	97 284 151 124 656	14 11 4 ———————————————————————————	117 9 41 172	108 9 41 162	1 9  10	488 336 252	185 436 336 248 1205	15 <b>5</b> 2 4 71
		6	6		21	21		115	115		4	4		206	208	

## APPENDIX

RETURN of the Weights and Measures Inspected during the Fiscal Year ended and Rejected for each Division, for each

		w	BIGH?	rs.			W.		M	BASURE	8 OF
	Doi	ninion.		Tr		Irregu	LAR W	ig <b>hts.</b>	Doi	nini <b>o</b> n	
NAME OF INSPECTION OFFICE.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.
Maniteda. Winnipeg	379	379							1272	1272	
British Columbia.	150	150	<b></b>			35	35		<b>25</b> 9	259	

### RECAPITU

B-Concluded.

30th June, 1884, showing the Total Number brought for Verification, Verified Province, and for the whole Dominion—Concluded.

Capac	n <b>e</b> v.	Irr	<b>E</b> GUL,	<b>AR</b>	Ms4	SURES	OF.				BALAI	nces,	<b>å</b> c.			
Tolera	ted.		ASURI		L	ebgta,		Equal-armed. Steelyards. Platform Sci Weigh Bridges, &					iles,			
Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Brought for Verification,	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Finally Rejected.
•••••••	······································				······			<b>3</b> 3	33		20	20		103	103	
B+++++444					11	11		16	16		17	16	1	68	68	

### LATION.

73 72 1 5346 5231 116 12045 11939 106 2554 2534 20 17319 17084 235	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000000000000		1 29 7 30 6	29 6 	"i	2295 2603 53 363 21 11 5346	2569 52 334 21	51 34 1 29	5747 4981 468 685 115 33 16	115 33 16	46 1 30	947 52 172 4 20 17	939 52 162 4 20 16	i	10840 4073 753 1276 206 103 68	753 1205 <b>206</b> 103	71
--------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------	--	-------------------------	-------------	----	-----------------------------------------------	-------------------------	---------------------	-----------------------------------------------	-----------------	---------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	---	--------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------	----

# APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Weights and Lineal Measures during the Fiscal Year

							<del></del>			Do	KOIKIN
	·										Avoir
Division.											
	80 lbs.	50 lbs.	80 lbs.	20 lbs.	lbs.	lbg.	lbe.	lbs.	1b.	0Z8.	036.
	8	8	80	20	2	2	3.1	2	-	80	4
Ontario.											
Belleville Hamilton Kingston London Orillia Ottawa Toronto Windsor	25  93	21 6	1	1 1 1	4 3 1 3 1 6 6 5	29 251 18 27 23 47 51	81 1808 94 130 72 49 362 39	370 3089 251 712 407 206 1142 344	364 3011 181 652 343 208 1050 347	307 1790 146 516 253 188 801 256	285 1682 139 479 232 181 757 246
Quebec.	118	30	4	3	29	461	2635	6521	6156	4256	3971
Montreal	570	48 191 	11 62 6	42 102	123 197 	980 702 16 242	1029 712 40 297	2222 1747 103 560	2228 1740 92 680	2066 1718 68 640	1962 1560 54 555
N	570	258	79	156	<b>36</b> 0	1940	2078	4632	4740	4492	4131
New Brunswick.  Fredericton		58	9	9	15	6 18 4	6 23 8	120 155 291	100 163 229	86 103 201	78 76 196
Nova Scotia.		58	9	9	15	28	37	566	492	390	349
Cape Breton		24	2	7	7	10 13 2 30	10 84 2	106 380 188 186	78 379 165 152	45 264 105 110	32 226 71 91
Data . mr. ara a		24	2	7	7	55	96	860	774	524	420
Prince Edward Island. Charlottelown						6	5	164	136	105	100
Manitoba.						<u> </u>					
Winnipeg						31	57	128	90	29	16
British Columbia.											
Victoria	ļ	20				2	3	26	20	17	17

of each Denomination brought for Verification in each Inspection Division, ended 30th June, 1884.

Verger upois.	°8.	and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s		<del></del>	<del></del>			Troy Weights.	Miscellaneous Weights.		Lini	SAL M	[#ASU	rrs.	
2 078.	1 oz.	8 drs.	4 drs.	2 drs.	1 dr.	g dr.	Total No. Pre- sented.	Total No. Pre- sented.	Total No. Pre- sented.	Yard.	4 Yard.	2 Feet.	1 Foot.	# Feet.	Total No. Pre-
258 1626 135 442 222 161 721 235 3800	231 1519 104 404 182 133 631 215 3409	142 1132 55 266 110 66 406 101	52 444 7 131 34 8 151 32 859	9 43 1 13 6 1 33 3 3	5 6 2 5 1 29 2 2 50	2 4 2 8	2127 16407 1139 3795 1893 1257 6240 1839 34697		252 538 142 328 267 137 395 182 	168 676 12 242 268 83 786 60 2295					16 67 1 24 26 8 78
1781 1361 33 438	1561 1105 29 325 3020	1117 764 15 190 2086	433 56 2 61 552	17 6 2 5 	17 3 1 1 22		16207 12026 455 4071 32759	233	855 2118 53 445 3471	1580 420 25 193 2223	93 8 101	93	93  93	93	156 75 2 20 260
76 67 169	47 51 135 233	16 26 44 	4 9 7 20	3 5 2 10	1 2 2 5	1	543 790 1287 2620		64 166 193 423	1 20 32 —————————————————————————————————					3
27 199 53 84 363	18 171 44 72 305	11 103 19 38	2 30 4 7	3 3 6	3		379 1852 653 776 3660		280 172 126 98	93 111 58 101					11 0 10
91	75		7				718			21				<u> </u>	
12	12	4					379	<u></u>				<u></u>			
18	14	9	2	2			150		35	11	ļ 				

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Weights and Lineal Measures
during the Fiscal Year

											===
										Don	IINIOM
						•					 Avoir
Division.		1								1	
	60 lbs.	50 lbs.	30 lbs.	20 lbs.	10 lbs.	5 lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	1b	028.	ozi.
	8	8	8	20	2		3.1	- 2	<u> </u>	8	<u>*</u>
Ontario.		Ì		İ	į				İ		,
Belleville		21			4	29 251	81 1808	369 3082	364 3004	307 1783	285 1652
Kingston		6		1	1	18	94	250	181	144	139
London	25		1	1	3	27 23	130 72	711	651 343	513 252	467 232
Ottawa					6	47	49	205	205	186	178
Toronto	93	3	3	1	6 5	51 15	362 39	1142 344	1050 347	801 253	757 243
W 170801											
Quebec.	118	30	4	3	29	461	2635	6510	6145	4239	3953
•	570	48	11	42	123	980	1029	2222	2228	2066	1962
Montreal		191	62		197	700	711	1713	1703	1684	1533
Sherbrooke						16	40	99	88	67	54
Three Rivers	<u> </u>	19	-6	12	40	242	297	560	680	639	554
New Brunswick.	570	258	79	156	360	1938	2077	4594	4699	4456	4103
Fredericton	<b></b>	l				6	6	120	100	86	78
Kings	<b> </b>	58	9	9	15	18	23	155	163	103 201	76
81. John						4	8	291	229	401	195
Nova Scotia.		58	9	9	15	28	37	566	492	390	349
Cape Breton		24	2	7	7	10	10	96		37	24
Halifax		· <b>···</b> ··	<b> </b>			13		378	377	262	224
Pictou						30	2	188 186	165 152	105 110	71 91
					<u> </u>			-			
Prince Edward Island.	<u> </u>	24	2	7	7	55	96	848	762	514	410
Charlottetown	<u></u>				<u> </u>	6	5	164	136	108	100
Manitoba.											
Winnipeg	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>			31	57	128	90	29	16
British Columbia.			1			1		}	]		
Victoria	į.	. 20	J	1	I		3	26	20	17	17

# C-Continued.

of each Denomination, Inspected and Verified in each Inspection Division, ended 30th June, 1884.

Weight	·s.							Troy Weights.	Miscellaneous Weights.		Lini	EAL M	[EASU	res.	
lupois.								Troy	Miscel Wei						
2 ozs.	1 oz.	8 drs.	4 drs.	2 drs.	1 dr.	3 dr.	Total No. Verified.	Total No. Verified.	Total No. Verified.	Yard.	4 Yard.	2 Feet.	1 Foot.	Foot.	Total No. Verified.
258 1612 135 440 222 160 721 233	221 1511 104 403 182 133 631 215	142 1127 55 266 110 66 406 101	52 444 7 131 34 8 151 32	9 43 1 13 6 1 33 3	5 6 2 5 1 29 2	2 4 2	2126 16349 1136 3784 1893 1247 6240 1832		252 530 141 327 267 133 395 179	168 626 11 242 268 83 775 60	  				163 624 11 244 263 83 786
1781 1336 33 436	3400 1561 1097 29 325	2273 1117 762 15 190	433 51 2 61	17 6 2 5	17 3 1 1	8	16207 11851 446 4067	233	855 2100 53 443	2233  1580 387 25 197	93 8	93	93	93	158 75 20
3586 76 67 169	3012 47 51 135	2084 	547 4 9 7	5 2	1 2 2 2	1	543 790 1287	233	3451 64 166 192	2189 1 20 31	101	93	93	93	256
312 22 198 53 84	233 ———————————————————————————————————	11 103 19 38	20 2 30 4 7	3 3	3		336 1842 653 776		213 172 124 98	64 111 58 101					11
357	302	171	43	6	3		3607		607	334	-				33
91	75		7				718			21					
12	12	4					379				<u></u>				
18	14	9	2	2		 	150	 	35	11	 		<u> </u>		

# APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Weights and Lineal Measures of each Year ended

						×===		1 ear (	
								Do	MINION
									Avoir
Division.									
	60 lbs.	50 lbs.	30 lbs.	20 lbs.	10 lbs.	5 lbs.	3 lbs.	2 lbs.	م
	 -	- 22	<u>8</u>	8	- 1 01	- 8 1	31	- 31	-1 lb.
Onterio.									
Belleville Hamilton Kingston	••••••		••••••			••••••		1 7	7
Ottawa			`*********					i 1	1 3
Windsor					******			11	11
Quebec.									
Quebec	********	***********			••••••	2	1	34 4	37 4
New Brunswick.						2	1	38	41
<b>St.</b> John				<u></u>					
Nova Scotia.	 						!		
Cape Breton					••••••		*******	10 2	10 2
								12	12

# C-Concluded.

Denomination, Inspected and Rejected in each Inspection Division during the Fiscal 30th June, 1884.

WEIG										MISCRLLANEOUS Wrights.	•		1	Jinea	L ME	ASUR:	RS.	,	
8 ozs.	4 ozs.	2 ozs.	1 oz.	8 drs.	4 drs.	2 drs.	1 dr.	å dr.	Total No. Rejected	Total No. Rejected	Yard.	½ Yard.	2 Feet.	1 Foct.	Foot.	100 Feet Chains.	66 Feet Chains.	Tape or Riband.	Total No. Rejected
7 2 3 2 3 2 3	10 3 3 2 18	14 2 1 2 19	 8 1 9	5					1 58 3 11 10 7	8 1 1 4 3 ———————————————————————————————	50 1								50
34 1 1 36	27 1 28	25 	8 8	2  2	5				175 9 4	2	l								33
8 2 									43	2									25

## APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Measures of Capacity, Balances and Division, during the Fiscal

							1418101				
				Мя	ASURES	of CA	PACITY	•			
					Do	minion					
Division.											Pre-
		ıel.		d	on.						No.
	Bushel	Bushel &	Peck.	Gallon	4 Gallon	Quart.	Pint.	Pint.	Gill.	J Gill.	Total N sented.
Ontario.											
Belleville Hamilton Kingston London Orillia Ottawa Toronto	11 11 233 1 1	151 257 3114 518 100 13 125	83 313 1453 669 100 17 268	361 940 1840 980 306 142 888	431 1509 276 775 522 246 1214	2388 787 512 1983	756 2277 508 1934 618 510 2452	77 687 103 171 98 264 299	6 4 51 46 31	49 1	2870 8832 8169 7440 2631 1752 7264
Windsor	260	4342	3008	190 5647	216 5189	288 10350	9201	1738	221	51	1049
Montreal	3 2 	952 140 50 246	790 90 20 118	2214 753 108 411	2078 1027 182 654	3053 1393 313 751	3570 1556 204 685	2408 1155 117 552	1093 6 <b>07</b> 77 116	36 105 69 3	16197 6828 1140 3536
New Brunswick.	5	1388	1018	3486	3941	5510	6015	4232	1893	213	27701
Fredericton Kings St. John		2 15 306	2 3 183	64 135 <b>52</b> 9	89 208 717	76 169 <b>647</b>	37 66 599	21 49 382	9 11 <b>24</b> 6		300 656 3609
Nova Scotia.		323	188	728	1014	892	702	452	266		4565
Cape Breton Halifax. Pictou Yarmouth	3 2  15	30 74 3 14	14 43 3 13	126 461 176 199	178 590 223 302	194 657 271 256	141 421 223 136	101 240 163 25	14 92 10	1 7	902 2587 1072 961
Prince Edward Island.	20	121	73	962	1293	1378	921	529	117	8	5422
Charlottetown		5	3	49	132	180	150	36			555
Manitoba.										_	
Winnipeg		25	12	179	103	520	256	77	22		1272
British Columbia.			1	25	30	117	74	12			259

**D.** 

Weighing Machines of each Denomination brought for Verification in each Inspection Year ended 30th June, 1884.

AMEOUS JRES.							Ва	LLANC	ES.					•	
MISCRILANEOUS MEASURES.	Wi	th Equ	al Arm	8.	Steel Divi	yardı ded	, wi Arms	th	Wei	gh-brid	ges or	Platfor	m Scal	es.	
Presented for Veri-	5 lbs. and under.	5 lbs. to 50 lbs.	50 lbs. to 100 lbs.	100 lbs. and up-wards.	500 lbs. and uuder.	5, [	1, (C0 lbs. to 2,000 lbs	2,000 lbs. and up-	250 lbs. and under.	250 lbs. to 500 lbs.	500 lbs. to 2,000 lbs	2,000 lbs. to 4,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs. to 6,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs. and up- wards.	Total No. Presented
1	74 992 25 155 63 29 392 118	274 1624 135 429 250 161 617 236	165 2 167	3	23 525 50 94 65 38 453 37	26 5 	6 6 4	2 2 1 2 2	355 2229 121 410 328 184 758 255 4640	78 359 45 107 20 54 97 29 789	314 1777 125 521 316 158 695 210	69 281 20 92 18 19 92 14 605	35 60 7 30 10 70 13 225	29 182 19 47 31 7 110 40 465	1259 8230 549 1888 1091 660 3300 952
29   29	460 390 22 46 918	1826 1271 60 592 3749	3 67 23 93	13 193 1 14 221	826 34 23 18 901	30 4 1 	1 1 2	9	871 56 105 69	617 310 59 105	1226 212 76 226 1640	93 6 8 13	64 7 17 7 ————	17 1 6 2 	5956 2552 378 1115
3	21 32 124	76 103 <b>9</b> 0 269		22	8 10 33 —————————————————————————————————			1	90 147 107	61 99 89	19 32 54 105	4 9 20	2 5 3	1 11 11 12	281 461 531
30	40	38 197 117 57	4 2	29 1	4 109 9 41	1 4		4	119 293 194 129	49 62 95 75	13 81 31 26	6 6 2	4 14 6	9 32 8	316 900 496 421
30	239	409	6	31	163	5		4	735	281	151	18	35	56	2133
6	43	72			3	<u> </u>	<u></u>	1	84	32	64	1	16	9	325
6	14	19			20			 	37	1	46	9		10	156
	5	11		ļ <u>.</u>	13	4			42	,	14	1	1	1	101

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Measures of Capacity, Balances and Division, during the Fiscal

Hamilton	997 7566 1741 2271 636 508 1931 787 618 510 510 983 2452 282 146 3224 9195	777 687 103 1711 98 263 299 39 1737	79 6 4 51 46 31 1 —————————————————————————————————	49 1 1  51	2869 8788 8169 7439 2631 1747 7264 1038
Division.	997 756 1741 2271 636 508 1388 1931 510 510 983 2452 282 146 3324 9195	77 687 103 171 98 263 299 39	3 79 6 4 51 46 31 1 	49 1 1 51	2869 8788 8169 7439 2631 1747 7264 1038
Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Contario.   Cont	997 756 1741 2271 636 508 1938 1931 787 618 510 510 2452 282 146 19324 9195	77 687 103 171 98 263 299 39	3 79 6 4 51 46 31 1 	49 1 1 51	2869 8788 8169 7439 2631 1747 7264 1038
Belleville	1741   2271   636   508   1934   787   618   510   510   1983   2452   282   146   19324   9195	687 103 171 98 263 299 39	79 6 4 51 46 31 1 —————————————————————————————————	49 1 1 51	8788 8169 7439 2631 1747 7264 1038
Hamilton	1741   2271   636   508   1934   787   618   510   510   1983   2452   282   146   19324   9195	687 103 171 98 263 299 39	79 6 4 51 46 31 1 —————————————————————————————————	49 1 1 51	8788 8169 7439 2631 1747 7264 1038
Quebec.     3     952     790     2214     2078     30       Quebec.     2     140     90     753     1025     13       Sherbrooke.     49     20     108     182     3					
Quebec     2     140     90     753     1025     133       Sherbrooke     49     20     108     182     3	2052 2570	0 400			
	393 1556 313 201 751 685	2408 1154 115 552	607 77	104 <b>69</b>	16197 6824 1134 3533
New Brunswick. 5 1387 1016 3485 3939 55	6012	4229	1893	212	27688
Fredericton	76 37 169 66 647 599	21 49 382	11		300 656 3607
Nova Scotia. 322 188 728 1013 8	892 702	452	266		4563
Halifax 2 74 43 461 590 6 Pictou 3 3 176 223 2	192 141 657 421 271 223 253 133	101 240 163 25	92 10	7	785 2587 10 <b>72</b> 944
Prince Edward Island. 29 119 70 953 1281 13	373 918	529	117	8	5388
	180 150	36			555
Maniloba.					
Winnipeg 56 25 12 179 103 5	520 256	77	22	22	1272
British Columbia.	117 74	12			259

D.—Continued.

Weighing Machines of each Denomination Inspected and Verified in each Inspection Year ended 30th June, 1881.

ANKOUS URES.								Balan	ces.						
MISCELLANEOUS MEASURES.	Witl	Equa	l Arı	ms.	Steel Div	yard ided	s, w	ith s.	Weig	gh-bridg	ges or	Platfor	m Sca	les	<del></del>
Total No. Verified.	5 lbs. and under.	5 lbs. to 50 lbs.	50 lbs. to 100 lbs.	100 lbs and up- wards.	an	500 lbs. to 1,000 lbs.	1,000 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. and up- wards.	250 lbs and under.	250 lbs to 500 lbs.	500 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. to 4,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs. to 6,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs. and up- wards.	Total Number Verisi d.
1	70 989 23 154 63 29 392 115	274 1617 133 429 250 158 617 232	165	2 1 3	23 <b>52</b> 5 49 94 65 38 453 37	26		2 2 1  2	347 2214 117 409 327 180 759 251	75 349 44 104 20 54 97 28	306 1735 119 512 315 155 695 201	68 278 20 90 18 18 92	35 59 7 30 10 70	28 179 19 46 31 7 110 38	1234 8146 533 1871 1089 649 3300 928
1	1835	3710	167	6	1284	<b>3</b> 3	17	7	4603	771	4038	598	223	458	17750
	460 381 22 46 912	1836 1254 59 592 3731	23 	13 174 1 14 202	825 27 23 18 	30 4 1 	1		870 55 101 69	617 307 58 105 1087	1126 209 76 226 1637	93 6 8 13 120	63 7 16 7 ————	1 1	5953: 2493 371 1115 9932:
3	21 32 123 176	76 103 90 ——— 269		22	8 10 33  51			1 - 1	90 147 107 ——————————————————————————————————	61 99 89 ———	19 32 54 ———————————————————————————————————	4 9 20 3	3	11	2813 461 530
	35 90 34 67	34 191 117 56		1 	3 100 9 41			4	113 264 194 125	57	13 67 31 26	6 6 2 4	13	29 8	286 828 496 413
	226	398	6		153	-	5	4	696	267	137	18	34	63	2023
6	43	72			3	-	·	1	81	32	61		16	9	325
	14	19			20	) 	-		37	1	46			10	156
	5	11			12		4	17	42	9	14	1	1	1	106

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Measures of Capacity, Balances, and Division, during the Fiscal

		-			MEAS	URES O	F CAPA	CITY.				MISCELLANROUS MEASURES.
						Domi	nion.					MISC.
Division.	Bushel.	4 Bushel.	Peck.	Gallon.	g Gallon.	Quart.	Pint.	4 Pint.	Gill.	4 Gill.	Total No. Rejected.	Rejected.
Ontario.												
Belleville	1	1		11	9	18	6	••••••			1 44 1	*********
Ottawa Windsor		1		3	1	6		1			5 11	
Quebec.	1			16 ——	10						62	
Montreal		1	 2	 1	2		3	1 2		1	4 6 3	
New Brunswick.		1	2		2	<u></u>	3	3		1	13	
St. John		1			1		<u></u>				2	
Nova Scotia.		 										1
Cape Breton		2	3	5	6	3	3				17	1
British Columbia.		2	3	9	12	5	3				34	1
Victoria												ļ

# D-Concluded.

Weighing Machines of each Denomination Inspected and Rejected in each Inspection Year ended 30th June, 1884.

#### BALANCES.

w	ith Equ	ıal-arm	3.	Steely	ards. v	rith Di ns.	vided	Weig	gh-brid	ges or 1	Platfor	m Sc	ale <b>s</b> .	
5 lbs. and under.	5 lbs. to 50 lbs.	60 lbs. to 100 lbs.	100 lbs. and upwards.	500 lbs. and under.	500 lbs. to 1,000 lbs.	1,000 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. and up- wards	250 lbs. and under	260 lbs. to 500 lbs.	500 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. to 4,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs. to 6,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs. and up- wards.	Total Number Rejected
3 2 1 3 13 6	7 2 3 4 16 17 1 118	3	19	1 1 7				8 15 4 1 1 4 37	3 10 1 3 1 1 18 3 1	88 422 69 11 39 78	1 3 2 1 7	1 2 1 1 2 1 2 2	1 3 1 	25 84 16 17 2 11 24 179 3 59 7
5 5 3 13	4 6 1 11		5	10				6 29 4 39	9 5	14		1	3	30 72 8 110

# APPENDIX E.

STATEMENT of Gas Inspection, Expenditure and Receipts for Year ended 30th June, 1884.

				]	Expe	nditure	·.			Recei	pts.
Inspection Districts.	Inspectors.	Offic Rent		Cor tingen		Salar	ies.	Tota	ıl.	Fe Colle	
		\$	cts	\$	cts	\$	cts	\$	cts	\$	cts.
Belleville	Wm. Johnson	50	00	63	58	150	00	263	58	30	6 75
Brantford	D. McPhie									3	5 50
	J. Williams		00	40	20	100	00	170	20		4 75
Cobourg	T. Cahill		00		80		00	190	80	l	
Cornwall			00	_					00		
Hamilton		105		94	63	699	96	899	59	22	4 75
Ingersol	J. Williams		00		20		00	153	20		5 25
	Geo. Burrows		,00		36		42	477	78		3 75
	T Cahill			100			00	100	00		• ••
London	J. Williams	······	•••••	23	22		00		22	20	0 75
	Geo. Burrows	25	00		05	500	00		05		
	H. J. Hubertus	100			57	700	00		57	9	3 50
	Thos Cahill		00		76		00		76		
Port Hope	do		00		51		00		51	•••••	• • • • • • •
	J. Williams	40	vv				00		95	*******	• • • • • • • • •
St. Thomas	do	10	00	1	95	100	00		10	7	4 75
	G. Sutherland				10			1.215			
				1	25	1,200		2,057			0 25
Montreal					03	1,400					3 75
Quebec			00		65	1,150		1,464	40		2 00
	N. Marchand				40		00		20		3 00
Chatham	R. A. Lawlor		50		70	100	00				9 75
Fredericton	A. Rowan				76				76	1	3 25
Moncton			75	45	07	72	58		40	•••••	
Newcastle		60	00					1	00		
St. John	A. Rowan		•••••		14		96	1,121			5 50
	A. Miller		00		44		96	1,231			9 50
	Jos. Knight		00	59	84	200	00		84		8 75
			50						50		
					· • • • • •	38	32		32		
Victoria		150	00					190	00		• • • • • •
District Inspectors			•••••	30	58		•••••				• • • • • •
Total		1,137	7.5	2,009	70	9,610	20	12,74	0.04	3 46	5 50
	****				3 50		00	1,162		3,40	, 50
					37	000			37	1	•••••
					91				91		••••••
Gas equipment				5,111			· •••••	5,111			
						16.61	0.00	ļ ——			
Grand Total	*****	1,137	75	8,164	1 <b>4</b> 7 .	10,21	U 20	19,49	1 72	3,46	5 50

APPENDIX F.

RETURN of Gas Meters presented for Verification, Rejected and Verified after first Rejection, during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

	ented for ion.	Ki	nd.		Verified	l <b>.</b>	R	eject	ed.	af	erifie ter fi jectio	rst	Tot Verifie Rejec	d and	
Inspection Districts.	Total presented for Verification.	Wet.	Dry.	Correct.	Fast.	Slow.	Unsound.	Fast.	Slow.	Correct.	Fast.	Slow.	Verified.	Rejected.	Remarks.
BellevilleBrantfordCobourg	61	1	57 61	9 5	16 30	29 26	2	1	1		 		54 61	1	No meters inspected.
Cornwall Chatham, Ont Hamilton	38 337		38 337 30	4 45 5	11 77 11	13 212 10	2 1	4 2	3		2	1	29 334 29	9 3	dυ
Kingston Lindsay London Ottawa	183		183 323 149	18 61 11	62 187 59	76 62 75	1  2	6	3	 1	3	3	156 317	27 6	do
Peterborough Port Hope St. Thomas	124	•••••	124	23	45	37	4	 2	 4	1  1	3	 5	114	10	do do
Stratford	13 1,576 1,948 269	214	13 1,576 1,948 55	2 223 321 10	446 735 79	855 838 166	2 2 1	2 20 36	32 2 10		13	1 3	1,524 1,908 258	4 52 40 11	
Chatham, N.B Fredericton St. John	20		20 128	2 4 24	8 30	2 6 70	 	2 3	•••••				18	2	do
HalifaxPictouCharlottetown	200	200	29	121	50	22 19	4	5		1		1	124   195   24	5 5	do
	5,492	415	5,077	892	1,853	2,521	22	86	77	5	21	15	5,307	185	

APPENDIX

# RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

		Illum	inating Po	wer.				Sulphu	r per 100
Inspection Districts.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard	times be- Standard.	lests.	Highest.	Lowest.	A verage
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	No. of low b	No. of Tests.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Belleville:—									
July	15.78	14.47	15.20	12		4			
August				12					
September		14.23	14.78	12	]	3	. <b></b>	I	
October November		15·55 16·22	16·32 16·99	12 12		4 5			•••••
December		15.10	16.77	12		3			
January	17.60	15.73	16.59	12		4		}	
February		14.35	15.99	12		3		1	
March		16·57 16·13	17·16   16·81	12 16		4			<b>}</b>
April A		15.82	16.83	16	1	5		4	
June		14.53	16.01	16	î	3			
	į			•		42		ì	
				ļ				1	
Cobourg : July			<b></b>						
August	16.42	16.42	16.42	12		1	<u> </u>	<b>]</b>	ļ
September						ļ <u>.</u> ,			
October					<b> </b>	ļ	ļ	<b></b>	
November		16.42	10.42						
December January	10 43	16.43	16.43	12		1			
February					ļ				
March	15.62	15.62	15.62	12		1			
April									
May June		15·85 16·73	15·85 16·73	16 16	1	1	***************************************		· { · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
June	10 13	10 13	10 /3	10	<u> </u>			1	
				1	1	5	1	1	1
Hamilton-		ļ	i	1		-	1	l	1
July	16.48	14.62	15.41	12	Ì	4			
August	15.89	14.83	15.34	12		4			
September	16.94	14 58	15.34	12		4	[··········		
October November		14.29	15·03	12		4			·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
December		14.55	15.02	12		1 4			
January	16.84	14.11	15.26	12		4			
February	. 14.96	14.13	14.63	12	ļ				
March April		13·95 15·25	15.30	12 16	3	3			
May	16.13	14.22	15.59	16	3	1 4			
June	17.44	15.20	16.18	16	ĭ	4			
•	1	1	1		7	46	- <u> </u>	1	1

G.
Inspected during the Year ended 30th June, 1984.

Cubic Fee	e <b>t.</b>		1	A <b>mm</b> onia	per 100 (	Jubic Feet			Sul Hy	phure drog	tted en.	
Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	Tests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average	Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	rests.	times ab-	times pre-	rests.	Remarks.
Grains.	Times of Al	No. of Tests.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Times of Al	No. of Tests.	No. of sent.	No. of times   sent.	No. of Tests.	
									}			
·····						 			4	 	4	No apparatus for test- ing purity.
	1			,,,,,,,,			ļ	ļ. <b></b> .		<b> </b>		No tests made, on ac-
								٠	4	<b></b> .	4	count of illness o
******	****							•••	4 5		5	Inspector.
								•••	3	<b> </b>	3	
					[	I. <b></b>			4		4	
		<b></b>		••• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					3		3	
	•••••			•••		f	1		4		4	
		•••••		•••••••				•••	4		4	i
	•••••			**********				•••	5		5	{
	•••••				••••••	******		•••	- 8	·····	3	
1						}	) :	١.	43		43	
			}			ł						
								١.	1	}	}	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				••••		}						No tests made; no ap- paratus for testing
- 1					'	ł	1		l	į .		paratus for testing
1						}	1	1	١.			purity.
	******			•••	•••••••	************	•••••	••••	1		1	No tests made.
				**********		************		•••				do do
						*************		***				do
				*** ******		*************			ı ï		1	20
				••• •••••					l		ļ	đo
				••• •••••		. <b></b>						do
			***********	*** *******	••••••		ļ	•••	<b> </b>	1	1	
••••••	•••••			••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	·••••		•••				do
	•••••		**********	••• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	•••••		•••	1		1	
••••••	•••••		***********	•••	•••••	•••••		•••	1		1	i
1							1	,	4	1	5	
ì		1							-			
İ							ł i		l	1		
				•••	·····			••••	4		4	No apparatus for test-
				•••	•••••	•••••		••••	4		4	ing purity.
	•••••	•••••		•••	••••••	***************************************		•••	4		4	
••••••		•••••					•••••	••••	4		4	
*********								•••	4		4	
							1		4		4	
							1		3		3	
					***********	************			4		4	
	•••••								3		3	
							۱	۱'	4		4	
	•••••									1	1 4	1
				••••••				••••	4		4	
		•••••		••••••				•••			46	

APPENDIX
RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

		Illum	inating P	ower.				Sulphu	per 100
Inspection Districts.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard	times be- Standard.	Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	1	No. of low B	No. of	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
/Kingston— July	21.67 20.45 20.45 19.91 17.85 18.56 18.00 19.90 18.50 17.14 18.21 19.23	20.08 18.82 17.22 19.01 19.56 19.39 17.17 19.59 19.36 19.58 19.35 18.14 15.37 17.12 17.95 17.70 17.85 17.785 17.785	20·44 20·66 18·37 20·61 20·32 20·21 18·63 20·54 20·03 20·19 19·83 19 36	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 16 16 16		54444433333333333			
April	19.18	18.84	18·95 18·61 18·37	16 16 16		3 4 2			:
August	20·49 20·23 20·32 19·11 18·77 19·11 17·60 17·69 17·51	19·15 18·73 18·52 18·21 17·57 17·87 16·44 16·03 15·69 16·28 16·11 16·91	20·59 19·74 19·29 18·57 18·35 18·24 18·23 16·95 16·74 17·35 17·25	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 16 16		888888888888888888888888888888888888888	19·52 21·83 22·53 21·55 21·15 22·42 19·99 18·37 28·05	20·19 16·07 15·24 16·62 13·90 13·12 16·47 10·00 19·24	22·56 17·91 16·39 18·07 17·97 16·53 17·97 18·40 16·34

G-Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Continued.

Cubic Fee	et.		A	mmonia j	per 100 <b>C</b>	ubic Feet.				hu <b>ret</b> droge		
Standard	Times in excess of Allowanee.	rests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average	Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	rests.	times ab-	No. of times pre- sent.	Tests.	Remarks.
Grains.	Times of All	No. of Tests.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Times of All	No. of Tests.	No. of times sent.	No. of sent.	No. of Tests.	
									54323322332	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 1	5 4 5 5 4 4 5 4 4	No apparatus for test- ing purity.
•••••••	•••••								34	19	53	
									3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 2 2 39		3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 2	No apparatus for test- ing purity.
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 17	. 4	2.00	0.51 1.01 0.00 0.00 1.51 1.15 1.25 1.50 2.00 1.51 1.02 1.99	1.02 1.80 0.00 1.125 1.757 1.70 1.82 2.527 2.637 1.58 2.28		1 1 1 1 3 		1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8		8888888	-

APPENDIX
RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

		Illum	inating Po	wer.				Sulphur	per 100
Inspection Districts.	Highest.	Lowest.	A verage.	Standard	times be- Standard.	Tests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	Canales.	No. of 1	No. of	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Peterborough:  July	17.62 16.98 17.22 17.14	16:39 15:95 16:43 16:05 15:87 16:25 16:64 17:22 16:72 16:72 16:73	16 93 16 63 16 55 16 47 16 03 17 03 16 74 17 37 16 83 17 02 16 66 17 01	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 16 16		4 3 4 4 2 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			
Port Hope:— July	16·56 	16 00 16 00 15 98 17 10 17 00	16 00 16 00 16 30 17 10 17 33	12 12 12 12 12 16 16		1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 7			
St. Thomas:—  November  December  January  February  March  April  May  June	16·32 15·24 14·87 15·18 15·73 15·54	14·10 15·00 13·65 14·87 14·87 14·09 14·45 16·00	14·35 15·66 14·44 14·87 15·02 14·91 14·99 16·00	12 12 12 12 12 16 16	2 2	2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1		1	

# G-Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Cubic <b>F</b> ee	t.		<b>A</b> r	nmonia p	er 100 Cu	bic Feet.			Sulp Hy	hure drog	tted en.	
Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average	Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	Tests.	times ab-	times pre-	of Tests.	Rem <b>a</b> rks.
Grains.	Times of A	No. of Tests.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Times of A	No. of Tests.	No. of sent.	No. of times I sent.	No. of	
							.		4 3 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		4 3 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	No apparatus for purit
									1 1 1 1 2  1 1 7		1 1 1 2  1 1 7	Noapparatus for testin purity ; no tests made. No tests made. do do do
									2 2		2 2	No apparatus for puri Commenced inspection lst May, 1884.
									2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 3	1 1	2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 14	No apparatus fortestin purity; commence inspection 1st Nov 1883.

APPENDIX
RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

		Illum	inating P	ower.			•	Sulph <b>a</b>	r per 100
Inspection Districts.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard	o. of times be- low Standard.	Tests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	No. of low S	No. of	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Toronto:— July	17· 35 16·54 17· 74 18· 24 17· 44 16· 53 17· 54 18· 54 15· 89 16· 00 16· 84 16· 30	16. 70 15. 56 14. 62 16. 72 14. 47 14. 58 15. 62 15. 47 15. 37 14. 86 15. 47 16. 04	16 · 93 16 · 16 16 · 48 17 · 30 15 · 85 16 · 03 16 · 40 16 · 30 15 · 72 15 · 56 16 · 33 16 · 25	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 16 16	3 3	6 6 7 6 6 6 5 4 8 4 8 4 <del>70</del>	77.58 10.51 11.07 9.36 10.39 10.35 11.20 9.17 12.67 14.55 14.10	5.66 6.74 8.54 6.75 8.26 7.73 6.32 5.51 8.24 10.07 10.63 8.92	X6 46 8 41 10 01 8 23 8 99 8 78 8 76 8 76 10 63 12 06 12 85 9 93
Montreal:  July	17·42 18·20 17·80 21·11 17·26	15·59 15·50 17·37 16·18 15·24 16·02	16 · 58 17 · 70 17 · 57 17 · 48 16 · 82	14 14 14 14 11		8 3 7 11	50·48 28·30 19.97 49·77 46·94 38·44	20 · 61 10 · 55 16 · 64 17 · 61 12 · 30 20 · 00	35 41 16·42 18·30 29·08 25·92 27·16
Quebec:— July	16.64	13·87 13·26 15·38 13·69 12·70 13·30 14·61 13·91 13·92 13·22 15·57 16·63	15·67 14·63 15·80 14·98 14·58 13·80 15·70 15·20 15·19 14·22 17·26 18·66	14 14 14 14 14 14 14 16 16	1 1 2 5 2	5 5 5 5 5 5 8 4	16.88 21.77 20.37 9.59 31.64 26.01 30.37	23.95 29.33 16.75 18.23 12.38 15.04 5.58 5.01 8.21 22.84	25·64 30·35 18·84 20·90 14·56 18·91 12·66 7·71 22·76 24·33
			28						

G.—Continued.
Inspected during the Year ended 30th June, 1884—Continued.

Cabic Fe	et.		 	Ammonia	per 100	Cubic Fee	t.		Sul <sub>y</sub>	phure droge	tted	
Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average	Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	Tests.	times ab-	No. of times pre- sent.	Tests.	Remarks.
Grains.	Times of All	No of Tests.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Times of All	No of	No. of sent.	No. of t	No. of Tests.	
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		3 3 3 4 3 3 2 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 3 9	1.00 .77 1.25 1.47 1.00 1.52 1.53 1.25 1.75 2.00 2.00	-51 -25 -50 -25 -50 -75 1 00 -75 -75 1 00 1 25 1 51	.76 .51 .91 .99 .83 1.17 1.26 1.00 1.12 1.38 1.68 1.82	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		3 3 3 4 3 3 2 3 4 4 3 3 4 - 39	6 7 6 6 6 5 4 8 4 8		6 6 7 6 6 6 5 4 8 4 8 4	Average illuminatin power of gas was talend each month, at request of the Gas Conpany.  Illuminating power and sulphuretted hedrogen tests were made under the previsions of Act of la
20 20 20 20 20 20	4 1 4 4 5	4 5 2 5 6	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0 · 00 0 · 00 0 · 00 0 · 00	0.00	2 2 2 2 2		4 4 4 2 5 6	8 3 7 11		6 8 3 7 11	Session.
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	3 3 3 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	0 ·00 0 ·00 0 ·00 10 ·93 7 ·02 1 ·50 0 ·00 0 ·00 0 ·00 2 ·54 3 ·54	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 0	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 3 643 2 34 50 0 00 0 00 0 00 1 85	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 2	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	3 3 5 8 4	5 5 5 5 5 5 3 2 0 0 0	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 4 8	

APPENDIX
RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

September							==			
Three Rivers:—  July			Illum	inating Po	ower.				Sulphu	r per 100
Three Rivers:—  July	Inspection Districts.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard	times be- standard.	Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
July		Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	No. of low S	of	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
July	Three Rivers :									
September		15 .05	14.24	14.62	14		5			
September	August	15.82	14 - 49	15.17	14		4			••••
November			14 3l			1				
December					i ·	ı				
January									1	
February						I .			1	
April		14.70	14.39	14.49	14	1	4			
May								<b>!</b>	i	•••••
The color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the color of the							_			
February								1		
February	Chatham :_					12	52		<u> </u>	}
Pebruary						15			l	ĺ
May	February	19.50	17.60	18:427	14	0	11			
September										···········
Fredericton						•••••				
August         18·16         18·16         18·16         18·16         14         0         1                                                                                                 .				***************************************						
September	July					0	-			
October.         17·25         15·09         16·20         14         0         5						•			1	
November										1
December						•			1	1
February									·····	ļ
March         16.46         15.63         16.17         14         0         3                                                                                                 <										3
April									1	1
St. John—       18.37       16.72       17.44       16       0       3								1.		
St. John—  July	May									1
St. John—       July	June	18.31	16.43	17.44	16	0	3			
July         18.52         15.25         17.39         14         0         8         22.90         20.91         22.11           August         17.43         15.18         16.26         14         0         8         22.90         20.91         22.11           September         17.70         15.87         16.94         14         0         8         15.71         13.45         14.52           October         17.85         15.73         16.67         14         0         8         15.71         13.45         14.52         16.15           November         16.98         15.56         16.06         14         0         8         15.80         10.35         12.51           December         16.64         14.62         15.49         14         0         8         14.98         9.58         12.73           January         17.14         15.87         16.74         14         0         8         14.98         9.58         12.73           January         16.70         15.05         15.92         14         0         8         16.92         13.46         11.4         12.24           February         16.60         15.63						0	41			
August       17·43       15·18       16·26       14       0       8       26·75       22·67       24·32         September       17·70       15·87       16·94       14       0       8       15·71       13·45       14·52         October       17·85       15·73       16·67       14       0       8       15·71       13·45       14·52         November       16·98       15·56       16·06       14       0       8       15·20       10·35       12·51         December       16·64       14·62       15·49       14       0       8       14·98       9·58       12·73         January       17·14       15·87       16·74       14       0       8       13·84       11·14       12·24         February       16·60       15·63       16·92       14       0       8       16·92       13·46       14·89         March       16·60       15·63       16·09       14       0       5       16·92       14·89         April       18·75       15·64       16·31       16       1       9       18·54       17·35       17·69         June       17·28       16·27		10:50	15:05	17 00	1	_	0	99.00	00.00	00:::
September         17.70         15.87         16.94         14         0         8         15.71         13.45         14.52           October         17.85         15.73         16.67         14         0         8         17.21         14.45         16.15           November         16.98         15.69         16.96         14         0         8         15.20         10.35         12.51           December         16.64         14.62         15.49         14         0         8         14.98         9.58         12.73           January         17.14         15.87         16.74         14         0         8         13.84         11.14         12.24           February         16.70         15.05         15.92         14         0         8         16.92         13.46         14.89           March         16.60         15.63         16.09         14         0         5         13.46         14.89           April         18.75         15.64         16.31         16         0         6         12.21         10.00         11.10           May         17.55         15.64         16.31         16         1         <						1 -				
October         17.85         15.73         16.67         14         0         8         17.21         14.45         16.15           November         16.98         15.56         16.06         14         0         8         15.80         10.35         12.51           December         16.64         14.62         15.49         14         0         8         14.98         9.58         12.73           January         17.14         15.87         16.74         14         0         8         13.84         11.14         12.24           February         16.70         15.05         15.92         14         0         8         16.92         13.46         14.89           March         16.60         15.63         16.09         14         0         8         16.92         13.46         14.89           April         18.75         15.64         16.31         16         0         6         12.21         10.00         11.10           May         17.28         16.27         16.83         16         4         6         19.87         18.42         19.17			~~							
December	October	17.85		16.67						
January     17·14     15·87     16·74     14     0     8     13·84     11·14     12·24       February     16·70     15·05     15·92     14     0     8     16·92     13·46     14·89       March     16·60     15·63     16·09     14     0     5     16·92     13·46     14·89       April     18·75     15·69     17·06     16     0     6     12·21     10·00     11·10       May     17·54     15·64     16·31     16     1     9     18·54     17·35     17·69       June     17·28     16·27     16·83     16     4     6     19·87     18·42     19·17										
March     16.70     15.05     15.92     14     0     8     16.92     13.46     14.89       March     16.60     15.63     16.09     14     0     5     16.92     13.46     14.89       May     18.75     15.69     17.06     16     0     6     12.21     10.00     11.10       May     17.54     15.64     16.31     16     1     9     18.54     17.35     17.69       June     17.28     16.27     16.83     16     4     6     19.87     18.42     19.17	January	17.14								
March   16·60   15·63   16·09   14   0   5	February	16.70					8			14.89
May	March	16.60						10.00	10.00	11.10
June 17.28   16.27   16.83   16   4   6   19.87   18.42   19.17	May	17.51								17.69
5 90	June									19.17
		1				-	-	·	l	
30		1	1			1-	-	.		
				30						

G-Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended 30th June, 1884.

Cubic Fee	t.		Az	nmonia p	er 100 Cu	ıbic Feet.			Sulp Hy	hure drog	ted.	
Standard Grains.	in excess owance.	lests.	Highest	Lowest	Average	Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	rests.	times ab-	times pre-	rests.	Remarks.
Grains.	Times of All	No. of Tests.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Times of All	No. of	No. of times sent.	No. of Bent.	No. of Tests.	
•••••	•••••	••••	•••••		•••	 			5		5	No apparatus for test. ing purity.
•	•••••		<b></b>					<b> </b>	4		4	•••
••••	•••••					***************************************	••••	•••	5 5	••••	5 <b>5</b>	
	*****								4		4	
	•••••			•••••		••••			4		4	
•••••	*****			•••••••	••••••••			•••	5		5	
	•••••	•••••							4		4	
***********				••••				١	4		4	
••••			••••	••••				<b> </b>	4		4	
•••••	*****				******			•••	4		4	
			į				1		52		52	
•••••			<b></b>	·······					11	0	11	No apparatus for test-
			<b></b>				1	[		į		ing purity.
										•••••		No returns were made.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				·····								do do
					Ì		1	ļ	4	ļ	4	
************									ī		i	
•••••	,								4		4	
•••					<b></b>				3	3	6	Sulphuretted hydrogen
••••••					••••••	***************************************		•••	4 3	4	7	very bad in one test, slightly apparent in
									3		3	two tests.
••••••									3		3	
••• ••••					***********	***************************************			3	ļ	3	
•••••							ļ		3		3	1
••••••									1 2	l	3	
									36	8	44	
20	4	4	9.15	6.21	7.54	2	4	4	8		8	
20	4	4	39.58	31 62	35.33	2	4	4			1 -	
20		4	15.80	9.48	11.87	2	4	4			8	
20 20		4	6·01 7·18	5.16	6.15	2 2	4	4	8		8	
20		4	6.28	1.26	4.39	2	3	4			8	
20		4	6.12	1.98	4.34	2	! 3	4	8		8	
20		4	2.09	1.45	1.87	2	1	4	8 5		8 5	No sulphur and am
29		2	1.00	0.60	0.80	2		1"2				monia test; moving
20		4	3.66	1.12	2.38	2	3	4	9		9	office.
20		4	1.01	0.00	0.51	2		4	6	ļ	6	
	8	42					30	42	90	-	90	
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APPENDIX
RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

		Illum	inating P	ower.		ļ		Sulphu	r per 100
Inspection Districts.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard	times be- Standard.	Tests.	Highest.	Lowest	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	No. of low S	No. of	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Halifax :	٠								
July						.,			
August	19.21	18.12	18.68	16	0	4	49.71	22.63	33.83
September	20.02	19.44	19.75	16	0	4	41.89	25.31	34.08
October		18:31	18.97	1	0	4	44.51	36 87	39 61
November	19·79 20·11	18.54	19 46	16 16	0	4	32 45	28.14	29.76
December January	18.84	17:44	18 13	16	0	4	24.30	16.98	20.83
February	19.89	18:34	18 90	16	0	4	24.38	17.73	21.50
March	18.31	18.00	18.15	16	0	2	24.17	17.97	21.07
April	17.69	17 61	17 65	16	0	3	29.31	22 27	25.79
May	19.48	17.33	18.63	16	0	4	34 33	27.07	30.74
June	19 24	18 40	18.73	16	Ö	4	27.54	21.37	24.13
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100	10 10	10 .0	10					
•	1				0	37		!	
Charlottetown:-									
July	19.33	17:45	18.35	14	0	4			İ
August		17.66	18 38	14	0	1 4			
September		17.77	18:04	14	0	3			
October	18.99	15.57	16 89	14	Ö	5			
November	17.90	16.00	16.70	14	0	4			
December		16.00	17 22	14	1 0	5			
January	1	15.27	16.33	14	0	5	1		
February		14.87	16.00	14	0	4			
March	17.55	15.98	16.65	14	j 0	5			
April	16 84	16 18	16.53	16	0	4			·]
May		14.53	16.28	16	0	5			
June	17.66	16.70	17.32	16	0	5			
		l	1	[		-	-		1
	1	1	1	1	0	53	[	1	Į.

G-Concluded.

Inspected during the Year ended 30th June, 1884-Concluded.

Cubic Fee			A	mmonia	per 100 c	ubic Feet.				hure droge		
Standard Grains.	in ексевв lowance.	Tests.	H ghest.	Lowest.	Average	Standard	Times in excess of Allowance.	l'ests.	times ab-	imes pre-	Tests.	Remarks.
Grains.	Times of Al	No. of	Grains	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	Times of Al	o. c.t	No of sent.	No of times sent.	Jo .oN	
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	4 4 2 3 1 2 4 4 4	4 4 4 4 4 2 2 4 4 4 36	0 · 932 2 · 58 2 · 6470 1 · 270 0 · 657 3 · 440 0 · 043 0 · 01 0 · 1410 0 · 099	0·00 1·42 0·0104 0·059 0·00 0·042 0·0208 0·00 0·044	0.5975 0.1834 1.051	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 36	4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 4 4 4 4 2 3 4 4	No tests this month. Inspector fitting up other offices. No tests this month. Inspect r at Yar- mouth fitting up office.
									4 4 3 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 4 3 5 4 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 5	No apparatus for test- ing purity.

# REPORT

ON

# ADULTERATION OF FOOD

BEING

SUPPLEMENT No. III

TO THE REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

1884.

Printed by Order of Parliament.



OTTAWA:
PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET.
1885.

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# INSPECTION OF FOOD.

#### To the Honourable

The Minister of Inland Revenue.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my Report respecting the analysis of food, also the reports of the analysists appointed under the Act, together with tabulated statements, prepared in this Department, of the results of the analysis of the various samples submitted to them.

1st. By Order in Council of the 24th March, 1884, Mr. John E. Wright, Jun., was appointed as public analyst at Winnipeg, and F. X. Valade, M.D., was appointed by Order in Council, dated 23rd May, 1884, public analyst at Ottawa.

The following statement is a summary of the whole number of samples analysed by the Dominion analysts:—

Name of Sample.	Genui <b>ne</b> .	Adulterated.	Doubtful.	Total.
Bread and breadstuffs	136 75 50 38 29 121 101 129 88 72	7 50 17 77 112 50 62 9 45 16 8 32	2 6 1 6 	71 188 98 128 156 79 201 113 182 106 80 90 28

From the above table it will be seen that, out of 1,520 samples analysed, 31 per cent, were adulterated, and 47, or about 3 per cent., were returned as doubtful.

The following table shows the percentage of adulteration for the past nine years:-

Year.	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Doubtful.	Total Analysed.	Percentage of Adulteration.
1876	87 241 523 619 728 743 809 911 988	93 247 271 235 295 260 288 302 495	19 .42 20 38 25 30 47	180 488 813 896 1,043 1,041 1,122 1,243 1,520	51 · 66 50 · 61 33 · 33 26 · 22 28 · 28 25 · 97 25 · 66 24 · 21 31 · 90

The appointment of Mr. H. Sugden Evans, as chief analyst, has met a long felt want. It will now be possible for the first time since the passage of the Act to bring the law into practical effect.

Hitherto it has been felt that the prosecution of parties for adulteration was undesirable upon the single report of the local analyst. Under the amended Act, however, one-third of each sample is required to be transmitted to Ottawa, where the test of the local analyst is revised by the analyst-in-chief, and in cases in which prosecution is necessary in the public interest, the evidence of these two specialists will doubtless be deemed conclusive.

It will be observed by the preceding table that the percentage of adulterated samples, which fell from 51 per cent., in 1876, to 24 per cent., in 1883, has this year risen to 32 per cent. The number of samples taken for analysis are, however, much greater last year than in the first few years of the administration of the Act, and the discrepancy in proportions found adultered may, in some measure, be accidental.

It is likely, however, that the practice which has heretofore prevailed, of publishing the results of analysis only once a year, has led traders to attach but little importance to such publication, inasmuch as the Departmental Reports do not find their way into the hands of the general public.

It is suggested, now that the Department is in a position to cope with the subject, that the publication of results should be made quarterly, and should be inserted in the local papers, in order that the public may have an opportunity of forming an intelligent judgement as to the reliability, or otherwise, of the parties from whom they purchase their supplies. It is also desirable that all cases of adulteration should at once be prosecuted.

The regulations which have been established under authority of the Act are appended hereto.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

E. MIALI,
Commissioner Inland Revenue.

Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, 19th December, 1884. ANALYSIS.
Regulations.

INLAND REVENUE.

C. 116.

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

SATURDAY, 6th December, 1884.

#### PRESENT:

# HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 23rd section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 47th year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chaptered 34, and intituled, "An Act to amend, and to consolidate as amended, the several Acts respecting the Adulteration of Food and Drugs."

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to make, and doth hereby make, the following Regulations for carrying the provisions of the above cited Act respecting the Adulteration of Food

and Drugs into effect.

1st. The Districts for the purposes of this Act shall be coterminus with the

Inspection Districts of Inland Revenue.

Analysts heretofore appointed are hereby re-appointed for the following Districts: William Saunders, District of Windsor; W. H. Ellis, District of Toronto; F. X. Valade, District of Kingston, J. B. Edwards, District of Montreal; M. Fiset, District of Quebec; W. F. Best, District of New Brunswick; M. Bowman, District of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island; J. E. Wright, District of Manitoba.

2nd. Such Analysts may be remunerated as follows:

(a) By a retaining fee of \$200 per annum.

(b) By an allowance for the first year of a sum not exceeding \$300 for the

apparatus and the material used in the laboratory.

(c) By an annual allowance of \$100 on account of such expenses as are necessarily incurred in providing material for analysing samples submitted to them by duly authorized officers.

(d) By an allowance of \$100 towards the rent of the place in which the labor-

atory may be established.

(e) By payments equal to the amount of fees payable in each case in accordance with the scale hereinafter established, provided the aggregate sum paid shall not exceed the amount voted for such purpose by Parliament.

3rd. The following tariff of fees is hereby established:

For Analysis of	Milk	
do	do when 6 samples are submitted at one time.	20.00
do	Bread, Sweets and other articles unenumerated	. 5.00
80	Butter, Malt Liquors, Cider, Wines, Alcholic Liquors, Tinctures, Liqueurs, Condiments, Spices, Drugs, Oils	\$8.00
do	Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Cocoa or Chocolate, and Drugs for their alkaloids, as Opium, Barks, &c., Pharmaceutical Liquors, Fluid Extracts, &c., Dispensed Mcdicines and Waters	\$10.0 <b>0</b>

4th. Any Inland Revenue Officer or other person authorized by the Act, on obtaining a sample from a vendor, and on the completion of his purchase of such sample, shall declare to the vendor the object for which he has made the purchase, and shall forthwith, in presence of the vendor, proceed to divide the sample into three equal parts, making the same up into three parcels, of such description as the nature of the article may require, carefully wrapping each separately, attaching to it a label of such form as may be approved from time to time by the Minister of Inland Revenue, and scaling each parcel therewith in such a manner that the parcel carnot be opened without destroying the same. One parcel shall be delivered to the verdor, the second shall be forwarded to the Public Analyst for the District within which the sample was taken, and the third shall be transmitted to the Minister of Inland Revenue.

5th. If a vendor of an article (either wholesale or retail) refuses to give to an officer any samples of such article which the officer desires to procure under the provisions of the 7th Section of the Act, after the officer has paid, or tendered, the value of such sample, the officer shall explain the object of his visit and the requirments of Section 7 and 8 of the Act, and shall thereupon demand to be shown the stock of such article and to be furnished with or permitted to take samples of the same. If the vendor still refuses the officer is to repeat the demand in the presence

of a reliable witness.

6th. When samples have been purchased at places distant from the residence of the Public Analyst of the district, the Officer or Inspector shall transmit the respective portions of the sample to the Public Analyst and to the Minister of Inland Revenue respectively, by mail or express prepaid, and the cost of such transmission shall be deemed to be a portion of the cost of purchase.

7th. When the Analyst's certificate declares an article to be adulterated within the meaning of the Act, the Officer or Inspector shall be advised of such fact, and shall forthwith notify the vendor of intention to prosecute, if such course be deter-

mined upon by the Ministor of Inland Revenue.

8th. The Analyst shall impartially perform the duties of his office, and shall not communicate the result of his analysis to any one, unless specially authorized or testifying before a court of law in conformity with his duties under the Act.

9th. The Analyst, on receipt of sample, shall proceed with all reasonable speed to make the analysis, and forthwith forward his certificate of analysis to the Minister

of Inland Revenue.

10th To any municipality appointing Inspectors under the Act, a remission of one half the fees shall be made by the Public Analyst and the remaining half shall

be paid under the authority of the Minister of Inland Revenue.

11th. But such Inspectors shall comply with all the requirements of the law and such instructions from the Minister of Inland Revenue, who shall in each case determine the maximum amount of fees that shall be remitted to a municipality in each fiscal year.

12th. The form of Certificate to be used by the Analysts, and the form of Label to be used by an Officer or Inspector, shall be approved by the Minister of Inland

Revenue.

(Signed) JOHN J. McGEE, Clerk, Privy Council.

	<b>Q</b> . <b>4</b> .	n <b>p</b> .
Sample of: Date,	Number:	ck of st
PURCHASED FROM:		son ba
QUANTITY: MANUFACTURED BY	Совт,	Write observations on back of stub
		rite ob
	Q. 4.	₽
Sample of: Date,	Number:	DEPARTMENT.
Purchased from:		
QUANTITY: MANUFACTURED BY	Cost,	REVENUE
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		2
	Q. 4.	
DATE,	iologiono iono iono iono iono iono iono ion	AMATOCH
	Sample sold as:	*
Officer's Signature:		
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AND IN LAND	MOBBIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIGGIG	0000
Date,	Sample sold as:	F
Officer's Signature:	<del>-</del>	
J		

Q. I.	CANADA.	FORM Q. I.
ANALYSIS OF FOOD, &c. No	ANALYSIS OF I	FOOD.
Office at		No
18	OFFICE AT_	:
Analysis of Sample of		18
received from Mr	I,	
Excise Officer, Division or \ Inspector, Municipality \}  of	Act, 1884, hereby certify that I rec Inland Revenue Officer for the Div or Inspector for the Municip on the day of otherwise,] a sample of	rision of
Sealed and Numbered	according to Act, seals unbroken the number, and I have and declare the result of my anal	n, with label bearing analysed the same
Result of Analysis:  Microscopical Examination:	MICROSCOPICAL EXAMINATION:	
Observations:		
Portion reserved.	I am of opinion the said sample ated or that it contained: °/o of fo	
* State if any change had	Observations. (State if admixt rendering the commodity potable, ing or improving its appearance, of opinion injurious to health.)	or palatable, or preserv-
taken place to interfere with Analysis.	I have further reserved a portion Fee \$*	of the Sample myself.
Analyst.	As witness my hand.	
*State whether Collected.		Analyst.

Note, ... The Italics represent the words written in the blank forms.

ANALYSIS.
Suggestions.

G. 120.

#### DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE,

OTTAWA, 18th December, 1884.

SUGGESTIONS to Public Analysts with a view to securing greater uniformity in the Results and Modes of Expression of their Analyses.

MILK.

Determine— { Specific gravity. Total solids.

As each increment of 1 p. c. butter fat depresses the specific gravity '725, and each increment of solids not fat heightens the sp. gty. 3.605—the sum of the two being ('725+3.605)=4.330; multiply the total solids found by '725, add the product to sum of the sp. gty. above 1,000, and divide by 4.33, which will give p. c. of solids not fat, and this deducted from total solids found will give butter fat. Should these data indicate an adulterated sample of milk a direct determination must be made of—

Butter fat Ash. Chlorine in ash.

Pending the report of the Committee of Public Analysts on Milk Standards the standard of the Society of Analysts should be adhered to.

BREAD, FLOUR AND FARINACEOUS FOODS.

Microscopical examination for Foreign farinas, Foreign vegetable matter. Sporules of fungi.

Determine— { Moisture. Ash. Mineral contamination, especially alum.

BUTTER,

\*
Specific gravity at 100° Fh.
Melting point.
P. c. fixed fatty acids.

Standard: Water not to exceed 12 p. c.
Salt " " 8 p. c.
Butter fat not less than 80 p. c.
Specific gravity not lower than 910 at 100° Fh.
Fixed fatty acids in butter fat not over 90 p. c.
Melting point of fat 92°.

Other foreign substances.

admixtures.

BEER, MALT LIQUOR. Determine— Specific gravity at 60° Fh.
Alcohol, by volume and by weight.
Solids.
Ash. WINES, ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS. Determine—

Specific gravity at 60 Fh.

Alcohol, by volume and by weight.

Solids. added amyl compounds. TINCTURES AND LIQUEURS-Same as above, with special examinations in case of medicinal tinctures. MUSTARD. For medicinal use mustard should be Fixed oil. pure=35 p. c. fixed oil. For dietetic purposes, at least 22 p. c. fixed ( Ash. oil required, indicating 30 p. c. admixture of inert farinacous matter, beyond which sample should be condemned CONDIMENTS AND SPICES.  $Determine \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline Determine \end{tabular} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Moisture. \\ Oleo \ resinous \ extractive. \\ Ash \\ Foreign \ vegetable \ matter. \\ \hline \end{array} \right.$ able admixture. Drugs-Follow the tests and directions of the Pharmacopæias. VINEGAR. Determine—{ Specific gravity at 60° Fh. Standard: Minimum 3.5 p. c. acetic acid, Free sulphuric acid.

O.1 p. c. sulphuric; no metallic contamination Solids. or tarry impurities indicative of pyroligneous | Ash. Metallic contamination. acid. CREAM OF TARTAR. Determine— { Moisture. Bitartrate potass. Tartrate lime. Ash. Sulphuric acid. Microscopical examination for farinaceous | Alumina.

xiii

TEA.

Determine—

Moisture.
Theine.
Tannic acid.
Ash, soluble in hot water.
Ash, insoluble in hot water. Microscopical examination for foreign leaves | Specific gravity of a 10 p. c

and vegetable matter, and exhausted tea leaves. | decoction.

1.023; and roasted grains as maize or bread = 1.026.

Specific gravity of 10 p. c. decoction should not be less than 1.010 at 60° exhausted tea giving about 1.002; ash not less than 5.75 p. c., a minimum of 3 p. c. being soluble in boiling water. Exhausted tea leaves give 4 p. c. ash, with 0.5 p. c. soluble.

COFFEE.

Determine—{
 Microscopical examination for foreign vege Sugar. table matters. Standards: A minimum of 1 p. c. of Ash, soluble. caffeine; roasted coffee gives from 0 to 1·1 p. Ash, insoluble. c., sugar and roots from 9 to 17 p. c., the p. c. | Specific gravity of 10 p. c. of sugar is a valuable datum. decoction at 60°. Specific gravity of 10 p. c. decoction, coffee = 1.009; that of roots from 1.014 to

COCOA AND CHOCOLATE.

Determine—

Moisture.

Microscopical examination for nature of added starches and other foreign matters.

Standard: A minimum of 22 p. c. fat and 25 p. c. non-fatty cocoa in chocolates, and for cocoas 25 p. c. fat and 66 p. c. non-fatty cocoa.

Moisture.

Fat.

Non-fatty cocoa.

Added starch.

Added sugar.

Ash, soluble.

SUGAR.

Determine—

| Moisture. Glucose. Sacchrose. Organic insol. matter

CHEESE.

ters.

Determine—

Moisture.

Fat. { Soluble acids. Insoluble acids.

Caseine.
Lactic acid. Ash.
Chlorine.
Microscopical examination for any farinaMelting point of fat. Metallic impurity.

ceous admixture.

**XiV** 

LARD.

Determine—

Moisture.

Fat.

Specific gravity at 100° Fh. or other admixtures.

CANNED VEGETABLES-FRUITS AND MEATS.

Determine the general condition of the contents as to soundness, ripeness and correspondence to name, also any metallic contamination of iron, copper, tin or zinc.

PRESERVES.

Sacchrose.
Insoluble vegetable
(skin, stones, &c.) matter

Microscopical examination to determine

Metallic contamination.

LIME AND LEMON JUICE.

foreign vegetable structures.

Standard: A minimum of 7 p. c. citric Mineral acid. acid and freedom from alcohol and other acids. [ Total solids.

Commissioner.

(C. 121:)

3.

Analysis.

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE,

Samples.

- -----,

OTTAWA, 19th December, 1884.

Instructions to Officers as to Quantities of Samples to be procured for Analysis.

Milk .- Three 1 pint tins.

Bread.—A 4 lb. or 6 lb. loat divided into three portions.

Flour.—1 lb. divided into three portions.

Farinaceous Foods.—In tins, either three of the smallest sized tins, or divide a fair sized tin into three bottles.

Butter.-1 lb. divided into three vessels.

Beer and Malt Liquors.—Three quart bottles.

Wines and Alcoholic Liquors.—Three pint bottles, or a quart bottle divided into three 8 oz. bottles.

Medicinal Tinctures -- Three bottles of 4 oz. each.

Mustard and Spices.—When in packets, three of the smallest packets, otherwise 1 lb. divided into three packets.

Drugs.-Special instructions for each.

Vinegar.—Quart bottle divided into three portions.

Lime and Lemon Juice.—Quart bottle divided into three portions.

Cream Tartar.—Same as spices in packets, or divide 1 lb. into three portions.

Tea.—Three packets of a quarter lb. each, or when packeted, 1 lb. divided into

three portions.

Coffee.—Three packets of a quarter lb. each, or when tinned or packeted, 1 lb.

divided into three portions, reserving the original packet for Ottawa.

Cocoa or Chocolate.—Same as above.

Sugar.—1 lb. divided into three parcels.

Cheese.-1 lb. divided into three parcels.

Lard.—Same as butter.

Canned Vegetables, Meats and Fish.—Divide the contents of the can into three portions, into wide-mouthed corked bottles, and carefully secure, preserving the can with label thereon for Ottawa.

Preserves.—Divide 1 lb. pot into three wide-mouthed bottles, as canned vege-tables.

Commissioner.

#### APPENDIX A.

## INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS.

#### REPORTS OF PUBLIC ANALYSTS.

#### 1.—TORONTO DIVISION.

To the Commissioner of Inland Revenue. Ottawa.

TORONTO, 25th September, 1884.

SIR,—With reference to the adulteration of food in my district, I

have the honor to report as follows:

I have analyzed, during the past year, 274 samples, of which Number of 207 were pure, 63 sdulterated and 4 doubtful, as shown in the fol-samples! lowing table :-

No.	Sample.	Unadulterated.	Adulterated.	Doubtful.
5 34 24 14 30 40 10 4	Breadstuffs. Baking powder Baking powder Butters Coffee Cream of tarter Canned goods Drugs Ginger wine Ginger ale Liqueurs Milk Milk food Spices Tea siftings	30 6 8 14 fruits, 13 meats. 36 10 4 9 27 4 8 15	1 fruit, 2 meats  1 fruit, 2 meats  1 5  16  6 63	4

#### Breadstuffs.

Under this nead, the articles analyzed were bread and baking Breadstuffs. powders. All the samples of bread examined were of good quality and free from alum.

Six samples of baking powder were examined; two of these consisted of cream of tartar and carbonate of soda, mixed with, in one case, 10 per cent. and in the other 40 per cent. of flour.

The other three powders contained alum and acid phosphate.

4-1\*\*\*

I have not reported any of these baking powders adulterated because, in the absence of any standard, there is nothing to define the composition of a baking powder other than custom, and although there seems to be an agreement among authorities as to the hurtfulness of alum in bread, there is not the same unanimity with regard to its hurtfulness in baking powder.

#### Butter.

Butter.

Of thirty-four samples, four were adulterated, the nature of the adulteration being in each case excess of salt and water.

#### Canned Goods.

Canned Goods.

Thirty samples were examined, fifteen samples of meat and fish and fifteen of fruits and vegetables. The fruits and vegetables all contained tin, from a mere trace to over a grain in the pound. Of the meat and fish, five out of fifteen samples contained tin in quantities between  $\frac{1}{10}$  and  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a grain in the pound. Most of the other samples contained traces of the same metal.

The highest percentage of tin occurred in a can of peaches, which contained \( \frac{1}{3} \) grain of tin in the pound. If four persons had eaten this can of peaches at one meal, each person would have consumed \( \frac{1}{3} \) grain of tin. In consideration of the enormous and rapidly increasing consumption of these canned provisions, a more accurate knowledge of the action of tin and its compounds on the human system is most desirable. On this subject very little is at present known. One cannot, however, view without apprehension the presence, in articles of food, of so large a quantity of a metal which is at least suspicious. Several of the fruits and vegetables contained traces of copper, and one sample of French peas contained enough (\frac{1}{3} \) grain per pound) to warrant its condemnation.

#### Coffee.

Coffee.

Of twenty-four samples, eighteen were adulterated with chicory and peas or chicory and wheat in some form, such as ground crusts or other preparations.

#### Drugs.

Drugs.

Forty samples of drugs were examined, of which only four were condemned, viz., three samples of precipitated sulphur and one of sweet spirits of nitre.

#### Cream of Tartar.

Cream of Tartar.

Of fourteen samples of cream of tartar, eight were pure and six adulterated. Of these fourteen samples, four were purchased from druggists. All these were pure. Of the other ten, six were adulterated and four pure. Of these four samples, one was not cream of tartar at all but a baking powder containing it. The adulteration consisted of gypsum and corn starch. The quantities of gypsum varied from 25 per cent. to 75 per cent. On the whole, the purity of the drugs in Toronto is a matter for congratulation.

#### Ligueurs.

Liqueurs.

Two samples of cherry brandy were examined, both of which had an alcoholic strength equal to forty-eight per cept. of proof spirit.

Two samples of raspberry vinegar were found to contain no alcohol.

Six samples of lime juice and lime juice cordials were examined. The cordials contained no alcohol; they contain from 20 per cent. to 25 per cent. of sugar.

Of the lime juice, one was pure and the other was an artificial imitation of lime juice containing tartaric acid instead of citric.

,

#### Milk.

Thirty-two samples were examined; four were reported watered Milkand one skimmed, i. e., about 15 per cent. were adulterated.

In 1876 more than 50 per cent. of the samples analyzed fell below the standard. The improvement in the character of the milk supply of this town since then has been marked and gratifying.

#### Milk Food.

Four samples of milk food were also examined and were found to Milk Food. consist of baked flour and dried milk.

#### Spices.

As usual, the spices and condiments share with coffee the highest Spices. percentage of adulteration. Of twenty-eight condiments, including spices, pepper, ginger, &c., eight were pure and sixteen adulterated. Four samples of mustard were mixtures of mustard with flour and turmeric, but mustard appears never to be sold pure.

#### Sweets.

As usual, these were found to be composed of sugar—largely Sweets-glucose and flour or corn starch.

The colouring matter used was harmless.

#### Ginger Wine.

Ten samples of ginger wine were examined and found to contain Ginger Wine. from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent. of proof spirit.

#### Ginger Ale.

Four samples were examined; they contained no alcohol.

#### Teas.

Twelve samples of teas were examined and found unadulterated. Ginger Ale-Six samples of so-called tea sittings were also examined. They were found to be broken tea leaves, mixed with more or less sand and dust.

The proportion of sand and dust varied from 15 per cent Teas.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
V. H. ELLIS.
Public Analyst.

#### LONDON DIVISION.

London, 30th June, 1884.

To the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Ottawa.

Sib,—I have the honor to submit to you herewith my report of the work done during the past year.

There have been submitted to me for analysis during this period 239 samples, of which 177 were found to be unadulterated three doubtful and fifty-nine adulterated. The results may be tabulated as follows:—

Number of samples analyzed.

	Un- adulter- ated.	Adult- erated.	Doubt- ful.	Total.
Breadstuffs Baking powder Baking powder  Butter  Milk  Cream of tartar  Coffee  Tea  Tea  Tea  Tea dust  Potted meats and fish  Canned fruits and vegetables  Sweets  Sweets  Tapioca  Bago  Infant's food  Ginger wine  Ginger ale		6 12 3 9 5 1 5	1	8 8 8 8 32 30 10 20 16 5 22 15 13 22 6 6 12 10 4 239

#### Breadstuffs.

Breadstuffs.

The eight samples examined in this class were all found to be of good quality and contained nothing deleterious.

#### Baking Powder.

Baking Powder. Eight samples of baking powder have been analysed; six were found to be adulterated, some with flour and others with starch, the proportion of adulterant varying from 20 to 66 per cent. The other two consisted of a mixture of bicarbonate of soda and pure cream of tartar, without any adulterant. As the efficiency of these powders depends almost entirely on the amount of carbonic acid gas given off during their use, the following comparative statement has been prepared, showing in each instance, the quantity of carbonic acid gas eliminated from 5 grammes (equal to 77 grains) of the powder.

Royal baking powder 33½ cubic inches 221 " Dunn's " " " Price's (two analyses) 36<del>}</del> " " " Princess " 351 (two analyses) " Cooks Friend 241

A standard baking powder, prepared by mixing seven parts of bicarbonate of soda with sixteen cream of tartar (both dried before

mixing), gave off, from the same quantity,  $46\frac{1}{2}$  cubic inches. It will be seen that "Price's" stands a little above, and "Royal" but a little below "Princess," in yield of carbonic acid, although both of these are mixed with 20 per cent. of starch. This probably arises from the "Princess" powder having deteriorated by keeping, otherwise it should be about equal in yield of gas to that of the standard powder referred to.

#### Butter.

Among the thirty-two samples of butter examined, twelve were Butter. found to be adulterated; one only with foreign fat, the others with excess of salt or water, or both. Some of the samples were inferior in quality, and reversal of them very rancid. I have, as heretofore, returned butter as adulterated which contained 6 per cent. and upwards of salt, or 12 per cent and upwards of water.

#### Milk.

Thirty samples of milk have been analysed, twenty five of which Milk. were found pure, two doubtful, containing a suspiciouly small proportion of cream, and three adulterated with water.

#### Cream of Tartar.

Ten samples of cream of tartar were examined, only one of which Cream of was found pure. Eight of the nine adulterated samples consisted Tartar. partly of cream of tartar, the adulterant which, in every instance was "terra alba" (sulphate of lime) varying in proportion from 18 to 76 per cent. Where the cream of tartar was largely adulterated, the acid properties of the compound were strengthened by the addition of tartaric acid. The other sample contained no cream of tartar, but consisted of a mixture of alum and sulphuric acid with 68½ per cent. of sulphate of lime. The systematic fraud perpetrated on the public by the manufacturers of these spurious and adulterated compounds, should, if possible be checked. It is highly probable that the consumption of so much sulphate of lime is injurious to the health of those who unwittingly use it in this form.

#### Coffee.

Of this article, twenty samples were analyzed. Fifteen proved to Coffee. consist entirely of pure coffee, the other five contained varying proportions of chicory, from 10 to 33 per cent. In two instances the mixed coffee was not sold as pure, but as coffee mixed with chicory.

#### Tea and Tea Dust.

Sixteen samples of tea were analyzed and five of tea dust. Of the Tea and Tea teas, fifteen were found to be pure and one adulterated. All the Dust samples of tea dust examined were adulterated with foreign leaves, sand, dust and particles of coloring matter. In view of the fact that tea dust seems to be always adulterated and of poor quality, it would be well to consider whether its importation should not be prohibited. Although usually sold at a comparatively low price, it is so deficient in strength that the purchasers seldom get full value for their money.

#### Potted Meats and Fish.

Of the twenty-two samples of potted meats and fish examined, Potted Meats, with one exception, all were found to be in a good state of preserva- &c.

tion. Twelve, however, contained traces of metallic impurities, two showed traces of iron, four, traces of tin; two, traces of iron and tin, two, traces of tin and lead; one, traces of iron, with a faint indication of lead, and one, decided traces of lead.

#### Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

#### Canned Fruits, &c.

Fifteen samples of canned fruits and vegetables were analyzed, thirteen of which were found to be contaminated with metallic impurities. Two contained traces of tin only; six, traces of iron and tin; one, faint traces and another strong traces of lead; and two, strong traces of iron and tin, with faint traces of lead. The two samples which were free from metallic impurities were sweet corn and green peas, both of which were in good condition. One sample of corn was musty and partly decayed and quite unfit for food; this was one of the two which contained traces of tin only. Two samples, Nos. 7747 and 7748, sold respectively as currant and raspberry jelly, were fictitious articles, compounds chiefly of apple jelly, colored and flavored.

#### Sweets.

Sweets.

Of thirteen samples of sweets analyzed, twelve were found to consist entirely of pure sugar and gum, with suitable flavoring and coloring materials, and contained nothing injurious; the other sample, No. 7718, was adulterated with about one-third of its weight of starch. This, although harmless, had no doubt been added to cheapen the product and thus enable the manufacturer to underself his more scrupulous competitors.

#### Condiments and Spices.

## Condiments and Spices.

Those submitted to me for analysis consisted of two samples of powdered cloves and four each of powdered allepice, black pepper, ginger, cinnamon and mustard. One of the samples of cloves was pure, the other contained about 10 per cent. of a farinaceous adulterant: All the samples of allspice were adulterated, two with about 40 per cent., one with 33 per cent. and the other with about 25 per cent. In three, the adulterant was chiefly farinaccour, in the fourth, it consisted of an undetermined material, of a neodiar astringent character. The black pepper was still more adulterated. Two of the samples contained about 60 per cent., one 50 and the other about 25 per cent of adulterant. Of the four samples of ginger tested, all were found to be pure. Two samples of the powdered cinnamon were found to consist of pure powdered cassia, which, although differing botanically from true cinnamon, is almost identical in properties and is usually sold in commerce as cinnamon. The other two were adulterated, one with about 40 per cent., the other with 50 per cent., the adulterant, being the same in both cases, was farinaceous, and appeared to be ground bread. All four of the samples of mustard were found to be mixed with a farinaceous adulterant varying in proportion from 30 to 40 per cent.

Tapioca.

Tapioca.

Six samples of tapioca were analysed and all of them found to be free from adulteration.

Sago.

Sago.

Six samples, also, of this substance, were tested with the same results; no adulteration was found in any of them.

#### Infant's Food.

In this instance twelve samples were submitted for examination, Infant's six of them being arrowroot. None of the samples of arrowroot rootained any adulteration, and when tested with high powers, under the microscope, the form of the starch granules proved the purity of each sample. Of the other foods, only one contained milk. All consisted of partly or thoroughly baked farinaceous substances, chiefly oatmeal flour or ground biscuit. Two contained a small quantity of sugar, 2 or 3 per cent.; one was sweetened to the extent of about 20 per cent., and a fourth was mixed with an undetermined proportion of powdered slippery elm bark. The steam cooked peas consisted of ground peas, mixed with flour and partly baked.

#### Ginger Wine.

All the ginger wines examined consisted of varying proportions Ginger Wine. of alcohol, from 9 20 to 14 60 per cent, mixed with water, to which sugar was added, varying in proportion from 5 50 to 25 80 per cent; the condound being flavored more or less strongly with ginger.

#### Ginger Ale.

Four samples of this beverage were examined, and all of them Ginger Ale. were found to be free from alcohol. They consisted of water, aerated with carbonic acid gas and sweetened with sugar, in the proportion of from 5.40 to 6.90 per cent. To two of the samples a small quantity of tartaric acid was added, and all were flavored with ginger. In one instance the ginger was combined with extract of rose.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant,

> WM. SAUNDERS, F.R.S.C., Public Analyst.

#### MONTREAL DIVISION.

Office of Public Analyst,
Montreal, 16th October, 1884.

To the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Ottawa.

Number of samples analyzed.

SIR,—I have the honor of submitting my report on the adulteration of food and drugs, for the year ending 1st July, 1884. During this period 278 samples have been submitted to me by the Collector, of which 155 proved genuine, 101 adulterated and twenty-two doubtful, as shown in the table annexed:—

	Result.			<del></del>
Nature of Sample.	Genuine	Adulter- sted.	Doubt- ful.	Total.
Breadstuffs	10 24 1 15 2 1 18 21 21 16 12 7	1 9 31 22 13 6 	1 1 16 2 1	11 34 33 15 24 
Total	155	101	22	278

#### Drugs. .

Drugs.

The increase in the proportion of adulterated and doubtful samples arises chiefly from the larger number of drugs examined than heretofore, and, as remarked in my last year's report, this is the class of articles most difficult to submit to any rigid standard of purity; yet the results show that such variations exist in drugs, sold as genuine, as to justify a much more extended enquiry.

#### Morphia and Opium.

Morphia and Opium.

The powerful salts of morphia (viz., acetate and sulphate) which are usually imported, were found to be genuine and of good quality; but the important and poisonous preparation "tincture of opium," or "laudanum," was found of variable and deficient quality, viz.:—

No.	1	containing	2 <b>5</b> ]	per cent.	less morphia than
No.		"	35	"	the standard of
No.	3	"	<b>5</b> 0	"	the British Phar-
No.	4	"	40	*	) macopia.

or the U.S. dispensatory.

This may arise either from carelessness or fraud in the manufacture or from the use of opium of inferior quality. It is, however, a

deficiency which might result very seriously to the injury of the

purchaser or of the patient.

That this is due to the use of inferior opium is rendered probable from the inferior quality of the powdered opium obtained from the same parties. Standard opium is required to contain at least 8 per cent. of morphia, while of these samples—

No.	1	contained	3.2	per cent.
	2		3.2	- "
	3	"	20	"
	4	44	3.2	"

Although this may be genuine opium, it is of inferior quality and unfit for sale as standard opium.

I have therefore treated these as doubtful, although of so inferior a quality.

#### Sweet Spirit of Nitre.

The samples of spirit of nitre were also below the official Spirits of standards, and although not "adulterated" are of "doubtful quality" Nitre. and unfit for dispensing purposes. I may add that these were sold at varying prices, and that the cost bore no proportion to the medicinal value of the drug.

#### Cream of Tartar.

This article has hitherto been classed as a drug, and when obtain-oream of ed from respectable drug stores has borne a fair record. It has now Tartar. been obtained from grocer's stores, with one exception, and out of fourteen samples thirteen proved largely and wilfully adulterated Excessive with a foreign substance to the prejudice of the purchaser. The adulteration single exception which proved genuine was obtained from a druggist. The rest were supplied by, and doubtless adulterated in, the "spice mills," where the art is generally cultivated, and for one sample adulterated to the extent of 25 per cent. I find eleven samples containing 45 to 50 per cent. of gypsum and one as much as 60 per cent. of similar mineral matter.

#### Milk.

Out of thirty-two samples tested twenty-one only are of full stand-Milk-ard value. Eight show evidence of having been tampered with, and two samples are reported as doubtful. Experience confirms the conclusions drawn from the early reports on the composition of Canadian milk, viz.: that when genuine and fairly averaged, it is of superior quality to the standard laid down by the Society of Public Analysts in London, viz.:—

Of Butter fat	2.5 p.c.
Solids not fat	9.0 p.c.
Ash	0.7 p.c.

as minimum proportions.

In my report of 1876, I suggest, as fair standards for Canadian Milk:—

Butter fat	3·5 p.c.
Other solid	9.5 to 10 p.c.
Ash	0.7 to 0.8 p.c.

I find, on taking the average of the samples passed as genuine and covering both winter and summer seasons, the following results, viz.:—

Butter fat	3.05	er cent
Other solids,	9.06	"
Ash		

I think, therefore, that the conclusions heretofore stated have been very lenient towards the milk seller, and might reasonably be made more stringent. As a contrast, the results of certificates 6210, milk, taken at Bonaventure Station, on arrival from the country, may be compared with certificate 8216, taken from a town grocery store:—

	Country Milk.	Town Milk.
Butter fat	4·5	1.6
Other Solids	10.5	7.9
(Ash, 9)	(8)	sh, 4)
Total solids	15.0	9.5
Water	85.0	90.5
		<del></del>
	100· <b>0</b>	100.0
	<del></del>	

The remedy for milk adulteration probably lies in municipal hands and can best be handled by local Boards of Hygiene. The system of licensing milk dealers, at present adopted here, affords no protection to the public, and is inadequate to the requirements of such a city as Montreal. Milk inspection should, in order to be effectual, be continues and frequent and include an inspection of the shippons, or stables, in which mileh cattle are housed; also the drainage, and water supply. As the results of the analyses of milk so far prove that the only adulteration practised is the addition of water or the removal of cream, and that the lactoscope or specific gravity determination is entirely fallacious as a test of the quality of the milk, this particular article of food challenges the special attention of local authorities, as badly housed, badly fed and badly watered cattle are likely to contract and disseminate disease by impoverished milk, although technically it may pass as "poor but unadulterated."

#### Spices.

Spices.

In former reports I have stated all that I can suggest as a remedy to the systematic adulteration of spices and condiments. A system of license inspection and forfeiture of adulterated goods, involving the destruction of the materials of adulteration found on the premises, might control this almost universal fraud, which has received no check from its exposure, and in this return stands thus: one genuine spice; thirty-too adulterated, and one doubtful!

#### Bread and Baking Powder.

Bread and Baking Powder. These have all proved genuine and wholesome. It may, however, be desirable to caution bakers, and manufacturers of baking powder against the use of acid phosphate, containing excess of sulphuric acid, as the latter is frequently contaminated with arsenic when prepared from arsenical pyrites. I have not met with any instance of this impurity here, but have met with it in England, and as it is a dangerous one, a word of caution may not be out of place. Among the rival baking powders I have found no unwholesome ingredients.

#### Tea and Tea Dust.

As a rule, it has been found that the Japan teas so largely con- Tea and Tea sumed in this country, especially in this Province, are less subject Dust. to adulteration than China teas, and are richer in Theine. This also applies to the teadust which legitimately amounts to about 5 per cent of the tea and which is sold in proportion to the tea lots.

Particular attention has been directed to the importation of tea dust, and several adulterated samples have been restrained from entering this port, which have been submitted for examination by tea importers. The Japan tea dust has, however, as a rule, been found of good quality and some samples exceptionally fine. These will form the subject of a special report hereafter.

#### Coffee.

No improvement has been found in ground coffees, twenty two Coffee. samples out of twenty-four, were found adulterated.

#### Canned Meats.

Canned meats, fruits and vegetables were found, upon the whole Canned Meats. satisfactory and free from metallic impurities. I have the honor to be, sir,

Your obedient servant, J. BAKER EDWARDS, Ph. D., F.C.S., Public Analyst, Montreal.

#### QUEBEC DIVISION.

Office of the Public Analyst
QUEBEC, 1st October, 1884.

To the Commissioner of Inland Revenue. Ottawa.

Number of samples analyzed.

Sir,—I have the honor to forward to you the report of my analyses of food for the year ended 1st July ult. During the year I have analyzed 241 samples, out of which 165 were pure, thirteen doubtful and sixty-three adulterated, as per following table:—

Nature.	Pure.	Doubtful.	Adul- terated.	Total.
Milk	7 11 4 1 1 2 3 4 4 4 6 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 9 1 10 7 7	30 32 8 20 12 4 4 4 8 14 9 6 5 10 4 4 4 4 6 2 13 18 5 5

Milk.

**M**ilk.

In the Quebec district milk is adulterated by the skimming and by the admixtion of water. As a rule, milkmen sell good milk. Milk sellers on the market generally offer for sale milk which has been adulterated by the ablation of the cream. They sell in the morning the milk of the previous day, after having skimmed it. This practice is injurious to the health of young children, for thus deprived of its nutritive principles, this milk produces debility and emaciation of the young consumers. These fraudulent milk sellers should be severely punished for their conduct.

#### Butter.

Butter.

Bad butter is due to the ignorance of the laws of proper making. Out of thirty-two samples analyzed, nine were adulterated or bad, and one doubtful. So one-third of it is bad.

#### Drugs.

All were of a pretty good quality. However, some druggists use Drugs. methylic alcohol instead of wine alcohol for tinctures.

#### Spices.

Generally adulterated to a large extent, especially mustard and Spices. ginger. The fault is with the manufacturers, not with the sellers.

#### Preserved and Canned Fruit.

As a rule, preserves are satisfactory, but the same could not be Canned said of canned fruits, especially those contained in small earthen Fruits. jars covered with parchment. There is always fermentation and pretty quick decomposition.

#### Ginger Wine and Ginger Ale.

Badly made, adulterated, and even unfit for use.

Ginger Wine,

#### Bread.

The six samples I analyzed were made with wheat flour.

Bread.

#### Candy.

The Quebec manufacturers, as a rule, use only vegetable coloring Candy. liquids, which are not injurious to health. The imported candies are often colored with deleterious mineral substances.

I remain, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> M. FISET, M.D.L., Public Analyst.

#### HALIFAX DIVISION.

HALIFAX, N.S., 7th October, 1884.

The Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Ottawa.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit my report on food and drugs examined by me during the year ending 30th June, 1884.

Number of samples analysed.

The number of samples forwarded to me for analysis has been 242, of which I have returned 154 as genuine, eighty-five adulterated, and three doubtful, as appears from the following table:—

Article.	Genuine.	Adulter- ated.	Doubtful.	Total.
Breadstuffs. Butter. Canned fruit and vegetables. Coffee. Condiments. Cream of tartar. Drugs. Ginger wine. Ginger ale. Milk. Potted meats and fish. Sweets. Tea.	1 9 6 21 10 4 16	10 1 19 13 8 19 	3	11 33 15 20 22 14 40 10 4 30 18 13
Total	154	85	3	242

#### Breadstuffs.

Breadstuffs. None were adulterated, one only being of low quality.

#### Butter.

Butter.

Under this head there is a marked increase in adulteration, both from excess of salt and water and the substitution of foreign fats. Many samples, also, though genuine butter, were of very inferior quality.

#### Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

Canned fruits, &c.

These were generally in good order, and in one case only injurious to health.

#### Coffee.

Coffee.

Ninety-five per cent. of the samples examined were adulterated, either with chicory or peas, &c., or both. I am informed that there is little demand in this market for coffee without the addition of more or less chicory.

#### Condiments and Spices.

Condiments, &c. Omitting mustard, the substitution of cassia for cinnamon constituted a large proportion of the adulteration.

14

Cream of Tartar (from Grocers.)

Cream of Tartar.

Three samples were adulterated with a considerable amount of starch, and one with a very large proportion of terra alba.

Drugs.

The adulteration of these consisted generally of a slight diminu. Drugs. tion in the required strength, except in the case of precipitate of sulphur, which contained on an average 50 per cent. of sulphate of lime.

Ginger Wine.

Ginger Wine.

Unadulterated, and in some cases excellent.

Ginger Ale.

Ginger Ale.

None were adulterated.

Milk.

This article shows a decided increase in adulteration over last Milk. year, which may be accounted for from several causes, viz., the lateness of the spring, the establishment of the condensed milk industry, and a more discriminating method of taking samples. This last applies equally to all the articles enumerated in this report.

Potted Meats and Fish.

Potted Meats.

Of these, one only was unfit for food.

Sweets.

Sweets.

With the exception of more or less starch in three cases, they were of very good quality.

Tea.

Tea.

No foreign leaves were detected, but some were very much broken and of low grade.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> MAYNARD BOWMAN, Public Analysist.

#### ST. JOHN DIVISION.

#### CHEMICAL LABORATORY,

ST. John, 11th August, 1884;

To the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Ottawa.

Number of samples analyzed.

SIR,—I have the honor of submitting my report on the food materials examined by me during the year ending 30th June, 1884. During the year I have examined 25t samples, of which 169 were found to be pure and unadulterated, while 84 were adulterated.

I append a tabulated statement of my results:—

Nature of Substance.	Adulterated.	Not Adulterated.
Breadstuffs	6 23 11 3	11 17 6 12 17
Cocoa and chocolate	11	43 22
Milk Potted meats and fish		17
Sweets		12 6
Totals	84	167

Unusually It will be noticed targe of adultoration.

It will be noticed to the interest of the chief reases.

It will be noticed that the proportion of adulterated articles is

The chief reason for this is that the law against adulteration of food has not been enforced, and those who deal in adulterated goods have found that they can do so without fear of prosecution.

It is to be hoped that an effort will be made to enforce the law

which came into force on the 1st of July, 1884.

Canned : Goods.

Drugs.

I may mention that the samples of "canned goods" which I have examined during the past year have, in several instances, contained traces of metallic contamination.

Several analysts, both in Canada and the United States, express the opinion that there can be little danger from the dissolved tin and lead which are found in "canned goods."

My impression is, that changes frequently take place in fruits, &c., contained in cans, especially when they have been exposed to the action of the sun—in shop windows.

"Canned goods" so exposed are in my opinion "dangerous," and several cases of poisoning have come to my notice, which may be

directly traced to "canned goods."

It may be mentioned that much satisfaction is expressed by those who have seen the report on "drugs" and medicinal compounds, as examined in this district during the past year.

Among the articles classed as "drugs," there is but one, viz., Cream of "cream of tartar," which has been found unreliable. Dealers who tartar. import the "cream of tartar" crystals and have them ground here are in a position to supply a reliable article.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM F. BEST,
Analytical Chemist, Public Analyst.

#### APPENDIX B-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS.

MEMORANDUM of Instructions given to Collectors of Inland Revenue as to the Number of Samples to be submitted to the various Public Analysts, during the Fiscal Year ending 30th June, 1884.

*******																		
Da	te.	Collector of Inland Revenue.	Division.	Breadstuffs, vix:—Bread, Biscuit, Baking Powder, Flour, &c.	Butter.	Condiments and Spices.	Canned Fruits and Vegetables.	Coffee.	Cocoa & Chocolate.	Drugs.	Liqueurs and Pro- prietary Wines & Bitters.	Milk.	Potted Meats and Fish.	Sweets.	Tea.	Sundries.	Total Estimated Cost of Analysis.	Remarks.
188	3.																\$ ets.	
Aug. do do do do do Nov. do do do do	3 3 3 21 21 21 21	W. C. Stratton	MontrealQuebecSt. John Halifax London Toronto Montreal Quebec Halifax St. John	5 10 10 10 10 10	10 10 10 10 10 10 	16 16 16 16 16 16 16	4 4 4 4 4	666668888888888888888888888888888888888		28 28 28 28 28 16 16 16 16	14 14 14 14 14 14	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	4		6 6 6 10	24	414 00 414 00 414 00 414 00 414 00 275 00 528 00 528 00 528 00 528 00 528 00 528 00 528 00	
188	14.													,				
Jan. Mar. do 0 10 2 2 2 2	J. L. Vincent	Quebec	6 6 6 6 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	12 12 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12 12 12	20 20 10 10 10 10 	6 6 6 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	10 6 6 6 6			10 10 10 10 10	12 12 10 10 10 10 	10 10 8 8 8 8 10 10	10 10 8 8 8 5 5 5 5 5	6 6 6 6 6	3	550 00 570 00 410 00 410 00 410 00 410 00 285 00 270 00 185 00 185 00 185 00 185 00		

TABULATED Statement of the results of the Analysis of Food, for the Fiscal Year ending 30th June, 1884.

#### BREAD AND BREADSTUFFS.

<b>*</b> ***	Da	ite.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.		Results of Analysis, and Remarks by the Analyst.
	18	84.						
	June	4	W. H. Ellis	Toronto	8667	Mrs. Howell	Bakıng Powder,	Vienna. Contains acid phosphate, alum, and about 4 p. c. of flour.
	do	4	do	do	8668	J. Harris	do	Dr. Price's Cream. Consists of cream of tartar and carbonate of soda, with about 10 p. c. of good flour; a good, pure article.
	do	4	do	do	<b>8</b> 669	J. Burns	do	James'. Contains alam, phosphate, and 25 p. c. of corn starch.
	do	4	do	do	8670	J. H. Hargrave	do	do do 30 do
19		4 .	do	do	8671	Fulton, Michie & Co	do	Cook's Friend. Consists of cream of tartar and carbonate of soda,
_		- 1						with 40 p. c. of flour.
	Feb.	25	J. B. Edwards	Montreal		O. Barcelo	do	Tourmaline. Adulterated; containing alum and phosphate of lime; not unwholesome.
	do	25	do	do	6279	Francis Lahaise	do	Cook's Friend. Unadulterated, and of good quality.
	May	15	do	do	8236	Jas. Hayes	do	do Gas, pr. 100 qrs., 44 cu.in. Genuine, and of good quality.
	do	15	do	do	8237	Toronto Co	d <b>o</b>	Pure Gold. do 60 do ao powerful.
	do	15	do	do	8238	E. Poliwka & Co	do	Gem. do 66 do do do do
	do	16	d <b>o</b>	do		Brodie & Harvie	Self-raising Flou	r. Genuine; wholesome and efficient.
	do	16	do	do	8240	Bruno Normandin	do	Wholesome: unadulterated and very quick.
	June		M. Fiset	Quebec	8348	A Drolet	Baking Power, I	Pure; an excellent preparation.
	do	20	do	do	8349	Blumhart & Riverin	do	do
	do	20	do	do	8350	W. Paquet	do	do
	do	20	do	do		Turcotte & Prevost	do	do an excellent preparation.
	do	20	_ do	_ do		Dubeau & Co	do	do
	do	9		Halifax	8458	James Carroll	do	Woodill's German. Of good quality; contains nothing injurious.
	do	9	d <b>o</b>	do	8459	W. B. Spencer	ďο	do do do
	ďο	9	do	do	8460	W. J. Hopgood		New Process. do do
	do	14	do	do	8461	Geo. Cluet	do	do do do
	, do	14	do	do	8462	Davis & Sheehan		Pure Gold. do do
	May		ا ـد	St. John	8508	Wm. Magee		New Process. Not adulterated.
	do	16	do	do		Daniel Keenau		Pure Gold. Consists of cream of tartar, carbonate of soda and starch; nothing injurious.
	đo	16	do	do	8521	J. P. Maloney		Challenge. Contains nothing injurious.
	do	16	dol	do	8522	Samuel Tufts	do	Pure Gold. do do li

### APPENDIX C-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

BREADSTUFFS-Continued.

Di	ate.	l .	Name of nalyst.		Divisio	on.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
18	84.									
June	4	W. F.	Best	••••	St. Joh	n	8566	T. M. Corbett	Baking Powder,	Pure Gold. Consists of cream of tartar, carbonate of soda and flour; fresh and pure.
do do	4 4	d d		•••••	do do	•••	8567 8568	R. Jones L. E. DeForest	do do	Woodill's. Fresh and pure; same composition as usual.  Pure Gold. Fresh, and in good order; contains cream of tartar, carbonate of soda and flour.
do	4	đ	o	••••	do	••.	8569	H. M. Trites	do	Pure Gold. Contains cream of tartar, carbonate of soda and flour: fresh.
do	4 83.	đ	o		do	•••	8570	Levi A. Smith	do	Royal. Contains cream of tartar, carbonate of soda and corn starch; pure.
		W. Sa	unders	ı, <b></b> İ	London		7193	Elliott Bros	do	Criterion. Contains 67.84 of starch; yields 25.44 p. c. of ash; containg 8.24 p. c. of mixed carbonates of soda and potash. A powder consisting of more than two-thirds starch, the remainder a mixture of bicarbonate of soda, with acid phosphate and alum.
do	15	Ċ	lo		do	•••	7196	do	do	Price's. Contains 19:60 starchy matter; yields 39:80 p c ash; containing 37:52 of mixed carbonates of soda and potash. A powder consisting of bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, mixed with nearly 20 p. c. of a farinaceous substance.
	15 84.	Ċ	lo .	•••••	do	•••	7197	do	do	Princess. Almost entirely soluble in water; insoluble residue 5.7 p. c.; consisting chiefly of tartrate of lime; yield, ash, 45.16 p. c., containing 42.20 p. c. of mixed carbonates of soda and potash. A mixture of bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar
June		d	lo		do		7787	Mrs. A. Smith	do	without any adulterant. Cook's Friend. Contains 36 p. c. flour; 10 grammes yield 241
					_					cubic inches carbonic acid gas; ash, 31'36, containing 9'64   p. c. of matter insoluble in water, and about 18 p. c. of alkaline   carbonates. A mixture of bicarbonate of soda and cream of
. do	6	d	lo ,		do	•••	7788	Fitzgerald & Scandrett	do	tartar; adulterated with a little more than one-third of flour.  Princess. Is nearly all soluble in water; insoluble residue 4:30 p. c., consists chiefly of tartrate of lime; 10 grammes yield 35½ cubic inches carbonic acid gas; ash, 39 p. c., containing 4:40 of matter insoluble in water. The remainder, alkaline carbonates, a mixture of bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, without any adulteration.

June	6.,.	W. Saunders	London	7789	Elliott Bros	Baking Powder, Price's. Contains matter insoluble in water, 24·16 per cent., consisting of starch, with crystals of tartarate of lime; 10 grammés yield, 36½ cubic inches carbonic acid gas; ash, 37·94 per cent., containing 3·74 of matters insoluble in water, the remainder mixed alkaline carbonate. A mixture chiefly consisting of bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, adulterated with about 20 per cent. of starch.
do	6	do	do	7790	H. Smith	do Contains 50 per cent. of flour; 10 grammes yield 224 cubic inches carbonic acid gas; insoluble in water 6.26, the remainder, chyfly mixed alkaline carbonates. A mixture consisting mainly of bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, adulterated with 50 per cent. of flour, with the addition of some alum
do	6	do	do	7791	McBean Bros	do Royal. Contains 24.80 of matter insoluble in cold water, chiefly starch; 10 grammes yield 33½ cubic inches carbonic acid gas; ash, 38.84 per cent., containing alkaline carbonates.  A mixture consisting mainly of bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, adultcrated with about 20 per cent. of starch.
<b>A</b> pril	4	W. H. Ellis	Toronto	8137	C. Schmidt	
ďο	4	do	do	8138	J. D. Nasmith	_dodo
do	4	do	do	8139	Christie, Brown & Co	
ďο	4	do	do	8140	John Gardner	do do
do	4	dο	do	8141	R. L. Dale	
lo Nomes	4	do	do	8142	George Constable	do do
≥Feb.	4	ا دد ا	Montreal	6256	J. L. Laurier	do Ash 1.0. Genuine and of good quality.
do	4	do	do	6257 6258	Wm. Gowan	do do l·2 do do do do l·4 do wholesome.
do	4	do	do	6259	F. Filiatrault	
do	4	do	do Quebec	7948	N. Bernard	do do 1.2 do of good quality. do do 1.5. Pure.
Mar.	17		10	7949	A. Poulin	do do 16 do
do	17	3.	a	7950		Bread. Pure. Ash 1:45.
do do	24		3.	7959	Jonas Gosselin	do do Made of wheat flour.
do	24		٠	7960	A. Laflamme	do do Free from any impure substance.
do	24		3.	7961	J. Darveau	do do
May			Halifax	8425	T. S Lownds	
do	21	do	do	8426	C. Graham & Co	do do
do	21	do	do	8427	Oillon Bros	do do
do	21	do	do	8428	Wm. Phelan	
do	21	do	do	8429	Moir, Son & Co	do do
do	21	do	do	8430	J. J. Scriven	do do
188			1		1	
			l		T TT .	a stri to robo
Nov.	15	W. Saunders	London	7193	J. West	do Wheat flour, 56:70 p.c.; moisture, 43:30 p.c.; ash, 70 p.c. Bread of good
	15	do	do	7191	Ranahan Bros	quality. Contains no alum or other adulteration.  do Wheat flour, 60.52 p.c.; moisture, 39.48 p.c.; ash, 1.28 p.c. Bread of good quality. Contains no alum or other adulteration.
188	14.				1	
Mar.	29	do ,	do	7690	John Proctor	Wine Biscuit. Ash, 0.92. Of good quality, slightly sweetened. Contains nothing deleterious.

# APPENDIX C-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c-Continued. BREAD AND BREADSTUFFS-Continued.

D	ate.		Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Vendor, Report.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
1	384					,	
Mar. do	29. 29.		. Saunders	London do	7691 7692	S. S. Armitage	Crackers. Ash, 0.90. Of good quality. Contain nothing deleterious. Lemon Wafers. Ash, 1.20. A sweet, rich and pleasantly flavoured biscuit, contain-
uo	40.	"]	40	40	1002	deorgo riesinoca	ing about 9 p.c. of fatty matter and over 20 p.c. of sugar. Contains nothing injurious.
do	29.		do	do	7693	Alexander Thompson	Lemon Biscuit. Ash, 0.83. Of good quality, sweetened and slightly flavoured.
do	<b>2</b> 9.		do	do	7691	George Shaw	Contains nothing injurious.  Tea Biscuit. Ash, 0.86. Of good quality, slightly sweetened. Contains nothing
đo	29		do	do	7695	Mrs. M. A Gunther	injurious. Raisin Biscuit. Ash, 1·52 do do do
June	4.	W	. F. Best	ا ـد ا	8536	Samuel Tufts	Flour. Unadulterated.
do	4.	<u>' </u>	ao	do		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

# Victoria.

#### APPENDIX C .- INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c. - Continued. BUTTER.

	Name		alyst's		Re	sults of	Analys	is.			
Date.	of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Савеїпе.	Sælt.	Water.	Remarks by Analyst.		
1883.  Cet. 5 do 5 do 5	do do do	do do do do do do do	7514 7516 7516 7517 7518 7519 7520 7521 7522 7523	W. Guile & Co	P. C. 80. 85.8 88.7 82.0 79.5 87.3 89.4 89.9 84.8	p. c. 13 2.4 1.3 1.5 1.9 1.1 .7 .8 .9	p. c. 8·2 4·0 3·5 4·8 8·1 2·4 2·7 2·0 6·2	p. c. 10·5 7·8 6·5 11·7 10·5 9·2 7·5 6·9 7·2 8·3	Unadulterated. do do do do do do do do do do do do do		
April 4 do	do	do	8146 8147 8148 8149 8150 8151 8152 8153	S. Hazlett	78.6 84.4 76.9 78.8 90.1 86.2 89.6 76.3 81.9 81.1 89.5	2·8 1·4 1·7 1·1 1·2 1·3 1·7 1·0 1·4 1·2 1·1	837688906775522	10·2 10·8 13·8 13·3 5·9 10·6 6·7 15·1 8· 11· 6·9 8·1	Too much salt and water. Unadulterated. Too much salt and water. Contains a good deal of water. Unadulterated. do do Too much salt and water. Unadulterated. do do do do		
do 4 June 27 do 27 do 27 do 27 do 27 do 27 do 30 do 30 do 30 do 30 do 30	do do do do	do do do do do do do	8623 8624 8625 8626 8627 8628 8629 8630 8631 8632	Humphrey & Jackson do James Hesson, & Co Swan Bros W. J. Sylvester Toronto Tea Co Miss O'Gorman W. Guile & Co J. George A. Crompton J. Burns J. Clarkson	88.4 88.0 89.5 86.9 82.8 85.4 80.0 84.9 \$6.6 84.4 85.7	1.3 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.7 1.8 2.0 1.8 2.4 1.8 1.8	2.8 3.1 2.3 2.0 4.1 6.2 2.2 1.5 6.3	7·8 6·1 9·6 14·5 8·7 12·0 8·1 5·4 10·1 7·5 7·1	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d		

APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

BUTTER—Continued	В	U	TТ	Œ	R	Co	nt	in	uea	١.
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	Name		alyst's		Re	sults of	Analys	i <b>s.</b>	
Date.	of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Caseine.	Salt.	Water.	Remarks by the Analyst.
1883.	W. H. Ellis J. B. Edwards	1		W. Ross	p. c. 80·0 86·	p. c. 2·0 2·5	p. c. 2·5 6·5	p. c. 15·5 5·	Unadulterated, water very high, just up to limit.  Genuine.
do 17 do 17 do 17	do do	do do	6910 6911 6912 6929	Charles Benoit John Scanlan William Thorily Henry Manning	87·8 90·5 95·0 86.0	5· 2· 5· 1·	3·2 2·5 6·9	4· 5· 2· 6·1	do do do Igood and fresh. do
Bept. 7 do 7 do 7 2 do 7 4 do 7	do do	do	6930 6931 6932	John Brunet P. Desormiers William Daoust & Co Jos. Dagenais	82·5 82·5 85·0 84·0	2·5 1·5 2·8 2·0	5·5 4·7 1·8 3.3	10 11 3 10 4 10 7	Excess of water; not adulterated. do do Genuine; water in excess. Water in excess, but not adulterated.
1884. Feb. 25 do 25	do	do	6934	Jos. B. Aubry	82·5 82·	1 6 1·1	5·2 2·6	10·7 14·3	Unadulterated, but excess of water. Adulterated by excess of water.
do 25 do 25 Mar, 5	do do	do do	6281 6282 6283 6297	François Lahaise Thomas Catheart Julien Roberts Jas. Delourie	86·2 87· 80· 79·6	2· 2· 2· 2·2·	2·5 2·5 5·6 6·4	9 3 8 5 12 4 11 8	Genuine. Unadulterated. Adulterated; water in excess. Adulterated; with excess of salt and water; flavor rank.
do 5 do 5 do 5 do 18	do do do	do do do	6298 6299 6300	James Cullens	86. 77·5 75·8	1·1 2·5 2·2 1·0	4·5 8· 10· 8·5	8 4 12· 12· 11·	Genuine. Adulterated with salt and water. do do do
do 18 do 18 do 18 May 15	do do do	do do do	8220 8221 8222 8223	Arthur Beaufoy	79·5 84·2 60· 84·5	1.5 1.5	6· 5·2 8·5	8. 9. 88	Genuine. Adulterated with other meat fats. Genuine. do but rancied.
do 15 do 15 do 15 do 15	do do do	do do do	8235	Jas Condon	82. 30. 84.5 20.	2·5 2·0	8·8 6 4·5	8·7 7·5 15·5	Adulterated with other meat fats. Genuine. Adulterated with meat fats and water. Genuine.
do 27 do 27 do 27		do do	8275 8276 8277	Chas. BazinetF. St. Amour	82·5 82·0 81·50	2·2 1·2 ·50	7 0 6·3 8·0	8·3 10·5	Very rancid; unfit for food; not adulterated, but excess of salt and water.

do June	27 3	đơ đơ		do		8279	Delina Dupuis	50·0 83·5	•5	8·12 5·3	10.7	Rancid and adulterated with other fats and water. Genuine, but rancid.
фo	8	de		do			M. Hodges	86.0	2.2	5.8	6.0	do
ďο	8	de		do		8281	O. Gauthier	87 0	2.0	6.0	5.0	do
do 188	3	ď(	)	do	*****	8282	J. B. Richer	87.0	1.2	2.5	9.0	do
Oct.		M. Pise	t	Queboc		7314	L. Bertrand	76.67	4.	6.66	12.67	Too much caseine, salt and water.
do	3	do		do		7315	L. Lamontagne	86.66	1.34	2.66		[Good.
do	9	фo	******	do		7327	Ed. Allard	82.67	2 33	9.	10.	Too much water.
do	9	do	•••••	do		7328	A. Marceau	81.50	3.	6.5	9.	Unadultered.
do	16	do	•••••	do	••••••	7336	H. Carrier	80 00 81·17	3.33	3.50	10.	do Excess of water.
do	16	do	•••••	do	••••	7337	Wilbrod Blouin	90.7	333	4.	5.	Unadulterated.
do do	23 23	do do	•••••	do	•••••	7346 7347	Od. Giguère Louis Dussault	91.66	3.34	1 66	3.34	Good.
Nov.	2	do	******	do	*****	7352	Hubert Carrier	85.	.08	9.00	5.02	No adulteration.
do.	2	do	**********	do	1	7353	F. Carrier	80.	2.75	7.25	10.	do
		uo			*****	1303	l'. Carrier	00			1 -	
18	34.			1		1			j		ì	1
April	29	do		do		8302	F. X. Vallerand	82 20	6.30	4.30	7.20	Pure.
ďo	29	do	******	do	•••••	8303	F. X. Fortier	81.60	5.30	6.30	6.80	Too much salt and caseine."
May	2	do		do		8304	F. X. Julien	85.30	3.60	4.40	6.70	Good.
do	2	do		do		8305	J. D. Marier	89.70	2 90	2.20	5 20	do
do	2	do		do		8308	A. Dussablon	90.80	2.00	2 40	4.80	Pure.
do	2	dэ		do		8307	E. Barbeau	83.80	3 30	2 90	10.00	do
S do	5	do		do		8308	L. Lamontagne	77.90	1.20	7.50	13.40	Contains too much water.
_ do	5	do		do		8309	F. Bellehache	80 70	1.10	9 00	9.20	Too much salt, but pure.
do	5	do	•••••	do	•••••	8310	Ed. Allard	80.20	1.20	5.60	13.00	Pure; a little rancid, and contains a little too much
4.		٠,				8311	G. F. Bernier	82.20	2.40	3.40	11.10	water. Excess of water and rancid.
do do	5 30	do do	**********	do	•••••	8318	J. Gagnon	82.60	1.60	4.4	11.4	Pure, but too much water.
do	30	do	•••••	do		8319	do	88.96	1.31	1.64	8-06	Good butter.
do	30	do	*******	do	******	8320	Louis Dussault	70.60	6.60	7.85		Excess of water, salt and caseine; bad butter.
do	30	do		do		8321	do	88.30	.50	2.30	8.90	Good butter.
June	5	do		do	••••	8328	Mrs. H. Marchand	88.28	-62	3.	8.10	Pure, and of excellent quality.
do	5	do	************	do		8329	Peter McFarlane	90.88	1.54	1.90	5.68	Good.
do	5	do	***********	do		8330	P. E. Bourget	80.10	2.25	7:35	10.30	Unadulterated.
do	5	do		do		8331	J. Sutcliffe	84.30	2.10	2.80	10.80	Good.
do	5	do	***********	do		8338	N. Dussault	81.00	3.80	5.20		Pure.
do	5	do	***********	do		8339	do	85.20	3.90	5.10	5.80	do
do	5	do		do		8340	Marceeau & Drouin	86.20	3.70	4.30	5.80	do
do	5	do		do		8341	do	85.00	3.60	6.40	5.00	Too much salt.
188	3.											
Avg.	14	Maynar	d Bow-	.								
_	- 1						Mr. Churchill	84.20	.60	7.30	7.90	Unadulterated.
do	14	d		do		7027	W. J. Hopgood	83.30	.90	7.30	8.50	do
Sept.	6	d		do		7042	Mr. Philips	89.10	1.	3.70	6.30	do
dō	6	đ	Q	! do		7043	Mr. Cook	79.70	1.30	8.70	10.30	Adulterated.

APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

BUTTER-Continued.

	Name		nalyst's t.	•	Re	esults of	f Analys	sis.	
Date.	of Analyst.	Division.	No. of An. Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Caseine.	Salt.	Water.	Remarks by the Analyst.
1883.					p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. <b>c.</b>	
do 14 do 28 do 28 Oct. 4 do 4 Nov. 19	Maynard Bow-   man		7046 7047 7050 7051 7055 7054 7069	Edward Donohue	85:90 84:60 81:50 83:70 80:40 83:10 82:30	.90 .90 .70 1.00 .70 .60	4·00 4·40 6·90 6·90 6·90 5·90 8·10	9·20 10·10 10·90 8·40 12·00 10·40 8·70	Unadulterated. do Excellent butter. Unadulterated. do do Adulterated with foreign fats.
م <sub>1884</sub> .		[							
May 21 do 21 do 23 do 27 do 27 do 28 do 28 do 28 do 12 do 12 do 13 do 14 do 14 do 16	do do do do do	do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do do	8115 8116 8117 8118 84.9 8422 8423 8424 8424 8445 8146 8149 8450 8151 8152	James Parker. T. S. Lownds. Dillon Bros. Albro Mumford John Chisholm George Cluett. James Scott & Co. Frader Bros. Bridget Walsh. Wm. Forsyth. Dillon Bros. Wm Forsyth. W. B. Spencer. T. S. Lown is. Mrs. Onesime Dompierre. John Leahy Power & Hutchison	86·2 78·8 72·2 80·3 80·3 80·4 87·0 86·5 88·4 86·5 88·4 86·5 88·6 88·6 88·7 72·5 86·7	*80 *50 1·1 1·2 ·9 ·5 ·5 ·6 ·5 ·8 ·8 ·4 ·6	3·8 7·6 13·1 2·1 3·3 1·5 2·5 3·3 2·7 2·7 2·7 2·7 16·9 3·1	9·2 13·1 13·6 16·2 15·5 9·4 9·7 9·3 8·7 10·3 9·9 11·3 10·2 10·6	Unadulterated. Adulterated with excess of water. do do salt water. Unadulterated. do do do do do do do do do do do do do d
do 16 do 17 do 17 do 18 do 18	do do do	do do	8453 8454 8455	John Hogan	78·8 77·1 75·1 76·8	·7 1·0 1·0 1·2	8·4 5·5 6·9 8·7	12·1 16·4 17·0 18·3	Adulterated with excess of salt and water. do do water. do do do do do do salt and water.

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188 Aug.	9	W. F. Bes	ıt	St. John	<b>,</b>	7243	A. Stewart	73.50	2.50	7.	17.	Adulterated; excess of salt and water.
do	9	do		do			King Bros	88.00	2.0	2.75	7.25	Not adulterated.
ďο	9	do		do	••••	7245	Weldon Bros	75.10	1.	8.30		Adulterated; excess of salt and water.
ďο	21	фo	••••	do		7266	A. Tole	76.00	1.	10.50	12.50	Excess of salt and water. Not adulterated.
do	21	do	••••	do	•••••	7267	T. Ritchie	86 00 82 00	1· 2·50	4·00 4·50		Rancid; excess of water.
do do	21 27	do d <b>o</b>	*******	do	••••	7268 7275	J. Conden John Foster	81.50	5 00	8.00		Excess of salt.
do	27	do		do		7276	Mrs. Thos. Marter	84.00	1'75	6 25		Genuine.
ďo	27	do	•••••	do			J. D. McAvety	82.50	1.40	6.40	9.70	do
188	84.						_					
			-			0007	V: P	89.00	1.00	4 00	6.00	Good butter, but slightly rancid.
April do	15	do do	•••••	do	••••	8031 8082	King Bros Charles Clarke	83.10	1.50	2 40	13.00	Unadulterated.
do	15	do	********	dô	••••	8083	M. Gallagher	88.30	1.20	1.50	9 00	do
May	13	do		1 40	•••••	8509	Vanwart & Wheaton	82.10	1.10	4.50	12.30	do
do	12	do	*******	٠	••••	8510	J. S. Armstrong & Bros	80.	1.10	8.50	10.40	Contains a large percentage of water and salt.
do	16	do	••••••	do	••••	8518	Lewis Nelson	82.80	1.50	2.00	13.70	Fair quality; slightly rancid, with large percentage of water.
do	16	do		do		8519	W. A. Porter	88.	2 50	4 50	5.00	Good butter.
June	4	do	********		•••••	8533	John Foster.	89 15	1.50	1.50	7 85	Fair.
do	4	do	•••••	4.0	•••••	8534	Robert Ritchie	87.50	2.25	5 25	5.00	do
do	4	do	*******	do	•••••	8535	John Wilson	87 20	2.75	5.75	4 30	Fair quality.
, do	10	do	•••••	do	••••	8558	R. Jones	87.25	2.85	5 00	4 93	Not adulterated; fresh and sweet.
23 do	10	do	••••••	do	•••	8559	T M. Corbett	81.75	1.25	4.25	1.75	Unadulterated.
do	10	do	•••••	do	••••	8560	J. Marter	82·15 91·15	1·25 1·10	4.50	12·10 3 00	do excellent butter.
do	10	do	••••••	do	••••	8361	George Robertson	81 13	110	7.10	3 00	
188	33.			1				1				
0.4	,,	Wm. Sau	- do	Condon		7153	James Burton*	84.68	· <b>8</b> 5	4.17	10.30	Sweet and moderately rich butter.
Oct. do	13	wm. sau		l do		7154	T. P. Blackwell	86.76	.70	4.14	8:40	Genuine butter, of good quality.
do	13	do	•••	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7155	H. Wilson	91.08	.50	2.12	6.30	Pure butter, of excellent quality, sweet and rich.
do	13	do	•••	do		7156	J. C. Trebilcock	88 34	•48	2.50	8.68	Genuine butter, of good quality.
do	13	do	•••	do		7157	William Watson	86 55	.74	3.21	9.50	Good butter, sweet and rich.
do	13	do	•••	do			Me Gear Bros	85.37	.97	5 36	8 30	Pure butter, of fair quality.
do	13	do	•••	do	••••	7159	John Moule	90 80	1·06 ·76	3'59 3 5 3	4·55 7·80	do of excellent quality. do of good quality.
do	13	do do	•••	do	•••••	7160 7161	J. B. Smyth James Scott	87·92 90·30	1.15	2 63	5.92	do but slightly rancid.
do do	13 13	do	•••	do do	•••••	7162	Ralph McIntosh	91.25	-92	3.98	3.85	do do
40			•••	1	******	1						
18	84.	1		1			Į.			1	ł	
Ma-	10	1 4-		30		7600	Rani Higging	88-99	· <b>5</b> 0	7.11	3.40	Of fair quality, adulterated with excess of salt.
Mar. do	19 19	do do		_ د ا	******	7690 7681	Benj. Higgins	87 98	.75	7 15	4.12	Butter of inferior quality, very rancid, adulterated
ūυ	10	1 40	•••	1 40	•••••	1001	Contragnament	3.05				with salt.
do	19	do	•••	do		7632	W D. Cooper	81.97	.77	7 81	9.45	do fair do do do
do	19	do	•••	مد ا	••••	7683	George Shuff	83.30	.39	4.31	12 00	do inferior do rancid and cheesy and
				l	ı	ı	1		ł	ı	1	adulterated with water.

## APPENDIX C-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.-Continued.

BUTTER-Continued.

		Name				alyst's		Re	sults of	<b>A</b> nal <b>y</b> s	is.	
Date.		of Analyst.		Division.		No. of Analyst' Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Caseine.	Salt.	Water.	Remarks by the Analyst.
18: Mar. do	84. 19 19	Wm. Saunders do	J	London do		7684 7685	William Mills Ellen Phillips	p. c. 85·95 —	p. c. ·78 1·12	p. c. 5 11 2 33	p. c. 8·16 12·80	Butter of fair quality.  Adulterated butter, very rancid, containing a large proportion of foreign fat, probably beef fat, and excess of water.
do do	19 19	do do		do] do	•••••		A. Clarke	84·24 80 75	·47 1·35	9·27 5·60	12.30	Butter of fair quality, but adulterated with salt. Butter of interior quality, very rancid and adulterated with water.
do	19	do		do	•••••	7688	George Deacon & Son	78.76	•41	11.00	9 83	Butter of fair quality, but adulterated with salt.
do	19	go	••••	do	••••••		O'Meara Bros	82.76	.78	8,36	8.10	do do do
Sune	10	ģο	••••	do	•••••	7753	John Moule	85·03 85·46	1·17 ·67	3·60 3·60	10.20	Pure butter, sweet and fresh and of fair quality.
∞ do	10	do	•••	do do	******	7754 7755	Elliott Bros	87.32	1.13	4.90	6.65	do of fair quality, slightly rancid. do of good quality.
do	10	do do	•••	do	•••••	7756	John Scandrett	82.44	1 21	4.93	11.42	do inferior in quality, slightly rancid.
do do	10	do		do		7757	Fitzgerald & Scandrett	82 36	1 65	6.37	9 62	Adulterated with excess of salt
do	10	do		do		7758	W. Moore	87.71	95	4 54	6 80	Butter of good quality, sweet and fresh.
do	10	go		do			Tytler & Bullen	79.10	1.40	7.36	13 14	do adulterated with an excess of salt and water.
do	10	do		do		7760	T. J. McDonough	83.27	∙95	5.32	10 46	do of medium quality, sweet and fresh.
do	10	do		do		7761	A. M. Smith & Co	87.90	1.90	4 40	5 80	do of good quality do
do	16	₫ο		do		7762	Mrs. Clegg	85.73	1.30	4.07	8.90	Pure butter, of fair quality.
do	10	do		do		7763	Mrs M. Hobbins	82.15	1.25	4 00	12.60	Butter sweet and fresh, but adulterated with excess of water.
do	10	do		do		7764	McBean Bros	88 05	-65	3.23	7.72	Pure butter, of good quality.

# APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. CANNED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

Date.		Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
1884.						
A pril do br>9 9 9	W. H. Ellis	do do do do	8107 8108 8109 8110 8635 8636 8637 8638 8639 8640 8656 8657 8658 8659	R. Gray G. & W. Lamb W. Radcliff. Mrs. W. Bitton D. Hanna H. Jones Jas. Bailey George Scott M. MacMillan Jaffray & Ryan H. Winfield James Good & Co	Beans do Peas do Peaches, contains \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of a grain of tin per lb., otherwise of good quality. Plums do do do Corn, contains a trace of tin, otherwise of good quality. Peas do \$\frac{1}{3}\$ grain of tin, \$\frac{1}{3}\$ grain of copper per lb.; adulterated with copper. do do \$\frac{1}{3}\$ do per lb.; no copper; of good quality. Tomatoes, contains \$\frac{1}{2}\$ grain of tin per lb.; no copper; of good quality. Blueberries, contains about 1 grain of tin to the lb. Apples, good quality; mere traces of tin. Strawberries, contains over 1 grain of tin to the lb. Tomatoes, good quality; mere traces of tin.	
188	з.					
Dec. do do do	8 8	J. B. Edwards do do do	Montreal do do do	6999 6201 6202 6203	John Robertson	Peaches, good quality; slightly flavored with iron.  Pine apple, genuine, and of good quality; juice contains slight traces of tin.  String beans do free from metallic impurities.  Peas do do
188 Feb	4. 27	do	do	6288	Charles McCambridge.	Corn, of good quality do
	27 27 27 12 12 26 26 26 26	do do do do do do do do do do do do	do do do do do	6289 6290 6291 8211 8212 8250 8451 8253 8254	Hy. Mooney M. Elliott. do C. Robillard V. Perraelt. J. Hutchison H. Snyder	Tomatoes do do Peas do do Peaches do do Tomatoes do do Baked beans do do Tomatoes do do Peas, well preserved, tender do do Peas, good quality and free from tin and lead; syrup contains a little iron.

#### APPENDIX C.-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.-Continued.

CANNED FRUIT AND VEGETAELES-Continued.

	Date.		Name of Analyst.		Division.		No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.*	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
	188	1	M. Fiset.		Onoboo		7908	Anthun Droint	Ding apple in the special or a great constitution of galaxies, but first from any matellia
	Jec.	28	M. Piset.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Quenec	•••••	1905		Pine apple jelly, contains a small quantity of gelatine, but free from any metallic impurity.
		28	do	•• •••••	do do		7909 7910	do	Grape jelly, pure.
		28 28	do do		do		7911	Turcotte & Prevost	Strawberry jelly, contains a light artifical coloring, likely with cochineal.  Orange jelly, fermented bad.
	188				;				
	<b>L</b> pril	3	do		do		7978	H. A. Paré	Apple, pure, and of good quality.
	do	3	do	•••••	do		7979	do	Figs, of excellent quality.
엉	ďο	3	do∙	•••••	do	•••••	7980	Turcotte & Prevost	Peaches, of good quality and flavor.
	do	3 8	do do	******	do do	*****	7931 798 <b>5</b>	do	Pine apple, fresh and of superior quality. Plums, pure, but contains a little moisture under the lid.
	do	8	do	*******	do		7986	do	do do slightly acid.
1	Jay	81	do	*******	do		8326	J. B. Martel	Peaches, pure; very well prepared; excellent.
		31	do	•••••	do	•••••	8327	do	Tomatoes, pure; excellent.
•	une	6	do		do	•••••	8333	J. Thompson	Ripe cherries, not cherries, but raspberries; badly prepared; unfit for consumption;
	đo	7	do	•••••	do		8335	John Buchannan	Bartlett pears, well prepared; delicious and fresh.
	do	7	do	•••••	do		8336	do	Strawberries, mixed with gelatine; rancid; absolutely unfit for consumption.
	188	3.			1				
1	Dec.	13	Maynard	Bow-					
	٠.	,,	man do		Halifax do		7099 7100	Wm Atkingen	Peas, free from copper and in good condition.
		13 13	do	*****	do	*****	7801	R. Urauhart & Son	Pine apples, contains a small quantity of iron, but nothing injurious; unadulterated.  Green corn, unadulterated.
		13	do		do		7802	James Findlay	Gooseberry jam, unadulterated.
	188	34.			j			] 	
	A pril	10	do		do		7867	Dillon Bros	Peaches, contains a slight trace of tin.
•	άo	10	do	•••••	do		7868	William Atkinson	Raspoerry jam, no metallic impurity, but old and dry. Tomatoes, contains a trace of iron.
		10	do	•••••	do		7869	W. M. Harrington & Co	Tomatoes, contains a trace of iron.
		10 10	do do	•••••	do	••.•••	7870 <b>787</b> L	W. J. Hopgood W. D. Harrington	Baked beans, contains no metallic impurity.  Preserved apples do do
		10	do	*****	do		7872	Davis & Sheehan	Green corn do do

June	6	do		đo	1	8441	lessian & Devine Peaches, delicious	in good conditon; free from metallic impurity.
do	9	do	*****	do		8142	V. J. Hopgood Gooseberry jam	do do
do	11	do		do		8443	avis & Sheehan Peas	do do
do	11	do		do		8144		gnated with lead from large quantity of solder in can; adulterated.
do	14	do		do		8457	V. Atkinson Marmalade, excell	ent quality unadulterated.
Jan.	2	W. F. Bes	t			8001	C. C. Wilson Peaches, contains	traces of tin: and lead in solution.
do	2	do		do	1	8002		o do
	2	do	**********	do		8003		o do
do	2	do	•••••	do	•••••	8020		s of metallic impurities.
do		do	*******		*****	8036		for fool; not adulterated.
Feb.	23		••••••	do	•••••	8037		it for food, some of the husk mixed with the corn; no trace of
do	23	do	*******	do	• •••		metallie	c impurity.
do	23	do	*******	do	•••••	8038		nd fit for food; no trace of metallic impurity.
do	23	do	*******	do	*****	8039		no metallic impurity.
April		do	*******	do	*****	8098	J. S. Armstrong Bros do fresh a	nd fit for food.
ďo	28	do	*******	do	****	8099	D. Breezedo do	do
May	12	do	••••	do	•••••	8506		as; large percentage of dissolved tin and lead; contents of can and unfit for food.
do	12	do		do		8507		tin and lead in solution, and much loose solder in the can.
		do	•••••	do		8523	Samuel Tufts Strawberries, stal	e and unfit for food; lead and tin in solution.
do	17	do	*******	GO	*****	8530	do Peaches, lead, in	large quantity, present in the syrup; dangerous.
June	4		******	do	•••••	8531	Wm. Martin do fresh and	1 fit for focd; solder not yet acted upon by fruit acid.
ďο	4	do	********	do	•••••	8532	D. G. Gillies Strawberry, unfit	
ယ do	4	do	•••••		*****	8551		slight traces of lead and tin; probably not dangerous.
⊶ do	10	do	•••••	do	•••••	8552		es of lead and tin; sample shopworn and stale.
фo	10	do	•••••	do	** * * * *	8553	Jardine & Co Peas, fresh and in	good endition: no metallic impositor
do	10	do	•••••		•••••	8354	P. Chisholm do fresh; no t	
do	10	do	••••	do	•••••	8555	John Foster	ated: fit for food
do	10	do	•••••	do	•••••		landing & Ca Pagebag traces of	lead; probably not enough to endanger life.
фo	10	фo	•••••	do	•••••	8556	Clarks Tomaton from the	id in good condition; no lead or other contamination.
ďο	10	do_	·······!	do		8557	Lie Descouring Co. Dluma fauit in o	and state of presentation, and read of other contamination.
Feb.	4	Wm. Saur	aders	Londo	a	7676	traces of tin	ood state of preservaton, containing traces of iron and strong; no other metallic impurity.
do	5	do		do	•••••	7677	do Raspberries, fruit i	n good state of preservation, with slight traces of iron and strong; no other metallic impurity.
•		do	- 1	do	ļ	7678	imcoe Canning Co. Sweet Corn, in a s	ood state of preservation, and free from all metallic impurity.
ďο	5	do	•••	do	*****	7679	Richardson & Co. Annles, in a good	state of preservation, with slight tacers of iron and strong traces
do	5	uo	"	uo	*****		of tin; no of	her metallic impurity.
<b>A</b> pril	30	do		d <b>o</b>		7744	irs. S. Woodinfe Strawberries, fruit tains slight	in a poor state of preservation; sour, and without flavor; contraces of tin, derived, doubtless, from the metallic cover of the
			- 1		.1		ı bottle.	
do	30	do		do		7745	err & Bryant Peaches, fruit in a	n excellent state of preservation, but contains strong traces of
do	30	uo	•••	- 40		1120	iron and tin	; no other metallic impurity.
d o	30	đo		do		7746	Griffin Beans, well preser	ved, but contains traces of lead; no other metallic impurity.
do		do	•••	do		7747	Cianciarulo Currant Jelly. a	actitious compound of apple jelle acid and sugar, containing
do	30	uo	•••	40	*****	1121	strong trace	s of iron and tin; no other metalliy impurity.
4.	ا رو	do	i	do		7748	do Raspberry Jelly, a	fictitious compound of apple jelly and sugar, coloredcontaining
do	30	uo	•••	u	******	1110	traces of iro	n and tin; no other metallic impurity.
4.	ا مو	đo	- 1	đo		7749	Griffin Peas, in good state	of preservation, but containing decided traces of lead; on other
do	30,	uo	***	uu	•••••	1140	metallic imp	purity.
	•		•		•			

# APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. OANNED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES—Continued.

Date.		Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
188	34.					
June	14	Wm. Saunders	London		1 1	Pears, contain strong traces of iron and tin and faint traces of lead; no other metallic impurity; fruit well preserved.
do	14	do	do	7766	Somervile & Connor	Peaches, contain strong traces of tin, no other metallic impurity; fruit well pre- served.
do	14	do	do	7767	T. E. O'Callaghan	Strawberries, contain strong traces of iron and tin, with traces of lead; no other metallic impurities; fruit acid and flavorless and in poor condition.
do	14	do	do	7768	Deacon & Rogers	Corn, contains strong traces of tin; no other metallic impurity; corn musty and in bad condition; not fit for food
30 32	14	do	do	7769	John Moule	Peas, contain no metallic impurities; peas in an excellent state of preservation.

# APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

14   0   0   0   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Name of Inalyst.	No. of Analyst's	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
do 11. do 11. do 11. do 11. do 11.	do do	do 7526 do 7526 do 7527 do 7528	P. Macdonald	Adulterated with abo t 20 p.c. of chicory. do 15 p.c. do  Pure Adulterated with about 16 p.c. do
1884.  Jan. 21. do 21. do 21. do 21. do 21. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27. do 27.	do	do 7566 do 7567 do 7568 do 7570 do 7571 do 8109	Mrs. Mauthier. W. B. Cherry. W. R. del ffee. T. Heinrich. G. & W. Lamb. S. Leonard The Tea Co D. J. Polchard. G. R. Bache.	Unadulterated. Adulterat d with from 40 to 50 p.c. do do 25 to 30 p.c. do Unadulterated. Contains about 50 p.c. of chicory. do 15 p.c. do do 25 p.c. do and roasted farinaceous matter. do 25 p.c. do do 50 p.c. or more of chicory. do 40 or 50 p.c. do do 25 p.c. do and roasted farinaceous matter.
1883.  Ang. 21. do 21. do 21. do 21. do 21. do 21. do 21.	do do do	do 6915 do 6916 do 6917	Store	do 4.5. Genuine conee, or good navor, soc. do do 3.8. Adulterated with chicory, 30c. do do 4. do 37c. do do 2.6. Largely adulterated with chicory, roast corn and peas, 30c per 'b. do 35c, do

APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. COFFEE-Continued.

Date.		Name of Analyst.	Division.	No of Analyst's Report.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.							
Dec. do do do do do do do do do	83 3 3 3 3 3	J. B. Edwards do do do do do do do do	Montreal do do do do do do do	6973 6974 6975 6976 6977 6978 6979	J. J. Kavanagh	Ash, 4. do 4.2. do 3.2. do 3.8. do 4.4. do 4.2. do 2.6.	Largely adult do do do do do Adultered ove La gely adult Adulterated w	do with with or 30 p.c. wi erated with	roasted c richicory, condo ros ith roasted chicory, ro	do n and pern and persecution sted correction corn, persecution asted correction	over 30 p as. ea meal, over en and peas. as and chico	r 30 p.	<b>c.</b>
188						_							
Jan. do	31	do	do	6244 <b>6</b> 345	T. Decarie	do 4. do 3.5.	d <b>o</b> d <b>o</b>		only, 20c. pand roasted		40c. per lb.		
do	31	d <b>o</b>	do	6246	L. P. Lavoie	do 3.4.	do	do	do	cereals			
do	31	do	do		J L. Laurier	do 4.	do	ďo	ďo	corn,	30c. do		
Feb.	13	do	do	6268	O Barcelo	do 4.	do	do	do	do'	30c. do		
do	13	do	do	6269	François Lahaise	do 32.	Largely adult				orn_and peas,	20c. j	per lb.
do	13	do	do	6270	Thos. Cathcart	do 34.	Adulterated w					30c.	
ďο	13	do	do	6271	Julien Robert	do 5 2.	ďο	do	do	corn,		25c.	ďο
do	13 13	do do	do	6272 6273	R. Ouimet	do 4. do 3.2.	do do	do do	<b>.</b>	۵.	4	30c. 30c.	do
do 188		do	do	0410	J. D. MUUIEF	uu 5 2.	uo .	ao	do	do	~	<b>3</b> 00.	uo
Oct.	4.	M. Fiset	Quebec	7320	J. B. Rousseau	Pure.							
do.	4	do	do	7321	do	do.							
do	9	do	do	7326	J. B. Z. Dubeau		ed with roasted	l grain.					
do	12	do	do	7332	Turcotte & Prevost	Mixed with			nd roasted g	rain.			
ďο	16	do	do	7338	dubert Carrier	Pure.	-	•	•	•			
<b>σ</b> o	16	do	do	7339	W. Blouin	do							
	13	do	do	7378	Oliver Vocelle	Adulterate	d with roasted	peas.					
do	13	do	do		J W. Pelletier	rure.						-	
do do	14	do	d0	7382 7383	E. Paradis H. A. Paré	1 misture	or roasted grain	n.					

4-3½***	do do do 188 Mar. do do do	21 21 22 34.	M. Fiset	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Quebec do do do do do do do do do do	7397 7398 7399 7399 7955 7956 7664 7965 7971	J. B. Z. Dubeau Blumhart & Riverin A. Parent J. B. Rousseau A. Dusablon E. Barbeau J. B. Z. Dubeau J. B. Rousseau Ignace Couture John Buchanan	Mixed with roasted grain.  do peas and corn. do roasted grain, such as peas and corn. do farinaceous material, contains nearly 2 p. c. of sand, and chicory in the proportion of 20 p c.; bad coffee.  Ash, 4.60. Moisture, 5.60. Slightly adulterated with chicory. do 4.30. do 4.40. Mixed with a little chicory. do 4.30. do 4.10. Pure. do 4.80. do 3.20. do do 5.40. do 2.80. do do 4.40. do 2.10 Amylaceous, containing foreign substance, but in very
	18	- 1						small quantities.
	Aug.	30	Maynard B	ow-	Halifax	7034	The Great London and	
	do do do do Dec. do do do do do	30 30 30 30 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d		do do do do	7036 7037 7038 7039 7805 7806 7806 7808 7809 7810	John Shea	Adulterated with about 15 p. c. of chicory,  do 25 do  do chicory and roasted corn.  do do do grain.  do do do  Largely adulterated with chicory and roasted grain.  Adulterated with about 50 p. c. of chicory and peas.  do 75 do  do 50 do  do 25 do  do 25 do  do 50 do  do 25 do  with a small amount of roasted grain.
	188	4.						
	Apr. do do do do do do	8 8 8 8 8	do do do		do do do do do	7862 7863 . 7864 7865	John O'Brien	Contains about 50 p. c. of chicory and beans. do 10 p. c. of chicory. do 15 do do 20 do and beans. Unadulterated. Contains about 25 do
	188	з.						
	Aug. do do do do	8 8 8 9	W. F. Best do do do do		St. John do do do	7226 7227 7228	G. K. Cochran	Not adulterated. do but of inferior strength. do . do . do . do

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

^	n	T	PP	17	Conc	.7	4.4

Dat	te.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.				
188	3.									
do do	9 12 12 12 12	W. F. Best	St. John do do do	7247 7290 7291 7292 7293	Weldon Bros  Dora Bell  E. McCardel  J. Cain  King Bros	Genuine Porto Rico coffee, not adulterated.				
188	4.									
Jan. do  8 8 8	do	do do do do do do do do do do	8004 8005 8006 8007 8008 8076 8077 8078 8079 8080	A. Myles	Not adulterated. do do do do Adulterated with 60 p. c. of ground and roasted peas and wheat.					
do do do do Dec.	31 31 31 31 13 13 13	W. Saunders  do  do  do  do  do  do  do	London do do do do do do do	7163 7164 7165 7166 7167 7168 7198 7199 7200	J. B. Smyth  Elliott Bros	Ash. Gravity decoction. of 10 p. c.  4 '24				

do 13 do 13 do 13	3 3 3 3	do do do do		do do do do		7601 7602 7603 7604 7605	John Moule James Southcott T. J. McDonough J. B. Smyth W. H. Brandon	4·32 1010·4 4·32 1010·8	0 <b>do</b> 3 do 0 do	at pure ground coffee, fine do do do do	l <b>y ground.</b> do
1884.					- 1						
do 31 do 31 do 31 do 3	1 1 1 1 1	do do do do do	•••••	do do do do do		7706 77(7 7708 7709 7710 7711	John Proctor	4:22   1011  5:10   1014:1  4:16   1015:1  4:36   1014:1	do 5 Consists of a mixto p. c. of chicory 5 Consists of coffee, a	do do do ure of ground coffee, wit y; sold as a mixture. dulterated with about 1/3 c do 20 p.c. ut pure coffee, finely grou	of chicory.

#### CONDIMENTS AND SPICES-ALLSPICE.

18	84.		l		
May		W. H. Ellis	Toronto	8179	James Harris Adulterated with about 30 p.c. of peas.
	30	do	do	8180	E. Thompson   do 20 do
⇔rdo Feb.	2	J. B. Edwards	Montreal	6254	L P. Lavoie do farina and millings.
ob	2.	d <b>o</b>	do	6255	J. L. Laurier do do
A pri	18	M. Bowman	Halifax	7882	R. T. Forrestall
άo	28	W. F. Best	St. John	80 <b>90</b>	J. S. Armstrong & Bro   Contains 30 to 35 p c of pea meal; adulterated.
do	28	do	1 3 -	8091	D Breeze Unadulterated.
do	30	W. Saunders	London	7728	Charles Lilley & Son . Alcoholic extract, 4.84. Ash, 8.48. Adulterated with about 40 p.c. of a farinaceous
				i	substance, mixed with other undetermined material.
do	30	do	do	7729	John Cuzens & Co Alcoholic extract, 8.74. Ash, 4.42. Adulterated with about 25 p.c of farinaceous
		,			material.
ďο	30	do	do	7730	Charles Sarvis
					with about 40 p c. of foreign material.
do	30	do	do	7731	J. Dundas Alcoholic extract, 6:26. Ash, 3:72. Adulterated with about one-third foreign
					material, partly farinaceous.

#### CINNAMON.

	188											
J	an.	21	<b>W</b> . H	Ellis	To:	ront	o l		A. H. Carter	Consists of	Cassia.	
	do	21	d	0		do		7573	W. Potter	ďo	pure cassia.	
	do	21	d	lo	1	do		7574	S Greenfield	do	ďo	
	do	21	d	o		do		7575	R S. King	<b>d</b> o	do	
	ay	30		o	1	ďυ		8193	Mills Bros	do	do	
	ďο	30		0	1 .	do		8194	Eastern Tea House	do	cassia and peas.	

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. CONDIMENTS AND SPICES—CINNAMON.

Date.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
1883					
do 30 do 30 do 30		Montreal do do Quebec do do do do	6972 7390 7392 7912	J. B. Z. Dubeau	do 2.4 Largely adulterated with corn starch and pea flour. do 6.4. Cassia, adulterated with wheat flour and chicory; no cinuamon.
್ಷ 1884. ಯ					
Mar. 28	do	do	7968	Turcotte & Prevost	Pure.
1883.				!	
Dec. 10 do 10 do 10 do 10	M. Bowman do do do	Halifax do d0 do	7093 7094 7095 7 <b>09</b> 6	R. N. McDonald	Contains no cinnamon; consists of mixed spice. Consists of cassia; adulterated. do do do do
1884.					
April 14 do 14	do do	do do	7875 7876	R. Urquhart & Son J. H. Nesbit	Consists almost entirely of cassia. do do
1883.					
Dec 12 do 12 do 12 do 12	W. F. Best do do do	St. John do do do	7284	E. V. Hunt King Bros James Cassely Thomas E. Moran	Adulterated with 40 p c o' flour and roasted pea meal. do 15 to 20 p.c. of wheat flour. do 30 to 35 p c. of cornmeal. do rice flour and cornmeal to the amount of 20 to 25 p.c.
1884. Feb. 23	do	do	8050	Vanwart Bros	Consists of ground cassia, mixed with 25 to 30 p.c. of flour; adulterated,

April 28 do 8 June 4 do 4 Jan. 26 do 26 do 26 do 26	do do   do do   do London   do do   do do	17 J. C. Trebilcock do 13 do 3.80, Cont 18 H. A. Duggan do 12.03. do 4.12.	1
		CLOVES.	
do 30 April 19	M. Bowman Halifax W. Saunders London	S. Leonard	nsists of nothing but pure powdered cloves. do powdered cloves, mixed with about
•		GINGER.	
1884. Jan. 21 do 21 do 21 do 21 do 30 do 30 do 30	do  do	R. S. King	do do
1883. Dec. 7 do 7 do 7 do 7 1884.	J. Baker Edwards Montreal do do do do do do	A. A. Perry   Ash, 3 8. Adulterated with farina.   John Robertson   do 4.   do pea flour.   do 5.2   do wheat flour.   do 4.8   do do do   do   do   do   do   do	
Mar. 12 do 12 do 22 do 22	do do do do do do do do	7 C. Robillard	lings.

### APPEFDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

CONDIMENTS A	AND	SPICES	GINGER.
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	Date.		Name of Analyst	Di <del>visi</del> on.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
•	1883.						
Dec do do do	15 20		dodo	Quebec do do do	7384 7385 7394 7395	E. Paradis	Ground ginger, mixed with farinaceous substances and colored with turmeric. do do do do do do do do do do do do do d
Mail do	. 18		dodo	do do	7951 7952	E BarbeauA. Dusablon	do mixed with starch and colored with turmeric; impure. do do do
Dec do do	6 6		Bowman do do	Halifax do do do		John Mullins	Genuine. do do Adulterated with about 50 p.c. of flour; ash, 2.8.
_	884.	1	,	,		M. Daniela I.	
-	il 1 <b>7</b> . 883.		do	do	7879	M. Routleage	Largely adulterated with flour.
do do	12 12		. F. Bestdododo	St. John do do do	7298	James Cassely Dora Bell Thomas E. Moran E. McCardel	Adulterated with 10 to 15 p.c. of flour.  do 20 p.c. of flour and turmeric.  do 10 to 15 p.c. do  do 10 p.c. of flour.
Jun do Jan do do do	e 4 4		do	do do do do do	8543 7652 7653	A. Myles	Contains about 20 p.c. of corn meal.  do a small percentage (5 p.c.) of corn meal.  Alcoholic extract, 5·18. Ash, 3·80. Pure powdered ginger.  do 5·20 do 3·03 do do 5·10 do 3·04 do do 4·80 do 3·70 do

### MACE.

1884.					
do 30	do M. Bowman	do	7877 J. H. Nesbit	do Genuine,	

#### MUSTARD.

					1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>-,</del>	
1884.										
do 30	0 0 0	W. H. Ellis do do	do	8196 8197	M. Dalby M. O'Brien P. M. McDonald R. Donald	Consists of musts do do do	ard mixed with a do do do	about 30 p.c. of 1 40 30 30	flour and turmeric.  do do do	
1883.										
do 8	8 8 8	do .	do do do	. 6996 . 6997	A. A. Perry	do 4.6	do who	eat flour and tur eat flour. eat flour and tur do		
1884.						1				
do 12 do 12 do 12	2 2 2 2	do . do .	do do do do	6261 6262 6263	O. Barcelo François Labaise Thomas Cathcart Julien Robert	do 2·3 do 2·1 do 2·4	do flou do do	eat flour, rice an r and turmeric. do do eat flour and raj		
1883.	-			1				•	•	
do 12 do 19 do 20	3	M. Fiset do do	do	1 27001	J. W. Pelletier Turcotte & Prevost J. B. Z. Dubeau	A good preparati do do do	ion. though not p	ure.		
1884.	.	<b>.</b>	1,							
do 27		do do	do	7969	J. D. Marier T. Julien J. B. Z. Dubeau	do Pure.	đ	lo		
do 31.		do	1 1	7972	Ignace Couture	độ độ	<b>d</b> d			

### APPENDIX C-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.-Continued.

CONDIMENTS	AND	SPICES-	MUSTA	RD—Continued.
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Date.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
1883.  Dec. 8 do 8 do 8 do 8	M. Bowman do do do	Halifax do do do	7089 7090 7091 7092	John Lindsay	Adulterated with turmeric and about 40 p.c of flour.  do do 40 do do do 60 do do do 20 do
1884. April 14 do 14	do	do	7873 7874	Albro Mumford A. D. McKee & Co	Contains about 50 p.c. of farina; labelled a mustard compound. do 40 do do
1883. Dec. 12 do :2 do 12 do 12	W. F. Best do do do	St. John do do do	7286 7287 7288 7289	Thos. E Moran	Adulterated with 40 p c. of flour. do 30 do do do 35 do wheat flour and 5 p.c. of turmeric. do 50 do flour and nearly do
1884. April 28 do 28 Feb. 4	do do Wm. Saunders	1 do	8091 8095 7672	J. S. Armstrong Bro D. Breeze	do 55 to 60 p.c. of flour. do 40 to 50 do  Fixed oil, 22.40. Ash, 3.52. Contains about 70 p.c. of flour of mustard, with about 30 p.c. of farinaceous adulterant.
do 4	đo	1 1	7673	T. P. Blackwell	do 15.80. do 6.64. Contains about 60 p.c. of flour of mustard, with about 40 p.c. of an adulterant, partly farinaceous do 20.68. do 2.30. Contains about 65 p.c. of flour of mustard, with about
do 4 do 4	do	do	7674 7675	A. McCormick & Son.  J. O'Higgins	do 20.62. do 3.02. Contains about 65 p.c. of flour of mustard, and 35 p.c. of farinaceous adulterant, having the characteristics of wheat flour mixed with corn.

#### PEPPER.

18	84.					
May	30 W. H	. Ellis	Toronto	8184	P. McDonald	 Unadulterated.

1	do feb. do do do do do do do do do do do do do	17 17 12 12 12 4 4	do do do do do do M Fiset M. Bown W. F. Best do do do do do do do do do do do do do	n	Halifax St. Joh do do do do Londor	n	8186	Humphrey & Jackson .  Mills Bros	Uuadultera Ash, 12·8 do 1·2. do 1·8. do 5· do 3· do 8· do 3· Pure. do Unadultera Unadultera Unadulter Contains I Adulterate Unadulter Contains I do 10 Alcoholic	Cayenn do do do do do ated.  10 p.c of ed with 5 ated. 5 to 20 p. 0 to 15 Extract,	adulte do do do do e. Ad Gee Ad foreign to 10 p	ultera do nuine ultera starc o.c. of lckwh do Ash, do	ted with ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted with the wind ted wind ted with the wind ted wind ted wind ted with the wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted wind ted	wheat, flour ar do starch do do ith Indian corn millings. ith starch and wheat. heal. Adulterated substances Adulterated material; Adulterated ma erial, of	with  with  partly  with  with  with  with  with	ings. hillings gs. about about farins about	25 pc. 50 pc. 60 pc. 60 pc.	of foreign
		-		-				Mi	XED SPICE	ES.								
	188 Feb do		J. B. Edwa	ards			6252 6253	J. Decarie A. Lebrecque	Ash, 5.4. do 4.6.	Highly a	dulters lo	ited w	vith ce	ereal millings. do				
	CELERY SALT.																	
		30 30	W. H. Elli do	s			8191 8192	J. J. Funston George Scott	Consists of do			seeds,	grou	nd rice and sal do	t.			

# A. 100

# APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. DRUGS.

Date.	Name of Analyst.	Division. Divisive No. of Analyst's	Report.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.				
1883.									
Oct 23 do 23 do 23 do 23	do	do 75 do 75	530 E. Fisher	Cream of tartar. do do do	Unadulterated. do do do				
1884.									
Mar. 8 44 do 8 do 8	do do do do do	do 81   do 81   do 81   do 81   do 81   do 81   do 81   do 81	R. Dunmore	do do do do do do do do	Adulterated with 50 p.c. of gypsum and corn starch. Unadulterated. Contains about 25 p c. of gypsum. Adulterated with 75 p.c. of gypsum and corn starch. do about 30 p.c of do do do 40 do do Unadulterated. Found to be baking powder. Unadulterated. Adulterated with about 50 p c. of gypsum and corn starch.				
1883.									
Sept. 24 de 24 de 24 de 24 de 24 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4 de 4	do do do do do do do de	do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69 do 69	P. Desormiers	do do do do do do do do do do do do do	do 46 p.c. of gypsum. "Terra alba."  do 50 do Land plaster.  do 50 do  do 50 do  do over 25 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 45 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 45 p.c.  do 50 p.c.  do 50 p.c.				

	4 1			do		<b>69</b> 90	S. Demers	do	Adulterated 50 p. c	<b>.</b>		
do	4	do	•••	Quebec	*****	7370	W. Brunet	do	Mixed with a liftle	tartrate of ca	lcium.	11
do		M. Fiset		-do √ueυeυ		7371	J. C. Dorion	do	A good preparation			[]
do	6	_			*****	7376	P. Mathie	do	Pure.			Ш
do	13		•••••	do	•••••	7377	Frs. Rinfret	do	do			- 11
do	13	do	•••••	do	•••••	1311	Pro. Indice	Q.O	40			- 11
			1		1		1					- 11
188	34.						1					- 11
_		_			ì	7020	J. C. Dorion	do	do			-
Jan.	18		•••••	do	•••••	<b>7930</b>		go	do			- 11
do	18		•••••	ďο		7931	L. Huot	do	do			- []
do	18		······ •••	do	••••••	7932	A. Leclerc	do	do			- 11
do	18			do	••••	<b>793</b> 3	W. Brunet	do	do			- 11
<b>d</b> o	25	do		do	•••••	7938	Arthur Drolet	= -	Contains some im	nurities		- 11
do	25	do		do		7939	Blumbart & Riverin	do		parroios.		[]
do	25	do .		do		7940	T. Parent	do	Pure do			- 11
do	25	do		do	•••••	7941	Turcotte & Prevost	do				- II
do	25	do .		do	•••••	7942	J. B. Z. Dubeau	ďο	do Cantaina	•		-
do	25	do .	····	do		7943	J. B. Parent	₫o	Contains de Adulterated with			- 11
Oct.	9	M. Bowma	an	Halifa	x	7056	R. A Nesbit	фo			10.	- 11
do	9	do		do		7057	A. F. Buckley	do	ďο	do		- 11
do	9	do		do		7058	Forsythe, Sutcliffe & Co	do	do	do	to of limp	- il
do	9	do		do		7059	A. F. Woodill	do	Largely adulterate	ed with tartrai	te of time.	-
a.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1								- 11
18	84.											- []
- A	·			}			l					- II
er Ian	5	do		do		7815	Lordly & Stimpson	do	Unadulterated.			Ш
Jan.	5	do		do		7816	C. & W. Anderson	do	do		**	Ш
do	11	do		do		7821	E. W. Crease	do	Adulterated with	60 p.c. of terrs	a aida	- 11
ďο	11	do	ľ	do		7822	H. V. Wier	do		50 do rice	starch.	- 11
do	11	do		do		7823	Dillon Bros	do	Unadulterated.			-
do	11	do	*****	do		7824	A. D. McKean	do	do			- 11
do	11	do	•••••	do		7825	James Sutherland	do	Adulterated with	20 p.c. of rice	starch	- H
		do	•••••	do		7826	John D. Stewart	do	Unadulterated.			- II
do	11	do	•••••	do	i	7827	Martin Flynn	do	Adulterated with	20 p.c. of star	ch.	Ш
do	11	do	•••••	do	•••••	7828	W. M. Harrington	do	Unadulterated.	-		- II
do	11	i uo	•••••	uo	******	,020						-
1.0		ļ			l		1					- 11
19	83.				i		ļ					- 11
A	٥	W. F. Bes	.	St. Joh	,,	7239	William Martin.	do	Adulterated with	20 p.c of terr	ra alba.	
Aug.			,		1	7240	Puddington & Merritt.	do	Not adulterated.	•		- II
do	8		********	do	•••••	7241	G. S. DeForest	do	do			Ш
do	8	do	• · · · · · · · · ·	do	•••••	7242	William Kennedy	do	Contains 30 to 35	p c. of terra al	lba; adulterated	- 11
_qo	8	do	••••••	do	*****	7278	Thomas E. Morran	do	Adulterated with	Hour and terr	a alba to the extent of 40 p c	- 11
Dec.	12	do		do			James Cassely	do	do	30 p.c. of terr	a alba and 5 to 10 p.c of rice flou	r.
<b>d</b> o	12	do	•••••	do	••••••	7279		do	do	55 to 60 p.c. o	of flour and 10 p c. of terra alba.	- 11
do	12	! do		do	•••••	7280	Dora Bell	do	d <b>o</b>	40 to 45 p.c. o	of terra alba.	- 11
<b>d</b> o	12	do	•••••	do	•••••	7281	E. McCardel	uo	uo	10 to 10 p.o. c		Ш
18	84.			1	}							ijί
				١.	ł	0000	R C Wilson	do	do	40	do	•
Jan.	2	l do		do		8009	E. C. Wilson	do	ų, v	**		

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

#### DRUGS-Continued.

D	ate.		Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor .		Results	by Analysis	and Re	emarks by the	Analyst.	
18	84.												
Jan. do do do	2 2 2	w.	f. Bestdododo	St. John do do do	8010 8011 8012 8013	Thos. Ritchir	Cream of do do do	Tartar. Adult	do 4	65 p.c. o 5 5 to 50	of terra alba and do do do	l rice flour. and flour.	
18	83.												
Dec.	<b>2</b> 9	w.	Saunders	London	7606	John Moule	do	Consis			ture of cream of		
do do do	29 29 28		do do do	do do	7607 7608 7609	Thos O'Callaghan  Jas Southcott  Sommerville & O'Con-	do <b>d</b> o	do do		c. do	76 p.c. of terra 64:50 p.c. 59:50	do do	do do
do do	29 29		do	do	7610 7611	John Shaw J. B. Smyth	do do	do do do	70. 29. entirely of	do f pure cr	30. 71. eam of tartar.	do do	do do
do do	29 29		do	do	7612 7613	W. H. Branton	do do	do do	sulph	ate of li of a mixt	r adulterated w me. ture of cream of th 56 p.c. of ter	tartar and	tartaric acid,
do do 18	29 29		do	do	7614 7615	Deacon Bros	do do	d <b>o</b> do	sulph	do of tartar uric acid		lo of a mi <b>xt</b> ure	do of alum and
Mar. do do do		w.	H. Ellis do do	Toronto do do	8121 8122 8123 8124	W. H Cox W. Gaynor E. H. Bauld J. A. Devlin	Bismuth,	subnitrate of. do do do	of lin Unadultera do do do				
	83.												
Dec. do do do	22 22 22 22		B. Edwards do do do	do	6222 6223 6224 6225	Picault & Co		do do do do	Genuine; 1	no metal do do do	lic ı <b>mp</b> uri <b>ties.</b>		

188	4 1		ı		1 <b>1</b>		
Jan.	3	M. Fiset	Ouebec	7918	W. Brunet	do	Pure.
do	3	do	do	7919	L. Huot	do	do
do	3	do	do	7920	J. Veldon	do	<b>do</b>
do	3	do	do	7925	J. C. Dorion	do	do
Feb.		M. Bowman	Halifax	7845	M. F. Eagar	do	Unadulterated.
do	i	do	do	7846	Forsyth, Sutcliffe & Co.	do	do
ďο	1	do	do	7817	Apothecaries Hall	do	do
do	1	ä -	do	7848	R. A. Nesbit	do	do
			St John	8014	T. B. Barker & Sons	do	Pure; contains no trace of arsenic.
Jan.	4	1	ا ا	8015	R. D. McArthur	do	do do
do	4		1	8060	C. McGregor	do	Contains traces of arsen but not nough to cause an
do	4	3 -	do	8061	A. C. Smith & Co	do	do not enough to do harm.
do	4	W. H. Ellis		8129	J. C Lauder	Hydrocvanic	acid. Unadulterated.
Mar.	7		1 3 -	8130	H. Turner	do	do
φo	7	do	ا ا	8131	J. C. Lauder	do	do
ďο	7	do	1 .	8132	W. S Robinson	do	do
do	7	do	.  do	0132	W. S RODINGOL.	""	•••
189	33.		1	1			
_		J. B. Edwards	Montreel	6232	R. J. Devins	i do	2 p.c. of acid; pure.
Dec.				6233	Laviolette & Nelson	do	2 do do
do	26	do	3.	6234	F. J. Demers	do	1.75 do do but below strength.
do	26	do	3.	6235	J. A. Harte.	do	1.50 do do not B. P.
_do	26	do		7944	Giroux & frère	do	Pure.
Jan.		M. Fiset		7945	J. E. Burke	do	do
do 🛱	3	do	do	7946	E. Rinfret	do	do
do	3	₫o	do	7947	Ed. Morin & Co	do	do
_do	3	go	do		Brown & Webb	do	Unadulterated.
Feb.		M. Bowman	Halifax	7857	J. G. Smith	do	do
do	13	do	do	7858		do	do
do	13	do	do	7859	Brown Bros.	do	Contains only 1.25 p. c. of hydrocyanic.
do	13	_ do	do	7860	A. F. Buckley	do	Solution of hydrocyanic acid in dilute acid; contains 3.25 p. c.
Jan.	4	W. F. Best	St. John	8016	S. McDiarmid	uo uo	pure anhydrous acid.
				00.15	D D W- A-Abu-	4.	
do	4	do	do	8017	R D. McArthur	do	Contains 2.50 p. c. of pure hydrocyanic acid in water.
Feb.	23	do	do	8054	A. C. Smith & Co	do	do 4·10 do strong acid; pure. do 2·75 do do
do	23	do	do	8055	C. McGregor	do	do 2.75 do do
18	13.		1				
_			] [m	7552	A. Harvard	Landanum	Unadulterated.
Dec.		W. H. Ellis	Toronto			do	do
do	3	! do		7553	S. Chapman		do
do	3	do		7554	Hooper & Co	do do	do
do	3	_ do		7555	N Love		
Nov.	3	J. B. Edwards	. Montreal	6955	H. H. Curtis	do	Extractive 15.2, morphia 2.28, specific gravity 9.49; 25 p. c. below official standard; a ulteration doubtful.
_	_	١.		COKA	Paillianné & Co	مه ا	Extractive 12.8, morphia 1.09, specific gravity 9.32; adulterated by
do	3	do	do	6954	Bailliargé & Co	go	
			1 .	2000	H I Dames	a.	deficiency of morphia.
do	3	do	do	6955	F. J. Demers	do	Extractive 7.2, morphia 1.03, specific gravity 9.55; adulterated by
			1	1	}	i	deficiency of opium and morphia. This is very thin and pale,
			1	ļ	1	,	marked U. S. P.

APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

DRU	GS-C	ontinued'
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Da	te.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
188	84.					
Nov.	3	J. B. Edwards	Montr l	6956	James Goulden	Laudanum Extractive 10.8, morphia 1.62, specific gravity 9.30; deficient 40 p c in opium and morphia; adulterated.
Oct.	18	M. Fiset	Quebec	7341	F. E. Gauvreau	do Pure.
do	18	do	do	7343	Ed. Morin & Co	do do
Nov.	8	do	do	7364	L. J. Huot	do do
do	8	. do	_ do	7365	A. Leclerc	do do
Oct			Halifax	7068	A. A. Woodill	do Contains 2:2 grains of morphia per oz.; below the standard.
do &	19	do	do		Forsythe, Sutcliffe & Co	$egin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
do do	19	do	do	7072	M. F. Eagar	do do 3.2 do do do
Aug.	8	W. F. Best	St. John	7233	C. P. Clark	do Not adulterated; within the limits as regards strength.
do	8	do	do	7 <b>2</b> 34	A. C. Smith & Co	do do do prescribed do
do	8	do	do	7235	R. D. McArthur	do do do do
do	8	do	do	7250	W. Hawker	do do
Nov.	24	W. H. Ellis	Toronto	7544	Lyman Bros	Morphia, acetate. Unadulterated.
do	24	do	do	7545	H. J. Rose	do do
do	24	do	do	7546	Hooper & Co	do do
do	24	do	do	7547	Elliott & Co	do do
Sept.	25		Montreal	6945	F. L. Palardy	do do
ďο	25	do	do	6946	Leduc & Co	do do
do	25	do	do	6947	S. Lachance	do do do do
do	25 3	M. Fiset	do Quebec	6948 7318	L. R. Baridon	,l do do 1 do do
Oct. do	3	4.0	۱	7322	W. E. Brunet	
Nov.	7	4.	do	7359	O. E. Brunet	do do
do	7	4.	do		J. E. Burke	do do
do			Halifax	7077	A. A. Woodill	do Contains 78.0 p. c. acetate of morphia; adulterated.
do	24	do	do		M. F. Eagar	
do	24	do	do	7079	Forsythe, Sutcliffe & Co.	
оb	24	do	do	7080	Brown & Webb	do do 80·1 do do
Aug.			St. John	7262	A. C. Smith & Co	
do	21	do	do	7263	R. D. McArthur	do do do

	ďσ	21	do	do	7264	C. P. Clark	đo	do	do
	go	21	do	_ do	7265	T. B. Barker & Sons	do	do	do <b>do</b>
	Nov.		W. H. Ellis	Toronto	7540	Lyman Bros	do do	Suphate.	do
	ďο	13	do	do	7541	Elliott & Co	go	do	do
Т	ďο	13	do	do	7542	H. Miller & Co	do	do	do
7	do	13	J. B. Edwards	do	7543 <b>6</b> 941	J. Coombe	do	do	do
*	Sept.	24 24		Montreal	6942	F. L. Palardy Leduc & Co	do	do	do
4**	do do	24	do		6943	S. Lachance	do	do	do
**	do	24	1 3.	i - i	6944	L. R. Baridon	do	ďo	do
	Oct.	3	M· Fiset	i	7319	Ed. Giroux et frère	do	dΛ	do
	do.	9	do	do	7323	W. E. Brunet	do	đo	A good preparation, but contains an admixture of salt calcium.
	Nov.	7	3	do	7358	O. E. Brunet	do	do	Excellent.
	do	7	do	do	7360	J. E. Burke	do		Of good quality.
	do	24			7:73	Brown & Webb	do	Hydrochlo	rate. Contains 79.5 p. c. morphia. Unadulterated.
	do	24	do	do	7074	Forsythe, Sutcliffe & Co		do	do 79·1 do do
	do	24	do	do	7075	M. F. Eagar	do	do	do 79·2 do do
	do	24	do	do	7076	A. F. Buckley	do	do	do 79·0 do do
	Aug.	21	W. F. Best		7258	A. C. Smith & Co	do	Muriate.	Not adulterated. Contains the normal p. c. of morphia.
	do	21	do	do	7259	R. D. McArthur	do	do	do do do
	do	21	do	do	7260	T. B. Barker & Sons	do	do	do do do
	do	21	do	do	7261	C. P. Clark		Sulphate.	do do do
	Nov.	14	W. H. Ellis	Toronto	7548			rits of. Un	nadulterated.
	⊾ do	14	do	do	7549	J. S. Diamond	do		do
7	0 do	14	do	do	755)	A. Harvard	do		do
	do	14	do	do	7551	E. Fisher	do		do
	18			,	0100				do
	Mar.	7	do	do	8133	J. R. Lee	do	Ma	ot of Pharmacoperia strength, labelled "Commercial."
	do	7	do	do	8134	A. B. Eadie	do do	No	nadulterated.
	do	7	do	do	8135	H. Spears	do	UII	do
	do	7	do	do	8136	J. Baxter & Co	uo		u <b>o</b>
	18	22							
						l		0.05	Not official. Adulteration doubtful. Contains traces of
	Nov.	7	J. B. Edwards	Montreal	6961	H. H. Curtis	do	8.65.	methylated spirits, and excess of acid and water.
	do	7	do	do	6962	F. J. Demers	do	9.00.	Contains free nitrious acid; excess of water and acid. Adulteration doubtful.
	do.	7	40	ا م	6963	Poillance & Cia	do	8.51.	Adulteration doubtful. Excess of nitrious acid and water.
	do do	7	do	do	6964	Baillargé & Cie James Goulden	do	8.83.	do do
	Dec.	29	4.	do		Bourque & Cie	do	8.85.	do Excess of acid and water. Ether deficient.
	do	29	4.	3_		M. G. Edson & Co	do		Not official. Adulteration doubtful. Excess of acid and water.
	uo	40	uo	αο	0201	a. G. Muson & Co	u	0 01.	Deficient in ether.
	do	29	do	do	6238	F. L. Palardy	do	8·9 <b>8.</b>	do do do
	do	29	do	do	6239	John Gardner	do	8.60.	do do l
	do		M. Fiset		7366	O. E. Brunet	Sweet spir	its of nitre.	
	ďo	6	do ,	do	7367	A. Leclerc		do	Pure.
	<del>-</del> -	1						**	

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

DRU	as_	Can	tinn	o ł

Da	te.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
188 Dec. do	6 6	M. Fiset do	Quebecdo	736 <b>8</b> 7369	J. VeldonQ. Huot	Sweet spirits of r do	nitre. Strongly acid. Pure.
Jan. do do do	3 3 3 3	do do do	do do do do	7914 7915 7916 7917	W. Brunet	do do do	do do do do
en 188	3.					1	
do do do	1 1 1	M. Bowmandododo	Halifax do do	7066	R. A. Nesbit	do do do	Contains nearly 2 p. c. of nitrous ether. Unadulterated. do do Contains less than 2 p.c. of nitrous ether. Adulterated. do do
188						•	40
Feb. do do do	9 9 9	do do do	do do do	78 <b>5</b> 3 7854 7855 7856	J. K. Bent	do do do do	Unadulterated. Contains less than 2p. c. nitrous ether. do do do do
188	3.						
Aug.	8	W. F. Best	St. <b>Jo</b> hn	7229	C. P. Clark	do	Contains the proper proportion, over 5 p. c. nitrous ether, as required by the U.S. Dispensatory. No trace of aldhyde or other impurity.
do do do	8 8 8	do do	do do	7230 7231 7232	A. C. Smith & Co Hannington Bros R. D. McArthur	đo do do	Not adulterated. Contains the proper proportion of nitrous æther.  do do do Of normal strength.
188	34.						
Jan. do Feb. do	4 23 23	do do do	do do do	8019 8751	S. F. McDairmid R. D. McArthur Hannington Bros C. McGregor	do do do	do do do Nearly of normal strength. Slightly over the prescribed strength. Slightly under the prescribed strength, but not adulterated.

	đo	231	đo		do		9353	A. C.	Smith &	t Co	ı d	0	Of norm	al strer	igth and	composition	•		11
				***************************************															I
		- 1		1		į													1
		1				- 1													I
*	188	13.									1								Ш
Į	_	_ 1		•••		i	FF40	TT 0			Onium	Unadulter	ntod						П
4	Dec.		W. H. E	lli <b>s</b>	Toront	0	7560			~		do	ateu.						П
*	do	3	do	••••••	ďo	•••••	7561			*********		do							H
42***	do	3	go	•••••	do	•••••	7562			o		do							И
*	do	3	do.		do		7563 6957			r		Mornhia 1	2 · 2 · Infa	erior on	ium A	dulteration d	oubtful.		Ŋ
	Nov.		J. B. Ed		do		6958			Die		do	3.2.	do do		do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		И
	do	5	do do		do	• • • • • •	6959								ior opiui				11
	do	5	do		do	•••••	6960			len	do			erior on		do			Н
	do	5 23	M. Fiset		10ak	c	7348					Pure.							П
	Oct. do	23			do		7349			Co		do							П
	Nov.	8	do		do	******	7361			net		do							1
	do	8	•		do		7363					do							Ţ
	Oct.	13	M. Bown		Halifa		7060	J. G.	Smith .		do	Contains	9 5 p. c.	of mor	phia. U	nadulterated	l <b>.</b>		ı
	do	13	do		do		7061	A. A	. Woo li	11	. do		7.9	фo		do			1
	do	13	do	,	do		7063			1 <b></b>	do		7.5	do		do			П
	do	13	do		do		7663					Adulterate		0 р. с. с	of sand.				1
	Aug.	8	W. F. Be	st	St. Joi	ın	7236					Not adulte							I
	ďo	8	фo		do		7237			Bros		Not adulte			10 50 5				П
	⊇ do	8	do		d <b>o</b>	•••••	7238			ur		do	C			c, morphia.			П
•	do	8	do	• • • • • • •	do	*****	7249			•••••	do	do	1443	do	8	do			Ш
	Dec.		W. H. E	lli <b>s</b>	Toront	0	7556			s	Paregori		lterated.						П
	do	3	do		do	{				·····	do do		lo lo						11
	do	3	do		do		7558			••••••			lo						П
	do	3	do_,		do	.,	7559 <b>6919</b>			·····	do		c gravity	9.21	Genuine	ρ			П
	Nov.		J. B. Ed	wards						en	do		lo	9.35	do		in alcohol.	Adulteration	П
	do	1	do	•••1	do	•••••	0000	J AIII C	Goura	C11	1	`		0 00		doubtful			Н
	4.	,	оĥ	}	do	1	6951	Railla	roè & C	ie	do	d	lo	9.32	do		t in alcohol.		IJ
	do do	1	do	•••	do						do		lo	9.70.			il. Alcohol	deficient.	П
	do Oct.	18	M. Fiset.	•••	Quebec					au	do	Pure.							II
	do.	18			· .					Co	do	do							H
	Nov.	3	3 -		a .						do	do						i	11
	do	3	•		do			J. Ve	ldon		do	do						!	Ш
	do		M. Bowm		Halifax			M. F.	Eagar		do	Genuin	.e.						Н
	do	30	do		do		7082	Forsy	the, Sut	cliffee &	_	_							11
		,				İ					do	, do			,	. c A 114			H
	do	30	do		do						do	Alcoho	i used, 10	) p.c. u	nder pro	of Adulter	itea.		H
	do	30	do		do						do		ally colo					i	11
	Aug.	21	W. F. Be	st	St. Joh	n				& Co	do		ulterated.	. Norn		gu <b>u.</b>			11
	do	21	do		ďο					ur	do		lo		do do			1	II
	ao	21	d <b>o</b>		ďο			U. F.	Ulark		do		lo		<b>do</b>			į	11
	do	21	do		do		7257	r. B	parker d	Sons	do	C	lo		uo				U
		ı		•		1					l							•	

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# APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. DRUGS—Continued.

Da:	te.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Result	ts of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
188	4.						
Mar. do do	4 4 4	W. H. Ellis	do	8125 8126 8127	E. H. Pauld W. S. Robinson	Sulphur, Precipitate of. do do do	Adulterated with 45 p.c. of gypsum.  do 50 do  Unadulterated.  Adulterated with 35 do
do 188	4	do	do	8128	W. Gaynor	do.	Additionated with 35 do
	ı	J. B. Edwards	Managar	6216	Bourque & Cie	đo	Sublime sulphus instead of mills of sulphus. Not a Justice
Dec.	14	J. D. Edwards	Montreal	0210	Dourque & Ole	au	Sublime sulphur, instead of milk of sulphur. Not adulte ated.
	14	d <b>o</b>	do	6217	M. G. Edson & Co	do	Adulterated with 44 p.c. of gypsum.
ુ લઇ	14	₫o	do	6218	F. L. Palardy	do	do 44 do do
	14	do	do	6219	John Gardner	do	do <b>4</b> 9 do
188			ļ		1		
		M. Fiset	Quebec	7926	H. A. Parent	do	Pure.
	17	do	do	7927	T. Parent	do	do
do	17	do	do	7928	J. B. Parent.	do	do
do	17	do	do	7929	A. Parent	do	do
Feb.	9.	M. Bowman	Halifax	7849	M. F. Eagar	do	Contains 52.7 p.c. of sulphate of lime.
do	9	do	do	7850	J. G. Smith	do	do 52·6 do
do	9	do	do	7851	J. K. Bent	do	do 46·2 do
do	9	do	do	7852	Forsythe, Sutcliffee &		
			l l		Co	ďo	do 48:1 do
φo			St. John	8056	C. McGregor	do	Unadulterated.
фo	23	do	do	8057	S. McDiarmid	do	ďο
ďο	23	do	do	8058	Hanington Bros	do	do
do	23	do	do	8059	A. C. Smith & Co	do	do

#### LIQUEURS, &c.

188	4.						
Feb.	5	W. H. Ellis	Toronto	8103	J. D. Lea	Ginger Ale.	Unadulterated.
do.	5	do	do	8104	Jaffray & Ryan	do	do
do	5	do	do	8105	T. Miller	do	do
do	5	do	do	8106	McCormack Bros	do	do
	1	40		1	200012402 2102111111		
188	33.		1		ì	1	
Dec.		J. B. Edwards		6204	E. Elliott	do	Genuine and free from metallic impurities.
do	10	do	do	6205	D. Crawford		do do
do	10	do	do	6206	A. McGibbon & Co		do do
do	10	do	do	6207	Charles Gurd & Co		do do
do	28	M. Fiset	Quebec	7904	Turcotte & Prevost	do	Contains a little cream of tartar.
do	28	do	do	7905	Blumhart & Riverin	do	_ do do
do	28	do	do	7906	Del. Gravelle	do	Pure.
do	28	do	] do	7907	do	do	do
188	84.						
Jan.	30	M. Bowman	Halifax	7841	F. H. Renner	do	Unadulterated.
do	30	do	do	7842	P. J. Moynahan		do
do	30	do	do	7813	W. DeBay		do
<b>5</b> 5 do	30	do	do	7844	R. A. Letson	do	do
w do	4		St. John	8024	Thomas L. Bourke	do	No trace of any injurious substances.
do	4	do	do	8025	Thomas Furlong	do	do do
do	4	do	do	8026	J. Coughlan	do	do do
do	5	do	do	8033	M. Gallagher		do do Pure.
do	5	do	do	8034	James Ready	do	do do do
ф	5	do	do	8035	Thomas Nash	do	do do do
Feb.	23	do	do	8045	Samuel McGirr	do	Materials used in manufacture harmless.
do	23	do	do	8046	Thomas L. Bourke	do	do do
do	23	do	do	8047	John Foster	do	Contains nothing injurious.
do	23	do	do	8048	D. Breeze	do	do do
do	23	do	do	8049	Thomas Furlong	do	do do
18	83						
_					1	!	To 16 .4 42 A
Dec.	31	W. Saunders	London	7631	Charles Wilson	do	Belfast Ale. An arrated beverage containing no alcohol. Contains 5.40 p.c. sugar, a small quantity of tartaric acid, and
			1				is flavored with ginger and a little extract of rose.
do	31	do	do	7632	Charles Gurd & Co	do	do An grated beverage containing no alcohol. Contains
			20		1		6 90 p.c of sugar, a small quantity of tartaric acid,
						1	and is flavored with ginger.
do	31	do	do	7633	Joseph Bilton	do	do An ærated beverage containing no alcohol. Contains
4.0	52	40	,		Coppa Direction		6 40 p.c. sugar, and is flavored with ginger.
do	31	do	do	7634	J. Turner & Son	do	do An ærated beverage containing no alcohol. Contains
~~		40	1	,,,,,,			5.75 p.c. of sugar, and is flavored with ginger.
	•	•	•	ı	•	•	• • •

# APPENDIX C-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. LIQUORS, &c.—Continued.

D	ate.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.		Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
18	384.	·					
Jan. do do do do do		W. H. Ellis do do do do do do	Toronto  do  do  do  do  do  do	7580 7581 7583 7583 7584 7585 7586	Jewell & Clow F. A. Sheriff T. G. Bright M. McConnell Quetton, St. George &	Ginger Wine. do do do do do	30.64 p.c. proof spirit. 28.3 p.c. extract.  27.15
er do do do	24 24 24	do do do	do do do	7587 7588 7589	Co	do do do	26·49 do 15·52 do 25·83 do 28·64 do 26·49 do 25·38 do 28·46 do 17·66 do
Dec. do do do	- 1	J. B. Edwards do do do	Montreal do do	6212 6213 6214 6215	R. McShaneL. Chaput & filsM. PaquetteG. T. Gouthier	do do do do	14.5 do equal 7.8 of alcohol. Unadulterated. 13.5 do do 68 do do 14.2 do do 7. do do 14. do do 7. do do
do do do	22 22 23	do do do	do do d <b>o</b>	6226 6227 6228	John Hutchison Desmarteau & Co A. Quintal & Son	do do do	Alcohol, equal to 20 p.c. proof spirit. Unadulterated. Imported. do 22 do do do 19 do do
do do do Dec.			do do Quebec	6230 6231 7902	Meagher Brosdo A. McGibbon & Co Arthur Drolet	do do do	do 21 do do do do do do do 18·8 do do do do do do do do Contains too much sugar, and not enough alcohol.
do 19	27 84.	do	do	7903	J. Asselin	do	do doj
	-	_					
Jan. do do do	5 5 5	dodo	do do do	79 <b>22</b> 7923 732 <b>4</b>	Blumhart & Riverin T. Parent Turcotte & Prevost J. B. Z. Dubeau & Cie.	do do do	Too much water and sugar. A mixture of gin, sugar, ginger and water; bad. Too much sugar and water. Pure.
do <b>d</b> o	19 19	dodo	do	7934 7935	H. A. Parent	do do	Good, but weak in alcohol.  Consists of ginger soaked in water and sweetened with sugar.

da	191	do	ا مد	7936	T. Parent	do	Too much sugar a	nd water		
do do	19	3-	do	7937	A. Bernier	do	Too much water,		a old	17
do		M. Bowman		7831	C. & W. Anderson	do	Contains 26.6 of p			nd
do	25	a.	اید	7832		do	do 23·2	do do	do	1
		d'a	3.		Velly & Glassie	do	do 34.9	do	do	11
do	25		do	7833	James Knight	do do		go	do	
do	25	do	do	7831	James Scott & Co				do	i i
do	25	do	do	7835	W. M. Harrington & Co	ďο		do		}!
ďο	25	do	do	7836	C. F. Vose & Co	₫o	do 19·2	фo	do	į.
φo	25	do	do	7837	Velly & Glassie	фo	do 23.3	ďο	do	<b>}</b> !
ďο	25	do	do	7838	A. McDougall & Son	ďο	do 20.5	ģo	ģο	1
do	25	do	do	7839	C. F. Vose & Co	ďο	do 23·2	ďο	ďο	[ ]
ďο	25	do_	_ do	7840	Philip Hire	₫o	do 30.2	i go	do	ļ:
do	4	W. F. Best	St. John	8027	Thomas L. Bourke	фo	No trace of any in		tance.	1
ďο	4	do	do	8028	Thomas Furlong	ďο	do	ďo		i i
do	4	do	do	8029	J. Coughlan	фo	do	фo	-	j.
do	4	do	do	8030	M. Gallagher	do	do	фo	Pure.	1
дo	4	do	do	8031	James Ready	do	фo	do	do	ł
đo	4	do		8032	Thomas Walsh	фo	do	do		ì
Feb.	23	do	do	8040	Samuel McGirr	do	do	do		1
СĎ	23	do	do	8041	Thomas L. Bourke	do	do	<b>d</b> o		1
do	23	do	do	8042	John Foster	do	do	do		
do	23	do	do	8043	D. Breeze	do	do	do		i
do	23	do	do	8044	Thomas Furlong	do	do	do		
	1	_	j							i
පූ 18	83.									
-			i		1					
Dee.		W. Saunders	London	7621	E. Adams & Co	₫o	Contains 9.20 p.	alcohol, 12	.eo p.c. sugar	; flavoured with ginger.
do	31	do	do	7622	Tytler & Bullen	ďο	do 13.36		·20 do	do
do	31	do	do	7633	Ferguson Bros	do	do 12·13	do 18		do
do	31	do	do	7634	A. M. Smith & Co	фo	do 13.88		.80 qo	do [
do	31	do	do	7625	T. J. McDonough	do	do 11·47		.80 go	do
do	31	do	do	7 <b>6</b> 26	Alex. Wilson	do	do 13·25	do 5	•50 do	slightly flavoured with
	- 1									ginger.
do	31	do	do	7627	Fitzgerald & Scandrett	do	do 9.86		160 do	flavoured with ginger.
do	31	do	do	7628	Wilson & Munro	do	do 14·60		· 30 do	do [
do	31	do	do	7629	Elliott Bros	do	do 11·76		·65 do	do
do	31	do	do	7 <b>6</b> 30	John Scandrett	do	do 11. <b>54</b>	do 9	·60 do	do
		1			1					í:

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# APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued-CORDIALS.

Date.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
1884.  June 30 do . H. Ellis	Toronto do do do do do do do do do do	8677 8678	Fulton, Michie & Co M. A. Thomas Jaffray & Ryan James Good & Co H. Lindsay W. Bingham Jaffray & Ryan J. Combe H. Miller & Co Elliott & Co	Raspberry Vinegar. Contains nothing injuitous. do do do Lime Juice Cordial. do do Lime juice with about 20 p.c. sugar, do do do do do 25 do Limetta Cordial. do do do do do	

#### QUININE WINE, &c.

1884.   May 17   J. B. Edwards   Montreal   8244   do	of do do do liphate quinine to the oz. An disherry, one-half strength of poeia. In the oz. An lifetrength of Br. Pharmacopœia. In the oz. Full phate quinine to the oz. Full phate quinine to the oz. Configuration of the oz. Configuration of the oz. Half
-------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Sessional
Papers
(No

do	2 6	de	•••	đo	•••	8267	James Goulden	do Contains 18 p.c. alcohol, ½ gr. of sulphate quining to the cz. One- third strength B. P., half sherry wine, half weak tincture of
đo	26	do		do		8268	do	Warner's Safe Cure. Contains 19 p.c. alcohel, tincture of various drugs, flavoured with oil of wintergreen.
do	26	do	•••	do		8269	M. G. Edson & Co	Bitters. Contains 16 p.c. alcohol. Composed of aloes, bitters, &c.

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND MILK.

Date	e.	Name of	Divi	sion.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor		<u> </u>	
		Analys					Butter Fat.	Caseine.	
1883	3.							p. cent.	p. cent.
Sept.	22 أ	W. H. Ellis.		Toront		7498	J. A. Phillips	3.07	3.64
	22	do		do		7499	John Cooper	3.67	3.94
	22	do		do	•••••	7500	F. Sole	3.76	4.12
	22 22	do do	••••••	do-	*****	7501 7502	J. Preston	4·00 5 08	4·75 2·88
do :	44	αυ	*******	uo	•••••	1002	F. Thompson	0 00	2 00
do :	22	do		do		7503	H. M. McGrath	3.2	3.1
	22	do		do		7504	J. Ogden	3.9	31
	22	do	••••••	ďο	•••••	7505	W. Downey	39	3.5
	22	do	••••••	do		7506	R. O'Brien	3·2	2 9 3-2
do :	22	do	*******	do	•••••	7507	P. J. Doyle	3.4	32
1884	4.								
Jan.	28	do		do		7590	Mrs. Halligan	3·2	4.3
	28	do		do	•••••	7591	J. Carlin	2.9	3-2
	29	do	•••••	₫o	*****	7592	H. Tomlin	3.8	4.4
do :	28	do	*********	do	*****	7593	Toronto Dairy Co	8.7	3.3
do :	28	đo		do		7594	Geo. Orser	5.7	4.6
	28	do		do	*****	7595	John Anderson	3.8	3.7
	28	do		do	*****	7596	J. Dunn	3.9	3-6
	28	do		do	*****	7597	8. Fraser	3.8	3.5
	28	do		do	•••••	9598	Jas. Harris	3.9	3.7
	28	do	•• ••••••	do	•••••	7599	Sam. Prout	2.7	2.9
June	4	do	********	do	•••••	8601	J. Fletcher	3·5 3·0	4.4
do do	4	do do	*********	do	*****	8602 8603	A. Reddock	3.0	4.1
do	9	do		do	•••••	8607	Walter McFarren	2.7	3.9
do	9	do		do	•••••	8608	Toronto Dairy Co	3.1	4.0
фo	9	· do		do	*****	8609	J. Watson	1.7	40
	1	do	•••••	do	*****	l	1		
	11					8611	A. Anderson	3.7	4·0 3·4
	11	do	•••••	do	•••••	8612	F. W Peacock	3·7 3·3	3.2
	11 20	do do	••••••	do do	•••••	8613 8620	John Cooper	3.3	41
				i "	*****	5020			} ~~
	20	do	•••••	do	*****	8621	T. Haskin	3 3	4.0
do	20	do	•••••	go	*****	8622	J. Macmillan	41	4.3
1 <b>8</b> 8	3.								l
Ane	15.	J. B. Edwa	rds	Montr	ല	6905	John Flanigan	2.1	4-2
do.	15	do		do		6906	Alex. Tait.	4.5	4.1
do	15	do	•••••	do	*****	6907	James Delaney	3.1	4.5
go	15	do	•••••	do	•••••	6908	Wm. Thornley	2.2	4.5
Sept.	3	do	•••••	do	*****	6925	M. Hagarty	2.1	5.4
do do	3	do	•••••	do	•••••	6926	Alex. Tait	3·1 3·3	5·4 5·
do	3	do do	*****	do	• • • • • •	6927 6928	Wm. Small	2.6	5-
do	3	do	*****	po	•••••	6935	Thos. O'Connor	2.8	4.
do	3	do	******	do	•••••	6936	Patrick Rooney	1	4.1
Nov.	27	do	*****	do		6965	W. B. Dickson	3.4	4.6
<b>do</b>	27		*****	do	*****	6966	Alfred Evans	2.1	4.9
do	27 27	do	*****	do	••••	6967	James Miller	3·1 4·1	4·9 5·2
_•		, 40	******	l do	****	t 6968 <b>58</b>	J. O'Shaughnessy	( .x.r	, ,,

DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.-Continued.

RESUL	ts of An	ALYSIS.			
Sugar	Ash.	Tot	tal.	Cream.	Remarks: by the Analyst.
Salts.		Solids.	Water.		
p. cent.	p. cent.	p. cent.	p. cent.	p. cent.	
4.07	•70	11.48	88 52	5.	Watered.
4.66	.77	13.00	87·00 86·99	10· 11·	Unadulterated. do
4.44	.69	13.01 13.60	86 49	9.	do
4·11 4·46	74 ·62	13.04	86 96	14.	Watered; the proportion of fat is large; probably
2 40	02	1002			some cream.
5.6	.7	126	87.4	5.	Unadulterated.
5·1	-7	12.8	87.2	9· 11·	do
5.1	•7	12.2	87·8 87·8	10.	do
5.4	•7	12·2 12·4	87.6	9.	l do` l do
5-1	•7	12.4	""		uo 
4.6	-8	12.9	87.1	10.4	do
4.6	-6	11.3	88•7	9.6	do
4.8	-8	13.8	86.2	10.4	do
4.4	.7	17.1	82.9	18.4	This is not a sample of ordinary milk, but is either
	. 10	14.0	86 00	12.	mixed with cream or extraordinarily rich in fat. Unadulterated.
3 0	•7	13.5	86.5	11.2	do
5.2	·8 ·7	13 5	86.5	7.2	do
5.3	.7	14.6	85.4	7.6	do
6·6 5·0	.7	13.3	86.7	13.2	do
5·1	-7	11.4	88.6	11.6	Watered, or else very poor.
4.2	.7	12.8	87.2	11.	Unadulterated.
4.7	.7	126	87.4	6.	do
4.8	.7	12 6	87 4	7.	do
4.8	.7	12.1	87.9	5.	do
<b>4</b> ·6	.7	12.4	87.6	5· 4·	do
5.2	•7	11.9	88.1	4.	Skimmed; no change had taken place to interfere with analyses.
	.97	12.8	87.2	9.	Unadulterated.
4.4	·7 ·7	12.3	87.7	6.	do
4·5 5·5	7	12.7	87.3	7.	do
4·2	.7	12.2	87.8	12.	Unadulterated; milk sour, and hence its specific
7 4	'	1		1	gravity could not be taken.
4.2	.7	12.2	87.8	13.	do do do
4.7	·6	13.6	86.4	16.	Unadulterated.
				6.	Adulterated by removal of cream and addition of salt.
5.8	.8	12.1	87.9	12.	Good milk.
4.2	6	12.8	89·2 87·6	9-	Genuine.
4.8	.7	12.4	88.7	6.	Poor milk; cream removed.
4.6	•7	11.3	86 9	8.	Deficient in cream; not adulterated.
5·6 5·4	.7	13.8	86.2	9.2	Genuine.
5·4 5·1	8	13.4	86 6	10.	do
5.0	.7	12.6	87.4	9.	do
5.	•6	11.8	88 2	7.	Adulterated by addition of water and salt.
5.	.7	12.4	87 6	16.	Genuine.
5.	.6	13.0	87*	11.	do
5 9	-8	12.0	88.	6.	Deficient in cream; excess of salt; adulteration doubtful
4.5	.6	12.5	37.5	10.	Genuine.
4.4	l ·8	137	86.3	12-	l an

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND MILK—

								····	MILL V
Da	Date.		Name of Division.		No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Caseine.	
									<u> </u>
18	83.				]			p. cent.	p. cent.
Dec.			dwards			6208	J. Cousineau	3.6	4.4
do do	12 12		lo lo	do		6209 <b>62</b> 10	Anatole Papineau James Hodge	2·7 4·5	4·8 5·0
do	12		lo	do		6211	Joseph Poutre	3.1	4.8
ďο	20		lo	do		6220	Alex. Tait	2.8	52
do	20	C	lo	do	*****	6221	Gravel frère	2.9	4.6
18	84.			l					İ
Jan.	30	ć	lo	do		6240	Wilfred Gagnon	3.8	4:1
do	30		lo	do		6241	A. Lebrecque	2.7	4.3
ďο	30		lo	do	******	6242	W. Laporte	3.1	4.7
do Feb.	30 28		lo lo	do		6243 6293	James Delourie	2·4 2·7	4·3 5·3
do	28		lo			6294	James Cullins	4.3	5.2
ďο	28		lo			6295	John Murphy	2.9	5.
do do	28 28		io io		*****	6296 8216	Sarah Cassidy	2·0 1·6	4·8 3·3
Mar.	13		lo			8217	Vanier & frères	20	5.5
фo	13		ļo		•••••	8218	Thomas Gauthier	4.6	5.3
do	13	(	io	do	•••••	8219	Albert McDcnald	2.0	4.6
	83.						}		l
Oct.			et			7316	A. Clavet	4.10	6.93
do do	3 9	do do	**************		*****	7317 7324	Theo. Julien	3 50 4 1	3.80
ďo	9	do	**********		*****	7325	P. Gilbert	3.60	7.38
ďο	16	do	•••••		•••••	7334	G. Michaud	2.73	2.08
do do	16 23	do			•••••	7335 7344	Geo. Dubé	2.2	7.16
do	23	do			*****	7345	Jean GirouxF. Blouin	4·20 2·34	6.38
Nov.		do	******			7354	H. Martin	3.30	4.10
do	<del>_</del>	do	******		•••••	7355	F. Carrier	3.50	4.
Dec. do	12 12	do	*****		•••••	7372 7373	Louis Samson	2·90 2·00	5·1 6·6
do	12	do	*****	1 -		7374	Antoine Carrier	2.40	3.6
ďο	12					7375	H. Martin	2.30	5.1
do do	18 18	do	******			7386 7387	Hubert Samson	4 90 3 00	5·0 5·1
do	18	do				7388	Ant. Bisson	3.30	4.9
₫o	18	do			••••	7389	Louis Ruel	5.1	4.9
do	27	do	•••••	1 .	*****	7400 7901	Jos. Godbout	3.20	4.20
<b>d</b> o	27	do	40 00	do	*****	1801	Prisque Gilbert	2.86	4.30
	84.			١,		7000	n: 5 ::		
Apri do	1 7 7	do		do do	*****	7988 7989	Pierre Beaulieu Louis Carrier	1 2·90 1 ·40	6·20 4·35
qo	7	do	******		*****	7990	Charles Carrier	.40	5.00
ďο	7	do		. do	•••••	7991	George Dubeau	5.20	7.00
go go	16	do	******		*****	7992	J. McKew		4.60
	16	do	•••••	. uo	•••••	7993	J. Beaulieu	.80	200
do	16		******				Presque Gilbert		4 00
do	16	do	*****			1 0000	Alfred Langlois François Gingras	2·80 3·20	3·90 4·40
do	29								

DRUGS,-Tabulated Statement, &c.-Continued.

Continued.

	Resul	ts of Ana	lysis.		_ , , , , , , ,
Sugar and	Ash.	To	tal.	Cream.	Remarks by the Analyst.
Salts.		Solids.	Water.		
p. cent.					
4.5	•6	12.5	87·5 87·2	12· 7•	Rich milk.
5·3 5·5	·7 ·9	12·8 15·	85.	13.	Doubtful; cream deficient, Genuine and rich, but excess of salt and borax.
<b>4</b> ·9	.7	12.8	87.2	9.	Genuine.
5.	7 .9	13· 12·5	87. 87.5	9· 10·	do do
5.					
4.	-6	11·9 12·0	88·1 88·	11.	do Adulterated by removal of cream.
5·0 4·9	.6	12.7	87.3	10.	Genuine.
4.5	.7	11·2 13·0	88·8 87 0	7· 9·	Skimmed and watered.
5∙0 5•0	-8	14.8	85.2	12.	Good milk.
4 5	-8	12 4 12·00	87·6 88·00	10.	Genuine.
5·2 4·6	·8 ·4	95	90.5	4.5	Adulterated by removal of cream. Adulterated by the addition of 20 per cent. of water.
4.5	-8	120	88.0	6.	Skimmed.
5.0	.6	11.3	85·2 88·70	13.	Very rich milk.  Adulterated with 15 per cent. of water.
4.7		1			additional with 10 per coast of water.
4.07	.60	15.70	84.30	13.	Very good.
4·07 3 30	.70	14.30	85.70	12.	Pure.
4.5	·7 ·8	13·1 14·20	86·9 85·8	11.	Good. Pure.
2·42 4·98	-58	10.37	89.63	7.	Probably diluted with water.
5.	.6	11.90	88·10 85·40	6· 12·	Diluted with water.
2·64 4·62	·60 ·40	14.60	86.26	11.	Pure.
4.30	.60	12.30	87.70	11.	Good quality.
4.05	·75	12·30 13·80	87·70 86·20	8.	Normal. Adulteration doubtful.
5.€0 4.80	.7	14.10	85.90	3.	Skimmed.
3.	·6	9.60	89·40 86·40	5.	Diluted with from 18 to 20 p c. of water.
5·4 4·1	.8	13 60	85 20	13	Skimmed. Rich.
4.7	.6	13.40	86.60	11:	Pure.
5.5	1 .8	14.50	85·50 85·00	11.	do Rich.
4·1 4·8	.60	15·00 12·80	87.20	8.	Pure.
5.0	.30	12.46	87.54	10.	do
2.80	.60	12.50	87·50 89 60	9· 7·50	Good. Skimmed.
5·30 3·10	·35 ·40	10 40 8 90	91.10	2.00	do
2 80	.60	15 60	84.40	17 22	Very rich. Superior.
5·60 5·40	·60	14 80		5	This is the fifth sample taken from the same vend
	1		1	10.	and all of inferior quality; skimmed.
5.30	.40	12·50 12·40		9.	Good; pure. Pure.
5·20 4 60	·50	12.40	87.20	10	do
5 00				1 10.	∣ do

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND MILK—

									M(LK-
Date.		(	me of lyst.	Divis	ion.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Caseine.
188	3.							p. cent.	p. cent.
Ano.	15	M. Bowm	an	Halifax		7034	Mrs. Charles McGinnis	3 98	3 05
do	15	ďο		do		7025	Mary Garrety	2 58	4.76
Sept.	7	do		do		7040	Mary Walsh	3.09	3.89
do do	14	do do		do	•••••	7041 7044	Wrs. James Burns	3·70 2·15	3·83 3·16
do	14	do		do		7045	Thos. Mott.	2.16	4.65
do	26	do		do		7048	Mrs. Ann Chisholm	3.04	3.47
do	26	do	••••••	do		7049	Charlotte McInnis	3 48	3.21
Oct.	3	do	•••••••	do		7052	Wm. DeBay	4·34 4·07	3.79
do Dec.	3 12	do do	••••••	do do	•••••	7053 7097	Mrs. Gallickson	2.76	3.00
do.	12	do		do		7098	Mrs. Moriarty	3.08	4.06
đo	19	do		do		7803	Mary Shanahan	3.12	4.19
do	19	do		đo		7804	Catherine McCann	2.93	3.93
188	34.								
Jan.	4	do		đo		7813	Charles Craig	3.15	3.27
do	4	do		do		7814	Ruben Lockhart	3.41	4.08
do	11	do	•••••	do	•••••	7817	Joseph Graves	3.56	3 41
do	11	do	••••••	do	•••••	7318	Wm. DeBay	4·12 4·39	3.09
do do	17 17	do do		do do		7829 7830	Mary Walsh	4.42	3.90
April		do	*******	do	•••••	7883	Alexander Bond	2.69	3.50
do	24	do	*******	do		7884	Mary Garrety	3.03	2.77
do	24	qo	••••••	do	•••••	7389	James Sutherland	3.64	2.92
do	24	do	*******	do		7890 7895	Richard D. O'Neal	1·90 2·35	3.41
May do	1	do do	••••••	do		7896	Clara M. Webster	2.97	2.92
do	5	do	••••••	do		8103	Maurice Bowler	2.71	3.79
do	5	do	******	do	•••••	8404	Mary Walsh	3.92	3.47
do	12	do	••••••	do	••••	8407	James McLeod	2.92	3.39
do	12	do		do	•••••	8408	Bransard & Acoin	2.22	2.66
18			_						
	10		Best				A. Uavener	3·35 2·50	3 15
do do	10	do	••••••	do			Mrs. A. Lenahan S. F. McLeod		3.00
do	22	do	.,	do		F0.00	S. Conden	3.75	5.75
do	23	do	••••••	1 .		7270	T. Ritchie		3.00
do	22	do	••••••		•••••	2070	E. V. Hunt		2.75
do	27		••••••		*****	7272	John Foster	2·30 4·20	3.00
do do	27 27		*******	1 1		7274	J. D. McAvety		5.40
Dec.	12	do	*******			7004	E. V. Hunt.		4.20
do	12	do		do	****	7295	King Bros	9.50	5.00
do	12	do	******	do	****	7296	J. Smith	3.50	4.00
Jan.	84.	A		1		9097	Wm Nama	3.20	4.00
go.	4 4		*******	1 -		1 000.	Vanwart Bros		4.40
do	4						E. V. Hunt	2.80	3.80
Feb.	23	do	*******		••••	8062	Wm. Baxter	2.30	4.40
do do					****		Mrs. Ann Kenney		4·40 3·80
				. 410	*****		DE INC. A DESTRUCTION	., 340	200

#### DRUGS .- Tabulated Statement, &c .- Continued.

Continued.

RESU	LTS OF AN	ALYSIS.					
Sugar and	Ash.	Tot	tal.	Cream.	Remarks by Analyst.		
Salts.	1100.	Solids.	Water.	Croam.			
p. cent.	p. cent	p. cent.	p. cent.	p. cent.			
5.37 3:33 5:02 5:13 4.03 5:34 4:81 5:03 5:31 3:95 4:99 4:99 5:10 5:02	69 63 -70 -70 -66 -89 -73 -72 -75 -61 -70 -69 -78	13·09 11·30 12·70 13·36 10·00 12·95 12·05 12·05 12·74 14·19 11·63 11·98 12·75 13·19 12·59	86.91 88.70 87.30 86.64 90.00 87.95 87.26 85.81 88.37 88.02 87.25 86.81 87.41	12. 7.7 9.5 11.5 6.0 6.5 9.5 13.5 12. 8.3 9.2 9.7 9.	Unadulterated. Watering doubtful. Unadulterated. do Watered to the extent of 10 p.c. Skimmed. Unadulterated. Good milk. do Watered. Genuine. do do do do		
3·63 4·74 4·22 3·96 5·16 5·20 4·77 5·31 4·33 4·89 4·94 5·14 5·17 4·80 4·23	·62 ·71 ·65 ·64 ·73 ·69 ·71 ·69 ·71 ·70 ·45 ·74 ·74 ·65 ·65	10·72 12·94 11·84 11·81 14·18 14·30 11·70 11·48 10·91 11·71 9·74 12·38 13·30 11·76 9·76	89·28 87·06 88·16 83·19 85·82 85·70 88·30 88·29 90·26 87·62 86·70 88·29 90·24	9. 10.3 10.5 12.2 13.5 13.7 9. 9.1 11. 4.8 7.5 9. 8.2 11.8 8.8 6.7	Watered. Genuine. Watered. do Genuine. do do Watering doubtful. Watered. Skimmed. Adulterated; deficient in cream. Heavily watered. Genuine. do Doubtful. Watered.		
4·80 3·75 3·50 4·25 4·50 3·40 4·00 6·20 4·50 5·10	-60 -75 -80 -75 -55 -60 -80 -70 -70	11·80 11·50 9·55 14·55 12·00 9·20 9·40 13·60 14·40 13·40 12·50 12·20	88 20 88 50 90.48 85 45 88 00 90 80 90 60 86 40 85 60 79 50 87 80	9. 8. 6.5 12. 10. 7. 6.5 12. 9.50 13.	Watered. Part of cream removed. do Probably goats milk; hircic acid. Not adulterated. Doubtful. do Not adulterated. Doubtful. Not adulterated. Very large percentage of fat. Not adulterated.		
4 30 4·70 4·70 4·10 3·30 4·30	·70 ·70 ·70 ·70 ·60 ·70	12·20 13·00 12·00 11·50 11·00 12·50	87·80 87·00 88·00 88·50 89·00 87·50	16· 15· 14· 6· 5· 9·50	do do do Skimmed. Deficient in cream. Fair quality. 63		

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND

									MILK-
Date.		Name of Analys	Divisi	on.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Butter Fat.	Cascine.	
								p. cent.	p. cent.
				a				_	<b>1</b> -
Feb-		W. F. Best				8065	Mrs. A. Wallace	3.00	3.90
April		do	•••••	do	•••••	8087	John Carney	2·80 2·0	4·40 5·
do	15	do	••••••	do	•••••	8088 8089	Mrs. A. Donovan B. McLeod	4.	3.75
do May	15 16	do do		do do		8515	J. Donovan	3.75	4.50
do	16		********		•••••	8516	A. Myers	3.25	3 50
do	18		********			8517	John Carney	3.50	3 50
June		do		do		8524	S. F. McLeod	3.30	4.
do	16	do	•••••	do	*****	8525	D. G. Gillies	2.50	5-10
do	16	do	••••••	do	*****	8526	David Donovan	4.25	7-75
			*********	"		1			1
18	83.			}					ĺ
Oct.	31	Wm. Saund	Arg	Londo	n	7169	Wm. Gilbert	3.74	3-60
do	31	do		do	100000	7070	Geo. Page	3.32	3:48
do	31		*****	do	*****	7171	Mrs. Murray	4.56	3.26
do	31		*****	do	*****	7172	Mrs. Smith	3.70	3-85
do	31	do	*****	do		7173	John Walker	3.32	3-65
Nov.	9	do	*****	do	•••••	7188	A. Ferguson	3.30	3-34
do	9		•••••	do	•••••	7189	Job. Cox	3.71	3.45
do	9	do		do		7190	Wm. Cooper	3.70	3-50
do	9	do		do	*****	7191	James Scott	3.80	3.66
do	9	do	*****	do	*****	7192	James Weston	3.78	3.34
Dec.	15	do				7616	John Trott	2.90	3-20
do	15			1 3		7617	Samuel Cooper	4.10	3-90
do	15			do	*****	7618	John Murray	3.70	4.10
do	15	do	*****	do		7619	E. Platt	3.90	4-20
do	15	do		do	*****	7620	Robert Secombe	3 30	3.40
do	31	do		do	••••	7635	Samuel Cooper	4.10	3.60
do	31	do	*****	do	*****	7636	Isaac Balkwill	4.00	3.90
do	31			do	*****	7637	Robert Teeple	4.05	3.20
do	31		•••••		*****	7638	Thomas Sparks	2.50	2.60
do	31	do	••• ••	do	*****	7639	Wm. Hill	3.60	3.75
18	84.								
Mar.	29	đo		do	*****	7696	Nathan Griffith	4.00	3.00
do	29	do	•••••	1 -	*****	7697	John Murray	4.10	3.10
do	29	do	*****	, .		7698	Alex. Stinson	4.40	2.90
do			*****	1 3		7699	P. Slaght	3.70	3.30
do	29	do	*****	1 .	*****	7700	Gerrie Bros	2.70	2.30
do	29		*****		*****	7701	Robert Carruthers	4.20	4.35
do	29		*****	1 .		7702	John Fixter	3 50	4-30
do	29	do	*****	1 7		7703	Isaac Sargent	4.60	4'50
do	29	do	*****	1 1	*****	MH04	Charles Cannon	3.70	3 35
do	29		• •••		•••••	7705	Samuel Cooper	3.75	3.40
		1		1		1		<u> </u>	1

DRUGS.—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

#### Continued.

RESU	T OF ANA	LYSIS.						
Sugar and	Ash.	To	tal.	Cream.	Remarks by Analyst.			
Salts.	Asu.	Solids.	Water.					
p. cent.	p. ceut.	p. cent.	p. cent.	p. cent.				
4.60	-80	12:30	87 70	10.50	Fair quality.			
4.10	·75	12 05	87.95	10.	Genuine.			
4.50	75	12.25	87·75 88·25	6·75 12·50	Doubtful. Excellent.			
3.20	'50	11.75	87.05	8.	Unadulterated.			
4 00	·70 ·60	10 60	89.40	10.	do			
3·25 4·75	.75	12.50	87.50	7.	do			
3.20	.90	11.70	88.30	8.	do			
4.10	.70	12.40	87 60	6.	Deficient in cream.			
1.50	.90	14.40	85 60	8.	Fair.			
5:41	.77	12.75	87.25	11.	Pure milk.			
3.45	·65	10 25	89.75	9.	Adulterated with from 10 to 15 per cent, of water,			
4 78	.70	12 60 13 10	87·40 86 90	13·5 12·	Pure milk; very rich.			
5.55	.90	11.20	88.80	10.	Pure, rich milk. Pure milk.			
4.23	·74 ·64	13.50	86 59	10.	do			
6.86 4 81	.61	12.	88.	11.	Milk fully up to the average for richness, but low i specific gravity and proportion of solids.			
6.31	·70	13 51	86·49 86·55	11.5	Pure, rich milk.			
5.99	-68	13·45 13·04	86 96	11.2	do do			
6.03	·66	9 70	90.30	8.5	Adulterated with water to extent of about 15 per cen			
3.40	-64	12.20	87.80	13.	Pure, rich milk.			
4 20 3·95	-67	11.75	88.25	11.	Pure milk.			
5.40	.70	13.50	86.50	12.	Pure rich milk			
3.80	.68	10.50	89 50	9 75	Specific gravity and proport'n of solids suspiciously lov			
6 00	70	13 70	86.30	13.	A pure, rich milk.			
5.60	.74	13.50	86 50	11.5	do do			
4.75	.61	12.00	90.	7.5	Adulterated with about 14 per cent. water.			
4 90 5 65	·65 ·75	13.00	87.	li.	Pure milk.			
7·10	.67	14.10	85.90	11.	Rich, pure milk.			
6·10	-61	13.40	86 60	11 5	do			
6.08	-69	13.38	86.63	12	do			
7.35	•70	14 25	85.75	10	Pure milk.			
7 93	·72	12 93	87 08	12.5	In this instance a part of cream removed by skimmin Rich, pure milk.			
6.58	.63	15.13	84 87	10.	Pure milk.			
7.28	•74	15.08	81·93 84·45	12.5	Pure, rich milk.			
6.45	70	15 55	84.45	10.5	Pure milk.			
7·60 7·90	·72 ·65	14·65 15·05	84 95	10 5	do			

### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND INFANTS'

Date.		of	Name of Division. Analyst.		No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Fat.	Albumi- noids.			
18	54.		,					p. cent.	p. cent.		
May do do do Jan.	19 19 19	W. H. Ellis do do do Wm. Saundo		do do do		8155 8156 8157 8158 7666	R. G. Bredin	1 6 1 4 1 7 1 5	7·0 7· 7· 7·		
do	31	do		do		<b>76</b> 67					
do	31	đo		do		7668		•••••	••••••		
do	31	do	•••••	do	••••	7669		*** ***** ****	•••••		
do	31	do		do		7670			•••••••		
do	31	do	•••••	do	•••••	7671			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
do do do do do	31 31 31 31 31	do do do do do	•••••	do do do do do do		7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665	Harkness & Co				

DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. F000.

RESULTS	OF ANAL	Y 818.		
Carboh	ydrates.	Ash.	Water.	Remarks by the Analyst.
Soluble.	In- soluble.			
p. cent.	p. cent.		p. cent.	
21·3 19·6	62·1 63·7	·7 ·8	7.3	Manufactured by Fish & Ireland, Lachine, P.Q.
16·0 22 5	65·2 60·9	.7	7.4	A farinaceous milk food; the quantity of fat is small; otherwise of good quality.
	The ord	. A fine	powder, haracteris	consisting of about 70 p.c. of a thoroughly baked farinaceous tics of ground biscuit, mixed with milk and containing about 20
p.c. 6	of sugar.	od Afin	e nowder	, consisting of a partly baked farinaceous material, having the eat flour and oatmeal and containing about 3 p.c. of sugar. Con-
tains	no milk.	fna nowd	er, consist	ing of a northy haked faring come material having the character-
istice	of a. mi	xture or o	rimeni rn	d wheat hour and containing about 2 p.c. of sugar. Contains no
	ood, prepa	ngrances.	HEATING CI	mpbell & Co. A fine powder, consisting chiefly of partly baked the characteristics of a mixture of oatmeal and wheat flour, with appery clm bark. Contains no milk.
Imperial	Granum.	Anne I	powder, c	onsisting of partly baked farmaceous substances, chiefly wheat
Ready C	ooked Foo	d Co., of	Rochester	c, N.Y. Consists of ground peas, mixed with wheat flour, and
Arrowro	ly baked. ot. Ash,	1·8. Con	tains notl	hing but pure arrowroot. do
do do	do	1.6	do do	do do
do do	<b>d</b> o do	2 · 1	do	do do
do	do	1.2	40	uo

4-53\*\*\*

## APPENDIX C.-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c. - Continued.

### POTTED MEATS AND FISH.

Dat	te.	Name of Analyst	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor. Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.	
188					•	
April	7	W. H. Ellis		8641	F. Furnival Sardines. Contain a trace of tin per lb.; of good quality.	
do	7	do		8642	177 · 1 3 [ K [ ] [ ]   L [ ] D [ ] E [ ]   do do do do	
do	3	do	do	8643	R. S. Gallagher Oysters. Contain 1 grain of tin per lb. The tin leaked and the oysters	zara hagin
do	3	do	3.			ere negin-
do	7	do	1 1	8644	11 Of Oill O 168 U Salmon. Contain a trace of tine of good quality	
June	28	do	1 1	86+5	10. Delloy	
Dune	20	uo	do ,	8646	R S. Gallagher Oysters. Can fleaked, and the cysters were partly decomposed and unfil	t for food:
do	28	do	do	8647		,
	28	da	3	8648	W. J. Graham Sardines. Good quality; contained traces of tin.	
	29	4			W. Hallian Wackerel. do do l'aroin of sin to the li-	
	28	4.	1 1	00.00	J Forster Lobster. do do traces of tin.	
	27	do	) a		Ino. Ringer Salmon. do do do	
	27	do	1 ,		P. Nesbit Corned Beef. do do do	
	27	do	٠		H. Peirce Roast Beef. do do 10 grain of tin to the lb.	
	27	do	do		A. Bailey Boncless Turkey do do traces of tin Mrs Bitton Pigs' Feet do do mere traces of tin	
	27	do	1		Mrs Bilton	
		J. B. Edwards	Montreal	0.3.0	J. Shields Roast Turkey. do do 1 grain of tin in the lb.	
do	27	do			Chas McCambridge Lobsters. Genuine; in good condition, free from metallic impurities.	
	27	do	1		Henry Mooney Sardines. Genuine, and free from metallic impurities.  M. Elliott	
Mar.	12	do				
	12	do	1 3			
	12	do	1		TV D	
	20	do .	. a.	0004		
	20	do "	; a.	0.00	do Anchovy Paste. Unadulterated and of good quality.	
	20	do	. do	8236	A. A. Perry	
	26	do	1 1	Cara		
	30	do	1 .1 .	0384	D. Hatton & Co	
	30	dυ	1 4		do Lobster. do do do	
do	30	તોળ	1 1.	8258	do Mackerel. Excellent quality do	

May	301	J. B. Edwards	Montreal	8259	D. Hatton & Co Salmon. Excellent quality and flavor; free from metallic impurities.
	31	do	do	8260	Dufresne & Mongenais Bonless Turkey. Excellent; no metallic impurity.
do	31	do	do	8761	T. Tiffin & Co dinced Beef. Good quality do
ďo	31	do	do	8262	Dufresne & Mongenais. Mock Turtle Soup. Composed of jelly, fluid and slightly decomposed; traces of
	- 1	]	1		tin and lead; unwholesome.
do	31	do	do	8263	do Corned Beef. Meat of fir quality: traces of tin and iron, no lead.
do	31	d <b>o</b>	do	8264	Clarke & 'o Tongue. Excellent quality: no metallic impurity.
Mar.	31	M. Fiset	Quebec	7970	Ignace Couture, Lobster. Pure.
<b>A</b> pril	1	do	do	7974	John Buchanan Salmon. Unadulterated; contains vegetable tincture and some starch.
ďo	1	do	do	7982	J. E. Asselin Corned Beef. Good quality.
do	1	do	do	7983	do
do	1	do	do	7984	J. B. Z. Dubeau & Co. Roast Mutton. do well prepared, but too fat.
do	1	do	cb	7987	Blumh -rt & Riverin   Sardines do
do	1	do	do	7998	A. Grenier Salt Tongue. Excellent.
do	1	do	do	7999	do Chicken. Good.
May	31	do ob	do	8344	Turcotte & Prevost   Tongue   Pure and excellently prepared.
do	31	do	do	8325	do Beef Pure and well prepared.
June	6	do	do	8332	A. Carrier Roast Beef. do
do	6 }	do	do	8334	John Buchanan, Corned Beet. Excellent.
do	7	do	do	<b>8337</b>	A. Droletdo A good preparation.
do	16	do	do	8345	Dabeau & Cie
do	16.	do	do	8346	A. Grenier Salmon. Pure.
do	17	do	do	8317	F X Lang'ois Ham and Turkey. Pure.
ട do	20	do	do	8353	Dubeau & Cie Beiled Bacon. do
φ do	20	do	_do	8354	Curcotte & Prevost Soiled Mutton. Pure, but too fat.
A pri		M. Bowman		7885	Daniel Johnston Salmon. In good condition; free from metallic impurity.
do	21	do	do	7886	John Leally Lobster. In bad condition; unfit for food.
do	24	do	do	7887	D. U. McLeod Beef. In good order; free from metallic impurity.
do	21	do	do	7888	David-on Bros Tongue. do do
do	29		do	7891	O. & W. Anderson Oysters. Of good quality.
go	29	do	do	7892	W. M. Harrington & Co do do
do	29	do	do	7893	Philip Hire Mackerel. do
_do	29	do	do	7891	E. W. Crease Beef. do
June		do	do	8133	Jas Scott & Co Chicken and Ham. In good order; nothing injurious.
do	4	1 ,	do	8434	Philip Hire Beef. do do
do	4		do	8435	Jas. Scott & Co
сþ	5		do		do Shrimp Paste. do do
ďο	5	1 .	do	8437 8438	Mrs. Onésime Dompierre Oysters. do do
do	5		do	1 1 1	J. W. Meserny Lobster. do do
do	6	do	do	8439	O. Graham & Co Sardines. In fair condition; contain a trace of fin.
ďο	5	1 .	do	8140	E. W. Crease Salmon. In good condition; contains nothing injurious.
ďο	4		do	8431	C. & W. Anderson Beef. do do
do.	5	do	do	8432	Roderic Macdonald Tongue. do do
		W. F. Best		8100	J. S. Armstrong & Bro.   Salmon.   Fresh and fit for food.
do	23	do	do	8501	D. Breeze. do Contains traces of tin.
go	23	do	do	8502	Vanwart & Wheaton do do and lead in solution.
do	23	do	do	8503	Wm. Magee do do several large pieces of loose
		1	1		solder in the can, weighing 3 oz.

APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

POTTED MEATS AND FISH—Concluded.

Da	te.	Name of Analyst.		Divis	ion.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
188	34.							
May do June do do do do do do do	12 4 4 10 10 10	do do do do do do		St. John do do do do do do do do do do do do do	n	8504 8505 8527 8528 8529 8516 8517 8548 8549 8550	Daniel Keenan	Lobster. Loose solder in the can, but no dissolved lead or tin detected.  do Fresh and well preserred; no traces of metallic impurities.  Becf. Traces of lead; dangerous; can lined with lead instead of tin.  do do do do  Tongue. Fresh and fit for food. Salmon. do  Mutton. Traces of lead and tin; dangerous.  Koast Beef. do do  Finnan Haddie. Stale, but no traces of metallic contamination.  Lobster. Stale; traces of lead in solution; much loose solder.
188	3.							
Nov.	2	Wm. Saunde	rs	London		7174	Delhi Canning Co	Canned duck. In good state of preservation, fresh and sweet; contains traces of iron and faint traces of lead; no tiu.
do	2	do	•••	do		7175	Albert Co	Preserved sardines. In good state of preservation, but contains traces of tin; no iron or lead.
do	2	do	•••	do		7176	Wm Clark	Potted beef. In good state of preservation; contains traces of iron, but no other metallic impurities.
do	2	do	•••	do		7177	Armour Canning Co	Potted ham. In a fine state of division, flavoured with mustard; containing traces of iron and tin.
188	4.							
April do	<b>3</b> 0	do do	•••	do do		7736 7737		Salmon. In good state of preservation and free from all metallic impurities.  Mackerel. In good state of preservation, containing a faint trace of iron; no other metallic impurities.
do	30	do	•••	do		7738	E. M. Tilman	Lobster. Well preserved, contains traces of iron and tin, but no other metallic impurity.
do do	30 30	đo do		do		7739 7740	Ben. A. Johnston Farr & Bryant	Tongue Meat fresh and well preserved; free from all metallic impurity.  Becf. Meat well preserved and spiced with pepper, but contains decided traces of lead; no other metallic impurity.
do	30	do	•••	do		77:1	John R. Gurd	Sausage neat. Well preserved and pleasantly flavoured, and free from sell metallic impurities,

do	30	do	!	do		7742	J. Barham Sardines. Fish in good state of preservation and free from all metallic impurities.
do	30,	do		do		7743	McBean Bros Finnan haddies. Fish somewhat discoloured and not very well preserved, but free
			i				from all metallic impurities.
June	5	do	•••	do		7772	J. B. Smyth
			ļ				good state of preservation
do	5	do		do		7773	Fitzgerald & Scandrett Reef. Contains no metallic impurity whatever; meat in a good state of preservation.
do	5	do ·	•••	do		7774	Tytler & Bullen Pigs feet. Contains slight traces of tin and lead, no other metallic impurity; meat
	1		- 1		1		in a good state of preservation.
do	5	do	•••	do		7775	S. J. Waddell Lobster. Contains slight traces of tin and lead, no other metallic impurities;
	1		1				meat in a good state of preservation.
do	5	do	•••	do		7776	McBean Bros Mackerel. Contains no metallic impurities whatever; fish in a good state of
	1		1		1		preservation
do	5	do	•••}	do		7777	Mrs. Clegg Salmon. Contains a faint trace of tin, no other metallic impurity; fish in a good
_		_	1	_	1		state of preservation.
do	5	do		do	•••••	7778	A. M. Smith & Co Ham. Contains no metallic impurities whatever; meat in a good state of pre-
_	_	i	1	_			servation and seasoned with mustard.
do	5	do	•	do	•••••	7779	T. J. McDonough Tongue. Contains no metallic impurities whatever; meat in a good state of pre-
	_		]				servation; this is put up in earthen pots.
фo	5	do	•••	do	•••••	7780	Mrs. J. Hobbins Finnan haddie Contains slight traces of tin, no other metallic impurities; fish in a
	_		- 1				good state of preservation; Vendor states that this had been in stock for a year.
do	5	do	•••	do	•••••	7781	Wm. Moore & Co Canned beef. Contains no metallic impurities whatever; meat in a good state of
		į .					preservation.
			9				1

SWEETS.

188	4.									
May	20	W. H.	Ellis	Toront	io	8159	T. E. Arthur	Sweets. Una	lulterated.	
do	20	d		do		8160	R. Manly	do	do	
do	20	d	0	do	*****	8:61	R H Snow	do	do	
dо	20	d	0	do		8162	T. Chapple	do	do	
фo	20	d		do		8163	T. Webb	do	do	
do	20	ď		do		8164	E. Moran	do	do	
do	20	d	0	do	)	8:65	G Coleman	do	do	
do	20	d	0	do		8166	R. Anderson	do	do	
do	20	d	·····	do		8167	W. Lewis	do	do	
do	20	d.		do		81 <b>68</b>	Rice & Davis	do	do	
June	27	d	0	do		8662	John Gardiner	Rose lozenges	Unadulterated.	
do	27	d	0	do		8663	Mrs Millar	do	do	
do	27 .	d		do		8664	J. Lumsden	Sweets.	do	
ďО	27	ď		do		8665	Central Co-Operative			
	1			i	1		Society	do	do	
фo	27	de		do		8666	Lloyd Bros	do	do	

APPENDIX C-INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS-Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

RWE	ETS-	Contin	and .
O AA IV	n. 1 .	CUTLLETE	45U.

Di	ite.	Name of Analyst.	Div on.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.
18 Jan. do	84. 31 31	J. B. Kdwards do	Montreal	<b>6248</b> <b>624</b> 9	T. Decarie	do Contains starch, do
ď,	31	do	do	6250	L. P. Lavoie	do No mineral impurities, unadulterated.
ďО	31	do	do	6251	J. L. Laurier	do do do do
Mar.	10	do	do	8201	Louis Connaissant	Colored drops. Unadulterated and free from mineral impurities.
ďο	10	do	do	8202 8203	do Peter E. Toroux	
ďο	10	do	do	8204	do	do sticks. Adulterated with rancid lard; free from mineral impurities.
do do	10	. a.	do	8205	I A Gadous & Frère	Hozonges. Unadulterated: free from metallic impurities
	26	ما م	do	8272	J. Griffin	Mixed sugars. Adulterated, mostly wholesome, but the yellow sweets are coloured;
2 May	20	40	40			with chrome yellow poisonous paint.
do	26	do	do	8271	Joseph Truffre	Caramels sugars. do with 50 per cent. glucose.
do	26	do	اما	8272	J. Cochenthaler	Chocolate creams. Wholesome, unadulterated.
do	26	do	do	8273	E. Brunici	Sugar lozenges. Unadulterated.
do	26	do		8274		Chocolate creams. do
Mar.		M. Fiset		7957		Pure; colouring matter not injurious to health.
dο	20	do	do	7958	J. Brousseau	do do do do
do	26	do	go	7963	A. Davis	do does not contain any colouring mineral matter. do do do
ďο	26	do	do	7963 7973	J. B. Allard Ignace Couture	Inferior; contains too much starch and poor sugar, but no colouring mineral matter.
ďο	31	do	do	7976	John Buchanan	Pure.
do	31	do	do	7996	G. Scott	do
April	18 18	•	ا ـدا	7997	J. Wingfield	Contains vegetable colouring matter, but not injurious to health.
do <b>May</b>	30	do	do	8323	J. B. Allard	Pure; excellent.
do	30	do	do	8323	W. Davis	do do
June		do	do	8342	A. Drolet	do
do	14	do ·	do	8343	Blumhart & Riverin	do
do	14	do	do	8344	Dubeau & Co	do
May	3	M. Bowman	Halifax	7897	Moir, Son & Co	Peppermint Lozenges. Contains a small amount of starch; nothing injurious.
do	3	do	do	7898	R. G. O'Neal	do Unadulterated.
φo	3	₫o	do	7899	R. S. Austin	Carraway Confits. do Mixture. Some kinds contain a small amount of starch; nothing injurious;
do	3	do	do	7900	мигу мисказеу	unadulterated.
do	3 <i>.</i>	do	do	8401	Bridget O'Brien	Pepperment Sticks. Adulterated with a large amount of starch.

đo đo	3 7	do do		do do		8402 8405	M. J. O'Brien	able amount of
do	7	do		do		8406 8463	wm. Atkinson	
	19	do	•••••	do		8464	do Cream Sugar and cocoanut; no adulteration.	11
	19	do	•••••	do do		8465	W. J. Hopgood Lozenges. Beyond a small percentage of starch, no adulteration.	11
	19	do do	*****	do		8466	J. McLeod Almonds. No adulteration.	
do do	19 19.	do	•••••	do	•••••	8467	do Reans do	
		W. F. Best		St. Joh		8066	John Cibbs   Mixed Drops   Cours harmless : Contains 25 to 40 p.c. of glucose.	Probably this
<b>A</b> pril	0	W. P. Dest		Du 0011		0000	should not be classed as adulterated, although the	e percentage of
do	8	đo		do		8067	J. R. Weodburn & Co do do do do	do
do	8	do		do	••••	8069	F. Downing	or glucose and
u.o	0	u.o					l 90 to 20 n e of Hour	11
do	8	do		do		8069	J. R. Hatfield Mixed Drops. Contains nothing injurious; a very small percentage	or grucose.
do	15	do		do	•••••	8084	S. F. Mathews Acid do Outside layers contain only cane sugar; interior chie.	ny nour, glucose
40	20	1 -	**********	1			and vegetable colours.	1
do	15	đo		do		8085	Thos. White	
June		do		do	•••••	8538	S. F. Mathews Drops. No trace of metallic impurity; not adulterated.	i i
do	4	do	********	do		8539	John Gibbs. Mixed Drops. Pure sugar; free from injurious colours.	ľ
do	10	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do		8562	R. Jones Sticks. Not adulterated.	
do	10	do		do		8563	S. F. Mathews Mixed Drops. Contain no trace of injurious colouring material.	1
do	10	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do		8564	L. E. DeForest Drops. No injurious colours used.	
<b>⊶</b> do	10	do		do	*****	8565	John Forest Sweets. Not adulterated; no injurious colours.	wouring others
WA pri	1 28	W. Saund	ers	Londo	n	7712	McCormick Manf. Co. Cream Drops. Ash. 26. Consists of pure sugar; some without fle	riona, others
•		1					flavoured with raspberry; contains nothing inju D. S. Perrin do Ash, 26. Consits of pure sugar; some without fla	vouring others
do	•••	do		do	•••••	7713	D. S. Perrin do Ash, '26. Consits of pure sugar; some without na flavoured with lemon and raspberry; contains no	thing injurious
							n u a g a a a a a a a a g a a a g a a a g a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	th lemon, others
do	28	do		do		7714	do Boiled Goods. Ash, 22. Consists of pure sugar; some havoured with raspberry or sassafras, and some acidulat	ed with tartaric
						1	acid; contains nothing injurious.	
		1 _		١.,			McC rmick Manf. Co. do Ash, 24. Consists of pure sugar; some without	flavour, others
do	28	do	•••••	do	•••••	7715	flavoured with lemon or horehound, and some	acidulated with
		]		1			terteric acid: contains nothing injurious.	Í
_		1 .		٠. ا		7716	Hewitt Fish	of fat: contains
do	28	do	*****	do	•••••	1110	nothing infilitious.	1
		١,		1 2 .		7717	Eliza Walker Cocoa Candy. Ash, '96. Contains about 9 p.c. of cocoanut cut	into shreds, the
do	28	do		do	*****	****	remainder dure sugar; contains nothing injurio	ous.
_		1 3-		1 40		7718	Alex. Wilson Peppermint Lozenges. Ash, 22. Adulterated with about 33 p.c. o	f starch.
do	28		•••••	do	•••••	7719	Geo. Rowntree Conversation do do 18. Consists of pure sugar, with a s	mall quantity of
do	28	do	•••••	uo uo	•••••	. 1113	starch; contains nothing inju	rious.
-	•	de		do		7782	D. S. Perrin Gum Goods. 1-10 p.c. Contains nothing but pure sugar and gum.	
June			••••	do	•••••	7783	McCormick Marf. Co. do 1.32 do do do	1
do	6		*****	do	*****	7781		quantity of fat.
do	6		*****	do	*****	7785	McCormick Manf. Co.   do 1.06 00 00 00	
do	6	do	******	do	•••••	7786	do Mint Lozenges. 28 do do and gum,	flavoured with
do	6	uo		40	•••••		рерреги	aint.
		1						

APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

TEA.

						alyst's		Res	sults of	Analys	is.	
Ds	te.	Name of Analyst.		Division.		No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Extract.	<b>A</b> sh.	Theine.	Silica.	Remarks by the Analyst.
18	83.							р. с.	р с.	p. c.	р. с.	
Oct.	29	W. H. Ellia	3	Toront	o	7534	J. B. Ross	33.60	5.61	2.15		Faced; contains no foreign leaves.
do	29	do		do		7535	С. Неуз	34.40	6.	2.20		do do
do	29	do	**********	do		7536	James Lunt	36.40	6.18	2 3		do do
do	29	do	*****	đo			James Good & Co	40.80	6.18	2 20		do do
do	29	do		do	*****		P. Macdonald	38.	5.14	2.50		do do
do	29	∃do	************	do			Mr. Petter	34.80	6.20	2.50		do do
June		do	•	do	••••		J. W. Cowan	33.0	17.1	1.1		It consists of broken leaves, mixed with about 10
			•		***************************************							p. c. of sand and facing.
do	11	do	••••••	do	******	8200	F. Smith & Co	33.0	14 8	1.4		It consists of broken leaves, mixed with about 8
				-								p. c. of sand and facing.
do	13	do		do		8604	Musson & Morrow	32 8	12.66	1.35	5.20	It consists of powdered tea leaves, mixed with
						1						dust, facings, and about 5 p. c. of sand.
do	13	đo		do		8605	do do	34.4	13.60	1.20	6.44	It consists of powdered tea leaves, mixed with
		40		-		3333						dust, facings, and about 6 p. c. of sand.
do	14	do		. do	••••	8606	do do	33.60	10 52	1.50	4 00	It consists of broken tea leaves, mixed with dust
		40	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		***************************************	0000						and facings, and about 3 p. c. of sand.
do	17			do	•••••	8610	R. Lambe	<b>35·6</b> 0	8.16	1.1	1.80	It consists of broken ten leaves, dust and facings; it differs from the previous samples in con-
									ļ			taining no sand.
do	26	do		₫o		8614	Edward Lawson		l			Unmixed with foreign leaves, the green leaves faced, otherwise unadultered.
do	26	do	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	do		8615	W. Whetten		5.96		.74	
do	26	do		do		8616	H. J. Macdonald	30.8	5.94	1.3	.56	Unmixed with foreign leaves and unadulterated;
				_								the green tea in the mixture is faced.
do	28	do		do		8617	H. J. Taylor	37.(0		1.95		Unmixed with foreign leaves, otherwise unadulterated.
do	<del>2</del> 9	do		do		8618	D. Macmillan				• 28	
do	26	do		do		8619	A. Taylor & Son		5.98	1.75	•42	Unadulterated; free from foreign leaves.
Aug.			rds	Montre		6919	Canada Co-operative	}				• ' -
						l	Store		5.4			Price per lb., 55cts.; Hyson; genuine.
do	28	do		do		6920	do do	38.5	5.6			do 35cts; Black Congou; genuine.

do	28	do		do	!	6921	M. Aubin	30.5	6.6			Hyson; adulterated with foreign leaves and faced with Prussian blue and chrome yellow.
do do	28 28	đo do	•••••	do do		6923 6923	do	36·6 40·	6· 5·8	,		Price per lb., 50cts.; Black Congou; genuine. do 20cts.; Hyson; adulterated with foreign leaves.
do	28	đo		do	•••••	6924	do do	25.	4 · 4			do 25cts: Congou; adulterated with foreign leaves and exhausted tea leaves.
188	34.											
Feb.	14	do	•••••	do		6274	O. Barcelo		5.8			Price per lb., 25cts; Hyson; not Hyson, but Japan tea; unadulterated.
do	14	do		do	•••••	6275	François Lahaise		7.6			Price per lb., 40cts.; Green; Japan tea, adulter- ated and highly faced
do	14	do		do		6276	Thomas Cathcart		5 0			foreign leaves and broken tea.
do	14	do	,,,,,,,	do		6277	Julien Robert		5.6			Price per lb., 40cts.; Japan; genuine.
do	26	do		do		6284	R. Ouimet	20.2	$5 \cdot 2$			Black; low quality, but unadulterated.
do	26	do		do		6285	J. B. Rodier	30.0	56			do inferior tea do
	1							1 1		!	l i	
18	83.											
Oct.	9	M. Fiset		Quebec			J. B. Rousseau		5.8			Colored with Prussian blue.
do	9		•••••	do		7330	do		6.9	2.1		
do	9	do	• > > • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do		7331	do	24.4	6.3	.70		Contains much dust, very likely mixed with foreign
~T	1							1 1			1	leaves and sweepings.
7 do	9	do	••••	do		7333	Turcotte & Prevost	. 18.	8.3	traces		Green tea of inferior quality, containing a quan-
				1						1		tity of stalks, stems and foreign leaves.
do	9	do		do		7350	G. W. Pelletier	24.40	6.2	1.		Lightly colored with Prussian blue.
do	9	do		ďο	••••••••	7351	do	. 28 4	8.	1.30		Colored with Prussian blue, and containing a
18	384.									İ		quantity of stalks and stems.
••	_			١.		0010	* D D	00.	6.7		,l	<sub>D</sub>
May	7	do			•••••••	8312	J. B. Rousseau				)	Wined with foreign looves
do	7	do	*********		*** *******	8313	do		6.	traces		Mixed with foreign leaves.
do	7	do			••• •••••	8314	do		5 20			Inferior quality.
do	7	do		. do	**** *****	8315	J. B Z. Dubeau & Cie	. 32 60	6 20	1.20		Contains some foreign leaves.
qo	7	do		do	••• •••	8316	do do		7 . 20			Inferior quality; leaves broken.
do	7	do	•••••	do	••• .••••	8317	Turcotte & Prevest	. 31.20	6 60	.90	٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠	Mixed with foreign leaves, and colored with Prus-
		<b>!</b>		!		1	Į.		1	1	1	sian blue.
18	883.						- a . r .	. 1	!		ì	
Aug	. 29	Maynaro	l Bowman	Halifa:	x x	7028	The Great London an		0.0	0.0	ام	The dultaneted
		1	_	1 _			China Tea Store			2.0	0	Unadulterated.
do	29		lo		•••	7029		26 50				do
d <b>o</b>	29	) (	lo	do	•••	7030	H. V. Wier	25.50	5.9	0 1.8	4	do but of low quality; leaves much broken.
		i		1 .		1	1			0 00	ار	1 - 1)
do	29		lo		•••	7031	John Leahy	30.10			4	do
do	29		lo	ďο	••• ••••	7032	C. W. Outhit			1 1.2	4	
do	29	d	lo	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7033	E. Albro	29 · 20	5.6	2 1.3	6	do

## APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued.

TEA-Concluded	TE	A	Con	clu	dec	l.
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				Analyst's Re-		Res	sults of	Analys	is.	
do 20 do 20 do 20 do 20		Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Ana port.	Vendor.	Extract.	Ash.	Theine.	Soluble Ash.	Remarks by the Analyst.
188	34.					р. с.	р. с.	р. с.	p c.	
do do	20 20	Maynard Bowman do do do	do	8409 8410 8411 8412	W. Forsyth  E Morrison & Co  George Churchill  The Great London and China Tea Store	32·6 30· 32·2 32·	5.66 5.71 6.07			Genuine. do but much broken. do do do
7 do		do <b>do .</b>	dodo	8413 8414	Lordly & Stimpson W. H. Schwartz & Son	30.6	6· <b>5</b> 9		••••••	do do
	3. 8	W. F. Best	St. John	7220	G. K. Cochran	29.50	6.20	.90	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Black tea; inferior black tea; large proportion of stalk, a few foreign leaves, mostly willow; adulterated.
do	8	do	do	7221	W. Martin	20.	6.	• 75	•••••	Black tea; inferior quality, but not adulterated; no foreign leaves.
do	8	do	do	7233	Puddinghon & Merritt	31.75	6.	1.50		Black tea; contains a small admixture of green tea, perhaps accidental.
do do do	8 8 9	do do do		7224	G. S DeForest	27· 31·75 16·	6·50 •90	2.00		Black tea; not adulterated, do do do faced; contains foreign leaves.
188	34.									<b> </b>
April do do do do do	8 8 8 8	dodo do do do do	dododo	8071 8072 8073 8074 8075	A. Myles Bliza Morrison John Coholan J. R. Hatfield S. F. McCredy J. Hatfield	37 50 32 25 26 4 20 25 25 75 29 00	4.90 7.75 6.25 5.25 7.50 6.50	2·75 ·75 1·50 1·75	••••••	do unadulterated. Adulterated with foreign leaves. Unadulterated. Low grade. do foreign leaves; adulterated. do contains a large percentage of foreign leaves.
do	15 20	do			Chas. Clark	43 <b>2</b> 0	6·10 4·50	1		Contains some foreign leaves faced with gypsum; adulterated. Adulterated with foreign leaves.

A.	
18	
SS	

do	20	do		do		8097	D. Breeze	<b>25</b> ·50'	6.25	2.		Contains a few foreign leaves.
188	33.							i				
Nov.	6	Wm. Saun	ders	London	1	7178	Ferguson Bros	32.5	5.44	3.30		Black tea of excellent quality.
do	6	do	•••••	do		7179	Wm Webster	29 80	5.84	2 20		Green tea of good quality.
đo	6	do	•••••	do		7180	Dodd Bros	30.18	6.01	2 · 4()		do do
do	7	do		do			Wilson & Munro	28 20	6.56			Green tea, but of poor quality.
do	7	do	******	do			John Moule	28	6.	2 · 2 ·		Mixed tea.
do	7	do		do			T. J McDonough	32.	6 36	1.98		Green tea of fair quality.
do	7	do	*******	do			Horner & O'Connor	36.80	6 22	2.44		do good quality.
do	7	do		ďο		7185	H. A. Duggan	38.30	5 98	2 10		Black tea of medium quality; contains a large
	J											proportion of stalks.
do	7	do	*******	do	******		Ias. Burton	26	2.91	1 96	·	Green ten; medium quality.
do	7	do	•••••	do		7187	McBean Bros	35.20	6.28	2.64		Black tea of good quality.
188	4.											
April	30	do	•••••	do		7720	Mrs. E. M Tilman	32.44	6.12	2.52		do <b>d</b> o
do	30	do	*******	do		7721	Ren. A. Johnson	33 96	5 70			
	20	do	•••••	do			E. Su'ton	31 30	6.			do do
do	30	ďo		do	******		Mrs. P. Rutherford	41.20	6 08	1 86		
do	30	do		do			John R. Gurd,	3).	6.18	2.06		do do rather stalky.
do	30	do		do			T. Barham		6.46			do poor quality, containing some foreign
								ĺ	1		i	leaves.
May	29	do	•••••	do		7750	T. D	26 36	12:30	1.22	1.46	Tea dust; consists of tea siftings, adulterated
77							,	1	1		İ	with a considerable proportion of foreign leaves
-1				1	į			į	1			and sand.
do	29	do	•••••	do		7751	. P. K	26 12	13.80	1.76	1.98	Consists of tea siftings, adulterated with foreign
				1				į	!			leaves and sand.
d <b>o</b>	29	do		do	*****	7752	A. W	32.64	10.30	1.64	2 68	Siftings of tea of poor quality, adulterated with
				1				1				foreign leaves and sand.
June	10	do		do	******	7770	E. Adams & Co	28 44	11.20	1 · 76	1.40	Adulterated with sand, associated with particles
				1					(			of coloring matter.
do	10	do		do		7771	do	27.80	10.16	1.16	1.38	Adulterated with sand, dust, particles of coloring
				}				1	1			matter and a few foreign leaves.
				Ì		l	1 1	. 1			i	

### TAPIOUA.

1884. Jan. 1	Wm. Sa	nders	London		7640	James Burton	\ sh	•04.	Unadulterated.	
do 1 do 1 do 1 do 1 do 1 do 1	do do	••••••	do do	••••••	7611 7612 7643 7614	Wm. Strawbury John Burton McBean Bros D. Dodd John Scandrett	do do do do	·04 ·045 ·035 ·050	do do do do	

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#### APPENDIX C.—INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRUGS—Tabulated Statement, &c.—Continued. SAGO.

Date.	Name of Analyst.	Division.	No. of Analyst's Report.	Vendor.	Results of Analysis and Remarks by the Analyst.	_
1884.  Jan. 1 do 1 do 1 do 1 do 1 do 1	do do	do dodo	7647 7648 7619 7650	Geo. Rowntree	. do '18 do . do '20 do . do '26 do	

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